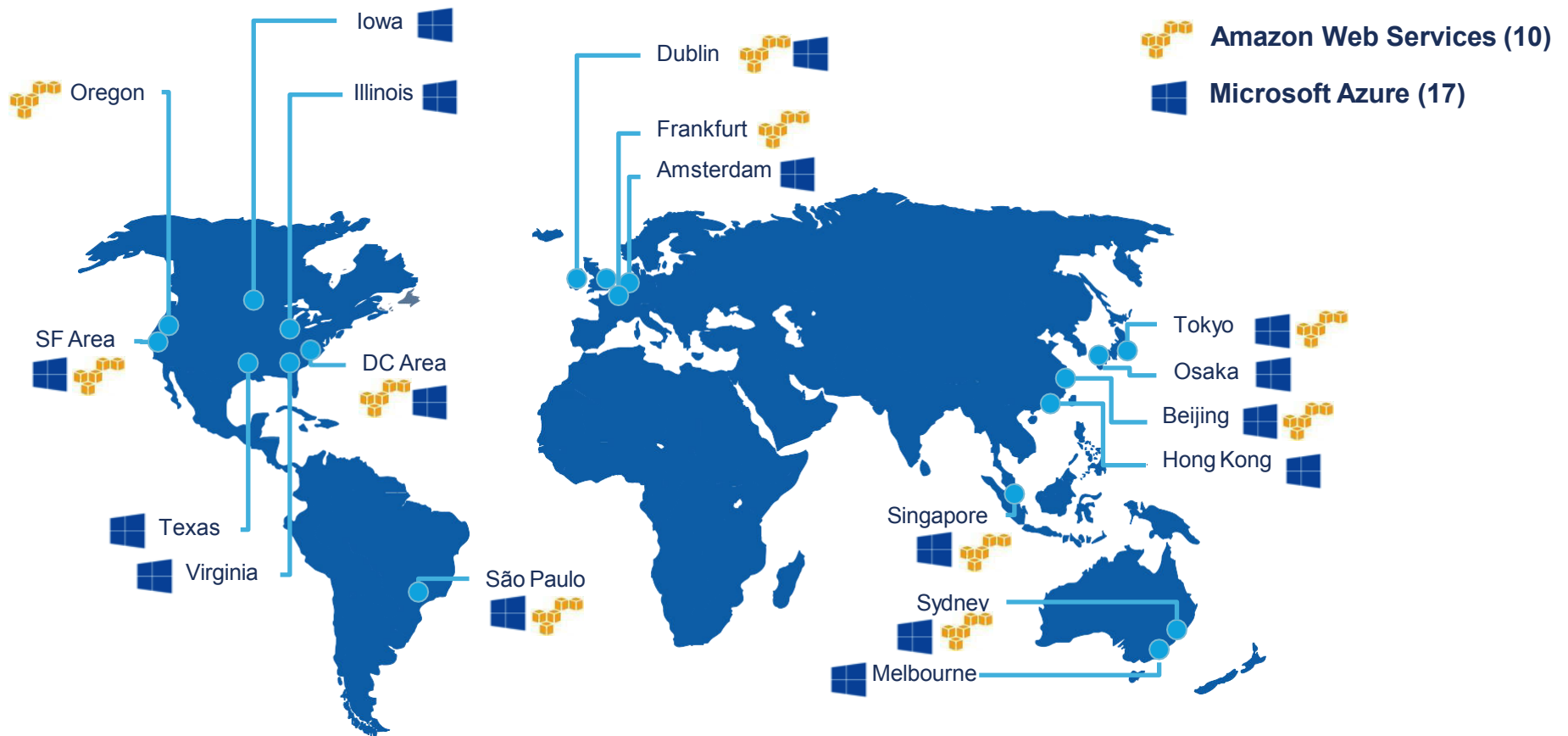


# AZURE vs. AWS

**CLOUD COMPARISON**

# GLOBAL REGIONS



# COMPUTE

	Instance Families	Instances types	Regions	Zones
<b>AWS</b>	7	38	Yes	Yes
<b>Azure</b>	4	33	Yes	

# STORAGE AND DATABASES

	Ephemeral (Temporary)	Block Storage	Object Storage	Relational DB	Archiving	NoSQL and Big Data
<b>AWS</b>	Yes	EBS	S3	RDS	Glacier	DynamoDB, EM R, Kinesis, Redshift
<b>Azure</b>	Temporary Storage – D Drive	Page Blobs	Block Blobs and Files	Relational DBs		Windows Azure Table, HDInsight

# NETWORKING

	Virtual Network	Public IP	Hybrid Cloud	DNS	Firewall/ACL
<b>AWS</b>	VPC	Yes	Yes	Route 53	Yes
<b>Azure</b>	VNet	Yes	Yes		Yes

# PRICING

	Pricing	Models
<b>AWS</b>	Per hour – rounded up	On demand, reserved, spot
<b>Azure</b>	Per minute – rounded up commitments (pre-paid or monthly)	On demand – short term commitments (pre-paid or monthly)

# CUSTOMERS

AWS



Azure



serko

PEARSON



TOWERS WATSON



GE Healthcare



# AWS - PROS AND CONS

## PROS:

- AWS currently has the highest number of services and options available, lending itself to the most opportunities and satisfying most needs.
- [Elastic Compute Cloud \(EC2\)](#) allows you to increase or decrease storage as needed; between this and the pay-as-you-go plans you *only* pay for what you use with AWS.
- AWS allows you to choose the operating system, programming language, web application platform, database and other services.

## CONS:

- AWS elastic [load balancer](#) (ELB) is not equipped to handle as many requests as it receives. However, you can purchase another service, ELB with [AutoScaling](#), to counteract.
- AWS lacks customer support, gearing toward a more technically savvy group of consumers and/or those with access to tech support.
- The number of choices can be confusing to those who may not speak the language of technology.



# AZURE - PROS AND CONS

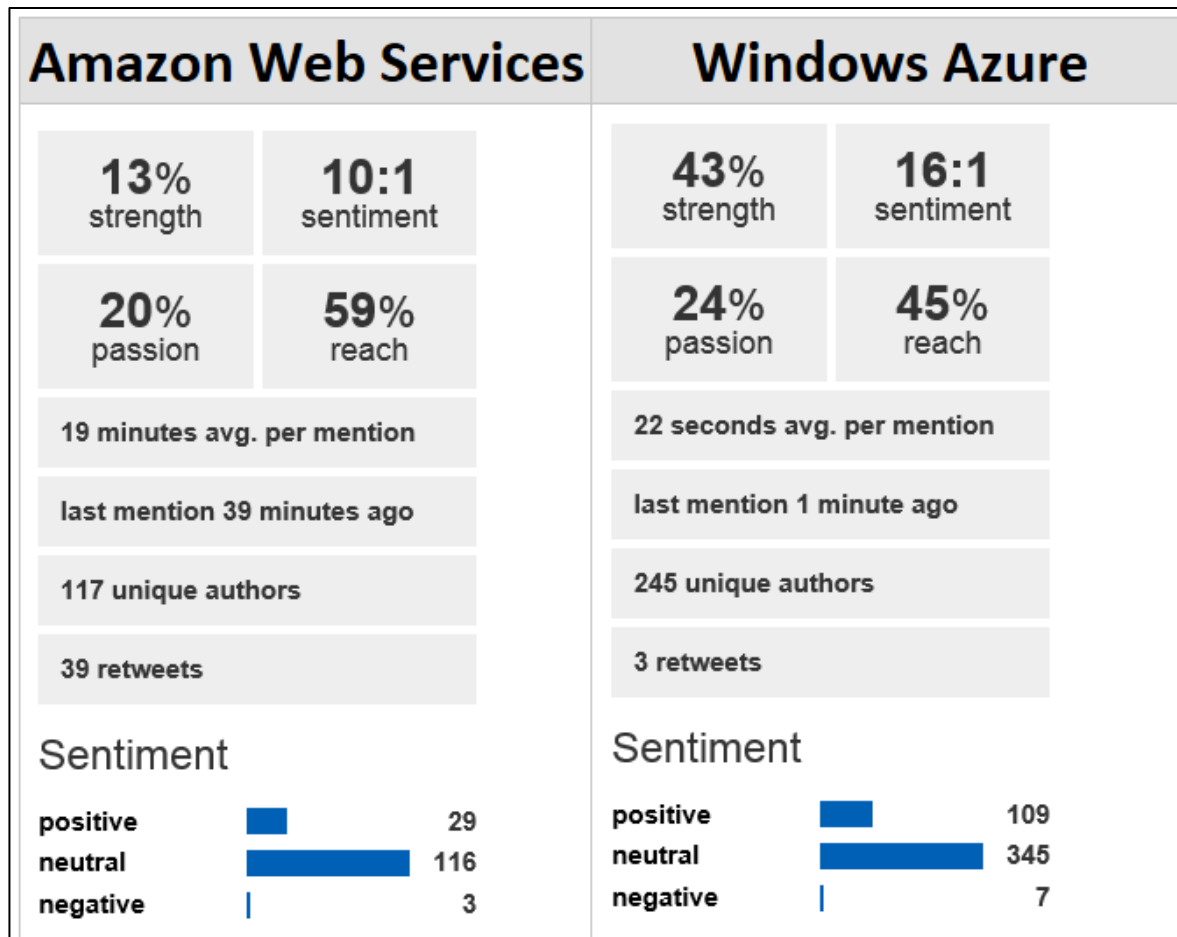
## PROS:

- Has the capability for developers and users to easily create, maintain and deploy applications
- Fully scalable, offers open access across multiple frameworks, languages and tools
- Comprised of many different infrastructures and service modules: big data, backup and recover, web, mobile, development and testing, media, storage, identity and access management

## CONS:

- Customer service is confusing and data is hosted globally. If you have data restrictions where it must be housed in a certain country, you must verify/specify with Microsoft.
- Comparatively expensive
- You are charged extra for paying as you go (versus paying in blocks of \$100.00)

# SOCIAL MENTIONS



# REFERENCES

## **What is Azure?**

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in/overview/what-is-azure/>

## **Azure cloud platform explained**

<http://www.forbes.com/sites/greatspeculations/2014/12/19/microsofts-azure-cloud-platform-explained-part-1/>

## **Azure vs. AWS**

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in/campaigns/azure-vs-aws/>

## **Azure Introduction - PPT**

<http://www.slideshare.net/aniket09/microsoft-azure-ppt>

## **What is AWS**

<https://aws.amazon.com/what-is-aws/>

## **AWS cloud platform explained**

<https://aws.amazon.com/choosing-a-cloud-platform/>

## **AWS case studies**

<https://aws.amazon.com/solutions/case-studies/>