

Social Studies Learning Fest Exploring Perspectives and Understanding Society

Keynote Lecture
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The COVID-19 Pandemic: The Responses of Government and Citizens

- A crisis of a generation, not just for Singapore but the world.
- How have the government and the citizens of an open, first world economy and small city-state responded?
- What are our constraints?
- What are the implications for the outlook on governance, multiracialism, and globalisation?





Overview

- The Government's response
- The citizen's response the good, bad and the ugly
- The key policy choices

Governance

- Lives vs Livelihoods
- Health vs Privacy
- State Action vs Citizen-initiative
- ❖Short-term responses vs. Long-term sustainability

Globalisation

Nation-based Solutions vs. Global Sustainability

Multiracialism

One-nation approach vs a segmented, targeted approach





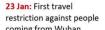
The Government's Response

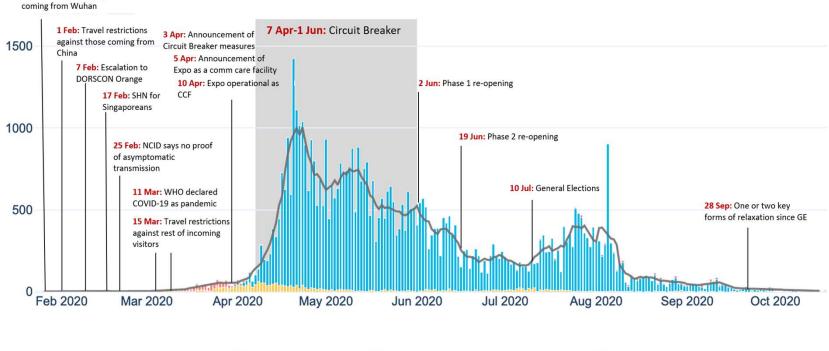




Key Milestones in Govt's Response

Epidemic Curve





 $\textit{Graph retrieved from } \underline{\textit{https://covidsitrep.moh.gov.sg/}}$

Moving Average (7-days)





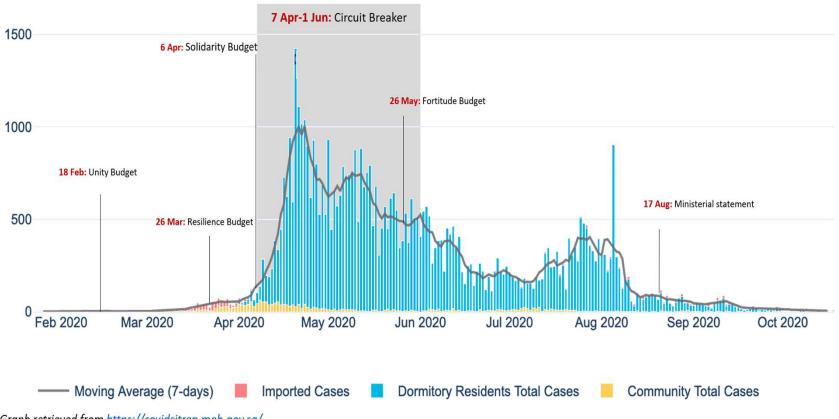
Imported Cases

Dormitory Residents Total Cases

Community Total Cases

Key Milestones in Govt's Response - Budget

*GDP estimate downgraded from -3 to 0% to -7 to -5 %



Graph retrieved from https://covidsitrep.moh.gov.sg/





Economic Effects of COVID-19

- Number of jobs lost because of COVID-19:
 - 8 900 in manufacturing
 - 13 600 in construction
 - 22 900 in F&B for Q2.
- Aviation, Tourism and Retail, hardest hit as to be expected
 - SIA cut 4 300 positions
- Unemployment rate: Total (2.8%), resident (3.8%), citizen (4%)
- -11.6% in productivity rate in June 2020. A lot has to do with effect on foreign workforce.



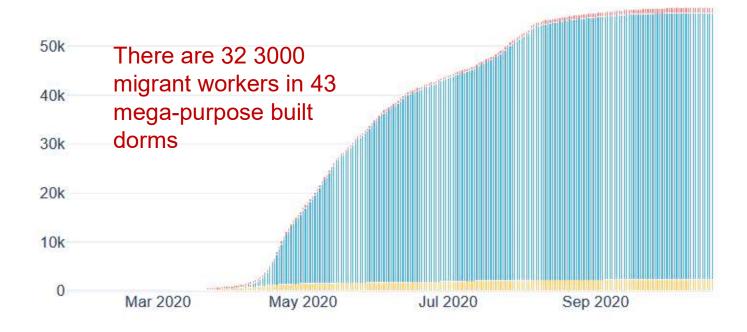


Economic and Social Effect of COVID - Infections in Migrant Population

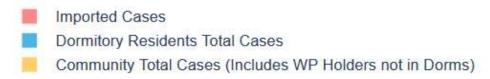
Total Cases

Sum of Community, Dormitory, Imported Cases

1M 3M ALL







Economic and Social Effect of COVID - Infections in Migrant Population

- Preparation of community care facilities (5 April~)
- Start of lock-down of dorms and deployment of Forward Assurance and Support (FAST) Teams (21 April)
- Announcement to set up new quick-build dorms for short to medium term and new purpose-built dorms for medium to long term (1 June)
 - ❖Current: ≥4.5sqm per resident, 12-16 beds per room, 15 workers to a toilet facility
 - ❖New: ≥6sqm per resident, ≤10 single deck beds per room, 5 workers to a toilet facility









 The good – civic self-help to share essentials; laptops for students; support migrant workers, rally the nation together through the arts, WIMBY movement.

Heroes Unmasked: They fix donated laptops to give to students from low-income families for home-based learning

Singapore World Big Read Opinion Gen'Y Speaks Features Visuals Brand Spotlight SDAYS Q

How You Can Help Migrant Workers In Singapore During The Covid-19 Crisis

25. JANAINE TEO

How You Can Help Migrant Workers In Singapore During The Covid-19 Crisis

Docate money, items, or even your time.

Particularly Migrant Workers in Singapore During The Covid-19 Crisis

South States of the Migrant Workers in Singapore During The Covid-19 Crisis

Docate money, items, or even your time.



Coronavirus: Popular song Home sung across Singapore to thank front-line, migrant workers







 The good – adaptation to work from home, school from home, citizens and businesses going digital. This is resilience

Singaporeans are adjusting to working from home, new poll shows

Nearly 75% of Singapore firms accelerating digitalisation due to Covid-19

Overall productivity of employees rose from April to June; not all sectors adapting well







 The bad – challenges in compliance with public health and safety rules and restrictions with SHN defaulters and flouting of safe distancing; slow adoption of contacttracing (Safe Entry and Trace Together).

Four sentenced for flouting Stay-Home Notices, quarantine order





Singapore

COVID-19: Restaurant ordered to close after crowds seen along Lorong Mambong in Holland Village











 The ugly- shunning of frontliners, hoarding of essentials, saying that COVID was retribution by god.









Singapore and the International Community

- Government sent aid (e.g., test kits and/or medical supplies to China, Indonesia, Philippines, Brunei)
- Singapore stresses commitment to support WTO (18 Sept)
- Singapore rejects of vaccine nationalism at Singapore Summit (14 Sept) and cochairs Covid-19 Vaccine Global Access (Covax) Facility with Switzerland, on June 25.

Singapore co-chairing global initiative to secure Covid-19 vaccine doses for the world: Heng Swee Keat



DPM Heng Swee Keat attending the Joint Finance and Health Ministers Meeting on Sept 17, 2020. Health Minister Gan Kim Yong also took part in the meeting, PHOTO HENG SWEE KEAT/FACEBOOK



SINGAPORE - Singapore and Switzerland are jointly chairing a global initiative to support equitable access to a Covid-19 vaccine, Deputy Prime Minister and Finance Minister Heng Swee Keat said on Thursday (Sept 17).





Policy Dilemmas





Article:

"Yuval Noah Harari: the world after coronavirus" March 20 2020, Financial Times

- Totalitarian surveillance vs citizen empowerment
- Nationalist Isolation vs global solidarity





Singapore's record thus far:

- Deep Knowledge's COVID-19 Regional Safety
 Assessment Singapore, 10th safest place to live during the COVID-19 pandemic
- Parameters for assessment Quarantine Efficiency, Government Efficiency of Risk Management, Monitoring and Detection, Health Readiness, Regional Resilience and Emergency Preparedness





| Position | Global Region | Country/ Region | Quarantine Efficiency | Gov Efficiency | Monitoring and Detection | Healthcare Readiness | Country vulnerability | Emergency preparedness | Total Score |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Europe | Germany | 145.5 | 185.92 | 138.24 | 103.73 | 89.74 | 99.5 | 762.64 |
| 2 | Asia & Pacific | New Zealand | 175.26 | 156.83 | 144.31 | 78.76 | 94.41 | 108.13 | 757.7 |
| 3 | Asia & Pacific | South Korea | 149.45 | 183.31 | 127.07 | 85.6 | 94.23 | 111.13 | 750.79 |
| 4 | Europe | Switzerland | 146.95 | 174.3 | 131.61 | 99.88 | 96.98 | 100.31 | 750.02 |
| 5 | Asia & Pacific | Japan | 139.69 | 185.39 | 137.31 | 103.42 | 82.2 | 101 | 749.03 |
| 6 | Asia & Pacific | Australia | 150.15 | 182.32 | 130.21 | 83.7 | 88.83 | 109.63 | 744.83 |
| 7 | Asia & Pacific | China | 137.13 | 177.79 | 136.09 | 76.61 | 84.7 | 132.46 | 744.78 |
| 8 | Europe | Austria | 123.1 | 188.11 | 123.35 | 86.77 | 94.73 | 109.75 | 725.81 |
| 9 | Middle east | United Arab Emirates | 125.1 | 162.46 | 142.35 | 72.32 | 99.87 | 121.25 | 723.36 |
| 10 | Asia & Pacific | Singapore | 145.03 | 156.97 | 146.94 | 83.63 | 99.27 | 90.88 | 722.72 |





| Country | Germany | New Zealand | South Korea |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| First restrictions | Mar 22- start of lockdown measures. Ban on public gatherings, non-essential business, social distancing measures. | Mar 25- Alert level 4, start of lockdown. | Mar 10- School delayed start announced Mar 21- National ban on large scale gatherings Mar 23- Social distancing, no non- essential travel. Apr 8- Seoul closes bars and clubs. |
| | Late Apr- in person classes May- shops, restaurants, museums can be open as long as there's safe distancing. | Jun 8- Alert level 1, end of lockdown. | May 1- Reopening. Relaxation of restrictions. |
| Second restrictions | Ban on large scale gatherings at least until Oct 31. Oct 21- Alpine region of Germany goes into lockdown for two weeks. | Aug 11- Lockdown of Auckland | Jun 22- Second wave declared by KCDC director. Aug- 22 Tougher restrictions. Ban on large scale gatherings |
| | - | Sept 23- Auckland moved back to Alert level 2, the rest of New Zealand moved to Alert level 1. | Oct 19- Easing of restrictions again |

Conclusion





Conclusion

- Singapore has to settle at its own unique solutions, to be true to its identity and respond to its constraints.
- Also, while there is no one single set of values, there are some key ones that we cluster around – law and order; safety; fairness; family; no free lunch but concern for the poor and vulnerable.
- Government and public sector value system sustainability, forward-planning, integration with the international community based on mutual interests and benefit.





Q&A Time





Appendix





What can a small city-state do, afford to do, not do?

Governance

- Lives vs Livelihoods
- ❖ Health vs Privacy
- State Action vs Citizen-initiative
- ❖Short-term responses vs. Long-term sustainability

Globalisation

❖Nation-based Solutions vs. Global Efficacy

Multiracialism

One-nation civic solidarity vs a segmented, targeted approach



