4 — PHY 494: Homework assignment (46 points total)

Due Saturday, Feb 18, 2017, 11:59pm.

Submission is now to your **private GitHub repository**. Follow the link provided to you by the instructor in order for the repository to be set up: It will have the name ASU-CompMethodsPhysics-PHY494/assignments-2017-YourGitHubUsername and will only be visible to you and the instructor/TA. Follow the instructions below to submit this (and all future) homework.

Read the following instructions carefully. Ask if anything is unclear.

1. cd into your assignment repository (change YourGitHubUsername to your GitHub username) and run the update script ./scripts/update.sh (replace YourGitHubUsername with your GitHub username):

cd assignments-2017-YourGitHubUsername
bash ./scripts/update.sh

It should create three subdirectories assignment_04/Submission, assignment_04/Grade, and assignment_04/Work.

- 2. You can try out code in the assignment_04/Work directory but you don't have to use it if you don't want to. Your grade with comments will appear in assignment_04/Grade.
- 3. Create your solution in assignment_04/Submission. Use Git to git add files and git commit changes.

You can create a PDF, a text file or Jupyter notebook inside the assignment_04/Submission directory as well as Python code (if required). Name your files hw04.pdf or hw04.txt or hw04.ipynb, depending on how you format your work. Files with code (if requested) should be named exactly as required in the assignment.

4. When you are ready to submit your solution, do a final git status to check that you haven't forgotten anything, commit any uncommitted changes, and git push to your GitHub repository. Check on *your* GitHub repository web page² that your files were properly submitted.

You can push more updates up until the deadline. Changes after the deadline will not be taken into account for grading.

Homeworks must be legible and intelligible or may otherwise be returned ungraded with 0 points.

This assignment contains **bonus problems**. A bonus problem is optional. If you do it you get additional points that count towards this homework's total, although you can't get

¹If the script fails, file an issue in the Issue Tracker for PHY494-assignments-skeleton and just create the directories manually.

²https://github.com/ASU-CompMethodsPhysics-PHY494/assignments-2017-YourGitHubUsername

more than the maximum number of points. If you don't do it you can still get full points. Bonus problems and bonus points are indicated with an asterisk "*".

For problems 4.2 - 4.4: If you implement the function as specified you can run the tests in the file Submission/test_hw04.py with py.test

```
cd Submission
py.test test_hw04.py
```

and all tests should pass. If you have errors, have a look at the output and try to figure out what is still not working. Having the tests pass is not a guarantee that you will get full points (but it is general a very good sign!). If you are also solving the bonus problem 4.3 then run *all* tests with

cd Submission
py.test

4.1 Discussion of the errors of finite difference operators (12 points)

In lesson 10 Differentiation you plotted the absolute error $|E_h(t)| = |D_h \cos t - \cos t|$ for three different algorithms for the finite difference operator D_h with step size h (forward difference, central difference, and extended difference) and for three different values t = 0.1, 1, 100.

Complete all calculations and compare your plots to the ones shown at the end of the notebook 10-differentiation.ipynb. Discuss the following questions (write them in a simple text file problem1.txt or you can also submit a notebook problem1.ipynb):

- (a) Which algorithm produces the most accurate³ result? Give order-of-magnitude estimates for each one, based on your data. [3 points]
- (b) Describe the general shape and features of your graphs. Explain why you see increases and decreases in accuracy with varying h. [4 points]
- (c) What is the best value of h in each case? How does the best value of h change with the algorithm? Explain the observed behavior in the light of the answer to your answer (b). [5 points]

4.2 Exponential function (20 points)

The exponential function has the series expansion

$$\exp x = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} \tag{1}$$

³The accuracy is measured by the deviation from the exact result, i.e. the lower |E| the more accurate. Precision measures how well a number is defined and is essentially the machine precision in our case.

An algorithm to compute $\exp x$ makes use of the iterative solution⁴

$$a_n = \frac{x^n}{n!} \tag{2}$$

$$a_{n} = \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

$$a_{n+1} = a_{n}q_{n+1} = \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} = \frac{x^{n}}{n!} \frac{x}{n+1}$$

$$q_{n} = \frac{x}{n+1}$$
(2)
(3)

$$q_n = \frac{x}{n+1} \tag{4}$$

(a) Create a function exp_series(x, eps=1e-15) in a file problem2.py that computes the $\exp(x)$ function based on the series expansion Eq. 1 and the iterative solution Eq. 2-4.

The function should take an argument x and optional convergence criterion eps with default 1e-15.

The iteration should stop when the convergence criterion $|a_N/\sum_{n=0}^N a_n| \leq \epsilon$ is fulfilled. [12 points]

- (b) Show results for $\epsilon = 10^{-15}$ and x = -9.2103437, 0, 1, 100 [4 points]
- (c) Show results for $\epsilon = 10^{-4}$ and x = -9.2103437, 0, 1, 100 [4 points]

4.3 Bonus: Double factorial (+12* bonus)

The double factorial is defined by

$$n!! = \begin{cases} n \cdot (n-2) \cdot (n-4) \cdot \dots \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1, & n > 0 \text{ odd} \\ n \cdot (n-2) \cdot (n-4) \cdot \dots \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2, & n > 0 \text{ even} . \\ 1, & n = 0, -1 \end{cases}$$
 (5)

- (a) BONUS: Create a function double_factorial(n) that computes the double factorial Eq. 5 for an integer n. Put the function in a file problem3.py. [bonus $+8^*$]
- (b) Bonus: Show results for the integers n = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, ..., 20. [bonus +4*]

4.4 Counting Vowels (14 points)

Given a string s, count how often each of the 6 vowel letters in the English alphabet (A, E, I, O, U, Y we include Y here) occurs. You can ignore case by converting the string to lowercase with s.lower().

⁴Similar to the iterative solution for the sin x function that was discussed in Lecture 07.

- (a) Write a function count_vowels(s) and put it in a file problem5.py. It should take a string s as input and return an array (let's call it counts) with 6 elements, where count[0] is the count for letter A, count[1] for E etc. ⁵[10 points]
- (b) Apply your function to the string

```
s = """'But I don't want to go among mad people,' Alice remarked.
'Oh, you can't help that,' said the Cat, 'we're all mad here. I'm
mad. You're mad.' 'How do you know I'm mad?' said Alice. 'You
must be,' said the Cat, 'or you wouldn't have come here.'"""
```

and report the counts. [4 points]

 $^{^5}$ Hint: you can iterate through a string like a list using for letter in s: and then analyze the letter.