

УРАВНЕНИЯ МАТЕМАТИЧЕСКОЙ ФИЗИКИ

КОНТРОЛЬНАЯ РАБОТА №1

ВАРИАНТ 17

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**Задача 1.**

Решить смешанную задачу.

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad t > 0, \\ u(0; t) = 0; \\ u_x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}; t\right) = 0; \\ u(x; 0) = \sin^3 x. \end{cases}$$

**Задача 2.**

Решить смешанную задачу.

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} + 1 + x(2t - 1) + t \sin \pi x, & 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0, \\ u(0; t) = t; \\ u(1; t) = t^2; \\ u(x; 0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

**Задача 3.**

Решить задачу Коши на бесконечной прямой.

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx}, & -\infty < x < +\infty, \quad t > 0 \\ u(x; 0) = e^{-x^2 + 2x}; \\ |u| < M. \end{cases}$$

**Задача 4.**

Решить задачу на полубесконечной прямой.

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} + \cos x e^{-t}, & 0 < x < +\infty, \quad t > 0, \\ u_x(0; t) = 0; \\ u(x; 0) = 0; \\ |u| < M. \end{cases}$$

**Задача 5.**

Решить задачу Неймана.

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r > 1, \\ \left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right|_{r=1} = \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$

### Задача 1

Решить смешанную задачу:

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, t > 0 \\ u(0, t) = 0 \\ u_x(\frac{\pi}{2}, t) = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = \sin 3x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = X(x)T(t) \\ X(x) = C_1 \cos \sqrt{\lambda} x + C_2 \sin \sqrt{\lambda} x \\ X(0) = 0 \\ X'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$u = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} X_n T_n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n e^{-\lambda t} \sin((2n+1)x)$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin 3x = \frac{3 \sin x - \sin 5x}{4}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_0 = \frac{3}{4} \\ C_1 = -\frac{1}{4} \\ C_i = 0, i > 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow u(x, t) = \frac{3}{4} e^{-t} \sin(x) - \frac{1}{4} e^{-9t} \sin(3x)$$

$$\begin{cases} X(0) = C_1 = 0 \quad \lambda > 0 \\ X' = C_2 \sqrt{\lambda} \cos(\sqrt{\lambda} x) \\ X'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = C_2 \sqrt{\lambda} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\lambda}) = 0 \\ \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\lambda}) = 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\lambda} = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi n, n \in \mathbb{N}_0 \\ \sqrt{\lambda_n} = 1 + 2n \\ X_n(x) = \sin((2n+1)x) \\ T_n(t) = C_n e^{-\lambda_n t} \end{cases}$$

Ответ:  $u(x, t) = \frac{3}{4} e^{-t} \sin(x) - \frac{1}{4} e^{-9t} \sin(3x)$ . (+)

### Задача №2

$$u_t = u_{xx} + 1 + x(2t-1) + t \sin \pi x, \quad 0 < x < 1, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, t) = t \\ u(1, t) = t^2 \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$u(x, t) = v(x, t) + a(t)x + b(t)$$

$$u(0, t) = v(0, t) + b(t) \Rightarrow b(t) = t$$

$$u(1, t) = v(1, t) + a(t) + b(t) = t^2 \Rightarrow v(1, t) + a(t) + t = t^2 \Rightarrow a(t) = t^2 - t$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$u(x, t) = v(x, t) + t(t-1)x + t$$

$$u = v + (t^2 - t)x + t$$

$$v_t + 2t - 1 + x = v_{xx} + 1 + (2t-1)x + t \sin \pi x, \quad 0 < x < 1, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, t) = 0 \\ v(1, t) = 0 \\ v(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$v_t = v_{xx} + (2t-1)(x-1) + t \sin \pi x, \quad 0 < x < 1, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, t) = 0 \\ v(1, t) = 0 \\ v(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

А куда делась  
разложение ф-ции  $(2t-1)(x-1)$ ? (-)



$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} u_t = v_{xx} + t \sin \pi x \\ u(0, t) = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \\ u(x, 1) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow v = g(t) \sin \pi x$$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(t) \sin(\pi x) &= -g(t) \pi^2 \sin(\pi x) + t \sin \pi x \\ g(0) &= 0 \\ g'(t) &= -\pi^2 g(t) + t \\ g(1) &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \frac{dg}{dt} = -\pi^2 g + t$$

$$\frac{dg}{dt} = -\pi^2 g$$

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$$\ln g = -\pi^2 t$$

$$g = e^{-\pi^2 t} \cdot C(t)$$

$$g' = C'(t) \cdot e^{-\pi^2 t} + \pi^2 e^{-\pi^2 t} \cdot C(t)$$

$$C'(t) \cdot e^{-\pi^2 t} - \pi^2 e^{-\pi^2 t} \cdot C(t) = -\pi^2 e^{-\pi^2 t} \cdot C(t) + t$$

$$C'(t) = \frac{t}{e^{-\pi^2 t}} = t e^{\pi^2 t}$$

$$C(t) = \int t e^{\pi^2 t} dt$$

Задача №4

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} + \cos x e^{-t}, & 0 < x < +\infty, t > 0 \\ u_x(0, t) = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \\ |u| < M \end{cases}$$

Ответ:  $u(x, t) = \cos(x) t e^{-t}$

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$$u(x, t) = \cos x T(t)$$

$$\cos x T' = -\cos x T + \cos x \cdot e^{-t}$$

$$\begin{cases} T' = -T + e^{-t} \\ T(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -T \Rightarrow T = C e^{-t}$$

$$T' = C' e^{-t} - C e^{-t}$$

$$C' e^{-t} - C e^{-t} = -C e^{-t} + e^{-t}$$

$$C' = 1 \Rightarrow C = t + \tilde{C}$$

$$T = (t + \tilde{C}) e^{-t}$$

$$\cos x T(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \tilde{C} = 0$$

Latihan 5

Latihan jagary Yurmana:

$$u|_{r=0} = 0, \quad n \geq 1$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right|_{r=1} = \cos 2\varphi$$

$$a=1$$

$$u(r, \varphi) = C + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{a}{r}\right)^n (A_n \cos n\varphi + B_n \sin n\varphi)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}(r, \varphi) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1) \frac{n \cdot a^n}{r^{n+1}} (A_n \cos n\varphi + B_n \sin n\varphi)$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right|_{r=1} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -n (A_n \cos n\varphi + B_n \sin n\varphi) = \cos 2\varphi$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$A_1 = B_1 = 0$$

$$A_2 = -\frac{1}{2}, B_2 = A_3 = B_3 = \dots = 0$$

$$u(r, \varphi) = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \cdot \cos 2\varphi.$$

$$\text{Ombem: } u(r, \varphi) = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \cdot \cos 2\varphi.$$

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Sagaradi 2

$$u_t = u_{xx}, \quad -\infty < x < +\infty, t > 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = e^{-x^2 + 2x}$$

$$|u| < M$$

$$\text{Jagaron: } u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-\xi)^2}{4t}} e^{-\xi^2 + 2\xi} d\xi =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-\xi)^2}{4t} - \xi^2 + 2\xi} d\xi =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left[ \left( \xi - \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 + \frac{x^2}{4t+1} \right]} d\xi =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left[ \frac{x^2}{4t+1} - \left( \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 \right]} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left( \xi - \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2} d\left( \xi - \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left[ \frac{x^2}{4t+1} - \left( \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 \right]} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4t}{4t+1}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\left[ \sqrt{\frac{4t+1}{4t}} \left( \xi - \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right) \right]^2} d\left[ \sqrt{\frac{4t+1}{4t}} \left( \xi - \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{4t+1}} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left[ \frac{x^2}{4t+1} - \left( \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 \right]}$$

$$\text{Ombem: } u(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4t+1}} e^{-\frac{4t+1}{4t} \left[ \frac{x^2}{4t+1} - \left( \frac{4t+x}{4t+1} \right)^2 \right]}$$

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