

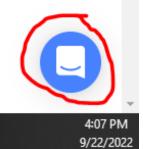
Data Handling

Lecture 2:

Programming with Data

Prof. Dr. Ulrich Matter

Updates



https://app.nuvolos.cloud/enroll/class/1PD9sApvyCI

Recap

DEVELOPING EMPLOYEES

Prioritize Which Data Skills Your Company Needs with This 2×2 Matrix

by Chris Littlewood

OCTOBER 18, 2018 UPDATED OCTOBER 23, 2018

Basic Programming Concepts

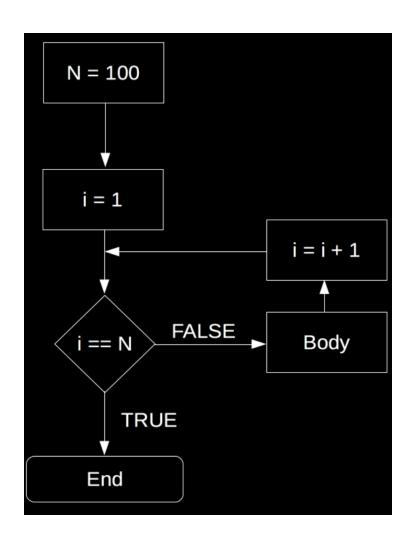
Andy

Brian

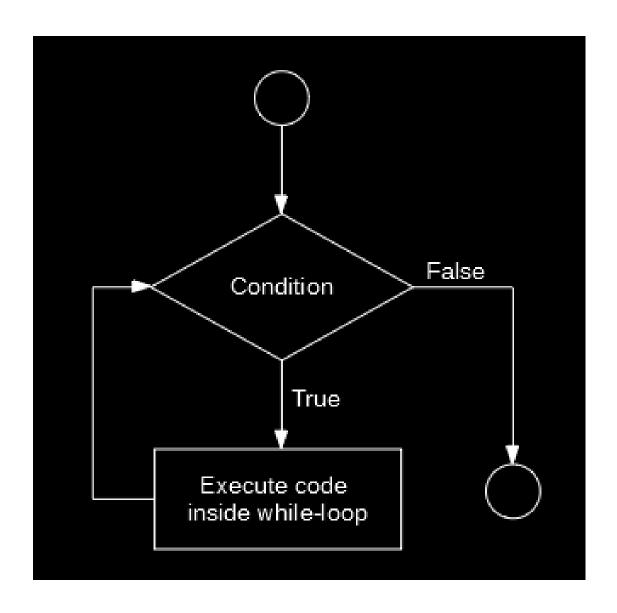
Claire

```
# basic arithmetic
2+2
## [1] 4
sum_result <- 2+2</pre>
sum_result
## [1] 4
sum_result -2
## [1] 2
4*5
## [1] 20
20/5
```

[1] 4



```
# number of iterations
n <- 100
# start loop
for (i in 1:n) {
    # BODY
}</pre>
```



while-loop in R

```
# initiate variable for logical statement
x <- 1
# start loop
while (x == 1) {
    # BODY
}</pre>
```

2+2 == 4 # is equal to

3+3 == 7

4!=7 # is not equal to

6>3

6<7

6<=6

Control statements in R

```
if (condition) {
    print("This is true!")
} else {
    print("This is false!")
}
## [1] "This is true!"
```

Functions in R

load existing functions

```
# install a package
install.packages("<PACKAGE NAME>")
# load a package
library(<PACKAGE NAME>)
```

Functions in R

Write functions

```
myfun <- function(){
}</pre>
```

Tutorial: A Function to Compute the Mean

Starting point: we should be aware of how the mean is defined:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \right) = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n}{n}$$
.

Preparation

Q&A