## **Physics**

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## Part I. Mechanics

## 1. Newtonian Mechanics

## 1.1. Constraints

A **constraint** is a relation between coordinates and velocities, reducing the number of degrees of freedom of a system. Using a set  $\mathbf{q}$  of generalised coordinates, it can be represented as an equality or inequality involving a **constraint function**  $f(\mathbf{q}, \dot{\mathbf{q}}, t)$ .

In Newtonian Mechanics, constraints manifest in terms of forces that prevent the system from violating the constraint. These **constraint forces** are usually denoted with  $\Phi$ .