Simulation - Assignment 1

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Introduction

The simulations has been performed with c++. For every task a brief description of the implementation is presented. I'm a PhD student in experimental nuclear physics and as with all research the results and statistical treatments and conclusions are extremely important. All possible feedback concerning this, is highly appreciated.

1 Task 1

The system with two queues was implemented with the *Event-Scheduling* approach. The states for the system were; Length of Q2, number of arrivals to Q1 and number of rejected arrivals to Q1. Four events were implemented: Arrival to Q1, Departure of Q1 (combined with arrival to Q2), Departure of Q2 and Measure.

As model verifications the following was controlled numerically and graphically:

- Inter-arrival times $\rightarrow 0$:
 - Length of Q1 \rightarrow 10.
 - Rejection ratio of Q1 \rightarrow 1.
- Inter-arrival times $\to \infty$:
 - Length of Q1 \rightarrow 0.
 - Rejection ratio of Q1 \rightarrow 0.

Measurements were made with time-differences exponentially distributed with a mean of $5~\rm s.~10000$ measurements were taken. The results of task 1 is presented in Table 1.

Table 1: Results of task 1. For the three different inter-arrival times the mean value and the corresponding standard deviation (StdDev) is presented for length of Q2 and the rejection ratio of Q1.

Inter-arrival	Mean length	StdDev length	Mean rejection	StdDev rejection
times Q1 (s)	$\mathbf{Q2}$	$\mathbf{Q2}$	ratio Q1	ratio Q1
1	11	13	0.52	0.02
2	4.4	3.0	0.070	0.009
5	0.43	0.55	0	0

From the results of length Q2 presented in Table 1, as the uncertainties is of the same order as the mean, the system state varies a lot. The rejection ratios are more significant and shows an expected behaviour, i.e. the shorter inter-arrival time the higher rejection rate.

2 Task 2

The Event-Scheduling approach was also used in this task and the code written for task 1 was used as a template. The event structure was changed and a specific method was implemented for the addition of a job to the buffer. The following events were used: AddJobA, AddJobB, ServeJobA, ServeJobB and Measure. The states were simply the number of jobs of type A, denoted NA and B, denoted NB, in the buffer. Due to bad planning, an ugly solution was implemented for the case of adding a job from the buffer to serve (see code).

As a verification step the following was controlled:

- Delay times $\to \infty$:
 - $-NA + NB \rightarrow 0$. This is due to that the serve time of A, $x_A = 0.002$ s is shorter than the average arrival time ~ 0.0067 .
- Serve time for job A and B $x_A, x_B \to \infty$:
 - $-NA + NB \rightarrow \infty$.

Table 2: Results of task 2 for the first three questions/simulation runs presented in the task description. For all runs the mean and standard deviation (StdDev) of the buffer length is presented.

"Run"	Mean length of buffer	StdDev length of buffer
1	130	100
2	7.2	7.9
3	3.6	3.8

The simulation results is presented graphically in Figure 1.

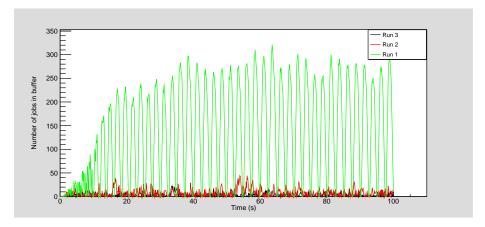


Figure 1: Result of task 2. The number of jobs in the buffer as a function of the simulation time for the three runs (indicated in the legend).

The result of run 1 and 2 differs substantially. As job B is prioritised and feeded to a system with a delay of 1 s one obtains a periodicity. Consider a constant delay of 1 s and the situation when the system starts up, the periodic behaviour can be explained with the following chain of events:

- 1. Job A:s are added to the buffer and served efficiently. The buffer length is kept minimal.
- 2. After 1 s job B:s are added to the buffer and since they are prioritised they are served immediately. The serving time is $x_B > x_A$ and together with the fact that A jobs are continuously added to the buffer this implies that the buffer length will increase.
- 3. After some time all B jobs have been served and A jobs are again served. The buffer length decreases.
- $4. \rightarrow \text{point } 2.$

Run 2 exhibits a weaker periodic behaviour since delay is now sampled from an exponential distribution. This has the effect that all B jobs will not arrive at the server at the same time and the buffer length will not increase as much.

The mean length of the buffer for the third run is the lowest. The buffer length no longer shows a clear periodic behaviour. As type A jobs now are prioritised and have a shorter serving time, the buffer length can efficiently be kept at a minimal. When there are no A jobs, B jobs which have a longer serving time will be processed. The pile-up in the buffer is not possible due to the efficient processing of the jobs.

It should also be mentioned that there is a "start-up" period needed for the first run (although not implemented), as it takes some time for the buffer to stabilise in its periodic behaviour.

3 Task 3

A similar system compared to in task 1 was implemented. One difference was the measure of the mean time a customer spends in the system. The time spent by every customer in the system was stored in a container and used to calculate the mean. Hence, it was not "Measured" as an event as this was considered the most efficient implementation and is not very computationally costly for the simulation.

Measurements were made with time-differences exponentially distributed with a mean of 5 s. 10000 measurements were taken. The results of task 3 is presented in Table 3.

Table 3: Results of task 3. For the three different mean arrival times the mean customer length and the mean queueing time for the simulation and analytical calculations are presented.

Mean arrival	Mean customer	Mean customer	Mean queueing	Mean queueing
times (s)	length (simulated)	length (analytically)	time (simulated)	time (analytically)
2	1.98	2	3.99	4
1.5	4.02	4	5.99	6
1.1	18.5	20	20.2	22

The simulated values are very congruent with the analytical calculations in case of 2 and 1.5 s mean arrival times. For the 1.1 s mean arrival time the simulated values deviate more from the analytical value. The reason to why, is unclear. A delayed start-up of 1000 s, chosen on the basis of the graphic evolution of the mean customer length, was tried but resulted in similar values.

4 Task 4

Task 4 was also solved with the *Event-Scheduling* approach and a similar implementation as in task 1. Three events were defined; Arrival, Depart and Measure. One system state was implemented as the number of customers, denoted NC, in the system.

As model verifications the following was controlled numerically and graphically:

- $x \to 0 : NC \to 0$
- $\bullet \ \lambda \to \infty : NC \to N$

4.1 Question 1, 2 & 3

The simulation measurements for the settings in questions 1, 2 and 3 is presented in Figure 2.

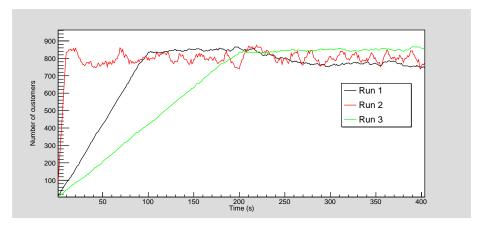


Figure 2: The number of customers as a function of simulation time is presented for the first three runs (indicated in the legend). The difference in length of the transient phase can be distinguished.

Clear from Figure 2 are different transient phases, i.e. time it takes till the system reaches an equilibrium in the total number of customers. Reading out when the measurements plane out the length of the transient phases are obtained and this is presented in Table 4.

Table 4: Length of the transient phases for task 4 and the first three questions/simulation runs.

"Run"	Length of	
Itun	transient phase (s)	
$1 (x = 100, \lambda = 8)$	100	
$2 (x = 10, \lambda = 80)$	10	
$3 (x = 200, \lambda = 4)$	200	

For these three runs the number of customers in equilibrium is the same according to Little's theorem $NC = \lambda \cdot x = 800$. The parameter that governs the length of transient phase is the rate of arrivals to the system, λ . The time it takes for the system to reach this number (assuming $x >> \frac{1}{\lambda}$) is: $t = \frac{800}{\lambda}$.

4.2 Question 4, 5 & 6

The confidence interval is calculated using the provided *MATLAB* program. In this program the system measurements are modeled as an auto-regressive process to compensate for the covariance contribution. I consider this important for the current system since in a queue a future length is always highly dependent on the current and past queue lengths. The effect on the variance from the correlation was checked with a comparison of equidistant and exponentially distributed measurement times. The covariance contribution could be observed, i.e. the computed variance with the equidistant measurement times was lower.

The length of the 95% confidence interval for the three different runs are presented in Table 5.

Table 5: Length of the 95% confidence interval for task 4 and the last three questions/simulation runs.

"Run"	Length of 95% confidence interval.
4 (T = 4, M = 1000)	1.17
5 (T = 1, M = 4000)	1.27
6 (T = 4, M = 4000)	0.64

What is very interesting from the result presented in Table 5 is that the confidence interval for run 5 is longer than that of run 4 even though the number of measurements is larger in the fifth run. The *MATLAB* modeled AR-process needs several more parameters, cf. an AR-order of 23 for run 5 and 2 for run 4. This indicates that run 5 contains a lot more information than run 4 and this is reasonable due to the 3000 more samples. My hypothesis is that run 5 catches a short periodic behaviour which run 4 does not and in turn increases the variance. The confidence intervals were also calculated for exponentially distributed measurement times and the following results were then obtained:

"Run"	Length of 95% confidence interval.	
$4 (\exp(T=4), M=1000)$	2.17	
$5 (\exp(T=1), M=4000)$	1.57	
$6 (\exp(T=4), M=4000)$	1.00	

The results presented above strengthens the hypothesis, since the periodicity in the samples should be suppressed with exponentially distributed measurements.

Run 6 has the optimal (as far as it concerns the above measurements) settings. A time of 4 s between each measurement seems to smoothen out the data and the many measurements shrinks the confidence interval, as it should.

5 Task 5

The system in this task was implemented with the *Process Interaction* method. It took quite some time to implement.

Three different processes, i.e. classes, were implemented; Generator, Queue and Measure. The interaction between the processes was implemented with a Signal class which comprised a SignalType, a receiving process Destination, and ArrivalTime, plus an optional parameter representing the measured values sent to the Measure process. A helper class ProcessList holds all Processes and controlls the Signal which is to be treated. A base class LoadDistr with

derived classes RandomLoad, RobinLoad and SmallestQueLoad were also implemented. The Generator process possesses an object of type LoadDistr which has a function GetQ which is invoked when Queue is chosen.

The system was first tried on just one Queue and verified with Little's theorem. In this process it was noted that if the mean arrival time was smaller than the mean service time, the system diverged. It was observed that for mean inter-arrival times \rightarrow mean service time a mean queue length longer than the value from Little's theorem was always obtained. However, for larger inter-arrival times the queue length agreed with Little's theorem. Why this is the case is still unclear. The chain of signals have been closely controlled and these work as they are intended. The sampling from the uniform distribution and the exponential distribution has also been verified to work.

Even though the system might not work as it should the full implementation was made. The system behaved the same with 5 queues and the load distribution as discussed in the above section. Hence, with a mean arrival time of 0.12 seconds an obtained queue length quite longer than Little's theorem indicated. Although, the system does not seem to work correctly quantitatively it should qualititatively. The system was simulated for 100 000 s and the results for the different arrival times and load distributions are presented in Table 7.

Table 6: Results of task 5. For the three different inter-arrival times the mean value \pm its standard deviation is presented for all load distributions and mean arrival times.

Inter-arrival	Random load	Robin load	Smallest queue
times (s)	distribution	distribution	distribution
0.11	46	27	11
0.15	9	6	4
2	0.26	0.25	0.25

6 Task 6

The system was implemented with a simplified *Event-Scheduling* approach. Two events; Arrival and Depart was implemented. The system state was the number of prescriptions to be filled in. New arrivals were generated if the arrival time was before the closing time. The stopping condition for a working day's simulation was an empty event list and 1000 days were simulated. The event time of each day's last departure was measured and stored in a container. The mean of the container elements was the average time his work will finish every day. The time difference of the arrival and departure of each prescription was also stored in a container and used to calculate the average time it takes to fill a prescription. The results of task 6 is presented in Table 7.

Table 7: Results of task 6. The average time the work finishes and the average time it takes to fill a prescription is presented with $\pm \sigma$ (standard deviation).

Average time work finishes	Average time it takes to fill prescription
$17:24 \pm 15$	$25 \pm 11 \text{ min}$

7 Task 7

The system in task 7 was implemented with a small scale *Event-Scheduling* approach. First the life time for each of the components were generated and stored in an event list, then the event list was stepped through in chronological order and the time at which all components were "dead" was stored in a container. The mean of this container, which is the average life time of the system, is the result presented in Table 8.

Table 8: The result of task 7. The average life time is presented with its uncertainty (standard deviation).

Average life time of the system
$$3.67 \pm 0.93$$

Code

Below the c++-code used for the assignement is presented. Header files and Makefiles have been left out. I would strongly recommend to study the source code in the attached .zip file instead of trying to read here. Also, note that the framework ROOT [https://root.cern.ch/] has been used to visualise the data.

7.1 Task 1

```
#include "eventandstate.h"

#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <math.h>

#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TColor.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
```

```
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"
\mathbf{using} \ \mathbf{namespace} \ \mathrm{std} \ ;
void EventList::InsertEvent(int type, double time) {
         Event e(type, time);
         if(event\_list.size() == 0) {
                  event_list.push_back(e);
                  return;
         }
         auto it = event_list.begin();
         while (it != event_list.end() && e.eventtime > it
            \rightarrow ->eventtime) {
                  ++it;
         it = event_list.insert(it, e);
State::State(default_random_engine& re, double dt) : LQ1
   \hookrightarrow (0), LQ2(0), nbr_arrivalsQ1(0), nbr_rejectedQ1(0),
   \rightarrow nbr_measurements (0), rnd_engine (re), dtQ1(dt) {
}
void State::ProcessEvent(EventList& el) {
         Event e = el.event_list[0];
         switch (e.eventtype){
                  case Event::ArrivalQ1:
                           cout << "ArrivalQ1:" << e <<
                               \hookrightarrow endl;
                           if(LQ1 < 10) {
                                    ++LQ1;
                                    ++nbr_arrivalsQ1;
                           }
                           else {
                                    ++nbr_arrivalsQ1;
                                    ++nbr_rejectedQ1;
                           el.InsertEvent (Event :: ArrivalQ1,
                               \rightarrow e.eventtime + dtQ1);
                           if (LQ1 == 1) el.InsertEvent (Event
                               → ::DepartQ1, e.eventtime +
                               → get_exp_time (rnd_engine,
```

```
\hookrightarrow 2.1);
          break;
case Event::DepartQ1:
          cout << "DepartQ1:" << e << endl
          ---LQ1;
          ++LQ2;
          if (LQ1 > 0) el.InsertEvent (Event
              \hookrightarrow :: DepartQ1, e.eventtime +
              → get_exp_time (rnd_engine,
              \hookrightarrow 2.1));
          if (LQ2 == 1) el.InsertEvent (Event
              \hookrightarrow :: DepartQ2, e.eventtime +
              \hookrightarrow 2);
          break;
case Event::DepartQ2:
          cout << "DepartQ2:_" << e << endl
              \hookrightarrow ;
          ---LQ2;
          if (LQ2 > 0) el.InsertEvent (Event
              → ::DepartQ2, e.eventtime +
              \hookrightarrow 2);
          break;
case Event:: Measure:
          cout << "Measuring:_" << LQ1 << "
              \ \hookrightarrow \ , \_"<< \ \mathrm{LQ2} << \ " \, , \_" << \ \mathrm{\acute{e}} \; .
              → eventtime << endl;
          ++nbr_measurements;
          el. Insert Event (Event :: Measure, e.
              → eventtime + get_exp_time(
              \hookrightarrow rnd_engine, 5));
          v_LQ1.push_back(LQ1);
          v_LQ2.push_back(LQ2);
          v_mean.push_back(calc_mean(v_LQ2)
          v_var.push_back(calc_stddev(v_LQ2
              \hookrightarrow ));
          v_time.push_back(e.eventtime);
          if(nbr_arrivalsQ1 != 0) {
                     v_rej_ratio.push_back(
                        \hookrightarrow static_cast<double
                         \hookrightarrow > (nbr\_rejectedQ1)/

→ static_cast < double
</p>
                         \hookrightarrow > (nbr_arrivalsQ1));
          else v_rej_ratio.push_back(0);
```

```
break;
         }
void State::Write(string s) {
         cout << "Writing_to_file_task1.root" << endl;</pre>
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString(s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g;
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double\ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor\}
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend* leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg->SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm]\}
      → diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      → TString("Integrated cones (i)"), TString("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders")};
         TString s_x[2] = {\text{"Time}_(s)", "Time_(s)"};
         TString s_y[5] = {\text{"Length}}Q1", "LengthQ2", "
             → Rejection probability in Q1", "Mean LQ2", "
             \hookrightarrow StdDev_LQ2"};
         g = new TGraph(v_LQ2. size(), \&(v_time[0]), \&(
             \hookrightarrow v_LQ1[0]);
         g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
             \hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
             \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
         //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
             \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
             \hookrightarrow defined here.
         g->SetTitle("");
         g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
         g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
         g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
         g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
         g\rightarrow Write();
```

```
g = new TGraph(v_LQ2. size(), \&(v_time[0]), \&(
    \hookrightarrow v_LQ2[0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    \hookrightarrow \quad draw \quad axis \quad with \quad "A". \quad Option \quad "SAME" \quad is \quad not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    → has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
g = new TGraph(v_rej_ratio.size(), &(v_time[0]),
    \rightarrow &(v_rej_ratio [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    → has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    \hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    → has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[3]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
```

```
g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
              \hookrightarrow v_var[0]);
          g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
              → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
              \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
          //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
              → has been drawn, thus they need to be
              \hookrightarrow defined here.
          g->SetTitle("");
          g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[4]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->Write();
          f_out \rightarrow Close();
}
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
    \hookrightarrow ) {
          exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
          double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
          cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
          return rand;
}
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
          \mathbf{double} \ \mathrm{sum} \ = \ \mathrm{accumulate} \, (\, v \, . \, \mathrm{begin} \, (\,) \, \, , \  \, v \, . \, \mathrm{end} \, (\,) \, \, , \  \, 0 \, . \, 0\, ) \, \, ;
          return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
          double mean = calc_mean(v);
          vector < double > diff(v.size());
          transform (v.begin (), v.end (), diff.begin (), [mean
              \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
          double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
              \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
          double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
          return stdev;
}
ostream& operator << (ostream& os, Event e) {
```

File: main.cc

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
         cout << "Running_task_1_" << endl;</pre>
         ofstream f_res("res_task1.txt");
         vector < double > dtQ1 = \{0.1, 1, 2, 5, 20\};
         //vector < double > dtQ1 = \{1, 2, 5\};
         for (auto& dt : dtQ1) {
                   EventList el;
                   int seed = 0;
                   default_random_engine rnd_engine (seed);
                   //Kick-start:
                   el. InsertEvent (Event :: ArrivalQ1, dt);
                   el. Insert Event (Event :: Measure,
                       \rightarrow get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 5));
                   State s(rnd_engine, dt);
                   while (s.nbr_measurements < 10000) {
                            \mathrm{cout} << \mathrm{"LQ1} = \mathrm{"} << \mathrm{s.LQ1} << \mathrm{endl}
                            if(s.LQ1 > 10) {
                                      exit(1);
                            s. ProcessEvent(el);
                            auto it_temp = el.event_list.

    erase(el.event_list.begin())

                                \hookrightarrow );
                            for(auto& e : el.event_list) cout
                                \hookrightarrow << e << endl;
```

```
}
         s. Write ("task1_"+to_string (dt)+".root");
          f\_res << "Results\_for\_dtQ1\_=\_" << dt <<
              \hookrightarrow endl;
          f_res \ll mean(LQ2) = " \ll calc_mean(s)
             \hookrightarrow v<sub>-</sub>LQ2) << endl;
          f_res << "stddev(LQ2) == " << calc_stddev(
              \hookrightarrow s.v_LQ2) << endl;
          f_res \ll "mean(LQ1) = " \ll calc_mean(s)
             \hookrightarrow v_LQ1) << endl;
          f_res << "stddev(LQ1) == " << calc_stddev(
             \hookrightarrow s.v_LQ1) << endl;
          f_res << "mean(rejected_ratio) == " <<

    calc_mean(s.v_rej_ratio) << endl;</pre>
          f_res << "stddev(rejected_ratio) == " <<

    calc_stddev(s.v_rej_ratio) << endl;</pre>
          f_res \ll endl;
}
```

7.2 Task 2

```
#include "eventandstate.h"

#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <math.h>

#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"

using namespace std;
```

```
void EventList::InsertEvent(int type, double time) {
         Event e(type, time);
         if(event\_list.size() == 0) {
                   event_list.push_back(e);
                   return;
         }
         auto it = event_list.begin();
         while (it != event_list.end() && e.eventtime >= it
             \rightarrow ->eventtime) {
                   ++it;
         }
         it = event_list.insert(it, e);
State::State(default_random_engine& re, bool is_B,
   \hookrightarrow unsigned int c) : NA(0), NB(0), nbr_measurements(0)
   \hookrightarrow \ , \ \operatorname{rnd\_engine}\left(\operatorname{re}\right), \ \operatorname{is\_B\_priority}\left(\operatorname{is\_B}\right),
   \rightarrow is_server_busy(false), count(c) {
         xA = 0.002;
         xB = 0.004;
         d = 1;
         lambda = 150;
}
void State::ProcessEvent(EventList& el) {
         Event e = el.event_list[0];
         cout << "Processing _event: _" << endl;
         switch (e.eventtype){
                   case Event::AddJobA:
                             cout << "AddJobA_" << e << endl;
                             el.InsertEvent(Event::AddJobA, e.

→ eventtime + get_exp_time (
                                → rnd_engine , 1./lambda));
                             //If buffer empty and server not
                                 \hookrightarrow busy, need to trigger serve
                             if(v_Buffer.size() = 0 \&\&!

    is_server_busy) {

                                       el.InsertEvent(Event::
                                          → ServeJobA, e.
                                          \rightarrow eventtime + xA);
```

```
is_server_busy = true;
                     break;
          AddJobToBuffer(e);
          ++NA;
          break;
case Event :: AddJobB:
          cout << "AddJobB\_" << \ e << \ endl;
           //If buffer empty, need to
               \hookrightarrow trigger serve.
           if(v_Buffer.size() = 0 \&\& !

    is_server_busy) {

                     el.InsertEvent (Event::
                         → ServeJobB, e.
                         \hookrightarrow eventtime + xB);
                     is\_server\_busy = true;
                     break;
          AddJobToBuffer(e);
          ++NB;
          break;
case Event :: ServeJobA :
          \mathtt{cout} << "ServeJobA: \_" << \ e <<
               \hookrightarrow endl;
           if(v_Buffer.size() != 0) {
                     //This if statement is an
                         \hookrightarrow ugly solution, due
                         → to bad planning
                     if (v_Buffer [0]. eventtype
                         \hookrightarrow == Event :: AddJobB)
                         → {
                                \operatorname{cout} << "
                                    → Processing -
                                    → Job_B" <<</p>
                                    \hookrightarrow endl;
                                          el.
                                               → InsertEvent
                                               \hookrightarrow (
                                               → Event
                                               \hookrightarrow ::
                                               → ServeJobB
                                               → , e
                                               \hookrightarrow .
                                               → eventtime
                                               \hookrightarrow +
                                               \hookrightarrow xB)
```

```
\hookrightarrow ;
               auto it =
                    \hookrightarrow

→ v_Buffer

                      \hookrightarrow .
                      \rightarrow erase
                      \hookrightarrow (
                      → v_Buffer
                     \hookrightarrow .
                     → begin
                     \hookrightarrow ())
                    \hookrightarrow ;
               —NB;
}
else {
               cout << "
                     → Processing
                     \hookrightarrow .
                     → Job
                     \hookrightarrow <<
                     \hookrightarrow
                     \hookrightarrow endl
                     \hookrightarrow ;
               el.
                     → InsertEvent
                      \hookrightarrow (
                      → Event
                     \hookrightarrow ::
                      → ServeJobA
                      \hookrightarrow \ , \ e
                      \hookrightarrow .

→ eventtime

                     \hookrightarrow +
                     \hookrightarrow xA)
                     \hookrightarrow ;
               \mathbf{auto} \quad \mathrm{i} \, \mathrm{t} \ = \\
                     \hookrightarrow
                      \hookrightarrow .

→ erase

                      \hookrightarrow (

→ v_Buffer

                      \hookrightarrow .
                     ⇔ begin
                      \hookrightarrow ())
```

```
\hookrightarrow ;
                                                       --NA;
                                                       if (count
                                                             \hookrightarrow ==
                                                              \hookrightarrow 2)
                                                              \hookrightarrow {
                                                                                 → InsertEvent
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow (
                                                                                 → Event
                                                                                \hookrightarrow ::
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow AddJobB
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow ,
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow
                                                                                 ⇔ e
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow .
                                                                                → eventtime
                                                                                \hookrightarrow
                                                                                \hookrightarrow +
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow get_exp_time
                                                                                \hookrightarrow (

→ rnd_engine

                                                                                \hookrightarrow ,
                                                                                \hookrightarrow
                                                                                \hookrightarrow 1)
                                                                                 \hookrightarrow )
                                                                                \hookrightarrow ;
                                                                                \hookrightarrow
                                                       else el.
                                                              → InsertEvent
                                                              \hookrightarrow (
                                                              → Event
                                                              \hookrightarrow ::
                                                              → AddJobB
                                                              \begin{array}{ccc} \hookrightarrow &, & e \\ \hookrightarrow &. \end{array}
                                                              \hookrightarrow +
                                                              \hookrightarrow d);
                                     is_server_busy =
                                            \hookrightarrow true;
}
```

```
else {
                            is_server_busy = false;
                            if(count = 2) {
                                          el.InsertEvent(
                                                \hookrightarrow Event::
                                                \hookrightarrow AddJobB, e.
                                                \hookrightarrow eventtime +
                                                \hookrightarrow

→ get_exp_time

                                                → (rnd_engine
                                                \hookrightarrow , 1));
                            else el. InsertEvent (Event
                                 \hookrightarrow :: AddJobB, e.
                                 \hookrightarrow eventtime + d);
              break;
case Event::ServeJobB:
              \mathtt{cout} << "ServeJobB: \_" << \ e <<
                   \hookrightarrow endl;
              if(v_Buffer.size() != 0) {
                            //This if statement is an
                                 \begin{array}{cccc} \hookrightarrow & ugly & solution \;, \; due \\ \hookrightarrow & to & bad & planning \end{array}
                            if(v_Buffer[0].eventtype
                                  \hookrightarrow == Event :: AddJobB)
                                  \hookrightarrow {
                                                         el.
                                                              → InsertEvent
                                                              \hookrightarrow (

→ Event

                                                              \hookrightarrow ::
                                                              → ServeJobB
                                                              \hookrightarrow , e
                                                              \hookrightarrow .
                                                              → eventtime
                                                              \hookrightarrow +
                                                              \hookrightarrow xB)
                                                              \hookrightarrow ;
                                                        \mathbf{auto} it =
                                                              \hookrightarrow

→ v_Buffer

                                                              \hookrightarrow .
                                                              \rightarrow erase
                                                              \hookrightarrow (

→ v_Buffer
```

```
\hookrightarrow .
                     → begin
                     \hookrightarrow ())
                    \hookrightarrow ;
               —NB;
}
else {
               el.

→ InsertEvent

                     \hookrightarrow (

→ Event

                     \hookrightarrow ::
                     → ServeJobA
                     ∽ , e
                     \hookrightarrow .

→ eventtime

                     \hookrightarrow +
                     \hookrightarrow xA)
                     \hookrightarrow ;
               \mathbf{auto} \quad \mathrm{i} \ \mathrm{t} \ = \quad
                     \hookrightarrow

→ v_Buffer

                     \hookrightarrow .

→ erase

                     \hookrightarrow (

→ v_Buffer

                     \hookrightarrow .
                     → begin
                     \hookrightarrow ())
                     \hookrightarrow ;
              --NA;
if(count == 2) {
               el.

→ InsertEvent

                     \hookrightarrow (
                     → Event
                     \hookrightarrow ::
                     → AddJobB
                     \hookrightarrow \ , \ e
                     \hookrightarrow .
                     \hookrightarrow +

→ get_exp_time

                     \hookrightarrow (

→ rnd engine

                     \hookrightarrow ,
```

```
\hookrightarrow 1))
                                               else el.
                                                   → InsertEvent
                                                   \hookrightarrow (Event::
                                                   → AddJobB, e.

→ eventtime +

                                                       d);
                                               is_server_busy =
                                                   \hookrightarrow true;
                            else {
                                      is\_server\_busy = false;
                            break;
                   case Event:: Measure:
                            cout << "Measuring:" << NA << ",
                                \hookrightarrow _"<< NB << " , _" << e .
                                → eventtime << endl;</pre>
                            ++nbr_measurements:
                            el.InsertEvent (Event :: Measure, e.
                                \hookrightarrow eventtime + 0.1);
                            v_NA.push_back(NA);
                            v_NB.push_back(NB);
                            v_NAB.push_back(v_Buffer.size());
                            v_mean.push_back(calc_mean(v_NAB)
                                \hookrightarrow );
                            v_var.push_back(calc_stddev(v_NAB
                                \hookrightarrow ));
                            v_time.push_back(e.eventtime);
                            break;
         }
}
void State::AddJobToBuffer(Event e) {
         cout << "Adding_to_buffer_Job_" << e.eventtype <<
             \hookrightarrow endl;
         if(v_Buffer.size() = 0) {
                   v_Buffer.push_back(e);
                  return;
         if( (e.eventtype == Event::AddJobA &&!

    is_B_priority) || (e.eventtype == Event::
             → AddJobB && is_B_priority)) {
```

```
auto it = find_if(v_Buffer.begin(),
                      → v_Buffer.end(), [e] (const Event& b
                      \hookrightarrow ) {return b.eventtype != e.
                      \hookrightarrow eventtype; \});
                   v_Buffer.insert(it, e);
         else v_Buffer.push_back(e);
void State::Write(string s) {
         cout << "Writing_to_file_task1.root" << endl;</pre>
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString(s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g;
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double\ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend* leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg->SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm
      → diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      → TString("Integrated cones (i)"), TString("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders")};
         TString \ s_{-}x \,[\, 2\,] \ = \ \{"\, Time_{-}(\, s\,)" \,, \ "Time_{-}(\, s\,)" \,\};
         TString s_y[5] = {"NAB", "NA", "NB", "Mean_NAB"}
             \hookrightarrow "StdDev_NAB" \;
         g = new TGraph(v_NAB. size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
             \hookrightarrow v_NAB[0]);
         g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
             → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
             \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
         //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
             → has been drawn, thus they need to be
             \,\hookrightarrow\, defined\ here\,.
```

```
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_NAB. size(), &(v_time[0]), &(v_NA)
    \hookrightarrow [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
   → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
   \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
   → has been drawn, thus they need to be
   \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_NB.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(v_NB)
    \hookrightarrow [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
   → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
   → has been drawn, thus they need to be
   \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
   → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
   → has been drawn, thus they need to be
   \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
```

```
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[3]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
         g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g\rightarrow Write();
          g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
             \rightarrow v_var [0]);
          g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
             \hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
             \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
          //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
             \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
             \hookrightarrow defined here.
          g->SetTitle("");
          g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[4]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g\rightarrow Write();
          f_out \rightarrow Close();
}
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
    \hookrightarrow ) \{
          exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
          double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
         return rand;
}
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
          double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
          return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
         double mean = calc_mean(v);
          vector < double > diff(v.size());
          transform (v.begin (), v.end (), diff.begin (), [mean
              \hookrightarrow ] (double x) { return x - mean; });
          double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
             \rightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
```

File: main.cc

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <iterator>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
        cout << "Running_task_2_" << endl;</pre>
        ofstream f_res("res_task2.txt");
        vector<bool> is_B = {true, false, true};
        int count = 0;
        for(auto B : is_B) {
                 EventList el;
                 int seed = 0;
                 default_random_engine rnd_engine(seed);
                 //Kick-start:
                 double t_1st_job = get_exp_time(
                    \hookrightarrow rnd_engine, 1./150);
                 el. InsertEvent (Event :: AddJobA, t_1st_job)
                 el.InsertEvent (Event:: Measure, 0.1);
                 State s(rnd_engine, B, count);
                 while(s.nbr\_measurements < 1000) {
                          cout << "NA = " << s.NA << endl;
                          //if(s.NA > 2000) exit(1);
                          s. ProcessEvent(el);
```

```
auto it_temp = el.event_list.

    erase(el.event_list.begin())

                      \hookrightarrow );
                   for(auto \& e : s.v_Buffer){
                            cout \ll "Buffer:";
                            cout << e << endl;
                  copy(el.event_list.begin(), el.
                      \rightarrow event_list.begin()+3,
                      → ostream_iterator < Event > (
                      \hookrightarrow cout, "\n");
         }
         if (count == 2) s. Write ("task2_"+to_string
             \hookrightarrow (B)+"_Exp.root");
         else s. Write ("task2_"+to_string (B)+".root
             \hookrightarrow ");
         f_res << "Results_for_IsBPriority?_=_" <<
             \hookrightarrow B << endl;
         f_res << "mean(NAB) == " << calc_mean(s.
             \hookrightarrow v_NAB) << endl;
         f_res << "stddev(NAB) == " << calc_stddev(
             \hookrightarrow s.v_NAB) << endl;
         f_res \ll mean(NA) = " \ll calc_mean(s)
             \hookrightarrow v_NA) << endl;
         f_res << "stddev(NA) == " << calc_stddev(s)
             \hookrightarrow .v_NA) << endl;
         f_res << "mean(NB) == " << calc_mean(s.
             \rightarrow v_NB) << endl;
         f_res << "stddev(NB) == " << calc_stddev(s
             \hookrightarrow .v_NB) << endl;
         f_res \ll endl;
         cout << "
             \hookrightarrow " << endl;
         ++count;
}
```

j

7.3 Task 3

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <math.h>
#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TColor.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"
using namespace std;
void EventList::InsertEvent(int type, double time) {
        Event e(type, time);
        if(event\_list.size() == 0) {
                 event_list.push_back(e);
                 return;
        }
        auto it = event_list.begin();
        while (it != event_list.end() && e.eventtime > it
           \rightarrow ->eventtime) {
                ++it;
        }
        it = event_list.insert(it, e);
State::State(default_random_engine& re, double dt) : LQ1
   \hookrightarrow (0), LQ2(0), nbr_arrivalsQ1(0), nbr_rejectedQ1(0),
   → nbr_measurements(0), rnd_engine(re), dtQ1(dt) {
}
```

```
void State::ProcessEvent(EventList& el) {
          Event e = el.event_list[0];
          switch (e.eventtype){
                   case Event::ArrivalQ1:
                             cout << "ArrivalQ1:" << e <<
                                 \hookrightarrow endl;
                             ++LQ1;
                              el. Insert Event (Event :: ArrivalQ1,

→ e.eventtime + get_exp_time(
                                 \hookrightarrow rnd_engine, dtQ1));
                              if (LQ1 == 1) el. Insert Event (Event
                                 → ::DepartQ1, e.eventtime +

    get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 1)

                                 \hookrightarrow );
                              v_in_Q.push_back(e.eventtime);
                             break;
                   case Event::DepartQ1:
                             cout << "DepartQ1: _" << e << endl
                             --LQ1;
                             ++LQ2;
                              if (LQ1 > 0) el.InsertEvent (Event
                                 → ::DepartQ1, e.eventtime +
                                 → get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 1)
                                 \hookrightarrow );
                              if (LQ2 == 1) el. Insert Event (Event
                                 → ::DepartQ2, e.eventtime +
                                 → get_exp_time (rnd_engine, 1)
                                 \hookrightarrow );
                             break;
                   case Event::DepartQ2:
                             \operatorname{cout} << \operatorname{"DepartQ2:"} << \operatorname{e} << \operatorname{endl}
                             --LQ2;
                              if (LQ2 > 0) el.InsertEvent (Event
                                 → ::DepartQ2, e.eventtime +
                                 \rightarrow get_exp_time (rnd_engine, 1)
                                 \hookrightarrow );
                              v_mean_time.push_back(e.eventtime
                                 \rightarrow - v_in_Q[0];
                              v_{in}_{Q} . erase (v_{in}_{Q} . begin ());
                             break:
                   case Event:: Measure:
                             cout << "Measuring: " << LQ1 << "
                                 \hookrightarrow , " << LQ2 << ", " << e.

    eventtime << endl;
</pre>
```

```
++nbr_measurements;
                            el.InsertEvent (Event :: Measure, e.

→ eventtime + get_exp_time(
                                \hookrightarrow rnd_engine, 5));
                            v_LQ1.push_back(LQ1+LQ2);
                            v_LQ2. push_back (LQ2);
                            v_mean.push_back(calc_mean(v_LQ2)
                                \hookrightarrow );
                            v_var.push_back(calc_stddev(v_LQ2
                                \hookrightarrow ));
                            v_time.push_back(e.eventtime);
                            break;
         }
void State::Write(string s) {
         \verb|cout| << "Writing to file task3.root"| << endl;
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString (s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g;
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double\ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend* leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg \rightarrow SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm
      \hookrightarrow diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      → TString("Integrated cones (i)"), TString("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders")};
         TString s_x[2] = {\text{"Time}_(s)", "Time}_(s)"};
         TString s_y[4] = {\text{"Length}_Q1", "Length}_Q2", "Mean}
             \hookrightarrow LQ2", "StdDev_LQ2"};
         g = new TGraph(v_LQ2. size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
             \hookrightarrow v_LQ1[0]);
         g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
             \hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
```

```
\hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_LQ2. size()), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_LQ2[0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_var[0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
```

```
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
              \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
              \rightarrow defined here.
          g->SetTitle("");
          g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[3]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g\rightarrow Write();
          f_out \rightarrow Close();
}
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
    \hookrightarrow ) \{
          exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
          double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
          cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
          return rand;
}
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
          double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
          return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
          double mean = calc_mean(v);
          vector < double > diff(v.size());
          transform \, (\, v \, . \, begin \, (\,) \, \, , \  \, v \, . \, end \, (\,) \, \, , \  \, diff \, . \, begin \, (\,) \, \, , \  \, [\, mean \, ]
              \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
          double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
              \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
          double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
          return stdev;
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Event e) {
          os << "Event: " << e.eventtype << ", " << e.
              → eventtime << "_s";</pre>
          return os;
}
```

File: main.cc

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
          cout << "Running_task_1_" << endl;</pre>
          ofstream f_res("res_task3.txt");
          vector < double > ArrTime = \{2., 1.5, 1.1\};
          for (auto& dt : ArrTime) {
                    EventList el;
                    int seed = 0;
                    default_random_engine rnd_engine (seed);
                    //Kick-start:
                    el. InsertEvent (Event :: ArrivalQ1,
                        \hookrightarrow get_exp_time(rnd_engine, dt));
                    el. Insert Event (Event :: Measure, 1000 +
                        \hookrightarrow get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 5));
                    State s(rnd_engine, dt);
                    while (s.nbr_measurements < 10000) {
                              \mathrm{cout} \ << \ \mathrm{^{"LQ1}\_{=}\_"} \ << \ \mathrm{s.LQ1} << \ \mathrm{endl}
                                  \hookrightarrow ;
                              s. ProcessEvent (el);
                              auto it_temp = el.event_list.

    erase(el.event_list.begin())

                                  \hookrightarrow );
                              for (auto& e : el.event_list) cout
                                  \hookrightarrow << e << endl;
                    }
                    s. Write ("task3_"+to_string (dt)+".root");
                    f_res << "Results_for_dtQ1==" << dt <<
                        \hookrightarrow endl;
                    f_res \ll "mean(LQ2) = " \ll calc_mean(s)
                        \hookrightarrow v<sub>LQ2</sub>) << endl;
```

7.4 Task 4

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <math.h>
#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TColor.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"
\mathbf{using} \ \mathbf{namespace} \ \mathrm{std} \ ;
void EventList::InsertEvent(int type, double time) {
         Event e(type, time);
         if(event\_list.size() == 0) {
```

```
event_list.push_back(e);
                 return;
        }
        auto it = event_list.begin();
        while(it != event_list.end() && e.eventtime > it
            → ->eventtime) {
                 ++it;
        it = event_list.insert(it, e);
}
State::State(std::default_random_engine& re, unsigned int
   → n_servers, double x_serve_time, double 1, unsigned
   \hookrightarrow int measures, double m_time) : N(n_servers), x(
   \rightarrow x_serve_time), lambda(1), M(measures), T(m_time),
   → nbr_measurements(0), rnd_engine(re) {
        NC = 0;
void State::ProcessEvent(EventList& el) {
        Event e = el.event_list[0];
        switch (e.eventtype){
                 case Event:: Arrival:
                          cout << "Arrival: _" << e << endl;
                          if(NC >= N) {
                                   el.InsertEvent(Event::
                                      → Arrival, e.

→ eventtime +

    get_exp_time(

    rnd_engine , 1./

                                      \hookrightarrow lambda));
                                  break;
                         ++NC;
                          el.InsertEvent (Event :: Arrival, e.

→ eventtime + get_exp_time(
                             → rnd_engine , 1./lambda));
                          el.InsertEvent(Event::Depart, e.
                             \hookrightarrow eventtime + x);
                          break;
                 case Event::Depart:
                          cout << "Depart: _" << e << endl;
                          --NC:
                          break;
```

```
case Event:: Measure:
                            cout << "Measuring: _" << NC << ",
                                → _" << e.eventtime << endl;
                            ++nbr_measurements;
                            el. Insert Event (Event :: Measure, e.
                                \hookrightarrow eventtime + T);
                            v_NC.push_back(NC);
                            v_mean.push_back(calc_mean(v_NC))
                            v_var.push_back(calc_stddev(v_NC)
                               \hookrightarrow );
                            v_time.push_back(e.eventtime);
                            break;
         }
void State::Write(string s) {
         cout << "Writing_to_file_task4.root" << endl;</pre>
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString(s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g;
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double\ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend* leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg->SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      → allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm]\}
      \hookrightarrow diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      \hookrightarrow TString ("Integrated cones (i)"), TString ("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders");
         TString s_x[2] = {\text{"Time}_(s)", "Time_(s)"};
         TString s_y[4] = {\text{"Number_of_customers"}}, {\text{"Mean_customers"}},

    customers", "StdDev_customers"};
         g = \text{new TGraph}(v_NC. \text{size}(), \&(v_time[0]), \&(v_NC)
             \hookrightarrow [0]);
         g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
```

```
\hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
   → has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \rightarrow v_var[0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
f_{out} \rightarrow Close();
```

```
}
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
   \hookrightarrow ) {
         exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
         double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
         cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
         return rand;
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
         double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
         return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
         double mean = calc_mean(v);
         vector < double > diff(v.size());
         transform (v.begin(), v.end(), diff.begin(), [mean
            \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
         double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
            \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
         double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
         return stdev;
ostream& operator << (ostream& os, Event e) {
         os << "Event:" << e.eventtype << "," << e.
            \hookrightarrow eventtime << "\bots";
         return os;
```

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include "write.h"

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
        cout << "Running_task_l_" << endl;
        ofstream f_res("res_task3.txt");</pre>
```

```
\hookrightarrow 100, 100, 10000};
\hookrightarrow 10};
\hookrightarrow 100};
vector < double > M = \{1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 4000, 4000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000, 10000
         \hookrightarrow 4000, 10000, 1000};
vector < double > T = \{1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 4, 0.1, 1\};
\hookrightarrow 10, 0};
for (unsigned int j = 0; j != x.size(); ++j) {
                       EventList el;
                       int seed = 0;
                        default_random_engine rnd_engine (seed);
                       //Kick-start:
                        el. Insert Event (Event :: Arrival,
                                 → get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 1./lambda[
                                 \hookrightarrow j]));
                        el. InsertEvent (Event :: Measure, M_delay [j]
                                 \hookrightarrow + T[j]);
                       State s(rnd_engine, N[j], x[j], lambda[j]
                                 \hookrightarrow ], M[j], T[j]);
                       while (s.nbr_measurements < M[j])
                                               s. ProcessEvent(el);
                                               auto it_temp = el.event_list.

    erase(el.event_list.begin())

                                                        \hookrightarrow );
                                               //for(auto \& e : el.event\_list)
                                                        \hookrightarrow cout << e << endl;
                       }
                       s. Write ("task4_"+to_string(j)+".root");
                        write_txt(s.v_NC, "task4_"+to_string(j)+"
                                 \hookrightarrow . txt");
                       f\_res << "Results\_for\_run\_=\_" << j <<
                                 \hookrightarrow endl;
                        f_res \ll mean(NC) = " \ll calc_mean(s.
                                 \rightarrow v_NC) << endl;
```

7.5 Task 5

File: procs.cc

```
#include "procs.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
Signal:: Signal (int type, string dest, double time, int
   → meas) : SignalType(type), ArrivalTime(time),
   → Destination (dest), Meas(meas) { }
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Signal s) {
        os << "signal:" << s.SignalType << "," << s.
           → Destination << ", " << s.ArrivalTime;
        return os;
}
void Process::AddSignal(int type, string dest, double
   \hookrightarrow time, int meas) {
        Signal s(type, dest, time, meas);
        if(SignalList.size() == 0) {
                SignalList.push_back(s);
                return;
        auto it = SignalList.begin();
```

```
while (it != SignalList.end() && s.ArrivalTime >=
            → it -> Arrival Time) {
                 ++it:
         it = SignalList.insert(it, s);
}
void Process::RemoveSignal() {
         if(SignalList.size() != 0) {
                  //delete SignalList[0];
                  SignalList.erase(SignalList.begin());
         else {
                  std::cout << "SignalList_empty!!!!" <<
                     \hookrightarrow std::endl;
                  exit(0);
         }
void ProcessList::AddProcess(shared_ptr<Process> p) {
         procs.push_back(p);
}
void ProcessList::Update() {
         cout << "Updating_process_list" << endl;</pre>
         //Sorting the process list
         sort(procs.begin(), procs.end(),
                           [](const shared_ptr<Process> a,

→ const shared_ptr<Process> b

                              \hookrightarrow ) \{
                           if(a \rightarrow SignalList.size() = 0)

→ return false;
                           else if (b->SignalList.size() ==
                              \hookrightarrow 0) return true;
                           else if (a \rightarrow SignalList.size) = 0
                              → && b->SignalList.size() ==
                              \hookrightarrow 0) return false;
                           else return a->SignalList[0].
                              → ArrivalTime <= b->
                              → SignalList [0]. ArrivalTime;
                           );
}
void ProcessList::TreatSignal() {
         cout << "Treating_signal_from_ProcessList" <<
```

```
\hookrightarrow endl;
         Signal x = procs[0] -> SignalList[0];
         shared_ptr<Process> p = FetchProcess(x);
         cout << "About_to_invoke_TreatSignal!" << endl;</pre>
         if(!p) cout << "No_process_with_that_name" <<</pre>
             \hookrightarrow endl;
         p->TreatSignal(x);
         procs[0]->RemoveSignal();
shared_ptr<Process> ProcessList::FetchProcess(Signal x) {
         cout << "Fetching_process_with_name: " << x.
             → Destination << endl;</pre>
         auto it = find_if(procs.begin(), procs.end(),
                           [x] (const shared_ptr<Process> p)
                                    return x. Destination == p
                                        \hookrightarrow ->GetName();
                           );
         return (* it);
}
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, ProcessList pl
   \hookrightarrow ) {
         os << "Listing_processes:_" << endl;
         for(auto p : pl.procs) {
                  if (p->SignalList.size() == 0) continue;
                  os << p->GetName() << "_-_" << p->
                      \hookrightarrow SignalList [0] \ll endl;
         return os;
}
std::ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Process* p) {
         for (unsigned int i = 0; i != p->SignalList.size()
             \hookrightarrow ; ++i) {
                  os << i << "_" << p->SignalList[i] <<
                      \hookrightarrow endl;
         return os;
void Generator::TreatSignal(Signal x) {
         cout << "Treating_signal_in_" << this->GetName()
            \hookrightarrow << "\_" << x << endl;
```

```
switch(x.SignalType) {
                    case Signal::Ready:
                              ++nbr_arrivals;
                               //AddSignal(Signal::Arrival, "Q")
                                   \hookrightarrow + to_string(this \rightarrow Load \rightarrow
                                   \hookrightarrow GetQ(rnd_engine)), x.
                                   \hookrightarrow Arrival Time);
                               AddSignal (Signal :: Arrival, "Q" +
                                   → to_string(1), x.ArrivalTime
                                  \hookrightarrow );
                               AddSignal (Signal :: Ready, "
                                  \hookrightarrow Generator", x.ArrivalTime +
                                  → get_uni_time (rnd_engine,
                                  \hookrightarrow t_mean));
                               //for(auto \& s : SignalList) cout
                                   \hookrightarrow << s << endl;
                              break;
          }
}
void Queue::TreatSignal(Signal x) {
          cout << "Treating_signal_in_" << this->GetName()
              \,\hookrightarrow\,<<\,\text{"}\, \text{$_{-}$}\text{"}\,<<\,x\,<<\,\operatorname{endl};
          double t_{-mean} = 0.5;
          switch(x.SignalType) {
                    case Signal::Ready:
                               if(LQ > 1)
                                         cout << "Queue_larger_
                                             → Ready" << endl;
                                         AddSignal (Signal::Ready,
                                             \hookrightarrow this->GetName(), x.
                                             → ArrivalTime +

  get_exp_time(

    rnd_engine , t_mean)

                                             \hookrightarrow );
                                        ++nbr_ready;
                              --LQ;
                               //for(auto \& s : SignalList) cout
                                  \hookrightarrow << s << endl;
                              break;
                    case Signal:: Arrival:
                               if(LQ = 0) {
                                         AddSignal (Signal::Ready,
```

```
\hookrightarrow this->GetName(), x.
                                             \hookrightarrow ArrivalTime +

→ get_exp_time (

    rnd_engine , t_mean)

                                             \hookrightarrow );
                                         cout << "Queue_was_empty_
                                             → and_adding_Ready"
                                             \hookrightarrow << endl;
                              ++LQ;
                              break;
                    case Signal:: Measure:
                               AddSignal (Signal :: Arrival, "
                                   → Measure", x. ArrivalTime, LQ
                                   \hookrightarrow );
                              break;
          }
void Measure::TreatSignal(Signal x) {
    cout << "Treating_signal_in_" << this->GetName()
              \hookrightarrow << "\bot-\bot" << x << endl;
          switch(x.SignalType) {
                    case Signal::Ready:
                               AddSignal (Signal::Ready, this->
                                   → GetName(), x.ArrivalTime +

    get_exp_time(rnd_engine,

                                   \hookrightarrow t_mean));
                               for(int j = 1; j != 6; ++j)  {
                                         AddSignal (Signal :: Measure
                                             \hookrightarrow , "Q"+to_string(j),
                                             \hookrightarrow x. Arrival Time);
                              break;
                    case Signal::Arrival:
                              if(measured < 4) {
                                        LQ += x.Meas;
                                        ++measured;
                               else {
                                        LQ += x.Meas;
                                        ++measured;
                                        ++nbr_measurements;
                                         cout << "Measuring:" <<
                                             \hookrightarrow LQ << endl;
                                         v_LQ.push_back(LQ/1);
                                         v_time.push_back(x.
```

```
→ ArrivalTime);
                                   measured = LQ = 0;
                           break;
         }
#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TColor.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"
void Measure::Write(string s) {
         cout << "Writing_to_file_task4.root" << endl;</pre>
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString(s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g:
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double\ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor\}
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend * leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg->SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend\_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm
      → diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      → TString("Integrated cones (i)"), TString("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders");
         TString s_x[2] = {\text{"Time}_(s)", "Time_(s)"};
         TString s_y [4] = {"Number_of_customers", "Mean_

    customers", "StdDev_customers"};
         g = \text{new TGraph}(v_LQ. \text{size}(), \&(v_time[0]), \&(v_LQ)
```

```
\hookrightarrow [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    → has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g\rightarrow Write();
g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
    \rightarrow v_var [0]);
g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
    → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
    \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
//Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
    \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
    \hookrightarrow defined here.
g->SetTitle("");
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
g->Write();
f_out \rightarrow Close();
```

```
}
unsigned int RandomLoad::GetQ(std::default_random_engine&
        rnd) {
         cout << "Random_Load_" << endl;</pre>
          uniform_int_distribution < int > dist_uni(1, 5);
         int rand = dist_uni(rnd);
         cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;</pre>
         return rand;
}
unsigned int RobinLoad::GetQ(std::default_random_engine&
   \hookrightarrow rnd) {
         cout << "Robin_Load_" << endl;
         if(index > 5) index = 1;
         return index++;
}
unsigned int SmallestQueLoad::GetQ(std::
    → default_random_engine& rnd) {
         \mathbf{unsigned} \ \mathbf{int} \ \mathrm{small} \ = \ \mathrm{Qs}[0] \, {-} {>} \mathrm{LQ};
         vector < unsigned int > v_small = \{1\};
         for (unsigned int j = 1; j != Qs. size(); ++j) {
                   if(small = Qs[j]->LQ) v_small.push_back(
                       \hookrightarrow j+1);
                   else if (small > Qs[j]->LQ) {
                             small = Qs[j] -> LQ;
                             v_small.clear();
                             v_small = \{j+1\};
                   }
         if(v_small.size() == 1) return v_small[0];
         for(auto\& t : v\_small) cout << t << ", ";
         cout << "v_small.size() == " << v_small.size() <<
             \hookrightarrow endl;
          uniform_int_distribution < unsigned int > dist_uni
             \hookrightarrow (0, v<sub>small.size()-1);</sub>
         unsigned int rand = dist_uni(rnd);
         {\tt cout} <\!<"Rand\_=\_" << rand << endl;
         if(v_small[rand] == 0) cout << "SmallestQueLoad ==</pre>
             \hookrightarrow \_0" << endl;
         return v_small[rand];
}
```

```
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
   \hookrightarrow ) \{
         exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
         double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
         return rand;
}
double get_uni_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
   \hookrightarrow ) \{
         uniform_real_distribution < double > dist_uni(0, 2*
            \rightarrow mu);
         double rand = dist_uni(rnd);
         cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
         return rand;
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
         double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
         return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
         double mean = calc_mean(v);
         vector < double > diff(v.size());
         transform(v.begin(), v.end(), diff.begin(), [mean
            \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
         double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
            \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
         double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
         return stdev;
```

```
#include "procs.h"

#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    cout << "Running_task_5" << endl;
    ofstream f_res("res_task5.txt");

//vector<double> v_t = {0.11, 0.15, 2.};
```

```
vector < double > v_t = \{0.6\};
for(auto& m_time : v_t) {
         for (int i = 0; i!=1;++i) {
                  int seed = 1;
                   default_random_engine rnd(seed);
                   double mean_arrival_time = m_time
                      \hookrightarrow ;
                   double mean_measure_time = 5;
                   vector<shared_ptr<Queue>> Qs;
                   ProcessList plist;
                   for (int j = 1; j != 6; ++j) {
                            cout << "Creating_process

→ : " << "Q" +
</p>

→ to_string(j) <<
</p>
                                \hookrightarrow endl;
                            Qs.push_back(shared_ptr<
                                → Queue>(new Queue ("Q
                                \rightarrow "+to_string(j), rnd
                                \hookrightarrow )));
                            plist . AddProcess (Qs[j-1])
                                \hookrightarrow ;
                  }
                  shared_ptr<Measure> M(new Measure

→ ("Measure", rnd,

→ mean_measure_time));
                   plist.AddProcess(M);
                   shared_ptr<LoadDistr> rnd_load(
                      \hookrightarrow new RandomLoad(Qs));
                   shared_ptr<LoadDistr> robin_load(
                      \hookrightarrow new RobinLoad (Qs));
                   shared_ptr<LoadDistr> opt_load(
                      → new SmallestQueLoad(Qs));
                   vector<shared_ptr<LoadDistr>>
                      \hookrightarrow loads = {rnd_load,
                      → robin_load , opt_load };
                   shared_ptr<Generator> G(new
                      → Generator ("Generator", rnd,
                      → mean_arrival_time, loads[i
                      \hookrightarrow ]));
                   plist . AddProcess (G);
```

```
G->AddSignal(Signal::Ready, "
    → Generator", get_uni_time(

→ rnd, mean_arrival_time));
M->AddSignal (Signal::Ready, "
    → Measure", get_exp_time(rnd,

→ mean_measure_time));
plist. Update();
cout << plist << endl;
int j = 0;
//while (M->nbr_measurements <

→ 5*100000) {
while (M\rightarrow nbr\_measurements < 2) {
          plist.TreatSignal();
          plist.Update();
          cout << plist << endl;</pre>
          \mathrm{cout} \ << \ \mathrm{^{"LQ}\_=\_"} \ << \ \mathrm{Qs}
              \hookrightarrow [0]->LQ << endl;
          int sum = 0;
          for (int i = 0; i!=5; ++i)
              \hookrightarrow sum += Qs [i]->
              → nbr_ready;
          cout << "nbr_ready == " <<
              \hookrightarrow sum << endl;
          cout << "nbr_arrivals == "

→ << G→>nbr_arrivals

              \hookrightarrow << endl;
          ++j;
}
M \rightarrow Write ("task5_" + to_string (
    → mean_arrival_time)+loads[i
    \hookrightarrow ]->GetName()+".root");
f_res << "Run_with_mean_arrival_
    \begin{tabular}{ll} \hookrightarrow & time\_" << mean\_arrival\_time \\ \end{tabular}
    \hookrightarrow << "_and_Load_distr_" <<
    → loads [i]->GetName() << endl
    \hookrightarrow ;
f_res << "mean_LQ_=_" <<
    \hookrightarrow calc_mean (M->v_LQ) << endl;
f_res << "Little 's_theorem_LQ_=_"
    \rightarrow *0.5 << endl;
```

```
f_res << endl;
}
}
```

7.6 Task 6

File: eventandstate.cc

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <math.h>
#include "TString.h"
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TGraph.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TAxis.h"
#include "TColor.h"
#include "TLegend.h"
#include "TPaveText.h"
#include "TLatex.h"
using namespace std;
void EventList::InsertEvent(int type, double time) {
        Event e(type, time);
        if(event\_list.size() == 0) {
                event_list.push_back(e);
                return;
        auto it = event_list.begin();
        while(it != event_list.end() && e.eventtime > it
           \rightarrow ->eventtime) {
                ++it;
        it = event_list.insert(it, e);
}
```

```
State::State(std::default_random_engine& re, double 1):
   \rightarrow lambda(1), nbr_measurements(0), rnd_engine(re) {
        NC = 0:
}
void State::ProcessEvent(EventList& el) {
         Event e = el.event_list[0];
         double new_time;
         switch (e.eventtype){
                  case Event::Arrival:
                           cout << "Arrival:_" << e << endl;
                          ++NC;
                           new\_time = e.eventtime +
                              → get_uni_time (rnd_engine);
                           if(new\_time < 8*60) {
                                    el.InsertEvent(Event::

→ Arrival , new_time);
                           if(NC = 1) {
                                    el.InsertEvent(Event::
                                       → Depart, e.eventtime
                                       \rightarrow + get_uni_time(

    rnd_engine));
                           v_arrival_time.push_back(e.

→ eventtime);
                           break;
                  case Event::Depart:
                           \verb|cout| << "Depart: \_" << e << endl;
                           --NC;
                           if (NC > 0) el.InsertEvent (Event ::
                              → Depart, e.eventtime +

    get_uni_time(rnd_engine));
                           v_mean_time.push_back(e.eventtime
                              \rightarrow - v_arrival_time [0]);
                           v_arrival_time.erase(

    v_arrival_time.begin());
                           break;
                  case Event::Measure:
                           cout << "Measuring: " << NC << ",
                              \ \hookrightarrow \quad " << \ e . \ event time << \ endl;
                           ++nbr_{-}measurements;
                           el.InsertEvent(Event::Measure, e.
                              \hookrightarrow eventtime + T);
                           v_-NC. push_-back(NC);
```

```
v_{-}mean.push_{-}back(calc_{-}mean(v_{-}NC))
                           v_-var. push_-back ( calc_-stddev (v_-NC)
                           v_-time.push_-back(e.eventtime);
                           break;
                           */
         }
void State::Write(string s) {
         cout << "Writing_to_file_task4.root" << endl;</pre>
         TFile * f_out = new TFile (TString(s), "RECREATE");
         TGraph* g;
  TCanvas* C = new TCanvas();
  //double \ marker\_size[runs] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 2\};
  //double\ marker\_style[runs] = \{21, 21, 22, 22, 20\};
  //red, green, blue, cyan, black
  //TColor\ marker\_colour[runs] = \{TColor(1,0,0),\ TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,1,0), TColor(0,0,1), TColor(0,1,1), TColor
      \hookrightarrow (0,0,0);
  TLegend* leg = new TLegend(0.7, 0.7, 0.55, 0.9);
  //leg->SetHeader("Collimator", "C"); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header, WHY DON'T WORK?
  //leg->SetHeader("The Legend Title",""); // option "C"
      \hookrightarrow allows to center the header
  //TString\ legend_labels[runs] = \{TString("Simple, 1 mm")\}
      \rightarrow diameter"), TString("Simple, 1.5 mm diameter"),
      → TString("Integrated cones (i)"), TString("
      → Integrated cones (ii)"), TString("Integrated
      \hookrightarrow cylinders");
         TString s_x[2] = {\text{"Time}_(s)", "Time_(s)"};
         TString s_y [4] = {"Number_of_customers", "Mean_

    customers", "StdDev_customers"};
         g = new TGraph(v_NC.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(v_NC)
             \hookrightarrow [0]);
         g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
            → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
             \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
         //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
            → has been drawn, thus they need to be
            \hookrightarrow defined here.
         g->SetTitle("");
```

```
g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[0]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[0]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g\rightarrow Write();
          g = new TGraph(v_mean.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
              \hookrightarrow v_mean [0]);
          g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
              \hookrightarrow draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
              \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
          //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
              \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
              \hookrightarrow defined here.
          g->SetTitle("");
          g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[1]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->Write();
          g = new TGraph(v_var.size(), &(v_time[0]), &(
              \rightarrow v_var[0]);
          g->Draw("ACP"); //For the first one, one needs to
              → draw axis with "A". Option "SAME" is not
              \hookrightarrow needed with TGraph!
          //Axis objects for TGraph are created after it
              \hookrightarrow has been drawn, thus they need to be
              \hookrightarrow defined here.
          g->SetTitle("");
          g\rightarrow GetYaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_y[2]);
          g\rightarrow GetXaxis()\rightarrow SetTitle(s_x[1]);
          g->GetYaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g->GetXaxis()->CenterTitle();
          g\rightarrow Write();
          f_out \rightarrow Close();
}
double get_exp_time(default_random_engine& rnd, double mu
    \hookrightarrow ) {
          exponential_distribution < double > dist_exp(1/mu);
          double rand = dist_exp(rnd);
```

```
cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
         return rand;
}
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
         double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
         return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
         double mean = calc_mean(v);
         vector < double > diff(v.size());
         transform (v.begin (), v.end (), diff.begin (), [mean
            \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
         double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
            \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
         double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
         return stdev;
}
ostream& operator << (ostream& os, Event e) {
         os << "Event:\square" << e.eventtype << ",\square" << e.
            ⇔ eventtime << "¬s";</pre>
         return os;
double get_uni_time(default_random_engine& rnd) {
         uniform_real_distribution < double > dist_uni (10,
            \hookrightarrow 20);
         double rand = dist_uni(rnd);
         cout << "rnd == " << rand << endl;
         return rand;
```

```
#include "eventandstate.h"
#include "write.h"

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
        cout << "Running_task_1_" << endl;</pre>
```

```
ofstream f_res("res_task6.txt");
double lambda = 4./60.;
unsigned int days = 1000;
vector<double> overtime, mean_time;
int seed = 0;
default_random_engine rnd_engine (seed);
State s(rnd_engine, lambda);
for (unsigned int j = 0; j != days; ++j) {
         cout << "

→ " << endl;
</p>
         cout \ll "Day_" \ll j \ll endl;
         EventList el;
         //Kick-start:
         el. Insert Event (Event :: Arrival,
            → get_exp_time(rnd_engine, 1./lambda)
            \hookrightarrow );
         double last_time;
         while (el. event_list.size() > 0) {
                  last\_time = el.event\_list[0].

→ eventtime;

                  s. ProcessEvent(el);
                  auto it_temp = el.event_list.

    erase(el.event_list.begin())

                      \hookrightarrow );
                  \operatorname{cout} << \operatorname{"LQ}_{=}" << \operatorname{s.NC} << \operatorname{endl};
                  //cout \ll "Event list: " \ll endl;
                  //for(auto \& e : el.event\_list)
                      \hookrightarrow cout << e << endl;
         }
         overtime.push_back(last_time);
}
//s. Write("task6.root");
f_res << "Results_for_run_" << endl;
```

7.7 Task 7

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <random>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
struct Component {
        int nbr:
        double t_end;
};
double get_uni_time(default_random_engine& rnd) {
        uniform_real_distribution < double > dist_uni(1, 5);
        double rand = dist_uni(rnd);
        return rand;
void remove_comp(vector<Component>& sys, int nbr) {
        auto it = find_if(sys.begin(), sys.end(),
                         [nbr](const Component& c) {
                                 return c.nbr = nbr;
```

```
if(it == sys.end()) return;
        sys.erase(it);
}
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Component& c) {
        os << "Component: " << c.nbr << ", " << c.t_end;
        return os;
}
double calc_mean(vector<double>& v) {
        double sum = accumulate(v.begin(), v.end(), 0.0);
        return sum/v.size();
}
double calc_stddev(vector<double>& v) {
        double mean = calc_mean(v);
        vector < double > diff(v.size());
        transform (v.begin (), v.end (), diff.begin (), [mean
            \hookrightarrow ](double x) { return x - mean; });
        double sq_sum = inner_product(diff.begin(), diff.
            \hookrightarrow end(), diff.begin(), 0.0);
        double stdev = sqrt(sq\_sum / v.size());
        return stdev;
int main() {
        cout << "Running_task_7_" << endl;
        ofstream f_res("res_task7.txt");
        vector < Component > sys;
        vector < double > v_life;
        int seed = 0;
        default_random_engine rnd(seed);
        int runs = 1000;
        for(int i = 0; i != runs; ++i) {
                 for (int j = 1; j != 6; ++j) {
                          sys.push_back({j, get_uni_time(
                             \hookrightarrow rnd)));
                 }
```

```
[] (const Component& a,
                                      → const Component& b)
                                  return a.t_end < b.t_end;
                                  );
                 for (auto& c : sys) cout << c << endl;
                 double last_time;
                 while(sys.size() != 0) {
                         cout << " _ _ " << endl;
                         Component c = sys[0];
                         last\_time = c.t\_end;
                         remove_comp(sys, c.nbr);
                          if(c.nbr == 1) {
                                  remove_comp(sys, 2);
                                  remove_comp(sys, 5);
                         else if (c.nbr == 3) {
                                  remove_comp(sys, 3);
                                  remove_comp(sys, 4);
                 for (auto& c : sys) cout << c << endl;
                 cout << "Life_time_=_" << last_time <<
                    \hookrightarrow endl;
                 v_life.push_back(last_time);
        }
        //s. Write ("task6.root");
        f_res << "Results_for_run_" << endl;
        f_res \ll mean(life) = " \ll calc_mean(v_life) \ll
            \hookrightarrow endl;
         f_res << "stddev(life) == " << calc_stddev(v_life)
            f_res << endl;
}
```

sort(sys.begin(),sys.end(),