# JS CheatSheet



Hide comments HTML CSS JS jQ AMP SEO

## Variables x

```
var a;                          // variable
var b = "init";                 // string
var c = "Hi" + " " + "Joe";     // = "Hi Joe"
var d = 1 + 2 + "3";            // = "33"
var e = [2,3,5,8];              // array
var f = false;                  // boolean
var g = /()/;                   // RegEx
var h = function(){};           // function object
const PI = 3.14;                // constant
var a = 1, b = 2, c = a + b;    // one line
let z = 'zzz';                  // block scope local variable
```

### Strict mode

```
"use strict";   // Use strict mode to write secure code
x = 1;          // Throws an error because variable is not declare
```

### Values

```
false, true                     // boolean
18, 3.14, 0b10011, 0xF6, NaN    // number
"flower", 'John'                // string
undefined, null , Infinity      // special
```

### Operators

```
a = b + c - d;      // addition, substraction
a = b * (c / d);    // multiplication, division
x = 100 % 48;       // modulo. 100 / 48 remainder = 4
a++; b--;           // postfix increment and decrement
```

### Bitwise operators

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| & | AND | 5 & 1 (0101 & 0001) | 1 (1) |
| \| | OR | 5 \| 1 (0101 \| 0001) | 5 (101) |
| ~ | NOT | ~ 5 (~0101) | 10 (1010) |
| ^ | XOR | 5 ^ 1 (0101 ^ 0001) | 4 (100) |
| << | left shift | 5 << 1 (0101 << 1) | 10 (1010) |
| >> | right shift | 5 >> 1 (0101 >> 1) | 2 (10) |
| >>> | zero fill right shift | 5 >>> 1 (0101 >>> 1) | 2 (10) |

### Arithmetic

```
a * (b + c)         // grouping
person.age          // member
person[age]         // member
!(a == b)           // logical not
a != b              // not equal
typeof a            // type (number, object, function...)
x << 2  x >> 3      // minary shifting
a = b               // assignment
a == b              // equals
a != b              // unequal
a === b             // strict equal
a !== b             // strict unequal
a < b   a > b       // less and greater than
a <= b  a >= b      // less or equal, greater or eq
a += b              // a = a + b (works with - * %...)
a && b              // logical and
a || b              // logical or
```

## Arrays ≡

```
var dogs = ["Bulldog", "Beagle", "Labrador"];
var dogs = new Array("Bulldog", "Beagle", "Labrador");  // declara

alert(dogs[1]);             // access value at index, first item b
dogs[0] = "Bull Terier";    // change the first item

for (var i = 0; i < dogs.length; i++) {     // parsing with array.
console.log(dogs[i]);
}
```

### Methods

```
dogs.toString();                        // convert to string: resu
dogs.join(" * ");                       // join: "Bulldog * Beagle
dogs.pop();                             // remove last element
dogs.push("Chihuahua");                 // add new element to the
dogs[dogs.length] = "Chihuahua";        // the same as push
dogs.shift();                           // remove first element
dogs.unshift("Chihuahua");              // add new element to the
delete dogs[0];                         // change element to undef
dogs.splice(2, 0, "Pug", "Boxer");      // add elements (where, ho
var animals = dogs.concat(cats,birds);  // join two arrays (dogs f
dogs.slice(1,4);                        // elements from [1] to [4
dogs.sort();                            // sort string alphabetica
dogs.reverse();                         // sort string in descendi
x.sort(function(a, b){return a - b});   // numeric sort
x.sort(function(a, b){return b - a});   // numeric descending sort
highest = x[0];                         // first item in sorted ar
x.sort(function(a, b){return 0.5 - Math.random()});     // random
```

concat, copyWithin, every, fill, filter, find, findIndex, forEach, indexOf, isArray, join, lastIndexOf, map, pop, push, reduce, reduceRight, reverse, shift, slice, some, sort, splice, toString, unshift, valueOf

## Errors ⚠

```
try {                           // block of code to try
undefinedFunction();
}
catch(err) {                    // block to handle errors
console.log(err.message);
}
```

### Throw error

```
throw "My error message";    // throw a text
```

### Input validation

```
var x = document.getElementById("mynum").value; // get input value
try {
if(x == "")  throw "empty";                 // error cases
if(isNaN(x)) throw "not a number";
x = Number(x);
if(x > 10)   throw "too high";
}
catch(err) {                                // if there's an e
document.write("Input is " + err);          // output error
console.error(err);                         // write the error in
}
finally {
document.write("</br />Done");              // executed regardless
}
```

### Error name values

| | |
|---|---|
| RangeError | *A number is "out of range"* |
| ReferenceError | *An illegal reference has occurred* |
| SyntaxError | *A syntax error has occurred* |
| TypeError | *A type error has occurred* |
| URIError | *An encodeURI() error has occurred* |

## Loops ↶

### For Loop

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
document.write(i + ": " + i*3 + "<br />");
}
var sum = 0;
for (var i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
sum + = a[i];
}           // parsing an array
html = "";
for (var i of custOrder) {
html += "<li>" + i + "</li>";
}
```

### While Loop

```
var i = 1;                      // initialize
while (i < 100) {               // enters the cycle if statement i
i *= 2;                         // increment to avoid infinite loop
document.write(i + ", ");       // output
}
```

### Do While Loop

```
var i = 1;                      // initialize
do {                            // enters cycle at least once
i *= 2;                         // increment to avoid infinite loop
document.write(i + ", ");       // output
} while (i < 100)               // repeats cycle if statement is t
```

### Break

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
if (i == 5) { break; }          // stops and exits the cycle
document.write(i + ", ");       // last output number is 4
}
```

### Continue

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
if (i == 5) { continue; }       // skips the rest of the cycle
document.write(i + ", ");       // skips 5
}
```

## Events

```
<button onclick="myFunction();">
Click here
</button>
```

### Mouse

onclick, oncontextmenu, ondblclick, onmousedown, onmouseenter, onmouseleave, onmousemove, onmouseover, onmouseout, onmouseup

### Keyboard

onkeydown, onkeypress, onkeyup

### Frame

onabort, onbeforeunload, onerror, onhashchange, onload, onpageshow, onpagehide, onresize, onscroll, onunload

### Form

onblur, onchange, onfocus, onfocusin, onfocusout, oninput, oninvalid, onreset, onsearch, onselect, onsubmit

### Drag

ondrag, ondragend, ondragenter, ondragleave, ondragover, ondragstart, ondrop

### Clipboard

oncopy, oncut, onpaste

### Media

onabort, oncanplay, oncanplaythrough, ondurationchange, onended, onerror, onloadeddata, onloadedmetadata, onloadstart, onpause, onplay, onplaying, onprogress, onratechange, onseeked, onseeking, onstalled, onsuspend, ontimeupdate, onvolumechange, onwaiting

### Animation

animationend, animationIteration, animationstart

### Miscellaneous

transitionend, onmessage, onmousewheel, ononline, onoffline, onpopstate, onshow, onstorage, ontoggle, onwheel, ontouchcancel, ontouchend, ontouchmove, ontouchstart

## Global Functions ()

```
eval();                 // executes a string as if it was scri
String(23);             // return string from number
(23).toString();        // return string from number
Number("23");           // return number from string
decodeURI(enc);         // decode URI. Result: "my page.asp"
encodeURI(uri);         // encode URI. Result: "my%page.asp"
decodeURIComponent(enc);// decode a URI component
encodeURIComponent(uri);// encode a URI component
isFinite();             // is variable a finite, legal number
isNaN();                // is variable an illegal number
parseFloat();           // returns floating point number of st
parseInt();             // parses a string and returns an inte
```

## Promises Þ

```
function sum (a, b) {
return Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
 setTimeout(function () {                                   //
   if (typeof a !== "number" || typeof b !== "number") {    //
        return reject(new TypeError("Inputs must be numbers"));
   }
   resolve(a + b);
 }, 1000);
});
}
var myPromise = sum(10, 5);
myPromise.then(function (result) {
document.write(" 10 + 5: ", result);
return sum(null, "foo");                    // Invalid data and return a
}).then(function () {                       // Won't be called because
}).catch(function (err) {                   // The catch handler is ca
console.error(err);                         // => Please provide two num
});
```

### States

pending, fulfilled, rejected

### Properties

Promise.length, Promise.prototype

### Methods

Promise.all(iterable), Promise.race(iterable), Promise.reject(reason), Promise.resolve(value)

## Basics ➤

### On page script

```
<script type="text/javascript">  ...
</script>
```

### Include external JS file

```
<script src="filename.js"></script>
```

### Delay - 1 second timeout

```
setTimeout(function () {

}, 1000);
```

### Functions

```
function addNumbers(a, b) {
return a + b; ;
}
x = addNumbers(1, 2);
```

### Edit DOM element

```
document.getElementById("elementID").innerHTML = "Hello World!";
```

### Output

```
console.log(a);             // write to the browser console
document.write(a);          // write to the HTML
alert(a);                   // output in an alert box
confirm("Really?");         // yes/no dialog, returns true/false d
prompt("Your age?","0");    // input dialog. Second argument is th
```

### Comments

```
/* Multi line
comment */
// One line
```

## Strings ⊗

```
var abc = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";
var esc = 'I don\'t \n know';   // \n new line
var len = abc.length;           // string length
abc.indexOf("lmno");            // find substring, -1 if doesn't c
abc.lastIndexOf("lmno");        // last occurance
abc.slice(3, 6);                // cuts out "def", negative values
abc.replace("abc","123");       // find and replace, takes regular
abc.toUpperCase();              // convert to upper case
abc.toLowerCase();              // convert to lower case
abc.concat(" ", str2);          // abc + " " + str2
abc.charAt(2);                  // character at index: "c"
abc[2];                         // unsafe, abc[2] = "C" doesn't wo
abc.charCodeAt(2);              // character code at index: "c" ->
abc.split(",");                 // splitting a string on commas gi
abc.split("");                  // splitting on characters
128.toString(16);               // number to hex(16), octal (8) or
```

## Dates 31

```
Fri Mar 15 2024 11:04:45 GMT+0100 (hora estándar de Europa central)
var d = new Date();
1710497085306 milliseconds passed since 1970
Number(d)

Date("2017-06-23");                 // date declaration
Date("2017");                       // is set to Jan 01
Date("2017-06-23T12:00:00-09:45");  // date - time YYYY-MM-DDTHH:M
Date("June 23 2017");               // long date format
Date("Jun 23 2017 07:45:00 GMT+0100 (Tokyo Time)"); // time zone
```

### Get Times

```
var d = new Date();
a = d.getDay();     // getting the weekday

getDate();          // day as a number (1-31)
getDay();           // weekday as a number (0-6)
getFullYear();      // four digit year (yyyy)
getHours();         // hour (0-23)
getMilliseconds();  // milliseconds (0-999)
getMinutes();       // minutes (0-59)
getMonth();         // month (0-11)
getSeconds();       // seconds (0-59)
getTime();          // milliseconds since 1970
```

### Setting part of a date

```
var d = new Date();
d.setDate(d.getDate() + 7); // adds a week to a date

setDate();          // day as a number (1-31)
setFullYear();      // year (optionally month and day)
setHours();         // hour (0-23)
setMilliseconds();  // milliseconds (0-999)
setMinutes();       // minutes (0-59)
setMonth();         // month (0-11)
setSeconds();       // seconds (0-59)
setTime();          // milliseconds since 1970)
```

## JSON j

```
var str = '{"names":[' +                    // crate JSON object
'{"first":"Hakuna","lastN":"Matata" },' +
'{"first":"Jane","lastN":"Doe" },' +
'{"first":"Air","last":"Jordan" }]}';
obj = JSON.parse(str);                      // parse
document.write(obj.names[1].first);         // access
```

### Send

```
var myObj = { "name":"Jane", "age":18, "city":"Chicago" };  // cre
var myJSON = JSON.stringify(myObj);                         // str
window.location = "demo.php?x=" + myJSON;                   // sen
```

### Storing and retrieving

```
myObj = { "name":"Jane", "age":18, "city":"Chicago" };
myJSON = JSON.stringify(myObj);             // storing data
localStorage.setItem("testJSON", myJSON);
text = localStorage.getItem("testJSON");    // retrieving data
obj = JSON.parse(text);
document.write(obj.name);
```

## If - Else ⇵

```
if ((age >= 14) && (age < 19)) {        // logical condition
status = "Eligible.";                   // executed if condition
} else {                                // else block i
status = "Not eligible.";               // executed if condi
}
```

### Switch Statement

```
switch (new Date().getDay()) {      // input is current day
case 6:                             // if (day == 6)
        text = "Saturday";
        break;
case 0:                             // if (day == 0)
        text = "Sunday";
        break;
default:                            // else...
        text = "Whatever";
}
```

## Data Types ℜ

```
var age = 18;                       // number
var name = "Jane";                  // string
var name = {first:"Jane", last:"Doe"};  // object
var truth = false;                  // boolean
var sheets = ["HTML","CSS","JS"];   // array
var a; typeof a;                    // undefined
var a = null;                       // value null
```

### Objects

```
var student = {                 // object name
firstName:"Jane",               // list of properties and values
lastName:"Doe",
age:18,
height:170,
fullName : function() {     // object function
   return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
}
};
student.age = 19;               // setting value
student[age]++;                 // incrementing
name = student.fullName();      // call object function
```

## Numbers and Math ∑

```
var pi = 3.141;
pi.toFixed(0);          // returns 3
pi.toFixed(2);          // returns 3.14 - for working with money
pi.toPrecision(2)       // returns 3.1
pi.valueOf();           // returns number
Number(true);           // converts to number
Number(new Date())      // number of milliseconds since 1970
parseInt("3 months");   // returns the first number: 3
parseFloat("3.5 days"); // returns 3.5
Number.MAX_VALUE        // largest possible JS number
Number.MIN_VALUE        // smallest possible JS number
Number.NEGATIVE_INFINITY// -Infinity
Number.POSITIVE_INFINITY// Infinity
```

### Math.

```
var pi = Math.PI;       // 3.141592653589793
Math.round(4.4);        // = 4 - rounded
Math.round(4.5);        // = 5
Math.pow(2,8);          // = 256 - 2 to the power of 8
Math.sqrt(49);          // = 7 - square root
Math.abs(-3.14);        // = 3.14 - absolute, positive value
Math.ceil(3.14);        // = 4 - rounded up
Math.floor(3.99);       // = 3 - rounded down
Math.sin(0);            // = 0 - sine
Math.cos(Math.PI);      // OTHERS: tan,atan,asin,acos,
Math.min(0, 3, -2, 2);  // = -2 - the lowest value
Math.max(0, 3, -2, 2);  // = 3 - the highest value
Math.log(1);            // = 0 natural logarithm
Math.exp(1);            // = 2.7182pow(E,x)
Math.random();          // random number between 0 and 1
Math.floor(Math.random() * 5) + 1;  // random integer, from 1 to 5
```

### Constants like Math.PI:

E, PI, SQRT2, SQRT1_2, LN2, LN10, LOG2E, Log10E

## Regular Expressions \n

```
var a = str.search(/CheatSheet/i);
```

### Modifiers

| | |
|---|---|
| i | *perform case-insensitive matching* |
| g | *perform a global match* |
| m | *perform multiline matching* |

### Patterns

| | |
|---|---|
| \ | *Escape character* |
| \d | *find a digit* |
| \s | *find a whitespace character* |
| \b | *find match at beginning or end of a word* |
| n+ | *contains at least one n* |
| n* | *contains zero or more occurrences of n* |
| n? | *contains zero or one occurrences of n* |
| ^ | *Start of string* |
| $ | *End of string* |
| \uxxxx | *find the Unicode character* |
| . | *Any single character* |

## Useful Links

JS cleaner | Obfuscator | Can I use? | Node.js | jQuery | RegEx tester

### Online Interactive JavaScript (JS) Cheat Sheet

**JavaScript Cheat Seet contains useful code examples on a single page. This is not just a PDF page because it's interactive! Find code for JS loops, variables, objects, data types, strings, events and many other categories.**

**Copy-paste the code you need or just quickly check the JS syntax for your projects.**

Choose to display or hide the comments, clicking the command in the top right corner.

- **Basics** – Introduction to JavaScript syntax. Learn how to include the scripts on a HTML page, how to declare a function, target a DOM element by it ID, how to output the data and how to write comments.
- **Loops** – Most programming languages allow to work with loops, which help in executing one or more statements up to a desired number of times. Find the "for" and "while" loop syntax in this section.
- **If - Else statements** – Conditional statements are used to perform different actions based on different conditions.
- **Variables** – Use variables (numbers, strings, arrays etc.) and learn the operators.
- **Data types** – You can declare many types of variables and declare your own objects in JavaScript.
- **Strings** – Learn how to work with JS strings and find the most common functions to work with this data type.
- **Events** – Use JavaScript event listeners to trigger functions.
- **Numbers and math** – Work with JS numbers, predefined constants and perform math functions.
- **Dates** – Get or modify current time and date.
- **Arrays** – Learn how to organize your vairables in vectors and how to use them.
- **Global functions** – Predefined functions that are built in every browser that supports JS.
- **Regular expressions** – Use RegEx to define a search pattern.
- **Errors** – JS error handling.
- **JSON** – JavaScript Object Notation is syntax used for storing and exchanging data.
- **Promises** – The Promise object is used for asynchronous computation. See our example on how to declare one.

Bookmark this JavaScript cheat sheet with Ctrl + D!