C++: Syllabus & Introduction

Outline

- Course Introduction
- C++ Introduction

Who I am

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Office Hours: 11-12 MWF

• 10:50-12:30 T

10:50-12:30 Th

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Notes, Lectures, Assignments, Videos ...

- Assignments on Scholar
- Everything else on webpage https://cnuclasses.github.io/CPSC327/
- Note in particular;
 - The Lectures/Readings section
 - You are responsible for everything here
 - The Examples section
 - Understand these

Assignments

- Read All week 1 readings
- Please install and set up Eclipse CDT
- Please go to projects section of website
 - Complete Project 1 by due date
 - Mind the submission format (you will use this to import my projects)

Syllabus: Prerequisites

- CPSC 250 or equivalent
- Textbook Any C++ text
- Suggestions:
 - Absolute C++, Walter Savitch
 - C++ Programming Language, Stroustrup
- References to make you a better programmer
 - Effective C++, Scott Meyers
 - More Effective C++, Scott Meyers
 - Effective STL, Scott Meyers
 - Effective Modern C++, Scott Meyers



Syllabus: Major Topics

(Subject to change)

Week 1	C++ Intro, Market share, Compilation, GIT, Linux introduction
Week 2	compilation, headers intro, makefiles, Eclipse
 Week 3,4 	Headers, functions, Streams, Structs, Enums
Week 5,6	Standard Library, strings
Week 7	Standard Library iterators and Lists, Preprocessor directives
Week 8,9	Pointers, References, Memory
Week 10	Classes, operators, memory management using RAII
Week 11	Exceptions
 Week 12, 13 	Inheritance, operator overloading, virtual heiarchys
Week 14	Registers, Memory, profiling

Syllabus: Evaluation

- 2 Midterm Tests
- 1 Final
- Numerous projects
- See Syllabus for details
- This will be a rigorous course. Please start projects early.

Syllabus: Assignments

- Project 1 100 points Intro to C++
- Project 2 100 points File I/O
- Project 3 100 points File I/O using vectors
- Project 4 100 points Using libraries and parsing strings
- Project 5 200 points Polymorphism
- Project 6 250 points TBD (may be dropped)

Development Environment

- Could use vim, g++, gdb, valgrind, tmux for a command line only dev environment
- Or an IDE, Lots to choose from, Codeblocks, Netbeans, Ms Visual Studio, Eclipse CDT...Clion
- We will use Eclipse CDT

Operating System

- Linux Ubuntu (18.04)
- Can install yourself or...
- Should be running on the Hunter Creech lab computers.
- Compiler GNU toolchain
 - G++ version 7.4.0

What you will learn

- Standard C++ to a level of proficiency so you can function professionally, you will not be an expert.
- Some of the C++ syntax
- Coding suggestions and Guidelines to make you a better programmer.
- how to use an IDE, how to use libraries, how to approach and solve programming problems

What you will NOT learn

User Interface (UI), networking

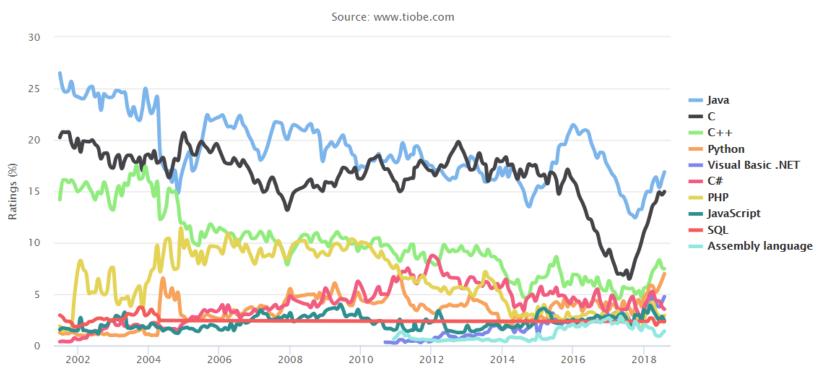
– UI is platform
dependent, networking is too advanced for intro class
(and is MUCH harder in C++ than Java)

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C++ Usage

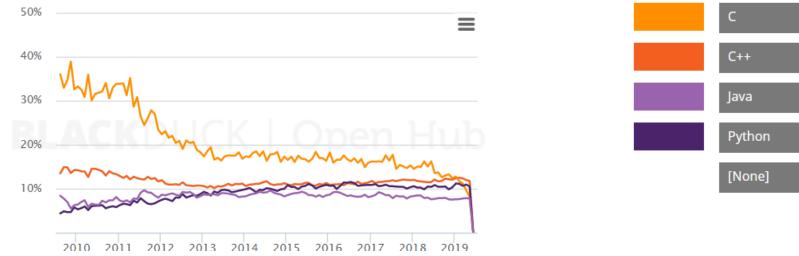
TIOBE Programming Community Index

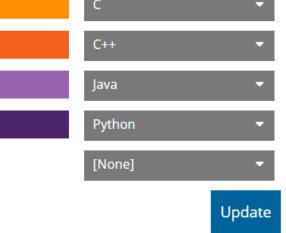


C++ Usage

Monthly Commits (Percent of Total)

The lines show the count of monthly commits made by source code developers. Commits including multiple languages are counted once for each language. More





See https://www.openhub.net/languages/compare

C++ Usage Python Java Search term Search term Search term Worldwide ▼ Past 12 months ▼ All categories ▼ Web Search ▼ Interest over time ? Aug 19, 2018 Apr 28, 2019 Dec 23, 2018 Average

See https://www.google.com/trends/explore?date=all&q=c%2B%2B%2FC,python,javascript

C++ ... Why?

- Fast
- You have absolute control over everything
- No need for virtual machine or interpreter
- Elegant when done well
- Only choice for some situations
 - High speed trading
 - Google search
 - Embedded systems
 - Real Time Processing
- Low level control

- C++ ... Why not?

 Harder to code than languages that run on a VM (Java, C#)
 - No garbage collection, pointers can be (and usually are) a problem
 - Must be compiled to target platform, no portable bytecode
 - My experience My Java apps are up and running much faster than my C++ apps.

C++ ... Where is it used?

- Device driver development
- Video Games
- Advanced engines (audio, image processing, etc)
- Telecom
- Embedded software
- Financial low latency market data feeds
- Google
- Real time video processing

I know Java (or Python) why bother?

- Speed
- Software now targets distributed applications
 - Rich user interfaces
 - Cloud storage
 - Mobile Applications
 - Big Data
- Today, applications require expertise in multiple languages

But... I don't know most of that stuff

- Don't worry, you aren't expected to.
- You learn on the job (while getting paid)