## 200A DC brushed motor PWM speed controller

DATASHEET FOR: Motor PWM HL50200 v1.04

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS:**

Supply voltage: 10-50V

Output current: 300A peak 200A continuous at 25°C additional heatsink may needed!

Minimal duty cycle: 0%

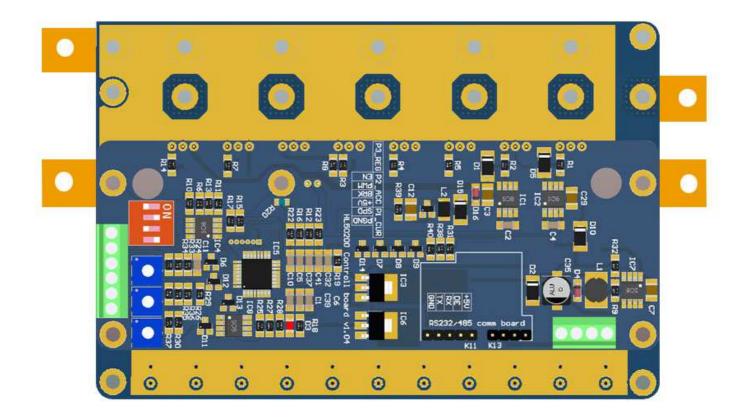
Maximal duty cycle: min 96%

Protections: Over current protection,

Output short protection with minimal load inductance

Switching frequency: 20kHz

Power connection: M6 on 10x3mm copper trails



#### **PIN DESCRIPTION:**

Motor+: The motor negative connection.

Motor-: The motor positive connection.

**Suppy+:** The positive power supply connection 10-50V maximal voltage.

**Suppy-:** The negative supply connection.

**Speed GND:** Ground for the speed potentiometer. Keep it isolated from the Supply GND.

Speed:

Speed potentiometer input. Use 1-10 kOhm linear potentiometer or 0-5V controll voltage.

Potetniometer mode: 0V = 0% duty cycle

4,95V = 97% duty cycle

Throttle mode: 0,8V = 0% duty cycle

4,2V = 97% duty cycle

\*USART mode: Analoge input.

**+5V:** +5V reference voltage for the speed potentiometer and for small external circuits. Max load current 50mA.

#### **Brake input:**

Brake potentiometer or switch input. Use 1-10 kOhm linear potentiometer or 0-5V controll voltage. Activating the brake function the minimal voltage on the brake input is 0,15V. Max braking force with 3,3V **PWM input:** (using PWM mode set the Mede switch in one of the PWM mode)

- PWM mode1: 0-100% PWM: You can use your own PWM controll signal from your PLC or microprocessor. The minimum controll PWM frequency is 100Hz. The step resolution 1us. The acceptable voltage level: 3,3-10V.
- PWM mode2: RC wireles receiver input 1,5msec pulse for the 0% duty cycle and 2,5msec pulse for the 97% duty cycle.
- PWM, logical and pulse counter input in USART mode

#### **Eanble input:**

Enable input is open or high level: Controller output is disabled

Enable input connected to the Speed GND: Controller output is enabled.

#### Mode switch:

10FF-20FF: Hall throtle mode 10FF-20N: Potentiometer mode 10N-20FF: PWM input mode 10N-20N: RC-receiver PWM mode

30FF: Peak current OFF 30N: Peak current ON

40N: RS232 UART simple command mode communication

4OFF: RS232 USART advanced mode

#### **Controll potentiometers:**

P1: Curren limit potentiometer 0-200A (if the current limit is zero the motor won't start)

P2: Acceleration limit potentiometer 0-41sec

P3: Regenerative current limit potentiometer setting the maximum brakeing current when you use brake input

#### LED light on when:

- -At start the controller blink 2 times
- -Current limit is active.
- -Enable input is open.
- -Under and over voltage protection, over temperature protection
- -while USART communication.

#### Serial communication:

The standard serial inputs are not isolated! It accepts 3.3V or 5V TTL level. Use the optional TTL or RS232 isolator board if galvanic isolation is needed. For serial command and more details used the Serial communication chapter in the datasheet.

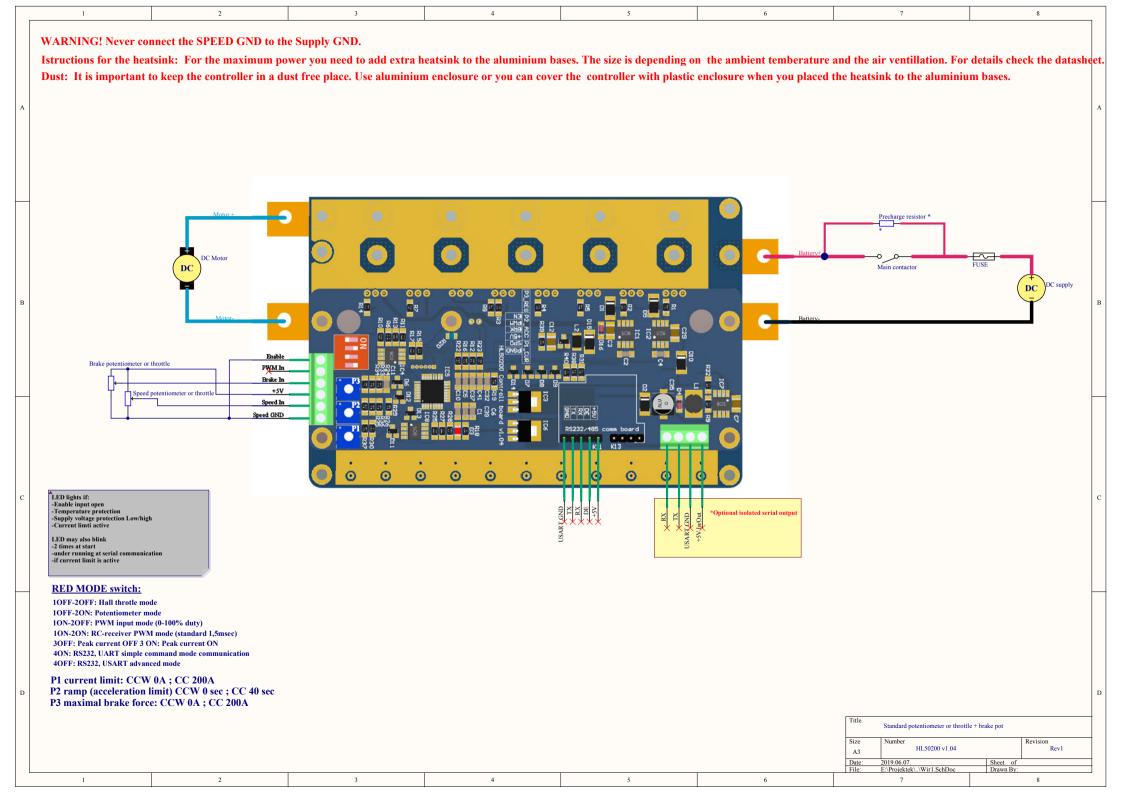
#### Istructions for the heatsink:

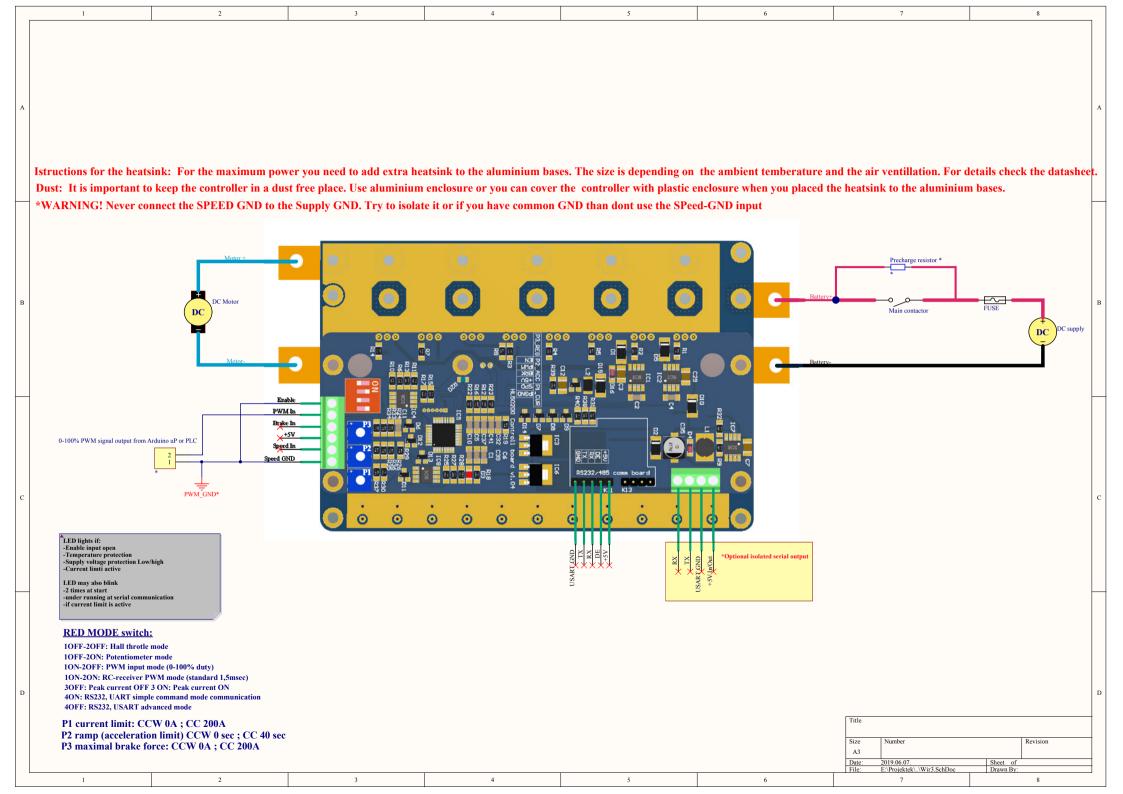
For the maximum power the controller needs an additional heatsink or aluminium case to cool the power transistors and the aluminium base. The dimensions of the heatsink can change depending on the supply voltage and the output current and of course the ambient temperature and the air convection. Under 100A no additional heatink is needed maybe a small fan. Up to 200A use the 150x 80x40mm heatsink atouched to the aluminium base. Use the 25mm spacers to hold the heatsink on the bottom side of the board. Keep clean the power transistors legs any small metal, copper or aluminium sliver as a foreign material can cause short between the power transistor legs damaging the controller.

#### **Precharge resitor:**

At start limiting the turn up current avoiding any spark on the contactors use a precharge resistor. The value can change depending on the supply voltage:

Supply voltage	Resistor Ohm	Resistor power
12V	150 Ohm	2W
24V	330 Ohm	5W
36V	470 Ohm	10W





## **Controll register map for simple UART communication:**

## **UART Data transmission:**

revision: 1. UART firmware v1.0 Supported default baud rate: 9600 baud/sec

Supported bit rate: 1 start 8 data bit 1 stop and no parity bit.

Writing register you need to send first the comand byte than the second the data byte which contains the value of the written register. Reading a register send the request command and wait for the data from the controller.

Command 0x80         Data 0x00-7F         Write registers: speed motor 1         remark:           0x82 0x00-7F 0x83 0x00-7F regen limit 1,95A/lsb 0x85 0x00-7F accel limit 0,32ms/lsb 0x85 0x00-7F accel limit 0,32ms/lsb 0x85 0x00-7F turn off low 0,59V/lsb 0x87 0x00-7F turn on low 0,59V/lsb 0x87 0x00-7F turn on low 0,59V/lsb 0x89 0x00-7F turn on high 0,59V/lsb 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x89 0x00-7F turn on high 0,59V/lsb 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x03 regen         Autostop after 3 sec without speed update 0x61 - USART command mode 0x61 - USART mode potentiometers 0x00 0x00-7F saving_bits L for saving use advanced mode 0x10 0x00-7F read are gen limit 1,95A/lsb	Sent b	ytes			
0x82         0x00-7F         current limit         1,95A/lsb           0x84         0x00-7F         regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0x85         0x00-7F         decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0x86         0x00-7F         turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0x87         0x00-7F         turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0x87         0x00-7F         turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0x88         0x00-7F         turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0x89         0x00-7F         turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0x00         0x9         0x00-xtp         0x00-xtp           0x1         -         USART command mode         xutostop after 3 sec without speed update           0x2         -         USART command mode         No Autostop Controll with onboard potentiometers           0x2         -         cancel USART mode saving_bits L         for saving use advanced mode           0x2         0x00         read registers: read motor 1 speed           0x00         0x00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0x01         0x02         0x03-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0x02         0x03-7F         read turn off lo	Command	Data		Write registers:	remark:
0x83         0x00-7F         regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0x84         0x00-7F         accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0x85         0x00-7F         decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0x86         0x00-7F         turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0x87         0x00-7F         turn on ligh         0,59V/lsb           0x88         0x00-7F         turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0x89         0x00-7F         turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0x80         -         USART command mode         0x00 stop, 0x01 forward, 0x03 regen           0xE0         -         USART command mode         No Autostop after 3 sec without speed update           0xE1         -         USART command mode         No Autostop Controll with onboard potentiometers           0xA0         0x00-7F         saving_bits L         for saving use advanced mode for saving use advanced mode           0xA1         0x00-7F         read registers:         read registers:           0xC0         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC2         00-7F         read durn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC5	0x80	0x00-7F		speed motor 1	
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0x85         0x00-7F         decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0x86         0x00-7F         turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0x87         0x00-7F         turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0x88         0x00-7F         turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0x89         0x00-7F         turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0x80         0x00-03         motor deirection         0x0 repen           0x80         -         USART command mode         Autostop after 3 sec without speed update           0x1         -         USART command mode         No Autostop after 3 sec without speed update           0x2         -         cancel USART mode         potentiometers           0xA0         0x00-7F         saving_bits L         for saving use advanced mode           0xA1         0x00-7F         saving_bits H         for saving use advanced mode           0xC0         00-7F         read motor 1 speed           0xC1         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read turn of low <t< th=""><th>0x83</th><th>0x00-7F</th><th></th><th>regen limit</th><th>1,95A/lsb</th></t<>	0x83	0x00-7F		regen limit	1,95A/lsb
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0x88 0x89         0x00-7F 0x00-7F         turn on high turn off high         0,59V/lsb 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x03 regen           0xE0 0xE1         -         USART command mode USART command mode         Autostop after 3 sec without speed update No Autostop Controll with onboard potentiometers           0xE2 0xA0         -         cancel USART mode saving_bits L saving_bits H         for saving use advanced mode           0xA1         0x00-7F 0x00-7F         read registers: read motor 1 speed           0xC2 0xC3 0xC4         00-7F 00-7F         read current limit read accel limit 0,32ms/lsb         1,95A/lsb 0,23ms/lsb           0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC7 0xC8 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9	0x86	0x00-7F		turn off low	0,59V/lsb
0x89       0x00-7F       turn off high       0,59V/lsb         0x00: stop, 0x01 forward,       0x00: stop, 0x01 forward,         0x03 regen       Autostop after 3 sec without speed update         0xE1       -       USART command mode       No Autostop Controll with onboard potentiometers         0xA0       0x00-7F       saving_bits L saving_bits L for saving use advanced mode       for saving use advanced mode         0xA1       0x00-7F       read motor 1 speed         Command OxC0         0xC2       00-7F       read current limit read regen limit 1,95A/lsb         0xC3       00-7F       read accel limit 0,32ms/lsb         0xC4       00-7F       read decel limit 0,32ms/lsb         0xC5       00-7F       read durn on low 0,59V/lsb         0xC6       00-7F       read turn on low 0,59V/lsb         0xC7       00-7F       read turn on high 0,59V/lsb         0xC9       00-7F       read turn on high 0,59V/lsb         0xC9       00-7F       suppyl voltage 0,59V/lsb         0xCD       00-7F       speed input 37,7mV=lsb         0xCE       00-7F       paed input 37,7mV=lsb         0xCE       00-7F       paed input 37,7mV=lsb	0x87	0x00-7F		turn on low	0,59V/lsb
Ox8A Ox00-03 motor deirection Ox00: stop, 0x01 forward, 0x03 regen  Autostop after 3 sec without speed update OxE1 - USART command mode No Autostop Controll with onboard potentiometers OxA0 Ox00-7F saving_bits L for saving use advanced mode for saving use advanced mode OxA1 Ox00-7F read motor 1 speed  Command OxC0 O0-7F read current limit 1,95A/lsb read regen limit 1,95A/lsb oxC4 O0-7F read decel limit 0,32ms/lsb oxC5 O0-7F read decel limit 0,32ms/lsb oxC7 O0-7F read turn on low 0,59V/lsb oxC7 O0-7F read turn on low 0,59V/lsb oxC8 O0-7F read turn on high 0,59V/lsb oxC9 O0-7F read turn on high 0,59V/lsb oxC9 O0-7F motor 1 current 3,9A/lsb  OXCC OxCD O0-7F speed input 37,7mV=lsb heatsink_temp 1C mainboard_temp 1C	0x88	0x00-7F		turn on high	0,59V/lsb
0x8A         0x00-03         motor deirection         0x03 regen           0xE0         -         USART command mode         speed update           0xE1         -         USART command mode         No Autostop           0xE2         -         cancel USART mode         potentiometers           0xA0         0x00-7F         saving_bits L         for saving use advanced mode           0xA1         0x00-7F         saving_bits H         for saving use advanced mode           0xC0         00-7F         read registers:         read motor 1 speed           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb	0x89	0x00-7F		turn off high	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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OxAO OxA1Ox00-7F Ox00-7Fsaving_bits L saving_bits Hfor saving use advanced modeCommand OxCORead registers: read motor 1 speed0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC6 0xC7 0xC7 0xC8 0xC8 0xC9 0xC9 0xC9 0xCA00-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F 0-7F1,95A/lsb 1,95A/lsb0xCB 0xCB 0xCB 0xCB 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD 0xCC 0	OvE2	_		cancel LISART mode	
OxA1         Ox00-7F         saving_bits H         for saving use advanced mode           Command OxCO         Read registers: read motor 1 speed           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit 1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit 1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit 2,95A/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read accel limit 3,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read decel limit 3,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low 3,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low 3,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high 3,95V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         read turn off high 3,9A/lsb           0xCC         00-7F         suppyl voltage 37,7mV=lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input 37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         00-7F         heatsink_temp 1C           0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C		0v00-7E			
Command         Read registers:           0xC0         00-7F         read motor 1 speed           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C				<b></b>	_
0xC0         00-7F         read motor 1 speed           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         mainboard_temp         1C	UXAI	0.00-71		Saving_DitS 11	ioi saving use advanced mode
0xC0         00-7F         read motor 1 speed           0xC2         00-7F         read current limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         mainboard_temp         1C	Command			Read registers:	
0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         heatsink_temp         1C           0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C	0xC0		00-7F	_	
0xC3         00-7F         read regen limit         1,95A/lsb           0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         heatsink_temp         1C           0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C				·	
0xC4         00-7F         read accel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C	0xC2		00-7F	read current limit	1,95A/lsb
0xC5         00-7F         read decel limit         0,32ms/lsb           0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         00-7F         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C	0xC3		00-7F	read regen limit	1,95A/lsb
0xC6         00-7F         read turn off low         0,59V/lsb           0xC7         00-7F         read turn on low         0,59V/lsb           0xC8         00-7F         read turn on high         0,59V/lsb           0xC9         00-7F         read turn off high         0,59V/lsb           0xCA         00-7F         motor 1 current         3,9A/lsb           0xCC         0xCD         00-7F         suppyl voltage         0,59V/lsb           0xCD         0xCE         speed input         37,7mV=lsb           0xCE         heatsink_temp         1C           0xCF         mainboard_temp         1C	0xC4		00-7F	read accel limit	0,32ms/lsb
0xC700-7Fread turn on low0,59V/lsb0xC800-7Fread turn on high0,59V/lsb0xC900-7Fread turn off high0,59V/lsb0xCA00-7Fmotor 1 current3,9A/lsb0xCC00-7Fsuppyl voltage0,59V/lsb0xCD00-7Fspeed input37,7mV=lsb0xCEheatsink_temp1C0xCFmainboard_temp1C	0xC5		00-7F	read decel limit	0,32ms/lsb
0xC8 0xC9 0xCA00-7F 00-7F 0xCAread turn on high read turn off high motor 1 current0,59V/lsb 3,9A/lsb0xCC 0xCD 0xCD 0xCE 0xCF00-7F 00-7Fsuppyl voltage speed input heatsink_temp mainboard_temp0,59V/lsb 37,7mV=lsb 1C	0xC6		00-7F	read turn off low	0,59V/lsb
0xC9 0xCA00-7F 00-7Fread turn off high motor 1 current0,59V/lsb 3,9A/lsb0xCC 0xCD 0xCD 0xCE 0xCF00-7F 00-7Fsuppyl voltage speed input heatsink_temp mainboard_temp0,59V/lsb 37,7mV=lsb	0xC7		00-7F	read turn on low	0,59V/lsb
OxCA00-7Fmotor 1 current3,9A/lsb0xCC00-7Fsuppyl voltage0,59V/lsb0xCD00-7Fspeed input37,7mV=lsb0xCEheatsink_temp1C0xCFmainboard_temp1C	0xC8		00-7F	read turn on high	0,59V/lsb
0xCC00-7Fsuppyl voltage0,59V/lsb0xCD00-7Fspeed input37,7mV=lsb0xCEheatsink_temp1C0xCFmainboard_temp1C	0xC9		00-7F	read turn off high	0,59V/lsb
0xCD00-7Fspeed input37,7mV=lsb0xCEheatsink_temp1C0xCFmainboard_temp1C	0xCA		00-7F	motor 1 current	3,9A/lsb
0xCD00-7Fspeed input37,7mV=lsb0xCEheatsink_temp1C0xCFmainboard_temp1C				_	
OxCEheatsink_temp1COxCFmainboard_temp1C				suppyl voltage	0,59V/lsb
0xCF mainboard_temp 1C	0xCD		00-7F	speed input	37,7mV=lsb
	0xCE			heatsink_temp	1C
	0xCF			mainboard_temp	1C
0xD0 status bits L	0xD0			status bits L	

### PWM DC motor controller UART simple controll registers

0xD1	status bits H
0xD2	configurations_bits_1 L
0xD3	configurations_bits_1 H
0xD4	configurations_bits_2 L
0xD5	configurations_bits_2 H
0xDE	software version
0xDF	hardware version

If you need more details about what the status register and confoguration\_bits are doing please check the advanced communication.

## **Examples:**

1, Start the controller in uart controll mode:

**Send 0xE0 or 0xE1** (with E0 you need to send a new speed data in every 3 sec otherwise the controller will stop the motor)

2, Select direction forward:

Send 0x8A 0x01

3, Speed up the motor slowly:

Acceleration set: Send 0x84 0x0F Speed set: Send 0x80 0x1F

4, Set lower 50% speed:

Send 0x80 0x3F

5, Read motor current:

Send 0xCA

6, Read supply voltage:

Send 0xCC

### **UART Data transmission:**

revision: 1. UART firmware v1.0

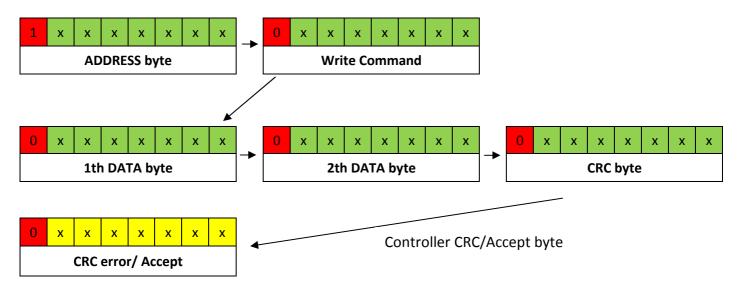
Supported default baud rate: 19200 baud/sec

Supported bit rate: 1 start 8 data bit 1 stop and no parity bit.

#### Sending data:

The controllers are working in SLAVE mode UART communication. It means that every commands are addressable and only the controller which has the same address will accept the command otherwise it goes into stanby mode. When an address match occurs the the controller wakes up and accept the data. As long as the controller does not get other address which is not its own address remains in active mode.

Sending data from master device must be 5 bytes:



#### Every ADDRESS byte MSB bit must be "1" any other which is not an ADDRESS byte must be "0".

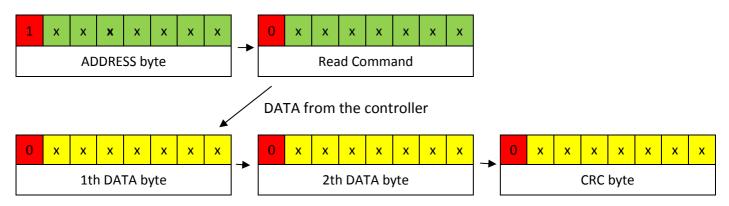
For robust and errorless communication CRC byte can be used to check the data transmission errors. CRC ckeck byte calculated: ((Write command byte + 1th DATA byte + 2th DATA byte) & 0x7F)

Receiving successfully the write command and the DATA bytes the controller send a confirmation byte with his UART address (0x00 | address) or CRC error message with his address (0x80 | adddress). You can use this byte to know when to send the next data.

#### Reading data:

Requesting data from master device must be 2 bytes when the controller received the 2th byte it will send the answer 3 bytes (1th DATA byte; 2th DATA byte; CRC)

CRC ckeck byte calculated: ((Read command byte + 1th DATA byte + 2th DATA byte) & 0x7F)



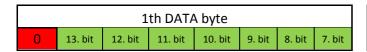
# **Controll register map for advanced USART communication:**

Model: HL50200 v1.02

Register name	Command		Min Val.	Max val.	<u>Value</u> Range	Resolution	Remark
Register name	Read	Write	iviiii vai.	IVIAX VAI.	Kange	Resolution	Kellidik
	ricad	VVIICE			97%		
speed motor 1	0x00	0x40	0x0000	0x0FFF	duty		Other factors may change the output duty
current limit	0x02	0x42	0x0000	0x0FFF	250A	61.0mA	This value is internally limited az 200A.
regen limit	0x03	0x43	0x0000	0x0FFF	250A	61.0mA	This value is internally limited at 200A.
accel limit	0x04	0x44	0x0000	0x0FFF	41 sec	10msec	
decel limit	0x05	0x45	0x0000	0x0FFF	41 sec	10msec	
turn off low	0x06	0x46	0x0000	0x0FFF	75.9V	18.51mV	
turn on low	0x07	0x47	0x0000	0x0FFF	75.9V	18.51mV	
turn on high	0x08	0x48	0x0000	0x0FFF	75.9V	18.51mV	Defaul value: 2600
turn off high	0x09	0x49	0x0000	0x0FFF	75.9V	18.51mV	Internally limited on 2701 (49,9V)
Heatsink Temperature	0x0A		0x000A	0x0050	80°C	1°C	Shut down at 75°C
Mainboard Temperature	0x0B		0x000A	0x0050	80°C	1°C	
	0x0F						
Supply Voltage	0x10				75.9V	18.51mV	
Speed ADC Input	0x11				4.85V	1.18mV	
Load Current 1	0x12				500A	244.2mA	0A=0x07FF
Input Frequency Period Register	0x14						
Input Pulse Width	0x15						
	0x19						
I*R compensation gain	0x20	0x60	0x0000	0x0FFF			
top speed	0x21	0x61	0x0000	0x0FFF	75.9V	18.51mV	
potentiometer min	0x22	0x62	0x0000	0x0FFF	4.85V	1.18mV	
potentiometer max	0x23	0x63	0x0001	0x0FFF	4.85V	1.18mV	
	0x24						
Status Register	0x30						
Lock_level_2 Variables	0x31	0x71					
Save bites 1	0x32	0x72					
save bites 2	0x33	0x73					
Configuration bits 1	0x34	0x74					
Configuration bits 2	0x35	0x75					
UART Address		0x7C	0x0000	0x007F			Default address 0x00
Current measurement calibration		0x7D	0x0000			244.2mA	
software version	0x3E						
hardware version	0x3F						

### **Speed Register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x40 Read command: 0x00



2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

Speed register gives the base value of the output voltage (duty cycle). The final value depending some other factors. The final duty cycle depending on several other factors (current limits, regen modes..)

With default settings the speed register equal to the controller speed input ADC value modified by the acceleration/deceleration settings. Writing into this register this will be the new base value of the output voltage as long as the Speed input ADC has the same value as it was before the overwrite. When the Speed input voltage changes (turning up/down the speed potentiometer) the controller going to overwite the register with the value of the potentiometer.

It is possible to lock the register value (speed potentiometer can't overwrite the speed register) for this feature use the **Lock Variable Register**.

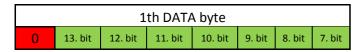
The register set and cleared by UART write or Speed potentiometer input and loses it's value after restarting the controller. Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 **SPEED [11:0]:** Speed register value Max value is 4095 it is the 97% duty cycle. Min value is 0 it is the 0% duty cycle.

Note: final duty cycle may change depending on other factors.

## **Current Limit Register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x42 Read command: 0x02



	2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit		

Current Limit Register sets the value of the current limitation. With default settings the current limit register is equal to the controller's current limit potentiometer setting. Writing into this register overwites the value of the potentiometer and holds the value as long as the potentiometer has the same value as it was before the overwrite. When the potentiometer changes (turning up/down the potentiometer) the controller going to overwite the register with the value of the potentiometer.

It is possible to lock the register value (potentiometer can't overwrite the register) for this feature use the **Lock Variable Register**.

The register set and cleared by UART write or the current limit potentiometer and loses it's value after restarting the controller. Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 **CURRENT\_LIMIT [11:0]:** Curretn limit register value Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Regeneraive Current Limit Register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x43 Read command: 0x03



	2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit		

Regenerative Current Limit Register sets the value of the current limitation. With default settings the current limit register is equal to the controller's potentiometer setting. Writing into this register overwites the value of the potentiometer and holds the value as long as the potentiometer has the same value as it was before the overwrite. When the potentiometer changes (turning up/down the potentiometer) the controller going to overwite the register with the value of the potentiometer.

It is possible to lock the register value (potentiometer can't overwrite the register) for this feature use the **Lock Variable Register**.

The register set and cleared by UART write or the potentiometer and loses it's value after restarting the controller. Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 **CURRENT\_LIMIT [11:0]:** Regenerative current limit register value Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

### **Acceleration Limit Register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x44 Read command: 0x04



2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

Acceleration Limit Register sets the time how fast the output follows the speed register's value under raising condition. With default settings it is equal to the controller's acceleration (RAMP) potentiometer's setting. Writing into this register overwites the value of the potentiometer and holds the value as long as the potentiometer has the same value as it was before the overwrite. When the potentiometer changes (turning up/down the potentiometer) the controller going to overwite the register with the value of the potentiometer.

It is possible to lock the register value (potentiometer can't overwrite the register) for this feature use the **Lock Variable Register**.

The register set and cleared by UART write or the potentiometer and loses it's value after restarting the controller. Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 **CURRENT\_LIMIT [11:0]:** Acceleration limit register value Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Deceleration limit register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x45 Read command: 0x05



2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

Deceleration Limit Register sets the time how fast the output follows the speed register's value under falling condition. With default settings it is disabled in the controller.

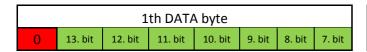
Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 **DECELERATION\_LIMIT [11:0]:** Deceleration limit register value Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

Note: for the corresponding time value check the **Register Value Range** table. The minimum value is 1.

## **Turning off minimum voltage register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x46 Read command: 0x06



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

Turning Off Minimum voltage register sets the voltage level where the controller will shut down if the supply voltage is lower than the register value. With default settings it is disabled in the controller. Writing and locking this register activates the function. When the controller shuting down because of the low supply voltage level the corresponding status register gets an update about the low supply voltage.

Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 TURN\_OFF\_MIN [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Turning on minimum voltage register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x47 Read command: 0x07



2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

Turning On Minimum voltage register sets the voltage level where the controller will turn back from low supply status if the supply voltage is higher than the register value. With default settings it is disabled in the controller. Writing and locking this register activates the function.

Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 TURN\_ON\_MIN [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Turning on maximum voltage register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x48 Read command: 0x08



2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

Turning On maximum voltage register sets the voltage level where the controller will turn back from high supply voltage status if the supply voltage is lower than the register value. With default settings it is disabled in the controller. Writing and locking this register activates the function.

Saving the value into the FLASH use the **Save Register**.

Bit 11:0 TURN\_ON\_MAX [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Turning off maximum voltage register:**

Type: Write / Read Write command: 0x49 Read command: 0x09



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

Turning Off Maximum voltage register sets the voltage level where the controller will shut down if the supply voltage is higher than the register value. With default settings it is disabled in the controller. The internal maximum voltage settings may rewrite this register. Writing and locking this register activates the function. When the controller shuting down because of the high supply voltage level the corresponding status register gets an update about the high supply voltage.

Saving the value into the FLASH use the Save Register.

Bit 11:0 TURN\_OFF\_MAX [11:0]:

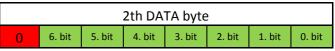
Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Heatsink Temperature Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x0A





This register holds the actual heatsink temperature value in °C.

#### Bit 11:0 **HEATSINK TEMPERATURE [11:0]:**

Max value is 80 Min value is 10

Note: for the corresponding temperature value check the **Register Value Range** table.

## **Mainboard Temperature Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x0B





This register holds the actual mainboard temperature value in °C.

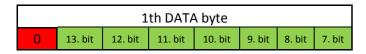
#### Bit 11:0 MAINBOARD TEMPERATURE [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Supply Voltage Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x10



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

This register holds the actual supply voltage value.

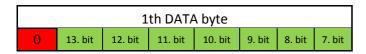
#### Bit 11:0 SUPPLY VOLTAGE [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Speed ADC Input Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x11



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

Controlling and locking the controller with UART Speed commands the Speed ADC input can serve other task like measuring a sensor or anything else.

Using the Speed ADC input for other task and not for the speed controll function the Speed Register Lock bit must be enabled.

#### Bit 11:0 **SPEED ADC INPUT [11:0]:**

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Load Current Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x12



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

This register holds the actual otput load current.

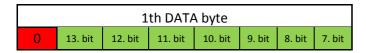
### Bit 11:0 **LOAD CURRENT [11:0]:**

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Input Frequency Period Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x14



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

The controller PWM/brake input can be used for measuring pulses and other purposes. Like hall sensors encoders etc. Input Frequency Register holds the period's of the measured signal.

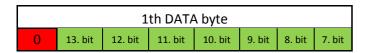
#### Bit 13:0 INPUT FREQUENCY PERIOD REGISTER [13:0]:

Max value is 16383 Min value is 0

## **Input Pulse Width Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x15



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

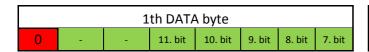
The controller PWM/brake input can be used for measuring pulses and other purposes. Like hall sensors encoders etc. Input Pulse Width Register holds the width of the captured pulse of the measured signal.

#### Bit 13:0 INPUT PULSE WIDTH REGISTER [13:0]:

Max value is 16383 Min value is 0

## Ix R compensation register:

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x60 Read Command: 0x20



2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

I x R compensation value can be used for gain the output voltage when the motor internal resistance causing voltage drop and RPM drop. This value will be multiplied with the load current and added to the output voltage. Using the I X R compensation constant from the Register Value Range table you can calculate the needed value.

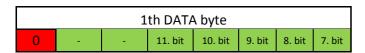
The [%/A] tell how much compensation is needed for running the motor at the same RPM under load.

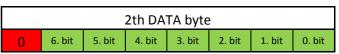
#### Bit 13:0 I x R COMPENSATION REGISTER [13:0]:

Max value is 16383 Min value is 0

### **Top Speed register:**

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x61 Read Command: 0x21





Top Speed value can be used for making a reference voltage for the speed input or speed register. This can make a supply compensation when the supply voltage is changes or you can limit the maximum output output voltage / motor RPM and does not matter if the speed potentiometer would set higher output voltage the Top Speed will overwrite this value.

For the calculation use the given top speed constant from the *Register Value Range* table.

Giving and example: If the constant for the given controller is 18,51mV than if you need a maximum output voltage of 20V than calculate like this: Top Speed= 20V/0.01805V = 1080.

So writing the 1080 in the top speed register you can set maximum 20V output voltage with the potentiometer. If your supply voltag changes between higher ranges for example 25-50V your output voltage remains the same 20V or less depending on your speed potentiometer's setting.

With TOP Speed settings you can have supply compensation fixing the speed variation with different supply voltages.

Turning on the supply compessation you need to turn on the **Top Speed /Supply compensation** bit in the **Configuration\_bits\_2** register.

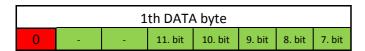
Giving 0 or near 0 value of this register can cause 0V output voltage.

Bit 13:0 TOP SPEED REGISTER [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## Potentiometer min. register:

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x62 Read Command: 0x22





With Potentiometer min and max you can define your voltage levels on the speed input what you need for the given 0% output voltage and the given 100% output voltage.

For the calculation use the given potentiometermin/max constant from the *Register Value Range* table.

Giving and example: If the constant for the given controller is 1,184mV than if you need the 0% output starting form the speed input=1V

Potentiometer min register = 1V/1,184mV = 844

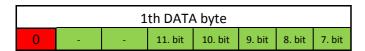
Using this function you need to save the potentiometer min/max registers in the flash memory using the *Save register* and restart the controller with SW mode setting: 1:OFF 2:OFF.

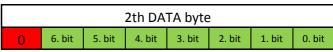
#### Bit 13:0 Potentiometer Min register [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## Potentiometer max. register:

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x63 Read Command: 0x23





With Potentiometer min and max you can define your voltage levels on the speed input what you need for the given 0% output voltage and the given 100% output voltage.

For the calculation use the given potentiometermin/max constant from the *Register Value Range* table.

Giving and example: If the constant for the given controller is 1,184mV than if you need the 100% output ending at the speed input=3,5V

Potentiometer maxregister = 3,5V/1,184mV = 2956

Using this function you need to save the potentiometer min/max registers in the flash memory using the *Save register* and restart the controller with SW mode setting: 1:OFF 2:OFF.

#### Bit 13:0 Potentiometer Max register [11:0]:

Max value is 4095 Min value is 0

## **Status Register:**

Type: Read

Read Command: 0x30





Bit 9 **FM:** Forward mode:

0: Stop

1: Controller in forward mode.

Bit 6 **BR Pin:** Brake input pin sate bit.

0: Brake pin is "Low"

1: Brake pin is "High"

Note: reading this you need to be not in PWM mode.

Bit 5 **EN\_in:** Enable input pin state bit:

0: Eanble pin is "High  $V_{en} > 2V$ "

1: Enable pin is "Low  $V_{en}$  < 1V "

Bit 4 **DT:** Drive status bit:

0: Drive mode

1: Brake mode

Bit 2 **OT:** Over temperature status bit.

0:

1: Supply voltage is lower than the Turn on minimum register value.

Bit 1 **OV:** Over voltage status bit.

0:

1: Supply voltage is higher than the Turn off maximum register value.

Bit 0 **UV:** Under voltage status bit.

0:

 ${\bf 1: Supply\ voltage\ is\ lower\ than\ the\ Turn\ on\ minimum\ register\ value.}$ 

## **Lock Variables Register:**

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x71 Read Command: 0x31





Locking any register means only USART update can overwrite it's value. The on board potentiometers will be disabled as long as the associated bit is "1".

This is good if you want to deny the possibility to change the value of the registers on board. Other advantage if you want to use the Speed input for other purposes than you need to lock the SPD register otherwise the value of the speed input will be used for setting the output voltage.

- Bit 3 ACC: Writing "1" locks the Speed Register.
- Bit 2 **REG** Writing "1" locks the Current Limit Register.
- Bit 1 **CUR:** Writing "1" locks the Regeneration Limit Regitster.
- Bit 0 SPD: Writing "1" locks the Acceleration Limit Register.

*Note: This register going to lose is't content after restarting the controller.* 

## Save bits\_1 register:

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x72 Read Command: 0x32





These bits are set all the registers you want to save into the flash memory. Writing into this register only designates the register to be saved. The actual saving command will be done only with writing the Save\_bits\_2 register. When a memory saving occurs the data will be reloaded from the memory after every restart. Saving a register data automatically locks the particular register and only USART update can rewrite it.

- Bit 13 **CONF2:** Configuration 2 Register.
  - 0: no saving
  - 1: Save the given register into flash memory.
- Bit 12 **CONF1:** Configuration 1 Register. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 11 ADDR: Configuration 2 Register.

  Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 9 **OFF\_H:** Save turning off maximum value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 8 **ON\_H:** Save turning on maximum value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 7 **ON\_L:** Save turning off minimum value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 6 **OFF\_L:** Save turning off low value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 5 **DEC:** Save deceleration value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 4 ACC: Save acceleration value.

  Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 3 **REG:** Save regenerative current limit value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 2 **CUR:** Save current limit value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.
- Bit 0 **SPD:** Save speed value. Refer to the Bit 13 CONF2 description.

## Save bits\_2 register:

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x72 Read Command: 0x33





These bits are set all the registers you want to save into the flash memory. Writing into this register designates the register to be saved and initiates the saving command. When a memory saving occurs the data will be reloaded from the memory after every restart. Saving a register data automatically locks the particular register and only USART update can rewrite it.

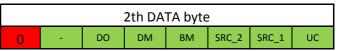
<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Writing into this register as a repeated operation is not recommended. The FLASH memory rewritable life cycle is limited about 10.000 saving operation! Under the save operation the PWM controller stops and no other operation can be used!

- Bit 4 **P\_MAX:** Potentiometer Maximum
  - 0: no saving
  - 1: Save the given register into flash memory.
- Bit 3 **P\_MIN:** Potentiometer Minimum Refer to the Bit 8 OFH description.
- Bit 2 **TOP\_S:** Top Speed/Supply compensation Refer to the Bit 8 OFH description.
- Bit 1 **IR\_COM:** I x R compensation Refer to the Bit 8 OFH description.
- Bit 0 **C\_CAL:** Current calibration Refer to the Bit 8 OFH description.

### **Configuration bits 1 register:**

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x74 Read Command: 0x34





Bit 9 **FD:** Forward Direrection:

0: Stop

1: Set forward direction.

Bit 4 **DO:** Disable Output

This bit has a priority over the Enable Input pin if EN\_OFF bit in Configuration\_bits\_2 register is "1".

0: PWM output enabled.

1: PWM output disbaled (both high and low side mosfets are disabled).

Bit 4 **DM:** Selecting operation mode

This bit set and cleared by UART write and cleared by hardware after restart.

0: Drive mode.

1: Brake mode or free running mode depending on **BM** bit.

Bit 3 **BM:** Braking mode

This bit set and cleared by UART write and cleared by hardware after restart.

0: Manual brake (free running mode)

1: Auto brake (automatic regeneration)

Note: Manual brake let the motor spinning free after turning down the speed or sending 0 speed command. Auto brake start automatic current regeneration into the supply when the motor internal voltage is higher than the speed.

Bit 2:1 SRC[1:0]: Speed reset controll

This bit set and cleared by UART write and cleared by hardware after restart.

00: No speed reset after no UART speed update.

01: Speed reset after 50msec without new UART speed update.

10: Speed reset after 500msec without new UART speed update.

11: Speed reset after 2800msec without new UART speed update.

Bit 0 UC: UART controll bit

This bit set and cleared by UART write and cleared by hardware after restart.

0: Disable the configuration bits

1: Enable the configuration bits

### **Configuration bits 2 register:**

Type: Write / Read Write Command: 0x75 Read Command: 0x35





Note: writing 1 clears the given bit writing 0 makes no changes.

Bit 8 **EN\_OFF**: Enable input pin OFF.

This bit used to turn off the Enable input pin finction. PWM output enabled/disabled with the **DO** bit in the **Configuration\_bits\_1** register

0: Enable input pin is active.

1: Eanble input pin has turned off.

Bit 8 **TOP\_S:** Top Speed/Supply compensation enable bit.

0: Disable

1: Enable

Bit 7 **P\_OFF:** Pin terminals OFF

This bit is used to disable the Brake function of the PWM/Brake input and using as a logical input.

0: Enable

1: Disable

Bit 6 **BMC:** Pulse Measurement resolution

Resolution on the PWM/brake input

0:

1:

Bit 2:1 USP [1:0]: USART communication speed.

Default speed is 19200 Baud/sec

These bits set the UART baud/sec rate.

00: 19200 Baud/sec

01:

10:

11:

### **USART Address Register:**

Type: Write

Write command: 0x7C





USART Address bits is a unique 7bit address which marks the given controller. It allows to connect several controllers or even other USART devices to connect to the same RX TX channel. The dafault USART address is 0x00. If you want to controll two or more controllers throught the USART you have to change the address first one by one. After this it is possible to connect more devices to the same USART channel. USART Address will be saved into the FLASH memory and reloaded from the memory after every restart.

The controllers sends out their unique USART address right after the system start. This helps to recover and recognise a forgotten address.

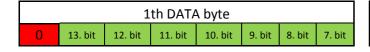
#### Bit 6:0 **UART ADDRESS [6:0]:**

Max value is 0x7F Default value: 0x00

### **Current measurement calibration register:**

Type: Write

Write command: 0x7D





Motor controller boards may have current measurement error 1-15% depending on the model. Calibrating and saving the current measurement register solve the error problem and will use the value for the measurement correction.

For the calibration you need follow the steps:

- 1. Set maximum speed potnetiomet input
- 2. Turn donw the current limit
- 3. Place a pure inductive load to the output. You can use large inductors or a stalled DC- motor.
- 4. Place a current meter or digital clamp meter measuring the motor current.
- 5. Turn on the supply
- 6. Slowly turn up the current limit potentiometer
- 7. Regarding the controller and you load current capabilities turn ut the current to a high enough level. For example with a 100A motor controller 30A is enough.
- 8. When you read the exact current on your own current meter you need to send the equivalent value into the **Current Measurement Calibration** register. Calculating the value use the constant int **Register Value Range** table.
- 9. Save the register with the **Saving bits** register.

Note: If the deviation between the sent value and the internal current measurement is larger than  $\pm$ 20% than the controller will ignore the command.

Exaple: If you Set 30A load current and your constant is 0,244A tah the register value will be: 30A/0,244A = 123

## **Software version register:**

Type: Read

Read command: 0x3E

1th DATA byte							
0	13. bit	12. bit	11. bit	10. bit	9. bit	8. bit	7. bit

2th DATA byte								
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit	

## **Hardware version register:**

Type: Read

Read command: 0x3F

1th DATA byte							
0	13. bit	12. bit	11. bit	10. bit	9. bit	8. bit	7. bit

2th DATA byte							
0	6. bit	5. bit	4. bit	3. bit	2. bit	1. bit	0. bit

## **Examples:**

#### **Example 1:** Calling 0x00 address device and writing DATA\_to send: 0x05C5 value into the Speed register:

Sent bytes:

0x80	0x40	0x0B	0x45	0x10

C conversion code before sending out the bytes:

ADDRESS=UNIT\_ADDRESS | 0x80; COMMAND= for this check the write commands in the register table DATA\_1th= (DATA\_to\_send>>7) & 0x7F; DATA\_2th=DATA\_to\_send & 0x7F; CRC=( COMMAND + DATA\_1th + DATA\_2th) & 0x7F;

#### **Example 2:** Calling 0x02 address device and locking Speed variable:

Sent bytes:

0x82	0x71	0x00	0x01	0x72

C conversion code before sending out the bytes:

Refer to the Example 1.

# <u>Example 3:</u> Calling 0x02 address device to change the regenerative brkaking mode to "auto regen" from "free running mode"and initiating regeneralitive braking with 0x062C current:

For this you need to execute 2 write comands. The first set the regenerative current limit.

Sent bytes:

0x82	0x43	0x0C	0x2C	0x7B

C conversion code before sending out the bytes:

Refer to the Example 1.

Second to set the Configuration bit:.

Sent bytes:

0x82	0x74	0x00	0x19	0x0D

C conversion code before sending out the bytes:

Refer to the Example 1. and Set Configuration bits register.

#### **Example 4:** Calling 0x00 address device to read the load\_current\_register:

Sent bytes:

0x80 0x12

(read command)

Received bytes form the controller:

0x13 0x36 0x0D

## PWM DC motor controller USART Advaced controll registers

```
C conversion code for the received bytes:

CRC check:

if(((received_byte_1th + received_byte_2th + Read_command) & 0x7F)== received_byte_3th)

{

load_current_register=( received_byte_1th <<7) | (received_byte_2th & 0x7F);
}
```