

Mid-project Report

Team Stylists

November 9, 2017

1 Task

Our task is voice conversion/ voice style transfer. We hope to find a latent space where movement encodes audible change in style of audio. In our baseline, we trained a cycleGAN to go between male and female audio data. The results were interesting considering the models trained on raw images. We are currently working on building a cyclic model with a wavenet encoder and/or decoder.

2 Data

We are using the [VCTK dataset](#). The dataset contains speech from 109 speakers who say approximately 400 sentences from newspapers with wide phonetic and contextual coverage. Audio files are .wav with 48,000 starting sample rate and about a couple of seconds on average in length (about 15 gb of audio). The data is prime for identifying speaker accents and latent space for speaker qualities.

3 Baseline

We trained a CycleGAN in Tensorflow on the VCTK dataset. The two collections were male and female audio.

3.1 Preprocessing and Postprocessing

A short-time fourier transform was applied on the wav files using librosa and padded to form a 3 channel image of size 256 x 256. The Griffin-Lim algorithm was used for reconstruction of audio from the spectrogram.

3.2 Training

The following are results on Google Cloud's K80 GPU instance (12 GB VRAM) after training for a few hours. See Figure 1.



Figure 1: Cycle loss for 8k iterations over a couple hours.

The generative loss oscillates (which seems to be the norm for CycleGAN training), whereas the cycle loss steadily decreases.

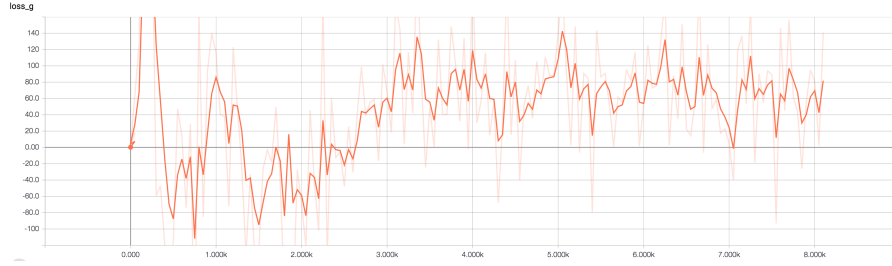


Figure 2: Generative loss for 8k iterations over a couple hours.

3.3 Results and Thoughts

Generally, we were surprised by the results we got. We weren't expecting much as we were treating the audio spectrogram as images and running a CycleGAN on images of male and female speech from two large collections. However, results after few tens of thousands of iterations comes out grainy but there is a perceivable pitch change from a male and female voice and vice versa.

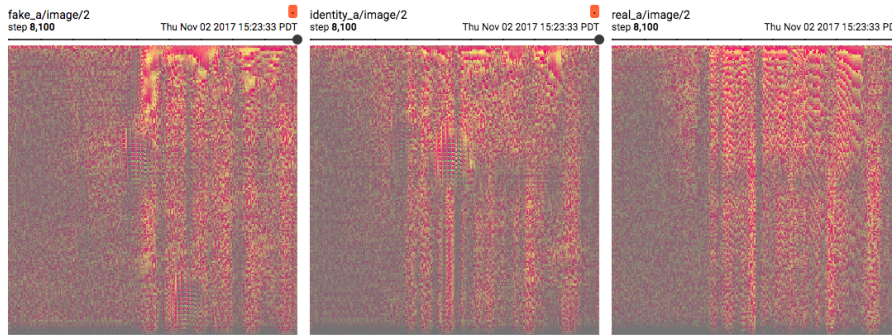


Figure 3: Images of padded audio spectrograms for a male audio sample, fake male audio sample, and reconstructed male sample.

4 Progress

4.1 Conditional Wavenet

Trained a Wavenet model that was globally conditioned on the speaker identifications in the VCTK dataset.

4.2 Wavenet Encoder/ Decoder models