Micro-Ventures: Predicting Potential Startups for Micro-Investments

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Motivation

- Venture Capital is the money provided by investors to startups
- Large VCs have their own data analysis team to make informed decision about investments
- Small investors lack comprehensive information to make informed decision before investment
- We try to approach this problem using Machine Learning (ML)

SERIES A - OPTIMIZE

Company has established product and market fit, started to make some serious buzz

SERIES C - Scale

Company has grown up and is likely operating on a global scale. Ready for IPO or acquisition.

ANGEL AND SEED FUNDING

The earliest stage of funding to get the party going

SERIES B - Build

Company has started to make considerable revenues in selected markets and is looking to expand operations

What Is Our Contribution

- Collect and unify data from multiple sources
- Use ML to predict which start-up will reach series-C
- Use online articles about companies for topic modeling
- Find important features and topics related to company success

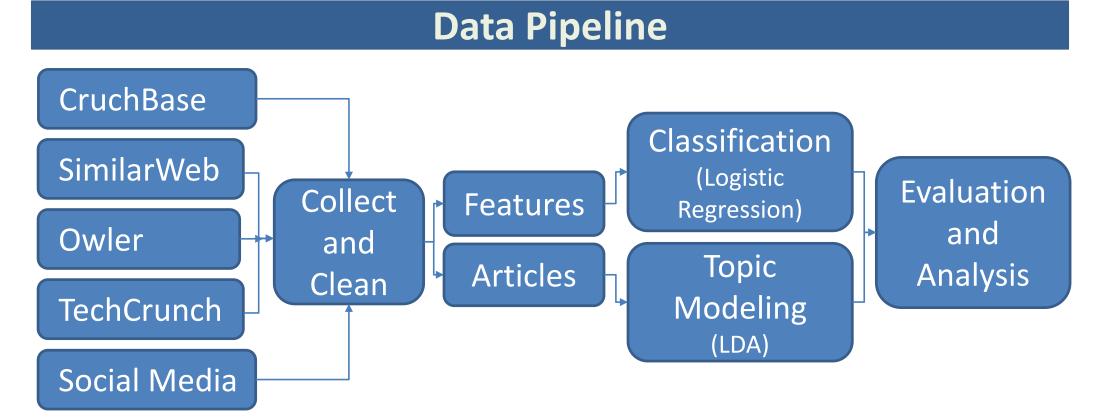
Our Data

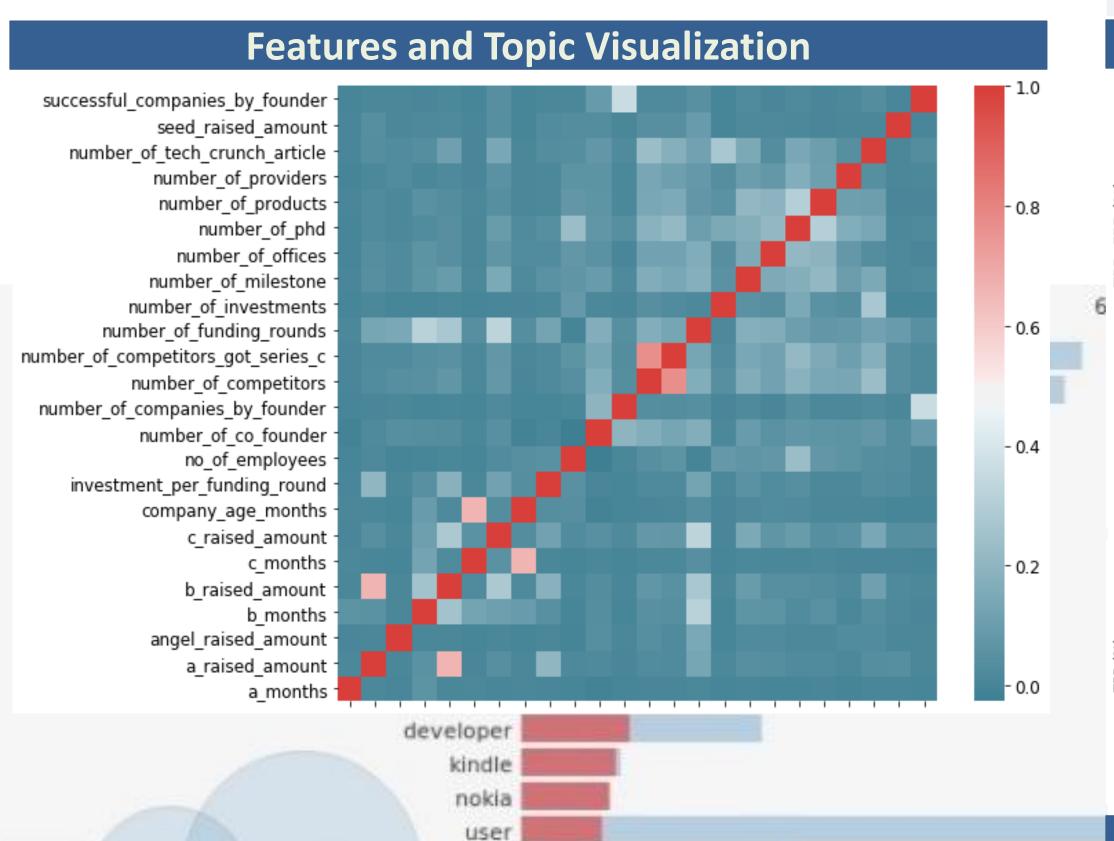
We collect data of 44927 companies from the following sources -

- Crunchbase https://www.crunchbase.com/
- Similarweb https://www.similarweb.com/
- Owler https://www.owler.com/
- Online articles from techcrunch (58,157 articles)

Machine Learning and Evaluation

- After data collection, cleaning and integration, we generate the features for ML model
- We use LDA to find out the most relevant topics in the articles
- Logistic Regression is used for classification
- We split the data into train and test set and also use 10-fold cross validation to report the findings
- We observe TPR, FPR and area under ROC curve (Investors will care more about TP and FP compared to accuracy)
- We train the model for different categories of business
- We train ML model with and without the learned topics as features and observe their effect on prediction



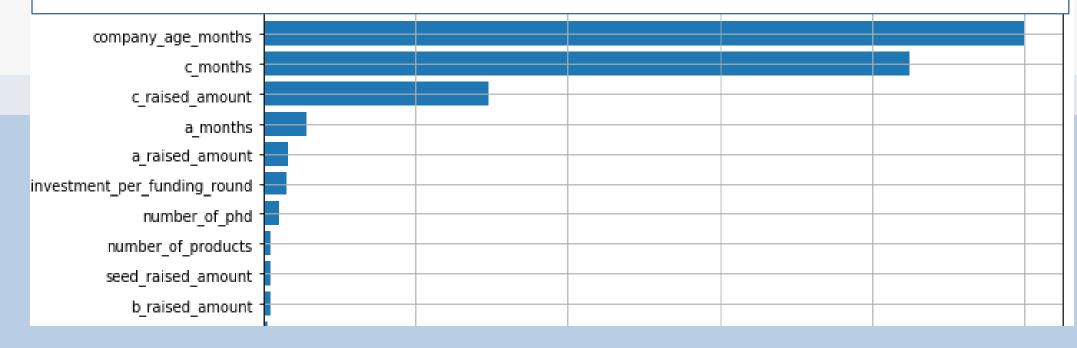




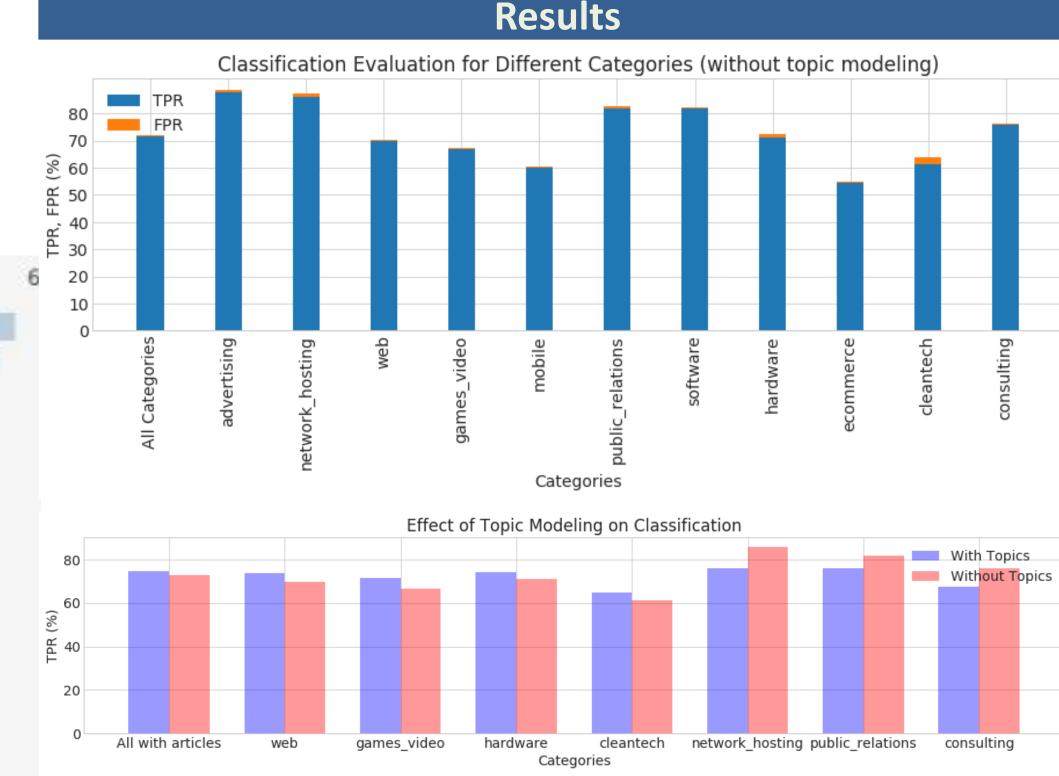
application

tablet

- For all the categories most important features are related to the amount of raised funding and company age
- Only for the category 'public_relation' the most important feature is number of employees



Topics Words Social Media User, Facebook, Social, Twitter, Friend, Photo Business Business, Start-up, Technology, Platform, Founder Mobile Device App, Mobile, Apple, Android, Nokia, Kindle, iPad Stocks Million, Billion, Revenue, Share, Stock, IPO Advertising Google, Ad, Search, Advertising, Web, Yahoo Funding Venture, Investor, Round, Capital, CEO, Raised



Findings

- True positive rates are between 60% to 80%
- False positive rates are very low (in most cases < 1%)
- Area under ROC curves are greater than 0.8
- For most of the technology companies Topic Modeling enhances the performance of the classifier (2% to 8%)
- For categories like 'public_relation' and 'consulting' the classifier works worse with features from topic modeling

Learning and Future Plans

- Data collection, cleaning and integration is a tedious process
- Collected real life data can be very sparse
- Future work would be to explore more about how to handle data sparsity efficiently (find more source, how to fill them up)
- To predict when the star-up will reach series-C
- And to build an interactive web interface for the user