



C_1
LAB

C_2
DC

K-means afflig -

- 2 clusters
- 2 clusters + 2 clusters
- 2 clusters
- Randomly initialize



1. Assign each point to the nearest centroid

$$C_1(1,2) - A = 0$$

$$C_1 - B = 2$$

$$C_1 - C = 5.66$$

$$C_1 - D = 7.07$$

$$C_2(6,7) - A = 7.07$$

$$C_2 - B = 5.63$$

$$C_2 - C = 1.41$$

$$C_2 - D = 0$$

3 New Centroids are calculated

$$C_1 A(1,2) B(1,4) \Rightarrow \left[\frac{1+1}{2}, \frac{2+4}{2} \right] (1,3)$$

$$C_2 C(5,6) D(6,7) \Rightarrow \left[\frac{5+6}{2}, \frac{6+7}{2} \right] (5.5, 6.5)$$

4 Repeat 2 to 3

DBSCAN

Density-based spatial clustering of applications with noise



DBSCAN

Network-based Clustering

- 1. Start with each data point as its own cluster
- 2. Merge the two clusters clusters based on a linkage criterion
- 3. Repeat merging until all points form a single cluster or a stopping condition (number of clusters) is met.

Linkage criteria
Single Linkage: Minimum distance between points in the two clusters.
Complete Linkage: Maximum distance between points in the two clusters.
Average Linkage: Average of all pairwise distances.
Ward's Method: Minimum variance between clusters.