F1.5 Surface Data in Rectangular Grid

Format

A surface defined by a function of the form z=f(x,y) can be specified by z-values in a rectangular grid. This format is used by the class Regular xy-Grid and the file extension is .sfc.

The format is:

Record Contents Format

1 TEXT (characters)

TEXT - Record with identification text

2 XS, YS, XE, YE (4 real numbers)

 ${\it XS}$ - ${\it Starting}\;x{\it -value}$

YS - Starting y-value

 ${\tt XE - End} \ x{-}{\tt value}$

YE - End y-value

3 NX, NY (2 integers)

 NX - Number of x-values NY - Number of y-values

4 ((Z(I,J), J=1,NY), I=1,NX) (real numbers)

Z(I,J) z-value of reflector surface at the point (x,y) where $x = \text{XS} + \Delta x \text{ (I-1)}$ $y = \text{YS} + \Delta y \text{ (J-1)}$ $\Delta x = (\text{XE-XS}) / (\text{NX-1})$

 $\Delta y = (YE-YS) / (NY-1)$

This record may be divided into several data lines with at least one z-value on each data line.

---end of file---

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F1.6 Surface Data in Irregular Points

Format

The surface defined as a function of the form z=f(x,y) is specified by the z-values in an irregular set of (x,y) specified points. This format is used by the class $Irregular\ xy$ - $Grid,\ Pseudo\ Splines\$ and the file extension is .sfc.

Record Contents Format

1 TEXT (characters)

TEXT - Record with identification text

2 N_POINTS (1 integer)

N_POINTS - Number of (x, y, z)-values

3 X(I), Y(I), Z(I), I=1, N_POINTS (3 real numbers)

X(I), Y(I), Z(I)

the (x,y,z)-coordinates of the I'th surface point.

---end of file---

Links

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F1.7 Surface Data as Zernike Modes

Format

The surface is specified by Zernike polynomials using the following Zernike coefficients. This format is used by the class *Zernike Surface* and the standard file extension is *.zer*. The format of the file can be modified by the attributes in the *Zernike Surface* class, but the default format is:

Record Contents Format

1 TITLE (characters)

TITLE - Record with identification text

2 NC (1 integer)

NC - Number of Zernike coefficients

3.. M(I), N(I), C1(I), C2(I) (2 integers, 2 real numbers)

Continued for I=1, NC

Values for the I'th Zernike coefficient

M - m-index.

N - n-index.

C1 - First coefficient.

C2 - Second coefficient.

The Zernike coefficients C1 and C2 can be given as amplitude and rotation angle in degrees, 'amp_deg' (TICRA format), or as even and odd symmetric components, 'even_odd' (old POS & POD format). The definition used must be specified in the *Zernike Surface* object by the attribute *mode_definition*.

---end of file---

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F1.8 Surface Defined by Cubic Splines

Format

A surface can be specified by cubic splines using the following spline coefficients. This format is used by the class *Spline Surface* and the standard file extension is *.spl*.

The format is:

Record Contents Format

1 TEXT (characters)

TEXT - Record with identification text

2 XS, YS, XE, YE (4 real numbers)

XS - Starting x-value for spline definition area

YS - Starting y-value for spline definition area

XE - End x-value for spline definition area

YE - End y-value for spline definition area

3 NX, NX (2 integers)

 ${\tt NX}$ - ${\tt Number}$ of spline coefficients along x

NY - Number of spline coefficients along y

4 ((C(I,J), J=1,NY), I=1,NX) (real numbers)

 ${
m C\,(I,J)}$ - Spline coefficient $C_{I,J}$. Index I corresponds to the one-dimensional spline in the x-direction and index J to the one-dimensional spline in the y-direction.

---end of file---

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F2 Field Data

The file formats for field values in cuts, uv-grids and irregularly arranged points are described in the following sections together with the file formats for field directions.

- Field Data in Cuts
- Field Data in Rectangular Grid
- Field Data in Tabulated Directions
- Beam Grid Directions
- Field Directions

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Reference Section