



梁山 8223036

$$\langle \epsilon_r \rangle = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} E_n P(E_n) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (nh\nu) \frac{1}{Z} e^{-nh\nu/k_B T}$$

$$Z = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-nh\nu/k_B T} = e^0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{-nh\nu/k_B T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1 + \frac{e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}} \end{aligned}$$

初项 $e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}$
公比 $(0 < e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} < 1)$

$$\langle \epsilon_r \rangle = \frac{h\nu}{e^{\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} - 1} = \frac{h\nu}{(1 + \frac{h\nu}{k_B T}) - 1} = k_B T$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 < \frac{h\nu}{k_B T} \\ 0 < e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} < 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (nh\nu) \frac{1}{Z} e^{-nh\nu/k_B T} &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (nh\nu) \times (1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}) e^{-\frac{nh\nu}{k_B T}} \\ &= h\nu (1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n e^{-\frac{nh\nu}{k_B T}} \quad \text{①} \end{aligned}$$

$$S_n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n e^{-\frac{nh\nu}{k_B T}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n e^{-\frac{nh\nu}{k_B T}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_n &= 0 + 1 \cdot e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} + 2 \cdot e^{-\frac{2h\nu}{k_B T}} + 3 \cdot e^{-\frac{3h\nu}{k_B T}} + \dots \\ -) e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} S_n &= 1 \cdot e^{-\frac{2h\nu}{k_B T}} + 2 \cdot e^{-\frac{3h\nu}{k_B T}} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}) S_n &= 1 \cdot e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} + 1 \cdot e^{-\frac{2h\nu}{k_B T}} + 1 \cdot e^{-\frac{3h\nu}{k_B T}} + \dots \\ &= \frac{e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}} = \frac{e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}}{(1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}})^2} \quad \text{②} \end{aligned}$$

(初项 $e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}$)
(公比 $e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}$)
($0 < < 1$)

① 1 = ② & 代入 3c

$$\begin{aligned}
 ① &= h\nu \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} \right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n e^{-\frac{n h\nu}{k_B T}} \\
 &= h\nu \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} \right) \cdot \frac{e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}}{\left(1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} \right)^2} \\
 &= \frac{\left(h\nu e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} \right) \times e^{\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}}{\left(1 - e^{-\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} \right) \times e^{\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}}} \\
 &= \frac{h\nu}{e^{\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} - 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

2) $K = \frac{1}{4} Cu$

$u = \frac{8\pi^5 k^4 T^4}{15 c^3 h^3}$

$\sin 2\theta$
 2θ

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{2\pi} c \cos \theta \times \frac{1}{4\pi} u \sin \theta d\phi d\theta &= \frac{uc}{4\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \sin \theta d\phi d\theta \\
 &= \frac{uc}{4\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 2\pi \cos \theta \sin \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{uc}{4} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin 2\theta d\theta \quad \cos \pi \\
 &= \frac{uc}{4} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2\theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \quad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\
 &= \frac{uc}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2}(-1) - \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot 1 \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} cu
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(= \frac{1}{4} c \times \frac{8\pi^5 k^4 T^4}{15 c^3 h^3} \right)$$

$$\left(= \frac{2\pi^5 k^4 T^4}{15 c^2 h^3} \right)$$