

复习

(2)

$$2xy \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2xy} = \frac{1 + (\frac{y}{x})^2}{2(\frac{y}{x})}$$

$$\frac{y}{x} = u \rightarrow y = ux \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = u + x \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{1+u^2}{2u}$$

$$= \frac{1+1}{2} = 1$$

$$u + x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1+u^2}{2u} \Rightarrow x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1+u^2}{2u} - u = \frac{1-u^2}{2u}$$

$$\frac{2u}{1-u^2} du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{2u}{1-u^2} du = \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow -\log|1-u^2| = \log|x| + C_1 \quad (C_1 \text{ 为任意常数})$$

$$\Rightarrow \log|x(1-u^2)| = C_1$$

$$x(1-u^2) = \pm e^{C_1}$$

$$\downarrow u = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$x(1 - \frac{y^2}{x^2}) = \pm e^{C_1}$$

$$x - \frac{y^2}{x} = C_2 \quad (C_2 = \pm e^{C_1}, C_2 \neq 0)$$

$$x^2 - y^2 = C_2 x$$

$$(x - \frac{C_2}{2})^2 - y^2 = (\frac{C_2}{4})^2$$

$$(x - c)^2 - y^2 = c^2 \quad (c = \frac{C_2}{2}, c \neq 0)$$

一般解

特異解 $y = mx$ に代入:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = m = \frac{1+m^2}{2m}$$

$$2m^2 = 1+m^2$$

$$m^2 = 1$$

$m = \pm 1$ 故に 実数 $m = \pm 1$ となるので特異解が存在する

特異解 $y = \pm x$

(3)

$$(x+y) \frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x-y}{x+y} \\ &= \frac{1-\frac{y}{x}}{1+\frac{y}{x}} \end{aligned}$$

(一般解) $\frac{y}{x} = u$; $y = ux$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = u + x \frac{du}{dx}$

$$= \frac{1-u}{1+u}$$

$$u + x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1-u}{1+u}$$

$$x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1-u}{1+u} - u$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1-u-u(1+u)}{1+u}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1-2u-u^2}{1+u}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1+u}{1-2u-u^2} du = \frac{1}{x} \cdot dx$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \int \frac{1+u}{1-2u-u^2} du = \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \log |1-2u-u^2| + C_1 = \log |x| \quad (C_1 \text{ は積分定数})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \log |x \sqrt{1-2u-u^2}| = C_1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \sqrt{1-2u-u^2} = \pm e^{C_1}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \sqrt{1-2u-u^2} = C_2 \quad (C_2 = \pm e^{C_1}, C_2 \neq 0)$$

$$x^2 (1-2u-u^2) = C_2^2$$

$$\downarrow u = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x^2 \left(1 - 2\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2\right) = C_2^2$$

$$x^2 - 2xy - y^2 = C^2 \quad (C \neq 0)$$

$$(x-y)^2 = C \quad (C = C^2, C > 0)$$

一般解

特異解

$$y = mx \text{ に } y' = m \text{ を代入}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = m = \frac{1-m}{1+m}$$

$$\Rightarrow m + m^2 = 1 - m$$

$$m^2 + 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$m = -1 \pm \sqrt{1+1}$$

$$= -1 \pm \sqrt{2}$$

m は定数となるので、特異解が存在する

$$\Rightarrow \text{特異解 } y = (-1 \pm \sqrt{2})x$$

(4)

$$(2x+y) + (x+2y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$(x+2y) \frac{dy}{dx} = -(2x+y)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2x+y}{x+2y}$$

$$= -\frac{2 + \frac{y}{x}}{1 + 2\frac{y}{x}}$$

$$\frac{y}{x} = u, \quad y = ux$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u + x \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= -\frac{2+u}{1+2u}$$

$$u + x \frac{du}{dx} = -\frac{2+u}{1+2u}$$

$$x \frac{du}{dx} = -\frac{2+u}{1+2u} - u$$

$$x \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{-2u^2 - 2u - 2}{1+2u}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1+2u}{-2u^2-2u-2} du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{1+2u}{-2u^2-2u-2} du = \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}x \log |-2u^2 - 2u - 2| + C_1 = \log |x| \quad (C_1 \text{ は積分定数})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \log |x \sqrt{-2u^2 - 2u - 2}| = C_1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \sqrt{-2u^2 - 2u - 2} = \pm e^{C_1}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \sqrt{-2u^2 - 2u - 2} = C_2 \quad (C_2 = \pm e^{C_1}, C_2 \neq 0)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x^2(-2u^2 - 2u - 2) = C_2^2$$

$$\downarrow u = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x^2(-2\frac{y^2}{x^2} - 2\frac{y}{x} - 2) = C_2^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -2y^2 - 2\frac{y}{x} - 2x^2 = C_2^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -y^2 + \frac{y}{x} + x^2 = -\frac{1}{2}C_2^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow y^2 + \frac{y}{x} + x^2 = C \quad (\cancel{C = -\frac{1}{2}C_2^2}, C < 0)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow xy^2 + y + x^3 = xC \quad (C = -\frac{1}{2}C_2^2, C < 0)$$

一般解

一般解

$$y = mx \quad 1 < 2, 17$$

$$m = -\frac{2+m}{1+2m}$$

$$m + 2m^2 = -2 - m$$

$$2m^2 + 2m + 2 = 0$$

$$m^2 + m + 1 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

実数 m は存在しないので

特異解はない