



Workflows, Teams, and Integrations



Who We Are!



- Rob, Nathan, Aurora, Richard
- Members of the Dev Team at Pretio Interactive
- Support multiple code bases in multiple languages with multiple deploys and builds
- Suck at mind reading, and thus rely on teamwork and communication



The Plan:

- **High Level Concepts**
 - Why this matters
 - Different git branch models
 - How Testing and Code Review fit
 - Continuous Deployment
 - Scheduled Deployment
- **Nitty Gritty**
 - Commit messages
 - log, blame, reflog etc.
 - Rebase vs Merge
 - Grab-bag of useful commands
- **Interactive Workshop**
 - we all commit to the same repository, fun happens!



- slides in repo!

A Note About GUIs...

- Git GUI Tools are out there and are cool!
 - <http://www.git-tower.com/>
 - <https://desktop.github.com/>
- IDEs sometimes have nice Git integration
 - <https://www.jetbrains.com/>
- Today we will focus on the command line



- GUI tools good for designers, artists, folks who work with assets and don't care about code
- Still need a command-line Git Master, it might as well be you

Quick Refresher

- **Clone a project from a server (GitHub example):**
 - `git clone git@github.com:Pretio/startup_slam_2015_website.git`
- **See your Remote Info:**
 - `git remote -v`
- **See your Branches & Info:**
 - `git branch -vv`
- **Switch Branches:**
 - `git checkout master`
- **Create a new Branch:**
 - `git checkout -b TASK-123 --track origin/master`
- **Check the current 'state' of your local branch against your origin:**
 - `git status`
- **Commit changes to your local branch**
 - `git add .`
 - `git commit -m "Task-123: adds ability to recover your password via an email submit form"`
- **Pull updates from origin (on the branch you are tracking):**
 - `git pull --rebase`
- **Merge content (locally) from another branch to the branch you are currently on:**
 - `git merge production`
- **Push content from your local branch to a branch on the server:**
- **(GitHub)** `git push origin TASK-123:TASK-123`
- **(Gerrit)** `git push origin HEAD:refs/for/master`



- Don't forget to mention at the beginning of this that GitHub != Git!

Whyfor?

- Keeps history in a maintainable way
- Communicates changes to the rest of the team
- Smallest possible Dev Team is 3



Configuration Tools

- Configure your local git install for fun and profit
- git-completion.bash
 - <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v1/Git-Basics-Tips-and-Tricks>
- git-prompt.sh
 - <http://git-prompt.sh/>
 - <http://code-worrier.com/blog/git-branch-in-bash-prompt/>
- Talk to other Dev's, folks you work with etc.



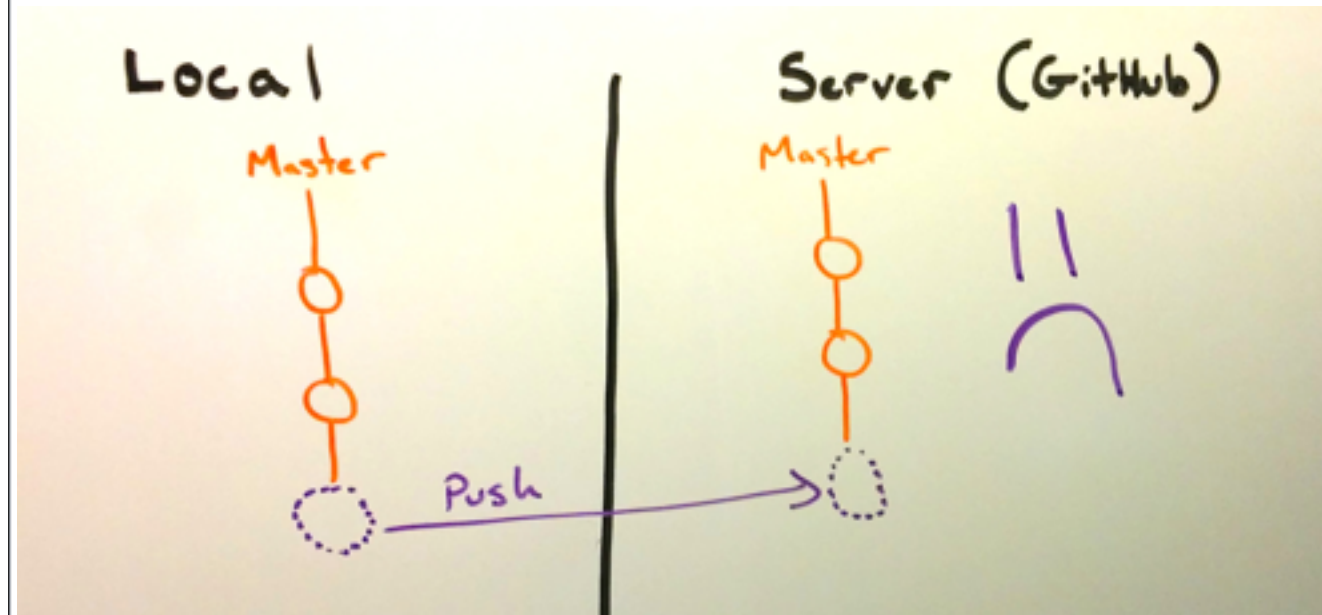
- git-completion.bash (tab auto-complete for commands, branch names etc)
- git-prompt.sh (shows you which branch you are on in your prompt)

Multi-Branch Development



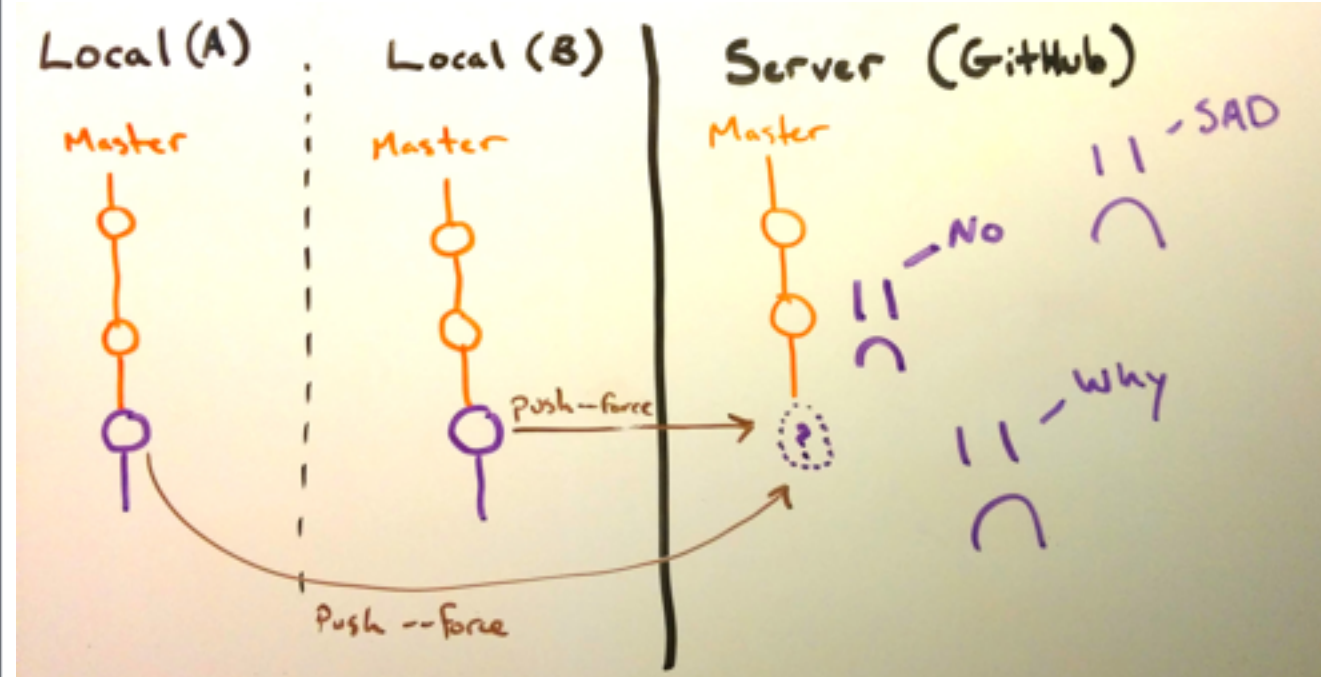
- if you are working off of a single branch called 'master' then stop that now
- branches are disposable!
- use feature branches on your local

Single-Branch Example

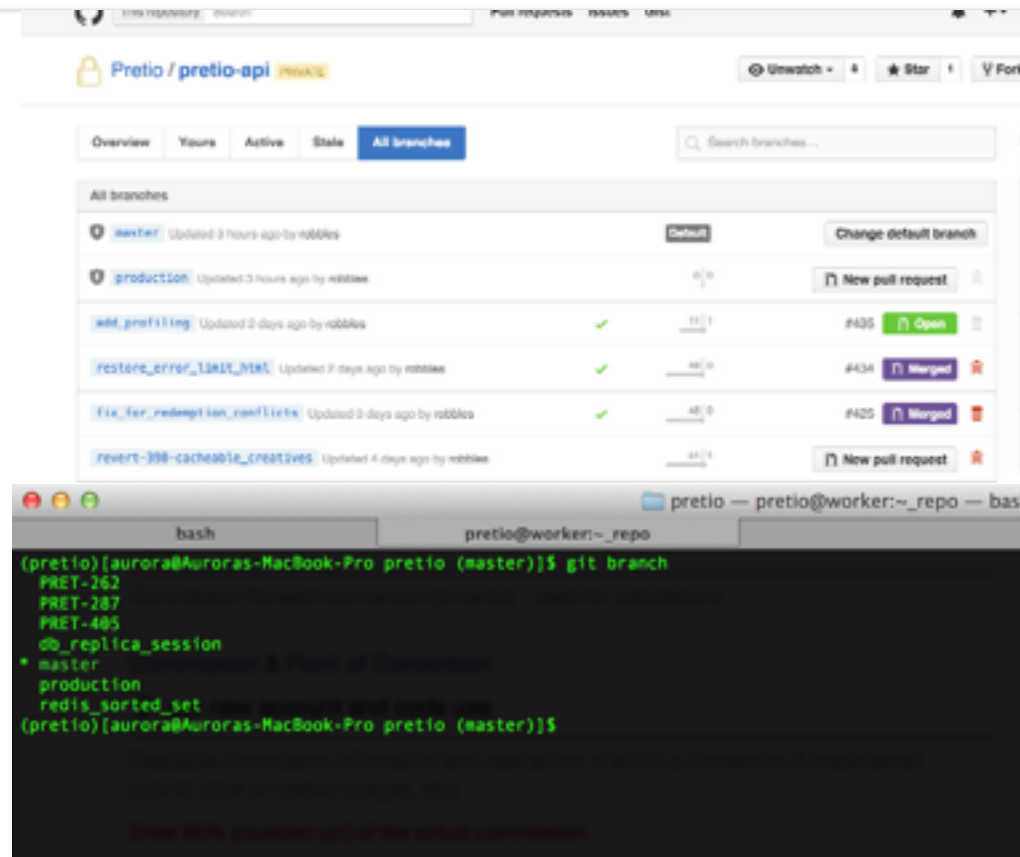


- This is the conceptual model of the previous slide, get used to this drawing notation

Single-Branch Example with Two People



Multi-Branch Development

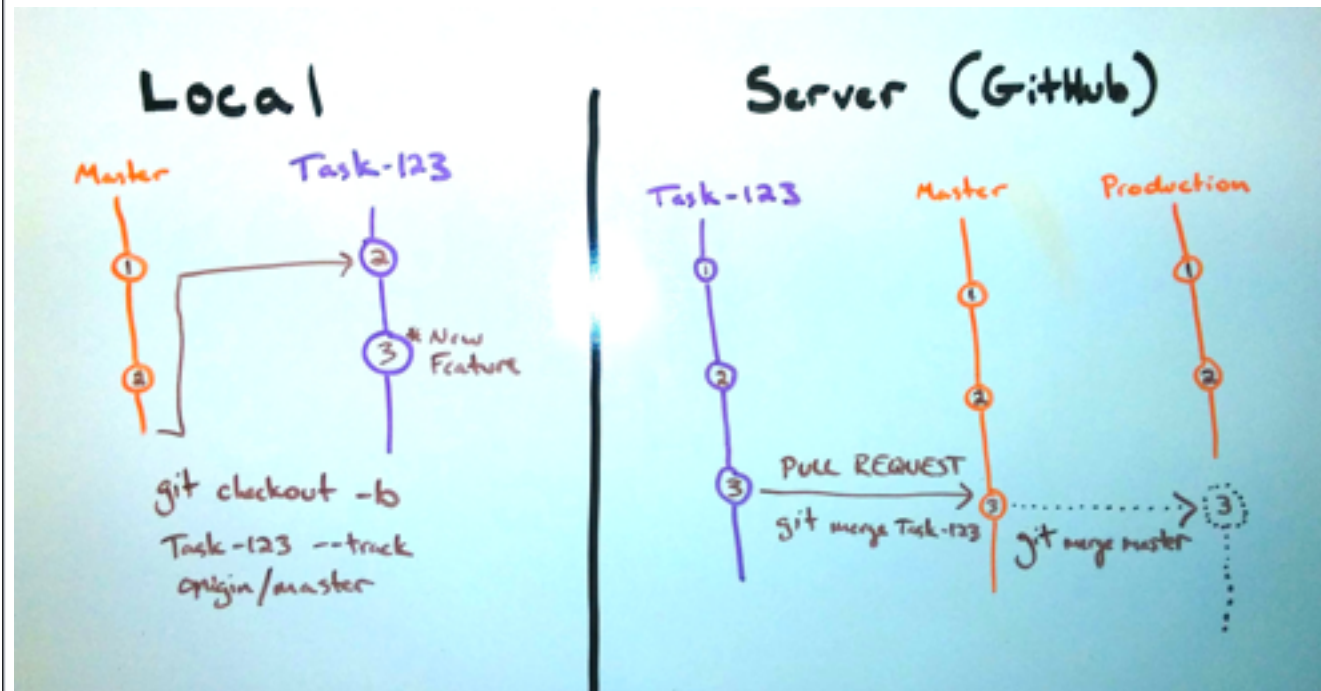


The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository 'pretio / pretio-api'. The 'All branches' tab is selected, displaying a list of branches. The 'master' and 'production' branches are locked, indicated by a padlock icon. Other branches include 'add_profiling', 'restore_error_limit_html', 'fix_for_redempt kon,conflict', and 'revert-398-cacheable_creatives'. Below the screenshot, a terminal window shows the output of the 'git branch' command:

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$ git branch
PRET-262
PRET-287
PRET-405
db_replica_session
* master
production
redis_sorted_set
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$
```

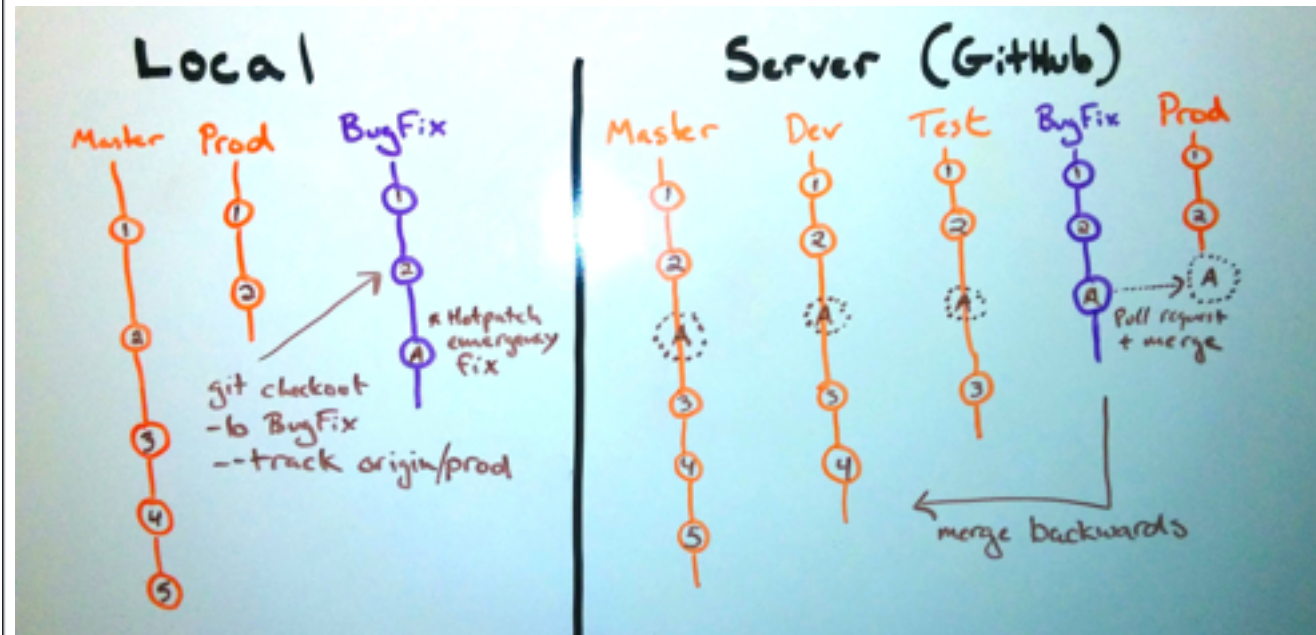
- note locked 'master' and 'production' branches (show new github feature)
- rest are feature branches actively being worked on, will be thrown away when done

Multi-Branch Example: Continuous Deploy



- Example of a Continuous Deploy model - light, code on Prod auto-rolls out
- orange are your 'protected' branches
- purple the feature (disposable) branch

Multi-Branch Example: Scheduled Deploy



- Scheduled builds, slower control to merge forward
- orange 'protected' branches, purple bug fix tracking production
- Dev/Test branches used to make interim builds, i.e. to an internal test server
- Note this merge is a hint for the rebase vs merge slide

Multi-Branch Development

- Automation is your friend!
- Use Continuous Integration Software to:
 - Automatically Run Tests
 - Auto-Merge code from one branch to another
 - Produce a production 'build' of our software and put it on the production servers
- 'Webhooks' watch your GitHub repo and trigger events in response to GitHub events:
 - When a pull request is made
 - When a merge occurs
- We use the free 'Jenkins' (<http://jenkins-ci.org/>) but there are others out there



- alternatives include 'Bambo' and 'TeamCity'

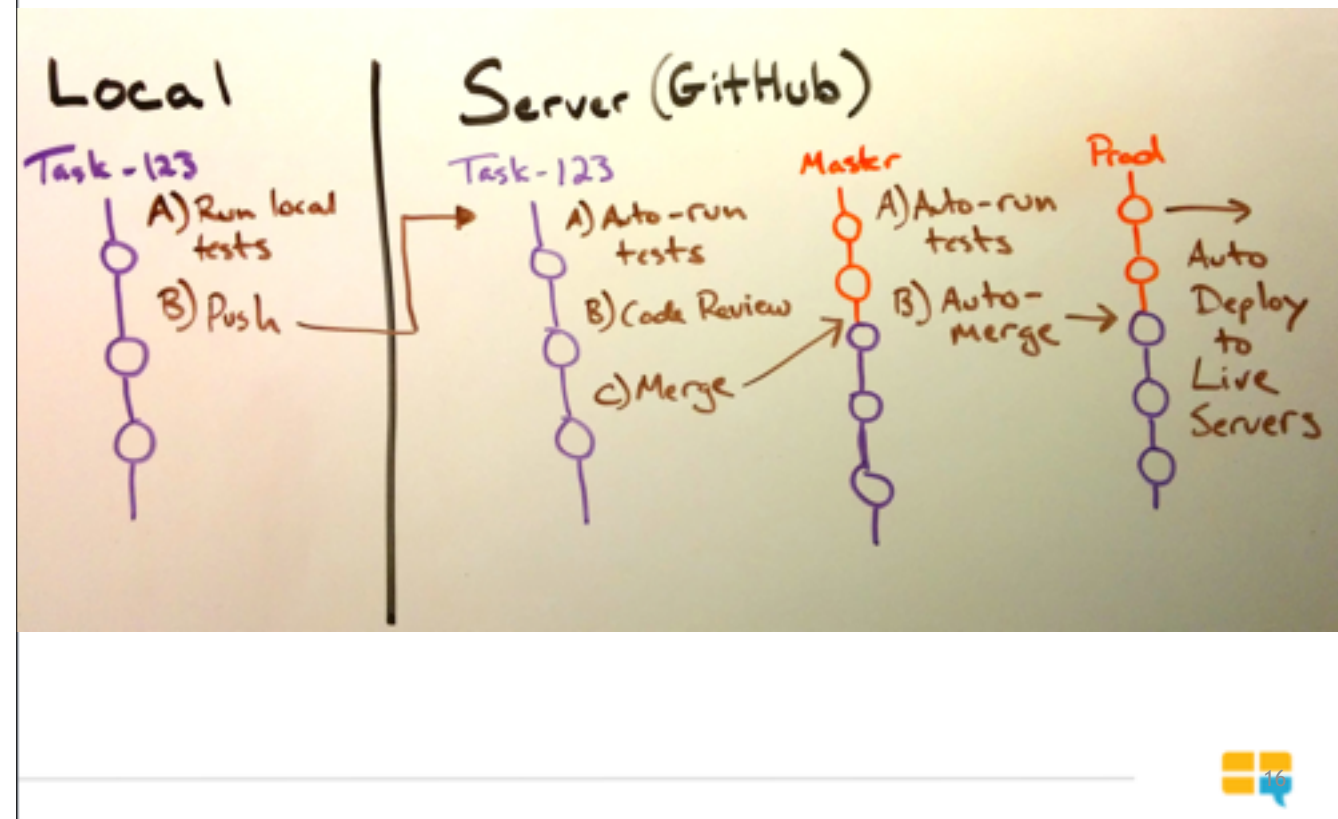
Code Review & Tests

- Code Review happens between your feature branch and master
 - Could be via a 'Pull Request' as on GitHub
 - Could be via tools such as 'Gerrit'
- Tests should be run often!
 - Should be run manually locally
 - Should be run before Code Review
 - Should be run before merge to 'production' branch



- Review a) helps prevent errors b) increases team knowledge of code, c) teaches new members code conventions
- Tests are critical, even for one liner hot fix changes on prod

Code Review & Tests in Flow



- explain why we have production vs master: a controlled queue to ensure that we don't accidentally trigger a deploy of bad code

And unless you have some questions on that previous bit...

NOW ON TO THE NITTY GRITTY DETAILS



Play Along at Home!

Feel free to checkout the SendWithUs Startup Slam project:

```
> git clone git@github.com:Pretio/startupslam.git
```

Crack open a Terminal Window, and play along locally trying out the commands!



Good Commit Messages

	COMMENT	DATE
○	CREATED MAIN LOOP & TIMING CONTROL	14 HOURS AGO
○	ENABLED CONFIG FILE PARSING	9 HOURS AGO
○	MISC BUGFIXES	5 HOURS AGO
○	CODE ADDITIONS/EDITS	4 HOURS AGO
○	MORE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
○	HERE HAVE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
○	AAAAAAA	3 HOURS AGO
○	ADKFJSLKDFJSDKLFJ	3 HOURS AGO
○	MY HANDS ARE TYPING WORDS	2 HOURS AGO
○	HAAAAAAAAAANDS	2 HOURS AGO

AS A PROJECT DRAGS ON, MY GIT COMMIT
MESSAGES GET LESS AND LESS INFORMATIVE.

Good Commit Messages: Why

- commit messages are **passive** forms of communication with all temporal versions of you and the members of your team
- best case scenario when you write a bad commit message is that it is ignored
- in an emergency situation (say a rollback) no one wants to read the code associated with a commit



Good Commit Messages: How

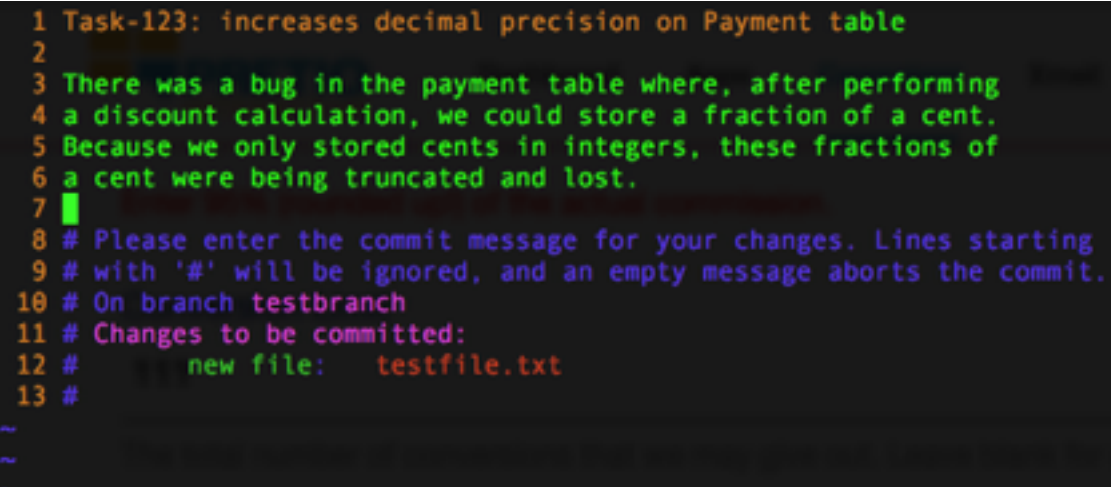
- limit the subject to 50 characters (note word-wrap on GitHub)
- if needed, add a paragraph description (using *git commit* instead of *git commit -m*)
- commit should explain ‘what’ and ‘why’
- the code explains ‘how’
- use the imperative mood: “This commit will....”



- see in github how words wrap funny - that's the character limit

Good Commit Messages: How

```
> git commit
```



```
1 Task-123: increases decimal precision on Payment table
2
3 There was a bug in the payment table where, after performing
4 a discount calculation, we could store a fraction of a cent.
5 Because we only stored cents in integers, these fractions of
6 a cent were being truncated and lost.
7
8 # Please enter the commit message for your changes. Lines starting
9 # with '#' will be ignored, and an empty message aborts the commit.
10 # On branch testbranch
11 # Changes to be committed:
12 #   new file:   testfile.txt
13 #
```

```
> git commit -m "Insert Message Here"
```



```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git commit -m "PRET-435: increases decimal precision on Payment table"
```

- first command opens the commit in your command line editor (Vim is pictured)
- second command is a shortcut for a quick message



Git logs and history: Why

- Lots of git tools that tell you what happened, when, and (if the person wrote good commit messages!) why
- Mission critical when you are working on a code base written by someone else
- Mission critical when you are working on a code base written by past you, and present you suspects past you was drunk



Git logs and history: How

> git log

```
bash pretio@worker:~/repo
commit 830518ae93ad1f56135af6498e006f34edb8c932
Author: Gregory Schier <gschier1990@gmail.com>
Date:   Fri Sep 18 12:29:31 2015 -0700

    Some tweaks

commit 3127417d3f0656ec5088d6194399228bf7b51268
Author: Noah Warder <nwarder@users.noreply.github.com>
Date:   Fri Sep 18 12:22:52 2015 -0700

    Update index.html

commit 1164461099f3a9ebcb35e206440c9456e4df855e
Author: Brad Van Vugt <bvanvugt@gmail.com>
Date:   Thu Sep 17 13:08:06 2015 -0700

    Add placeholders for workshop resources.

commit d94d7eb172176f1941c4364977ed73259644c538
Author: Gregory Schier <gschier1990@gmail.com>
Date:   Thu Sep 17 12:06:38 2015 -0700

    Silkstart Logo

commit 5879d3099507723030cb7a3453943edd27bac545
Author: Brad Van Vugt <bvanvugt@gmail.com>
Date:   Sun Sep 13 00:01:33 2015 -0700

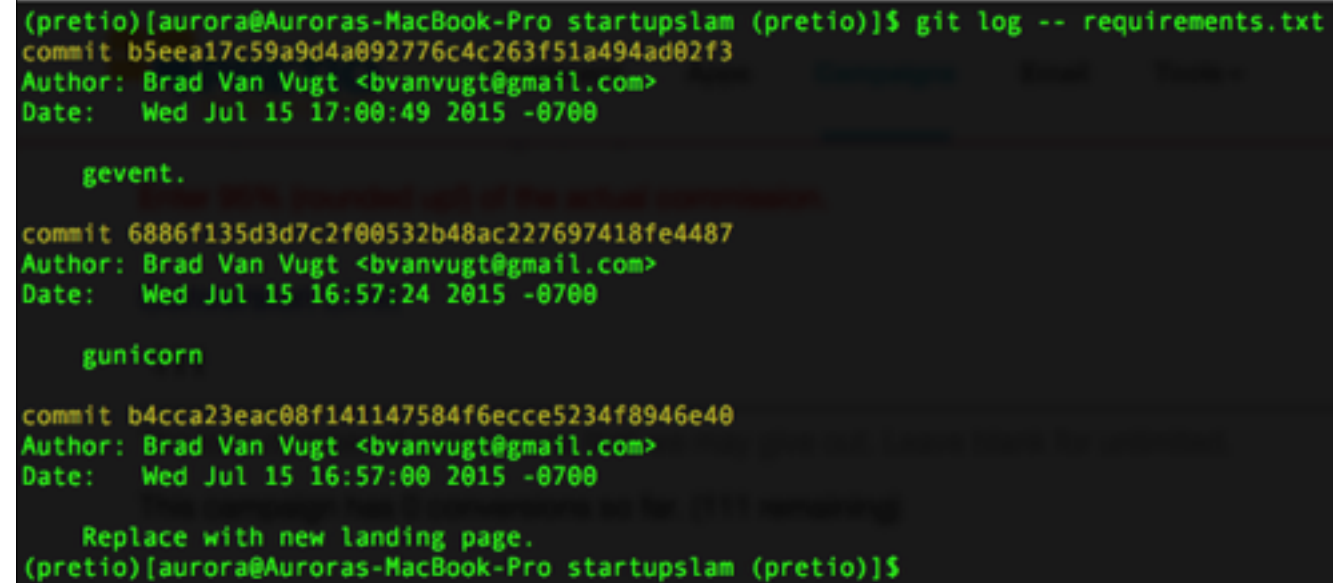
    Fix schedule ordering.
```



- standard historical log in reverse chronological order
- this log is taken from the startupslam git repo. I'll leave judgement of the quality of the log to the reader.
- NOTE THE HASH OF THE COMMIT (used for other commands)

Git logs and history: How

```
> git log -- <filename>
```

A terminal window screenshot showing the output of the command 'git log -- requirements.txt'. The output lists three commits by Brad Van Vugt. The first commit (b5eea17c59a9d4a092776c4c263f51a494ad02f3) is for 'gevent.'. The second commit (6886f135d3d7c2f00532b48ac227697418fe4487) is for 'unicorn'. The third commit (b4cca23eac08f141147584f6ecce5234f8946e40) is for 'Replace with new landing page.'.

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro startupslam (pretio)]$ git log -- requirements.txt
commit b5eea17c59a9d4a092776c4c263f51a494ad02f3
Author: Brad Van Vugt <bvanvugt@gmail.com>
Date:   Wed Jul 15 17:00:49 2015 -0700

    gevent.

commit 6886f135d3d7c2f00532b48ac227697418fe4487
Author: Brad Van Vugt <bvanvugt@gmail.com>
Date:   Wed Jul 15 16:57:24 2015 -0700

    unicorn

commit b4cca23eac08f141147584f6ecce5234f8946e40
Author: Brad Van Vugt <bvanvugt@gmail.com>
Date:   Wed Jul 15 16:57:00 2015 -0700

    Replace with new landing page.
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro startupslam (pretio)]$
```

- specify by filename for just the history on that file/folder (works ESPECIALLY great on deleted files, and trying to figure out when a file got deleted)
- Note equivalent PyCharm hack: right-click on file, git -> history

Git logs and history: How

```
> git blame -- <filename>
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro startupslam (pretio)]$ git blame -- app.py
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 1) import bottle
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 2)
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 3)
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 4) @bottle.get('/')
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 5) def index():
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 6)     return bottle.static_file('index.html', root='')
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 7)
8997fbc3 (Dylan Moore 2015-08-23 11:00:33 -0700 8) @bottle.get('/static/<filepath:path>')
8997fbc3 (Dylan Moore 2015-08-23 11:00:33 -0700 9) def server_static(filepath):
8997fbc3 (Dylan Moore 2015-08-23 11:00:33 -0700 10)     return bottle.static_file(filepath, root='static')
8997fbc3 (Dylan Moore 2015-08-23 11:00:33 -0700 11)
b4cca23e (Brad Van Vugt 2015-07-15 16:57:00 -0700 12) application = bottle.default_app()
```



- Show who changed exactly what line in what commit (shortened hash, but usable most anywhere you can use a commit)

Git logs and history: How

```
> git show <commit>
```

```
commit 8e3044be192843e235ef4a11a1faecb272012b5a
Author: Aurora Walker <aurora.walker@pretiointeractive.com>
Date:   Wed Mar 4 13:39:49 2015 -0800

    Updating deploy scripts and ansible playbook for rolling deploys

diff --git a/.gitignore b/.gitignore
index 7c84665..8d70b2d 100644
--- a/.gitignore
+++ b/.gitignore
@@ -56,5 +56,8 @@ node_modules
 bower_components
 .module-cache
+
+#Mac specific files
+.DS_Store
+
+# Pycharm specific project files
+.idea/
diff --git a/deploy/app.yml b/deploy/app.yml
index d5a5e29..cd1e3c2 100644
--- a/deploy/app.yml
+++ b/deploy/app.yml
@@ -17,7 +17,8 @@
- api
```



- Full diff of a commit with all changes
- minus sign means a removal, plus sign means an addition
- practically speaking the file dif on GitHub is much more user friendly

Git logs and history: How

```
> git show --name-only <commit>
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git show --name-only 8e3044be192843e235ef4a11a1faecb272012b5a
commit 8e3044be192843e235ef4a11a1faecb272012b5a
Author: Aurora Walker <aurora.walker@pretiointeractive.com>
Date:   Wed Mar 4 13:39:49 2015 -0800

    Updating deploy scripts and ansible playbook for rolling deploys

.gitignore
deploy/app.yml
deploy/ec2.yml
deploy/group_vars/all
deploy/requirements.txt
deploy/roles/api/tasks/main.yml
deploy/roles/celery-base/tasks/main.yml
deploy/roles/webserver/tasks/main.yml
deploy/roles/webserver/templates/conf/nginx.conf
deploy/roles/webserver/templates/init/gunicorn.conf
deploy/roles/webserver/templates/init/nginx.conf
deploy/roles/webserver/vars/main.yml
deploy/scripts/provision
deploy/staging.yml
fabfile/deploy.py
fabfile/eb.py
fabfile/server.py
fabfile/utils.py
requirements.txt
```

- Show all files changed in a given commit
 - Disclaimer: 8e3044be192843e235ef4a11a1faecb272012b5a I use PyCharm to tell me these things rather than use the command line
- DEMO IN PYCHARM HOW TO DO THIS EASIER

Git logs and history: How

```
> git revert <commit>  
//creates an 'opposite' commit that un-do's
```

```
commit ae910895f6fdcf02bc96670416c9d412c9ef5082  
Author: Aurora Walker <aurora.walker@pretiointeractive.com>  
Date:   Wed Sep 23 15:43:58 2015 -0700  
  
    Revert "PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp"  
  
    This reverts commit 2e9a1af4636bb5970e8763fa02aff1a696650cb6.  
  
commit 2e9a1af4636bb5970e8763fa02aff1a696650cb6  
Author: Aurora Walker <aurora.walker@pretiointeractive.com>  
Date:   Tue Sep 22 09:23:55 2015 -0700  
  
    PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
  
commit e558475d2c3c1fa39c93b608b474abd481e4df41  
Merge: b24d849 71247e0  
Author: Carl Stubens <carl@stubens.ca>  
Date:   Wed Sep 23 12:09:28 2015 -0700  
  
    Merge pull request #445 from Pretio/PRET-396-funnel-summary
```



Git logs and history: How

```
> git reflog  
// different from log! 'Personal' history
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git reflog  
ae91089 HEAD@{0}: revert: Revert "PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp"  
2e9a1af HEAD@{1}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9d09113 HEAD@{2}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
990e791 HEAD@{3}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
2ee5f95 HEAD@{4}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
d4d7652 HEAD@{5}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9adf584 HEAD@{6}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
271de52 HEAD@{7}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
33b4cdd HEAD@{8}: rebase finished: returning to refs/heads/PRET-435  
33b4cdd HEAD@{9}: pull --rebase: PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
e558475 HEAD@{10}: pull --rebase: checkout e558475d2c3c1fa39c93b608b474abd481e4df41  
d7bff4c HEAD@{11}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
a902041 HEAD@{12}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
e259fb4 HEAD@{13}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9c0d24f HEAD@{14}: rebase finished: returning to refs/heads/PRET-435  
9c0d24f HEAD@{15}: pull --rebase: PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
b24d849 HEAD@{16}: pull --rebase: checkout b24d849df1bc4202d67ff6854004189be9a97195  
948ead2 HEAD@{17}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
e71138b HEAD@{18}: checkout: moving from master to PRET-435  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{19}: checkout: moving from PRET-435 to master  
e71138b HEAD@{20}: checkout: moving from master to PRET-435  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{21}: checkout: moving from testbranch to master  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{22}: checkout: moving from master to testbranch  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{23}: checkout: moving from testbranch to master  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{24}: checkout: moving from master to testbranch  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{25}: rebase finished: returning to refs/heads/master  
c6f8cf3 HEAD@{26}: pull --rebase: checkout c6f8cf3ea76443bfd6f5ad8b61a0c599e7c0fb6
```



- more like a history of your actions (across all branches)
- allows you to move back and forth within your personal timeline

Git logs and history: How

```
> git reset HEAD@{#}  
// go to a specific state in your reflog (local)
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git reset HEAD@{9}  
Unstaged changes after reset:  
M    pretio/config/env.py  
M    pretio/database/webhooks/voleo_mailchimp.py  
M    test/database/webhooks/voleo_mailchimp_test.py  
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git reflog  
33b4cdd HEAD@{0}: reset: moving to HEAD@{9}  
2e9a1af HEAD@{1}: reset: moving to HEAD^  
ae91089 HEAD@{2}: revert: Revert "PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp"  
2e9a1af HEAD@{3}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9d09113 HEAD@{4}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
990e791 HEAD@{5}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
2ee5f95 HEAD@{6}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
d4d7652 HEAD@{7}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9adf584 HEAD@{8}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
271de52 HEAD@{9}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
33b4cdd HEAD@{10}: rebase finished: returning to refs/heads/PRET-435  
33b4cdd HEAD@{11}: pull --rebase: PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp
```



- Go to a specific point in time, but preserves time
- Note that it bumps everything up in the list!
- This is the master tool of fixing shit

Git logs and history: How

```
> git reset --soft HEAD^  
// --soft leaves changes in 'status'
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git reset --soft HEAD^  
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git reflog  
2e9a1af HEAD@{0}: reset: moving to HEAD^  
ae91089 HEAD@{1}: revert: Revert "PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp"  
2e9a1af HEAD@{2}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9d09113 HEAD@{3}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
990e791 HEAD@{4}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
2ee5f95 HEAD@{5}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
d4d7652 HEAD@{6}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
9adf584 HEAD@{7}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
271de52 HEAD@{8}: commit (amend): PRET-435: adds custom webhook for Voleo and MailChimp  
33b4cdd HEAD@{9}: rebase finished: returning to refs/heads/PRET-435
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (PRET-435)]$ git status  
On branch PRET-435  
Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 1 commit.  
(use "git push" to publish your local commits)  
  
Changes to be committed:  
(use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)  
  
    modified:   pretio/config/env.py  
    modified:   pretio/database/__init__.py  
    modified:   pretio/database/webhooks/__init__.py  
    deleted:    pretio/database/webhooks/voleo_mailchimp.py  
    modified:   pretio/database/webhooks/webhook.py  
    deleted:    test/database/webhooks/voleo_mailchimp_test.py
```



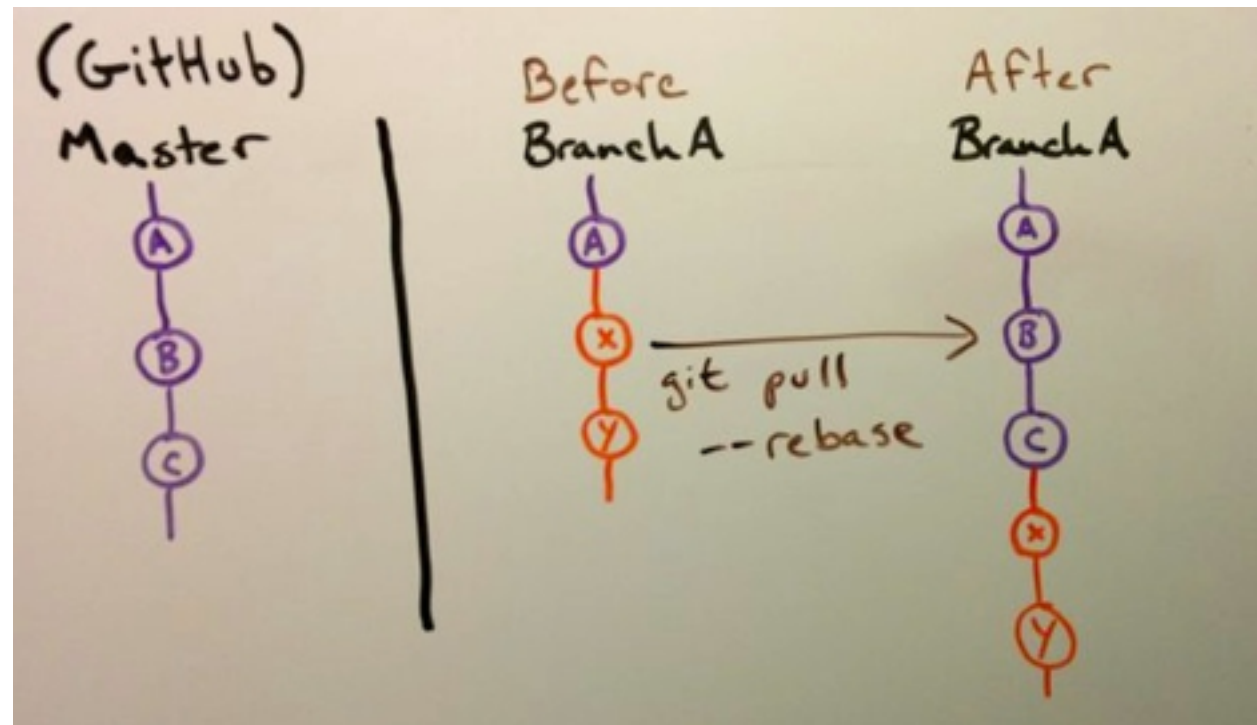
- common shortcut to undo the last HEAD{0} (Often known as 'undo last commit')
- the - - soft "leaves all your changed files" as seen in 'git status'
- using —hard resets the index and working tree, any changes to tracked files are discarded.

git rebase vs git merge

- Sometimes folks are... passionate about which is “better”
- Just two different tools for two different jobs



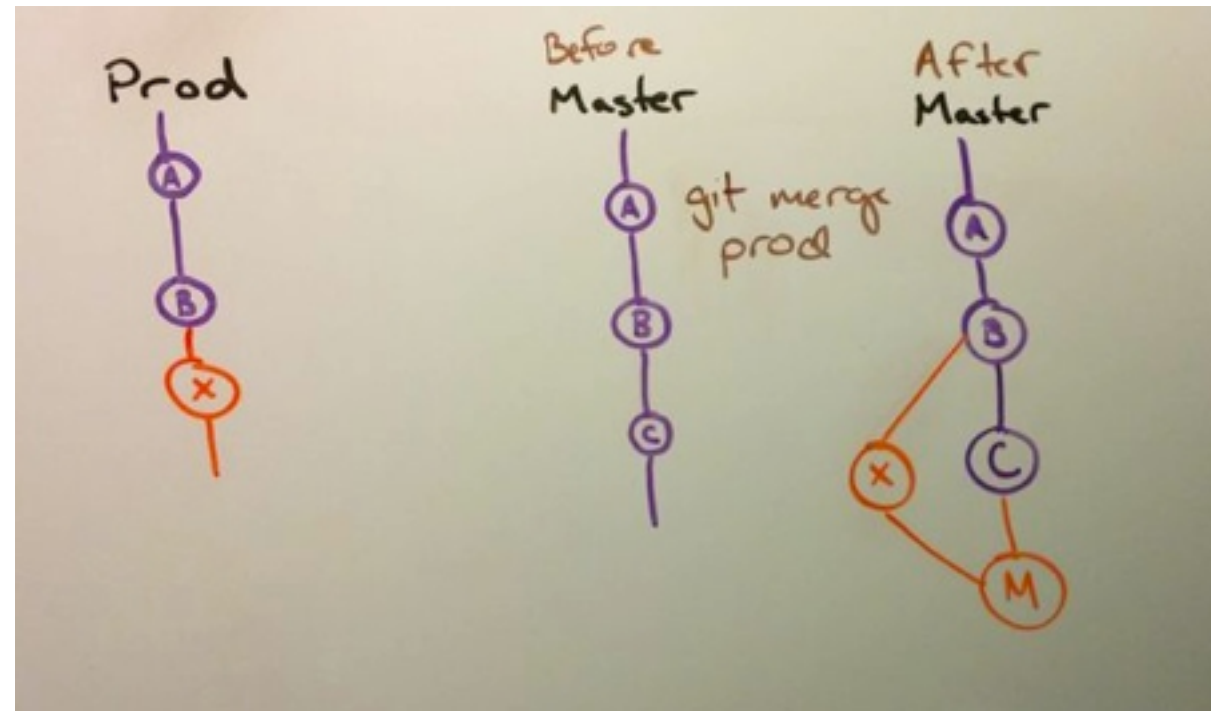
git rebase



- BranchA is tracking origin/master
- great for pulling down changes from your origin/upstream
- puts your current work on top of any changes that have been made since you ran checkout



git merge



- 'M' is a new commit indicating the 'merge'
- this method keeps track of the time of 'checkout'
- Note: both merge and rebase need to handle code conflicts!



Bonus Log Command to Visualize Merges

```
> git log --oneline --decorate --graph
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (branch_b)]$ git log --oneline --decorate --graph
* 8334bed (HEAD, branch_b) Merge branch 'branch_a' into branch_b
|\
| * 7dc8036 (branch_a) a2 on a
| * 6af3129 a1 on a
| * 129ff9f b2 on b
| * dc027e3 b1 on b'
|/
* 706036a (origin/production, origin/master, origin/HEAD, master) Merge pull request #449 f
|\
| * c710f5e Disable experimental celery errors slack integration
| * 7f9c6c6 Run funnel sumamry validation in the correct queue
|/
* c7d581d Merge pull request #446 from Pretio/PRET-396_funnel_summary
|\
```



- this git log command helps illustrate the branching in the drawings
- note this is on a branch_b that merged in changes from a branch_a

git stash

- Take unstaged changes (i.e. what you see when you type *git status* and before you run *git commit*) and... hides them. Somewhere.
- A stack of stashed things accessible from any branch on your local, use it to experiment, put things away temporarily etc.



git stash

```
> git stash          //stash unstaged changes
> git stash list     //show everything stashed
> git stash pop      //un-stash the top item
```

```
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.

Changes not staged for commit:
  (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
  (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

        modified:   README.md

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$ git stash
Saved working directory and index state WIP on master: 706036a Merge pull request #449 from Pretio/PRET-396_funnel_summary
HEAD is now at 706036a Merge pull request #449 from Pretio/PRET-396_funnel_summary
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.

nothing to commit, working directory clean
(pretio)[aurora@Auroras-MacBook-Pro pretio (master)]$ git stash list
stash@{0}: WIP on master: 706036a Merge pull request #449 from Pretio/PRET-396_funnel_summary
```



A safer way to push with force...

```
> git push origin --force  
// force pushing is destructive and kills  
// work that doesn't match your local history
```



- sometimes there are legit reasons to git push —force, but it is a really destructive action that can overwrite history and loose work, and it's dangerous and easy to make a mistake

A safer way to push with force...

```
> git push origin --force-with-lease

// checks to see if the force-push is
// destructive and alerts you
```

A full writeup of how force with lease works here:

<https://developer.atlassian.com/blog/2015/04/force-with-lease/>



—force with lease is a lot safer (but not 100% fool proof!) and should be your default instead

Got that? Good. Now it's time for the interactive part...

**LETS ALL COMMIT CODE AND
SEE WHAT HAPPENS!**

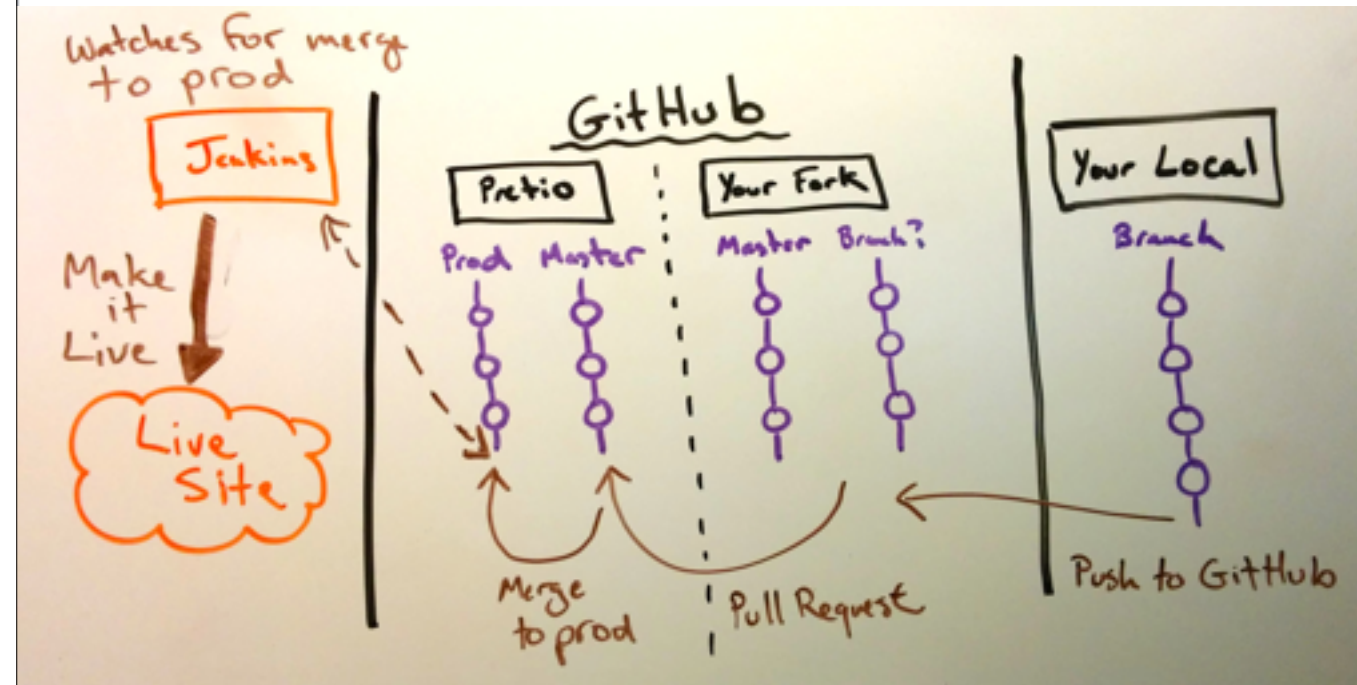


Interactive Project

- We set up a GitHub repo:
 - https://github.com/Pretio/startup_slam_2015_website
- We have a fake 'JIRA Task Board' with simple tasks to complete.
- You guys get to team up, code up the task, do some code review, and get your code merged.
- Write code solo, in teams, do code review etc. Work together!
- The GitHub repo is also hooked up to Jenkins so it will deploy code LIVE.
- We're not 100% sure what will happen. It'll probably be great.
- Treat the Pretio Team as 'Project Managers'. Feel free to ask for clarification, help etc.



Visual Aid



Sources/Reference/Reading

Thanks To:

<http://chris.beams.io/posts/git-commit/>

// A nice write up on writing good commit messages

<http://nvie.com/posts/a-successful-git-branching-model/>

//The classic document referencing the Git Branching model

<https://github.com/blog/2019-how-to-undo-almost-anything-with-git>

// Notes on handling 'oh no what have I done' situations

<https://developer.atlassian.com/blog/2015/04/force-with-lease/>

//Write up on how force-with-lease works

Tools:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/>

//Nice development IDE's for a variety of languages with great git integration

Further Reading:

<https://scotch.io/bar-talk/git-cheat-sheet>

// Fantastic Git Cheat sheet for reference

<https://codewords.recurse.com/issues/two/git-from-the-inside-out>

// Knowing how Git works will level up your Git Wizardy

<http://git-scm.com/docs>

//The actual documentation on Git commands

<http://git-scm.com/book/en/v2>

//The official Pro Git book for free

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_continuous_integration_software

// Jenkins-like tools and alternatives

