

# ASYCONT-600 System Controller

## User Manual

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## Abbreviations

FPGA	<u>F</u> ield <u>P</u> rogrammable Gate Array
DO	<u>D</u> igital <u>O</u> utput
NWA	<u>N</u> et <u>w</u> ork <u>A</u> nalyzer
PC	<u>P</u> ersonal <u>C</u> omputer
TTL	<u>T</u> ransistor <u>T</u> ransistor <u>L</u> ogic
USB	<u>U</u> niversal <u>S</u> erial <u>B</u> us

Document History		
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1.0 beta	Jul 25, 2019	Initial



## 1. Safety Instructions and Warnings

Without claiming completeness the following safety warnings and guidelines apply.



### **Warning**

Unintentional movements of the motors may lead to danger of life, serious personal injury or property damage.

Follow the safety instructions of the test system.

---



### **Warning**

Comply with safety rules and safety standards of the country in which this equipment will be used.

---



### **Warning**

This device contains potentially dangerous voltages and currents.

---

## 2. About this Manual

This use manual describes options and the functional concepts of the ASYCONT-600 system controller as well as the remote control application and the remote control interface.

Chapters 1 to 12 describe the basic options and the functional concepts.

Chapter 13, ASYCONT 600 Remote Application contains the description of the controllers user interface which provides access to all controller functions. The application may run on the controller display (optional) or on client PC's or tablets connected to the system network.

Remote operation and the remote interface is outlined in chapter 14, Remote Operation.

### 3. Overview

Asycont 600 is a system controller designed primary for antenna measurement and test systems. The main purpose is the control of time critical motion control tasks and the coordination with trigger/control of RF instrumentation and fast RF switches.

#### 3.1 Front Panel Description



*Fig 1: Controller Front Panel*

##### Ethernet - RJ45

The front panel Ethernet connector is mainly intended for service and maintenance of the controller. Default IP address is 192.168.0.100.

##### USB – USB Type A

##### USER MANUAL

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Allows firmware updates from USB memory device.

#### Power

Main power switch of the controller.

#### Emergency Stop

The emergency stop switch is connected to the integrated safety. If available, the switch is connected to the emergency switch loop of the measurement system.

#### Acknowledge

The acknowledge button for acknowledge of emergency stop and controller errors.

#### Maintenance/Operational

The maintenance/operational switch changes between the two operational states.

#### Operational LED

Controller operational status LED, see Operational Mode and Signaling for description.

#### Warning LED

Controller warning status LED, see Operational Mode and Signaling for description.

#### Error LED

Controller error status LED, see Operational Mode and Signaling for description.

## 3.2 Rear Panel Description

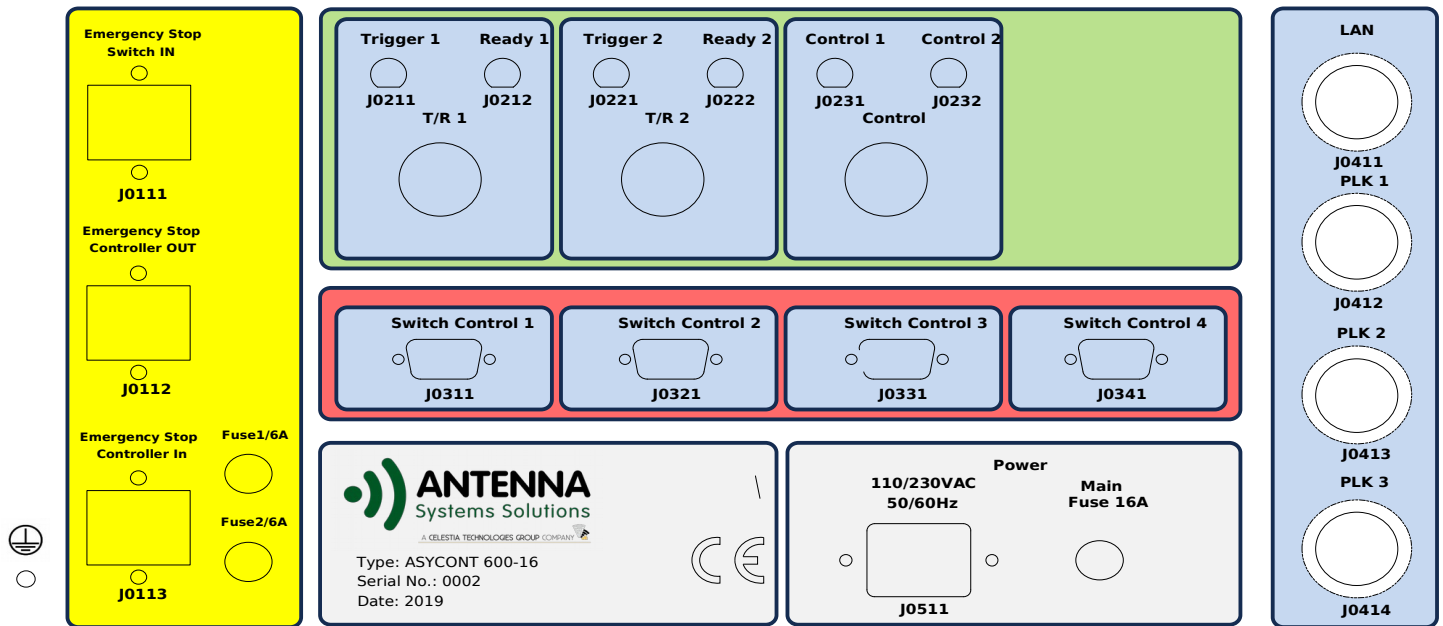


Fig 2: Controller Rear Panel

### Emergency Stop

Connection to external emergency stop or safety logic.

J0111 - Emergency Stop Switch IN

Connects the controller to the external emergency switch loop. If no external emergency switches are used the connector needs to be terminated by a dummy plug to close the safety loop.

J0112 – Emergency Stop Controller OUT

Emergency stop output to an external controller. If no external controller is connected the connector needs to be terminated by a dummy plug to close the safety loop.

J0113 – Emergency Stop Controller IN

Emergency stop input from an external controller. If no external controller is connected the connector needs to be terminated by a dummy plug to close the safety loop.

### Trigger/Control Group

Input and output connectors of this group provide access to the fast trigger/control signals.

J0211 - Trigger 1 (BNC)

Trigger output of TR resource #1

J0212 – Ready 1 (BNC)

Ready input of TR resource #1

J0221 - Trigger 2 (BNC)

Trigger output of TR resource #2

J0222 – Ready 2 (BNC)

Ready input of TR resource #2

J0231 – Control 1 (BNC)

Control/trigger output of TR resource 3

J0232 – Control 2 (BNC)

Control/trigger output of TR resource 4

### **Switch Control**

The outputs of the internal control lines for non real-time functions.

J0311 – Switch Control 1 (SUB-D, 9pol, female)

24V/0.5A control outputs of DO control, DO1...DO4

J0321 – Switch Control 2 (SUB-D, 9pol, female)

24V/0.5A control outputs of DO control, DO5...DO8

J0331 – Switch Control 3 (SUB-D, 9pol, female)

24V/0.5A control outputs of DO control, DO9...DO12

J0341 – Switch Control 4 (SUB-D, 9pol, female)

24V/0.5A control outputs of DO control, DO13...DO16

## **Power**

J0511 – Mains Plug (C14)

110/230V AC, 50/60Hz

Main Fuse

## **Network**

Network access for remote operation and maintenance as well as connection to the system by the real-time bus.

J0411 – LAN (RJ45)

100Mbit/s Fast Ethernet , default address 10.0.0.20

J0412 – PLK 1 (RJ45)

Powerlink real-time bus

J0413 – PLK 2 (RJ45)

Powerlink real-time bus

J0414 – PLK 3 (RJ45)

Powerlink real-time bus

## 4. Specifications and Options

### 4.1 Physical

Cabinet Dimensions and Physical Data	
Height	310.35 mm / 7U
Width	448.9 mm
Depth	495.5 mm
Weight	20 kg

Table 1: Cabinet Dimensions.

Environmental Specifications	
Temperature Operation Storage Transport	0°C to 55°C -20°C to 60°C -20°C to 60°C
Humidity	Max 90%, non-condensing
Depth	495.5 mm
Weight	20 kg
Electrical Supply	110/230V, 50/60Hz, 6 A

Table 2: Environmental Specifications.

### 4.2 Motion Control

Max Nb. of Axes: unlimited<sup>1</sup>

Motion Modes: single axis motion, simultaneous motion of all axes  
coordinated/synchronized motion of multiple axes  
arbitrary trajectories

Position Correction: multi axis system position correction available for all axes, based on correction tables, up to 10 dimensions

<sup>1</sup> Limited only by controller memory and resources; some special functions may be limited to a maximum number of axes



Position Capture:      real-time position capture of axis position  
                                  unlimited capture period  
                                  in parallel with other controller/motion functions  
                                  time stamped

## 4.3 Real-Time Trigger and Control Signals<sup>2</sup>

The controller includes 4 fast digital outputs and 2 inputs. Outputs can be controlled as a function of axis motion, by remote interface commands or by external trigger inputs.

Additional external output modules can be connected to the system bus (optional) and are synchronized to controller internal signals.

The trigger and control signals can be synchronized to coordinate triggering and switching of RF instrumentation, fast RF switches or antenna systems.

Signal Level:	5V TTL, 50 mA
Time Resolution:	20 ns
Min Time between Pulses:	8, 16 or 24 $\mu$ s??? TBD
Control Modes:	direct control by remote interface commands external trigger signal position based trigger/ready time measurement
Output Type:	non latching latching, 1 to 16 states
Application Examples:	on-point or on-sweep trigger of RF instrumentation fast control of pin-switches up to 4 nested loops of trigger/control signals timing measurements of RF instruments

## 4.4 Option 1, Integrated Display

A 10.4" panel PC with touch screen integrated in the controller provides full access to all controller functions. The PC runs the same ASYCONT 600 remote application used to control the controller from a tablet, laptop or desktop PC.

---

2      Specification applies to standard controller; optimizations and specializations available on request

## 4.5 Option 2, External Real-Time Trigger and Control Units

An external real-time trigger and control unit adds 4 fast digital outputs to the system. The unit can be connected at any location of the system bus. The outputs are synchronized to the internal controller outputs and follow the same specification.

Up to 2 external units can be connected to controller, cp chapter 5.1.2, Distributed Digital Output and Real-Time Control.

Time Jitter between Controller and ext. Control Modules:  $<1\mu s$

## 4.6 Option 3, Digital Outputs<sup>3</sup>

Digital outputs are directly controlled by remote interface commands; application examples are control of electromechanical RF switches or amplifiers. Outputs may be located in the controller or externally, cp chapter 5.1.2, Distributed Digital Output and Real-Time Control.

Signal Level:	24V, 0.5A
Nb. of Outputs (controller):	16
Nb. of supported ext. Outputs:	32

## 4.7 Option 4, Integrated Safety

Safety logic integrated into the system bus for implementation of safety functions according to machine guideline 2006/42/EG. The safety logic disables all system drives in case of a safety issue in accordance with machine guideline 2006/42/EG. Safety functions include safe deceleration until stop followed by de-energizing of the drives.

Integration into the system bus allows distribution of safety functions through a fiber optical system bus.

Internal Emergency Stop:	1
Link to External Safety Logic:	1
External Emergency Stop Loop <sup>4</sup> :	1 (allows to connect multiple switches in a loop)

Additional emergency stop switches can be connected by external DI modules to the system bus at arbitrary locations in the system.

<sup>3</sup> Additional outputs available on request

<sup>4</sup> Additional safety functions on request

## 5. Distributed Control Concept

The ASYCONT-600 system controller is the core of a distributed control system. In a distributed control system the drives, digital output units and trigger/control units may be located at different places in the measurement system. The controller connects to each unit via a real-time bus that provides tight time synchronization of the remote units and the system controller.

The use of a single real-time bus system minimizes wiring efforts and the possibility to use fiber optical links provides an efficient way to penetrate the shielding of the measurement chamber.

### 5.1.1 Distributed Motion Control

Typically, each axis has its own drive system (power supply, servo amplifier, ...) located closed to the motor.

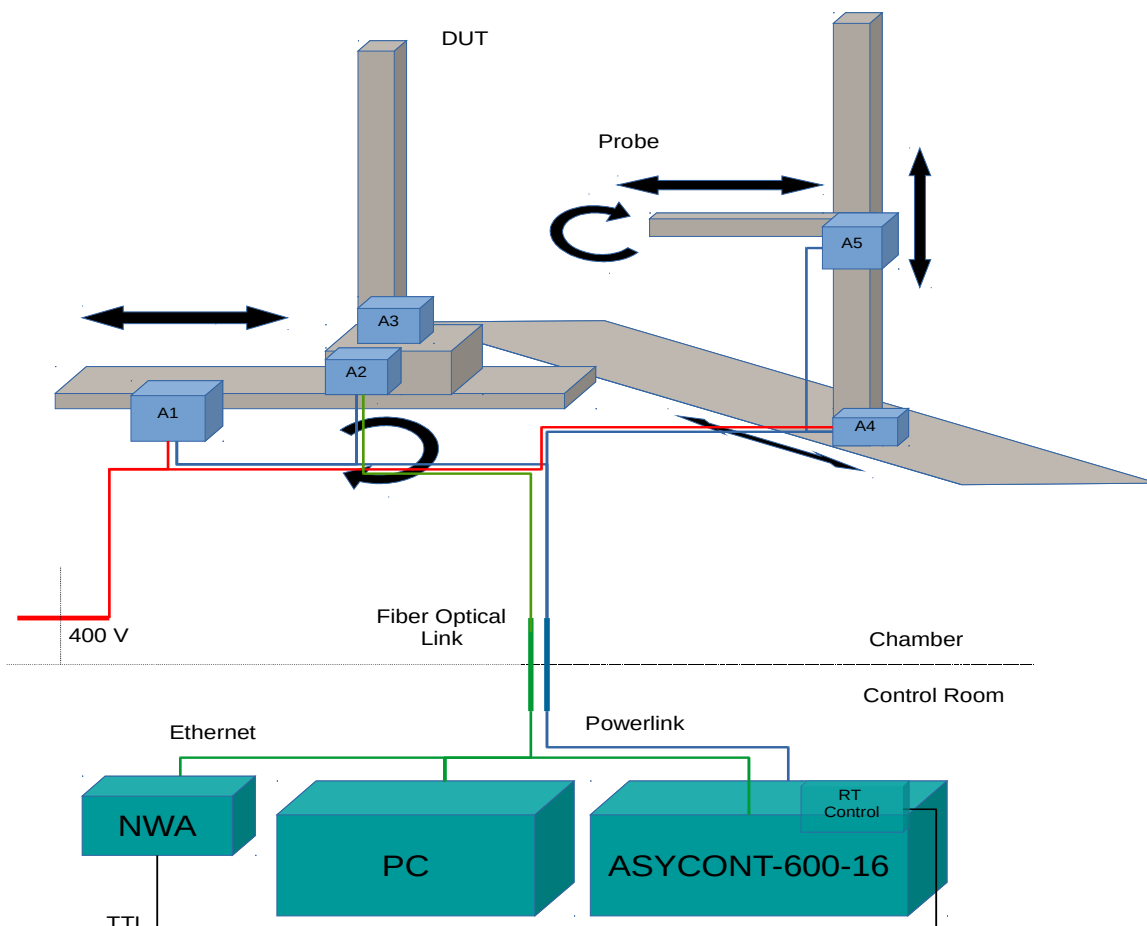


Fig 3: Distributed control example, NWA in control room.

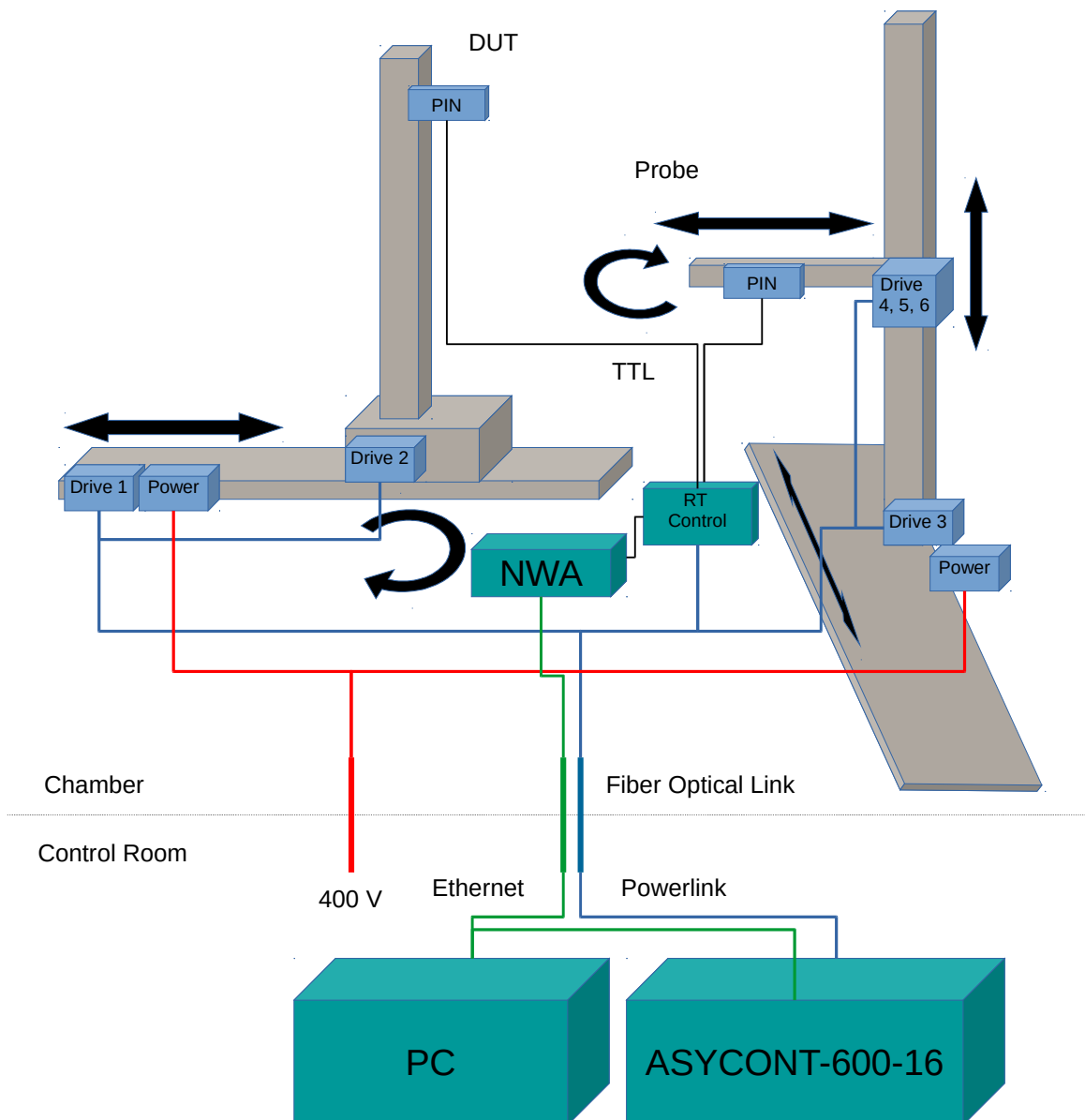
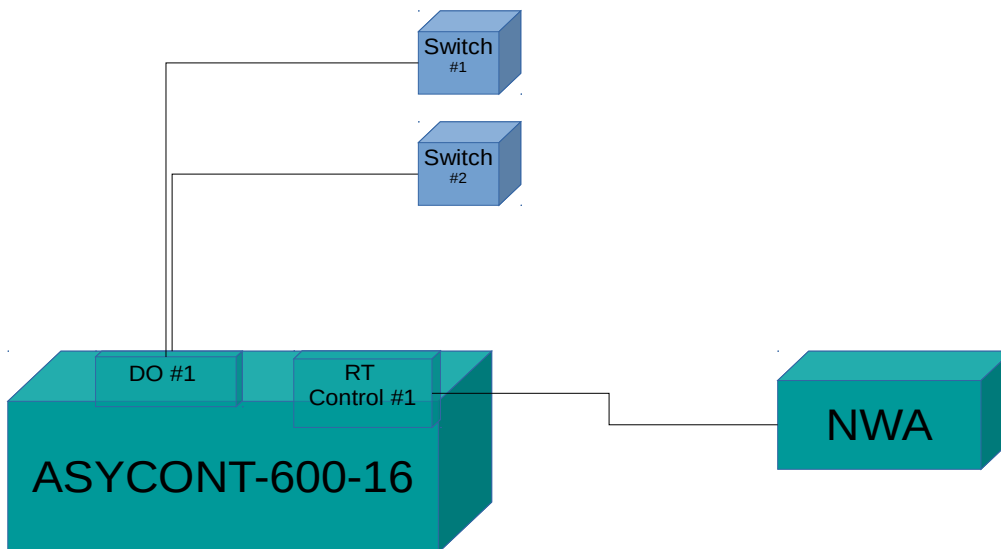


Fig 4: Distributed control example, NWA in chamber.

### 5.1.2 Distributed Digital Output and Real-Time Control

The controller contains an optional digital output unit and an FPGA based real-time trigger/control unit.

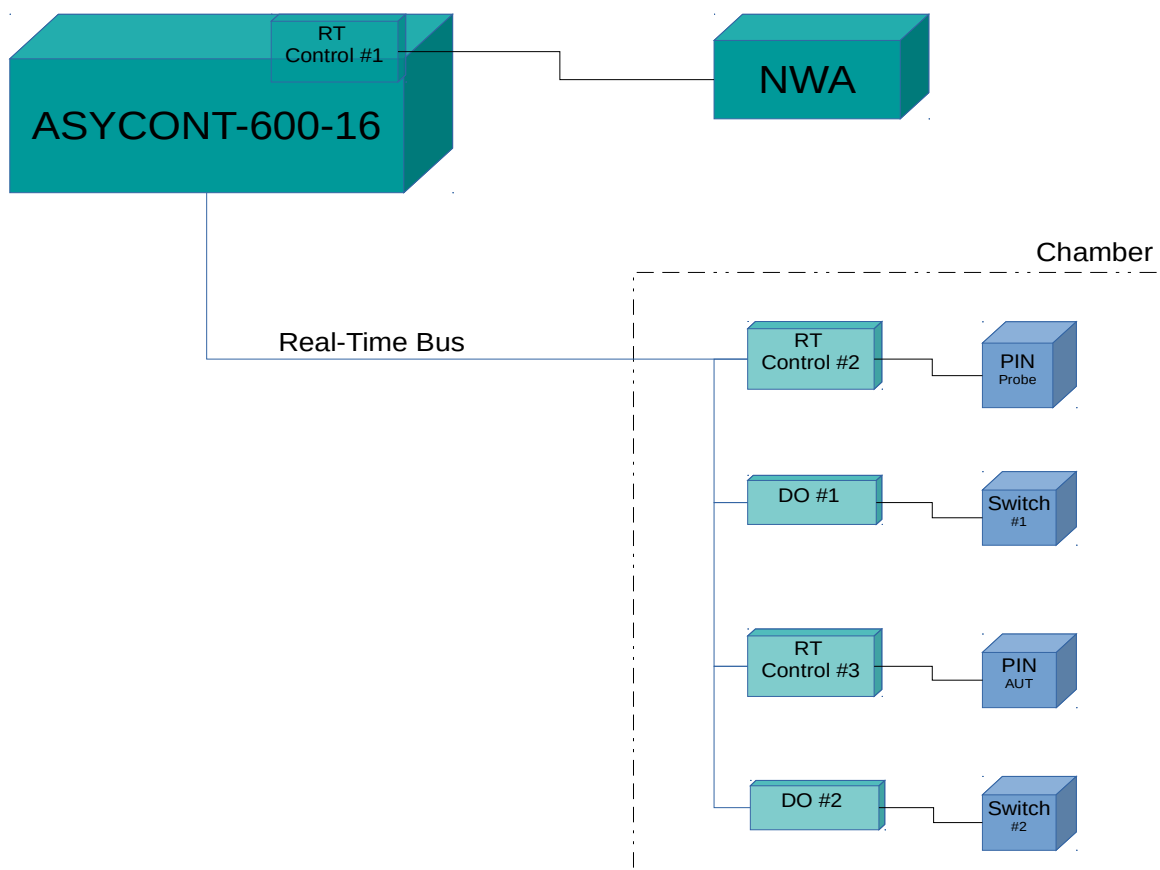
The DO unit is typically used for control of RF switches or amplifiers. The fast trigger/control unit allows fast and deterministic control and synchronization of the RF instruments and PIN switches. Fig 5 shows an example configuration.



*Fig 5: DO and Trigger/Control Connected to Standard Controller*

Optionally, additional digital output units or real-time units may be connected to the bus and can be distributed over the measurement system. A typical configuration contains a real-time unit closed to the AUT and closed to the probe/feed antenna for pin-switch control and one or more digital output modules to control the RF path or for amplifier or measurement mode selection, see Fig 6.

See chapter 11, Trigger System and Fast Real-Time Control for a detailed description.



*Fig 6: Distributed System Control with External Control Units*

## 6. Integrated Safety

### 6.1 Configuration and Connectivity

The safety functions are integrated into the system bus and disable all system drives in case of an emergency stop event. The integration into the real-time bus allows to connect safety switches and the enable inputs of the drives by means of a single fiber optical link from the controller to the system so as to minimize wiring and shielding issues.

One emergency stop button is integrated directly into the front panel of the controller. A loop of external emergency stop buttons can be connected directly via the *EM-Stop Switch* connector on the rear panel. Note that the EM-Stop Switch connector needs to be bypassed by a special connector if no external switches are connected.

Additional EM-Stop buttons can be connected to the safety logic by means of the real-time bus and *Safe DI Units* that may be located at arbitrary positions of the measurement system.

A connection to an external safety logic can be established by the *EM-Stop Controller IN* and *EM-Stop Controller OUT* connectors. This can be used, for example, to integrate the safety logic of an external motion control system. The EM-Stop Controller OUT connector provides the state of the safety logic to the external logic. The EM-Stop Controller IN connector expects the state of the external logic. Note that both connectors need to be bypassed by special connectors if the external safety logic is not connected.

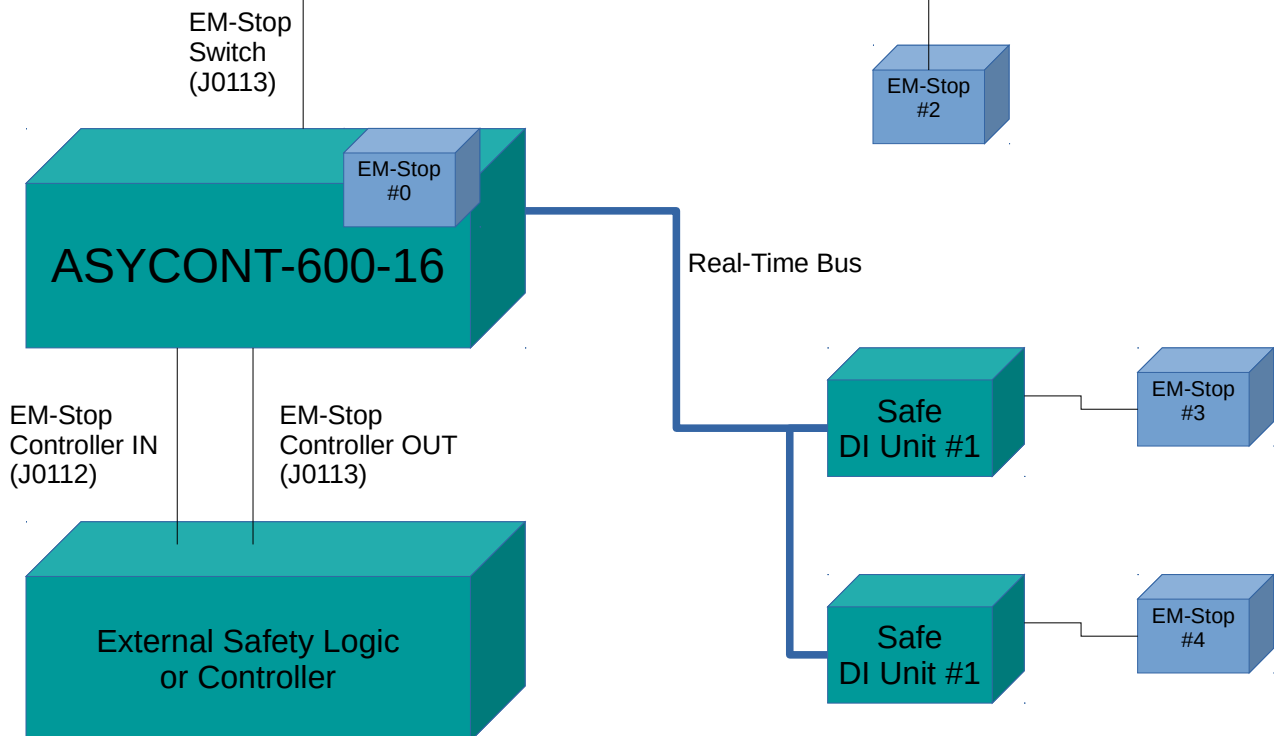


Fig 7: Integrated safety connectivity

## 6.2 Emergency Stop Operation

### Triggering an EM-Stop

An emergency stop of the system can be triggered from any of the connected EM-Stop buttons or from a remote command, for instance from the remote application.



#### Warning

Triggering the emergency stop from the remote interface or from the remote application does not comply with applicable safety standards. This function is provided for convenience only.



On emergency stop all axes are decelerated with maximum deceleration to a stop. After a short delay to allow for deceleration the drives are disabled and de-energized. If applicable, the brakes are closes. The controller enters the *EM-Stop Active* state.

### **EM-Stop Active State**

The EM-Stop Active state is indicated by the continuous red LED on the front panel of the controller.

All drivers remain disabled and the brakes remain closed.

The digital output logic and the fast real-time control functionality of the controller remain operational.

### **Acknowledge Emergency Stop**

The emergency stop needs to be acknowledged to enter the normal operational state.

To acknowledge the emergency stop first remove the emergency stop condition and pull out the emergency stop buttons if necessary. The emergency stop can be acknowledged by the *Acknowledge* button on the controller front panel or by a remote command, for example from the remote application.

In case an external safety logic is connected, first acknowledge the emergency stop of the controller, then acknowledge the external emergency stop logic, if applicable, then acknowledge the emergency stop of the controller a second time. This procedure is required to avoid mutual locking of the emergency stop logic.

### **Programming Commands**

```
<command name="EMStop" />  
<command name="AckEMStop" />
```

## 7. Configuration

### 7.1 Base Configuration

The *base configuration* of the controller contains elementary system settings and absolute system limits that are mostly related to the connected hardware and that cannot be modified by the operator or at run-time.

For the attributes *axis Type*, *Forward* and *Reverse Limit* the base configuration contains absolute limits that can be further reduced by the user configuration.

The base configuration contains:

System	
Number of Axes	The number of configured mechanical axes
RT Prog 1	<i>TrgSeq3</i>   <i>TrgSeqS4</i>   <i>TrgTR3OL</i>   <i>Trg4OL</i> Trigger control FPGA program for RT location 1.
RT Address 1	Powerlink address of RT module at location 1.
RT Prog 2	<i>TrgSeq3</i>   <i>TrgSeqS4</i>   <i>TrgTR3OL</i>   <i>Trg4OL</i> Trigger control FPGA program for RT location 2.
RT Address 2	Powerlink address of RT module at location 2.
RT Prog 3	<i>TrgSeq3</i>   <i>TrgSeqS4</i>   <i>TrgTR3OL</i>   <i>Trg4OL</i> Trigger control FPGA program for RT location 3.
RT Address 3	Powerlink address of RT module at location 3.
Axis <n>, with n=[1...Number of Axes]	
Name	Unique axis name
Unit	Axis unit. Only SI base units m and deg are supported.
Type	<i>Limited</i>   <i>Periodic</i> Linear axes are always limited, rotary axes may be limited or

	<p>periodic.</p> <p>A periodic axis can be changed to limited by the user configuration, but a limited axis remains limited.</p>
Forward Limit	<p>The absolute forward limit of the axis.</p> <p>The limit may be further reduced by the corresponding attribute of the user configuration, but the absolute forward limit cannot be exceeded.</p>
Reverse Limit	<p>The absolute reverse limit of the axis.</p> <p>The limit may be further reduced by the corresponding attribute of the user configuration, but the absolute reverse limit cannot be exceeded.</p>
Resolution	<p>The resolution of the underlying position feedback in axis unit. The value can be used to decide on truncation limits and to assign a number of digits for display purposes.</p>

*Table 3: Base Configuration parameters.*

The base configuration is stored in the file *baseconfig.xml* located in the user memory area of the controller and is loaded only once at start-up.

### 7.1.1 Real Time Control Modules

Up to 3 real-time control modules may be connected at different locations of the real-time bus. Each module contains 4 fast outputs and 2 fast inputs. The outputs are configured and controlled by the TR resources of the trigger system.

The first module is usually located in the controller and is responsible for control of the rf instrumentation. In contrast to the other locations the configured control real time program is dynamically exchanged with a special timing measurement program when applicable.

Different real-time programs are available and can be configured at the different locations to handle different control requirements. The programs mainly differ in the mapping of the TR outputs to the 4 physical output lines and the latching/non latching nature of the outputs.

### **TrgSeq3**

Trigger/control of the RF instrumentation, non-latching outputs, TR1 ... TR4 are directly mapped to the physical outputs

### **TrgTR2OL**

Control of PIN switch, latching outputs, up to 16 states are controlled by TR2, all 4 physical outputs are controlled

### **TrgTR3OL**

Control of PIN switch, latching outputs, up to 16 states are controlled by TR3, all 4 physical outputs are controlled

The *RT Addresses* 1 to 3 are the addresses of the fast real-time modules on the real-time bus and are system dependent.

## 7.2 User Configuration

In addition to the *base configuration* the *user configuration* is initially loaded at start-up, but can be changed by the operator or by remote commands at run-time to a certain extend.

The user configuration can be read at any time, but for safety reasons configuration changes are only possible in maintenance mode. The *Operational/Maintenance* switch at the controller needs to be set physically to *maintenance*.

The following user configuration parameter are available for each axis and allow to further restrict the corresponding values of the base configuration.

The user configuration is found in the file *config.xml* in the user memory area of the controller.

Axis <n>, with n=[1...Number of Axes]	
Max Velocity	The maximum axis velocity of the base configuration can be reduced.
Max Acceleration	The maximum axis acceleration of the base configuration can be reduced.
Max Deceleration	The maximum axis deceleration of the base configuration can be reduced.
Forward Limit	The absolute forward position limit of the base configuration can be changed to a value between the forward and reverse limits of the base configuration.
Reverse Limit	The absolute reverse position limit of the base configuration can be changed to a value between the forward and reverse limits of the base configuration.
Type	<p><i>Limited   Periodic</i></p> <p>Linear axes are always limited, rotary axes may be limited or periodic.</p> <p>If the base configuration is of type periodic the user configuration can change the type to limited and the forward and reverse position limits apply.</p> <p>A base configuration of type limited cannot be changed.</p>

Table 4: User Configuration Parameters.

The following user configuration parameters are independent of the base configuration.

## General

Axis <n>, with n=[1...Number of Axes]	
Power Mode	on   manual
Homing Mode	manual   auto  Auto starts the homing automatically at start-up. In manual mode the operator needs to issue the homing command.

*Table 5: User Configuration Parameters, General.*

## Position Correction Tables

Axis <n>, with n=[1...Number of Axes]	
Correction Table	The currently selected position correction table of the axis
Correction State	on   off  Set position correction state on or off
Correction Tables	Contains a list of the currently available correction tables for this axis.

*Table 6: User Configuration Parameters, Position Correction Tables.*

## Load Model

Axis <n>, with n=[1...Number of Axes]	
Load Model	linear   periodic  Select between the linear or periodic load model.
Load Offset	Position offset of the load model in axis units
Load Max Torque	Maximum torque for the periodic model in Nm

Load Torque Offset	Constant offset for the linear model in Nm
Load Slope	Slope of the linear model in Nm/m
Load Min Step	The minimum torque step to update the calculated torque on the drive.

*Table 7: User Configuration Parameters, Load Model.*

## Programming Commands

```
<command name="SendConfig" />
<command name="SendUserConfig" />
```



## 8. Operational Mode and Signaling

The LED's on the controller's front panel indicate the current operational status.

### Operational LED - green

The boot sequence of the controller and the integrated safety has finished. The controller is in the operational or maintenance mode.

### Warning LED - yellow

flashing: At least 1 axis is in error state.

Continuous: Controller is in Maintenance mode

### Error LED - red

continuous: Emergency stop active or system error.

The operational/maintenance switch of the controller changes between the corresponding operational modes.

### Preoperational State

Preoperational state is reached after the controller has been switched on. Firmware and safety logic are loading and initializing. All LED's are off.

The controller automatically changes to operational or maintenance, depending on the position of the Operational/Maintenance switch.

### Operational Mode

In operational mode full functionality of the controller is available, but it is not possible to make changes in the system configuration.

Operational mode is indicated by the green LED continuously on and yellow LED off or flashing.

### Maintenance Mode

In maintenance mode all drives are switched off and the motor brakes are engaged. Changes in the system configuration are possible.

Maintenance mode is indicated by the yellow LED continuously on.

## 9. Instrument States and Preset Condition

An instrument state contains the current settings of the controller including

- motion trajectory parameters
- user offsets
- digital output states
- trigger system
- enable state and selection of position correction data

Instrument states can be saved in the user memory area of the controller and they can be exchanged between the controller and another computer by means of the controller remote application or the programming interface.

### 9.1 Instrument State Files (\*.ais)

Instrument state files (\*.ais) are xml files. The content depends on the configuration of the controller and the system configuration.

#### Note

Changing the system configuration changes the content of the instrument state files. Instrument states saved in a previous configuration can still be used, but may contain additional data that will be ignored or attributes of the new configuration may be missing. If an instrument state does not contain an attribute of the current configuration the attribute will remain in the current state.

The same applies to instrument states saved by different controllers or measurement systems.

Instrument state saved on the controller and instrument states exchanged by the remote application share the same format.

### 9.2 Preset and Start-Up

The preset condition is saved in a dedicated instrument state file in the user memory of the controller. The file is usually assigned at system commissioning by ASYSOL and contains default system parameter for safe operation.

The *preset* condition is restored at start-up of the controller or by the preset command.

At start-up the controller always loads the *preset* instrument state that has been assigned at system commissioning. The current instrument state is not automatically saved at shut-down of the controller. In order to save critical test parameter, such as user offsets, the instrument state needs to be saved and recalled explicitly.

The preset file should only be modified by trained personal and with caution!

### 9.3 Save/Recall and Delete

The current instrument state can be saved in the user memory of the controller or can be uploaded to the remote application or via the remote interface. Loading an existing instrument state overwrites all currently selected instrument parameter with the new state.

Saving instrument states in the user memory of the controller makes them available to all clients.

#### Programming Commands

```
<command name="Preset" />
<command name="Recall" file=fname />
<command name="Save" file=fname />
<command name="Delete" file=fname />
<command name="SendParam" />
```

The commands expect the name of the instrument state without path and extension.

### 9.4 User Memory Area

The user memory area of the controller contains configuration files, the factory preset file, instrument states and position correction data.

The memory is accessible by ftp:

```
User:      ASYSOL
Password:  ****
```

The following files are found in the user memory area:

\*.ais

Instrument state files

\*.pcf

Position correction files

baseconfig.xml

The base configuration contains the fundamental system configuration that is mandatory for operation of the system and cannot be modified.

config.xml

User configuration settings that may be modified to a certain extend.

preset.xml

The preset state.

### **Warning**

The user memory area contains files that are mandatory for the operation of the controller and the measurement system. These files should be modified by trained personal only. Do not modify those files unless you are absolutely sure what you are doing!

## 10. Motion Control

In principle the motion control consists of the trajectory generation and the closed loop position control.

For any of the basic motion commands the trajectory generator computes the desired motion profile and the closed loop position control attempts to follow the trajectory.

The remote interface allows to download and execute arbitrary trajectories. In this case the internal trajectory generator interpolates between the nodes and the position control follows the interpolated trajectory.

If position correction is enabled then the computed trajectory data is corrected by the correction algorithm before it is applied to an axis.

The motion control of the individual axes operate independent of each other and simultaneously. An exception is position correction, where the current set value for an axis may depend on the current position of the other axes.

## 10.1 Axis Reference

Referencing or homing of an axis is the procedure to establish an absolute position reference. Before any motion task can be performed the corresponding axis needs to be referenced. The current reference is lost on shutdown of the controller.

If the *Homing Mode* of an axis is configured as *auto* the referencing procedure is automatically performed on start-up of the controller.

Axes with *absolute position encoders* are usually homed automatically, because the homing does not require any axis movement and therefore does not represent a potential risk.

Axes with *incremental encoders* usually need to execute a homing sequence that requires to search for a reference or limit switch or for an encoder index position. In case this motion represents a potential risk the homing should not be configured to be executed automatically and needs to be started manually by the operator or remote application before the first motion task is executed.

For each axis a predefined homing method is configured that establishes the system position reference. The *Reference* command starts the predefined homing procedure and sets the position reference.

To change the system position reference the *Reference* command allows to set an offset to the system reference or to assign an arbitrary position to the current location of the axis. Assigning a position to the axis automatically calculates the corresponding offset value. In any case the system reference procedure needs to be performed once before an offset can be applied.



### Warning

Depending on the axis type and configuration the reference procedure may start several axis movements.

---

The absolute system position limits of an axis are defined relative to the system reference. Applying an offset to an axis will update the actual position limits accordingly.

### Programming Commands

```
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" />  
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" Offset="fval" />  
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" NewPosition="fval" />
```

## 10.2 Basic Motion Commands

The basic motion commands execute motion profiles from the current axis status based on the command parameters. If the axis is currently moving the trajectory is update on-the-fly. Each command operates independent of the other axis.

For a description of the trajectory generation and the associated command parameter see chapter 10.5, Trajectory Generation, Basic Motion Profile.

### **ContF - <Axis>, <Acceleration>, <Velocity>**

Start continuous motion in the forward direction. The motion continuous until it is overwritten by another motion command or until a position limit is reached.

### **ContR - <Axis>, <Acceleration>, <Velocity>**

Start continuous motion in the reverse direction. The motion continuous until it is overwritten by another motion command or until a position limit is reached.

### **MoveAbs - <Axis>, <Acceleration>, <Deceleration>, <Velocity>, <Direction>, <Position>**

Start move to an absolute target position. Motion direction and the interpretation of the target position depend on the type of the axis (Limited or Periodic) and the direction parameter.

#### **<Direction>**

For a periodic axis this parameter defines the direction to the target position and the number of periods. For a limited axis the parameter is ignored. Possible values are

Auto

shortest path to the target position

For

forward direction;

move forward to the target position, the target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$ , target positions outside this interval are automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Rev

reverse direction;

move reverse to the target position, the target position is confined in the

interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$ , target positions outside this interval are automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Ex

exceed period,  
this mode allows to command to a target position outside the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$  interval, for example to command a move that exceeds one rotation,

Example:

if the current position is  $110^\circ$  a target position of

$100^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  backwards

$120^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  forward

$360^\circ$  will move forward to  $0^\circ$  ( $360^\circ$ )

$0^\circ$  will move reverse to  $0^\circ$

$500^\circ$  will move forward to  $360^\circ + 140^\circ \rightarrow 140^\circ$

### **MoveRel - <Axis>, <Acceleration>, <Deceleration>, <Velocity>, <Direction>, <Position>**

Start move to a target position relative to the current nominal position. Motion direction and the interpretation of the target position depend on the type of the axis (Limited or Periodic) and the direction parameter.

#### **<Direction>**

For a periodic axis this parameter defines the direction to the target position and the number of periods. For a limited axis the parameter is ignored. Possible values are

Auto

shortest path to the target position

For

forward direction;

move forward to the target position, the target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$ , target positions outside this interval are automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Rev

reverse direction;

move reverse to the target position, the target position is confined in the



interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$ , target positions outside this interval are automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Ex

exceed period,

this mode allows to command to a target position outside the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$  interval, for example to command a move that exceeds one rotation,

Example:

if the current position is  $110^\circ$  a target position of

$100^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  backwards

$120^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  forward

$360^\circ$  will move forward to  $0^\circ$  ( $360^\circ$ )

$0^\circ$  will move reverse to  $0^\circ$

$500^\circ$  will move forward to  $360^\circ + 140^\circ \rightarrow 140^\circ$

### **Stop - <Axis>, <Deceleration>**

Initiate a decelerated stop of the axis.

### **QuickStop - <Axis>**

Initiate a stop with maximum deceleration.

### **EMStop**

Trigger an emergency stop of the system. The effect is the same as pressing an emergency stop button.

### **Differences between Stop, Quickstop and EM-Stop**

Stop and Quickstop will decelerate the axis until standstill, but the position control loop will remain active. Stop uses the current deceleration as maximum value for the trajectory. Quickstop uses the maximum deceleration of the axis.

In contrast, EM-Stop will decelerate the axis and trigger the emergency stop system. The emergency stop system will allow the axis to perform a controlled deceleration and will then disable the drive which will switch off the control loop and de-energize the drive.

## Programming Commands

```
<command name="MoveAbs" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Deceleration="10.0"
Velocity="10.0" Direction="Auto" Position="5.0"/>
<command name="MoveRel" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Deceleration="10.0"
Velocity="10.0" Direction="Auto" Position="5.0"/>
<command name="ContF" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Velocity="10.0" />
<command name="ContR" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Velocity="10.0" />
<command name="Stop" axis="Axis 1" Deceleration="10.0" />
<command name="QuickStop" axis="Axis 1" />
<command name="EMStop" />
```

### 10.3 Axis and Parameter Limits

Most of the motion parameters have associated limit values. The current limit value of a motion parameter is returned by a parameter query in addition to the current parameter value.

Executing a motion command with a parameter value out-of-limits will result in an axis error.

#### Position Limits

An axis configured as *Limited* has an absolute position limit that is defined relative to the system reference position. System reference position and the absolute limits are usually adjusted during system commissioning. They are part of the base configuration and cannot be modified by the operator.

In addition to the absolute software limit a limited axis usually has hardware limit switches. Under normal operating conditions the hardware limits should never be reached, because the software limits should always restrict the motion range accordingly.

The current position limit of an axis can change dynamically in the following situations:

If a *user offset* value is assigned to an axis the current limits are updated according to the offset so that the physical range of the axis remains unchanged.

The operator may further restrict the travel range of the axis by applying smaller limit values to the *user configuration*.

*Collision avoidance* procedures or switches may be configured that may change position limits based on the position of the other axes or other inputs.

In any of those cases the parameter query of the position will return the current position limit value.

## Motion Parameter Limits

Most of the motion parameters of an axis have associated limit values. A status query of the parameter will return the min and max values in addition to the current parameter value.

## Programming Commands

The current limit value of an axis is returned with the response of the status query of the respective parameter.

### Query

```
<par>
  <section name="Axis 1">
    <query name="Position"/>
    <query name="Velocity"/>
    <query name="Acceleration"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

## 10.4 Error Handling

Each error is logged in the system error queue and is automatically shown on the controller remote application if applicable. The error is available for download by the remote interface. Reading an error removes the error message from the error queue,

The system distinguishes between *system errors* and *axis errors*.

### 10.4.1 System Errors

System errors are not related to a specific axis and may be issued by the remote interface command processor, the trigger system or the digital output system, for example.

### 10.4.2 Axis Errors

Axis errors may occur immediately when a motion command is issued or they may appear during execution.

For a complete list of possible errors see 15, Error Codes and Messages.

Examples for errors that are triggered immediately are *invalid command parameter*, *target position out of limits* or *axis not referenced*.

Execution of a motion profile may be interrupted by *lag error exceeded*, for example.

Axis errors are handled for each axis independently. In case an axis is in an error state the remaining axes can continue to operate, except if the axes are linked to each other

Each axis error needs to be acknowledged. This can be done by a remote command or by the acknowledge button on the controller.

### 10.4.3 Emergency Stop

If the emergency stop of the integrated safety is triggered any attempt to issue a motion command will provoke an EM-Stop error.

An emergency stop needs to be acknowledged by *Ack EM-Stop* after the emergency stop condition has been removed. This can be done by a remote command or by the acknowledge button on the controller.

## Programming Commands

```
<state>
  <section name="System">
    <query name="Last Error" type="string" />
  </section>
```

</state>

```
<state>
  <section name="System">
    <query name="Errors" type="string" />
  </section>
</state>
```

## 10.5 Trajectory Generation, Basic Motion Profile

For the basic motion commands *MoveAbs* and *MoveRel* the trajectory generator computes the motion profile bases on the trajectory parameters target position, maximum velocity, maximum acceleration, maximum deceleration and maximum jerk.

Motion commands *ContF* and *ContR* do not have a target position and only require maximum velocity, maximum acceleration, maximum deceleration and maximum jerk.

### Target Position

The trajectory is calculated from the current position and velocity to the target position using the parameter for maximum velocity, maximum acceleration, maximum deceleration and jerk. Depending on the command the target position is interpreted as absolute or relative to the current position.

### Maximum Velocity

The maximum velocity of the motion profile.

### Maximum Acceleration, Maximum Deceleration

The maximum acceleration/deceleration of the motion profile.

### Jerk and Jolt Time

Jerk is the maximum rate of change for acceleration/deceleration. The controller actually uses the *jolt time* parameter  $T_j$  which is calculated from jerk and the current maximum acceleration:

$$T_j = \frac{a}{j}$$

Jerk is used to limit the stimulation of oscillations. If jerk limitation is not used (jolt time is 0) the motion profile corresponds to a simple trapezoidal profile. The effect of the jerk is to round the edges of the velocity profile. The total time required for the profile is increased, but the total time for positioning may be reduces, because if oscillations can be avoided the settling time can usually be reduced.

Jolt Time is usually set to a fixed value based on the dynamic response of the underlying system and should not be changed during normal operation.

The trajectory generator computes the current set values of position, velocity and acceleration based on the maximum values. The relation between the current values is

$$j(t) = \dot{a}(t) = \ddot{v}(t) = \ddot{s}(t)$$

## Example Motion Profile

The following example shows a velocity and position profile from standstill to a target position with jerk limitation.

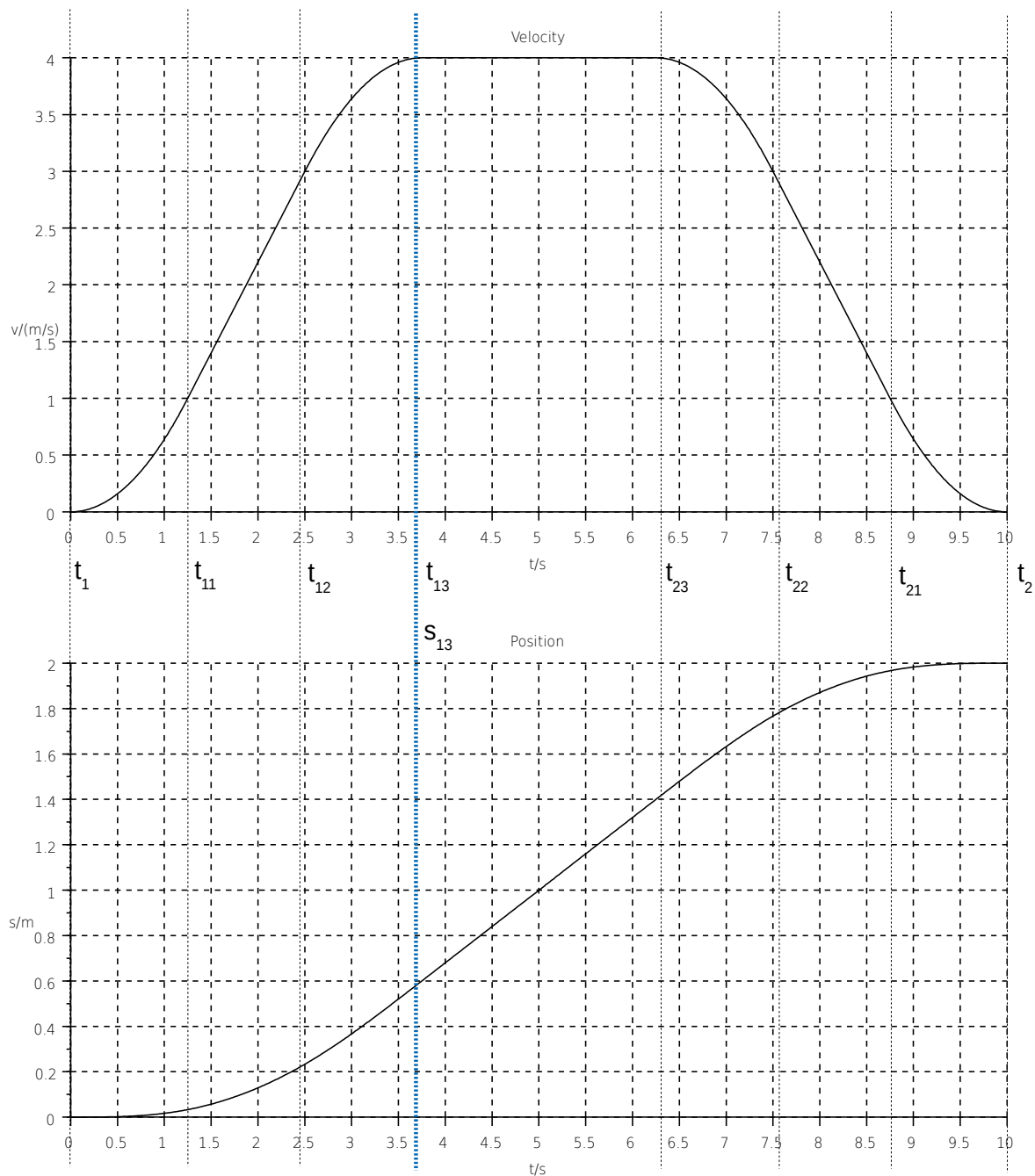


Fig 8: Standard motion profile with jerk limitation

The motion control system does not require the axis to standstill to start a new trajectory. If the axis is already moving the trajectory is updated on-the-fly.

A parameter that is often of interest is the time  $t_{13}$  and the distance  $s_{13}$  required to accelerate to a constant velocity:

$$t_{13} = \frac{a}{j} + \frac{v}{a} = T_j + \frac{v}{a}$$

$$v_{13} = v$$

$$s_{13} = \frac{av}{2j} + \frac{v^2}{2a} = \frac{vT_j}{2} + \frac{v^2}{2a}$$

The **total time** required for the profile is

$$T = \frac{(s_2 - 2s_{13})}{v} + 2t_{13}$$



## 10.6 Arbitrary Trajectories

In addition to the basic motion profiles arbitrary trajectories can be defined and executed.

The trajectories are defined as a list of

time	in s
position	in axis units

pairs, where the time values do not need to be equally spaced, but they are rounded to the nearest cycle time of the motion task.

If the time step is larger than the cycle time of the motion tasks the trajectories are interpolated using the same profile as for the basic motion profiles, using the trajectory parameters velocity, acceleration, deceleration and jerk. This allows to implement stepped motion profiles which stop at the next sampling point as well as continuous motion profiles with a high update rate.

The operator or programmer is responsible whether the axis can actually follow the trajectory and can reach the individual sampling points or whether the next point will overwrite the current target position before the last one could be reached.

## 10.7 Position Correction

The dynamic position correction function allows to correct for repeatable position or alignment errors of the measurement system.

If activated the position correction algorithm continuously computes the difference between the current *axis position* and the *system position*. The system position of an axis is the corrected position of the measurement system. The correction is a function of the current (raw) axis position and the current positions of all other axes that are included in the correction data. The target position for the trajectory generation is the system position.

The system position of an axis under position correction may depend on up to 10 independent axes.

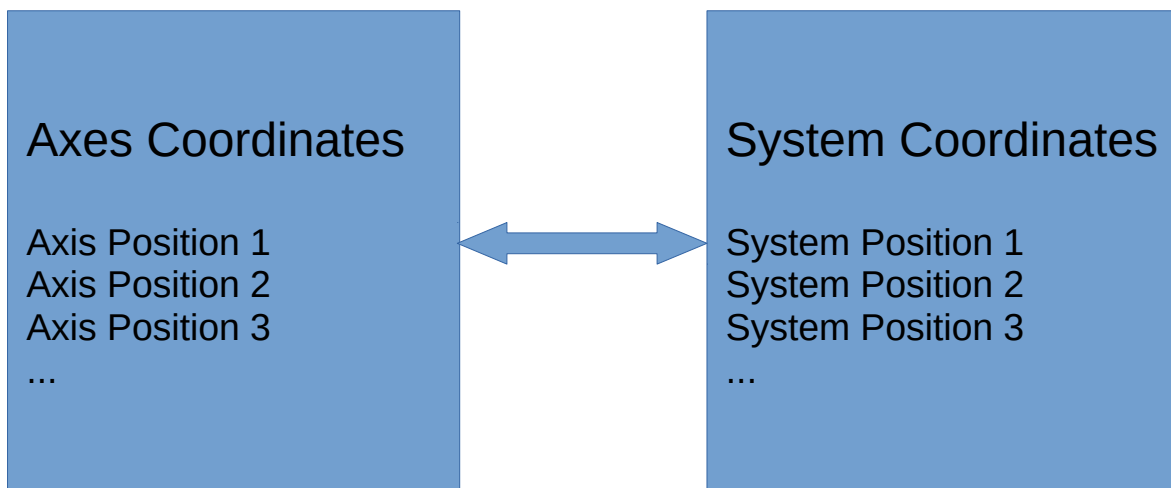


Fig 9: Axis Coordinates and System Coordinates

A position correction table can be assigned and enabled for each axes. The table defines a correction offset to the current axis position as a function of one or more other axis.

$$\tilde{p}_1 = p_1 + f(p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots)$$

where  $\tilde{p}_n$  is the corrected position and  $p_n$  are the uncorrected axis positions. Intermediate correction offsets are obtained by linear interpolation.

The actual set position of a corrected axis is continuously updated based on the nominal command position and the current positions of the other axes in the correction table. As a consequence, the axis target position of a corrected axis may change if one of the axes in the correction table changes position. Or in other words, a corrected axis may move if one of the other axes moves.

The controller provides the current raw axis position, the corrected position and the nominal position of the axis:

### Axis Position

This is the raw axis position without correction offset.

### System Position

This is the corrected position, i.e. the position with correction offset. If position correction is disabled the system position equals the axis position.

### Nominal Position

Current position of the set point generation.



#### Warning

A corrected axis may execute unexpected and potentially dangerous movements as a response to the movement of any other axis in the correction table.

## 10.7.1 Correction Tables

Correction tables are located in the user memory area of the controller. Multiple tables can be stored for a single axis, but only one table can be selected at a time. The tables contain the correction offsets as a function of the uncorrected axis positions in a binary file format. Each file contains the correction data for a single axis.

### File Format

A position correction file contains a fixed header, the number of coordinate variables (rank), the definition of each coordinate variable and the actual data block.

The number of coordinate variables definitions must match the rank. Order and size of the data block matches the coordinate variables. The number of floating point values is

$$N = n1 * n2 * n3 * \dots$$

Entry	Data Type	Description
"Position Correction Data 1.0"	string	header
rank	unsigned int	number of coordinate variables
name1	string	name of coordinate variable #1
unit1	string	unit of coordinate variable #1
start1	double	start value of coordinate variable #1
stop1	double	stop value of coordinate variable #1
n1	unsigned int	number of values of coordinate variable #1
... repeats for <rank> number of coordinate variables		
data	float[]	data block

Table 8: Position Correction File Format.

## Data Types

unsigned int: little-endian, 32 bit  
 float: little-endian, 32 bit  
 double: little-endian, 64 bit  
 string: C-style, null terminated string

The name of a coordinate variable must match the name of the corresponding axis of the controller.

## 10.8 Current Trajectory Status

The controller continuously provides the following parameter of the trajectory.

### **Nominal Position**

This is the current position value of the trajectory as calculated by the trajectory generator.  
The set value for the position control loop.

### **Axis Position**

The actual position of the axis which is usually provided by the on-axis position encoder.

### **System Position**

The system position is the corrected position after position correction has been applied. If position correction is disabled the system position equals the axis position.

### **Nominal Velocity**

This is the current velocity of the trajectory as calculated by the trajectory generator.

### **Axis Velocity**

The actual velocity of the axis.

### **Position Error**

The difference between the actual position and the nominal position of the axis.

### **State**

Status flag that summarizes the status of system, drive and axis.

## Programming Commands

```
<state>
  <section name="Axis N">
    <entry name="Position" type="float"/>
    <entry name="Axis Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Axis Velocity" type="float" />
    <entry name="Nominal Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Nominal Velocity" type="float" />
    <entry name="System Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Position Error" type="float" />
    <entry name="Error ID" type="int" />
    <entry name="Error Message" type="string" />
    <entry name="State" type="int" unit="" />
  </section>
</state>
```

## 10.9 Position Control

### 10.9.1 Position and Velocity Control Loops

Position and velocity control loops are configured during commissioning of the measurement system and should not be modified by the operator.

### 10.9.2 Load Model

For axes with position dependent load the controller provides a load model that can be used to compensate the torque or force. The compensation can help to reduce the position error and to improve the dynamic response.

Application examples are vertical linear axes with a cable chain, where the weight of the chain changes with the height, or rotary axes with unbalanced load.

Two load models are available: A linear model for linear axes and a periodic model for rotary axes.

The *linear model* applies a torque to the axis according to the following equation.

$$F = (p - p_{\text{offset}})g + F_{\text{offset}}$$

with

- F : torque
- p : axis position in axis units
- $p_{\text{offset}}$  : position offset in axis units
- g : torque factor

and for the *periodic model*

$$F = \sin(\phi - \phi_{\text{offset}})F_{\text{max}}$$

with

- F : torque in Nm
- $\phi$  : axis position in °
- $\phi_{\text{offset}}$  : position offset in °
- $F_{\text{max}}$  : maximum torque in Nm

The torque models are defined in the user configuration of the controller, see chapter 7.2, User Configuration.

## 10.10 Collision Avoidance

The purpose of the collision avoidance is to prevent collisions of the axes of the measurement system with each other or collisions of the axes with other obstacles in the measurement chamber.

The collision avoidance algorithm is running independent of the motion control system in the background and dynamically adjust the axes position limits based on the current axis positions and additional safety inputs, if applicable.



## 11. Trigger System and Fast Real-Time Control

### 11.1 Trigger System

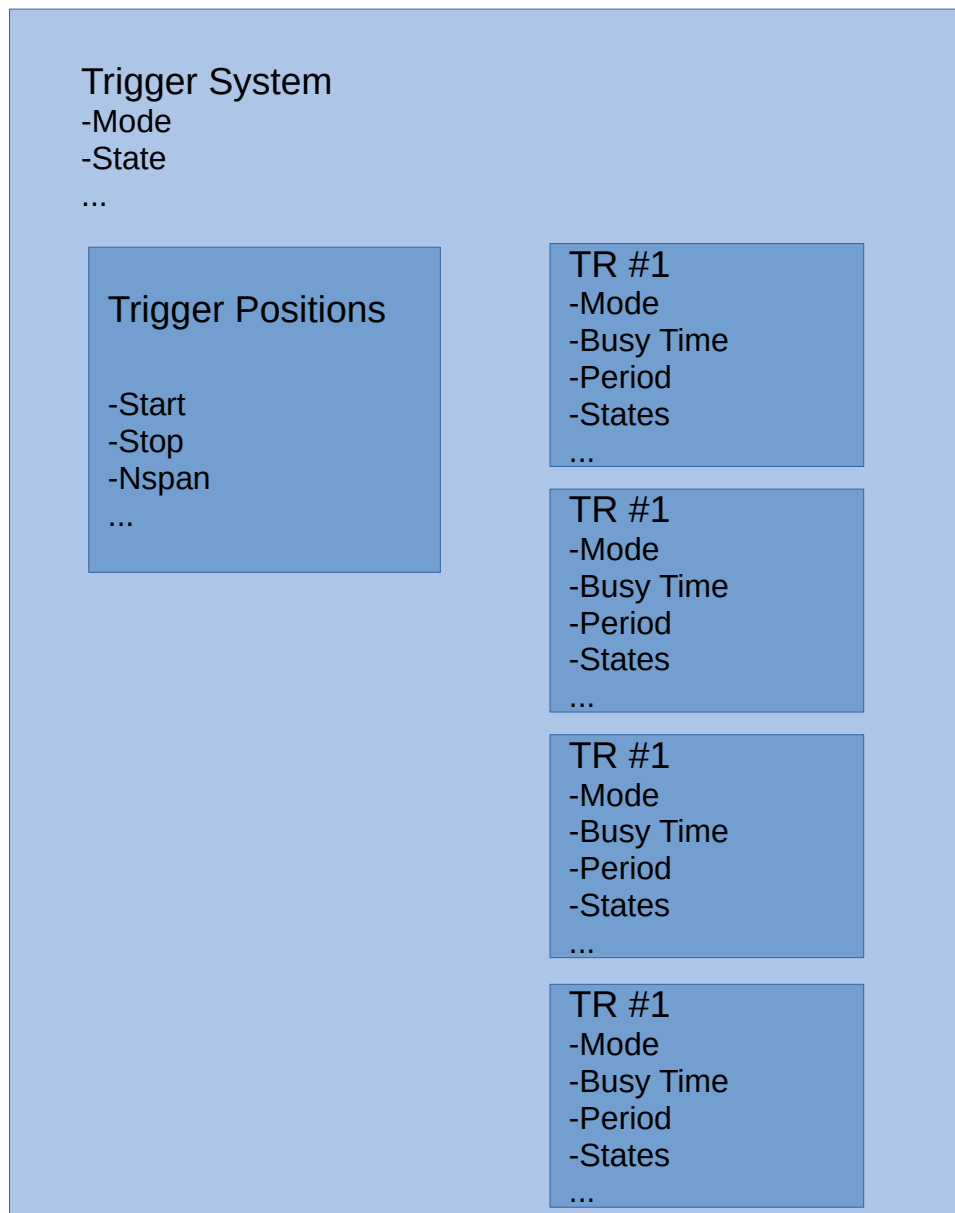


Fig 10: Overview of the Trigger System.

The trigger system generates real-time trigger and control signals and operates independently of the motion control system. A combination of a trigger and ready signal is usually used to synchronize the RF instrumentation with the measurement. Real-time control signals can be used to directly control and synchronize fast pin diode switches with the measurement.

The distributed control approach of the controller allows to connect the trigger, ready and control signals directly to the ASYCONT-600 controller or to connect remote real-time units that provide additional trigger, ready and control signals which are tight time synchronized to the main controller, cp. Fig 6, Distributed System Control with External Control Units.

The trigger system contains the subsystems *Trigger Positions* and *TR 1 to TR 4*.

Trigger and control sequences may be initiated based on axis positions, but the motion control system operates independently of the trigger system and motion commands need to be executed separately. This allows to combine the trigger and control signal generation with arbitrary trajectories.

In addition to the controlling functions the trigger system provides a trigger/ready measurement function that allows to test the timing of the instrumentation based on a ready or busy signal that is usually provided by a network analyzer or signal generator.

The basic operational *modes* of the trigger system are

#### **direct**

A software trigger command is used to initiate a sequence of fast real-time trigger/control signals or to trigger the RF instrumentation directly.

#### **position**

A span or list of position breakpoints is loaded to the controller. Each breakpoint initiates a sequence of fast real-time trigger/control signals or triggers the RF instrumentation directly.

#### **external**

Trigger sequences are generated based on an input trigger pulse at the external trigger input connector. This can be used for example to connect an external motion controller.

#### **measure**

This mode activates the timing measurement function of the trigger system

In addition to the basic operational modes the digital outputs of the real-time modules can be set directly by software commands.

## Programming Commands

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="sval"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="sval"/>
  </section>
</par>

<command name="EnableTrg" />
<command name="DisableTrg" />

<state>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <query> name="State"/>
  </section>
</state>
```

## 11.2 Position Trigger and Trigger/Control Sequence

A trigger/control sequence is a sequence of one or multiple trigger and control signals that is usually configured to measure a single sweep. Where a sweep may contain frequencies, receiver channels, switch states or antenna parameters. The trigger and control signals provide fast and accurate timing and control the connected instrumentation and hardware directly.

In the simplest case the trigger sequence is a single trigger pulse.

Based on the operational mode of the trigger system a single sequence can be started by a remote command, a position breakpoint or an external trigger input signal.

The position trigger subsystem starts a new trigger/control sequence for each position breakpoint.

## 11.3 Trigger Positions

The *Trigger Position* subsystem is enabled only in trigger system mode *position*. Depending on the trigger position type the position breakpoints are defined as a span of equally spaced values or as a free list of positions.

Type span

### **Start**

First breakpoint position in axis units.

### **Stop**

Last breakpoint position in axis units

### **NSpan**

Number of breakpoint positions

Type list

### **List**

Arbitrary list of breakpoint positions in axis units. The list must contain the positions in increasing or decreasing order, depending on the direction of motion. The maximum size is limited to 36000 positions.

Execution of the position trigger is further controlled by the indices

### Next

This is the index of the currently armed breakpoint position. 0 points to the first item in the span or list.

### Last

This is the index of the last breakpoint position. If Next equals Last the trigger system is automatically disabled after the current breakpoint has been issued.

Only one trigger position is enabled at a time. The *Next* parameter holds the currently activated position and needs to be initialized to the index of the first position. *Next* is incremented automatically after a position has been reached. The *Last* parameter holds the index of the last trigger position that stops the trigger generation after this last trigger has been issued. Trigger positions are enabled in sequential order.

The trigger index position counter *Next* operates in a cyclic mode, meaning when the last index is reached the system continues with the first index position until *Last* is reached. *Next* and *last* allow to start trigger generation of a periodic axis at an arbitrary index position. Setting *Last* to an out-of-range value will produce continuous trigger generation of a periodic axis.

The trigger system operates independent on the motion control system of an axis. A position trigger is issued when the current position passes over an activated breakpoint position. To avoid unintentional triggers, the trigger is only issued when the position is passed over in the programmed direction. The direction is automatically determined based on increasing or decreasing order of the position breakpoints.

For limited axes the position breakpoints are uniquely defined within the axis limits.

For periodic axes the axis period is taken into account. For example, for a rotary axis with a 360° period a trigger position of 10° equals a trigger position of 370°. Both breakpoint positions will issue a trigger at 10°.

Breakpoint positions may be defined outside the [0°...360°] interval and overlap is allowed. For example, to configure an equispaced trigger sequence from -90° to 810° in 1° steps choose Start=-90°, Stop=810° and NSpan=901. This will allow to trigger during 2.5 rotations of the axis.

To start a position based trigger the *Trigger System Mode* needs to be set to *position* and the *Trigger System State* must be *on*. The position trigger starts a trigger sequence which need to be configured accordingly to obtain output trigger signals.

## Progamming Commands

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger Positions">
    <entry name="Axis" type="string" v1="Phi"/>

    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="span"/>
    <entry name="Start" type="float" v1="0-0"/>
    <entry name="Stop" type="float" v1="359.0"/>
    <entry name="NSpan" type="int" v1="360"/>
    <entry name="List" type="float" size="2" v1="1.2" v2="1.3"/>
    <entry name="Next" type="int" v1="0"/>
    <entry name="Last" type="int" v1="359"/>
  </section>
</par>

<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="position"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
<\par>
```

## 11.4 Direct Trigger

In trigger system mode *direct* a single trigger/control sequence is issued when the *TriggerTRSequence* command is received.

After setting trigger system mode to *direct* and trigger system state to *on* the direct mode is enabled when the trigger system is enabled by the *EnableTrg* command. *DisableTrg* disables the direct mode.

### Programming Commands

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="direct"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
</par>

<command name="EnableTrg" />
<command name="DisableTrg" />
<command name="TriggerTRSequence" />
```

## 11.5 External Trigger

In trigger system mode *external* a single trigger/control sequence is issued on the rising edge of an external trigger signal at the trigger input of the controller.

After setting trigger system mode to *external* and trigger system state to *on* the external mode is enabled when the trigger system is enabled by the *EnableTrg* command. *DisableTrg* disables the external mode.

### Programming Commands

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="external"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
</par>

<command name="EnableTrg" />
<command name="DisableTrg" />
```

## 11.6 Direct Control of the Output Lines

Direct control of the outputs of the real-time modules allows to set the states of connected PIN switches by remote commands. In this case the outputs are not part of the deterministic real-time trigger/control sequence.

To control the output states directly the trigger system state needs to be *on* and the corresponding TR resource mode must be set to *direct*. The trigger system needs to be enabled.

The state of the trigger outputs may be set directly by software commands.

### Programming Commands

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
</par>

<par>
  </section>
  <section name="TRn">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="direct"/>
  </section>
</par>

<command name="StateTRn" State="ival" />
```



## 11.7 Trigger/Control Sequence

A trigger/control sequence is a sequence of one or multiple trigger and control signals that is usually configured to measure a single sweep. Where a sweep may contain frequencies, receiver channels, switch states or antenna parameters. The trigger and control signals provide fast and accurate timing and control the connected instrumentation and hardware directly.

In the simplest case the trigger sequence is a single trigger pulse.

The fast real-time modules responsible for generation of the trigger/control signals are based on FPGAs and support a time resolution of 20 ns.

Based on the operational mode of the trigger system a single sequence can be started by a remote command, a position breakpoint or an external trigger input signal.

A sequence is defined by a combination of one or multiple trigger/ready resources (TR1...TR4). In the simplest case a sequence consists of only a single trigger pulse. A more complex sequence may synchronize the measurement trigger of a NWA, frequency trigger of an external synthesizer and fast pin diode switches to perform the measurement task.

The controller supports 4 TR resources. A TR resource is an internal timing function that is connected to the other TR resources to generate synchronized time signals. All real-time modules connected to the controller operate on the 4 TR resources.

A single real-time module supports 4 output lines and 2 input lines. All modules operate on the same TR resources and the same trigger system, but the mapping of the time signals to the outputs may be different. This mapping depends on the RT program that is assigned to the module.

### **TrgSeq3 – Control of RF Instruments**

TrgSeq3 is loaded on the RT module that controls the network analyzer and the synthesized sources. This module is usually integrated in the controller. The output signals of TR 1 to TR 4 are directly connected to the trigger outputs 1 to 4 of the real-time module to provide the trigger signals.

### **TrgTR2OL – Switch Control, up to 16 States**

This real-time program supports 16 output states and latches the output signal of TR 2 according to the state definition to the 4 output lines.

### **TrgTR3OL – Switch Control, up to 16 States**

This real-time program supports 16 output states and latches the output signal of TR 3 according to the state definition to the 4 output lines.

### 11.7.1 TR1 ... TR4

Depending on the current operational mode a TR resource is either disabled, assigned to the timing measurement function, set to direct control by software commands or configured as part of a real-time timing/control sequence.

#### TR Modes

##### off

disabled

##### direct

The resource is set to direct control mode and the output state can be directly set by remote commands.

##### measure

The resource is assigned to the timing measurement function. When a timing measurement is started the default real-time program is replaced by the TrgRdy timing measurement program.

##### trgrdy

The resource is part of a real-time trigger/control sequence.

Each TR resource can be configured by the following parameter.

Parameter	Description
Mode	off   direct   measure   trgrdy TR mode
Busy Time	[0s...10s] The time the underlying measurement parameter requires for the switch-over to the next state (TR2...TR4) or the measurement time (TR1).
Period	[1...N] Number of measurement trigger of TR1 between a switch-over to the next state (TR2...TR4) or the total number of measurements (TR1)
States(1...16)	List of up to 16 output states for the output lines of a real-time module. Bits 1 to 4 represent the output state of the corresponding output line.

Table 9: Parameters of TR Resource.

### 11.7.2 Real-Time Trigger/Control Sequence

A real-time trigger/control sequence is defined by the combination of *busy times* and *periods* of the TR resources that are assigned to the sequence. To assign a resource to be part of the sequence set the mode to *trgrdy*. Unused resources must be set to *off* or *direct*.

Each TR resource represents the timing of a measurement parameter such as the frequency of the network analyzer, the state of a switch or the measurement trigger.

TR1 has a special meaning in the sense that it represents the measurement trigger connected to the measurement instrument.

For TR1 the *Busy Time* represents the measurement time required from receiving the measurement trigger until the measurement has finished. The *Period* is the total number of measurements of the sequence.

For TR2 to TR4 the *Busy Time* is the time the underlying measurement parameter requires for the switch-over to the next state. And the *Period* represents the number of measurement trigger after that the next switch-over is to take place.

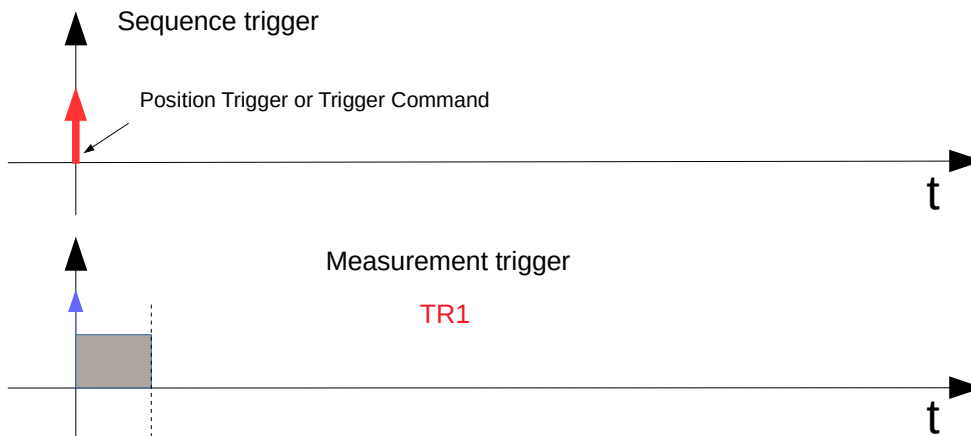
For **example**, to configure a single measurement trigger pulse with a pulse width of 1 ms set

TR1

Mode:	trgrdy
Busy Time:	1E-3
Period:	1
States:	-

TR 1 ... TR4

Mode:	Off
-------	-----



*Fig 11: Trigger sequence, single trigger pulse*

Now, depending on the system trigger mode each trigger position, trigger command or external trigger signal will issue a single pulse at trigger output Trg1.

The next **example** demonstrates a configuration for a single frequency measurement with a 2-port switch.

#### TR1

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 1E-3  
Period: 2  
States: -

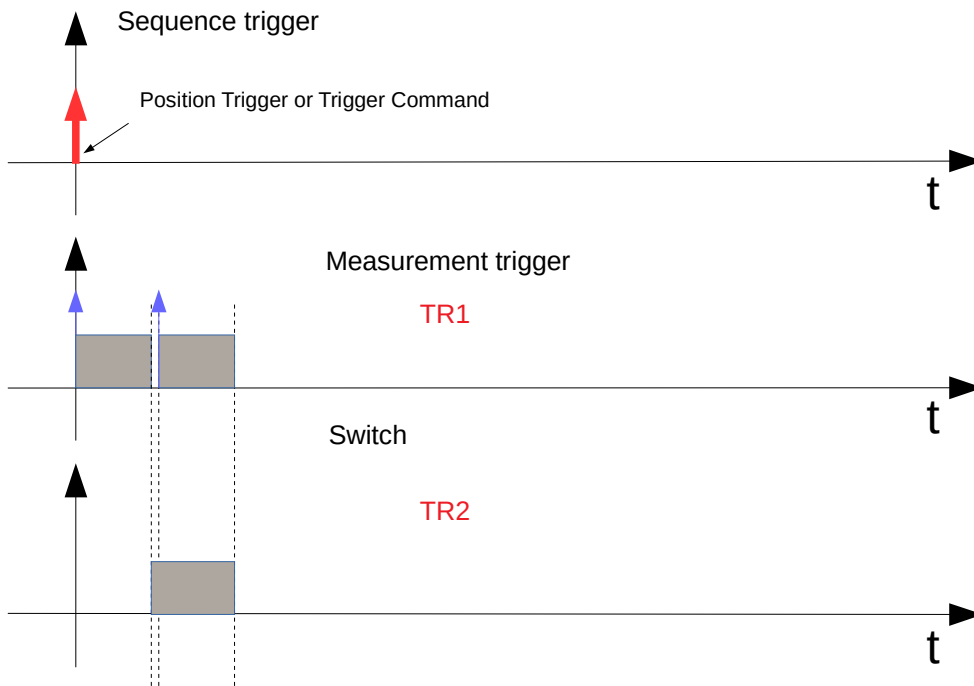
#### TR2

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 10E-6  
Period: 1  
States: 0, 1

#### TR 3 ... TR4

Mode: Off

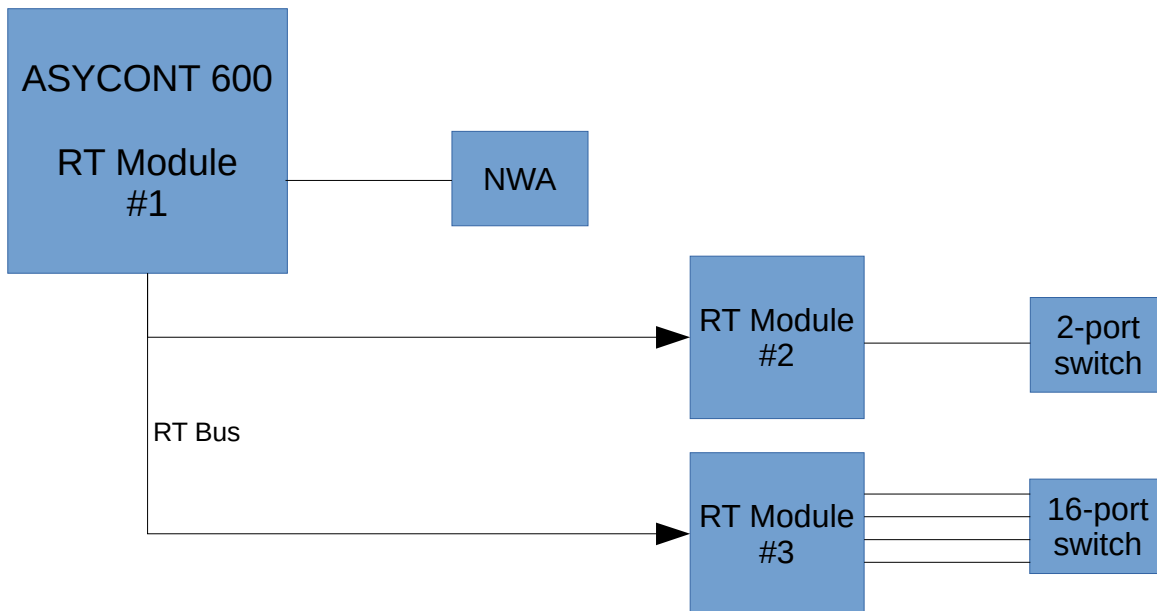
This configuration will output the following signals at the connectors Trg1 and Trg2 of the controller. The duration of the measurement trigger pulse is 1 ms and represents the measurement time of the instrument. After the measurement has finished a switching time (busy time) of 10  $\mu$ s is assumed for the switch-over of the pin switch to the next state. The output is latched, because the 2 states 0 and 1 are defined.



*Fig 12: Trigger/control sequence, measurement trigger and switch control signal*

## Advanced Example

The following example represents a control sequence with 2 pin switches and an external frequency trigger. A 2-port switch and a BCD coded 16-port switch are connected to external real-time control units.



*Fig 13: System configuration of the advanced example*

In the first real-time unit TR1 is linked to the trigger output Trg1 and provides the measurement trigger to the network analyzer or receiver. The signal of TR4 is available at output Trg4 and could be used as frequency trigger.

Real-time unit 2 connects to a 2-port switch. One control line is required and is linked to TR2.

All 4 output lines of real-time unit 3 are required to control the 16-port pin switch. TR3 is linked to the output lines.

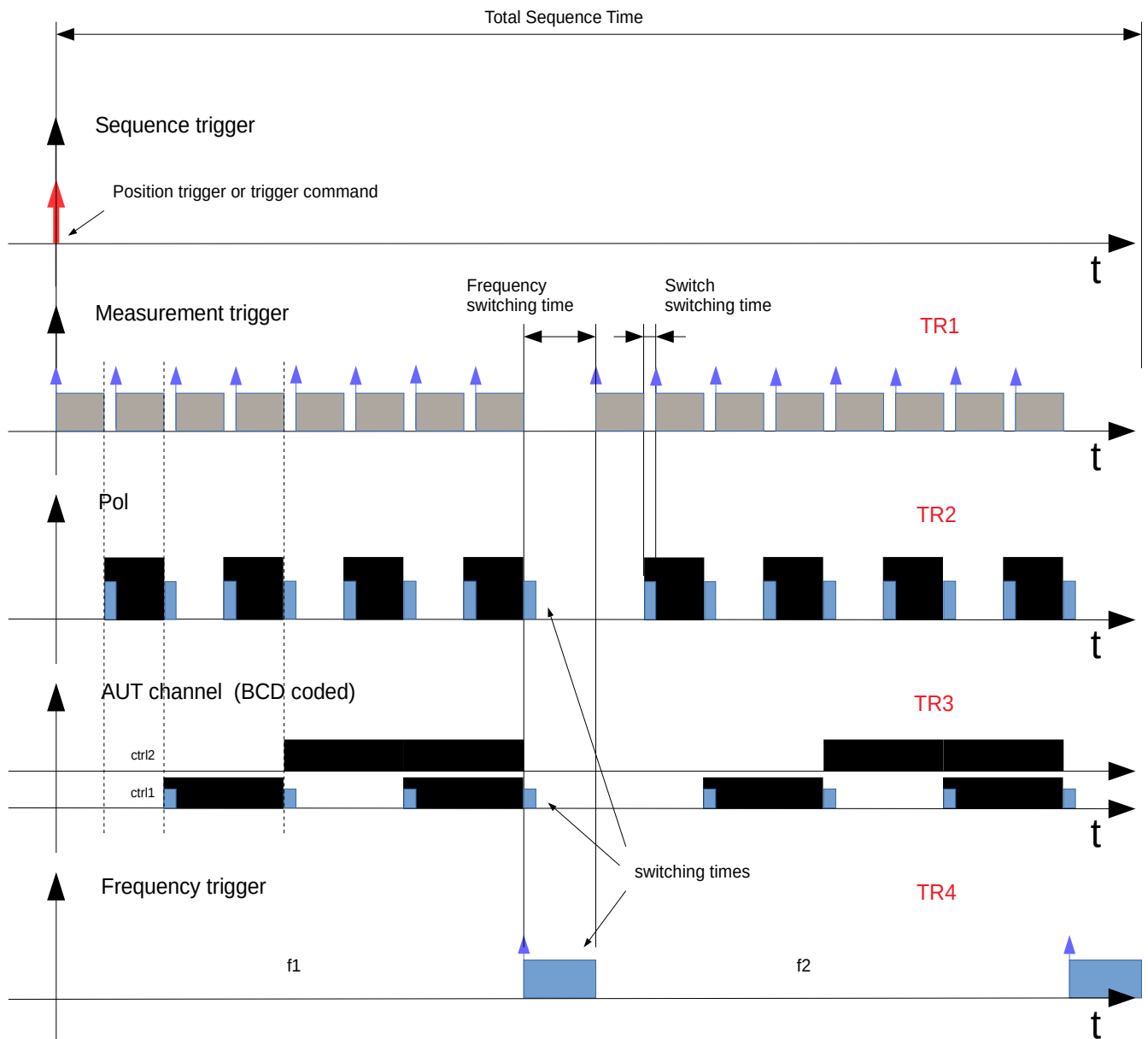


Fig 14: Advanced trigger/control sequence

For this example we want to measure 2 frequencies, 2 states of the 1st switch and 4 states of the 2<sup>nd</sup> switch in a single sweep. meaning we need 16 measurement trigger per position. Each measurement takes 1 ms. The time between the measurement triggers is the combination of the measurement time and the switching time of the following TR resources.



Then we want to measure 2 Polarisation (Pol switch, TR2), they are in the inner loop. Switching time is 10  $\mu$ s. Period is 1, because the state of the Pol switch changes after each measurement trigger.

Then we have 4 AUT Channels (TR3) in the next outer loop. Switching time is 10  $\mu$ s. Period is 2, because the state of the AUT Channel switch changes after 2 Pol measurements. We have 4 control lines for the switch and we need to define the 4 states we want to measure. The controller triggers the state from 1 to the last and then starts again with the first one.

Finally, we have the frequency trigger. In case we do not need the actual trigger signal, because we only use the NWA and do not need a TTL signal, for example to trigger the DUT or synthesizer, we still need to configure the TR4 to get the timing of the trigger system correct. Period is 8, because the next frequency is changed after 8 measurements. Frequency switching time of the example is 5 ms.

#### TR1

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 1E-3  
Period: 16  
States: -

#### TR2

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 10E-6  
Period: 1  
States: 0, 1

#### TR3

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 10E-6  
Period: 2  
States: 0, 1, 2, 3

#### TR4

Mode: trgrdy  
Busy Time: 5E-3  
Period: 8  
States: -

## Programming Commands

```

<par>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="16"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR2">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-5"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="2"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR3">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-5"/>
    <entry name="States" type="int" size=4 v1="0" v2="1" v3="2" v4="3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="4"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR4">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="5E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="8"/>
  </section>
</par>

```

## 11.8 Timing Measurement Function

The operational mode *measure* of the trigger system provides the functionality to measure the response time of the instruments ready signal to a trigger signal.

A typical application is to measure the timing of a single sweep of a network analyzer. In this case the NWA sweep is initialized according to the actual measurement and the execution time of each measurement point is tested. The result can be used to set the timing of a TR sequence, to calculate the maximum velocity of the scan axis, to calculate the position offset of each individual measurements point or to reverse the measurements of the reverse motion direction properly.

The function issues the configured number of trigger signals and measures the time between the trigger signal and the response of the instruments ready signal. The next trigger is send following the ready response of the instrument until the configured number of tests has been executed. If the instrument does not respond within the timeout value the test is stopped and an error message is generated.

Note that the polarity of the busy/ready signal of the instrument is expected as busy equals high level.

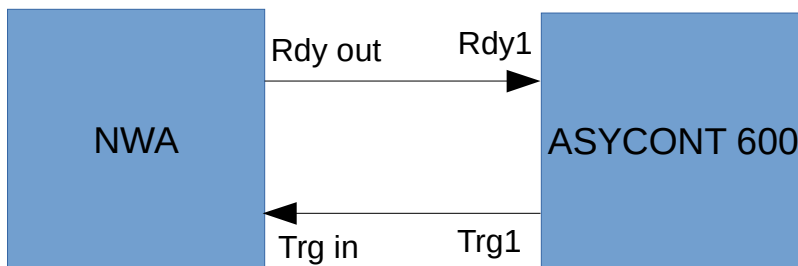


Fig 15: Timing measurement, NWA connection

To perform a TR measurement the trigger system mode must be set to *measure* and the state must be set to *on*. The TR1 must be set to *measure* and the number of measurements has to be set.

The *InitTRTest* command starts the actual test.

Parameter	Description
TR1/TR Test	
N	Number of measurements
Timeout	Timeout period to wait for the response of the instruments ready signal

Table 10: Parameter or TR Measurement.

## Programming Commands

To configure the measurement:

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="measure"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="measure"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR1/TR Test">
    <entry name="N" type="int" v1="201"/>
    <entry name="Timeout" type="float" v1="3.0"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

The actual measurement is started by the *InitTRTest* command.

```
<command name="InitTRTest" tr="1"/>
```

The test will run until the number of measurement has been performed or it will stop with an error if the instrument does not respond to a trigger within the timeout period.

The status of the test can be queried:

```
<state>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <query name="TR Meas" type="string"/>
  </section>
</state>
```

The response of the query is one of the following:

off:	test not started or finished
busy:	test still running
timeout:	timeout waiting for ready signal
error:	an error occurred

After completion the measured response times can be read from the controller. The result contains the list of measured busy times.

### Query

```
<par>
  <section name="TR1/TR Test">
    <query name="Result" type="float"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

### Result

```
<par>
  <section name="TR1/TR Test">
    <query name="Result" type="float" size="201" v1="0.00316" v2="0.00317" ... />
  </section>
</par>
```

## 12. Digital Outputs

The controller supports internal and external digital outputs that are controlled by remote commands, see chapter 5.1.2, Distributed Digital Output and Real-Time Control. The outputs are independent of any motion function or of the fast real-time control units. Each output provides 24V/0.5A, positive logic.

The digital outputs are typically used to control the RF-path, the measurement mode or to select system amplifiers.

### Outputs

DO1 to DO16 are integrated in the controller

DO17 to DO48 are located in external DO modules, if available

At start-up of the controller all digital outputs are set to the preset state.

The output state is part of the instrument state and is saved or recalled accordingly.

### Programming Commands

```
<par>  
<section name="DIO">  
<entry name="DO1" type="bool" v1="true|false"/>  
<entry name="DO2" type="bool" v1="true|false"/>  
...  
</section>  
</par>
```

## 13. ASYCONT 600 Remote Application

The ASYCONT 600 remote application provides the user interface to the ASYCONT 600 controller.

If the controller includes the display option an instance of the application is running in the controller. Additional clients can be installed on remote PC's or tablets on the same network. Up to 5 simultaneous client connections are supported.

### 13.1 Connect to Controller

Click the *Connect* button on the main toolbar to establish a connection to the controller. If the connection could be established successfully, the connection status and the IP address of the connected controller are indicated in the status bar, cp. Fig 18

On connection the controller configuration and the current instrument state are automatically uploaded from the controller. System and axis status are continuously updated.



Fig 16: Connect

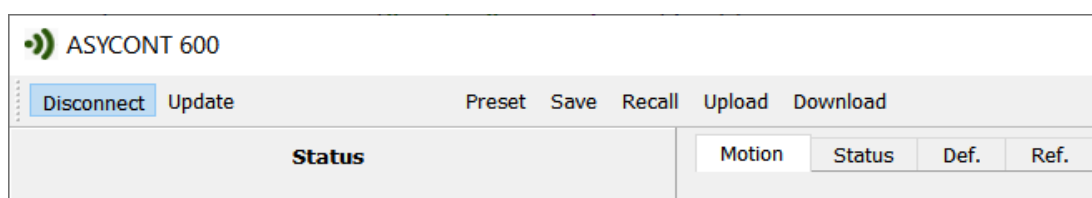


Fig 17: Disconnect

Click *Disconnect* to close the connection, cp. Fig 17

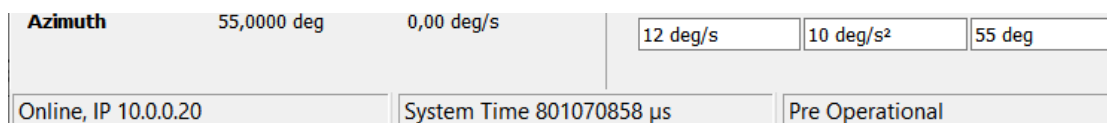


Fig 18: Connection status

## 13.2 Instrument State and Preset

Instrument states can be saved in the user memory area of the controller and they can be exchanged between the controller and another computer by means of the controller remote application.

At start-up the controller always loads the preset instrument state that has been assigned at system commissioning. The current instrument state is not automatically saved at shut-down of the controller.

### 13.2.1 Preset, Save and Recall Instrument state from Controller Memory

The current instrument state can be saved in the user memory of the controller where it is available to all clients. An existing instrument state can be recalled from any client. Recalling an instrument state will overwrite all controller parameter. The new state will subsequently be uploaded to the remote application.

Preset loads the preset state.

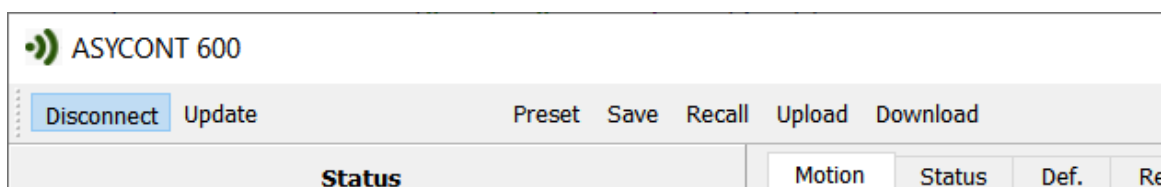


Fig 19: Instrument state functions

#### Preset

Restores the factory preset state.

#### Save

Saves the current instrument state to the user memory area of the controller.

#### Recall

Displays a list of instrument states that are currently saved on the controller and recalls the selected state.

### 13.2.2 Upload/Download Instrument State to Remote Application

The following commands transfer instrument states between the controller and the remote client application where they are saved in instrument state files.

#### Upload



Upload the current instrument state from the controller and save to a file on the client computer.

#### Download

Restores an instrument state from a file on the client computer.

### 13.2.3 Programming Commands

```
<command name="Preset" />  
<command name="Recall" file=fname />  
<command name="Save" file=fname />  
<command name="SendParam" />
```

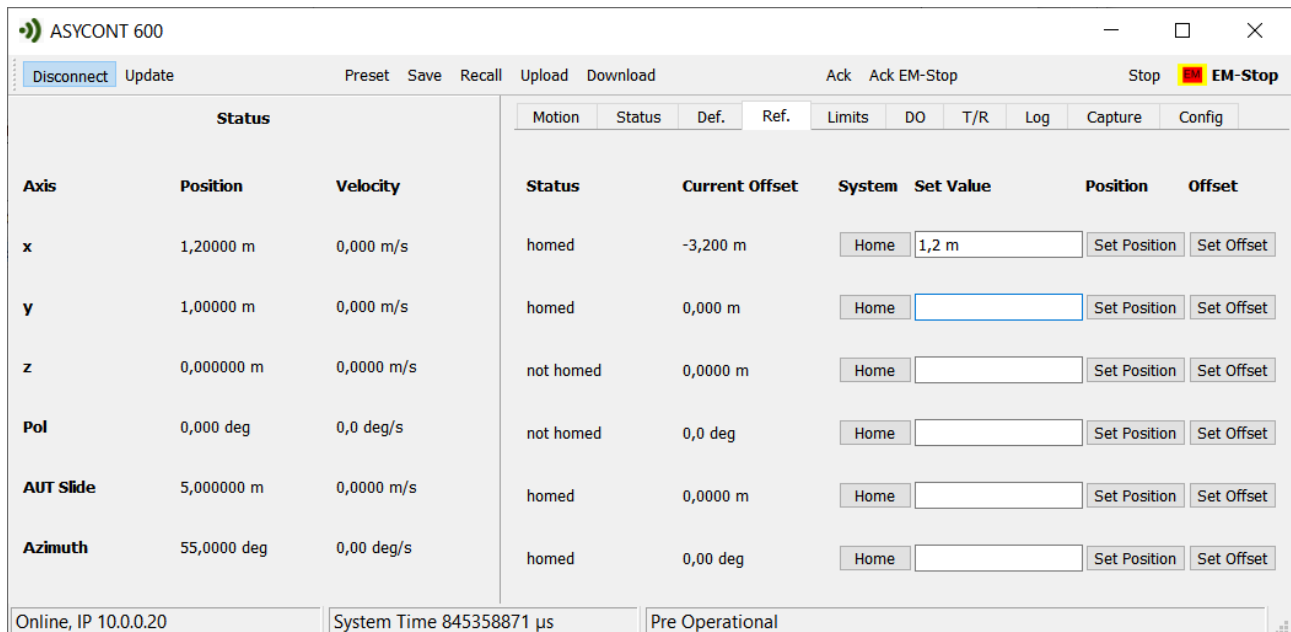
### 13.3 Axis Reference

Referencing or homing is the procedure to establish an absolute position reference for an axis. Depending on the underlying hardware and configuration the procedure may require a motion of the axis or the procedure may simply read the absolute position value from an encoder.

Axes can be configured to start the referencing procedure automatically at start-up or the procedure needs to be performed manually.

In any case an axis needs to be referenced before it can be moved. Once established, the reference remains valid until shut down of the controller.

The system referencing procedure establishes a fixed absolute position reference. However, the user can apply a *user offset* to the system reference.



Axis	Position	Velocity	Status	Current Offset	System	Set Value	Position	Offset
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s	homed	-3,200 m	Home	1,2 m	Set Position	Set Offset
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s	homed	0,000 m	Home		Set Position	Set Offset
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s	not homed	0,0000 m	Home		Set Position	Set Offset
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s	not homed	0,0 deg	Home		Set Position	Set Offset
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s	homed	0,0000 m	Home		Set Position	Set Offset
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s	homed	0,00 deg	Home		Set Position	Set Offset

Online, IP 10.0.0.20    System Time 845358871 µs    Pre Operational

Fig 20: Axis reference page

The *Reference* page shows the current homing status for each axis and the current user offset.

Home

The *Home* button starts the system reference procedure and sets the system reference position. User offset will be set to 0.

Set Position

Assigns the *Set Value* to the current axis position. The *user offset* is calculated and updated accordingly.

#### Set Offset

Sets the *user offset* directly to the Set Value.

Applying a user offset to an axis will change the axis position limits accordingly

#### Note!

Depending on the axis type and configuration the homing procedure may start several axis movements.

#### 13.3.1 Programming Commands

```
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" />  
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" Offset="fval" />  
<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" NewPosition="fval" />
```

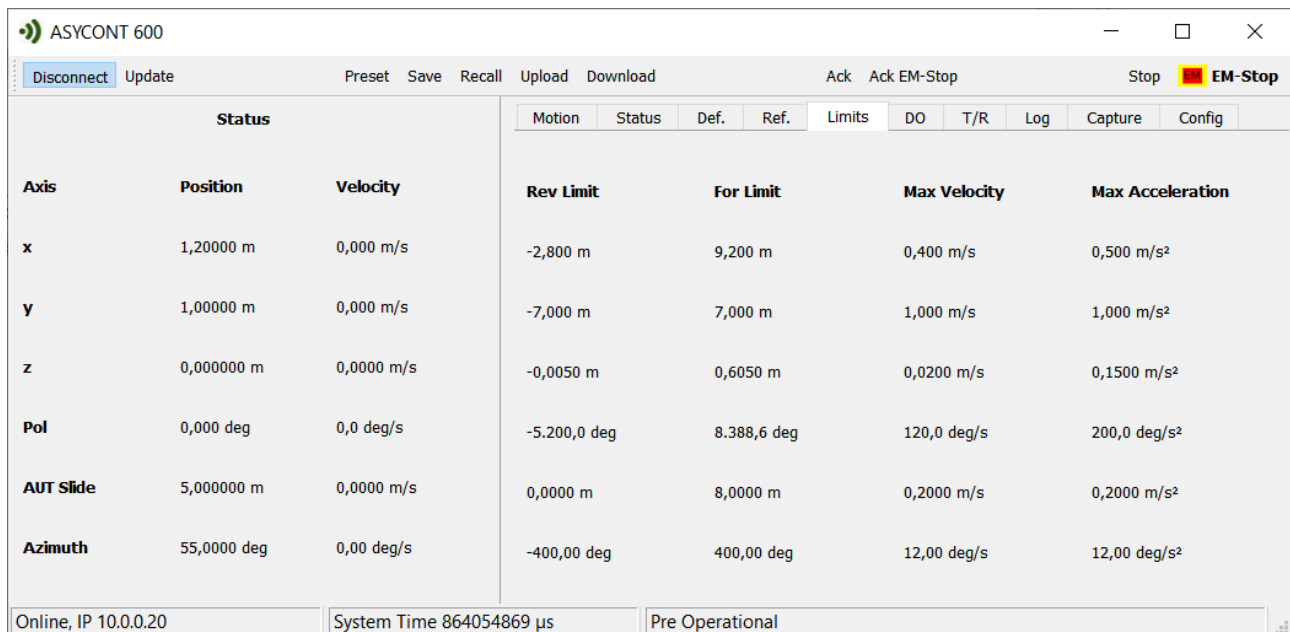
## 13.4 Axis Limits

The current *forward and reverse position limits* for each axis and the current limits for *acceleration and velocity* are shown on the *Limits* page.

*Forward and Reverse* position limits will change dynamically with the *user offset*.

In principle, depending on the underlying system and the axis configuration all axis limits can change dynamically during operation. Position limits will change with the user offset and may change as a response to external switches or if *keep-out-zones* are implemented to avoid collisions. The maximum limits for acceleration and velocity may depend on the load or other factors.

The *Limits* page always shows the actual limit value.



Status			Motion	Status	Def.	Ref.	Limits	DO	T/R	Log	Capture	Config
Axis	Position	Velocity	Rev Limit		For Limit		Max Velocity		Max Acceleration			
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s	-2,800 m		9,200 m		0,400 m/s		0,500 m/s <sup>2</sup>			
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s	-7,000 m		7,000 m		1,000 m/s		1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup>			
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s	-0,0050 m		0,6050 m		0,0200 m/s		0,1500 m/s <sup>2</sup>			
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s	-5.200,0 deg		8.388,6 deg		120,0 deg/s		200,0 deg/s <sup>2</sup>			
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s	0,0000 m		8,0000 m		0,2000 m/s		0,2000 m/s <sup>2</sup>			
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s	-400,00 deg		400,00 deg		12,00 deg/s		12,00 deg/s <sup>2</sup>			

Online, IP 10.0.0.20    System Time 864054869 µs    Pre Operational

Fig 21: Axis Limits page

#### 13.4.1.1 *Programming Commands*

The current limit value of an axis is provided with the response of the status query of the respective parameter.

##### Query

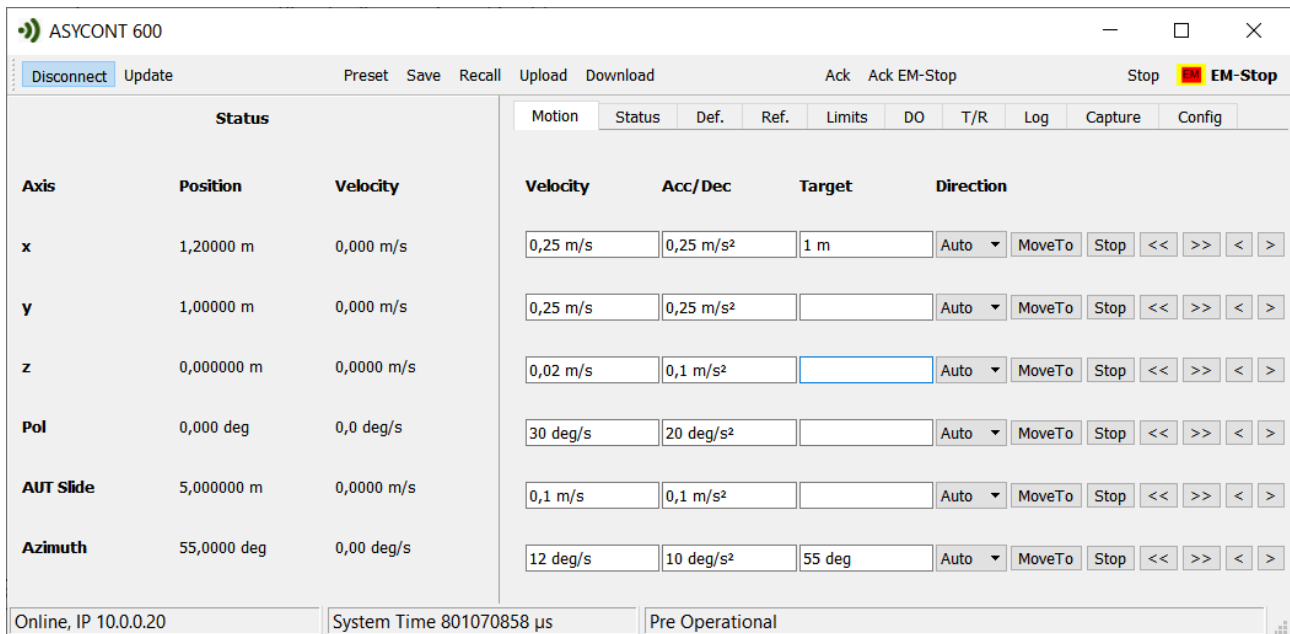
```
<par>
  <section name="Axis 1">
    <query name="Position"/>
    <query name="Velocity"/>
    <query name="Acceleration"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

##### Response

```
<state>
  <section name="Axis 1">
    <entry name="Position" type="float" unit="" min="fval" max="fval" size="1"
v1="fval" />
    <entry name="Velocity" type="float" unit="" min="fval" max="fval" size="1"
v1="fval" />
    <entry name="Acceleration" type="float" unit="" min="fval" max="fval" size="1"
v1="fval" />
  </section>
</state>
```

## 13.5 Motion

The *Motion* page provides access to the basic motion commands for the individual axes. The motion of each axis can be controlled independent of the other axes. Multiple axes can be controlled simultaneously.



The screenshot shows the ASYCONT 600 Motion page. It features a top menu bar with options like Disconnect, Update, Preset, Save, Recall, Upload, Download, Ack, Ack EM-Stop, Stop, and EM-Stop. Below this is a 'Status' section with a table showing the current position and velocity for various axes. To the right is a 'Motion' section with input fields for Velocity, Acc/Dec, Target, and Direction for each axis. The axes listed are x, y, z, Pol, AUT Slide, and Azimuth. The bottom status bar indicates 'Online, IP 10.0.0.20', 'System Time 801070858 µs', and 'Pre Operational'.

Axis	Position	Velocity
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s

Fig 22: Motion page

The motion parameters *Velocity*, *Acc/Dec* and *Target* define the motion profile, cp Trajectory Generation, Basic Motion Profile. For a description of the *Direction* options *Forward*, *Reverse*, *Auto* and *Exceed Period* see Basic Motion Commands.

Motion commands are issued by the following controls:

**MoveTo**

Start a move to the absolute target position.

**Stop**

Decelerates the axis with the deceleration value *Acc/Dec* until the axis comes to a stop.

**<< >>**

Move forward or reverse, respectively, while the button is pressed. If released, decelerate and stop.

< >

These buttons latch and move the axis continuously forward or reverse. Click again to release the button and to stop the motion.

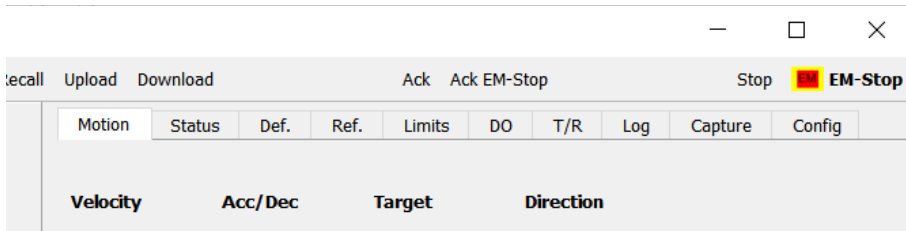


Fig 23: Main Toolbar, Stop and EM-Stop

In addition to the controls on the motion page the main toolbar provides the controls Stop and *EM-Stop*.

*Stop* will force a decelerated stop of all axes.

*EM-Stop* triggers the emergency stop system and has the same effect as pressing one of the emergency stop buttons on the system. An emergency stop needs to be acknowledged to enter the operational state.

#### Note!

Triggering the emergency stop from the remote application does not comply with applicable safety standards. This function is provided for convenience only.

### 13.5.1 Programming Commands

```
<command name="MoveAbs" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Deceleration="10.0"
Velocity="10.0" Direction="Auto" Position="5.0"/>
<command name="MoveRel" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Deceleration="10.0"
Velocity="10.0" Direction="Auto" Position="5.0"/>
<command name="ContF" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Velocity="10.0" />
<command name="ContR" axis="Axis 1" Acceleration="10.0" Velocity="10.0" />
<command name="Stop" axis="Axis 1" Deceleration="10.0" />
<command name="QuickStop" axis="Axis 1" />
<command name="EMStop" />
```

## 13.6 Axis Status and Controller Status

The axis *Status page* provides additional axis status information and the control to enable or disable the drive.

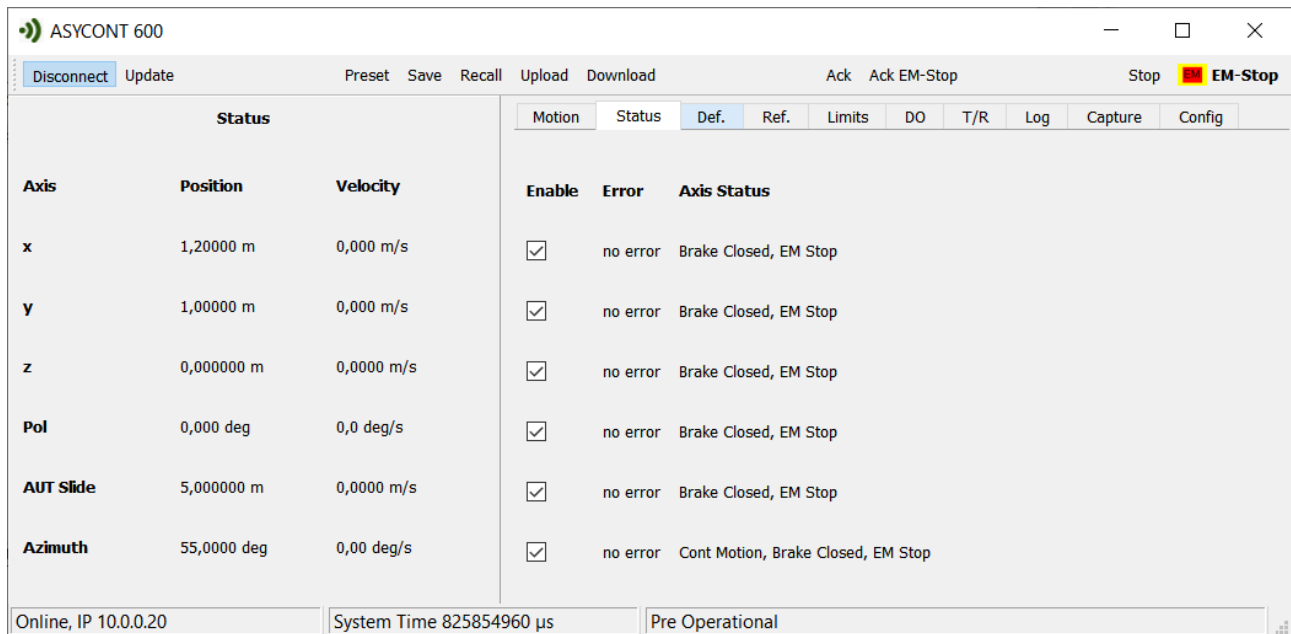


Fig 24: Axis Status page

### Enable

Select or deselect the check box to *enable* or *disable* the drive. Disabling the drive will switch off the control loop and de-energize the drive.

### Error

Pending axis errors are shown with number and description text. A pending error needs to be acknowledged by the *Ack* button on the main toolbar.

### Axis Status

The axis status label summarizes the current status in a single string which is a combination of the following:

#### Drive On

The drive is enabled and energized.



## Error Stop

The axis is stopped as a result of an axis error, the control loop is off and the drive is de-energized.

## Discrete Motion

The drive is in the discrete motion state.

## Cont Motion

The drive is in the continuous motion state.

## Sync Motion

The drive is in the synchronized motion state.

## Forward Limit

Forward hardware limit switch active.

## Reverse Limit

Reverse hardware limit switch active.

## Home Switch

Axis home switch is active.

## Axis Error

Axis is in error state.

## Lag Warning

The warning limit of the lag error is exceeded.

## Brake Open|Brake Closed

The status of the motor holding brake or external brake is open or closed, respectively.

## EM-Stop

An emergency stop is pending. An active emergency stop disables all axes.

The *operational status* of the controller is displayed in the main status bar. Possible conditions are:

## Operational

This is the normal *Operational* status of the controller.

#### Pre-Operational

The *Operational* status is not yet reached or the emergency stop is active. *Pre-Operational* status is usually active during start-up of the controller until the emergency stop is acknowledged.

#### Maintenance

The operational/maintenance switch of the controller is set to maintenance. All drives are disabled.

### 13.6.1.1 *Programming Commands*

#### Query

```
<state>
  <section name="Axis 1">
    <query name="State"/>
  </section>
</state>
```

#### Response

```
<state>
  <section name="Axis 1">
    <entry name="State" type="int" unit="" size="1" v1="86" />
  </section>
</state>
```

## 13.7 Default Positions

The *Def.* Page displays pre-configured default positions of the controller.

Default positions are usually defined to simplify moving to special system positions, for example the center position or special mounting positions for DUT or the measurement probe.

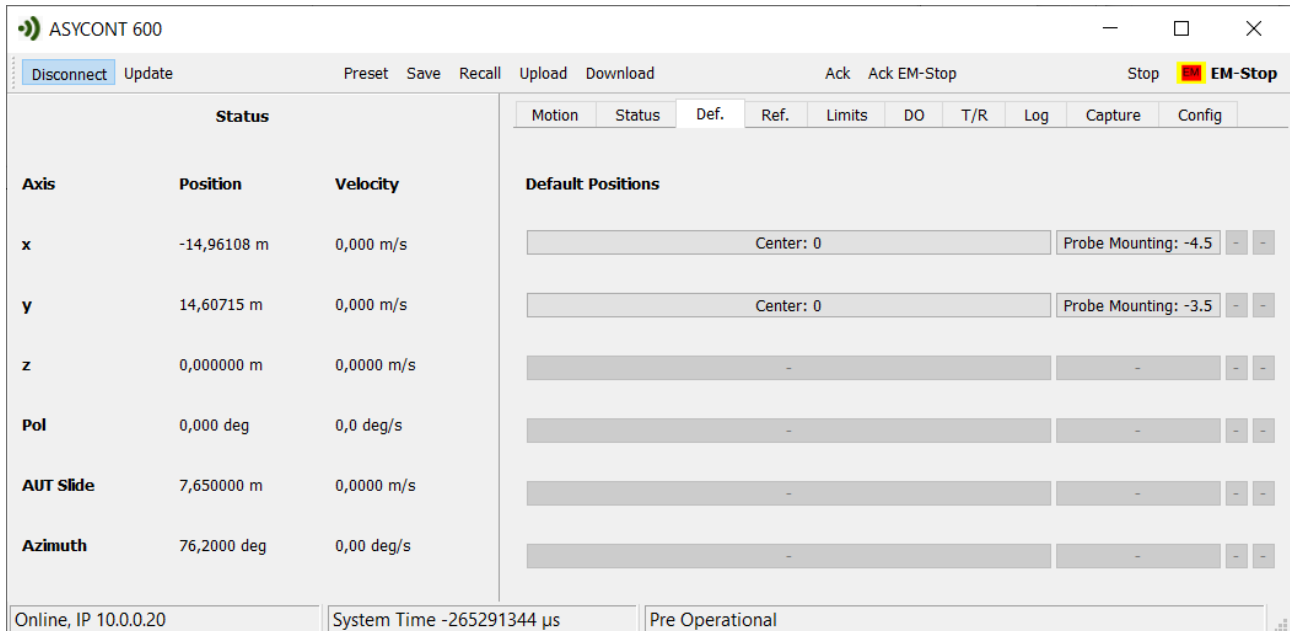


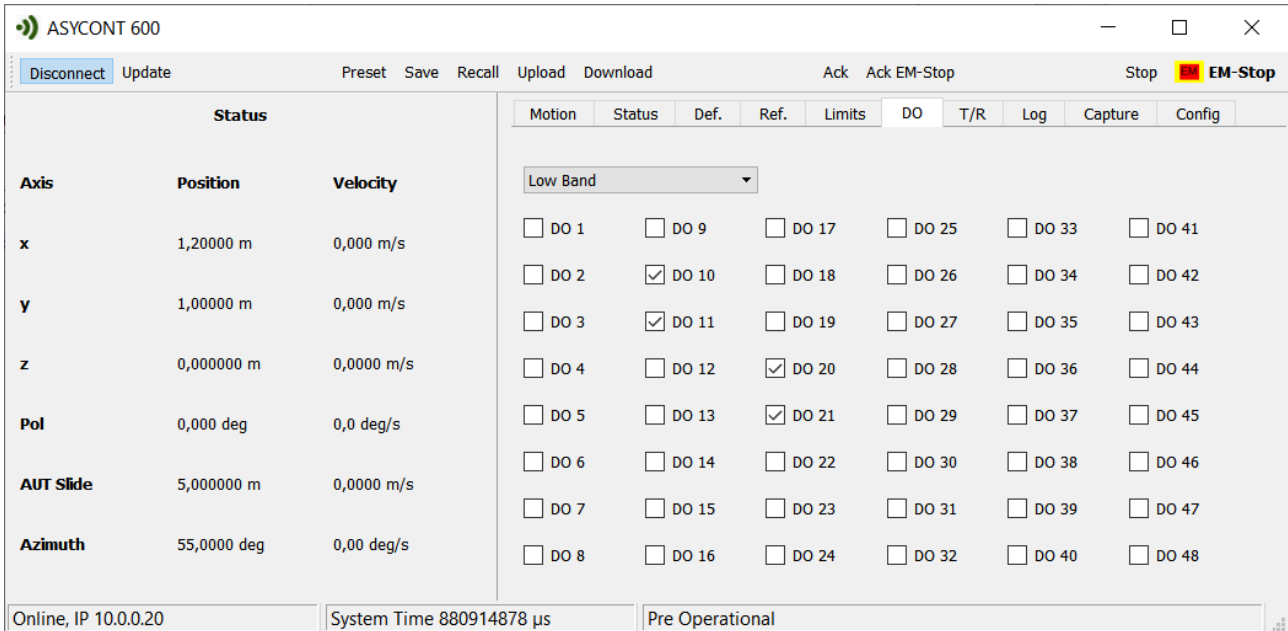
Fig 25: Default positions page

Clicking on one of the *default position buttons* starts a move to the corresponding absolute axis position.

## 13.8 Digital Outputs

The *DO page* provides access to the digital outputs of the system. The check boxes reflect the current output state and allow to change each individual state.

If configured, the *outputs state combo box* provides a means to set all outputs simultaneously to predefined states, so as to set a system state or operational mode.



The screenshot shows the ASYCONT 600 software interface. The top menu bar includes: Disconnect, Update, Preset, Save, Recall, Upload, Download, Ack, Ack EM-Stop, Stop, and EM-Stop. The main window is divided into two panes. The left pane, titled 'Status', displays a table of system parameters:

Axis	Position	Velocity
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s

The right pane, titled 'DO', contains a 'Low Band' dropdown menu and a grid of 48 digital output checkboxes, arranged in 8 rows and 6 columns. The checkboxes are labeled DO 1 through DO 48. The current states are: DO 10, DO 11, DO 20, and DO 21 are checked. The bottom status bar shows: Online, IP 10.0.0.20; System Time 880914878 µs; Pre Operational.

Clicking the corresponding check box toggles the digital state of the corresponding output.

### 13.8.1.1 Programming Commands

```
<par>
<section name="DIO">
<entry name="DO1" type="bool" v1="true|false"/>
<entry name="DO2" type="bool" v1="true|false"/>
...
</section>
</par>
```

## 13.9 Trigger System

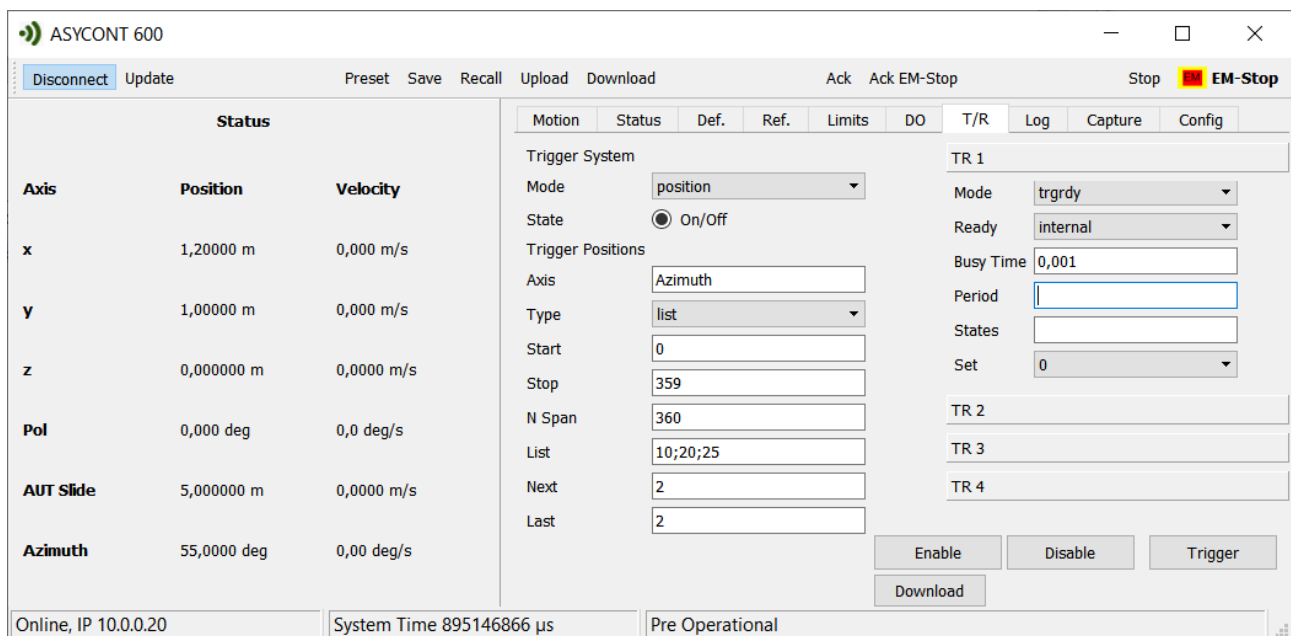
The *T/R page* provides access to the trigger system, trigger positions and the TR resources of the measurement system.

The trigger system generates real-time trigger and control signals and operates independently of the motion control system. A combination of a trigger and ready signal is usually used to synchronize the RF instrumentation with the measurement. Real-time control signals can be used to directly control and synchronize fast pin diode switches with the measurement.

For a detailed description of the trigger system and the functionality refer to Trigger System and Fast Real-Time Control.

### 13.9.1 Trigger System

The *trigger system* defines the main operational mode and contains the subsystems *trigger positions* and the resources *TR 1* to *TR 4*.



The screenshot shows the ASYCONT 600 software interface. The top menu bar includes: Disconnect, Update, Preset, Save, Recall, Upload, Download, Ack, Ack EM-Stop, Stop, and EM-Stop. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Status Table:**

Axis	Position	Velocity
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s
- Trigger System:**
  - Mode: position
  - State: On/Off (radio button selected)
  - Trigger Positions:
    - Axis: Azimuth
    - Type: list
    - Start: 0
    - Stop: 359
    - N Span: 360
    - List: 10;20;25
    - Next: 2
    - Last: 2
- TR Resources:**
  - TR 1:
    - Mode: trgrdy
    - Ready: internal
    - Busy Time: 0,001
    - Period: (empty field)
    - States: (empty field)
    - Set: 0
  - TR 2
  - TR 3
  - TR 4
- Buttons:** Enable, Disable, Trigger, Download
- Footer:** Online, IP 10.0.0.20 | System Time 895146866 µs | Pre Operational

Fig 26: Trigger System page

The basic operational *modes* of the trigger system are  
direct

Trigger sequences are initiated directly by clicking the *Trigger* button.

position

Trigger sequences are initiated when the corresponding axes crosses over defined position breakpoints of the *trigger positions* subsystem.

external

A trigger sequences is initiated for each input trigger pulse at the external trigger input connector.

measure

This mode activates the timing measurement function of the trigger system.

The trigger system *state* can be

on

Trigger system and subsystems is active.

off

Trigger system and subsystems are disabled.

Once all settings of the trigger system and its subsystems are made the *Enable* button downloads the parameter and enables the trigger system. *Disable* disables the trigger system. The trigger system needs to be disabled before it can be properly enabled.

The trigger system is also disabled by the trigger positions subsystem once the defined number of trigger positions has been reached and all sequences have been issued.

### 13.9.2 Trigger Positions

The *trigger positions* subsystem is active when the trigger system mode is set to *position*. When active, trigger/control sequences are issued based on the system position of an axis. The *Type* parameter allows to define the positions either as a span of equispaced values or as a free list of arbitrary positions.

Axis

The axis that acts as a source for the position values.

Type

Position trigger type *span* or *list*.

For type *span* the position breakpoints are defined by the parameter *Start*, *Stop* and *N Span*.

Start

Position of first breakpoint.

Stop

Position of last breakpoint.

N Span

Total number of equally spaced breakpoints.

And for type *list*

List

List of arbitrary positions separated by colons.

Next

The index of the currently active position breakpoint. Set *Next* to the index of the first position of the span or list. While *Next* is automatically updated in the controller the *Next* parameter on the GUI is not.

Last

The index of the last position breakpoint. The trigger system is disabled when *Next* equals *Last* and after the last trigger sequence has been issued.

### 13.9.2.1 Programming Commands

Position trigger parameter:

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger Positions">
    <entry name="Axis" type="string" v1="Phi"/>
    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="span"/>
    <entry name="Start" type="float" v1="0-0"/>
    <entry name="Stop" type="float" v1="359.0"/>
    <entry name="NSpan" type="int" v1="360"/>
    <entry name="List" type="float" size="2" v1="1.2" v2="1.3"/>
    <entry name="Next" type="int" v1="0"/>
    <entry name="Last" type="int" v1="359"/>
  </section>
</par>
```



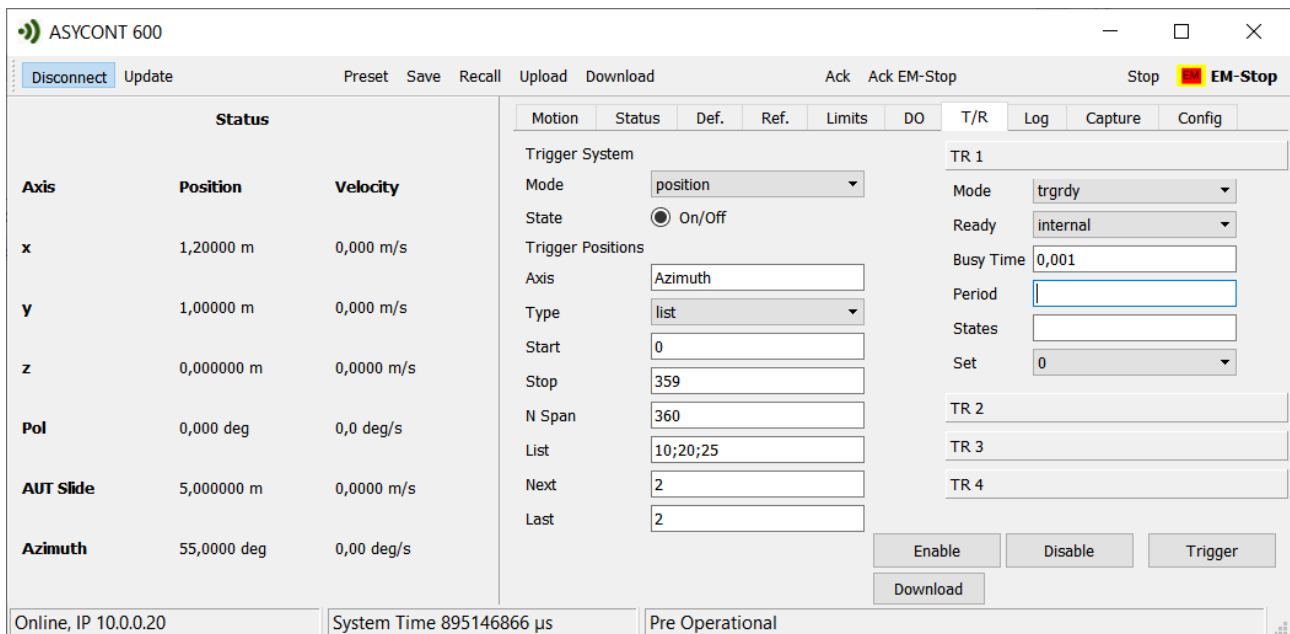


### 13.9.3 TR1 ... TR4, Trigger/Control Sequence

A trigger/control sequence is defined by a combination of the settings of TR1 to TR4. In the simplest case the sequence is a single trigger pulse.

For a detailed description of how to configure a trigger/control sequence refer to Real-Time Trigger/Control Sequence.

Depending on the current operational *Mode* a TR resource can be part of a trigger/control sequence, the associated output can be set directly or it can be used to perform a trigger/ready timing measurement.



The screenshot shows the ASYCONT 600 software interface. The top menu bar includes options like Disconnect, Update, Preset, Save, Recall, Upload, Download, Ack, Ack EM-Stop, Stop, and EM-Stop. The main window is divided into several sections. On the left, there is a 'Status' table with columns for Axis, Position, and Velocity. The table lists data for x, y, z, Pol, AUT Slide, and Azimuth axes. In the center, there is a 'Trigger System' configuration section with fields for Mode (position), State (On/Off), Trigger Positions (Axis: Azimuth, Type: list, Start: 0, Stop: 359, N Span: 360, List: 10;20;25, Next: 2, Last: 2). On the right, there is a 'T/R' (Trigger/Ready) configuration section for TR1 to TR4. TR1 is currently selected, showing Mode (trgrdy), Ready (internal), Busy Time (0,001), Period (empty), States (empty), and Set (0). Below the T/R section are buttons for Enable, Disable, Trigger, and Download. At the bottom of the interface, there is a status bar showing 'Online, IP 10.0.0.20', 'System Time 895146866 µs', and 'Pre Operational'.

Fig 27: T/R page, TR1 ... TR4

Each TR resource can be set to one of the following *modes*:

#### off

The resource is disabled

#### direct

The resource is set to direct control mode and the associated output state can be set directly.

#### measure

The resource is assigned to the timing measurement function.

## **trgrdy**

The resource is part of a real-time trigger/control sequence.

When set to *direct* control the associated outputs can be set directly by the set control:

### **Set**

Provides a list of 16 states. Each state represents a bitmap with 4 bits. Each bit represents an output. In case less than 4 outputs are associated to the resource the remaining bits are ignored.

When set to *trgrdy* the resource takes part in the fast, real-time trigger/control sequence.

### **Ready**

internal | external

Currently only internal blank time generation is supported

### **Busy Time**

The time the underlying measurement parameter requires for the switch-over to the next state (TR2...TR4) or the measurement time (TR1).

### **Period**

Number of measurement trigger of TR1 between a switch-over to the next state (TR2...TR4) or the total number of measurements (TR1)

### **States**

List of up to 16 output states for the output lines of a real-time module. Bits 1 to 4 represent the output state of the corresponding output line.

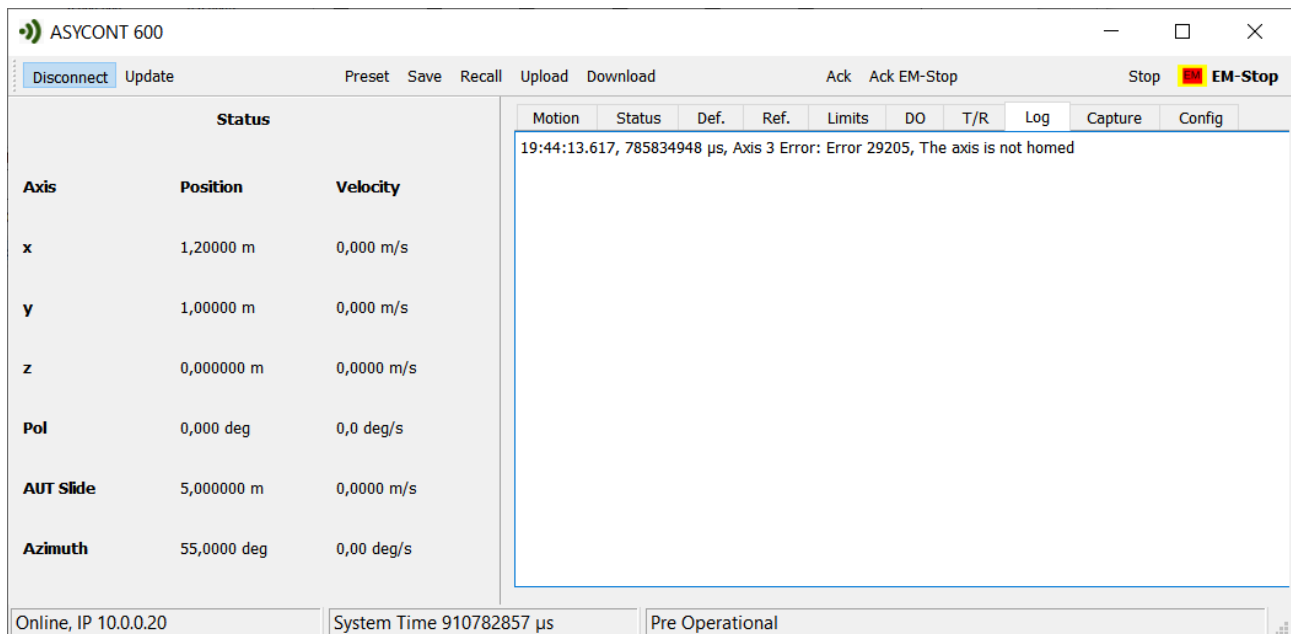
### 13.9.3.1 *Programming Commands*

```
<par>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="16"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR2">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-5"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="2"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR3">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-5"/>
    <entry name="States" type="int" size=4 v1="0" v2="1" v3="2" v4="3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="4"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR4">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="5E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="8"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

## 13.10 Controller Log

Error messages, warnings and messages from the controller are automatically output to the log window.

For a list of error messages refer to Error Codes and Messages.



Axis	Position	Velocity
x	1,20000 m	0,000 m/s
y	1,00000 m	0,000 m/s
z	0,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Pol	0,000 deg	0,0 deg/s
AUT Slide	5,000000 m	0,0000 m/s
Azimuth	55,0000 deg	0,00 deg/s

Log: 19:44:13.617, 785834948 µs, Axis 3 Error: Error 29205, The axis is not homed

Online, IP 10.0.0.20 | System Time 910782857 µs | Pre Operational

Fig 28: Log page

### 13.10.1.1 Programming Commands

```
<state>
  <section name="System">
    <query name="Last Error" />
  </section>
</state>

<state>
  <section name="System">
    <query name="Errors" />
  </section>
</state>
```



## 13.11 Position Capture

The *Capture page* provides access to the position capture function of the controller. The position capture function allows to capture the position of one or multiple axes in real-time. The controller collects the positions of the axes to be captured in equally spaced intervals and sends the data in blocks to the remote application. The data of the selected axes are saved in a single file. The capture interval corresponds to the cycle time of the real-time bus.

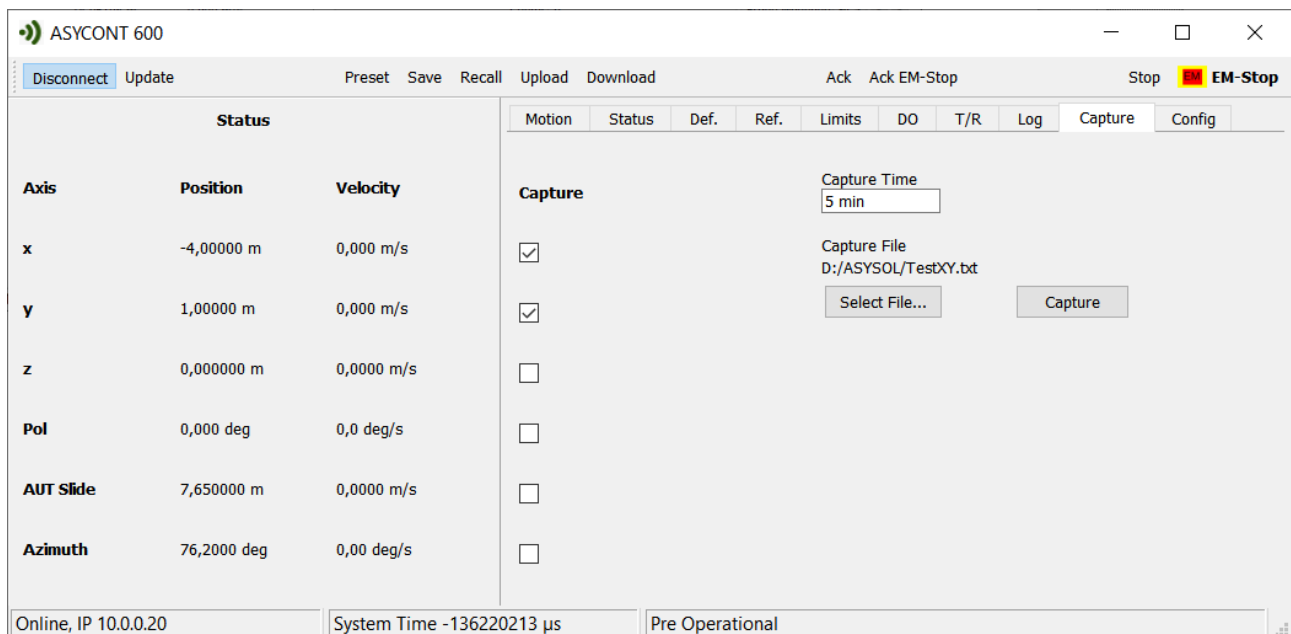


Fig 29: Position Capture page

### Capture Check Boxes

Capture positions of the checked axes.

### Capture Time

Data is captured for this period.

### Capture File

The file for the captured data.

### Capture

Start position capture.

## 13.12 Configuration

The *Config page* provides access to the changeable part of the user configuration. In operational mode of the controller the configuration is read-only. Changes are only possible in maintenance mode.



## 14. Remote Operation

### 14.1 Remote Interface

The controller provides an Ethernet interface and allows remote operation by TCP/IP on port 4000. The default IP address is 10.0.0.20. A fixed IP address is required. The communication protocol is based on XML.

The controller allows connection of up to 5 clients at a time. If more than a single client is connected the clients are responsible for command synchronization.

The ASYCONT 600 remote application connects to the controller by the remote interface.

#### 14.1.1 Conventions in this Manual

Variable names are indicated in [blue](#).

In this document the XML header is omitted for convenience.

#### 14.1.2 Axis Identification

Axes are identified by a unique axis name or by the axis index.

Example

```
<section name="Axis n"> or <section name="Name">
```

#### 14.1.3 Axis Units

All communication to and from the controller uses standard SI units without prefix. For rotary axes positions are interpreted and returned in degrees. For linear axes in meters. Time is in seconds. Derived units are defined accordingly.

#### 14.1.4 Interpretation of Current Position for Periodic Axes

For a periodic axis the current *Axis Position*, *System Position* or *Nominal Position* returned by the controller is always confined in the  $[0^\circ...360^\circ[$  range.

#### 14.1.5 Interpretation of Command Position for Periodic Axes

For a periodic axis the position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ...360^\circ[$ , but command positions outside this interval are allowed for convenience or to provide a means to command moves that exceed the  $360^\circ$  range, for example to command multiple rotations.

The following applies to the motion commands *MoveAbs* and *MoveRel*.

In the direction modes *Auto*, *Forward* and *Reverse* a command position outside this range is automatically mapped into the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$  range. In other words  $-10^\circ$ ,  $350^\circ$  and  $710^\circ$  all define the same target position.

The direction mode *Exceed Period* provides a means to command an axis outside the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ[$  range and to allow movement distances of more than  $360^\circ$ . The range of a motion depends on the current axis position and the target position.

If, for example, the current position is  $350^\circ$  then a command position of

$360^\circ$  will move the axis  $10^\circ$  forward,

$370^\circ$  will move  $20^\circ$  forward and

$360^\circ + 350^\circ = 710^\circ$  will start a full rotation back to the same position

Moves in the negative direction are defined accordingly.

## 14.2 XML Command Interface

Commands and queries are exchanged by an XML based communication protocol. The protocol allows to exchange single commands and parameter or complete XML documents in a single step. The complete controller configuration or the complete parameter state can be queried in a single step.

For messages send to the controller the XML header may be omitted. For commands a shortened version without a root element is allowed.

Messages send from the controller always include the XML header.

In this document the XML header is omitted for convenience.

### 14.2.1 Configuration

A config message is defined by the root element `<config>`. The configuration is grouped into sections to distinguish between different axes or subsystems. The remote interface allows to exchange an arbitrary number of parameters in a single XML message.

Data types bool, string, int, float and complex are supported. A parameter may contain a single value or a list of values. The response to a query returns the current value and the parameter limits if available.

The configuration is further subdivided into the *base configuration* and the *user configuration*. The base configuration is read-only and cannot be modified by the remote interface. The user

configuration has read access in all operational modes. For safety reasons write access is provided in *Maintenance* mode only. Configuration parameter send in operational mode are ignored.

In order to change user configuration settings the *Operational/Maintenance switch* on the controller needs to be set to *Maintenance*.

The user configuration overwrites the corresponding setting of the base configuration within applicable restrictions, see chapter xxx. A configuration parameter query returns the corresponding value of the user configuration if available, else the value of the base configuration.

To set a config parameter:

```
<config>
  <section name="Sec1">
    <entry name="Par1" type="Typ1" size="1" v1="Val1"/>
    <entry name="Par2" type="Typ2" size="1" v1="Val2"/>
    ...
  </section>
</config>
```

A config parameter query is formed by the node name *query*:

```
<config>
  <section name="Sec1">
    <query name="Par1"/>
    <query name="Par2"/>
    ...
  </section>
</config>
```

The response to the query is a single XML message with the requested config parameters. The timestamp contains the system time where the parameters were captured in  $\mu$ s.

```
<config timestamp="ts">
  <section name="Sec1">
    <entry name="Par1" type="Typ1" size="1" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    <entry name="Par2" type="Typ2" size="1" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    ...
  </section>
</config>
```

## 14.2.2 Configuration Tree

### Base Configuration Parameter

```
<config>
  <section name="System">
    <entry name="Number of Axes" type="int" v1="N"/>
    <entry name="RT Prog 1" type="string" v1="TrgSeq3 | TrgTR3OL | TrgTR4OL"/>
    <entry name="RT Address 1" type="string" v1="Address1"/>
    <entry name="RT Prog 2" type="string" v1="TrgSeq3 | TrgTR3OL | TrgTR4OL"/>
    <entry name="RT Address 2" type="string" v1="Address2"/>
    <entry name="RT Prog 3" type="string" v1="TrgSeq3 | TrgTR3OL | TrgTR4OL"/>
    <entry name="RT Address 3" type="string" v1="Address3"/>
  </section>
  <section name="Axis <n>">
    <entry name="Name" type="string" v1="Name"/>
    <entry name="Unit" type="string" v1="Unit"/>
    <entry name="Resolution" type="float" v1="F"/>
    <entry name="Forward Limit" type="float" v1="Fwd"/>
    <entry name="Reverse Limit" type="float" v1="Rev"/>
    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="Limited | Periodic"/>
  </section>
  ...
</config>
```

The range for the axis index n is [1...N].

## User Configuration Parameter

```
<config>
  <section name="Axis <n>">
    <entry name="Forward Limit" type="float" v1="Fwd"/>
    <entry name="Reverse Limit" type="float" v1="Rev"/>
    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="Limited | Periodic"/>
    <entry name="Power Mode" type="string" v1="on | manual"/>
    <entry name="Homing Mode" type="string" v1="auto | manual"/>
    <entry name="Load Model" type="string" v1="linear | periodic"/>
    <entry name="Load Offset" type="float" v1="F1"/>
    <entry name="Load Torque Offset" type="float" v1="F2"/>
    <entry name="Load Slope" type="float" v1="F3"/>
    <entry name="Load Min Step" type="float" v1="F4"/>
    <entry name="Correction Table" type="string" v1="Label1"/>
    <entry name="Correction State" type="string" v1="on | off"/>
  </section>
  ...
</config>
```

### 14.2.3 Configuration Reference, Base Configuration

Refer to chapter xxx, Configuration, for a description of the system configuration.

## System

The system subsystem contains system wide configuration settings.

### Number of Axes

The total number of configured axes

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**range** [1...N]

### RT Prog 1

Trigger/control program for RT module #1

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** TrgSeq3 | TrgSeq3OL | TrgSeq4OL

### RT Address 1

System address of real-time module #1

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** -

### RT Prog 2

Trigger/control program for RT module #2

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** TrgSeq3 | TrgSeq3OL | TrgSeq4OL

### RT Address 2

System address of real-time module #2

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** -

### RT Prog 3

Trigger/control program for RT module #3

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** TrgSeq3 | TrgSeq3OL | TrgSeq4OL

### RT Address 3

System address of real-time module #3

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** -

## Axis <int>

The parameter of the config system are organized in sections per axis. The section name is the keyword Axis followed by a blank and the index number of the axis. The range for the axis index is

[1...N], where N is the total number of configured axes.

### Name

A unique name for the axis

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** Max 80 characters

### Unit

The SI unit of the axis position value. Units of axis parameters are derived from this unit.

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** deg | m

### Resolution

The resolution is the smallest step of the axis position. The actual resolution may be higher, but should not be assumed higher than this value for display or accuracy considerations.

**type** float

**size** 1

**unit** deg | m

### Type

Limited or unlimited (periodic) axis

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** limited | periodic

### Forward Limit

Absolute forward position limit relative to the system reference position

**type** float

**size** 1

**unit** deg | m

## Reverse Limit

Absolute reverse position limit relative to the system reference position

<b>type</b>	float
<b>size</b>	1
<b>unit</b>	deg   m



#### 14.2.4 Configuration Reference, User Configuration

Refer to chapter xxx, Configuration, for a description of the system configuration.

##### Axis <int>

The parameter of the config system are organized in sections per axis. The section name is the keyword Axis followed by a blank and the index number of the axis.

##### Type

Limited or unlimited (periodic) axis

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** limited | periodic

##### Forward Limit

Absolute forward position limit relative to the system reference position

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** deg | m

##### Reverse Limit

Absolute reverse position limit relative to the system reference position

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** deg | m

##### Power Mode

Drive power switched on automatically at start-up or manually

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** manual | on

##### Homing Mode

Homing procedure automatically started at start-up or manually by the reference command

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** auto | manual

### Correction Table

Position correction file

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** <filename>.pcf

### Correction State

Position correction enabled or disabled

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** on | off

### Load Model

-

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**range** linear | periodic

### Load Torque Offset

-

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** Nm

### Load Offset

-

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** Nm

### Load Slope

-

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** Nm/m

### Load Min Step

Minimum step of actuator value to initiate value update

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** Nm

### 14.2.5 Parameter

A parameter message is defined by the root element <par>. Parameters are grouped into sections to distinguish between different axes or subsystems. The remote interface allows to exchange an arbitrary number of parameters in a single XML message.

Parameter data types bool, string, int, float and complex are supported. A parameter may contain a single value or a list of values. The response to a parameter query returns the current value and the parameter limits if available.

Set parameters:

```
<par>
  <section name="Sec1">
    <entry name="Par1" type="Typ1" size="1" v1="Val1"/>
    <entry name="Par2" type="Typ2" size="1" v1="Val2"/>
    ...
  </section>
</par>
```

A parameter query is formed by the node name *query*:

```
<par>
  <section name="Sec1">
    <query name="Par1"/>
    <query name="Par2"/>
    ...
  </section>
</par>
```

The response to the query is a single XML message with the requested parameters and the parameter limits, if applicable. The timestamp contains the system time where the parameters were captured in µs.

```
<par timestamp="ts">
  <section name="Sec1">
    <entry name="Par1" type="Typ1" size="1" min="l1" max="l2" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    <entry name="Par2" type="Typ2" size="1" min="l1" max="l2" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    ...
  </section>
</par>
```

### 14.2.6 Parameter Tree

The following XML document lists the available parameters. Axes are grouped into sections per axis and per subsystem. The number of available sections depends on the number of configured axes.

```
<par>
  <section name="Axis n">
    <entry name="Velocity" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Acceleration" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Deceleration" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Jerk" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Direction" type="string" size="1" v1="Forward|Reverse|Auto|Exceed
    Period"/>
    <entry name="Position" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Offset" type="float" size="1" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Enabled" type="string" size="1" v1="on|off"/>
  </section>
  ... repeats for axis index 1 to number of configured axes
  <section name="DIO">
    <entry name="DOn" type="bool" v1="true|false"/>
    ... repeats for n=1...64
  </section>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="direct|position|external|measure"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on|off"/>
  </section>
  <section name="Trigger Positions">
    <entry name="Axis" type="string" v1="sval"/>
    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="span|list"/>
    <entry name="Start" type="float" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Stop" type="float" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="NSpan" type="int" v1="ival"/>
    <entry name="List" type="float" size="ival" v1="fval1" v2="fval2" ... />
    <entry name="Next" type="int" v1="ival"/>
    <entry name="Last" type="int" v1="ival"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off|direct|trgrdy|measure"/>
    <entry name="Trigger" type="string" v1="OnSweep|OnPoint"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal|external"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="ival"/>
  </section>
</par>
```

```

    <entry name="States" type="int" size="n" v1="ival" v2="ival" ... />
  </section>
  ... repeats for TR1 ... TR4
  <section name="TR1/TR Test">
    <entry name="N" type="int" v1="ival"/>
    <entry name="Timeout" type="float" v1="fval"/>
    <entry name="Result" type="float" size="n" v1="fval1" v2="fval2 ..." />
  </section>
  ... repeats for TR1 ... TR4
</par>

```

## 14.2.7 Parameter Reference

### 14.2.7.1 Motion System

#### Axis <int>

The parameter of the motion control system are organized in sections per axis. The section name is the keyword Axis followed by a blank and the index number of the axis. The index runs from 1 to the total number of configured axes.

##### Velocity

Defines the maximum velocity for simple motion profile generation.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m/s or °/s

##### Acceleration

Defines the maximum acceleration for simple motion profile generation.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m/s<sup>2</sup> or °/s<sup>2</sup>

##### Deceleration

Defines the maximum deceleration for simple motion profile generation.

**type** float  
**size** 1

**unit**       $\text{m/s}^2$  or  $^\circ/\text{s}^2$

## **Jerk**

Query only

Defines the maximum jerk.

**type**      float

**size**      1

**unit**       $\text{m/s}^3$  or  $^\circ/\text{s}^3$

## **Direction**

For a periodic axis this parameter defines the direction to the target position. For a limited axis the setting is ignored.

Affects motion commands MoveAbs and MoveRel.

Possible values are

Auto

shortest path to the target position

Forward

move forward to the target position, target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$ , target position outside this interval is automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Reverse

reverse direction;

move reverse to the target position, target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$ , target position outside this interval is automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Exceed Period

this mode allows to command to a target position outside the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$  interval, for example to command a move that exceeds one rotation,

Example:

if the current position is  $110^\circ$  a target position of

$100^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  back

$120^\circ$  will move  $20^\circ$  forward

360° will move forward to 0° (360°)

0° will move reverse to 0°

500° will move forward to  $360^\circ + 140^\circ \rightarrow 140^\circ$

**type** string

**size** 1

**unit** -

### Offset

Query only

User defined position offset relative to the systems absolute position reference.

After the reference procedure has been executed the offset is always set to 0. The offset can only be changed by the *Reference* command.

**type** float

**size** 1

**unit** m or °

### Position

Defines the absolute or relative target position for simple motion profile generation.

**type** float

**size** 1

**unit** M or °

### Enabled

Enable the drive and release the break.

**type** float

**size** 1

**range** on | off



## **Digital Output System**

Refer to chapter xxx for a description of the digital outputs.

### **DIO**

The digital outputs are found in the section DIO.

#### **DOn, n=[1...64]**

The current state of a single digital output.

The outputs are numbered from 1 to 64.

Changing the logical state of a parameter immediately changes the signal state of the corresponding digital output. A parameter query reflects the current output state.

<b>type</b>	int
<b>size</b>	1
<b>unit</b>	-

#### 14.2.7.2 Trigger System

Refer to chapter xxx for a description of the trigger system.

### Trigger System

#### Mode

The operational mode of the trigger system defines how trigger sequences are initiated or if the system is used to measure instrument measurement times.

<b>type</b>	string
<b>size</b>	1
<b>unit</b>	-
<b>range</b>	<b>direct position external measure</b>

In **direct** mode the sequence is initiated by the remote command *TriggerTRSequence*.

In **position** mode the sequence is triggered position based and according to the *Trigger Positions* subsystem.

In **external** mode the sequence is triggered by an external trigger signal applied to the trigger input.

In **measure** mode the system performs trigger/ready measurements

#### State

Enables or disables the trigger system.

<b>type</b>	string
<b>size</b>	1
<b>unit</b>	-
<b>range</b>	on off

### Trigger Positions

#### Axis

Axis used as the source of the position

**type** String  
**size** 1  
**unit** -  
**range** Name of a configured axis

## Type

Select position trigger mode

span

position breakpoints are equally spaced, the span is defined by Start, Stop and NSpan

list

use the List parameter as source for the position breakpoints

**type** string  
**size** 1  
**unit** -  
**range** span|list

## Start

Start position for trigger type Span

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m or °  
**range** axis limits

## Stop

Stop position for trigger type Span

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m or °  
**range** axis limits

## NSpan

Number of trigger position for trigger type Span

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**unit** -  
**range** [1...]

### List

List of trigger breakpoint positions for trigger type List

**type** float  
**size** 1...?  
**unit** m or °  
**range** axis limits

### Next

Index of the currently active trigger position within the span or list of position breakpoints. This is the next position that issues a trigger. After a trigger has been issued the value is incremented.

The trigger system is disabled when Next equals Last and the last position breakpoint has been issued.

At the beginning of a trigger sequence set this parameter to the first position that should issue a trigger. During the measurement *Next* can be used to monitor the current status.

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**unit** -  
**range** [0...number of breakpoints-1]

### Last

Index of the last trigger position within the span or list of positions.

The trigger system is disabled after *Next* equals *Last* and the last breakpoint has been issued.

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**unit** -

**range** [0...number of breakpoints-1]

## TR1 ... TR4 (Trigger/Ready Resource 1 to 4)

### Mode

off

the resource is disabled

direct

direct control of the output state by the remote commands StateTR1 ... StateTR4

trgrdy

the resource is part of a real-time trigger sequence where the timing is a combined of all resources

measure

the resource is used for trigger/ready measurements

**type** string

**size** 1

**unit** -

**range** off | direct | trgrdy | measure

### Ready <external|internal>

~~If set to External the ready signal is generated externally and applied to the configured ready input. If Internal the signal is internally created by means of the fixed busy time.~~

### Busy Time

The time required to change from one state to the next.

**type** float

**size** 1

**unit** s

**range** 0...?

### Period

For the measurement trigger resource TR1 this is the total number of triggers for one

complete sequence.

For TR2...TR4 the value represents the repeat period, i.e. the number of measurement trigger between changes to the next state.

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**unit** s  
**range** 1...?

## TR1/TR Test ... TR4/TR Test

### Timeout

Timeout value for a single Trigger/Ready measurement.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** s  
**range** 0...?

### N

Number of Trigger/Ready measurements to perform

**type** int  
**size** 1  
**unit** -  
**range** 1...?

### Result

Query only

Measured trigger/ready times.

**type** float  
**size** 1...?  
**unit** s  
**range** 0...?

### 14.2.8 Status Queries

Status queries are defined by the root element <state>. Queries are grouped into sections. The remote interface allows to query an arbitrary number of items in a single step.

A status query is formed by the node name *query*:

```
<state>
  <section name="Sec1">
    <query name="Par1"/>
    <query name="Par2"/>
    ...
  </section>
</state>
```

The response to the query is a single XML message with the requested items:

```
<state>
  <section name="Sec1" timestamp="ts">
    <entry name="Par1" type="Typ1" size="1" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    <entry name="Par2" type="Typ1" size="1" unit="" v1="Val1"/>
    ...
  </section>
</state>
```

The response message includes a timestamp. The timestamp contains the start time of the cycle in which the status was updated and the message was send in  $\mu$ s.

### Status Tree

```
<state>
  <section name="System">
    <entry name="Last Error" type="string" />
    <entry name="Errors" type="string" />
  </section>
  <section name="Axis n">
    <entry name="Position" type="float"/>
    <entry name="Axis Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Axis Velocity" type="float" />
    <entry name="Nominal Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Nominal Velocity" type="float" />
    <entry name="System Position" type="float" />
    <entry name="Position Error" type="float" />
    <entry name="Error ID" type="int" />
  </section>
</state>
```

```
<entry name="Error Message" type="string" />
<entry name="State" type="int" unit="" />
... repeats for n=1...number of configured axes
</section>
<section name="Trigger System" >
  <entry name="State" type="string" />
  <entry name="TR Meas" type="string" />
</section>
</state>
```

### 14.2.9 Status Reference

## System

The section system contains system level status information, for example errors and log messages.

### Last Error

Returns the last error from the system error queue.

The error is removed from the queue.

**type**        string

**size**        1

### Errors

Returns all errors in the error queue.

The error are removed from the queue.

**type**        string

**size**        1...20

## Axis <int>

The status of the different axes are organized in individual sections. The section name is the keyword Axis followed by a blank and the index number of the axis.

### Position | Axis Position

Returns the raw axis position without correction.

**type**        float

**size**        1

**unit**        m or °



## Axis Velocity

Returns the current axis velocity.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m/s or °/s

## Nominal Position

Returns the current nominal position (set position).

The current nominal position is the calculated position from the trajectory generator.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m or °

## Nominal Velocity

Currently the axis velocity is returned.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m/s or °/s

## System Position

Returns the current axis position after position correction has been applied.

If position correction is disabled the system position equals the axis position.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m or °

## Position Error

Returns the difference between Axis Position and Nominal Position.

**type** float  
**size** 1  
**unit** m or °

## Error ID

Returns the last axis error ID.

The error is not automatically removed from the axis error queue. To remove the error the

error needs to be acknowledged by the *Ack* command.

**type**           int

**size**           1

## Error Message

Returns the last axis error message.

The error is not automatically removed from the axis error queue. To remove the error the error needs to be acknowledged by the *Ack* command.

**type**           string

**size**           1

## State

Returns the status word of the axis. The status word summarizes axis and drive status.

- bit 0: drive power on
- bit 1: homing in progress
- bit 2: axis in error stop
- bit 3: stopping
- bit 4: standstill
- bit 5: discrete motion
- bit 6: continuous motion
- bit 7: synchronized motion
- bit 8: forward software limit active
- bit 9: reverse software limit active
- bit 10: forward hardware limit active
- bit 11: reverse hardware limit active
- bit 16: home switch active
- bit 17: homing done and ok
- bit 18: axis error
- bit 19: lag error warning
- bit 20: brake open
- bit 21: EM stop active
- bit 22: reset done

bit 23: trigger 1

bit 24: trigger 2

bit 25: error message available

**type** int

**size** 1

## Trigger System

The status of the trigger system is found in the section Trigger System.

### State

Returns the state of the trigger system:

idle

in the idle state the trigger system is disabled, a previously running trigger sequence has finished successfully

prepare

trigger system is initializing and not yet ready

ready

trigger system initialized and running

busy

trigger system in error state, either initialization did not succeed or error during execution

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** idle | prepare | ready | busy

### TR Meas

Returns the state of the trigger/ready measurement function

off

the measurement function is off; the trigger system is off or configured for trigger/control functions

error

internal error

timeout

the instrument did not response to a trigger within the timeout period

ready

trigger system initialized and running

busy

busy preparing

**type** string

**size** 1

**range** off | error | timeout | ready | busy

## Commands

Commands can be send to the controller in a shortened XML structure without root element and header.

```
<command name="Com1" par1="parv1" par2="parv2" ... />
```

Each command has a unique command name and optional command parameter.

Multiple commands can be send in a single message.

```
<command name="Com1" par11="parv11" par12="parv12" ... />
<command name="Com2" par21="parv21" par22="parv22" ... />
```

Sending multiple commands in a single message ensures simultaneous execution.

### 14.2.10 Command Reference

#### 14.2.10.1 Instrument State and Configuration

The following commands can be used to handle the instrument state of the controller.

```
<command name="Preset" />
```

Restore the factory preset instrument state.

```
<command name="Load" file="spar" />
```

Load an instrument state from the user memory area of the controller. The parameter must contain the name of a valid instrument state file (\*.ais).

spar                      Name of the instrument state file to load

```
<command name="Save" file="spar" />
```

Save the current instrument state to file.

If the file already exists it will be overwritten.

spar                      File name of the new instrument state

```
<command name="SendConfig" />
```

Send the complete controller configuration to the client

**<command name="SendUserConfig" />**

Send the user configuration to the client.

**<command name="SendParam" />**

Send the complete instrument state to the client.

#### 14.2.10.2 Trigger System

The following commands control the trigger system and the fast real-time digital outputs of the controller and of the remote units.

**<command name="EnableTrg" />**

Initialize and enable the trigger system.

This command loads and initializes the FPGA modules for the fast real-time control and initializes the trigger system in the current configuration. Depending on the complexity of the measurement system, the new trigger configuration and the current system state this operation may last from a few milliseconds to several seconds.

The trigger system must be disabled before it can be enabled in a new configuration.

**<command name="DisableTrg" />**

Disable the trigger system..

**<command name="TriggerTRSequence" />**

Start a single trigger sequence immediately.

The trigger system needs to be in state *on* and in *direct* mode. The sequence needs to be properly configured and enabled.

**<command name="StateTR1" State="ipar" />**

Set the state of TR1 directly.

TR1 has to be in direct mode and the trigger system needs to be enabled.

For a standard controller TR1 to TR4 are usually configured as single output line. In this case the possible states are 0 and 1. If remote control units are connected to the controller several lines may be assigned to a single TR resource. In this case the number of possible states depends on the number of output lines.

ipar                      The new state of TR1 in integer representation

**<command name="StateTR2" State="ipar" />**



Set the state of TR2 directly.

TR2 has to be in direct mode and the trigger system needs to be enabled.

For a standard controller TR1 to TR4 are usually configured as single output line. In this case the possible states are 0 and 1. If remote control units are connected to the controller several lines may be assigned to a single TR resource. In this case the number of possible states depends on the number of output lines.

ipar                      The new state of TR2 in integer representation

```
<command name="StateTR3" State="ipar" />
```

Set the state of TR3 directly.

TR3 has to be in direct mode and the trigger system needs to be enabled.

For a standard controller TR1 to TR4 are usually configured as single output line. In this case the possible states are 0 and 1. If remote control units are connected to the controller several lines may be assigned to a single TR resource. In this case the number of possible states depends on the number of output lines.

ipar                      The new state of TR3 in integer representation

```
<command name="StateTR4" State="ipar" />
```

Set the state of TR4 directly.

TR4 has to be in direct mode and the trigger system needs to be enabled.

For a standard controller TR1 to TR4 are usually configured as single output line. In this case the possible states are 0 and 1. If remote control units are connected to the controller several lines may be assigned to a single TR resource. In this case the number of possible states depends on the number of output lines.

ipar                      The new state of TR4 in integer representation

```
<command name="InitTRTest" />
```

Start the TR measurement.

The trigger system needs to be in *measure* mode and the measurement needs to be configured. Execution time depends on the configured measurement and the instrument.



### 14.2.10.3 Motion System

**<command name="Ack" />**

Acknowledge a pending axis error.

This command acknowledges the last axis error of all axes. If one or more axes have more than 1 pending axis error the command needs to be executed several times.

**<command name="AckEMStop" />**

Acknowledge an emergency stop.

This command acknowledges an emergency stop if the emergency stop condition has been removed.

**<command name="MoveAbs" axis="Axis N" Acceleration="fpar1" Deceleration="fpar2" Velocity="fpar3" Direction="spar1" Position="fpar4"/>**

Start a movement to an absolute target position.

If the optional trajectory parameters are present the corresponding parameter values are updated and a motion profile to the absolute target position is executed. Parameters that are not present remain at their current values.

axis Axis name or index position.

Direction For a periodic axis this parameter defines the direction to the target position.  
For a limited axis the setting is ignored. Possible values are

Auto

shortest path to the target position

Forward

move forward to the target position, target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$ , target position outside this interval is automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

Reverse

reverse direction;

move reverse to the target position, target position is confined in the interval  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$ , target position outside this interval is automatically adjusted to the corresponding position inside the interval

#### Exceed Period

this mode allows to command to a target position outside the  $[0^\circ \dots 360^\circ]$  interval, for example to command a move that exceeds one rotation,

Example:

if the current position is  $110^\circ$  a target position of

$100^\circ$  will move  $10^\circ$  back

$120^\circ$  will move  $20^\circ$  forward

$360^\circ$  will move forward to  $0^\circ$  ( $360^\circ$ )

$0^\circ$  will move reverse to  $0^\circ$

$500^\circ$  will move forward to  $360^\circ + 140^\circ \rightarrow 140^\circ$

Acceleration	Optional acceleration parameter
Deceleration	Optional deceleration parameter
Velocity	Optional velocity parameter
Position	Target position

**<command name="MoveRel" axis="Axis N" Acceleration="fpar1" Deceleration="fpar2" Velocity="fpar3" Position="fpar4"/>**

Start a movement to a target position relative to the current position.

If the optional trajectory parameters are present the corresponding parameter values are updated and a motion profile to the relative target position is executed. Parameters that are not present remain at their current values.

The target position is interpreted relative to the current nominal axis position.

axis	Axis name or index position.
Acceleration	Optional acceleration parameter
Deceleration	Optional deceleration parameter
Velocity	Optional velocity parameter
Position	Relative target position

**<command name="ContF" axis="Axis N" Acceleration="fpar1" Velocity="fpar2" />**

Start continuous motion forward.

The axis is accelerated until the velocity is reached. In case acceleration and/or Velocity are missing the current values are used.

The command can be interrupted by another motion command. If not interrupted the motion continues until a limit is reached. In case of a software limit the axis will decelerate with the current deceleration value and stop at the limit position. In case of a hardware limit switch the axis will decelerate with the maximum deceleration value.

axis	Axis name or index position.
Acceleration	Optional acceleration parameter
Velocity	Optional velocity parameter

**<command name="ContR" axis="Axis N" Acceleration="fpar1" Velocity="fpar2" />**

Start continuous motion reverse.

The axis is accelerated until the velocity is reached. In case acceleration and/or Velocity are missing the current values are used.

The command can be interrupted by another motion command. If not interrupted the motion continues until a limit is reached. In case of a software limit the axis will decelerate with the current deceleration value and stop at the limit position. In case of a hardware limit switch the axis will decelerate with the maximum deceleration value.

axis	Axis name or index position.
Acceleration	Optional acceleration parameter
Velocity	Optional velocity parameter

**<command name="Stop" axis="Axis N" Deceleration="fpar" />**

Stop current motion until standstill.

The axis is stopped with the passed deceleration value or with the currently set deceleration if the parameter is omitted.

The Stop command can be canceled by another motion command.

axis	Axis name or index position
Deceleration	Optional deceleration value

**<command name="QuickStop" axis="Axis N" />**

Stop current motion with maximum deceleration value.

The QuickStop command is always executed until the axis is stopped and cannot be canceled by another motion command.

axis                      Axis name or index position

**<command name="EMStop" />**

Trigger an emergency stop.

This command is only available for systems with an emergency stop system.

**<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" />**

**<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" Offset="fval" />**

**<command name="Reference" axis="Axis N" NewPosition="fval" />**

Reference the axis.

If this command is executed without Offset and NewPosition parameter the system reference procedure is started and any user offset value will be reset to 0.

If executed with the Offset parameter the offset value is added to the systems absolute axis position.

If executed with NewPosition parameter the current axis position is set to the NewPosition value and the user offset is calculated accordingly.

Any motion task requires that the axis has been referenced by the systems reference procedure. Assigning user offsets by *Offset* or *NewPosition* requires that the systems reference procedure has previously been executed.

axis	Axis name or index position.
Offset	Offset value that is added to the factory defined position reference
NewPosition	New position that is assigned to the current position

## 14.3 Programming and Application Examples

The following python examples demonstrate remote operation of the controller.

For simplification and clarity any error handling has been omitted and most configuration parameter are loaded from parameter files rather than changing single parameter values programmatically. The class Asycont600 is used to wrap the low level communication to the controller.

### 14.3.1 Asycont600 Class

Asycont600 is a class that wraps the communication to the controller into a convenient interface. All examples provided in this chapter use this class.

```
class Asycont600:

    def __init__(self,TCP_IP):
        self.TCP_IP=TCP_IP
        self.TCP_PORT=4000
        self.s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    def Connect(self):
        self.s.connect((self.TCP_IP,self.TCP_PORT))
    def Disconnect(self):
        self.s.close()
    def Send(self,msg):
        emsg=bytes(msg,"UTF-8")
        self.s.send(emsg)
    def Read(self):
        res=""
        res=self.s.recv(4*1024)
        return res

    def ReadXML(self):
        res=""
        res=self.s.recv(4*1024).decode()
        tag=GetXMLStartTag(res)
        while CheckXMLStopTag(res,tag) == False:
            res=res+self.s.recv(4*1024).decode()
        return res
```



```
def SendFile(self,fn):
f=open(fn,"r")
msg=f.read()
self.Send(msg)
f.close()
def ReceiveFile(self,fn):
f=open(fn,"w")
msg=self.Read()
f.write(msg.decode("utf-8"))
f.close()
def sf(self,fn):
self.Connect()
self.SendFile(fn)
self.Disconnect()

def gf(self,fn):
self.Connect()
self.SendFile(fn)
time.sleep(0.2)
self.ReceiveFile("rec.xml")
self.Disconnect()
def ActPosition(self,axis):
root=ET.Element("state")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Axis " + str(axis))
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "System Position")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
try:
r=self.Read()
except:
print("read error")
raise
try:
tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
```

```
except:
print("parse error")
print(r)
try:
p=tree2.find("section")
q=p.find("entry")
fp=float(q.get("v1"))
except:
print("float")
return 1E9
return fp
def ActVelocity(self,axis):
root=ET.Element("state")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Axis " + str(axis))
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "Velocity")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
r=self.Read()
tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
p=tree2.find("section")
q=p.find("entry")
fp=float(q.get("v1"))
return fp
def ActStatus(self,axis):
root=ET.Element("state")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Axis " + str(axis))
# query position
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "System Position")
# query velocity
q2=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q2.set("name", "Velocity")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
```

```

xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
r=self.Read()
tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
p=tree2.find("section")
qlist=p.findall("entry")
fp=[0,0,0]
fp[0]=float(qlist[0].get("v1"))
fp[1]=float(qlist[1].get("v1"))
#fp[2]=int(root.get("timestamp"))
return fp
def MoveAbs(self,axis,acc,dec,vel,di,pos):
root=ET.Element("command")
root.set("name","MoveAbs")
root.set("axis",str(axis))
root.set("Acceleration",str(acc))
root.set("Deceleration",str(dec))
root.set("Velocity",str(vel))
root.set("Direction",di)
root.set("Position",str(pos))
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
def Wait(self,axis,pos>window,delay,tmo):
tstart=time.time()
pact=self.ActPosition(axis)
while abs(pos-pact) > window:
time.sleep(0.0)
if (time.time()-tstart) > tmo:
return False
try:
pact=self.ActPosition(axis)
except:
pact=1E9
time.sleep(delay)
return True
def EnableTrg(self):

```

```

root=ET.Element("command")
root.set("name","EnableTrg")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
def DisableTrg(self):
root=ET.Element("command")
root.set("name","DisableTrg")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
def SetStartTrg(self,si):
root=ET.Element("par")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Trigger Positions")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q1.set("name", "Next")
q1.set("type", "int")
q1.set("v1", str(si))
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
def StatusTrg(self):
root=ET.Element("state")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Trigger System")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "State")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
r=self.Read()
tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
p=tree2.find("section")
q=p.find("entry")
res=q.get("v1")
return res

```

```
def CountTrg(self):
    root=ET.Element("par")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "Trigger Positions")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Next")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
    p=tree2.find("section")
    q=p.find("entry")
    res=q.get("v1")
    return res
```

```
def GetErrors(self):
    root=ET.Element("state")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "System")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Errors")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
    p=tree2.find("section")
    Q=p.find("entry")
    size=int(Q.get("size"))
    res=[]
    for i in range(size):
        vs="v"+str(i+1)
        res.append(Q.get(vs))
    return res
```

```
def LastError(self):
    root=ET.Element("state")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "System")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Last Error")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
    p=tree2.find("section")
    q=p.find("entry")
    res=q.get("v1")
    return res
```

```
def GetRecLog(self):
    root=ET.Element("state")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "System")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Receive Log")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
    p=tree2.find("section")
    Q=p.find("entry")
    size=int(Q.get("size"))
    res=[]
    for i in range(size):
        vs="v"+str(i+1)
        res.append(Q.get(vs))
    return res
```

```
def GetRecLogRaw(self):
    root=ET.Element("state")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "System")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Receive Log")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    return r
```

```
def GetSendLog(self):
    root=ET.Element("state")
    section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
    section.set("name", "System")
    q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
    q1.set("name", "Send Log")
    tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
    xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
    self.Send(xmls)
    r=self.Read()
    tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
    p=tree2.find("section")
    Q=p.find("entry")
    size=int(Q.get("size"))
    res=[]
    for i in range(size):
        vs="v"+str(i+1)
        res.append(Q.get(vs))
    return res
```

```
def Trg(self):
    root=ET.Element("command")
    root.set("name", "TriggerTRSequence")
```

```
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
```

```
def DefTRTest(self,res,N,tmo):
root=ET.Element("par")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Trigger System")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q1.set("name", "Mode")
q1.set("type", "string")
q1.set("v1", "measure")
q2=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q2.set("name", "State")
q2.set("type", "string")
q2.set("v1", "on")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "TR1")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q1.set("name", "Mode")
q1.set("type", "string")
q1.set("v1", "measure")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "TR1/TR Test")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q1.set("name", "N")
q1.set("type", "int")
q1.set("v1", str(N))
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"entry")
q1.set("name", "Timeout")
q1.set("type", "float")
q1.set("v1", str(tmo))
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
def InitTRTest(self):
root=ET.Element("command")
root.set("name", "InitTRTest")
```



```
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
```

```
def StatusTRMeas(self):
root=ET.Element("state")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "Trigger System")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "TR Meas")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
r=self.Read()
tree2=ET.fromstring(r.decode())
p=tree2.find("section")
q=p.find("entry")
res=q.get("v1")
return res

def ResultTRMeas(self):
root=ET.Element("par")
section=ET.SubElement(root,"section")
section.set("name", "TR1/TR Test")
q1=ET.SubElement(section,"query")
q1.set("name", "Result")
tree=ET.ElementTree(root)
xmls=ET.tostring(root).decode()
self.Send(xmls)
r=self.ReadXML()
tree2=ET.fromstring(r)
p=tree2.find("section")
Q=p.find("entry")
size=int(Q.get("size"))
res=[]
for i in range(size):
vs="v"+str(i+1)
res.append(float(Q.get(vs)))
```

```
return res
def test(self):
X=np.linspace(1,100,100)
for x in X:
t=time.time();
p=self.ActPosition(2)
delta=time.time()-t
print(t,"; ",p)
#time.sleep(0.1)
print("done")
```

### 14.3.2 Trigger Configuration – Single Pulse, Direct Trigger

The program TrgSingleDir.py configures the trigger system to output a single trigger pulse per trigger command. Trigger system parameters are loaded from file.

#### Program TrgSingleDir.py

```
import time

runfile("asycont.py")

# connect to controller
c=Asycont600("10.0.0.20")
c.Connect()

# load trigger configuration from file,
# enable the trigger system and wait until ready
c.SendFile("TrgSingleDir.xml")
c.EnableTrg()
while c.StatusTrg()!="ready":
    time.sleep(0.1)

# output trigger pulse each 500 ms
for i in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.5)
    c.Trg()

# disable and disconnect
c.DisableTrg()
c.Disconnect()
```

#### File TrgSingleDir.xml

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="direct"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="1"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR2">
```

```
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
</section>
<section name="TR3">
  <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
</section>
<section name="TR4">
  <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
</section>
</par>
```

### 14.3.3 Trigger Configuration – Complex Trigger Sequence

The program TrgSeqDir.py configures the trigger system to output a sequence with a measurement trigger, a frequency trigger and two control signals for 2-port switches, see Fig 30. Trigger system parameters are loaded from file.

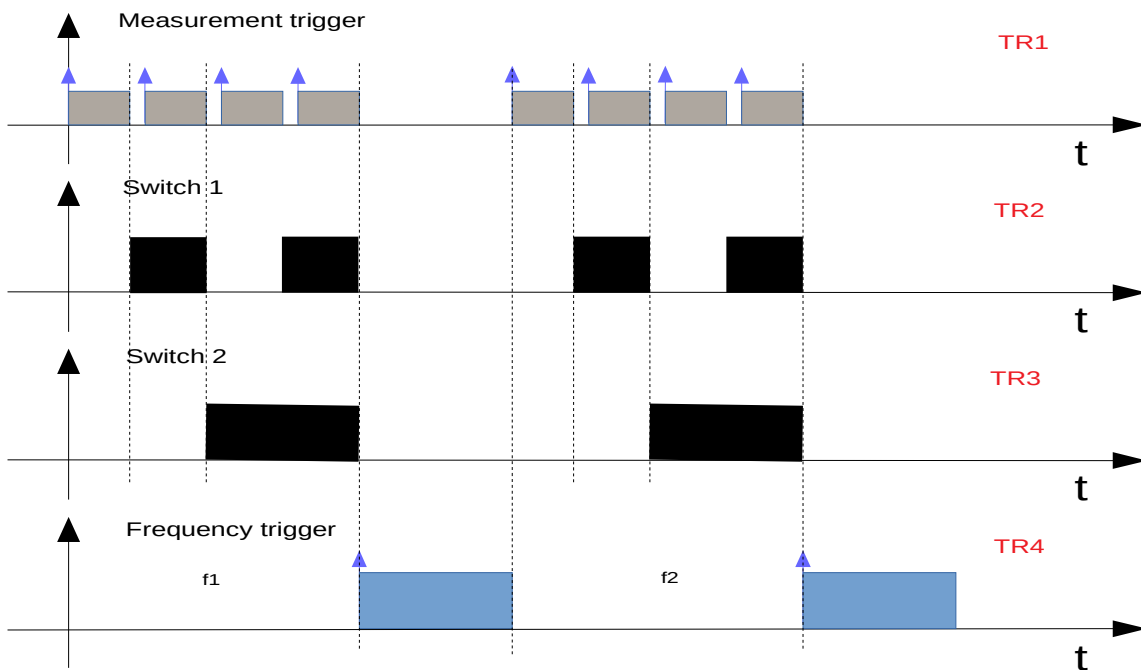


Fig 30: Trigger sequence of example TrgSeqDir

#### Program TrgSeqDir.py

```
import time

runfile("asycont.py")

# connect to controller
c=Asycont600("10.0.0.20")
c.Connect()

# load trigger configuration from file,
# enable the trigger system and wait until ready
c.SendFile("TrgSeqDir.xml")
c.EnableTrg()
while c.StatusTrg()!="ready":
    time.sleep(0.1)
```

```
# output trigger pulse each 500 ms
```

```
for i in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.5)
    c.Trig()
```

```
# disable and disconnect
```

```
c.DisableTrg()
c.Disconnect()
```

#### File TrgSeqDir.xml

```
<par>
<section name="Trigger System">
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="direct"/>
<entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
</section>
<section name="TR1">
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
<entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-3"/>
<entry name="Period" type="int" v1="8"/>
</section>
<section name="TR2">
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
<entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="100E-6"/>
<entry name="Period" type="int" v1="1"/>
<entry name="States" type="int" size="2" v1="1" v2="2" />
</section>
<section name="TR3">
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
<entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="100E-6"/>
<entry name="Period" type="int" v1="2"/>
<entry name="States" type="int" size="2" v1="1" v2="2" />
</section>
<section name="TR4">
<entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
<entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="2E-3"/>
<entry name="Period" type="int" v1="4"/>
</section>
</par>
```

#### 14.3.4 Trigger Configuration – Position Trigger

The following example demonstrates how to configure the trigger system to output single trigger pulses in 1° steps from 0° to 360°. After configuration, the axis is moved to the start position of -10° followed by a full rotation and stopping at the stop position of +10° (730°). The trigger pulses are output accordingly.

##### Program TrgPos.py

```
import time

runfile("asycont.py")

# motion parameter axis, velocity and acceleration
axis=1
vel=5.0
acc=2.0

# connect to controller
c=Asycont600("10.0.0.20")
c.Connect()

# load trigger configuration from file,
# enable the trigger system and wait until ready
c.SendFile("TrgPos1.xml")
c.EnableTrg()
while c.StatusTrg()!="ready":
    time.sleep(0.1)

# move axis 1 to start position (-10deg)
c.MoveAbs(axis,acc,acc,vel,"Auto",-10.0)
c.Wait(axis,-10.0,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,120.0)
# move axis 1 to stop position, 1 rotation, stop at +10deg (730deg)
c.MoveAbs(axis,acc,acc,vel,"Exceed Period",730.0)
c.Wait(axis,730.0, WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,120.0)

# disable and disconnect
c.DisableTrg()
c.Disconnect()
```

## File TrgPos1.xml

```
<par>
  <section name="Trigger System">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="position"/>
    <entry name="State" type="string" v1="on"/>
  </section>
  <section name="Trigger Positions">
    <entry name="Axis" type="string" v1="Axis 1"/>
    <entry name="Type" type="string" v1="span"/>
    <entry name="Start" type="float" v1="0.0"/>
    <entry name="Stop" type="float" v1="359.0"/>
    <entry name="NSpan" type="int" v1="360"/>
    <entry name="Next" type="int" v1="0"/>
    <entry name="Last" type="int" v1="359"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR1">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="trgrdy"/>
    <entry name="Trigger" type="string" v1="OnPoint"/>
    <entry name="Ready" type="string" v1="internal"/>
    <entry name="Busy Time" type="float" v1="1E-3"/>
    <entry name="Period" type="int" v1="1"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR2">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR3">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
  </section>
  <section name="TR4">
    <entry name="Mode" type="string" v1="off"/>
  </section>
</par>
```



### 14.3.5 2 Axes Antenna Measurement, Step Motion Mode

The example program *StepMode.py* demonstrates how to perform a step mode measurement with an external trigger pulse to the NWA issued by the controller. Axes 1 and 2 are assumed to be the measurement axes. The trigger system is configured as in example 14.3.2 Trigger Configuration – Single Pulse, Direct Trigger to output a single pulse.

Commands to control the NWA are indicated, but not provided with the example code.

#### Program StepMode.py

```
import time
import numpy as np

runfile("asycont.py")
runfile("NWA.py")

# motion parameter axis, velocity and acceleration
axis1=1
axis2=2
vel=5.0
acc=2.0
POS1={-90,-45,0-45,90}
POS2=np.linspace(0,350.0,36)

# connect to controller and NWA
c=Asycont600("10.0.0.20")
c.Connect()
n=NWA()
n.Connect()

# load trigger configuration from file,
# enable the trigger system and wait until ready
c.SendFile("TrgSingleDir.xml")
c.EnableTrg()
while c.StatusTrg()!="ready":
    time.sleep(0.1)

for pos1 in POS1:
    c.MoveAbs(axis1,acc,acc,vel,"Auto",pos1)
    for pos2 in POS2:
        c.MoveAbs(axis2,acc,acc,vel,"Auto",pos2)
        c.Wait(axis1,pos11,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,60)
        c.Wait(axis2,pos11,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,60)
```

```
c.Trig()  
n.Measure()
```

```
# disable and disconnect
```

```
c.DisableTrg()  
c.Disconnect()  
n.Disconnect()
```

### 14.3.6 2 Axes Antenna Measurement, Continuous Motion Mode

The example program ScanMode.py demonstrates how to perform a continuous mode measurement with 1 stepped axis and 1 continuous axis. The trigger system is configured as in example Trigger Configuration – Position Trigger to output a single trigger pulse at each position breakpoint.

Commands to control the NWA are indicated, but not provided with the example code.

#### Program ScanMode.py

```
import time
import numpy as np

runfile("asycont.py")
runfile("NWA.py")

# motion parameter axis, velocity and acceleration
axis1=1
axis2=2
vel=5.0
acc=2.0
STEP={-90,-45,0-45,90}
scanStart=-10.0
scanStop=730.0

# connect to controller and NWA
c=Asycont600("10.0.0.20")
c.Connect()
n=NWA()
n.Connect()

for step in STEP:
    # move axes to position
    c.MoveAbs(axis1,acc,acc,vel,"Auto",step)
    c.MoveAbs(axis2,acc,acc,vel,"Auto",scanStart)
    c.Wait(axis1,step,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,120.0)
    c.Wait(axis2,scanStart,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,60)
    # load trigger configuration from file,
    # enable the trigger system and wait until ready
    c.SendFile("TrgPos1.xml")
    c.EnableTrg()
    while c.StatusTrg()!="ready":
        time.sleep(0.1)
    n.EnableMeasurement()
```

# move continuous axis to stop position, 1 rotation, stop at +10deg (730deg)

c.MoveAbs(axis2,acc,acc,vel,"Exceed Period",730.0)

c.Wait(axis2,730.0,WMODE.Prec,0.01,0.1,120.0)

# disable and disconnect

c.DisableTrg()

c.Disconnect()

n.Disconnect()

## 15. Error Codes and Messages

ErrNr: 1 - Invalid parameter ID  
ErrNr: 2 - Data block for upload is not available  
ErrNr: 3 - Write access for a read-only parameter  
ErrNr: 4 - Read access for a write-only parameter  
ErrNr: 8 - Data block read access already initialized  
ErrNr: 9 - Data block write access already initialized  
ErrNr: 10 - Data block read access not initialized  
ErrNr: 11 - Data block write access not initialized  
ErrNr: 16 - The data segment is already the last when reading the data block  
ErrNr: 17 - The data segment is already the last when writing the data block  
ErrNr: 18 - The data segment is not yet the last when reading the data block  
ErrNr: 19 - The data segment is not yet the last when writing the data block  
ErrNr: 21 - Checksum after data block write is invalid  
ErrNr: 23 - Parameter ID in data block is invalid (data block write)  
ErrNr: 25 - Burn system module only allowed immediately after download  
ErrNr: 27 - Operating system not able to be started (operating system is not on the FEPROM)

ErrNr: 40 - Value of parameter higher than maximum value  
ErrNr: 41 - Value of parameter higher than maximum value  
ErrNr: 42 - Value of parameter higher than maximum value  
ErrNr: 52 - Value of parameter lower than minimum value  
ErrNr: 53 - Value of parameter lower than minimum value  
ErrNr: 54 - Value of parameter lower than minimum value  
ErrNr: 64 - Hardware ID in BR module is invalid (data block write)  
ErrNr: 65 - Hardware version in BR module is invalid (data block write)  
ErrNr: 66 - The operating system on the drive is incompatible to the existing network  
ErrNr: 67 - Necessary parameter is missing or is invalid  
ErrNr: 68 - Data block length invalid  
ErrNr: 69 - Command interface is occupied  
ErrNr: 70 - Value of a necessary parameter too high  
ErrNr: 71 - Value of a necessary parameter too low  
ErrNr: 72 - firmware version less than minimal necessary firmware version  
ErrNr: 73 - Invalid R4 floating point format  
ErrNr: 74 - Parameter can only be written via channel 1 (Axis 1)  
ErrNr: 75 - Parameter is not allowed for selected motor type  
ErrNr: 1001 - Error-FIFO overflow  
ErrNr: 1002 - Parameter outside the valid range  
ErrNr: 1003 - Parameter cannot be written while loop control is active  
ErrNr: 1004 - Timeout in network life sign monitor  
ErrNr: 1005 - Parameter cannot be written while a movement is active

ErrNr: 1006 - Invalid parameter for trigger event (digital input + edge)  
 ErrNr: 1008 - Master for network coupling deactivated - Encoder error  
 ErrNr: 1009 - Error during memory allocation  
 ErrNr: 1011 - Quickstop input active  
 ErrNr: 1012 - Breakdown of cyclic network communication  
 ErrNr: 1013 - Station is not available for network communication  
 ErrNr: 1014 - Network command interface is occupied  
 ErrNr: 1016 - Maximum cycle time exceeded - CPU load too high  
 ErrNr: 1017 - Invalid parameter ID for cyclic read access  
 ErrNr: 1018 - Invalid parameter ID for cyclic write access  
 ErrNr: 1021 - Parameter cannot be written: Function block active  
 ErrNr: 1022 - Timeout in life sign monitoring of cyclic data to drive  
 ErrNr: 1023 - Network coupling with the cyclic communication mode not allowed  
 ErrNr: 1024 - Cyclic communication mode with current network configuration not possible

ErrNr: 1025 - Value of parameter in connection with holding brake not allowed  
 ErrNr: 1026 - Value of parameter in connection with SAFETY modules not allowed  
 ErrNr: 1027 - Function is not available for this hardware  
 ErrNr: 1028 - Maximum number of network couplings exceeded  
 ErrNr: 1029 - Parameter cannot be written: Stop ramp active  
 ErrNr: 1030 - Function is available with ACOPOS simulation only in mode 'Complete'  
 ErrNr: 1031 - Position controller cycle time exceeded - CPU load too high  
 ErrNr: 1032 - Internal bus error  
 ErrNr: 1034 - Value of parameter in connection with motor encoder gear not allowed  
 ErrNr: 2001 - Upload of trace data not allowed: Recording active  
 ErrNr: 2003 - Trace start not allowed: Recording active  
 ErrNr: 2006 - Initialization of trace parameters not allowed: Recording active  
 ErrNr: 4005 - Controller cannot be switched on: Drive in error state  
 ErrNr: 4007 - Lag error stop limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 4008 - Positive limit switch reached  
 ErrNr: 4009 - Negative limit switch reached  
 ErrNr: 4010 - Controller cannot be switched on: Both limit switches are closed  
 ErrNr: 4011 - Controller cannot be switched off: Movement active  
 ErrNr: 4012 - Controller cannot be switched on: Init parameters missing or not valid  
 ErrNr: 4014 - Two encoder control: Stop limit of positions difference exceeded  
 ErrNr: 4015 - Error triggered by command  
 ErrNr: 4016 - Taskclass cycle time invalid  
 ErrNr: 5001 - Target position exceeds positive SW limit  
 ErrNr: 5002 - Target position exceeds negative SW limit  
 ErrNr: 5003 - Positive SW limit reached  
 ErrNr: 5004 - Negative SW limit reached  
 ErrNr: 5005 - Start of movement not possible: Position controller inactive  
 ErrNr: 5006 - Start of movement not possible: Axis not referenced

ErrNr: 5010 - Move in pos. direction not possible: Pos. limit switch is closed  
ErrNr: 5011 - Move in neg. direction not possible: Neg. limit switch is closed  
ErrNr: 5012 - Start of movement not possible: Stop ramp active  
ErrNr: 5015 - Start of movement not possible: Homing procedure active  
ErrNr: 5016 - Parameter cannot be written: Homing procedure active  
ErrNr: 5017 - Homing procedure mode not possible: Position controller inactive  
ErrNr: 5018 - Homing procedure not possible: Movement active  
ErrNr: 5019 - Homing parameter outside the valid range  
ErrNr: 5020 - Homing procedure not possible: Both limit switches are closed  
ErrNr: 5021 - Limit switch closed: No direction change for this homing mode  
ErrNr: 5022 - Second limit switch signal received: Reference switch not found  
ErrNr: 5023 - Incorrect limit switch signal received for current movement direction  
ErrNr: 5025 - Homing offset with counting range correction cannot be set  
ErrNr: 5026 - Basis movement parameters (with override) exceed speed limit value  
ErrNr: 5027 - Basis movement parameters (with override) exceed acceleration limit value

ErrNr: 5028 - Current movement is not a basis movement  
ErrNr: 5029 - Trigger ignored - remaining distance exceeds SW limit  
ErrNr: 5032 - Acceleration too low - braking distance exceeds positive SW limit  
ErrNr: 5033 - Acceleration too low - braking distance exceeds negative SW limit  
ErrNr: 5034 - Homing procedure not possible: Encoder error  
ErrNr: 5035 - Reference marks not detected  
ErrNr: 5036 - Acceleration stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 5037 - Homing procedure mode not possible: Wrong encoder type  
ErrNr: 5038 - Homing procedure mode not possible: Restore data invalid  
ErrNr: 5039 - Function not possible: Encoder error  
ErrNr: 5043 - Homing procedure mode not possible: Compensation active  
ErrNr: 5044 - Homing procedure mode not possible: Change of direction required  
ErrNr: 5101 - Compensation gear: Limit values exceeded  
ErrNr: 5102 - Too many changes of cam per cycle (master period too short)  
ErrNr: 5107 - Cam coupling cannot be started: Parameter outside the valid range  
ErrNr: 5110 - Cam coupling aborted: Cyclic set positions missing  
ErrNr: 5111 - Cam coupling aborted: Encoder error  
ErrNr: 5115 - Restart command not possible: The cam automat is not active  
ErrNr: 5202 - Cam Control: Switch positions not in ascending order  
ErrNr: 5300 - Data block for upload is not available  
ErrNr: 5301 - Start cam automat linkage not possible: Parameter outside the valid range

ErrNr: 5302 - Parameter cannot be written: Cam automat active  
ErrNr: 5303 - Cam data not available at index  
ErrNr: 5304 - Format error in cam data  
ErrNr: 5311 - Cam automat: Event leads to non initialized state  
ErrNr: 5315 - Download error: Cam data in use by cam automat or function block

ErrNr: 5316 - Event type is not possible for entry in compensation gears  
ErrNr: 5319 - Cam data not allowed for state 0  
ErrNr: 5329 - No valid cam data  
ErrNr: 6000 - Master sampling time is not a multiple of position controller sampling time

ErrNr: 6002 - Sync controller: Error tolerance of system time difference exceeded  
ErrNr: 6008 - Controller is already active  
ErrNr: 6014 - Drive initialization active  
ErrNr: 6017 - Software: Watchdog active  
ErrNr: 6018 - Hardware: Internal power supply failure  
ErrNr: 6019 - ACOPOS: Overcurrent  
ErrNr: 6020 - 24 VDC supply: Undervoltage  
ErrNr: 6021 - Low level at controller enable input  
ErrNr: 6023 - Voltage sag at controller enable input  
ErrNr: 6026 - Holding brake: Stator current limit exceeded during release  
ErrNr: 6027 - Holding brake: Manual operation not permitted  
ErrNr: 6029 - Holding brake: Control signal on and output status off  
ErrNr: 6030 - Holding brake: Brake output is active, but no brake entered in motor data

ErrNr: 6031 - System module already deleted  
ErrNr: 6032 - Interface: FPGA configuration error  
ErrNr: 6033 - Type of servo amplifier is not supported by ACOPOS-firmware  
ErrNr: 6034 - Cyclic set value mode aborted: Set speeds missing  
ErrNr: 6036 - Motor parameters missing or invalid  
ErrNr: 6038 - Torque limit higher than peak motor torque  
ErrNr: 6043 - PHASING\_MODE is not valid  
ErrNr: 6044 - Phasing: Rotational direction or position not valid  
ErrNr: 6045 - Inverter: Output: No current flow  
ErrNr: 6046 - Phasing: No rotor movement  
ErrNr: 6047 - Holding brake: Control signal off and output status on  
ErrNr: 6048 - Motor holding brake movement monitor: Position error too large  
ErrNr: 6049 - Inverter: Output: Current measurement faulty  
ErrNr: 6050 - Write parameter not allowed: Set current filter or notch filter active  
ErrNr: 6051 - Phasing: Speed too high  
ErrNr: 6052 - Power stage: High-side: Overcurrent  
ErrNr: 6053 - Power stage: Low-side: Overcurrent  
ErrNr: 6054 - Power stage: Overcurrent  
ErrNr: 6055 - Holding brake: Low voltage  
ErrNr: 6056 - Holding brake: Low current  
ErrNr: 6057 - Position loop controller: Load encoder error  
ErrNr: 6058 - Enable1: Voltage sag  
ErrNr: 6059 - Enable2: Voltage sag  
ErrNr: 6060 - Power stage: Limit speed exceeded



ErrNr: 6061 - CTRL Speed controller: Limit speed exceeded  
 ErrNr: 6062 - CTRL Speed controller: Speed error stop limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 6063 - Holding brake: External voltage on output over 24V  
 ErrNr: 6064 - Parameter cannot be written: Repetitive Control active  
 ErrNr: 6065 - Initialization active  
 ErrNr: 6066 - Index overflow while initialization of matrices  
 ErrNr: 6067 - Error during initialization of the dynamical system  
 ErrNr: 6068 - Parameter cannot be written while a brake test is active  
 ErrNr: 6069 - Holding brake: Overcurrent  
 ErrNr: 6070 - Parameter cannot be written: Phasing procedure active  
 ErrNr: 6071 - Phasing: Number of polepairs MOTOR\_POLEPAIRS not valid  
 ErrNr: 6072 - Holding brake: High voltage  
 ErrNr: 6073 - Additional control function in error state  
 ErrNr: 6074 - 24 VDC supply: Overvoltage  
 ErrNr: 6075 - Initialization of load simulation failed  
 ErrNr: 6076 - Inverter: Wiring: Phase sequence not correct  
 ErrNr: 7012 - Encoder: Hiperface error bit  
 ErrNr: 7013 - Encoder: Status message  
 ErrNr: 7014 - Encoder: CRC error during parameter transfer  
 ErrNr: 7015 - Encoder: Timeout error during parameter transfer  
 ErrNr: 7017 - Encoder: Error while reading encoder parameter  
 ErrNr: 7022 - Encoder: Initialization is active  
 ErrNr: 7023 - Encoder: Parameter transfer is active  
 ErrNr: 7029 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too small  
 ErrNr: 7030 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too large  
 ErrNr: 7031 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too large (Disturbance)  
 ErrNr: 7032 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too small (Disturbance, no connection)  
  
 ErrNr: 7033 - Encoder: Incremental position step too large  
 ErrNr: 7036 - Encoder: Interface ID invalid (Check slot and Interface EEPROM data)  
 ErrNr: 7038 - Encoder: Position value not synchronous with absolute value  
 ErrNr: 7039 - Incremental encoder: Cable disturbance track A  
 ErrNr: 7040 - Incremental encoder: Cable disturbance track B  
 ErrNr: 7041 - Incremental encoder: Cable disturbance track R  
 ErrNr: 7042 - Incremental encoder: Edge distance of quadrature signal too small  
 ErrNr: 7043 - Encoder: Cable disturbance track D  
 ErrNr: 7044 - Encoder: Parity  
 ErrNr: 7045 - Resolver: Signal disturbance (plausibility check)  
 ErrNr: 7046 - Resolver: Cable disturbance  
 ErrNr: 7047 - Invalid distance of reference marks  
 ErrNr: 7048 - Error during the reading of encoder memory  
 ErrNr: 7049 - Abnormal encoder current consumption  
 ErrNr: 7050 - Incremental encoder: Illegal AB signal change

ErrNr: 7051 - Encoder: Acceleration too large (Disturbance)  
ErrNr: 7052 - Encoder: Encoder is not Supported  
ErrNr: 7053 - Encoder: Power failure  
ErrNr: 7054 - Encoder: Position in channel already defined  
ErrNr: 7055 - Encoder: Invalid content type 'frame end'  
ErrNr: 7057 - Encoder: Register read/write forbidden or not implemented  
ErrNr: 7058 - Encoder: Alarm bit is set  
ErrNr: 7059 - Virtual Encoder: Error state  
ErrNr: 7060 - Virtual Encoder: Transition error  
ErrNr: 7061 - Virtual Encoder: stall detection  
ErrNr: 7062 - Encoder: SMC module not ready  
ErrNr: 7063 - Encoder: Error in the UART communication  
ErrNr: 7064 - Encoder: Error in the SMC communication  
ErrNr: 7065 - Encoder: Encod type invalid  
ErrNr: 7066 - Encoder: Encoder not ready  
ErrNr: 7067 - EnDat encoder: SMC modul not in operational state  
ErrNr: 7068 - Encoder: Maximum cycle time exceeded  
ErrNr: 7069 - Encoder: encoder error filter activ  
ErrNr: 7070 - Encoder: Lag error stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 7071 - Encoder: Limit speed error exceeded  
ErrNr: 7072 - Encoder: Transfer time position exceeded  
ErrNr: 7073 - Encoder: Multiturn failure  
ErrNr: 7074 - Encoder: SafeMOTION error  
ErrNr: 7075 - Encoder: Incorrect configuration encoder type  
ErrNr: 7076 - Encoder: Data transfer active  
ErrNr: 7077 - Encoder: Encoder evaluation blocked by the SafeMOTION configuration

ErrNr: 7078 - Encoder: Intersegment communication failure  
ErrNr: 7079 - Encoder: Internal Error  
ErrNr: 7080 - Encoder: Error in the encoder communication  
ErrNr: 7081 - Encoder: Timeout during initialization  
ErrNr: 7082 - Encoder: Link to encoder disturbed  
ErrNr: 7083 - Reference pulse monitoring: Faulty position, resolution, or reference pulse

ErrNr: 7084 - Encoder: Error in the position evaluation  
ErrNr: 7085 - Encoder: SafeMOTION not initialized  
ErrNr: 7100 - Parameter function not supported. (Module ?)  
ErrNr: 7103 - Incompatible interface  
ErrNr: 7104 - Initialization aborted  
ErrNr: 7200 - DC bus: Overvoltage  
ErrNr: 7210 - DC bus: Pre-charging: Voltage unstable  
ErrNr: 7211 - DC bus: Voltage dip  
ErrNr: 7212 - DC bus: Large voltage dip

ErrNr: 7214 - DC bus: Pre-charging resistor hot (too many power line fails)  
 ErrNr: 7215 - Power mains: At least one phase of the power line failed  
 ErrNr: 7217 - DC bus: Nominal voltage detection: Voltage too high  
 ErrNr: 7218 - DC bus: Nominal voltage detection: Voltage too low  
 ErrNr: 7219 - DC bus: Pre-charging: Voltage too low  
 ErrNr: 7220 - DC bus: Nominal voltage detection: Voltage not allowed  
 ErrNr: 7221 - Mains: Failure  
 ErrNr: 7222 - Inverter: Output: Summation current: Overcurrent (Ground fault)  
 ErrNr: 7223 - DC bus: Overvoltage DC-GND  
 ErrNr: 7224 - Connector to back plane: 24V-GND contact monitoring: Voltage too low  
 ErrNr: 7225 - DC bus: Overvoltage  
 ErrNr: 7226 - DC bus: Overcurrent  
 ErrNr: 7227 - Bleeder: Overcurrent  
 ErrNr: 7228 - DC bus: Nominal voltage detection: High inrush current  
 ErrNr: 7229 - Chopper: Overcurrent  
 ErrNr: 7230 - DC bus: measurement site 2 out of bounds  
 ErrNr: 7231 - Motor: Overvoltage  
 ErrNr: 7232 - Mains: Detected frequency outside the range [20,200]  
 ErrNr: 7300 - Analog/Digital IO: IO Configuration invalid  
 ErrNr: 7303 - Analog/Digital IO: 24V power supply fail  
 ErrNr: 7401 - Parameter position exceeds maximum data length  
 ErrNr: 7402 - Processing of parameter sequence aborted: Write error  
 ErrNr: 7403 - Processing of parameter sequence is still active  
 ErrNr: 7404 - Parameter sequence not available at index  
 ErrNr: 8001 - EEPROM select not valid  
 ErrNr: 8003 - Table index not valid  
 ErrNr: 8004 - EEPROM variable type not valid  
 ErrNr: 8005 - EEPROM type not valid  
 ErrNr: 8006 - Value of EEPROM parameter is zero  
 ErrNr: 8007 - Value of EEPROM parameter is not valid  
 ErrNr: 8011 - EPROM: Data not valid  
 ErrNr: 8012 - EPROM: Controller-ID not valid  
 ErrNr: 8013 - EPROM: CRC error  
 ErrNr: 8020 - Invalid switch frequency  
 ErrNr: 9000 - Heatsink temperature sensor: Stop limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 9001 - Heatsink temperature sensor: Switch off limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 9003 - Heatsink temperature sensor: Not connected or destroyed  
 ErrNr: 9010 - Temperature sensor (Motor|Choke|External): Stop limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 9011 - Temperature sensor (Motor|Choke|External): Switch off limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 9012 - Temperature sensor (Motor|Choke|External): Not connected or destroyed  
 ErrNr: 9013 - Temperature sensor (Motor|Choke|External): Short circuit  
 ErrNr: 9030 - Junction temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 9031 - Junction temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded

ErrNr: 9040 - Bleeder temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9041 - Bleeder temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9050 - ACOPOS peak current: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9051 - ACOPOS peak current: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9060 - ACOPOS continuous current: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9061 - ACOPOS continuous current: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9070 - Motor temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9071 - Motor temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9075 - ACOPOS continuous power: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9076 - ACOPOS continuous power: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9078 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 1: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9079 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 1: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9080 - Pre-charging resistor temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9081 - Power stage temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9082 - Power stage temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9083 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 2: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9084 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 2: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9085 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 3: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9086 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 3: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9087 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 4: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9088 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 4: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9089 - Encoder temperature sensor: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9090 - Encoder temperature sensor: Temperature value not valid  
ErrNr: 9091 - 24V Supply/Main relay temperature sensor: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9092 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 5: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9093 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 5: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9094 - Rectifier temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9095 - Rectifier temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9096 - DC bus relay temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9097 - DC bus relay temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9098 - DC bus capacitor temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9099 - DC bus capacitor temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9100 - DC bus: Continuous total power: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9101 - DC bus: Continuous total power: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9102 - DC bus: Peak total power: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9103 - DC bus: Peak total power: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9104 - DC connector temperature model: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9105 - DC connector temperature model: Switch off limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9106 - Power stage: Temperature sensor: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9107 - Power stage: Temperature sensor: Stop limit exceeded  
ErrNr: 9300 - Current controller: Overcurrent  
ErrNr: 9302 - Current controller: Cycle time invalid  
ErrNr: 9303 - Infeed: Summation current: Overcurrent

ErrNr: 10000 - Identification parameter(s) missing  
 ErrNr: 10001 - Parameter identification: Invalid sub-mode  
 ErrNr: 10100 - Parameter identification: Quality factor not fulfilled  
 ErrNr: 10101 - No ISQ-filter free  
 ErrNr: 10102 - No resonance-frequency for ISQ-filter (band-stop) found  
 ErrNr: 10103 - Autotuning: Maximum lag error exceeded  
 ErrNr: 10500 - Induction stop was terminated  
 ErrNr: 29200 - The axis object is invalid  
 ErrNr: 29203 - Drive is not ready  
 ErrNr: 29204 - Invalid parameter number  
 ErrNr: 29205 - The axis is not homed  
 ErrNr: 29206 - The controller is off  
 ErrNr: 29207 - This movement type is currently not allowed  
 ErrNr: 29208 - The axis object was changed since last function block call  
 ErrNr: 29209 - The drive is in error state  
 ErrNr: 29210 - Parameter initialization (Global-init) failed  
 ErrNr: 29211 - Holding brake cannot be switched. The controller is on  
 ErrNr: 29214 - Homing procedure not possible  
 ErrNr: 29215 - Discrete movement not possible  
 ErrNr: 29216 - Continuous movement not possible  
 ErrNr: 29217 - Invalid input parameter  
 ErrNr: 29218 - Unknown PLCopen axis state  
 ErrNr: 29219 - Invalid value for PLCopen parameter  
 ErrNr: 29221 - No cam name  
 ErrNr: 29222 - Error at cam download  
 ErrNr: 29225 - The target position is outside the axis period  
 ErrNr: 29226 - Drive error. Call MC\_(BR\_)ReadAxisError for details  
 ErrNr: 29227 - Drive unable to transmit additional master positions on network  
 ErrNr: 29228 - This drive cannot read any more master positions from the network  
 ErrNr: 29229 - Synchronized movement not possible  
 ErrNr: 29230 - Internal error: Error transferring the parameter list  
 ErrNr: 29231 - The master velocity is invalid, 0 or negative  
 ErrNr: 29232 - Internal error: Invalid SPT resource type  
 ErrNr: 29233 - SPT resources of required type not available  
 ErrNr: 29234 - Internal error: Number of requested SPT resources is not available  
 ErrNr: 29235 - Functionality not available for the current axis type  
 ErrNr: 29237 - Error in TriggerInput parameters  
 ErrNr: 29238 - The function block cannot be used in the current PLCopen axis state  
 ErrNr: 29239 - This functionality is not available on CAN-Bus  
 ErrNr: 29240 - The specified ParID cannot be used due to the data type size  
 ErrNr: 29241 - Wrong data type for specified ParID  
 ErrNr: 29242 - Cyclic read data full  
 ErrNr: 29244 - Internal error while configuring cyclic data

ErrNr: 29246 - Invalid TouchProbe window  
ErrNr: 29247 - Master synchronous position cannot be reached  
ErrNr: 29250 - Invalid CamTableID  
ErrNr: 29251 - Error downloading the ACOPOS parameter table  
ErrNr: 29252 - Error initializing the parameter list  
ErrNr: 29253 - Error downloading the parameter sequence  
ErrNr: 29254 - Error initializing the parameter sequence  
ErrNr: 29255 - Initialization not possible, axis coupling is active  
ErrNr: 29256 - Multiple simultaneous commands not possible  
ErrNr: 29257 - The specified data address is invalid  
ErrNr: 29260 - No data object name specified  
ErrNr: 29261 - Invalid data object index  
ErrNr: 29262 - Master channel already in use  
ErrNr: 29263 - Slave channel already in use  
ErrNr: 29264 - Cyclic write data full  
ErrNr: 29265 - Loss of communication with the drive  
ErrNr: 29266 - The MasterParID has changed since last function block call  
ErrNr: 29267 - Invalid number of cam profile polynomials  
ErrNr: 29268 - Function block aborted by another function block  
ErrNr: 29269 - Error saving NC-INIT parameter module  
ErrNr: 29270 - Error loading NC-INIT parameter module  
ErrNr: 29271 - The selected function block with the type MC\_TouchProbe is not enabled

ErrNr: 29272 - Cam Profile Automat data not initialized  
ErrNr: 29273 - The specified 'Subject' is invalid  
ErrNr: 29274 - An error has occurred while initializing the data  
ErrNr: 29275 - At least one input value was changed while 'Enable = TRUE'  
ErrNr: 29276 - A phase shift is already in progress  
ErrNr: 29277 - A offset shift is already in progress  
ErrNr: 29278 - No period for Axis, Master, Slave or function block input defined  
ErrNr: 29279 - Output value cannot be calculated  
ErrNr: 29280 - No valid master axis defined  
ErrNr: 29281 - This functionality is not available for ACOPOSmulti  
ErrNr: 29282 - Command can't currently be executed  
ErrNr: 29283 - Master or slave position of the first cam profile point not equal to 0  
ErrNr: 29284 - Too few curve points  
ErrNr: 29285 - Invalid type for cam profile section  
ErrNr: 29286 - Invalid mode for the last cam profile point  
ErrNr: 29287 - Invalid master or slave position for last cam profile point  
ErrNr: 29288 - Master positions are not strictly monotonic increasing  
ErrNr: 29289 - Invalid boundary parameters  
ErrNr: 29290 - Too many cam profile polynomials  
ErrNr: 29291 - Turning point outside of cam profile section



ErrNr: 29292 - Identical slave boundary positions not permitted  
 ErrNr: 29293 - Specified data length is 0 or too low  
 ErrNr: 29294 - Not able to determine error text. For details, see error text string  
 ErrNr: 29295 - An error has occurred. For details, see 'ErrorRecord' output  
 ErrNr: 29297 - Problem with variable in permanent memory  
 ErrNr: 29299 - Error occurred during the setup operation  
 ErrNr: 29300 - Invalid number of polynomials in cam profile  
 ErrNr: 29301 - Unable to calculate cam profile value  
 ErrNr: 29302 - Instance of function block already active on this axis  
 ErrNr: 29303 - The specified IntervalTime is too small  
 ErrNr: 29305 - ParID cannot be read with the specified mode  
 ErrNr: 29306 - Invalid interpolation mode  
 ErrNr: 29307 - Master period is zero  
 ErrNr: 29308 - Internal calculation error  
 ErrNr: 29309 - General internal error  
 ErrNr: 29310 - Calculated compensation exceeds limit values  
 ErrNr: 29311 - The maximum time was exceeded  
 ErrNr: 29312 - Error occurred during the holding brake test  
 ErrNr: 29313 - FIFO - Maximum amount of available elements exceeded  
 ErrNr: 29314 - The function block is called in a wrong task class  
 ErrNr: 29315 - Abortion of cyclic position transfer due to axis error  
 ErrNr: 29316 - Two encoder control is not activated  
 ErrNr: 29488 - Permanent variable for endless position was overwritten  
 ErrNr: 29489 - Internal values in the axis structure are invalid  
 ErrNr: 29490 - Internal initialization error (global init)  
 ErrNr: 29491 - Internal initialization error (SW limits)  
 ErrNr: 29492 - Internal initialization error (homing of virtual axis)  
 ErrNr: 29498 - ACP10\_MC library: Initialization aborted  
 ErrNr: 29499 - ACP10\_MC library: Error with details in 'ASCII Data'  
 ErrNr: 31201 - Di/Do Interface: Drive not ready  
 ErrNr: 31220 - Encoder error: Encoder not configured  
 ErrNr: 31221 - Encoder error: Cable disturbance or signal disturbance  
 ErrNr: 31224 - Encoder Interface: HW Module not OK  
 ErrNr: 31240 - Homing procedure mode not allowed with current HW Type  
 ErrNr: 31247 - Drive Interface: DrvOK not set from HW Module  
 ErrNr: 31248 - Trigger Interface: HW Module not OK  
 ErrNr: 31249 - Drive Interface: HW Module not OK  
 ErrNr: 31250 - Di/Do Interface: HW Module not OK  
 ErrNr: 31260 - Current axis configuration only possible in simulation mode  
 ErrNr: 31261 - Change mode for servo drive adjustment not allowed  
 ErrNr: 32001 - Error calling CAN\_xopen()  
 ErrNr: 32002 - Error defining Write COB for Broadcast Command  
 ErrNr: 32003 - Error defining Write COB for Parameter Read Request

ErrNr: 32004 - Error defining Write COB for Parameter Write Request  
 ErrNr: 32005 - Error defining Read COB for Parameter Read Response  
 ErrNr: 32006 - Error defining Read COB for Parameter Write Response  
 ErrNr: 32007 - Error defining Read COB for Monitor Data from the drive  
 ErrNr: 32008 - Error sending Read Request (network error ?)  
 ErrNr: 32009 - Error sending Write Request (network error ?)  
 ErrNr: 32010 - Drive not responding to Read Request (is the drive in the network ?)  
 ErrNr: 32011 - Drive not responding to Write Request (is the drive in the network ?)  
 ErrNr: 32012 - Error reading module description of system module  
 ErrNr: 32013 - No operating system present on the drive  
 ErrNr: 32014 - NCSYS version on the drive not compatible with NC software version  
 ErrNr: 32015 - Error creating message queue  
 ErrNr: 32016 - Error sending an idle time command to the NC Manager Task  
 ErrNr: 32017 - Wrong boot state after start of operating system  
 ErrNr: 32018 - Invalid Parameter ID in system module  
 ErrNr: 32019 - Download of NC system module not allowed (the module is on the PLC)

ErrNr: 32020 - System module data could not be read from the drive for initialization  
 ErrNr: 32021 - System module data could not be read from the drive after download  
 ErrNr: 32022 - Error aborting data block access before download  
 ErrNr: 32023 - Error reading boot state before download  
 ErrNr: 32025 - Wrong boot state after SW Reset before download  
 ErrNr: 32026 - Error during INIT of data block write access for download  
 ErrNr: 32027 - Error sending data segment for download  
 ErrNr: 32029 - Response error after sending data segment for download  
 ErrNr: 32030 - Error at command for system module burn after download  
 ErrNr: 32031 - Error reading status for system module burn after download  
 ErrNr: 32032 - Error while burning system module after download  
 ErrNr: 32033 - Timeout while burning system module after download  
 ErrNr: 32034 - Error at SW Reset before download  
 ErrNr: 32035 - Error at SW Reset after download  
 ErrNr: 32036 - Different system module data after download  
 ErrNr: 32037 - Error message(s) lost because of FIFO overflow (acknowledge errors)  
 ErrNr: 32040 - Version of INIT parameter module is not compatible to NC manager  
 ErrNr: 32041 - The module acp10cfg does not exist  
 ErrNr: 32042 - The module acp10cfg is not an NC data module  
 ErrNr: 32043 - The NC module type of the module acp10cfg is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32044 - The NC module type of the module acp10cfg cannot be read  
 ErrNr: 32045 - The data address in module acp10cfg cannot be read  
 ErrNr: 32046 - The data section of module acp10cfg is empty  
 ErrNr: 32047 - A CAN node number in module acp10cfg is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32048 - A CAN node number in module acp10cfg is used repeatedly  
 ErrNr: 32049 - This NC action is not allowed during Trace is active



- ErrNr: 32050 - A Trace Data Upload is already active
- ErrNr: 32053 - Error defining Write COB for Parameter Read Request 2
- ErrNr: 32054 - Error defining Write COB for Parameter Write Request 2
- ErrNr: 32055 - Error defining Read COB for Parameter Read Response 2
- ErrNr: 32056 - Error defining Read COB for Parameter Write Response 2
- ErrNr: 32057 - Error accessing HS task class table
- ErrNr: 32058 - Error accessing task class table
- ErrNr: 32059 - Parameter tk\_no invalid for access to task class table
- ErrNr: 32060 - Timeout for cyclic data from drive - Indications invalid (network error ?)
- 
- ErrNr: 32061 - Timeout sending a Read Request telegram (network error ?)
- ErrNr: 32062 - Timeout sending a Write Request telegram (network error ?)
- ErrNr: 32063 - Data address zero (set/read parameter via service interface)
- ErrNr: 32064 - Convert text into binary data is not possible for this parameter data type
- ErrNr: 32065 - Convert binary data into text is not possible for this parameter data type
- ErrNr: 32066 - Parameter ID zero (set/read parameter via service interface)
- ErrNr: 32067 - Parameter ID invalid (set/read parameter with option ncDATA\_TEXT)
- ErrNr: 32069 - The data address of the ACOPOS parameters in module acp10cfg cannot be read
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- ErrNr: 32070 - Drive for ACOPOS parameters in module acp10cfg not found
- ErrNr: 32071 - The ACOPOS parameters are invalid (an update of AutomationStudio is necessary)
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- ErrNr: 32072 - Wrong boot state after SW Reset
- ErrNr: 32073 - Download of NC system module: Error reading NC hardware version of BsLoader
- 
- ErrNr: 32074 - Incompatible NC hardware version: Download of BsLoader not possible
- 
- ErrNr: 32075 - Incompatible NC hardware version: Download of operating system not possible
- 
- ErrNr: 32076 - The FIFO for messages with high priority to NC Idle Task is full
- ErrNr: 32077 - A POWERLINK node number in module acp10cfg is invalid
- ErrNr: 32078 - A POWERLINK node number in module acp10cfg is used repeatedly
- ErrNr: 32079 - With this variant one CAN interface must be in module acp10cfg
- ErrNr: 32080 - With this variant one POWERLINK interface must be in module acp10cfg
- 
- ErrNr: 32084 - The NC configuration does not contain any ACOPOS module
- ErrNr: 32085 - Module acp10cfg invalid (AutomationStudio V2.2 or higher necessary)
- ErrNr: 32086 - With this variant no CAN interface is allowed in module acp10cfg
- ErrNr: 32087 - With this variant no POWERLINK interface is allowed in module acp10cfg
- 
- ErrNr: 32088 - The INIT parameter module specified in the NC Mapping Table does not exist

ErrNr: 32089 - NC-HW-ID of INIT parameter module is not compatible to NC manager

ErrNr: 32090 - NC object type of INIT parameter module is not equal to NC object

ErrNr: 32091 - Invalid block data in INIT parameter module (data range exceeded)

ErrNr: 32092 - Error sending a command to the NC Idle Task

ErrNr: 32093 - NcManCtrl is defined repeatedly with different values

ErrNr: 32094 - NetworkInit is defined repeatedly for ncMANAGER with different values

ErrNr: 32095 - Value of drive group in CAN-CFG-Module higher than maximum value

ErrNr: 32098 - Version of the module acp10cfg is not compatible with NC manager

ErrNr: 32099 - Length of data section of module acp10cfg is too small

ErrNr: 32100 - Memory for NC error text management cannot be allocated

ErrNr: 32102 - Version ID of error text module not equal to that of NC manager

ErrNr: 32103 - Data section of error text module cannot be read

ErrNr: 32104 - Data section of error text module is empty

ErrNr: 32105 - Length of data section of error text module is too small

ErrNr: 32106 - Error list of error text module not equal with that of NC manager

ErrNr: 32107 - Parameter list of error text module not equal with that of NC manager

ErrNr: 32108 - The last error number of error text module is not equal to 65535

ErrNr: 32109 - The last parameter ID of error text module is not equal to 65535

ErrNr: 32110 - Length of data section of CAN-CFG-Module cannot be read

ErrNr: 32111 - Length of data section of CAN-CFG-Module is too small

ErrNr: 32112 - The data address in the CAN-CFG-Module cannot be read

ErrNr: 32113 - The enable code in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32114 - Values not equal to zero in reserved area of CAN-CFG-Module

ErrNr: 32115 - The basis CAN ID for WR/RD channel1 in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32116 - The basis CAN ID for WR/RD channel2 in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32117 - The basis CAN ID for WR/RD channel3 in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32118 - The basis CAN ID for monitor data in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32119 - Invalid basis CAN ID for cyclic data to the drive in CAN-CFG-Module

ErrNr: 32120 - Invalid basis CAN ID for cyclic data from the drive in CAN-CFG-Module

ErrNr: 32121 - The CAN ID for the SYNC telegram in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32122 - The CAN ID for the broadcast command in the CAN-CFG-Module is invalid

ErrNr: 32123 - Error defining Read COB for WR2 Request (external set position mode)

- ErrNr: 32124 - Error defining Read COB for WR2 Response (external set position mode)
- ErrNr: 32125 - Error defining Read COB for RD2 Request (external set position mode)
- ErrNr: 32126 - Error defining Read COB for RD2 Response (external set position mode)
- ErrNr: 32127 - Error deleting Write COB for Broadcast Command (external set position mode)
- ErrNr: 32128 - Error defining Read COB for Broadcast Command (external set position mode)
- ErrNr: 32129 - Error defining Read COB for cyclic user data from drive (ext. set pos. mode)
- ErrNr: 32130 - This external set position mode is only allowed with one CAN interface
- ErrNr: 32131 - The specified NC data module does not exist
- ErrNr: 32132 - The specified module is not an NC data module
- ErrNr: 32133 - The NC module type of the specified NC data module is invalid
- ErrNr: 32134 - The NC module type of the specified NC data module cannot be read
- ErrNr: 32135 - The data address of the specified NC data module cannot be read
- ErrNr: 32136 - The data section of the specified NC data module is empty
- ErrNr: 32137 - Data address of structure for a data block operation is zero
- ErrNr: 32138 - Data address zero (data structure for data block operation)
- ErrNr: 32139 - Data length zero (data structure for data block operation)
- ErrNr: 32140 - Data block operation: Data module name or data address must be zero
- ErrNr: 32141 - Invalid data format in a parameter sequence
- ErrNr: 32142 - ID or type of a parameter invalid in parameter sequence with text format
- ErrNr: 32143 - Data of a parameter in a parameter sequence longer than 6 bytes
- ErrNr: 32144 - Error for an ACOPOS parameter table specified in the NC Mapping Table
- ErrNr: 32145 - The ACOPOS parameter table does not exist
- ErrNr: 32146 - The ACOPOS parameter table is not an NC data module
- ErrNr: 32147 - The NC module type of the ACOPOS parameter table is invalid
- ErrNr: 32148 - The NC module type of the ACOPOS parameter table cannot be read
- ErrNr: 32149 - The data address in the ACOPOS parameter table cannot be read
- ErrNr: 32150 - The data section of the ACOPOS parameter table is empty
- ErrNr: 32151 - Error initializing memory buffer for XML parser
- ErrNr: 32152 - No XML elements present in an ACOPOS parameter table
- ErrNr: 32153 - The first XML element is invalid in the ACOPOS parameter table
- ErrNr: 32154 - The ACOPOS parameter table does not contain any ACOPOS parameters
- ErrNr: 32155 - Nesting depth for ACOPOS parameter groups exceeded
- ErrNr: 32156 - ID or type of an ACOPOS parameter invalid for text conversion

ErrNr: 32157 - Length of parameter data too large for ACOPOS parameter in XML data

ErrNr: 32158 - ACOPOS parameter: An attribute is not defined (ID)

ErrNr: 32159 - ACOPOS parameter: An attribute is not defined (Value)

ErrNr: 32161 - ncNC\_SYS\_RESTART,ncACKNOWLEDGE is not allowed  
(network.init=ncFALSE)

ErrNr: 32163 - A system module download to all drives is not possible with SwNodeSelect

ErrNr: 32164 - The text defined with NetworkInit (global) is invalid

ErrNr: 32165 - A CAN node number is equal to NodeNr\_SwNodeSelect

ErrNr: 32166 - Network initialization not allowed during active network initialization

ErrNr: 32167 - The text defined with NetworkInit is invalid

ErrNr: 32168 - NodeNr\_SwNodeSelect is defined repeatedly with different values

ErrNr: 32169 - The node number defined with NodeNr\_SwNodeSelect is invalid

ErrNr: 32170 - A data module name has to be entered for this data block operation

ErrNr: 32171 - Index zero is not allowed (data structure for data block operation)

ErrNr: 32172 - The specified data module name is not valid for a BR module

ErrNr: 32173 - Memory for data module creation cannot be allocated

ErrNr: 32174 - Error with installation of data module into BR module table

ErrNr: 32175 - Error with installation of data module into BR module table

ErrNr: 32176 - Text for parameter data too large for parameter sequence with text format

ErrNr: 32177 - Text for parameter data too large for parameter list with text format

ErrNr: 32178 - This axis is not enabled for this ACOPOS (channel number too high)

ErrNr: 32179 - ID or type of a parameter invalid in parameter list with text format

ErrNr: 32180 - Data address of structure for a parameter list operation is zero

ErrNr: 32181 - Data address zero (data structure for parameter list operation)

ErrNr: 32182 - Data length zero (data structure for parameter list operation)

ErrNr: 32183 - Data length invalid (data structure for parameter list operation)

ErrNr: 32184 - Invalid data format in a parameter list

ErrNr: 32185 - Data of a parameter in a parameter list longer than 6 bytes

ErrNr: 32186 - NetBasisInitNr is defined repeatedly for ncMANAGER with different values

ErrNr: 32187 - Error for synchronization of network initialization (details in Logger)

ErrNr: 32188 - This NC object is defined in hardware configuration and NC Mapping Table

ErrNr: 32189 - Timeout for cyclic data from drive - Indications invalid (network error ?)

ErrNr: 32190 - Error defining Write COB for selection of node number via software

ErrNr: 32191 - This parameter ID is reserved for the PLCopen MC library

ErrNr: 32192 - The specified data module is not an INIT Parameter module

ErrNr: 32193 - For this NC object type no INIT parameter module is present

ErrNr: 32194 - This function is not implemented for this NC object type

ErrNr: 32195 - Error downloading BsLoader to ACOPOS  
ErrNr: 32196 - Error downloading operating system to ACOPOS  
ErrNr: 32197 - Error downloading BsLoader to ACOPOS (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32198 - Error downloading operating system to ACOPOS (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32200 - Error calling plAcycWrite() (read parameter)  
ErrNr: 32201 - Error calling plAcycWrite() (write parameter)  
ErrNr: 32202 - Error calling plAcycRead() (read parameter)  
ErrNr: 32203 - Error calling plAcycRead() (write parameter)  
ErrNr: 32204 - Timeout while reading par. via acyclic channel (is the drive in the network ?)

ErrNr: 32205 - Timeout while writing par. via acyclic channel (is the drive in the network ?)

ErrNr: 32206 - Cyclic channel: Read Request in spite of Wait for Response  
ErrNr: 32207 - Cyclic channel: Write Request in spite of Wait for Response  
ErrNr: 32208 - Error using plAction(DEVICE\_TO\_BUS\_NR) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32209 - Error using plAction(GET\_IDENT) (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32210 - Wrong interface ident when calling plState() (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32211 - Interface not available when calling plState() (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32212 - Fatal interface error when calling plState() (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32213 - Timeout for POWERLINK interface (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32214 - Error calling plAcycOpen() (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32215 - Error calling plCECreate() (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32216 - Error using plAction(GET\_IF\_PAR) (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32217 - Broadcast channel: Error calling plAcycWrite() (read parameter)  
ErrNr: 32218 - Broadcast channel: Error calling plAcycWrite() (write parameter)  
ErrNr: 32219 - Error using plAction(GET\_IF\_MUXPRESCALE) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32220 - Error using plAction(GET\_IF\_CYCLE\_TIME) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32221 - Error using plAction(GET\_IF\_PRESCALE) (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32222 - Error using plAction(GET\_STATIONFLAG) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32223 - Error calling plGetNodeInfo() (additional info in Logger)  
ErrNr: 32224 - Error calling plAction(GET\_PROTOCOL\_VERSION) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32225 - This ACOPOS POWERLINK node does not exist in the AR Configuration

ErrNr: 32226 - A SDC node number in module acp10cfg is invalid  
ErrNr: 32227 - A SDC node number in module acp10cfg is used repeatedly

ErrNr: 32228 - There is no network interface (POWERLINK or SDC) contained in acp10cfg

ErrNr: 32229 - The SDC object needed for operation of SDC axes does not exist

ErrNr: 32230 - Error at initialization of SDC oder SIM object (see Logger)

ErrNr: 32231 - Error at SDC configuration (see Logger)

ErrNr: 32232 - The SIM object needed for ACOPOS Simulation does not exist

ErrNr: 32233 - NCBSL (name see logger) contains no NC system module with module type 0x4F

ErrNr: 32234 - NCSYS (name see logger) contains no NC system module with module type 0x4F

ErrNr: 32235 - Data address zero for parameter in parameter sequence

ErrNr: 32236 - Data address zero for parameter in parameter list

ErrNr: 32237 - Channel index for ACOPOS parameters in module acp10cfg is invalid

ErrNr: 32238 - This function is not implemented at this time

ErrNr: 32239 - Basic memory for INIT parameter modules could not be allocated

ErrNr: 32240 - NC object data invalid (PV with INIT value in variable declaration ?)

ErrNr: 32241 - Data block operation: Data module name must be zero

ErrNr: 32243 - Error using plAction(GET\_PDO\_INFO) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32244 - No PDO defined in the cyclic frame for this channel: The channel is disabled

ErrNr: 32245 - The Memory for operating the broadcast channel cannot be allocated

ErrNr: 32246 - 'Direction' of the POWERLINK broadcast channel is not 'Output'

ErrNr: 32247 - Error using plAction(GET\_TC\_INFO) (additional info in Logger)

ErrNr: 32248 - Invalid ACOPOS parameter header in module acp10cfg (section exceeded)

ErrNr: 32249 - Invalid ACOPOS parameter descriptor in module acp10cfg (section exceeded)

ErrNr: 32250 - ACOPOS parameter in module acp10cfg: Length of parameter data too large

ErrNr: 32251 - NcNetCyc: Response timeout

ErrNr: 32252 - NcNetCyc: Unexpected Response (invalid counter value)

ErrNr: 32253 - The task class for POWERLINK output cycle trigger is invalid

ErrNr: 32254 - No PDO mapping defined (PDO mapping is required for this ACOPOS ID)

ErrNr: 32255 - Trace start is not allowed while trace is active

ErrNr: 32256 - Trace trigger: Invalid Data

ErrNr: 32257 - Trace trigger: This channel is not enabled for this ACOPOS

ErrNr: 32258 - More than one trace trigger defined for a channel

ErrNr: 32259 - There are currently no trace data to be saved

ErrNr: 32260 - Trace: No valid test data point is defined

ErrNr: 32261 - Trace trigger: Invalid data

ErrNr: 32262 - Trace test data point: Invalid data

ErrNr: 32263 - Trace trigger: This channel is not enabled for this ACOPOS



ErrNr: 32264 - Trace test data point: This channel is not enabled for this ACOPOS  
 ErrNr: 32265 - Trace trigger: Trace for this NC object already active at trace start  
 ErrNr: 32266 - Trace test data point: Trace for this NC object already active at trace start

ErrNr: 32267 - Trace trigger: The NC object is not enabled for trace commands  
 ErrNr: 32268 - Trace test data point: The NC object is not enabled for trace commands  
 ErrNr: 32269 - Trace: Too many test data points defined for one trace channel  
 ErrNr: 32270 - ACOPOS coupling: The channel number of the send data is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32271 - ACOPOS coupling: The channel number of the receive data is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32272 - ACOPOS coupling: Send data with this channel number are not configured

ErrNr: 32273 - ACOPOS coupling: The NC object of the send data is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32274 - Network coupling: The broadcast channel was not configured  
 ErrNr: 32275 - Network coupling: The broadcast channel was not successfully initialized

ErrNr: 32276 - Network coupling: Cycle times not equal (network interfaces, NC task class)

ErrNr: 32277 - Network coupling: In the broadcast channel no more data record has place

ErrNr: 32278 - ACOPOS coupling: Zero as Parameter ID of the send data is not allowed

ErrNr: 32279 - Service interface: Data address zero  
 ErrNr: 32280 - Timeout for enable of acyclic network communication  
 ErrNr: 32281 - Version of SafeMC lower than minimum version (see Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32282 - Network coupling: Incompatible cycle times (network interfaces, NC task class)

ErrNr: 32283 - INIT broadcast data point: Call of action only allowed with NC task class

ErrNr: 32284 - Ext. coupling data: With this AR/NC version only for TC1 with synchr. output

ErrNr: 32285 - INIT broadcast data point: Incompatible cycle times (POWERLINK, NC task class)

ErrNr: 32286 - Network coupling: Incompatible cycle times (network interfaces, NC task class)

ErrNr: 32287 - Extended coupling data not possible (OutTime difference too large)  
 ErrNr: 32288 - Extended coupling data not possible (task class tolerance is not zero)  
 ErrNr: 32289 - Network coupling: SDC/SIM master and slave in different task classes  
 ErrNr: 32290 - INIT broadcast data point: Call of NC action only allowed in SDC task class

ErrNr: 32291 - INIT broadcast data point: "dp\_data\_bits" or "dp\_task\_class" is zero  
 ErrNr: 32302 - Start setup not possible: A setup operation is already active  
 ErrNr: 32322 - Data block upload/download: The data object name is zero  
 ErrNr: 32323 - Data block upload/download: The data block parameter ID is invalid

ErrNr: 32324 - Data block upload/download: The parameter ID of data block index 1 is invalid

ErrNr: 32325 - Data block upload/download: The parameter ID of data block index 2 is invalid

ErrNr: 32326 - Data block upload/download: Address of data buffer is zero

ErrNr: 32327 - Data block upload/download: Length of data buffer is zero

ErrNr: 32328 - Data block upload: Length of data buffer lower than length of data block

ErrNr: 32329 - Setup: Maximum number of initial ACOPOS parameters exceeded

ErrNr: 32330 - Setup: Data of an ACOPOS parameter longer than 6 bytes

ErrNr: 32331 - Start setup not possible: The mode parameter is zero

ErrNr: 32396 - Changing the cycle time is not allowed for this ACOPOS hardware type

ErrNr: 32397 - NCSYS version on the target system is not compatible with NC software version

ErrNr: 32398 - NCSYS does not contain an operating system for this ACOPOS hardware type

ErrNr: 32399 - Manual ACOPOS restart (POWER-OFF/-ON) after NCSYS download necessary

ErrNr: 32400 - Memory cannot be allocated

ErrNr: 32401 - No data object name specified

ErrNr: 32402 - The specified file cannot be opened

ErrNr: 32403 - The specified file cannot be created

ErrNr: 32404 - Error at writing into a file

ErrNr: 32405 - Error at reading from a file

ErrNr: 32406 - The specified file cannot be created

ErrNr: 32407 - Error at writing into a file

ErrNr: 32408 - Error at closing a file

ErrNr: 32409 - The specified file cannot be deleted

ErrNr: 32410 - The data object type is invalid

ErrNr: 32411 - The address of the data object structure is zero

ErrNr: 32412 - The name in the data object structure is zero

ErrNr: 32413 - The data address in the data object structure is zero

ErrNr: 32414 - The data length in the data object structure is zero

ErrNr: 32415 - No File Device specified

ErrNr: 32416 - The FileIO functions do not exist (is library FileIO existing ?)

ErrNr: 32417 - Error at writing into an NC data module

ErrNr: 32418 - No XML elements present in MTC data

ErrNr: 32419 - MTC data: XML elements invalid or in wrong order

ErrNr: 32420 - The MTC data contain an invalid configuration

ErrNr: 32421 - The MTC data contain no configuration for Multi Axes Trace

ErrNr: 32422 - The MTC data contain more than one configuration for Multi Axes Trace



ErrNr: 32423 - MTC data: Trigger.NcObject is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32424 - MTC data: Trigger.Condition is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32425 - MTC data: Channel.NcObject is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32426 - Trace trigger: The event is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32427 - Trace trigger: Parameter ID zero not allowed if event unequal to OFF  
 ErrNr: 32428 - The data object format is invalid  
 ErrNr: 32429 - MTC data: Maximum number of test data points exceeded  
 ErrNr: 32492 - ACOPOS Simulation: TC for cyclic PLCopen data not equal to NC Manager TC

ErrNr: 32494 - AcoposSimulation=Off for one channel although activated for the other channel

ErrNr: 32495 - AcoposSimulation: Different values defined for real and virtual axis  
 ErrNr: 32496 - Error creating cyclic task for PLCopen MC (details in Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32497 - Task class for handling of cyclic data with PLCopen in acp10cfg is invalid

ErrNr: 32498 - PLCopen\_CyclicData\_TaskClass is lower than zero or higher than maximum value

ErrNr: 32499 - PLCopen\_CyclicData\_TaskClass: Values for real and virtual axis are not equal

ErrNr: 32500 - The Message FIFO already exists  
 ErrNr: 32501 - Error creating Message FIFO  
 ErrNr: 32502 - The Critical Section for Command Semaphore already exists  
 ErrNr: 32503 - Error creating Critical Section for Command Semaphore  
 ErrNr: 32504 - The NC Idle Task already exists  
 ErrNr: 32505 - Error creating NC Idle Task  
 ErrNr: 32506 - Error reading Taskclass Cycle Time  
 ErrNr: 32507 - Error reading Taskclass Tolerance  
 ErrNr: 32508 - Error sending an idle time command to the NC Idle Task  
 ErrNr: 32509 - The Critical Section for Network Command Trace already exists  
 ErrNr: 32510 - Error creating Critical Section for Network Command Trace  
 ErrNr: 32511 - The Critical Section for messages with high priority already exists  
 ErrNr: 32512 - Error creating Critical Section for messages with high priority  
 ErrNr: 32513 - The Critical Section for global variables already exists  
 ErrNr: 32514 - Error creating Critical Section for global variables  
 ErrNr: 32515 - The Critical Section for network coupling already exists  
 ErrNr: 32516 - Error creating Critical Section for network coupling  
 ErrNr: 32738 - Error writing into SDM Motion FIFO  
 ErrNr: 32739 - Error creating SDM Motion FIFO (see Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32740 - Error deleting SDM Motion FIFO (see Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32741 - Error creating SDM Motion task (see Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32742 - Error deleting SDM Motion task (see Logger)  
 ErrNr: 32743 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: naction() did not return with ncOK  
 ErrNr: 32744 - SDM\_Motion\_Action not allowed (still no Trace configuration loaded)

ErrNr: 32745 - SDM\_Motion\_Action not allowed (Motion Trace already started by application)

ErrNr: 32746 - SDM\_Motion\_Action not allowed (Motion Trace already started by SDM)

ErrNr: 32747 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: DataAddress is zero or defined

ErrNr: 32748 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: DataLen is zero or defined

ErrNr: 32749 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: BrModName is too long

ErrNr: 32750 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: BrModName is not defined

ErrNr: 32751 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: FileName is not defined

ErrNr: 32752 - SDM\_Motion Action not possible: AR function does not exist (see Logger)

ErrNr: 32753 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: CREATE\_NCOBJ\_LIST must be called before this action

ErrNr: 32754 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: The NC object type is invalid for this action

ErrNr: 32755 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Memory free error

ErrNr: 32756 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Memory alloc error

ErrNr: 32757 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: This action is not yet implemented

ErrNr: 32758 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: The NC object ident is invalid for this action

ErrNr: 32759 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: The NC object ident must be zero for this action

ErrNr: 32760 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Pointer of exit function arguments is zero or not defined

ErrNr: 32761 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Pointer of exit function is zero or not defined

ErrNr: 32762 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: The first XML element in input data is invalid

ErrNr: 32763 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: No XML element in input data

ErrNr: 32764 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Error initializing memory buffer for XML parser

ErrNr: 32765 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Length of XML input data is zero

ErrNr: 32766 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Pointer of XML input data is zero

ErrNr: 32767 - SDM\_Motion\_Action: Invalid actionID

ErrNr: 33002 - Floating-Point exception

ErrNr: 33003 - Address error exception

ErrNr: 33004 - Bus error exception

ErrNr: 33005 - Exception

ErrNr: 33006 - Access violation Exception

ErrNr: 33007 - Violation address

ErrNr: 35000 - SMC FS: Internal error, Program flow

ErrNr: 35001 - SMC FS: Internal error, NULL pointer access

ErrNr: 35002 - SMC FS: Internal error, SPI transfer

ErrNr: 35003 - SMC FS: Internal error, MFW NVM data memory

ErrNr: 35004 - SMC FS: Internal error, Communication EnDat Master

ErrNr: 35005 - SMC FS: Internal error, Communication ACOPOS

ErrNr: 35006 - SMC FS: Internal error, Communication Encoder

ErrNr: 35007 - SMC FS: Module/compensation data is incompatible!

ErrNr: 35008 - SMC FS: CRC of the module/compensation data is not correct!  
ErrNr: 35009 - SMC FS: SOS and STO not connected but needed for RSP  
ErrNr: 35010 - SMC FS: Internal error, Axis index out of range  
ErrNr: 35011 - SMC FS: Internal error, Function parameter out of range  
ErrNr: 35012 - SMC FS: Unsafe encoder connected  
ErrNr: 35013 - SMC FS: ACP10 version does not support the enabled safety function  
ErrNr: 35014 - SMC FS: Function is not supported by hardware.  
ErrNr: 35016 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of checkpoints  
ErrNr: 35017 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of status word  
ErrNr: 35018 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of output state  
ErrNr: 35019 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of EnDat position  
ErrNr: 35020 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of EnDat error register  
ErrNr: 35021 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of Encoder state machine  
  
ErrNr: 35022 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of EnDat state machine  
ErrNr: 35023 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of EnDat state machine  
ErrNr: 35024 - SMC FS: "EUS - Units per count of physical reference system" invalid  
ErrNr: 35025 - SMC FS: "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" invalid  
ErrNr: 35026 - SMC FS: EUS - Encoder resolution too low  
ErrNr: 35027 - SMC FS: EUS - Encoder resolution too high  
ErrNr: 35028 - SMC FS: EUS - Units resolution too high  
ErrNr: 35029 - SMC FS: EUS - One unit is shorter than one nm  
ErrNr: 35030 - SMC FS: Encoder mismatch - Configuration data changed several times  
  
ErrNr: 35031 - SMC FS: Encoder mismatch - Configuration data changed  
ErrNr: 35032 - SMC FS: Wrong parameterization  
ErrNr: 35033 - SMC FS: Module cycle time is not valid  
ErrNr: 35034 - SMC FS: Parameterization - Deceleration ramp is too steep  
ErrNr: 35035 - SMC FS: Internal state machine is in Fail Safe State  
ErrNr: 35036 - SMC FS: Deactivated safety function was requested  
ErrNr: 35037 - SMC FS: SMS - Speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35038 - SMC FS: SLS1 - Speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35039 - SMC FS: SLS2 - Speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35040 - SMC FS: SLS3 - Speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35041 - SMC FS: SLS4 - Speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35042 - SMC FS: Standstill speed limit is out of range  
ErrNr: 35043 - SMC FS: SLS1 - Speed limit violates the configuration instruction  
ErrNr: 35044 - SMC FS: SLS2 - Speed limit violates the configuration instruction  
ErrNr: 35045 - SMC FS: SLS3 - Speed limit violates the configuration instruction  
ErrNr: 35046 - SMC FS: SLS4 - Speed limit violates the configuration instruction  
ErrNr: 35047 - SMC FS: Standstill Speed limit violates the configuration instruction  
ErrNr: 35048 - SMC FS: Violation of parameter limits  
ErrNr: 35049 - SMC FS: SMP is used but Homing was not configured

ErrNr: 35050 - SMC FS: SMP - Lower position limit is greater or equal than upper limit

ErrNr: 35051 - SMC FS: SLP is used but Homing was not configured

ErrNr: 35052 - SMC FS: SLP - Lower position limit is greater or equal than upper limit

ErrNr: 35053 - SMC FS: SLP - Position window outside SMP position window

ErrNr: 35054 - SMC FS: SMP - Tolerance is greater than SMP position window

ErrNr: 35055 - SMC FS: SLP - Tolerance is greater than SLP position window

ErrNr: 35056 - SMC FS: Value of Deceleration ramp is out of range

ErrNr: 35057 - SMC FS: SLT Parameterization - Torque limit too high

ErrNr: 35058 - SMC FS: Motor Parameterization - Torque characteristic invalid

ErrNr: 35059 - SMC FS: Blackout Mode Parameterization - Configured SF invalid

ErrNr: 35060 - SMC FS: SSO tolerance violates the configuration instruction

ErrNr: 35061 - SMC FS: SMS - Speed limit violates the configuration instruction

ErrNr: 35062 - SMC FS: SMS - Speed lag error monitoring not activated

ErrNr: 35063 - SMC FS: SMS - Position lag error monitoring activated

ErrNr: 35064 - SMC FS: SMS - Homing activated

ErrNr: 35065 - SMC FS: SMS - A not allowed safety function is activated

ErrNr: 35066 - SMC FS: SMS - Encode mode invalid

ErrNr: 35068 - SMC FS: "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" is out of range

ErrNr: 35069 - SMC FS: Homing - Ref Switch: No reference switch connected

ErrNr: 35070 - SMC FS: Homing - Home Offset: No absolute encoder connected

ErrNr: 35071 - SMC FS: Homing - Home Offset with Correction: SMP not configured

ErrNr: 35072 - SMC FS: Homing - SMP window is greater than safe absolute encoder range

ErrNr: 35073 - SMC FS: Homing - SLP window is greater than safe absolute encoder range

ErrNr: 35074 - SMC FS: Homing - Encoder doesn't support a safe reference pulse

ErrNr: 35075 - SMC FS: Homing - Speed tolerance is out of range

ErrNr: 35076 - SMC FS: Homing - reference pulse : Max. trigger speed is too big

ErrNr: 35077 - SMC FS: Homing - Function is requested but not configured

ErrNr: 35078 - SMC FS: Homing - RefSwitch bit is set but not configured

ErrNr: 35079 - SMC FS: Homing - Position is out of SMP window

ErrNr: 35080 - SMC FS: Homing - Direct with reference pulse: Not supported

ErrNr: 35081 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of output signals

ErrNr: 35082 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of output state machine

ErrNr: 35084 - SMC FS: Program error in PreOperational state

ErrNr: 35085 - SMC FS: Safe output - Stuck at high detected

ErrNr: 35086 - SMC FS: Safe output - Test state has changed

ErrNr: 35087 - SMC FS: Encoder - Speed limit exceeded

ErrNr: 35088 - SMC FS: Encoder - Acceleration limit exceeded

ErrNr: 35091 - SMC FS: Encoder mismatch detected

ErrNr: 35092 - SMC FS: Internal error, Lockbit set

ErrNr: 35093 - SMC FS: Velocity error tolerance too large  
 ErrNr: 35094 - SMC FS: Lag error tolerance too large  
 ErrNr: 35095 - SMC FS: Encoder - Configuration error  
 ErrNr: 35096 - SMC FS: Homing - Configuration error  
 ErrNr: 35097 - SMC FS: Internal error, Invalid current sensor resolution  
 ErrNr: 35098 - SMC FS: Internal error, Invalid current sensor measurement range  
 ErrNr: 35099 - SMC FS: Internal error, Current values sum not plausible  
 ErrNr: 35100 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of stator current vector  
 ErrNr: 35101 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of current vector angle  
 ErrNr: 35102 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of the status register IPWM

ErrNr: 35103 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication FPGACom state machine

ErrNr: 35104 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA communication  
 ErrNr: 35105 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA SinCos - Reference voltage Channel A  
 ErrNr: 35106 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA SinCos - Reference voltage Channel B  
 ErrNr: 35107 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA SinCos - Configuration  
 ErrNr: 35108 - SMC FS: Internal error, Hardware tests - Voltage monitoring  
 ErrNr: 35109 - SMC FS: Internal error, ADC compensation data - Flash validation  
 ErrNr: 35110 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA current measurement - ADC processing  
 ErrNr: 35111 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA current measurement - Reference monitoring

ErrNr: 35112 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA current measurement - Efficiency test  
 ErrNr: 35113 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA current measurement - Configuration  
 ErrNr: 35114 - SMC FS: Internal error, FPGA SinCos - Efficiency test  
 ErrNr: 35115 - SMC FS: SBT Parameterization - Current threshold too high  
 ErrNr: 35116 - SMC FS: SBT Parameterization - External load greater than threshold  
 ErrNr: 35117 - SMC FS: SBT Parameterization - External load too small  
 ErrNr: 35118 - SMC FS: Internal error, extended flashdata is wrong  
 ErrNr: 35119 - SMC FS: SBT Parameterization - External load too high  
 ErrNr: 35120 - SMC FS: Homing - S\_SwitchHomingMode is set but not connected  
 ErrNr: 35121 - SMC FS: Homing - S\_SwitchHomingMode is connected but ReqHoming not

ErrNr: 35122 - SMC FS: Homing - S\_SwitchHomingMode connection and configuration not conform

ErrNr: 35123 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of RSP receive data frame

ErrNr: 35124 - SMC FS: Internal error, Cross communication of RSP send data frame  
 ErrNr: 35125 - SMC FS: RSP - Save operation failed  
 ErrNr: 35126 - SMC FS: RSP - Homing, SOS position tolerance too big  
 ErrNr: 35127 - SMC FS: Internal error, Invalid current sensor measurement offset  
 ErrNr: 35128 - SMC FS: Internal error, Sigma delta conversion is not plausible  
 ErrNr: 35129 - SMC FS: Internal error, gain and offset corrected current out of range

ErrNr: 35130 - SMC FS: Internal error, testcase  
 ErrNr: 35131 - SMC FS: Internal error  
 ErrNr: 35132 - SMC FS: Internal error  
 ErrNr: 35150 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Disbld. function enable bit is set

ErrNr: 35151 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Placeholder enable bit is set  
 ErrNr: 35152 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Invalid payload size  
 ErrNr: 35153 - SMC: Interner error, CUnit test  
 ErrNr: 35154 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Invalid structure size  
 ErrNr: 35155 - SMC FS: Received data for additional safety parameters too big  
 ErrNr: 35156 - SMC FS: CRC chekc of the additional safety parameters failed  
 ErrNr: 35161 - SMC FS: Incompatible parameter structure  
 ErrNr: 35162 - SMC FS: Incompatible axis type  
 ErrNr: 35163 - SMC FS: Error in PreOperational function  
 ErrNr: 35164 - SMC FS: Cross communication SinCos status during FPGA boot phase  
 ErrNr: 35165 - SMC FS: Encoder not configured but needed for safety functions  
 ErrNr: 35166 - SMC FS: Squared vector length too large  
 ErrNr: 35167 - SMC FS: Cross communication vector control trigger counter  
 ErrNr: 35170 - SMC FS: SBT Current threshold too small  
 ErrNr: 35171 - SMC FS: Internal error while processing the additional paramters  
 ErrNr: 35172 - SMC FS: Homing - RefSwitch is connected but ReqHoming not  
 ErrNr: 35173 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Invalid axis type ID  
 ErrNr: 35174 - SMC FS: Additional safety parameters: Invalid structure version  
 ErrNr: 35175 - SMC: Safely Limited Acceleration - Violation of the acceleration monitoring

ErrNr: 35176 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - SBT: Timeout  
 ErrNr: 35177 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - SBT: SBC is active  
 ErrNr: 35178 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Illegal sector change  
 ErrNr: 35179 - SMC: additional parameters - Error during download  
 ErrNr: 35180 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, stored position invalid  
 ErrNr: 35181 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Rho has left the actual sector too early  
 ErrNr: 35182 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Measured and parametrized external load differ

ErrNr: 35183 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Current fell below parametrized test current threshold

ErrNr: 35184 - SMC FFS: Drift of raw positions between uP1 and uP2 to big  
 ErrNr: 35185 - SMC FFS: internal error  
 ErrNr: 35186 - SMC FFS: Encoder not ready  
 ErrNr: 35189 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Violation of the position tolerance  
 ErrNr: 35190 - SMC FFS: Encoder error SinCos processing  
 ErrNr: 35191 - SMC: Safe Brake Test - Test interval elapsed, test required  
 ErrNr: 35192 - SMC: Current sum exeeded tolerance range  
 ErrNr: 35193 - SMC: Current sensor range exceeded phase U



ErrNr: 35194 - SMC: Current sensor range exceeded phase V  
 ErrNr: 35195 - SMC: Current sensor range exceeded phase W  
 ErrNr: 35196 - SMC: Compensation data incomplete  
 ErrNr: 35197 - SMC FFS: SS2, SOS Violation of standstill position tolerance  
 ErrNr: 35198 - SMC FFS: Encoder error was detected  
 ErrNr: 35199 - SMC FFS: SDI - Violations of the safe direction  
 ErrNr: 35200 - SMC FFS: SDI - Violation of the positive direction  
 ErrNr: 35201 - SMC FFS: SDI - Violation of the negative direction  
 ErrNr: 35202 - SMC FFS: SLI - Violation of standstill speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35203 - SMC FFS: SLI - Violation of position window (increments)  
 ErrNr: 35204 - SMC FFS: Violation of the actual speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35205 - SMC FFS: Violation of the deceleration ramp  
 ErrNr: 35206 - SMC FFS: SMS - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35207 - SMC FFS: SOS - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35208 - SMC FFS: SS2 - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35209 - SMC FFS: SLS1 - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35210 - SMC FFS: SLS2 - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35211 - SMC FFS: SLS3 - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35212 - SMC FFS: SLS4 - Violation of the speed limit  
 ErrNr: 35213 - SMC FFS: Alive test of set position was not executed  
 ErrNr: 35214 - SMC FFS: Warning on output was not acknowledged  
 ErrNr: 35215 - SMC FFS: Alive test - Monitoring timeout  
 ErrNr: 35216 - SMC FFS: SMP - Homing timeout exceeded  
 ErrNr: 35217 - SMC FFS: SMP - Violation of the deceleration ramp  
 ErrNr: 35218 - SMC FFS: SLP - Violation of the deceleration ramp  
 ErrNr: 35219 - SMC FFS: SMP - Violation of lower SMP limit  
 ErrNr: 35220 - SMC FFS: SMP - Violation of upper SMP limit  
 ErrNr: 35221 - SMC FFS: SLP - Violation of lower SLP limit  
 ErrNr: 35222 - SMC FFS: SLP - Violation of upper SLP limit  
 ErrNr: 35223 - SMC FFS: SMP - Movement in neg. direction outside SMP limit  
 ErrNr: 35224 - SMC FFS: SMP - Movement in pos. direction outside SMP limit  
 ErrNr: 35225 - SMC FFS: SLP requested, axis is not homed yet  
 ErrNr: 35226 - SMC FFS: SMP, SLP - Internal error  
 ErrNr: 35227 - SMC FFS: SMP, SLP - INT32 overflow of S\_SafePosition  
 ErrNr: 35228 - SMC FFS: Homing - Timeout elapsed  
 ErrNr: 35229 - SMC FFS: Homing - Standstill Speed tolerance violated  
 ErrNr: 35230 - SMC FFS: Homing reference pulse - Max. trigger speed exceeded  
 ErrNr: 35231 - SMC FFS: Homing - Movement invalid  
 ErrNr: 35232 - SMC FFS: Homing offset - Position outside INT32 range  
 ErrNr: 35233 - SMC FFS: Homing offset - Violation of safe encoder range  
 ErrNr: 35234 - SMC: Encoder mismatch - Length of encoder configuration data changed  
 ErrNr: 35235 - SMC: Encoder mismatch - Serial number of encoder changed

ErrNr: 35236 - SMC: Encoder mismatch - Version changed or no encoder data stored  
 ErrNr: 35237 - SMC: Encoder mismatch - EnDat master data or encoder data changed  
 ErrNr: 35238 - SMC: Encoder - EnDat Master state error register is set  
 ErrNr: 35239 - SMC FFS: Homing failed  
 ErrNr: 35240 - SMC FFS: Violation of safety function  
 ErrNr: 35241 - SMC FFS: Function block switched back into IDLE state  
 ErrNr: 35243 - SMC FFS: Safe output - Teststate has changed  
 ErrNr: 35244 - SMC: Encoder - Received position not valid  
 ErrNr: 35245 - SMC: Encoder mismatch detected  
 ErrNr: 35246 - SMC: Encoder - Initialization error  
 ErrNr: 35247 - SMC: Debug information  
 ErrNr: 35248 - SMC: Internal warning, Lockbit set  
 ErrNr: 35249 - SMC: Encoder - SafeSpeed exceeded INT16 range  
 ErrNr: 35250 - SMC: Encoder - EnDat Master encoder error register is set  
 ErrNr: 35251 - SMC: Velocity error limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 35252 - SMC: Position lag error limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 35253 - SMC: Encoder - Rounding error due to parametrization  
 ErrNr: 35254 - SMC: Encoder - Length of physical reference system too large  
 ErrNr: 35255 - SMC FS: Encoder - Acceleration limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 35497 - SMC: Blackout Mode - Delay time expired  
 ErrNr: 35498 - SMC: SSO - A limitation of the observed acceleration is not possible  
 ErrNr: 35499 - SMC FFS: Current measurement error was detected  
 ErrNr: 35500 - SMC: SSO - Safe speed observer speed error  
 ErrNr: 35501 - SMC: SSO - Safe speed observer speed error  
 ErrNr: 35502 - SMC: UTILS - Testinterface, dummy logbook entry  
 ErrNr: 35503 - SMC FFS: Internal error in ADC conversion  
 ErrNr: 35504 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, INT32 overflow of S\_SafePosition  
 ErrNr: 35505 - SMC FFS: SLT - Violation of torque limit  
 ErrNr: 35506 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, Positional change during power off too big  
 ErrNr: 35507 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, Config changed  
 ErrNr: 35508 - SMC FFS: Internal error, FPGA communication  
 ErrNr: 35509 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, CRC error while receiving the remanent safe position  
  
 ErrNr: 35510 - SMC FFS: RSP - Homing, Homing already done without RSP  
 ErrNr: 35511 - SMC: RSP - State RSP Valid changed during safe operation  
 ErrNr: 36001 - Parameter limited to valid range  
 ErrNr: 36002 - Total time for the position loop controller limited to prediction time  
 ErrNr: 36003 - Braking distance exceeds positive SW limit - Deceleration parameter increased  
  
 ErrNr: 36004 - Braking distance exceeds negative SW limit - Deceleration parameter increased  
  
 ErrNr: 36005 - Warning triggered by command  
 ErrNr: 37101 - Calculated compensation distance on slave axis limited to maximum



ErrNr: 37102 - Calculated compensation distance on slave axis limited to minimum  
 ErrNr: 37108 - Calculated compensation distance of master axis limited to minimum  
 ErrNr: 37111 - Cam data: Difference between polynomial value  $y(xn)$  and slave period  
 ErrNr: 37112 - Polynomial within cam data exceeds limit value  
 ErrNr: 37113 - Compensation gear: Limit values exceeded  
 ErrNr: 38001 - Torque limiter: Limit value higher than maximum value  
 ErrNr: 38003 - Motor holding brake: Test torque was limited  
 ErrNr: 38004 - Motor holding brake: Test torque less than load torque  
 ErrNr: 38006 - Current controller: Permissible current offset values exceeded  
 ErrNr: 38008 - Bleeder: No current flow  
 ErrNr: 39001 - Encoder: Position correction active  
 ErrNr: 39002 - Resolver: Speed limit for 14 bit resolution exceeded  
 ErrNr: 39003 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit is set  
 ErrNr: 39004 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Lighting failure  
 ErrNr: 39005 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Signal amplitude too small  
 ErrNr: 39006 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Position value contains an error  
 ErrNr: 39007 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Overvoltage  
 ErrNr: 39008 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Undervoltage  
 ErrNr: 39009 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Overcurrent  
 ErrNr: 39010 - EnDat encoder: Alarm bit - Battery change required  
 ErrNr: 39011 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit - Frequency too high  
 ErrNr: 39012 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit - Temperature too high  
 ErrNr: 39013 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit - Lighting reserve reached  
 ErrNr: 39014 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit - Battery charge too low  
 ErrNr: 39015 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit - Reference point not reached  
 ErrNr: 39016 - Incremental encoder emulation: Frequency too high  
 ErrNr: 39017 - Encoder: CRC error while reading position  
 ErrNr: 39018 - Reference pulse monitoring: Faulty position, resolution, or reference pulse  
  
 ErrNr: 39019 - Serial encoder interface: Stop bit error  
 ErrNr: 39020 - Serial encoder interface: Receive data overrun  
 ErrNr: 39021 - Serial encoder interface: Send data error  
 ErrNr: 39022 - EnDat encoder: Warning bit is set  
 ErrNr: 39023 - EnDat encoder: CRC error while reading EnDat2.2 additional information  
  
 ErrNr: 39024 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M ALL Power down  
 ErrNr: 39025 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M Overflow / Underflow  
  
 ErrNr: 39026 - EnDat encoder: Type 3 error while reading EnDat2.2 additional information  
  
 ErrNr: 39027 - Encoder Emulation: 5V power supply fail  
 ErrNr: 39028 - Encoder: Multiturn failure  
 ErrNr: 39029 - Encoder: Battery charge too low

ErrNr: 39030 - Encoder: Warning bit is set  
 ErrNr: 39032 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: Lighting  
 ErrNr: 39033 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: Signal amplitude  
 ErrNr: 39034 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: S Pos 1  
 ErrNr: 39035 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: Overvoltage  
 ErrNr: 39036 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: Undervoltage  
 ErrNr: 39037 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: over current  
 ErrNr: 39038 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: Temperature exceeded  
 ErrNr: 39039 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: S Pos  
 ErrNr: 39040 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: S sytem  
 ErrNr: 39041 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: S ALL power down  
 ErrNr: 39042 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M Pos 1  
 ErrNr: 39043 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M Pos 2  
 ErrNr: 39044 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M System  
 ErrNr: 39045 - EnDat encoder: Operating status error sources: M battery  
 ErrNr: 39046 - Encoder: Incorrect encoder address acknowledgment  
 ErrNr: 39047 - Encoder: Position value not synchronous with absolute value  
 ErrNr: 39048 - Encoder: Incorrect command code acknowledgment  
 ErrNr: 39049 - Encoder: Timeout during parameter transfer  
 ErrNr: 39050 - Encoder: Parity  
 ErrNr: 39051 - Encoder: Hiperface error bit  
 ErrNr: 39052 - Encoder: Measurement range exceeded  
 ErrNr: 39053 - Encoder: Internal check of the encoder interface failed  
 ErrNr: 39054 - Encoder: Invalid supply voltage  
 ErrNr: 39055 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too small  
 ErrNr: 39056 - Encoder: Incremental signal amplitude too large  
 ErrNr: 39059 - Encoder: Status message  
 ErrNr: 39060 - Encoder: Sync bit error  
 ErrNr: 39061 - Encoder: UART Transmission error  
 ErrNr: 39301 - Analog/Digital IO: 24V power supply fail  
 ErrNr: 39302 - Digital IO 1-4: Diagnose bit active (current, 24V supply)  
 ErrNr: 39303 - Digital IO 5-8: Diagnose bit active (current, 24V supply)  
 ErrNr: 39305 - Digital IO 10: Diagnose bit active (current, temperature)  
 ErrNr: 39306 - Digital IO 9: Diagnose bit active (current, temperature)  
 ErrNr: 39307 - Digital IO: Outputs deactivated by output mask after network error  
 ErrNr: 39308 - Analog/Digital IO: Diagnose bit active  
 ErrNr: 39309 - Digital IO: Diagnose bit active  
 ErrNr: 39310 - Analog IO: Diagnose bit active  
 ErrNr: 39311 - Analog IO: Analog input disturbed  
 ErrNr: 39312 - Analog IO: Analog value too small  
 ErrNr: 39313 - Analog IO: Analog value too large  
 ErrNr: 39314 - Analog IO: Wire break or analog value below the measuring range  
 ErrNr: 39315 - Analog IO: Wire break or analog value above the measuring range

ErrNr: 39500 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Incorrect alignment data (01h)  
 ErrNr: 39501 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Sensor not adjusted or in adjustment mode (20h)

ErrNr: 39502 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Distance measure/sensor too high (21h)  
 ErrNr: 39504 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Linear position fault (23h)  
 ErrNr: 39510 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: The encoder has not detected any faults (00h)

ErrNr: 39511 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Analog signals outside specification (01h)

ErrNr: 39512 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Incorrect internal angular offset (02h)  
 ErrNr: 39513 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Data field partitioning table destroyed (03h)

ErrNr: 39514 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Analog limit values not available (04h)  
 ErrNr: 39515 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Internal I<sup>2</sup>C bus not operational (05h)

ErrNr: 39516 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Internal checksum error (06h)  
 ErrNr: 39517 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Program watchdog fault (07h)  
 ErrNr: 39518 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Counter overflow (08h)  
 ErrNr: 39519 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Parity error (09h)  
 ErrNr: 39520 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Checksum error (0Ah)  
 ErrNr: 39521 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Unknown command (0Bh)  
 ErrNr: 39522 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Wrong command length (0Ch)  
 ErrNr: 39523 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Wrong command argument (0Dh)  
 ErrNr: 39524 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Read-only data field (0Eh)  
 ErrNr: 39525 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Incorrect access code (0Fh)  
 ErrNr: 39526 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Out of memory fault (10h)  
 ErrNr: 39527 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Wrong data field offset (11h)  
 ErrNr: 39528 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Wrong data field number (12h)  
 ErrNr: 39538 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Value monitoring analog signals (1Ch)  
 ErrNr: 39539 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Transmitter current critical (1Dh)  
 ErrNr: 39540 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Encoder temperature critical (1Eh)  
 ErrNr: 39541 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Speed too high (1Fh)  
 ErrNr: 39542 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Singleturn position unreliable (20h)  
 ErrNr: 39543 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Multiturn amplitude fault (21h)  
 ErrNr: 39544 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Multiturn sync fault (22h)  
 ErrNr: 39545 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Multiturn vectorlength fault (23h)  
 ErrNr: 39546 - Encoder: HIPERFACE: Status: Multiturn counter fault (24h)

ErrNr: 41001 - Heatsink temperature sensor: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41002 - Heatsink temperature sensor: Not connected or damaged  
 ErrNr: 41011 - Temperature sensor (Motor|Choke|External): Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41031 - Junction temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41041 - Bleeder temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41051 - ACOPOS peak current: Warning limit exceeded

ErrNr: 41061 - ACOPOS continuous current: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41070 - Motor temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41075 - ACOPOS continuous power: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41078 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 1: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41080 - Pre-charging resistor temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41081 - Power stage temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41083 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 2: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41085 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 3: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41087 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 4: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41089 - Encoder temperature sensor: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41090 - 24V Supply/Main relay temperature sensor: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41091 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 5: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41092 - Rectifier temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41093 - DC bus relay temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41094 - DC bus capacitor temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41095 - DC bus: Continuous total power: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41096 - DC bus: Peak total power: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41097 - DC connector temperature model: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 41098 - Power stage: Temperature sensor: Warning limit exceeded  
 ErrNr: 64002 - Delay before SW Reset (network with ascending node numbers ?)  
 ErrNr: 64003 - Delay before NC System Start (network with ascending node numbers ?)

ErrNr: 64004 - The following boot error could be entered here with a delay  
 ErrNr: 64005 - Timeout for parameter enable after start of operating system  
 ErrNr: 64006 - Drive did not become synchronous with network master  
 ErrNr: 64007 - Timeout for enable of acyclic network communication  
 ErrNr: 64008 - Timeout for enable of cyclic network communication  
 ErrNr: 64009 - Acp10cfg contains a POWERLINK interface, for which no axis is defined

ErrNr: 64010 - NC software test version (validity period in Logger)  
 ErrNr: 64011 - Timeout for completion of encoder initialization  
 ErrNr: 64012 - NCSYS does not contain an operating system for this ACOPOS hardware type

ErrNr: 64013 - The basis initialization was aborted due to an error  
 ErrNr: 64014 - No integral cycle time ratio between NetCyc and POWERLINK  
 ErrNr: 64015 - No integral cycle time ratio between NetCyc and POWERLINK "multiplexed"

ErrNr: 64016 - Name of SDC axis configuration PV is too long (PV is not used)  
 ErrNr: 65535 - Response error

#### ParameterText

ParID: 1 - INTERNAL1  
 ParID: 2 - INTERNAL2  
 ParID: 3 - INTERNAL3

ParID: 4 - SafeMC: Status  
ParID: 5 - SafeMC: Control  
ParID: 6 - SafeMC: Actual speed  
ParID: 7 - SafeMC: Speed limit  
ParID: 8 - Motor holding brake: Status  
ParID: 9 - INTERNAL9  
ParID: 10 - Bleeder: External: Resistance  
ParID: 11 - Bleeder: External: Limit temperature  
ParID: 12 - Bleeder: External: Thermal resistance  
ParID: 13 - Bleeder: External: Thermal capacity  
ParID: 14 - Motor holding brake: Test torque  
ParID: 15 - Motor holding brake: Position error limit  
ParID: 16 - Inverter: Rated power  
ParID: 17 - Inverter: Rated current  
ParID: 18 - Inverter: Peak current  
ParID: 19 - Power mains: Parameter ID of the phase failure signal  
ParID: 20 - Power mains: Status phase failure  
ParID: 21 - Encoder1: DCM Distance difference  
ParID: 22 - Encoder2: DCM Distance difference  
ParID: 23 - Encoder3: DCM Distance difference  
ParID: 24 - CTRL Feed forward: Speed torque factor  
ParID: 25 - Power limiter: Mode  
ParID: 30 - Motor: Type  
ParID: 31 - Motor: Software compatibility  
ParID: 32 - Motor: Test date  
ParID: 33 - Encoder1: Serial data block  
ParID: 34 - Encoder1: Serial status  
ParID: 35 - Encoder2: Serial data block  
ParID: 36 - Encoder2: Serial status  
ParID: 37 - Encoder3: Serial data block  
ParID: 38 - Encoder3: Serial status  
ParID: 39 - INTERNAL39  
ParID: 40 - Motor: Order text  
ParID: 41 - Motor: Serial number  
ParID: 42 - Motor holding brake: Rated current  
ParID: 43 - Motor holding brake: Rated torque  
ParID: 44 - Motor holding brake: Engaging delay  
ParID: 45 - Motor holding brake: Release delay  
ParID: 46 - Motor: Winding connection  
ParID: 47 - Motor: Number of pole-pairs  
ParID: 48 - Motor: Rated voltage  
ParID: 49 - Motor: Voltage constant  
ParID: 50 - Motor: Rated speed

ParID: 51 - Motor: Maximum speed  
ParID: 52 - Motor: Stall torque  
ParID: 53 - Motor: Rated torque  
ParID: 54 - Motor: Peak torque  
ParID: 55 - Motor: Torque constant  
ParID: 56 - Motor: Stall current  
ParID: 57 - Motor: Rated current  
ParID: 58 - Motor: Peak current  
ParID: 59 - Motor: Phase cross section  
ParID: 60 - Motor: Stator resistance  
ParID: 61 - Motor: Stator inductance  
ParID: 62 - Motor: Moment of inertia  
ParID: 63 - Motor: Commutation offset  
ParID: 64 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 1  
ParID: 65 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 2  
ParID: 66 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 3  
ParID: 67 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 4  
ParID: 68 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 5  
ParID: 69 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 6  
ParID: 70 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 7  
ParID: 71 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 8  
ParID: 72 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 9  
ParID: 73 - Temperature sensor: Parameter 10  
ParID: 74 - Motor: Limit temperature  
ParID: 75 - Motor: Thermal time constant (for MOTOR\_COMPATIBILITY 0x0202)  
ParID: 76 - Motor: Rotor resistance  
ParID: 77 - Motor: Rotor inductance  
ParID: 78 - Motor: Mutual inductance  
ParID: 79 - Motor: Magnetizing current  
ParID: 80 - Power mains: Ignore phase failure  
ParID: 81 - Motor: Command  
ParID: 82 - Encoder1: Status  
ParID: 83 - INTERNAL83  
ParID: 84 - Motor: Encoder data transfer: Status  
ParID: 85 - Encoder2: Type  
ParID: 86 - Motor holding brake: Command  
ParID: 87 - CTRL Feed forward: Torque in positive direction  
ParID: 88 - Encoder2: Status  
ParID: 89 - CTRL Feed forward: Torque in negative direction  
ParID: 90 - Motor holding brake: Mode  
ParID: 91 - Encoder1: Actual position  
ParID: 92 - CTRL Position controller: Actual speed  
ParID: 93 - CTRL Controller: Command



ParID: 96 - Encoder1: Load scaling: Count direction  
ParID: 97 - Encoder1: Type  
ParID: 98 - Limit values: Lag error for stop of a movement  
ParID: 99 - Limit values: Lag error for display of a warning  
ParID: 100 - CTRL Position controller: Proportional amplification  
ParID: 101 - CTRL Position controller: Integral action time  
ParID: 102 - CTRL Position controller: Prediction time  
ParID: 103 - CTRL Position controller: Total delay time  
ParID: 104 - CTRL Position controller: Maximum proportional action  
ParID: 105 - CTRL Position controller: Maximum integral action  
ParID: 106 - Encoder1: Load scaling: Units per load revolution  
ParID: 107 - Encoder1: Load scaling: Encoder revolutions per load revolution  
ParID: 108 - Encoder1: Encoder scaling: motor revolutions  
ParID: 109 - Encoder1: Encoder scaling: increments per encoder revolution  
ParID: 110 - Simulation mode: Command  
ParID: 111 - CTRL Position controller: Actual position  
ParID: 112 - CTRL Position controller: Lag error  
ParID: 113 - CTRL Position controller: Set position  
ParID: 114 - CTRL Position controller: Set speed  
ParID: 115 - Basis movements: Start movement with absolute target position  
ParID: 116 - Basis movements: Override  
ParID: 117 - Basis movements: Speed override  
ParID: 118 - Basis movements: Acceleration override  
ParID: 119 - Limit values: Maximum speed in positive direction  
ParID: 120 - Limit values: Maximum speed in negative direction  
ParID: 121 - Limit values: Maximum acceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 122 - Limit values: Maximum deceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 123 - Limit values: Maximum acceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 124 - Limit values: Maximum deceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 125 - Limit values: Jolt time  
ParID: 126 - Limit values: Positive SW end position  
ParID: 127 - Limit values: Negative SW end position  
ParID: 128 - Limit values: Ignore SW end positions  
ParID: 129 - Trace: Status  
ParID: 130 - CTRL Position controller: Actual position fractional part  
ParID: 131 - Trace: Parameter ID for trigger event  
ParID: 132 - Trace: Trigger event  
ParID: 133 - Trace: Trigger threshold  
ParID: 134 - Trace: Trigger window  
ParID: 135 - Trace: Parameter ID for test date  
ParID: 136 - Trace: Data type for test date  
ParID: 137 - Trace: Command  
ParID: 138 - INTERNAL138

ParID: 139 - Diagnosis: Peak value CPU computing time per cycle  
ParID: 140 - Trace: Index for test date  
ParID: 141 - Trace: Recording time  
ParID: 142 - Trace: Sampling time  
ParID: 143 - Trace: Delay time relative to trigger event  
ParID: 144 - Trace: Maximum length of data  
ParID: 145 - CTRL Controller: Mode of controller cascade cycle times  
ParID: 146 - CTRL Position controller: Parameter ID for cyclic set position  
ParID: 147 - CTRL Position controller: Start movement with cyclic position set values  
ParID: 148 - INTERNAL148  
ParID: 149 - INTERNAL149  
ParID: 150 - Limit values: Waiting time before message 'target position reached'  
ParID: 151 - Homing: Reference pulse distance  
ParID: 152 - Homing: Reference position  
ParID: 153 - Homing: Speed for searching the reference switch  
ParID: 154 - Homing: Trigger speed  
ParID: 155 - Homing: Acceleration for homing procedure  
ParID: 156 - Homing: Mode  
ParID: 157 - Homing: Mode control bits  
ParID: 158 - Homing: Distance for blocking the reference pulse  
ParID: 159 - Basis movements: Target position  
ParID: 160 - Basis movements: Relative move distance  
ParID: 161 - Basis movements: Speed in positive direction  
ParID: 162 - Basis movements: Speed in negative direction  
ParID: 163 - Basis movements: Acceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 164 - Basis movements: Deceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 165 - Basis movements: Acceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 166 - Basis movements: Deceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 167 - Homing: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 168 - Basis movements: Start movement with relative move distance  
ParID: 169 - Basis movements: Start movement in positive direction  
ParID: 170 - Basis movements: Start movement in negative direction  
ParID: 171 - Movement stop: Index of parameter record for the stop command  
ParID: 172 - Homing: Offset  
ParID: 173 - Movement stop: Index of parameter record for stop configuration  
ParID: 174 - Movement stop: Deceleration ramp  
ParID: 175 - Movement stop: Controller state after movement stop  
ParID: 176 - Movement stop: Command stop movement  
ParID: 177 - INTERNAL177  
ParID: 178 - Status: General bits  
ParID: 179 - Status: Cyclic bits  
ParID: 180 - Messages: Error number  
ParID: 181 - Messages: Additional error info



ParID: 183 - Messages: Error record from drive  
ParID: 184 - Digital inputs: Force enable bits  
ParID: 185 - Digital inputs: Force function  
ParID: 186 - Digital inputs: Active level bits  
ParID: 187 - INTERNAL187  
ParID: 188 - INTERNAL188  
ParID: 189 - Time for network live sign control  
ParID: 191 - Basis movements: Halt  
ParID: 194 - Cam automat: Reset parameter  
ParID: 195 - VAX Cam automat: Reset parameter  
ParID: 197 - Movement stop: Deceleration ramp after drive error  
ParID: 198 - Cyclic communication: Time for life sign monitoring of data to drive  
ParID: 200 - INTERNAL200  
ParID: 201 - INTERNAL201  
ParID: 202 - INTERNAL202  
ParID: 203 - Encoder1: Resolver polepairs per encoder revolution  
ParID: 204 - Encoder2: Resolver polepairs per encoder revolution  
ParID: 205 - INTERNAL205  
ParID: 206 - INTERNAL206  
ParID: 207 - Cyclic communication: Parameter ID of data to drive  
ParID: 209 - Inverter: Phase 1: Current  
ParID: 210 - Inverter: Phase 2: Current  
ParID: 211 - Motor holding brake: Control monitoring filter time  
ParID: 212 - Encoder1: Diagnosis 1  
ParID: 213 - CTRL Current controller: Set stator current quadrature component  
ParID: 214 - CTRL Current controller: Actual stator current quadrature component  
ParID: 215 - INTERNAL215  
ParID: 216 - CTRL Current controller: Stator voltage quadrature component  
ParID: 217 - INTERNAL217  
ParID: 218 - CTRL Current controller: Set stator current direct component  
ParID: 219 - CTRL Current controller: Actual stator current direct component  
ParID: 220 - INTERNAL220  
ParID: 221 - CTRL Current controller: Stator voltage direct component  
ParID: 222 - Flux controller: Manipulated variable  
ParID: 223 - CTRL Current controller: Proportional amplification factor  
ParID: 225 - CTRL Current controller: Integral action time  
ParID: 226 - CTRL Speed controller: Notchfilter frequency  
ParID: 227 - CTRL Speed controller: Notchfilter bandwidth  
ParID: 228 - CTRL Two encoder control: Position difference  
ParID: 229 - CTRL Two encoder control: Position difference limit for stop of a movement  
  
ParID: 230 - CTRL Position controller: Actual encoder position parameter ID  
ParID: 231 - CTRL Position controller: Parameter ID enable input

ParID: 232 - Cyclic communication: Parameter index of data to drive  
ParID: 234 - Cyclic communication: Index of parameter record for data from drive  
ParID: 235 - Cyclic communication: Parameter index of data from drive  
ParID: 236 - Cyclic communication: Parameter ID of data from drive  
ParID: 237 - Encoder1: SSI Number of leading zeros  
ParID: 238 - Encoder1: SSI Number of data bits  
ParID: 239 - Encoder1: SSI, Data code  
ParID: 240 - Encoder1: SSI Parity check  
ParID: 241 - Encoder2: SSI Number of leading zeros  
ParID: 242 - Encoder2: SSI Number of data bits  
ParID: 243 - Encoder2: SSI Data code  
ParID: 244 - Encoder2: SSI Parity check  
ParID: 245 - Encoder1: Actual position per revolution  
ParID: 246 - Encoder2: Actual position per revolution  
ParID: 247 - CTRL Current controller: Additive torque  
ParID: 248 - CTRL Torque limiter: Maximum acceleration torque in positive direction  
ParID: 249 - CTRL Torque limiter: Maximum acceleration torque in negative direction  
ParID: 250 - CTRL Speed controller: Set speed  
ParID: 251 - CTRL Speed controller: Actual speed  
ParID: 252 - INTERNAL252  
ParID: 253 - CTRL Speed controller: Proportional amplification  
ParID: 254 - INTERNAL254  
ParID: 255 - CTRL Speed controller: Integral action time  
ParID: 256 - CTRL Speed controller: Manipulated variable  
ParID: 257 - CTRL Flux: Set magnetizing current  
ParID: 258 - CTRL Flux: Actual magnetizing current  
ParID: 259 - CTRL Flux: Proportional amplification factor  
ParID: 260 - CTRL Flux: Integral action time  
ParID: 261 - CTRL DC bus: Parameter ID additive active current  
ParID: 262 - Power mains: Mode  
ParID: 263 - INTERNAL263  
ParID: 264 - INTERNAL264  
ParID: 265 - INTERNAL265  
ParID: 266 - INTERNAL266  
ParID: 267 - INTERNAL267  
ParID: 268 - INTERNAL268  
ParID: 269 - INTERNAL269  
ParID: 270 - INTERNAL270  
ParID: 271 - INTERNAL271  
ParID: 272 - INTERNAL272  
ParID: 273 - INTERNAL273  
ParID: 274 - INTERNAL274  
ParID: 275 - Motor: Phasing: Current

ParID: 276 - Motor: Phasing: Mode  
ParID: 277 - Motor: Torque  
ParID: 278 - Motor: Power  
ParID: 279 - INTERNAL279  
ParID: 280 - Encoder1: Gear ratio motor revolutions  
ParID: 281 - CTRL Feed forward: Set stator current  
ParID: 282 - CTRL Feed forward: Parameter ID load torque  
ParID: 283 - CTRL Speed controller: Filter time constant  
ParID: 284 - Encoder3: Resolver polepairs per encoder revolution  
ParID: 285 - CTRL Feed forward: Parameter ID mass moment of inertia  
ParID: 286 - Encoder1: Emulation: Output parameter ID  
ParID: 287 - Motor holding brake: Electrical state  
ParID: 288 - CTRL Speed controller: Parameter ID additive set value  
ParID: 289 - Encoder2: Encoder scaling: Increments per encoder revolution  
ParID: 292 - Function block: Constant zero  
ParID: 298 - CTRL DC bus: Voltage  
ParID: 299 - CTRL DC bus: Filter time constant  
ParID: 300 - CTRL DC bus: Voltage detection: Lower limit  
ParID: 301 - CTRL Feed forward: Mass moment of inertia  
ParID: 302 - CTRL DC bus: Filtered voltage  
ParID: 303 - Encoder1: ADC1 value  
ParID: 304 - INTERNAL304  
ParID: 305 - INTERNAL305  
ParID: 306 - Function block: Constant minimum value 2byte signed  
ParID: 307 - INTERNAL307  
ParID: 308 - INTERNAL308  
ParID: 309 - SafeMC: Actual position  
ParID: 310 - Function block: Constant one  
ParID: 311 - ENABLE: Configuration  
ParID: 312 - CTRL Flux: Magnetizing current limiter: Upper limit  
ParID: 313 - CTRL Speed controller: Monitoring: Speed limit  
ParID: 314 - CTRL Chopper: Minimum pwm duty cycle  
ParID: 315 - Inverter: Junction temperature model: Power loss  
ParID: 317 - INTERNAL317  
ParID: 318 - INTERNAL318  
ParID: 319 - INTERNAL319  
ParID: 320 - INTERNAL320  
ParID: 321 - INTERNAL321  
ParID: 322 - INTERNAL322  
ParID: 323 - Motor holding brake: Maximal position error  
ParID: 324 - INTERNAL324  
ParID: 325 - CTRL Current controller: Additive set value parameter ID  
ParID: 326 - INTERNAL326

ParID: 327 - INTERNAL327  
ParID: 328 - CTRL Controller: Mode  
ParID: 330 - INTERNAL330  
ParID: 331 - INTERNAL331  
ParID: 332 - INTERNAL332  
ParID: 333 - INTERNAL333  
ParID: 334 - Motor: Phasing: Command  
ParID: 335 - INTERNAL335  
ParID: 336 - Encoder1: Error state  
ParID: 337 - Encoder2: Error state  
ParID: 338 - Encoder3: Error state  
ParID: 340 - Messages: Command write error state into error FIFO  
ParID: 342 - Motor: Temperature model: Load  
ParID: 343 - CTRL Torque limiter: Override  
ParID: 344 - CTRL Torque limiter: LIM\_T1\_POS override  
ParID: 345 - CTRL DC bus: Limiter: Switch on threshold  
ParID: 346 - CTRL Torque limiter: LIM\_T1\_NEG override  
ParID: 347 - Inverter: Switch frequency  
ParID: 348 - CTRL Torque limiter: Maximum deceleration torque in positive direction  
ParID: 349 - CTRL Torque limiter: Maximum deceleration torque in negative direction  
ParID: 350 - Rotor flux angle  
ParID: 351 - Power mains: Error response  
ParID: 352 - Motor: Temperature model: Maximum load  
ParID: 353 - INTERNAL353  
ParID: 354 - INTERNAL354  
ParID: 355 - Drive synchronisation: Total time  
ParID: 359 - Drive synchronisation: Deviation from master time  
ParID: 364 - INTERNAL364  
ParID: 365 - INTERNAL365  
ParID: 366 - INTERNAL366  
ParID: 367 - Power mains: Status  
ParID: 368 - CTRL DC bus: Limiter: Mode  
ParID: 369 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse state  
ParID: 370 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse state  
ParID: 371 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse state  
ParID: 372 - Encoder1: Gear ratio encoder revolutions  
ParID: 373 - Motor: Temperature model: Mode  
ParID: 374 - CTRL Torque limiter: LIM\_T2\_POS override  
ParID: 375 - CTRL Torque limiter: LIM\_T2\_NEG override  
ParID: 376 - INTERNAL376  
ParID: 377 - Inverter: Continuous current: Load  
ParID: 378 - Inverter: Continuous current: Maximum load  
ParID: 379 - Inverter: Peak current: Load

ParID: 380 - Power stage: Heatsink temperature sensor: Temperature  
ParID: 381 - Temperature sensor: Temperature  
ParID: 382 - Inverter: Junction temperature model: Temperature  
ParID: 383 - Bleeder: Temperature model: Temperature  
ParID: 384 - Power stage: Heatsink temperature sensor: Maximum temperature  
ParID: 385 - Temperature sensor: Maximum temperature  
ParID: 386 - Inverter: Junction temperature model: Maximum temperature  
ParID: 387 - Bleeder: Temperature model: Maximum temperature  
ParID: 388 - Inverter: Peak current: Maximum load  
ParID: 389 - FB EPROM: Serial-ID  
ParID: 390 - CTRL DC bus: Nominal voltage  
ParID: 391 - Temperature prediction: Mode  
ParID: 392 - Temperature prediction: Trigger Parameter-ID  
ParID: 393 - Motor: Temperature model: Temperature  
ParID: 394 - Motor: Temperature model: Maximum temperature  
ParID: 395 - Power mains: Status main relay  
ParID: 396 - INTERNAL396  
ParID: 397 - INTERNAL397  
ParID: 398 - Bleeder: Selector  
ParID: 399 - INTERNAL399  
ParID: 400 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with absolute target position  
ParID: 401 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with relative move distance  
ParID: 402 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement in positive direction  
ParID: 403 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement in negative direction  
ParID: 404 - VAX Basis movements: Speed in positive direction  
ParID: 405 - VAX Basis movements: Speed in negative direction  
ParID: 406 - VAX Basis movements: Acceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 407 - VAX Basis movements: Deceleration in positive direction  
ParID: 408 - VAX Basis movements: Acceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 409 - VAX Basis movements: Deceleration in negative direction  
ParID: 410 - VAX Basis movements: Target position  
ParID: 411 - VAX Basis movements: Relative move distance  
ParID: 412 - VAX: Position  
ParID: 413 - VAX: Speed  
ParID: 414 - INTERNAL414  
ParID: 415 - VAX Limit values: Jolt time  
ParID: 416 - Basis movements: Mode 'stop after trigger'  
ParID: 417 - Basis movements: Remaining distance for mode 'stop after trigger'  
ParID: 418 - Basis movements: Trigger event for mode 'stop after trigger'  
ParID: 419 - Basis movements: Mode  
ParID: 420 - Encoder2: Load scaling: Units per load revolution  
ParID: 421 - Encoder2: Load scaling: Encoder revolutions  
ParID: 422 - Encoder2: Load scaling: Count direction

ParID: 423 - Encoder2: Actual position  
ParID: 427 - Encoder2: Status home position valid  
ParID: 428 - CTRL Position controller: Input set position  
ParID: 429 - Encoder2: Time constant for actual position filter  
ParID: 432 - Cam automat: Index and data of polynomial cam  
ParID: 451 - Trace: Address for test date  
ParID: 457 - Cyclic communication: Mode  
ParID: 458 - Trace: Address for trigger event  
ParID: 459 - Digital inputs: Ignore limit switch  
ParID: 460 - Digital inputs: Status reference switch  
ParID: 461 - Digital inputs: Status positive end switch  
ParID: 462 - Digital inputs: Status negative end switch  
ParID: 463 - Digital inputs: Status trigger1  
ParID: 464 - Digital inputs: Status trigger2  
ParID: 465 - Status: Controller  
ParID: 466 - Homing: Status home position valid  
ParID: 467 - Basis movements: Status 'target position reached'  
ParID: 468 - Status: Movement active  
ParID: 469 - Messages: Status error record available  
ParID: 470 - Messages: Status warning record available  
ParID: 471 - Status: Drive ready  
ParID: 484 - Network coupling: Parameter ID of send data master1  
ParID: 485 - Network coupling: Parameter ID of send data master2  
ParID: 494 - Network coupling: Parameter ID of send data master3  
ParID: 495 - Cam automat: Index for start state  
ParID: 496 - VAX Cam automat: Index for start state  
ParID: 499 - INTERNAL499  
ParID: 500 - Cam automat: Cam polynomial data  
ParID: 501 - Cam automat: Index of cam data for Upload/Download  
ParID: 502 - Cam automat: Command  
ParID: 503 - Cam automat: Master axis  
ParID: 504 - Cam automat: Start position of the master axis  
ParID: 505 - Cam automat: Start interval of the master axis  
ParID: 506 - Cam automat: Maximum speed of master axis  
ParID: 507 - Cam automat: Index of parameter record for one state  
ParID: 508 - Cam automat: Index of parameter record for one event  
ParID: 509 - Cam automat: Index of cam data for one state  
ParID: 510 - Cam automat: Compensation gears mode  
ParID: 511 - Cam automat: Compensation distance of master axis  
ParID: 512 - Cam automat: Compensation distance of slave axis  
ParID: 513 - Cam automat: Event type  
ParID: 514 - Cam automat: Event attribute  
ParID: 515 - Cam automat: Index next state

ParID: 516 - Cam automat: Set signal  
 ParID: 517 - Cam automat: Index of the actual state  
 ParID: 518 - Cam automat: Reset signal  
 ParID: 519 - Cam automat: Multiplication factor of master axis  
 ParID: 520 - Cam automat: Multiplication factor of slave axis  
 ParID: 521 - Cam automat: Initial count of state repetitions for event ncCOUNT  
 ParID: 522 - Cam automat: Count of state repetitions for event ncCOUNT  
 ParID: 523 - Cam automat: Minimum compensation distance of master axis  
 ParID: 524 - Movement stop: Command quickstop  
 ParID: 527 - Cam automat: Lock for consistent online parameter change  
 ParID: 528 - Cam automat: Action at state transition  
 ParID: 529 - Cam automat: Cam type of the actual state  
 ParID: 542 - Network coupling: Cyclic position master1  
 ParID: 543 - Network coupling: Cyclic position master2  
 ParID: 544 - Parameter sequence: Index and data  
 ParID: 548 - Network coupling: Cyclic position master3  
 ParID: 549 - Cam automat: Relative start distance of master axis within cam  
 ParID: 550 - VAX Cam automat: Relative start distance of master axis within cam  
 ParID: 551 - VAX Cam automat: Command  
 ParID: 552 - VAX Cam automat: Master axis  
 ParID: 553 - VAX Cam automat: Start position of the master axis  
 ParID: 554 - VAX Cam automat: Start interval of the master axis  
 ParID: 555 - VAX Cam automat: Maximum speed of master axis  
 ParID: 556 - VAX Cam automat: Index of parameter record for one state  
 ParID: 557 - VAX Cam automat: Index of parameter record for one event  
 ParID: 558 - VAX Cam automat: Index of cam data for one state  
 ParID: 559 - VAX Cam automat: Compensation gears mode  
 ParID: 560 - VAX Cam automat: Compensation distance of master axis  
 ParID: 561 - VAX Cam automat: Compensation distance of slave axis  
 ParID: 562 - VAX Cam automat: Event type  
 ParID: 563 - VAX Cam automat: Event attribute  
 ParID: 564 - VAX Cam automat: Index next state  
 ParID: 565 - VAX Cam automat: Set signal  
 ParID: 566 - VAX Cam automat: Index of the actual state  
 ParID: 567 - VAX Cam automat: Reset signal  
 ParID: 568 - VAX Cam automat: Multiplication factor of master axis  
 ParID: 569 - VAX Cam automat: Multiplication factor of slave axis  
 ParID: 570 - VAX Cam automat: Initial count of state repetitions for event ncCOUNT  
 ParID: 571 - VAX Cam automat: Count of state repetitions for event ncCOUNT  
 ParID: 572 - VAX Cam automat: Minimum compensation distance of master axis  
 ParID: 573 - VAX Cam automat: Lock for consistent online parameter change  
 ParID: 574 - VAX Cam automat: Action at state transition  
 ParID: 575 - VAX Cam automat: Cam type of the actual state



ParID: 576 - VAX Movement stop: Command stop movement  
ParID: 577 - VAX: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 578 - Encoder2: Filtered actual position  
ParID: 579 - Cam automat: Additive master axis  
ParID: 580 - VAX Cam automat: Additive master axis  
ParID: 581 - Cam automat: Additive slave axis  
ParID: 582 - VAX Cam automat: Additive slave axis  
ParID: 583 - Digital inputs: Quickstop enable bits  
ParID: 584 - Function block: User I4 variable1  
ParID: 585 - Function block: User I4 variable2  
ParID: 586 - Function block: User R4 variable1  
ParID: 587 - Function block: User R4 variable2  
ParID: 588 - Cam automat: Trigger1 delay time  
ParID: 589 - Cam automat: Trigger2 delay time  
ParID: 591 - Network coupling: Station number of sender  
ParID: 592 - Network coupling: Master Parameter ID of sender station  
ParID: 593 - Network coupling: Configure station to receive on MA1\_CYCLIC\_POS  
ParID: 594 - Network coupling: Configure station to receive on MA2\_CYCLIC\_POS  
ParID: 595 - Network coupling: Configure station to receive on MA3\_CYCLIC\_POS  
ParID: 600 - Deceleration for positive SW end position  
ParID: 601 - Deceleration for negative SW end position  
ParID: 602 - Network coupling: Interpolation mode for cyclic position master1  
ParID: 603 - Network coupling: Interpolation mode for cyclic position master2  
ParID: 604 - Network coupling: Interpolation mode for cyclic position master3  
ParID: 605 - Cam automat: Parameter ID for latch value of slave axis  
ParID: 606 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID for latch value of slave axis  
ParID: 607 - Cam automat: Minimum compensation distance of slave axis  
ParID: 608 - VAX Cam automat: Minimum compensation distance of slave axis  
ParID: 609 - Cam automat: Maximum compensation distance of slave axis  
ParID: 610 - VAX Cam automat: Maximum compensation distance of slave axis  
ParID: 611 - Cam automat: Parameter ID for event  
ParID: 612 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID for event  
ParID: 613 - Cam automat: Minimum speed of slave axis within compensation gears  
ParID: 614 - VAX Cam automat: Minimum speed of slave axis within compensation gears  
  
ParID: 619 - Cam automat: Cam offset of master axis  
ParID: 620 - Cam automat: Cam offset of slave axis  
ParID: 621 - VAX Cam automat: Cam offset of master axis  
ParID: 622 - VAX Cam automat: Cam offset of slave axis  
ParID: 623 - Cam automat: Start movement with absolute target position  
ParID: 624 - VAX Movement stop: Index of parameter record for stop configuration  
ParID: 625 - VAX Movement stop: Deceleration ramp  
ParID: 626 - Network coupling: Multiplication factor of cycle time



ParID: 627 - Cam automat: State transition count  
ParID: 628 - VAX Cam automat: State transition count  
ParID: 630 - VAX Messages: Error number  
ParID: 631 - VAX Messages: Additional error info  
ParID: 632 - VAX Messages: Error record  
ParID: 633 - Cam automat: Index of cam data of the actual state  
ParID: 634 - VAX Cam automat: Index of cam data of the actual state  
ParID: 635 - Limit values: Maximum acceleration for stop of a movement  
ParID: 636 - VAX: Initialize parameter sequence  
ParID: 637 - Cam automat: Parameter ID of master axis  
ParID: 638 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID of master axis  
ParID: 639 - Cam automat: Jolt time of slave axis within compensation gears  
ParID: 640 - VAX Cam automat: Jolt time of slave axis within compensation gears  
ParID: 641 - Basis movements: Start movement with cyclic speed set values  
ParID: 642 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with cyclic speed set values  
ParID: 643 - Basis movements: Parameter ID for cyclic set speed  
ParID: 644 - VAX Basis movements: Parameter ID for cyclic set speed  
ParID: 648 - INTERNAL648  
ParID: 649 - INTERNAL649  
ParID: 650 - INTERNAL650  
ParID: 651 - CTRL Torque limiter: Induction stop: Maximum torque  
ParID: 652 - Motor: Encoder: Attribute  
ParID: 653 - CTRL U/f: Type  
ParID: 654 - CTRL U/f: Automatic configuration  
ParID: 655 - CTRL U/f: Boost voltage  
ParID: 656 - CTRL U/f: Rated voltage  
ParID: 657 - CTRL U/f: Rated frequency  
ParID: 658 - Motor: Dataset index  
ParID: 659 - Encoder1: ADC2 value  
ParID: 660 - Simulation mode: Model  
ParID: 661 - Simulation mode: Mass moment of inertia1  
ParID: 662 - Simulation mode: Static friction1  
ParID: 663 - Simulation mode: Viscous friction1  
ParID: 664 - Simulation mode: Parameter for additive load  
ParID: 665 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse interval error  
ParID: 666 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse interval error  
ParID: 667 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse interval error  
ParID: 668 - Motor: Ambient temperature  
ParID: 669 - INTERNAL669  
ParID: 670 - Inverter: Continuous power: Load  
ParID: 671 - Inverter: Continuous power: Maximum load  
ParID: 672 - Motor encoder: Load scaling: Count direction  
ParID: 673 - Motor encoder: Load scaling: Units per load revolutions

ParID: 674 - Motor encoder: Load scaling: Encoder revolutions per load revolution  
 ParID: 675 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse check mode  
 ParID: 676 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse check mode  
 ParID: 677 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse check mode  
 ParID: 678 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse check window  
 ParID: 679 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse check window  
 ParID: 680 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse check window  
 ParID: 681 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse width  
 ParID: 682 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse width  
 ParID: 683 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse width  
 ParID: 684 - Encoder1: INC Reference pulse interval  
 ParID: 685 - Encoder2: INC Reference pulse interval  
 ParID: 686 - Encoder3: INC Reference pulse interval  
 ParID: 687 - CTRL Speed controller: Speed limit positive direction  
 ParID: 688 - CTRL Speed controller: Speed limit negative direction  
 ParID: 692 - CTRL Position controller: Manipulated variable of integrator  
 ParID: 693 - Encoder3: Actual position per revolution  
 ParID: 694 - Encoder3: Load scaling: Units per load revolution  
 ParID: 695 - Encoder3: Load scaling: Encoder revolutions  
 ParID: 696 - Encoder3: Load scaling: Count direction  
 ParID: 697 - Encoder3: Actual position  
 ParID: 698 - Encoder3: Status  
 ParID: 699 - Encoder3: SSI Number of leading zeros  
 ParID: 700 - Encoder3: SSI Number of data bits  
 ParID: 701 - Encoder3: SSI Data code  
 ParID: 702 - Encoder3: SSI Parity check  
 ParID: 703 - Encoder3: Encoder scaling: Increments per encoder revolution  
 ParID: 704 - Encoder3: Type  
 ParID: 708 - Encoder3: Time constant for actual position filter  
 ParID: 709 - Encoder3: Status home position valid  
 ParID: 710 - Encoder3: Filtered actual position  
 ParID: 711 - Encoder3: Emulation: Output parameter ID  
 ParID: 712 - Encoder2: Emulation: Output parameter ID  
 ParID: 713 - CTRL Current controller: Set value parameter ID of stator current quadrature component  
 ParID: 714 - Network coupling: Error status for cyclic position master1  
 ParID: 715 - Network coupling: Error status for cyclic position master2  
 ParID: 716 - Network coupling: Error status for cyclic position master3  
 ParID: 717 - CTRL Controller: Power off  
 ParID: 718 - Encoder1: Error Mode  
 ParID: 719 - Encoder1: Encoder command  
 ParID: 720 - INTERNAL720  
 ParID: 721 - INTERNAL721

ParID: 722 - CTRL Vector controller: Actual position parameter ID  
 ParID: 723 - Encoder2: Serial resolution per sinus period  
 ParID: 724 - Encoder3: Serial resolution per sinus period  
 ParID: 725 - CTRL Current controller: Set value parameter ID of stator current direct component

ParID: 726 - CTRL Speed controller: Parameter ID enable input  
 ParID: 727 - Encoder1: Ignore check  
 ParID: 728 - Encoder2: Ignore check  
 ParID: 729 - Encoder3: Ignore check  
 ParID: 730 - Encoder1: INC mode  
 ParID: 731 - Encoder2: INC mode  
 ParID: 732 - Encoder3: INC mode  
 ParID: 733 - Encoder1: INC square of the standardized signal amplitude  
 ParID: 734 - Encoder2: INC square of the standardized signal amplitude  
 ParID: 735 - Encoder3: INC square of the standardized signal amplitude  
 ParID: 736 - Encoder1: EnDat Amplitude amplification  
 ParID: 737 - Encoder2: EnDat Amplitude amplification  
 ParID: 738 - Encoder3: EnDat Amplitude amplification  
 ParID: 739 - Encoder1: DCM Basic distance  
 ParID: 740 - Encoder2: DCM Basic distance  
 ParID: 741 - Encoder3: DCM Basic distance  
 ParID: 742 - System administration: Plug-in module: ID from slot 1  
 ParID: 743 - System administration: Plug-in module: ID from slot 2  
 ParID: 744 - System administration: Plug-in module: ID from slot 3  
 ParID: 745 - System administration: Plug-in module: ID from slot 4  
 ParID: 746 - CTRL Feed forward: Load torque  
 ParID: 747 - CTRL Feed forward: Acceleration filter time constant  
 ParID: 748 - CTRL DC bus: Limiter: Upper current limit  
 ParID: 749 - CTRL DC bus: Limiter: Lower current limit  
 ParID: 750 - Parameter sequence: Data  
 ParID: 751 - Parameter sequence: Index for Upload/Download  
 ParID: 752 - Parameter sequence: Initialize parameter  
 ParID: 755 - Encoder1: Time constant for actual position filter  
 ParID: 756 - Encoder1: Filtered actual position  
 ParID: 757 - Drive synchronisation: Total time within the position controller cycle  
 ParID: 760 - Cam automat: Event status bits  
 ParID: 761 - VAX Cam automat: Event status bits  
 ParID: 764 - Cam automat: Maximum speed of slave axis within compensation gears  
 ParID: 765 - VAX Cam automat: Maximum speed of slave axis within compensation gears

ParID: 766 - Cam automat: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase1

ParID: 767 - VAX Cam automat: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase1

ParID: 768 - Cam automat: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase2

ParID: 769 - VAX Cam automat: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase2

ParID: 770 - Cam automat: Check cam polynomial data

ParID: 771 - Cam automat: Set position

ParID: 772 - Cam automat: Check parameter record for one state

ParID: 773 - VAX Cam automat: Check parameter record for one state

ParID: 774 - Encoder1: Extrapolation time for actual position filter

ParID: 775 - Encoder2: Extrapolation time for actual position filter

ParID: 776 - Encoder3: Extrapolation time for actual position filter

ParID: 777 - Function block: Create a FB instance

ParID: 778 - Basis movements: Start movement with cyclic position set values

ParID: 779 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with cyclic position set values

ParID: 780 - Basis movements: Parameter ID for cyclic set position

ParID: 781 - VAX Basis movements: Parameter ID for cyclic set position

ParID: 782 - VAX Basis movements: Override

ParID: 783 - VAX Basis movements: Speed override

ParID: 784 - VAX Basis movements: Acceleration override

ParID: 787 - Cyclic communication: Parameter index of monitor data from drive

ParID: 788 - Cyclic communication: Parameter ID of monitor data from drive

ParID: 789 - Digital inputs: Time of rising edge trigger1

ParID: 790 - Digital inputs: Time of falling edge trigger1

ParID: 791 - Digital inputs: Time of rising edge trigger2

ParID: 792 - Digital inputs: Time of falling edge trigger2

ParID: 793 - INTERNAL793

ParID: 794 - Digital inputs: Status enable

ParID: 795 - Cam automat: Parameter ID for multiplication factor of slave axis

ParID: 796 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID for multiplication factor of slave axis

ParID: 798 - Cam automat: Control bits for message mode

ParID: 799 - VAX Limit values: Ignore SW end positions

ParID: 800 - Limit values: Minimum time for 'controller active' after movement stop

ParID: 801 - Position observer 2: Parameter A0

ParID: 802 - Position observer 2: Parameter A1

ParID: 803 - Position observer 2: Parameter A2

ParID: 804 - INTERNAL804

ParID: 805 - Encoderless control: Transition level

ParID: 806 - Encoderless control: Transition zone

ParID: 807 - INTERNAL807

ParID: 808 - INTERNAL808

ParID: 809 - INTERNAL809

ParID: 810 - INTERNAL810  
 ParID: 811 - INTERNAL811  
 ParID: 812 - INTERNAL812  
 ParID: 813 - INTERNAL813  
 ParID: 814 - INTERNAL814  
 ParID: 815 - INTERNAL815  
 ParID: 816 - INTERNAL816  
 ParID: 817 - Inverter adjustment: Amplification factor  
 ParID: 818 - Inverter adjustment: Exponent  
 ParID: 819 - Encoder2: ADC1 value  
 ParID: 820 - Encoder2: ADC2 value  
 ParID: 821 - Encoder3: ADC1 value  
 ParID: 822 - Encoder3: ADC2 value  
 ParID: 823 - Encoder2: Diagnosis 1  
 ParID: 824 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 parameter ID for coefficient C0  
  
 ParID: 825 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 parameter ID for coefficient C0  
  
 ParID: 826 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 parameter ID for coefficient C0  
  
 ParID: 827 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 parameter ID for coefficient C1  
  
 ParID: 828 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 parameter ID for coefficient C1  
  
 ParID: 829 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 parameter ID for coefficient C1  
  
 ParID: 830 - Temperature prediction: Observation time  
 ParID: 831 - Temperature prediction: Observation period  
 ParID: 832 - Temperature prediction: Counter  
 ParID: 833 - Power stage: Heatsink temperature sensor: Predicted temperature  
 ParID: 834 - Inverter: Junction temperature model: Predicted temperature  
 ParID: 835 - Bleeder: Temperature model: Predicted temperature  
 ParID: 836 - Motor: Temperature model: Predicted load  
 ParID: 837 - Motor: Temperature model: Predicted temperature  
 ParID: 838 - Inverter: Continuous current: Predicted load  
 ParID: 839 - Inverter: Peak current: Predicted load  
 ParID: 840 - Inverter: Continuous power: Predicted load  
 ParID: 841 - Power stage: Heatsink temperature sensor: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 842 - Inverter: Junction temperature model: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 843 - Bleeder: Temperature model: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 844 - Inverter: Output: Power  
 ParID: 845 - CTRL Voltage controller: Parameter ID of set value stator voltage direct component

ParID: 846 - CTRL Voltage controller: Parameter ID of set value stator voltage quadrature component

ParID: 847 - CTRL Vector controller: Parameter-ID of commutation angle

ParID: 848 - CTRL Flux weakening: Integral action time

ParID: 849 - Motor: Thermal time constant

ParID: 850 - CTRL DC bus: Proportional amplification factor

ParID: 851 - CTRL DC bus: Set value voltage

ParID: 852 - CTRL DC bus: Set value current

ParID: 853 - CTRL DC bus: Parameter ID set value voltage

ParID: 854 - INTERNAL854

ParID: 855 - INTERNAL855

ParID: 856 - INTERNAL856

ParID: 857 - INTERNAL857

ParID: 858 - INTERNAL858

ParID: 859 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 3: Temperature

ParID: 860 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 4: Temperature

ParID: 861 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 1: Temperature

ParID: 862 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 2: Temperature

ParID: 863 - Inverter: Phase 3: Current

ParID: 864 - Inverter: Summation current

ParID: 865 - Motor: Nominal ambient temperature

ParID: 866 - Motor: Test mode

ParID: 867 - Power mains: Parameter ID external main relay status

ParID: 868 - Power stage: Status

ParID: 869 - CTRL Current: Mode

ParID: 870 - CTRL Flux: Mode

ParID: 871 - CTRL Flux: Magnetizing current limiter: Lower limit

ParID: 872 - Motor: Rotational direction of current

ParID: 873 - CTRL DC bus: Integral action time

ParID: 874 - Motor: Phasing: Time

ParID: 876 - Bleeder: Power loss

ParID: 877 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Mode

ParID: 878 - Parameter identification: Speed

ParID: 879 - INTERNAL879

ParID: 880 - CTRL vector: Current feed forward time

ParID: 881 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Current

ParID: 882 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Index

ParID: 883 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Frequency

ParID: 884 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Parameter A

ParID: 885 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Angle

ParID: 886 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Index of spectrum

ParID: 887 - Encoder1: Absolute measuring range

ParID: 888 - Encoder2: Absolute measuring range

ParID: 889 - Encoder3: Absolute measuring range  
 ParID: 890 - CTRL Speed controller: Sum of the set speeds  
 ParID: 891 - Encoder1: Maximal expected output frequency  
 ParID: 892 - Encoder1: Output stage  
 ParID: 893 - Encoder1: Diagnosis 2  
 ParID: 894 - Encoder1: Diagnosis 3  
 ParID: 895 - Encoder1: Temperature  
 ParID: 896 - Encoder1: CRC Polynomial  
 ParID: 897 - Encoder2: CRC Polynomial  
 ParID: 898 - Encoder1: Error count  
 ParID: 899 - Encoder3: CRC Polynomial  
 ParID: 900 - Cam automat: Status  
 ParID: 901 - VAX Cam automat: Status  
 ParID: 902 - Network coupling: Cyclic position master4  
 ParID: 903 - Network coupling: Cyclic position master5  
 ParID: 904 - Network coupling: Configure station to receive on MA4\_CYCLIC\_POS  
 ParID: 905 - Network coupling: Configure station to receive on MA5\_CYCLIC\_POS  
 ParID: 906 - Network coupling: Interpolation mode for cyclic position master4  
 ParID: 907 - Network coupling: Interpolation mode for cyclic position master5  
 ParID: 908 - Limit values: Minimum time induction stop  
 ParID: 909 - Cyclic communication: Count of data to drive  
 ParID: 910 - Move configuration: Index of parameter record  
 ParID: 911 - Move configuration: Maximum speed in positive direction  
 ParID: 912 - Move configuration: Maximum speed in negative direction  
 ParID: 913 - Move configuration: Maximum acceleration in positive direction  
 ParID: 914 - Move configuration: Maximum deceleration in positive direction  
 ParID: 915 - Move configuration: Maximum acceleration in negative direction  
 ParID: 916 - Move configuration: Maximum deceleration in negative direction  
 ParID: 917 - Cam automat: Index of parameter record of move configuration  
 ParID: 918 - VAX Cam automat: Trigger1 delay time  
 ParID: 919 - VAX Cam automat: Trigger2 delay time  
 ParID: 920 - Cam automat: Control bits for function mode  
 ParID: 921 - VAX Cam automat: Control bits for function mode  
 ParID: 922 - Network coupling: Receive data point: Bit offset within the data field of the frame  
  
 ParID: 923 - Network coupling: Receive data point: Data type  
 ParID: 924 - Cam automat: Position shift at the start  
 ParID: 925 - Basis movements: Index of parameter record of move configuration  
 ParID: 926 - Cam automat: Mode for event type ncS\_START  
 ParID: 927 - VAX Cam automat: Mode for event type ncS\_START  
 ParID: 928 - Basis movements: Position period  
 ParID: 929 - Basis movements: Offset of actual period  
 ParID: 930 - Basis movements: Movement direction in relation to the position period



ParID: 931 - Basis movements: Start movement with target position of a period  
 ParID: 932 - VAX Basis movements: Position period  
 ParID: 933 - VAX Basis movements: Offset of actual period  
 ParID: 934 - VAX Basis movements: Movement direction in relation to the position period

ParID: 935 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with target position of a period  
 ParID: 936 - Cam automat: Parameter ID1 for event  
 ParID: 937 - Cam automat: Parameter ID2 for event  
 ParID: 938 - Cam automat: Parameter ID3 for event  
 ParID: 939 - Cam automat: Parameter ID4 for event  
 ParID: 940 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID1 for event  
 ParID: 941 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID2 for event  
 ParID: 942 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID3 for event  
 ParID: 943 - VAX Cam automat: Parameter ID4 for event  
 ParID: 944 - Digital inputs: Parameter ID for reference switch  
 ParID: 945 - Digital inputs: Parameter ID for positive end switch  
 ParID: 946 - Digital inputs: Parameter ID for negative end switch  
 ParID: 947 - Network coupling: Send data master1: Bit offset within the data field of the frame

ParID: 948 - Network coupling: Error status for cyclic position master4  
 ParID: 949 - Network coupling: Error status for cyclic position master5  
 ParID: 950 - Induction stop: Short circuit current (synchronous motor)  
 ParID: 951 - Encoder2: Resolver transmission ratio  
 ParID: 952 - Encoder3: Resolver transmission ratio  
 ParID: 953 - Encoder3: Diagnosis 1  
 ParID: 954 - CTRL Flux weakening: Demagnetizing current  
 ParID: 955 - INTERNAL955  
 ParID: 956 - INTERNAL956  
 ParID: 957 - CTRL U/f: Slip compensation: Multiplication factor of compensated frequency

ParID: 958 - INTERNAL958  
 ParID: 959 - CTRL Flux weakening: Start speed flux weakening  
 ParID: 960 - INTERNAL960  
 ParID: 961 - INTERNAL961  
 ParID: 962 - INTERNAL962  
 ParID: 963 - INTERNAL963  
 ParID: 964 - INTERNAL964  
 ParID: 965 - INTERNAL965  
 ParID: 966 - INTERNAL966  
 ParID: 967 - INTERNAL967  
 ParID: 968 - INTERNAL968  
 ParID: 969 - INTERNAL969  
 ParID: 970 - INTERNAL970



ParID: 971 - INTERNAL971  
 ParID: 972 - INTERNAL972  
 ParID: 973 - INTERNAL973  
 ParID: 974 - Parameter identification: Motor: Line cross section  
 ParID: 975 - Parameter identification: Motor: Type  
 ParID: 976 - Parameter identification: Motor: Number of polepairs  
 ParID: 977 - Parameter identification: Motor: Rated voltage  
 ParID: 978 - Parameter identification: Motor: Voltage constant  
 ParID: 979 - Parameter identification: Motor: Rated speed  
 ParID: 980 - Parameter identification: Motor: Maximum speed  
 ParID: 981 - Parameter identification: Motor: Stall torque  
 ParID: 982 - Parameter identification: Motor: Rated torque  
 ParID: 983 - Parameter identification: Motor: Peak torque  
 ParID: 984 - Parameter identification: Motor: Torque constant  
 ParID: 985 - Parameter identification: Motor: Stall current  
 ParID: 986 - Parameter identification: Motor: Rated current  
 ParID: 987 - Parameter identification: Motor: Peak current  
 ParID: 988 - Parameter identification: Motor: Magnetizing current  
 ParID: 989 - Parameter identification: Motor: Active power factor  
 ParID: 990 - Parameter identification: Motor: Rated frequency  
 ParID: 991 - Parameter identification: Motor: Phase  
 ParID: 992 - Parameter identification: Inverter: Amplification factor  
 ParID: 993 - Parameter identification: Inverter: Exponent  
 ParID: 994 - INTERNAL994  
 ParID: 995 - Parameter identification: Mode  
 ParID: 996 - Parameter identification: State  
 ParID: 997 - Parameter identification: Command  
 ParID: 998 - Parameter identification: Quality  
 ParID: 999 - Encoder: Position data block  
 ParID: 1000 - INTERNAL1000  
 ParID: 1001 - System administration: Module: BsLoader  
 ParID: 1002 - System administration: Module: NC operating System  
 ParID: 1003 - INTERNAL1003  
 ParID: 1004 - System administration: Parameter Request: Bit offset within the data field of the frame  
 ParID: 1005 - System administration: Parameter Response: Bit offset within the data field of the frame  
 ParID: 1006 - Cyclic communication: Data to drive: Bit offset within the data field of the frame  
 ParID: 1007 - Cyclic communication: Data from drive: Bit offset within the data field of the frame  
 ParID: 1008 - Cyclic communication: Monitor data from drive: Bit offset within the data field of the frame

ParID: 1009 - Basis movements: Halt  
 ParID: 1010 - System administration: Module: Version  
 ParID: 1011 - System administration: Module: Date and time  
 ParID: 1013 - System administration: Module: Section for read access  
 ParID: 1015 - Basis movements: Event start: Mode  
 ParID: 1016 - Basis movements: Event start: Parameter ID for event  
 ParID: 1017 - Basis movements: event start: Parameter ID for target position  
 ParID: 1018 - Basis movements: event start: Parameter ID for target speed  
 ParID: 1019 - Basis movements: Event start: Command parameter ID  
 ParID: 1020 - Basis movements: Event start: Status  
 ParID: 1021 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Mode  
 ParID: 1022 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Parameter ID for event  
 ParID: 1023 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Parameter ID for target position  
 ParID: 1024 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Parameter ID for target speed  
 ParID: 1025 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Command parameter ID  
 ParID: 1026 - VAX Basis movements: Event start: Status  
 ParID: 1027 - VAX Basis movements: Halt  
 ParID: 1028 - Basis movements: Start movement with current speed  
 ParID: 1029 - VAX Basis movements: Start movement with current speed  
 ParID: 1030 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 type  
 ParID: 1031 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 type  
 ParID: 1032 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 type  
 ParID: 1033 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 coefficient A0  
 ParID: 1034 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 coefficient A0  
 ParID: 1035 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 coefficient A0  
 ParID: 1036 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 coefficient A1  
 ParID: 1037 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 coefficient A1  
 ParID: 1038 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 coefficient A1  
 ParID: 1039 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 coefficient B0  
 ParID: 1040 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 coefficient B0  
 ParID: 1041 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 coefficient B0  
 ParID: 1042 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 coefficient B1  
 ParID: 1043 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 coefficient B1  
 ParID: 1044 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 coefficient B1  
 ParID: 1045 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter1 coefficient B2  
 ParID: 1046 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter2 coefficient B2  
 ParID: 1047 - CTRL Speed controller: Set current filter3 coefficient B2  
 ParID: 1048 - Encoder1: Resolver transmission ratio  
 ParID: 1049 - CTRL Position controller: Input set position fractional part  
 ParID: 1050 - System administration: SW Reset  
 ParID: 1051 - System administration: Change Boot State  
 ParID: 1052 - System administration: Boot State  
 ParID: 1053 - System administration: Module: Burn

ParID: 1054 - System administration: Module: Burn status  
ParID: 1055 - System administration: Test command  
ParID: 1056 - System administration: Test status  
ParID: 1057 - System administration: Test parameter  
ParID: 1058 - Encoder2: Homing offset  
ParID: 1059 - Encoder3: Homing offset  
ParID: 1060 - Data block transfer: Read data block segment  
ParID: 1061 - Data block transfer: Read last data block segment  
ParID: 1062 - Data block transfer: Abort data block read access  
ParID: 1063 - Data block transfer: Offset for data block read access  
ParID: 1064 - Data block transfer: Remaining bytes for data block read access  
ParID: 1065 - Movement stop: Command stop movement  
ParID: 1066 - VAX Movement stop: Command stop movement  
ParID: 1067 - Cam automat: Position of slave axis  
ParID: 1068 - VAX Cam automat: Position of slave axis  
ParID: 1069 - INTERNAL1069  
ParID: 1070 - Data block transfer: Write data block segment  
ParID: 1071 - Data block transfer: Write last data block segment  
ParID: 1072 - Data block transfer: Abort data block write access  
ParID: 1073 - Encoder2: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 1074 - Encoder3: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 1075 - Cam automat: Relative distance of master axis within cam  
ParID: 1076 - VAX Cam automat: Relative distance of master axis within cam  
ParID: 1077 - Cam automat: Relative entry distance of master axis within cam  
ParID: 1078 - VAX Cam automat: Relative entry distance of master axis within cam  
ParID: 1079 - VAX Cam automat: Control bits for message mode  
ParID: 1080 - INTERNAL1080  
ParID: 1081 - INTERNAL1081  
ParID: 1082 - INTERNAL1082  
ParID: 1083 - INTERNAL1083  
ParID: 1084 - INTERNAL1084  
ParID: 1085 - INTERNAL1085  
ParID: 1086 - INTERNAL1086  
ParID: 1087 - INTERNAL1087  
ParID: 1088 - INTERNAL1088  
ParID: 1089 - INTERNAL1089  
ParID: 1090 - INTERNAL1090  
ParID: 1091 - INTERNAL1091  
ParID: 1092 - INTERNAL1092  
ParID: 1093 - INTERNAL1093  
ParID: 1094 - INTERNAL1094  
ParID: 1095 - INTERNAL1095  
ParID: 1096 - INTERNAL1096

ParID: 1097 - INTERNAL1097  
 ParID: 1098 - INTERNAL1098  
 ParID: 1099 - INTERNAL1099  
 ParID: 1100 - Trace: Data  
 ParID: 1101 - Autotuning: Maximum percentage for rated current  
 ParID: 1102 - Autotuning: Maximum percentage for speed limit value  
 ParID: 1103 - Autotuning: Maximum movement distance  
 ParID: 1104 - Autotuning: Maximum lag error  
 ParID: 1105 - INTERNAL1105  
 ParID: 1106 - Autotuning: Number of excitation periods  
 ParID: 1107 - INTERNAL1107  
 ParID: 1108 - INTERNAL1108  
 ParID: 1109 - Autotuning: Estimated drive inertia  
 ParID: 1110 - Autotuning: Order of excitation signal  
 ParID: 1111 - Autotuning: Option control bits  
 ParID: 1112 - Autotuning: Percentage for proportional amplification  
 ParID: 1113 - Autotuning: Factor for detection of a resonance  
 ParID: 1114 - Autotuning: Lower frequency for estimation of drive inertia  
 ParID: 1115 - Autotuning: Upper frequency for estimation of drive inertia  
 ParID: 1116 - Autotuning: Delay time during transients  
 ParID: 1117 - INTERNAL1117  
 ParID: 1118 - INTERNAL1118  
 ParID: 1119 - Autotuning: Maximum proportional amplification  
 ParID: 1120 - Autotuning: Acceleration  
 ParID: 1121 - Parameter identification: Start frequency of the excitation signal  
 ParID: 1122 - Parameter identification: Stop frequency of the excitation signal  
 ParID: 1123 - Parameter identification: Duration of the excitation signal  
 ParID: 1124 - Parameter identification: Type of the excitation signal  
 ParID: 1125 - Parameter identification: Sub-mode  
 ParID: 1126 - Parameter identification: State bits  
 ParID: 1127 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Amplitude for quadrant I  
 ParID: 1128 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Angle for quadrant I  
 ParID: 1129 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Amplitude for quadrant III  
 ParID: 1130 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Angle for quadrant III  
 ParID: 1131 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Reference system  
 ParID: 1132 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Data: Parameter B  
 ParID: 1133 - INTERNAL1133  
 ParID: 1134 - ISQ-Ripple compensation: Position offset  
 ParID: 1135 - Encoder: Mode  
 ParID: 1136 - Encoder2: Mode  
 ParID: 1137 - Encoder3: Mode  
 ParID: 1138 - Parameter identification: Iteration counter  
 ParID: 1139 - PowerMeter: Mode

ParID: 1140 - PowerMeter: Observation period  
 ParID: 1141 - PowerMeter: Trigger parameter-ID  
 ParID: 1142 - PowerMeter: Actual cycle time  
 ParID: 1143 - PowerMeter: Cycle counter  
 ParID: 1144 - PowerMeter: Mean active power  
 ParID: 1145 - PowerMeter: Minimum active power  
 ParID: 1146 - PowerMeter: Maximum active power  
 ParID: 1147 - PowerMeter: Mean reactive power  
 ParID: 1148 - PowerMeter: Consumed energy  
 ParID: 1149 - PowerMeter: Produced energy  
 ParID: 1150 - Limit values: Speed error for stop of a movement  
 ParID: 1151 - Power mains: Phase 1: Voltage  
 ParID: 1152 - Power mains: Phase 2: Voltage  
 ParID: 1153 - Power mains: Phase 3: Voltage  
 ParID: 1154 - Power stage: Rectifier: Current  
 ParID: 1155 - CTRL Chopper: Current  
 ParID: 1156 - CTRL Flux: Parameter-ID Set magnetizing current  
 ParID: 1157 - Temperature sensor: Resistance  
 ParID: 1158 - Temperature sensor: Parameter-ID Resistance  
 ParID: 1159 - CTRL Speed controller: Speed error  
 ParID: 1160 - INTERNAL1160  
 ParID: 1161 - INTERNAL1161  
 ParID: 1162 - Inverter: Number of power stages  
 ParID: 1163 - Limit values: Speed error monitoring: Mode  
 ParID: 1164 - INTERNAL1164  
 ParID: 1165 - Power limiter: Limit value  
 ParID: 1166 - CTRL Current: Automatic configuration  
 ParID: 1167 - Encoder1: Diagnosis ID  
 ParID: 1168 - Encoder1: Diagnosis  
 ParID: 1169 - CTRL DC bus: Minimum-to-nominal voltage ratio  
 ParID: 1170 - Number of modul slots  
 ParID: 1171 - Order text  
 ParID: 1172 - Motor: Temperature model: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 1173 - Encoder1: Compensation: Mode  
 ParID: 1174 - Encoder1: Data: Index  
 ParID: 1175 - Encoder1: Data: Parameter A0  
 ParID: 1176 - Encoder1: Data: Parameter A1  
 ParID: 1177 - Encoder1: Data: Parameter A2  
 ParID: 1178 - INTERNAL1178  
 ParID: 1179 - Movement stop: Minimum time for cyclic bit 'stop after drive event'  
 ParID: 1180 - CTRL Position controller: Deceleration in positive direction at activating the enable input

ParID: 1181 - CTRL Position controller: Deceleration in negative direction at activating the enable input

ParID: 1182 - Homing: Lag error for stop of a movement

ParID: 1183 - Network coupling: Receive data point: Cycle time

ParID: 1184 - Homing: Mode for saving and restoring position data

ParID: 1185 - INTERNAL1185

ParID: 1186 - Basis movements: Profile generator set position

ParID: 1187 - Basis-Bewegungen: Profile generator change of set position per cycle

ParID: 1188 - Homing: Lag error for block detection

ParID: 1189 - Homing: Torque limit

ParID: 1190 - Encoder1: SSI Number of trailing bits

ParID: 1191 - Encoder2: SSI Number of trailing bits

ParID: 1192 - Encoder3: SSI Number of trailing bits

ParID: 1193 - Digital inputs: Quickstop deceleration ramp

ParID: 1194 - Drive synchronisation: Total time within the network cycle

ParID: 1196 - CTRL Position controller: Mode bits

ParID: 1197 - Axis crosslink: Axis number

ParID: 1198 - Axis crosslink: Parameter ID

ParID: 1199 - Movement stop: Jolt time

ParID: 1204 - Cam automat: Index for relative start position of the master axis within interval

ParID: 1205 - Cam automat: Relative start position of the master axis within interval

ParID: 1206 - VAX Cam automat: Index for relative start position of the master axis within interval

ParID: 1207 - VAX Cam automat: Relative start position of the master axis within interval

ParID: 1208 - Motor: Number of motor phases

ParID: 1209 - Motor: Encoder: Limit temperature

ParID: 1210 - Motor: Temperature model: Reference sensor: Parameter ID

ParID: 1211 - Motor: Temperature model: Thermal resistance 1

ParID: 1212 - Motor: Temperature model: Thermal capacity 1

ParID: 1213 - Motor: Temperature model: Thermal resistance 2

ParID: 1214 - Motor: Temperature model: Thermal capacity 2

ParID: 1215 - Temperature sensor: Type

ParID: 1216 - Temperature sensor: Limit temperature

ParID: 1217 - INTERNAL1217

ParID: 1218 - INTERNAL1218

ParID: 1219 - Encoder: Index of position data block

ParID: 1220 - CTRL DC bus: Overvoltage monitoring: Threshold for torque off

ParID: 1221 - CTRL DC bus: Overvoltage monitoring: Threshold for stop on

ParID: 1222 - Inverter: Temperature model: Temperature

ParID: 1223 - Power mains: Frequency tolerance

ParID: 1224 - Motor: Vendor ID

ParID: 1225 - Encoder1: Serial position phase shift  
ParID: 1226 - Encoder2: Serial position phase shift  
ParID: 1227 - Encoder3: Serial position phase shift  
ParID: 1228 - Encoder1: Serial resolution per sinus period  
ParID: 1229 - INTERNAL1229  
ParID: 1230 - Encoder1: Compensation: Parameter 1  
ParID: 1231 - Encoder1: Compensation: Parameter 2  
ParID: 1232 - Encoder1: Compensation: Parameter 3  
ParID: 1233 - Encoder1: Compensation: Parameter 4  
ParID: 1234 - Encoder1: Compensation: Maximal current for identification  
ParID: 1235 - CTRL Current: MTPC control: Torque proportional set current  
ParID: 1236 - CTRL Current: MTPC control: Input direct component  
ParID: 1237 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Command  
ParID: 1238 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Prediction time  
ParID: 1239 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Minimal speed  
ParID: 1240 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Cutoff frequency of filter  
ParID: 1241 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Order of filter  
ParID: 1242 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: State  
ParID: 1243 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Type of filter  
ParID: 1244 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Resolution  
ParID: 1245 - CTRL Speed controller: Repetitive Control: Output value  
ParID: 1246 - CTRL Speed: Repetitive Control: Parameter 1  
ParID: 1247 - CTRL Speed: Repetitive Control: Parameter 2  
ParID: 1248 - CTRL Speed: Repetitive Control: Mode  
ParID: 1249 - INTERNAL1249  
ParID: 1250 - CTRL Flux weakening: Voltage limit reserve  
ParID: 1251 - INTERNAL1251  
ParID: 1252 - INTERNAL1252  
ParID: 1253 - INTERNAL1253  
ParID: 1254 - INTERNAL1254  
ParID: 1255 - INTERNAL1255  
ParID: 1256 - INTERNAL1256  
ParID: 1257 - INTERNAL1257  
ParID: 1258 - INTERNAL1258  
ParID: 1259 - INTERNAL1259  
ParID: 1260 - Motor holding brake: Type  
ParID: 1261 - Motor holding brake: Resistance  
ParID: 1262 - Motor holding brake: Inductance  
ParID: 1263 - INTERNAL1263  
ParID: 1264 - INTERNAL1264  
ParID: 1266 - Motor holding brake test: Test duration  
ParID: 1267 - INTERNAL1267  
ParID: 1268 - INTERNAL1268



ParID: 1269 - Motor holding brake test: Torque slew rate  
ParID: 1270 - CTRL Torque limiter: Absolute value of positive current limit  
ParID: 1271 - CTRL Torque limiter: Absolute value of negative current limit  
ParID: 1272 - INTERNAL1272  
ParID: 1273 - INTERNAL1273  
ParID: 1274 - INTERNAL1274  
ParID: 1275 - INTERNAL1275  
ParID: 1277 - Motor: Magnetic saliency ratio  
ParID: 1278 - CTRL DC bus: Voltage offset  
ParID: 1279 - Inverter: Summation current: Limit  
ParID: 1280 - INTERNAL1280  
ParID: 1281 - INTERNAL1281  
ParID: 1282 - INTERNAL1282  
ParID: 1283 - Parameter identification: Tripping time at thermal overload  
ParID: 1284 - INTERNAL1284  
ParID: 1285 - INTERNAL1285  
ParID: 1286 - INTERNAL1286  
ParID: 1287 - INTERNAL1287  
ParID: 1288 - INTERNAL1288  
ParID: 1289 - INTERNAL1289  
ParID: 1290 - INTERNAL1290  
ParID: 1291 - INTERNAL1291  
ParID: 1292 - INTERNAL1292  
ParID: 1293 - CTRL Vector controller: Parameter ID of the additive commutation angle  
  
ParID: 1294 - CTRL Vector controller: Additive commutation angle  
ParID: 1295 - Voltage observer: Phase voltage U  
ParID: 1296 - Voltage observer: Phase voltage V  
ParID: 1297 - Voltage observer: Phase voltage W  
ParID: 1298 - Voltage observer: Inverter adjustment amplification factor  
ParID: 1299 - Voltage observer: Inverter adjustment exponent  
ParID: 1300 - Encoder1: Emulation: Offset  
ParID: 1301 - Encoder2: Emulation: Offset  
ParID: 1302 - Encoder3: Emulation: Offset  
ParID: 1303 - Encoder: ADC1: Offset  
ParID: 1304 - Encoder: ADC2: Offset  
ParID: 1305 - Encoder: ADC1: Gain  
ParID: 1306 - Parameter identification: Move distance  
ParID: 1307 - INTERNAL1307  
ParID: 1308 - Virtual Encoder: Range of encoder position low word  
ParID: 1309 - Virtual Encoder: Range of encoder position high word  
ParID: 1310 - Virtual Encoder: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 1311 - Virtual Encoder: Maximum cycle time



ParID: 1312 - Virtual Encoder: Parameter ID of input value position 1  
 ParID: 1313 - Virtual Encoder: Parameter ID of input value position 1  
 ParID: 1314 - Virtual Encoder: Parameter ID of input value time  
 ParID: 1315 - Virtual Encoder: Time constant for actual position filter  
 ParID: 1316 - Virtual Encoder: Extrapolation time for actual position filter  
 ParID: 1317 - Encoder1: Commutation offset  
 ParID: 1318 - Encoderless control: Parameter-ID Transition  
 ParID: 1320 - Virtual Encoder: Mode  
 ParID: 1321 - Virtual Encoder: Actual position per revolution  
 ParID: 1322 - Virtual Encoder: Actual position  
 ParID: 1323 - Virtual Encoder: Encoder scaling: Units per SCALE\_ENCOD0\_REV encoder revolutions  
 ParID: 1324 - Virtual Encoder: Encoder scaling: encoder revolutions  
 ParID: 1325 - Virtual Encoder: Encoder scaling: Count direction  
 ParID: 1326 - Virtual Encoder: Status home position valid  
 ParID: 1327 - Virtual Encoder: Parameter ID of input value  
 ParID: 1328 - Virtual Encoder: Parameter ID of status  
 ParID: 1329 - Virtual Encoder: Status  
 ParID: 1330 - Virtual Encoder: Encoder scaling: increments per motor revolution  
 ParID: 1331 - INTERNAL1331  
 ParID: 1332 - Virtual Encoder: Filter time constant for Pos2 in ELC mode  
 ParID: 1333 - Encoderless control: Stop monitoring: Triggering time  
 ParID: 1334 - Encoderless control: Transition  
 ParID: 1335 - Encoderless control: Transition time  
 ParID: 1336 - Position observer: Reference flux  
 ParID: 1337 - Encoderless control: Parameter-ID Set current direct component  
 ParID: 1338 - Encoderless control: Set current direct component  
 ParID: 1339 - Position observer: Actual flux  
 ParID: 1340 - CTRL Flux weakening: Offset voltage limitation  
 ParID: 1341 - INTERNAL1341  
 ParID: 1342 - Parameter identification: Actual frequency of the excitation signal  
 ParID: 1343 - Parameter identification: Trace variable 1  
 ParID: 1344 - Parameter identification: Trace variable 2  
 ParID: 1345 - Position observer 1: Mode  
 ParID: 1346 - Position observer 2: Mode  
 ParID: 1347 - Position observer 1: Estimated electrical flux angle  
 ParID: 1348 - Position observer 2: Estimated electrical flux angle  
 ParID: 1349 - INTERNAL1349  
 ParID: 1350 - INTERNAL1350  
 ParID: 1351 - Position observer 1: Parameter A0  
 ParID: 1352 - Position observer 1: Parameter A1  
 ParID: 1353 - Position observer 1: Parameter A2  
 ParID: 1354 - Observer: Mode bits

ParID: 1355 - INTERNAL1355  
ParID: 1356 - INTERNAL1356  
ParID: 1357 - Position observer 2: Parameter B0 Parameter-ID  
ParID: 1358 - Position observer 2: Parameter B1 Parameter-ID  
ParID: 1359 - INTERNAL1359  
ParID: 1360 - Encoder2: Diagnosis ID  
ParID: 1361 - Encoder2: Diagnosis  
ParID: 1362 - Encoder3: Diagnosis ID  
ParID: 1363 - Encoder3: Diagnosis  
ParID: 1364 - Encoder2: Encoder command  
ParID: 1365 - Encoder3: Encoder command  
ParID: 1366 - Encoder2: Temperature  
ParID: 1367 - Encoder3: Temperature  
ParID: 1368 - Encoder2: Error count  
ParID: 1369 - Encoder3: Error count  
ParID: 1370 - Encoder1: SSI content index  
ParID: 1371 - Encoder1: SSI content type  
ParID: 1372 - Encoder2: SSI content index  
ParID: 1373 - Encoder2: SSI content type  
ParID: 1374 - Encoder3: SSI content index  
ParID: 1375 - Encoder3: SSI content type  
ParID: 1376 - INTERNAL1376  
ParID: 1377 - INTERNAL1377  
ParID: 1378 - INTERNAL1378  
ParID: 1379 - Virtual Encoder: Filtered actual position  
ParID: 1380 - INTERNAL1380  
ParID: 1381 - INTERNAL1381  
ParID: 1382 - INTERNAL1382  
ParID: 1383 - INTERNAL1383  
ParID: 1384 - INTERNAL1384  
ParID: 1385 - INTERNAL1385  
ParID: 1386 - INTERNAL1386  
ParID: 1387 - INTERNAL1387  
ParID: 1388 - PWM: Configuration  
ParID: 1389 - CTRL DC bus: Set value rise time  
ParID: 1390 - Encoder1: Baud rate  
ParID: 1391 - Encoder2: Baud rate  
ParID: 1392 - Encoder3: Baud rate  
ParID: 1393 - CTRL Feed forward: Mode  
ParID: 1396 - INTERNAL1396  
ParID: 1397 - INTERNAL1397  
ParID: 1398 - INTERNAL1398  
ParID: 1399 - INTERNAL1399

ParID: 1400 - Encoder1: DCM Mode  
ParID: 1401 - Encoder1: Absolute resolution of an encoder revolution  
ParID: 1402 - Encoder2: Absolute resolution of an encoder revolution  
ParID: 1403 - Encoder3: Absolute resolution of an encoder revolution  
ParID: 1404 - Encoder1: Signal amplitude upper limit  
ParID: 1405 - Encoder1: Signal amplitude lower limit  
ParID: 1406 - Encoder2: Signal amplitude upper limit  
ParID: 1407 - Encoder2: Signal amplitude lower limit  
ParID: 1408 - Encoder3: Signal amplitude upper limit  
ParID: 1409 - Encoder3: Signal amplitude lower limit  
ParID: 1410 - INTERNAL1410  
ParID: 1411 - INTERNAL1411  
ParID: 1412 - INTERNAL1412  
ParID: 1413 - INTERNAL1413  
ParID: 1414 - Encoder1: Command start homing procedure  
ParID: 1415 - Encoder1: Status home position valid  
ParID: 1416 - Encoder1: Homing offset  
ParID: 1417 - Basis movements: Absolute target position  
ParID: 1418 - VAX Basis movements: Absolute target position  
ParID: 1419 - Axis crosslink: Encoder1: Actual position  
ParID: 1420 - INTERNAL1420  
ParID: 1421 - INTERNAL1421  
ParID: 1422 - INTERNAL1422  
ParID: 1423 - INTERNAL1423  
ParID: 1424 - INTERNAL1424  
ParID: 1425 - INTERNAL1425  
ParID: 1426 - INTERNAL1426  
ParID: 1427 - INTERNAL1427  
ParID: 1428 - INTERNAL1428  
ParID: 1429 - INTERNAL1429  
ParID: 1430 - INTERNAL1430  
ParID: 1431 - INTERNAL1431  
ParID: 1432 - INTERNAL1432  
ParID: 1433 - INTERNAL1433  
ParID: 1434 - INTERNAL1434  
ParID: 1435 - INTERNAL1435  
ParID: 1436 - INTERNAL1436  
ParID: 1437 - INTERNAL1437  
ParID: 1438 - System administration: ACOPOS identification data  
ParID: 1439 - INTERNAL1439  
ParID: 1440 - Optional IO: Control command  
ParID: 1441 - Optional IO: Input1  
ParID: 1442 - Optional IO: Input2

ParID: 1443 - Optional IO: Input3  
ParID: 1444 - Optional IO: Input4  
ParID: 1445 - Optional IO: Input5  
ParID: 1446 - Optional IO: Input6  
ParID: 1447 - Optional IO: Input7  
ParID: 1448 - Optional IO: Input8  
ParID: 1449 - Optional IO: Input9  
ParID: 1450 - Optional IO: Input10  
ParID: 1451 - Optional IO: Output1  
ParID: 1452 - Optional IO: Output2  
ParID: 1453 - Optional IO: Output3  
ParID: 1454 - Optional IO: Output4  
ParID: 1455 - Optional IO: Output5  
ParID: 1456 - Optional IO: Output6  
ParID: 1457 - Optional IO: Output7  
ParID: 1458 - Optional IO: Output8  
ParID: 1459 - Optional IO: Output9  
ParID: 1460 - Optional IO: Output10  
ParID: 1461 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output1  
ParID: 1462 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output2  
ParID: 1463 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output3  
ParID: 1464 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output4  
ParID: 1465 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output5  
ParID: 1466 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output6  
ParID: 1467 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output7  
ParID: 1468 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output8  
ParID: 1469 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output9  
ParID: 1470 - Optional IO: Parameter ID output10  
ParID: 1471 - INTERNAL1471  
ParID: 1472 - INTERNAL1472  
ParID: 1473 - INTERNAL1473  
ParID: 1474 - INTERNAL1474  
ParID: 1475 - INTERNAL1475  
ParID: 1476 - INTERNAL1476  
ParID: 1477 - INTERNAL1477  
ParID: 1478 - INTERNAL1478  
ParID: 1479 - INTERNAL1479  
ParID: 1480 - CTRL Torque limiter: Mode  
ParID: 1481 - CTRL Torque limiter: Status  
ParID: 1482 - CTRL Torque limiter: Output current  
ParID: 1483 - CTRL Torque limiter: Parameter ID additiv output current  
ParID: 1484 - CTRL Torque limiter: Parameter ID LIM\_T1\_POS  
ParID: 1485 - CTRL Torque limiter: Parameter ID LIM\_T1\_NEG

ParID: 1486 - CTRL Torque limiter: Parameter ID LIM\_T2\_POS  
ParID: 1487 - CTRL Torque limiter: Parameter ID LIM\_T2\_NEG  
ParID: 1488 - INTERNAL1488  
ParID: 1489 - Motor: Speed-dependent power loss: Linear coefficient  
ParID: 1490 - Motor: Speed-dependent power loss: Quadratic coefficient  
ParID: 1491 - CTRL DC bus: Pre-charge: Enable voltage  
ParID: 1492 - Simulation mode: Mass moment of inertia2  
ParID: 1493 - Simulation mode: Static friction2  
ParID: 1494 - Simulation mode: Viscous friction2  
ParID: 1495 - Simulation mode: Stiffness of coupling  
ParID: 1496 - Simulation mode: Damping of coupling  
ParID: 1497 - Simulation mode: Torsion of coupling  
ParID: 1498 - Simulation mode: Speed of mass 2  
ParID: 1499 - INTERNAL1499  
ParID: 1500 - INTERNAL1500  
ParID: 1501 - Messages: Command execute error reaction  
ParID: 1502 - VAX Messages: Command execute error reaction  
ParID: 1503 - Motor: Temperature model: Mode  
ParID: 1504 - Motor holding brake: Release voltage  
ParID: 1505 - Motor holding brake: Hold voltage  
ParID: 1506 - Motor holding brake: Overvoltage limit  
ParID: 1507 - Digital inputs: Parameter ID for trigger1  
ParID: 1508 - Digital inputs: Parameter ID for trigger2  
ParID: 1509 - Axis crosslink: Encoder2: Actual position  
ParID: 1510 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Mode  
ParID: 1511 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Compensation time  
ParID: 1512 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Inertia in backlash  
ParID: 1513 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Noise limit  
ParID: 1514 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Parameter ID for positive arrester  
ParID: 1515 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Parameter ID for negative arrester  
ParID: 1516 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Load position  
ParID: 1517 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Compensation output  
ParID: 1518 - CTRL DC bus: Controller: Lower enable threshold  
ParID: 1519 - CTRL DC bus: Controller: Upper enable threshold  
ParID: 1520 - INTERNAL1520  
ParID: 1521 - Encoder1: Maximum speed vor serial position  
ParID: 1522 - INTERNAL1522  
ParID: 1523 - INTERNAL1523  
ParID: 1528 - Encoder2: Diagnosis 2  
ParID: 1529 - Encoder2: Diagnosis 3  
ParID: 1530 - Encoder3: Diagnosis 2  
ParID: 1531 - Encoder3: Diagnosis 3  
ParID: 1532 - Encoder2: Maximum speed vor serial position

ParID: 1533 - Encoder3: Maximum speed vor serial position  
 ParID: 1534 - INTERNAL1534  
 ParID: 1535 - INTERNAL1535  
 ParID: 1536 - INTERNAL1536  
 ParID: 1537 - INTERNAL1537  
 ParID: 1538 - Power stage: Temperature sensor 5: Temperature  
 ParID: 1539 - Power stage: Rectifier: Temperature  
 ParID: 1540 - DC bus: Relay: Temperature  
 ParID: 1541 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Maximal speed of flange change  
 ParID: 1542 - Pitch error-backlash compensation: Status  
 ParID: 1543 - DC bus: DC connector: Temperature  
 ParID: 1544 - DC bus: Capacitor: Temperature  
 ParID: 1545 - Inverter: Continuous total power: Load  
 ParID: 1546 - Inverter: Peak total power: Load  
 ParID: 1547 - Motor: Data for hardware information  
 ParID: 1548 - INTERNAL1548  
 ParID: 1549 - Basis movements: Target position difference for mode 'stop after trigger'  
 ParID: 1550 - INTERNAL1550  
 ParID: 1551 - INTERNAL1551  
 ParID: 1552 - INTERNAL1552  
 ParID: 1553 - INTERNAL1553  
 ParID: 1554 - INTERNAL1554  
 ParID: 1555 - INTERNAL1555  
 ParID: 1556 - Encoder1: Supply voltage  
 ParID: 1557 - INTERNAL1557  
 ParID: 1558 - Inverter: Total power  
 ParID: 1559 - Inverter: Continuous total power: Limit power  
 ParID: 1560 - Inverter: Peak total power: Limit power  
 ParID: 1561 - DC bus: Capacitor: Low frequent Current  
 ParID: 1562 - DC bus: Capacitor: Pulse frequent Current  
 ParID: 1563 - DC bus: DC connector: Current  
 ParID: 1564 - Power stage: Rectifier: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 1565 - DC bus: Relay: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 1566 - DC bus: DC connector: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 1567 - DC bus: Capacitor: Limit temperature  
 ParID: 1568 - CTRL Current: Set voltage filter type  
 ParID: 1569 - CTRL Current: Set voltage filter coefficient A0  
 ParID: 1570 - CTRL Current: Set voltage filter coefficient A1  
 ParID: 1571 - Encoder1: Encoder scaling: Lines/signal periods per encoder revolution  
 ParID: 1572 - Encoder2: Encoder scaling: Lines/signal periods per encoder revolution  
 ParID: 1573 - Encoder3: Encoder scaling: Lines/signal periods per encoder revolution  
 ParID: 1574 - Address mapper: Configuration for address assignment  
 ParID: 1575 - Address mapper: Index of address

ParID: 1576 - Encoder2: Supply voltage  
ParID: 1577 - INTERNAL1577  
ParID: 1578 - INTERNAL1578  
ParID: 1579 - INTERNAL1579  
ParID: 1580 - INTERNAL1580  
ParID: 1582 - INTERNAL1582  
ParID: 1583 - INTERNAL1583  
ParID: 1584 - Encoder2: Line resistance encoder power supply  
ParID: 1585 - CTRL Model based: Proportional amplification for speed  
ParID: 1586 - CTRL U/f: Torque limiter: Integral action time  
ParID: 1587 - INTERNAL1587  
ParID: 1593 - Encoder1: Position difference per sample  
ParID: 1594 - Encoder2: Position difference per sample  
ParID: 1595 - CTRL Feed forward: Friction model: Coefficient C0  
ParID: 1596 - CTRL Feed forward: Friction model: Coefficient C1  
ParID: 1597 - CTRL Feed forward: Friction model: Coefficient C2  
ParID: 1598 - Digital inputs: Status onboard trigger1  
ParID: 1599 - Digital inputs: Status onboard trigger2  
ParID: 1600 - CTRL Model based: Mass moment of inertia1  
ParID: 1601 - CTRL Model based: Mass moment of inertia2  
ParID: 1602 - CTRL Model based: Stiffness of coupling  
ParID: 1603 - CTRL Model based: Damping of coupling  
ParID: 1604 - INTERNAL1604  
ParID: 1605 - INTERNAL1605  
ParID: 1606 - INTERNAL1606  
ParID: 1607 - INTERNAL1607  
ParID: 1608 - INTERNAL1608  
ParID: 1609 - INTERNAL1609  
ParID: 1610 - INTERNAL1610  
ParID: 1611 - INTERNAL1611  
ParID: 1612 - INTERNAL1612  
ParID: 1613 - INTERNAL1613  
ParID: 1614 - INTERNAL1614  
ParID: 1615 - INTERNAL1615  
ParID: 1616 - INTERNAL1616  
ParID: 1617 - Fan control: Mode  
ParID: 1618 - Digital inputs: Jolt time for quickstop deceleration ramp  
ParID: 1619 - Simulation mode: Gearbox input revolutions  
ParID: 1620 - Simulation mode: Gearbox output revolutions  
ParID: 1621 - Simulation mode: Gearbox direction  
ParID: 1622 - Simulation mode: Parameter ID for the encoder of load position  
ParID: 1623 - CTRL Chopper: Command  
ParID: 1624 - CTRL Chopper: Mode



ParID: 1625 - INTERNAL1625  
ParID: 1626 - CTRL Model based: Viscous friction1  
ParID: 1627 - CTRL Model based: Viscous friction2  
ParID: 1628 - CTRL Model based: Mixing ratio for speed  
ParID: 1629 - INTERNAL1629  
ParID: 1630 - CTRL Model based: Feedback mode  
ParID: 1631 - INTERNAL1631  
ParID: 1632 - INTERNAL1632  
ParID: 1633 - INTERNAL1633  
ParID: 1634 - INTERNAL1634  
ParID: 1635 - Encoder2: Output stage  
ParID: 1636 - Encoder2: Maximal expected output frequency  
ParID: 1637 - INTERNAL1637  
ParID: 1638 - INTERNAL1638  
ParID: 1639 - INTERNAL1639  
ParID: 1640 - INTERNAL1640  
ParID: 1641 - Motor: Maximum permissible DC bus voltage  
ParID: 1642 - INTERNAL1642  
ParID: 1645 - Encoder2: Compensation: Mode  
ParID: 1646 - Encoder2: Data: Index  
ParID: 1647 - Encoder2: Data: Parameter A0  
ParID: 1648 - Encoder2: Data: Parameter A1  
ParID: 1649 - Encoder2: Data: Parameter A2  
ParID: 3072 - FB LOGIC: Mode  
ParID: 3080 - FB LOGIC: Parameter ID of input1  
ParID: 3088 - FB LOGIC: Parameter ID of input2  
ParID: 3096 - FB LOGIC: Result value  
ParID: 3104 - FB LOGIC: Parameter ID of input3  
ParID: 3112 - FB LOGIC: Parameter ID of input4  
ParID: 3584 - FB ARITH: Mode  
ParID: 3592 - FB ARITH: Parameter ID of input1  
ParID: 3600 - FB ARITH: Parameter ID of input2  
ParID: 3608 - FB ARITH: Result value I4  
ParID: 3616 - FB ARITH: Result value I4 fractional part  
ParID: 3624 - FB ARITH: Result value R4  
ParID: 3632 - FB ARITH: Multiplication factor1  
ParID: 3640 - FB ARITH: Multiplication factor2  
ParID: 4096 - FB VAR: Variable0 I4  
ParID: 4104 - FB VAR: Variable1 I4  
ParID: 4112 - FB VAR: Variable2 I4  
ParID: 4120 - FB VAR: Variable3 I4  
ParID: 4128 - FB VAR: Variable0 R4  
ParID: 4136 - FB VAR: Variable1 R4



ParID: 4144 - FB VAR: Variable2 R4  
ParID: 4152 - FB VAR: Variable3 R4  
ParID: 4160 - FB VAR: Variable0 I2  
ParID: 4168 - FB VAR: Variable1 I2  
ParID: 4176 - FB VAR: Variable2 I2  
ParID: 4184 - FB VAR: Variable3 I2  
ParID: 4192 - FB VAR: Variable0 UI1  
ParID: 4200 - FB VAR: Variable1 UI1  
ParID: 4208 - FB VAR: Variable2 UI1  
ParID: 4216 - FB VAR: Variable3 UI1  
ParID: 4608 - FB EVWR: Parameter ID of event input  
ParID: 4616 - FB EVWR: Parameter ID of input  
ParID: 4624 - FB EVWR: Event level  
ParID: 4632 - FB EVWR: Parameter ID of output value  
ParID: 4640 - FB EVWR: Mode  
ParID: 5120 - FB MPGEN: Mode  
ParID: 5128 - FB MPGEN: Target position  
ParID: 5136 - FB MPGEN: Output value I4  
ParID: 5144 - FB MPGEN: Output value I4 fractional part  
ParID: 5152 - FB MPGEN: Output value R4  
ParID: 5160 - FB MPGEN: Status  
ParID: 5168 - FB MPGEN: Parameter ID of master position  
ParID: 5176 - FB MPGEN: Maximum master speed  
ParID: 5184 - FB MPGEN: Maximum speed  
ParID: 5192 - FB MPGEN: Maximum acceleration  
ParID: 5200 - FB MPGEN: Master compensation distance  
ParID: 5208 - FB MPGEN: Parameter ID of target position  
ParID: 5216 - FB MPGEN: Target speed  
ParID: 5224 - FB MPGEN: Parameter ID of target speed  
ParID: 5232 - FB MPGEN: Error counter  
ParID: 5240 - FB MPGEN: Master start position  
ParID: 5248 - FB MPGEN: Master interval  
ParID: 5256 - FB MPGEN: Master start position within interval  
ParID: 5264 - FB MPGEN: Master end position within interval  
ParID: 5632 - FB DIO: input values  
ParID: 5640 - FB DIO: output values  
ParID: 5648 - FB DIO: input value 1  
ParID: 5656 - FB DIO: input value 2  
ParID: 5664 - FB DIO: input value 3  
ParID: 5672 - FB DIO: input value 4  
ParID: 5680 - FB DIO: input value 5  
ParID: 5688 - FB DIO: input value 6  
ParID: 5696 - FB DIO: input value 7

ParID: 5704 - FB DIO: input value 8  
ParID: 5712 - FB DIO: input value 9  
ParID: 5720 - FB DIO: input value 10  
ParID: 5728 - FB DIO: input value 11  
ParID: 5736 - FB DIO: input value 12  
ParID: 5744 - FB DIO: input value 13  
ParID: 5752 - FB DIO: input value 14  
ParID: 5760 - FB DIO: input value 15  
ParID: 5768 - FB DIO: input value 16  
ParID: 5776 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 1  
ParID: 5784 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 2  
ParID: 5792 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 3  
ParID: 5800 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 4  
ParID: 5808 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 5  
ParID: 5816 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 6  
ParID: 5824 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 7  
ParID: 5832 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 8  
ParID: 5840 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 9  
ParID: 5848 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 10  
ParID: 5856 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 11  
ParID: 5864 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 12  
ParID: 5872 - FB DIO: Parameter ID of output 13  
ParID: 5880 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 14  
ParID: 5888 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 15  
ParID: 5896 - FB DIO: parameter ID of output 16  
ParID: 5904 - FB DIO: Command set outputs  
ParID: 5912 - FB DIO: Command clear outputs  
ParID: 5920 - FB DIO: IO configuration  
ParID: 5928 - FB DIO: Counter input 1  
ParID: 5936 - FB DIO: Counter input 2  
ParID: 5944 - FB DIO: Checks  
ParID: 5952 - FB DIO: output mask  
ParID: 5960 - FB DIO: input filter: filter time  
ParID: 5968 - FB DIO: input 7: Time of the rising edge  
ParID: 5976 - FB DIO: input 7: Time of the falling edge  
ParID: 5984 - FB DIO: input 8: Time of the rising edge  
ParID: 5992 - FB DIO: input 8: Time of the falling edge  
ParID: 6000 - FB DIO: Read output configuration  
ParID: 6008 - FB DIO: Command set output configuration  
ParID: 6016 - FB DIO: Command clear output configuration  
ParID: 6024 - FB DIO: Read input configuration  
ParID: 6032 - FB DIO: Command set input configuration  
ParID: 6040 - FB DIO: Command clear input configuration

ParID: 6048 - FB DIO: output feedback  
ParID: 6144 - FB AIO: channel 1: Analog value  
ParID: 6152 - FB AIO: channel 2: Analog value  
ParID: 6160 - FB AIO: channel 1: Comparator threshold pointer parameter  
ParID: 6168 - FB AIO: channel 2: Comparator threshold pointer parameter  
ParID: 6176 - FB AIO: channel 1: Comparator filter time  
ParID: 6184 - FB AIO: channel 2: Comparator filter time  
ParID: 6192 - FB AIO: channel 1: Time of the rising edge of the comparator output  
ParID: 6200 - FB AIO: channel 2: Time of the rising edge of the comparator output  
ParID: 6208 - FB AIO: channel 1: Time of the falling edge of the comparator output  
ParID: 6216 - FB AIO: channel 2: Time of the falling edge of the comparator output  
ParID: 6224 - FB AIO: channel 1: Comparator mode  
ParID: 6232 - FB AIO: channel 2: Comparator mode  
ParID: 6240 - FB AIO: channel 1: Comparator extremum (minimum, maximum)  
ParID: 6248 - FB AIO: channel 2: Comparator extremum (minimum, maximum)  
ParID: 6256 - FB AIO: channel 1: Comparator output  
ParID: 6264 - FB AIO: channel 2: Comparator output  
ParID: 6272 - FB AIO: state  
ParID: 6280 - FB AIO: channel 1: Filter  
ParID: 6288 - FB AIO: channel 2: Filter  
ParID: 6296 - FB AIO: channel 3: Analog value  
ParID: 6304 - FB AIO: channel 4: Analog value  
ParID: 6312 - FB AIO: Read output configuration  
ParID: 6320 - FB AIO: Command set output configuration  
ParID: 6328 - FB AIO: Command clear output configuration  
ParID: 6336 - FB AIO: Read input configuration  
ParID: 6344 - FB AIO: Command set input configuration  
ParID: 6352 - FB AIO: Command clear input configuration  
ParID: 6360 - FB AIO: Index of the current analog IO  
ParID: 6368 - FB AIO: parameter ID of output (Index)  
ParID: 6376 - FB AIO: output mode  
ParID: 6384 - FB AIO: IO-Kommando  
ParID: 6392 - FB AIO: Checks  
ParID: 6656 - FB CMP: parameter ID of input  
ParID: 6664 - FB CMP: threshold  
ParID: 6672 - FB CMP: window  
ParID: 6680 - FB CMP: hysteresis window  
ParID: 6688 - FB CMP: mode  
ParID: 6696 - FB CMP: result value  
ParID: 7168 - FB DELAY: parameter ID of input  
ParID: 7176 - FB DELAY: time  
ParID: 7184 - FB DELAY: I4 result value  
ParID: 7192 - FB DELAY: I4 result value fractional part

ParID: 7200 - FB DELAY: R4 result value  
 ParID: 7680 - FB PID: parameter ID of input  
 ParID: 7688 - FB PID: proportional amplification factor  
 ParID: 7696 - FB PID: integral action time  
 ParID: 7704 - FB PID: maximum integral action  
 ParID: 7712 - FB PID: derivative action time  
 ParID: 7720 - FB PID: time delay constant  
 ParID: 7728 - FB PID: result value  
 ParID: 7736 - FB PID: parameter ID of enable input  
 ParID: 7744 - FB PID: result of P part  
 ParID: 7752 - FB PID: result of I part  
 ParID: 7760 - FB PID: result of DT1 part  
 ParID: 8192 - FB CURVE: Mode  
 ParID: 8200 - FB CURVE: Parameter ID of input  
 ParID: 8208 - FB CURVE: Index of cam data  
 ParID: 8216 - FB CURVE: Result value I4  
 ParID: 8224 - FB CURVE: Result value I4 fractional part  
 ParID: 8232 - FB CURVE: Result value R4  
 ParID: 8240 - FB CURVE: Result value I4 relative within interval  
 ParID: 8248 - FB CURVE: Result value I4 relative fractional part  
 ParID: 8256 - FB CURVE: Result value R4 relative within interval  
 ParID: 8264 - FB CURVE: Result value interval offset  
 ParID: 8272 - FB CURVE: Multiplication factor for input interval  
 ParID: 8280 - FB CURVE: Multiplication factor for output interval  
 ParID: 8288 - FB CURVE: Compensation gears command  
 ParID: 8296 - FB CURVE: Compensation distance of master axis, input interval  
 ParID: 8304 - FB CURVE: Compensation distance of slave axis, output interval  
 ParID: 8312 - FB CURVE: Entrance gradient in the compensation gears  
 ParID: 8320 - FB CURVE: Exit gradient from the compensation gears  
 ParID: 8328 - FB CURVE: Maximum speed of master axis  
 ParID: 8336 - FB CURVE: Maximum speed of slave axis within compensation gears  
 ParID: 8344 - FB CURVE: Minimum speed of slave axis within compensation gears  
 ParID: 8352 - FB CURVE: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase1  
  
 ParID: 8360 - FB CURVE: Maximum acceleration of slave axis within compensation phase2  
  
 ParID: 8368 - FB CURVE: Compensation gears command status  
 ParID: 8376 - FB CURVE: Compensation gears command result  
 ParID: 8384 - FB CURVE: Additive input value  
 ParID: 8392 - FB CURVE: Additive output value  
 ParID: 8704 - FB IPL: Mode  
 ParID: 8712 - FB IPL: Parameter ID of input  
 ParID: 8720 - FB IPL: Cycle time

ParID: 8728 - FB IPL: Extrapolation time  
ParID: 8736 - FB IPL: Result value I4  
ParID: 8744 - FB IPL: Result value I4 fractional part  
ParID: 8752 - FB IPL: Result value R4  
ParID: 8760 - FB IPL: Parameter ID of event input  
ParID: 9216 - FB VARITH: Mode  
ParID: 9224 - FB VARITH: Dimension  
ParID: 9232 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element a1  
ParID: 9240 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element a2  
ParID: 9248 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element a3  
ParID: 9256 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element a4  
ParID: 9264 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element a5  
ParID: 9272 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element b1  
ParID: 9280 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element b2  
ParID: 9288 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element b3  
ParID: 9296 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element b4  
ParID: 9304 - FB VARITH: Parameter ID of input, element b5  
ParID: 9312 - FB VARITH: Result value1  
ParID: 9320 - FB VARITH: Result value2  
ParID: 9328 - FB VARITH: Result value3  
ParID: 9336 - FB VARITH: Result value4  
ParID: 9344 - FB VARITH: Result value5  
ParID: 9728 - FB LATCH: Mode  
ParID: 9736 - FB LATCH: Parameter ID of input  
ParID: 9744 - FB LATCH: Parameter ID of trigger event input  
ParID: 9752 - FB LATCH: Trigger event type  
ParID: 9760 - FB LATCH: Minimal signal width of trigger event  
ParID: 9768 - FB LATCH: Maximum signal width of trigger event  
ParID: 9776 - FB LATCH: Window  
ParID: 9784 - FB LATCH: Window position  
ParID: 9792 - FB LATCH: Interval of window position  
ParID: 9800 - FB LATCH: Interval elongation of window position  
ParID: 9808 - FB LATCH: Delay time  
ParID: 9816 - FB LATCH: Signal width of trigger event  
ParID: 9824 - FB LATCH: Result value  
ParID: 9832 - FB LATCH: Difference: Window position minus result value  
ParID: 9840 - FB LATCH: Status  
ParID: 9848 - FB LATCH: Error counter  
ParID: 9856 - FB LATCH: Window1  
ParID: 9864 - FB LATCH: Window2  
ParID: 9872 - FB LATCH: Status counter  
ParID: 10240 - FB EPROM: ID  
ParID: 10248 - FB EPROM: Data block index

ParID: 10256 - FB EPROM: Data block  
ParID: 10264 - FB EPROM: Product code  
ParID: 10272 - FB EPROM: Serial number  
ParID: 10280 - FB EPROM: Product type  
ParID: 10288 - FB EPROM: Hardware revision  
ParID: 10296 - FB EPROM: Hardware variant  
ParID: 10304 - FB EPROM: Status  
ParID: 10312 - FB EPROM: End date of mission time  
ParID: 10752 - FB CAMCON: Mode  
ParID: 10760 - FB CAMCON: Parameter ID of input  
ParID: 10768 - FB CAMCON: Start position  
ParID: 10776 - FB CAMCON: Interval  
ParID: 10784 - FB CAMCON: Delay time to switch output ON  
ParID: 10792 - FB CAMCON: Delay time to switch output OFF  
ParID: 10800 - FB CAMCON: Switch delay: Filter time constant  
ParID: 10808 - FB CAMCON: Hysteresis window  
ParID: 10816 - FB CAMCON: Maximum number of cams  
ParID: 10824 - FB CAMCON: Index of parameter record for one cam  
ParID: 10832 - FB CAMCON: Start position of cam within interval  
ParID: 10840 - FB CAMCON: End position of cam within interval  
ParID: 10848 - FB CAMCON: Output value  
ParID: 10856 - FB CAMCON: Input speed  
ParID: 10864 - FB CAMCON: Parameter ID start event  
ParID: 10872 - FB CAMCON: Parameter record for one track  
ParID: 10880 - FB CAMCON: Select parameter record for one track  
ParID: 10888 - FB CAMCON: Mode to select a parameter record for one track  
ParID: 10896 - FB CAMCON: Active parameter record for one track  
ParID: 11264 - FB MUX: Mode  
ParID: 11272 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of selector input  
ParID: 11280 - FB MUX: Maximum selector value  
ParID: 11288 - FB MUX: Output value I4  
ParID: 11296 - FB MUX: Output value R4  
ParID: 11304 - FB MUX: Output value offset I4  
ParID: 11312 - FB MUX: Output value offset R4  
ParID: 11320 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input0  
ParID: 11328 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input1  
ParID: 11336 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input2  
ParID: 11344 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input3  
ParID: 11352 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input4  
ParID: 11360 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input5  
ParID: 11368 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input6  
ParID: 11376 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input7  
ParID: 11384 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input8

ParID: 11392 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input9  
ParID: 11400 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input10  
ParID: 11408 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input11  
ParID: 11416 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input12  
ParID: 11424 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input13  
ParID: 11432 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input14  
ParID: 11440 - FB MUX: Parameter ID of input15  
ParID: 11448 - FB MUX: Gradient of offset ramp  
ParID: 11456 - FB MUX: Time of offset ramp  
ParID: 11776 - FB FIFO: Mode  
ParID: 11784 - FB FIFO: Maximum length  
ParID: 11792 - FB FIFO: Distance for output value2  
ParID: 11800 - FB FIFO: Parameter ID input  
ParID: 11808 - FB FIFO: Parameter ID input event  
ParID: 11816 - FB FIFO: Parameter ID output event  
ParID: 11824 - FB FIFO: Actual length  
ParID: 11832 - FB FIFO: Output value I4  
ParID: 11840 - FB FIFO: Output value R4  
ParID: 11848 - FB FIFO: Output value2 I4  
ParID: 11856 - FB FIFO: Output value2 R4  
ParID: 12288 - FB MINMAX: Mode  
ParID: 12296 - FB MINMAX: Output value I4  
ParID: 12304 - FB MINMAX: Output value R4  
ParID: 12312 - FB MINMAX: Parameter ID of input1  
ParID: 12320 - FB MINMAX: Parameter ID of input2  
ParID: 12328 - FB MINMAX: Parameter ID of input3  
ParID: 12336 - FB MINMAX: Parameter ID of input4  
ParID: 12800 - FB BIT: Mode  
ParID: 12808 - FB BIT: Operand a1  
ParID: 12816 - FB BIT: Operand a2  
ParID: 12824 - FB BIT: Operand a3  
ParID: 12832 - FB BIT: Operand a4  
ParID: 12840 - FB BIT: Operand a5  
ParID: 12848 - FB BIT: Operand a6  
ParID: 12856 - FB BIT: Operand a7  
ParID: 12864 - FB BIT: Operand a8  
ParID: 12872 - FB BIT: Operand b1  
ParID: 12880 - FB BIT: Operand b2  
ParID: 12888 - FB BIT: Operand b3  
ParID: 12896 - FB BIT: Operand b4  
ParID: 12904 - FB BIT: Operand b5  
ParID: 12912 - FB BIT: Operand b6  
ParID: 12920 - FB BIT: Operand b7



ParID: 12928 - FB BIT: Operand b8  
ParID: 12936 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input1  
ParID: 12944 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input2  
ParID: 12952 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input3  
ParID: 12960 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input4  
ParID: 12968 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input5  
ParID: 12976 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input6  
ParID: 12984 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input7  
ParID: 12992 - FB BIT: Parameter ID of input8  
ParID: 13000 - FB BIT: Result value1 UI1  
ParID: 13008 - FB BIT: Result value1 UI2  
ParID: 13016 - FB BIT: Result value1  
ParID: 13024 - FB BIT: Result value2  
ParID: 13032 - FB BIT: Result value3  
ParID: 13040 - FB BIT: Result value4  
ParID: 13048 - FB BIT: Result value5  
ParID: 13056 - FB BIT: Result value6  
ParID: 13064 - FB BIT: Result value7  
ParID: 13072 - FB BIT: Result value8  
ParID: 13312 - INTERNAL13312  
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ParID: 13592 - INTERNAL13592  
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ParID: 13616 - INTERNAL13616  
ParID: 13824 - FB COUNT: Mode  
ParID: 13832 - FB COUNT: Parameter ID of event input1  
ParID: 13840 - FB COUNT: Parameter ID of event input2  
ParID: 13848 - FB COUNT: Parameter ID trigger input to set counter value  
ParID: 13856 - FB COUNT: Value to set counter  
ParID: 13864 - FB COUNT: Maximum counter value  
ParID: 13872 - FB COUNT: Comparator compare value  
ParID: 13880 - FB COUNT: Result value  
ParID: 13888 - FB COUNT: Comparator status  
ParID: 13896 - FB COUNT: Event status  
ParID: 13904 - FB COUNT: Parameter ID of enable input  
ParID: 14336 - FB DYNSSYS: Mode  
ParID: 14344 - FB DYNSSYS: System parameter A  
ParID: 14352 - FB DYNSSYS: System parameter B  
ParID: 14360 - FB DYNSSYS: System parameter C  
ParID: 14368 - FB DYNSSYS: System parameter D  
ParID: 14376 - FB DYNSSYS: Tuning parameter 1 for observer design  
ParID: 14384 - FB DYNSSYS: Tuning parameter 2 for observer design  
ParID: 14392 - FB DYNSSYS: Tuning parameter 1 for output design  
ParID: 14400 - FB DYNSSYS: Tuning parameter 2 for output design  
ParID: 14408 - FB DYNSSYS: Parameter ID for input 1  
ParID: 14416 - FB DYNSSYS: Parameter ID for input 2  
ParID: 14424 - FB DYNSSYS: Output 1  
ParID: 14432 - FB DYNSSYS: Output 2  
ParID: 14440 - FB DYNSSYS: Multiplier for output 1  
ParID: 14448 - FB DYNSSYS: Multiplier for output 2  
ParID: 14456 - FB DYNSSYS: System state 1  
ParID: 14464 - FB DYNSSYS: System state 2

ParID: 14472 - FB DYNSSYS: System state 3  
ParID: 14480 - FB DYNSSYS: System state 4  
ParID: 14488 - FB DYNSSYS: System state 5  
ParID: 14496 - FB DYNSSYS: Status  
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ParID: 64201 - Servo drive adjustment: Velocity at maximum output value  
ParID: 64225 - Encoder1: Range of encoder position  
ParID: 64232 - Stepper motor: Step scaling: Steps per motor revolution  
ParID: 64233 - Stepper motor: Load scaling: Units per SM\_SCALE\_LOAD\_MOTREV motor revolutions  
ParID: 64234 - Stepper motor: Load scaling: Motor revolutions  
ParID: 64237 - Encoder2: Range of encoder position  
ParID: 64238 - INTERNAL64238  
ParID: 64250 - INTERNAL64250  
ParID: 65535 - Messages: Error response