

① Function overloading :→ ① Same name  
② Arg diff

```

int sum(int a, int b)
{
    return a+b;
}

double sum(double a, double b)
{
    return a+b;
}

string sum(string s1, string s2)
{
    return s1+s2;
}
  
```

Orange arrows point from the function calls to their corresponding definitions:

- `sum(10, 20)` points to `int sum(int a, int b)`
- `sum(7.5, 8.4)` points to `double sum(double a, double b)`
- `sum("abcd", "xyz")` points to `string sum(string s1, string s2)`

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int sum(int a, int b)
{
    cout<<"Int ";
    return a+b;
}
double sum(double a, double b)
{
    cout<<"Double ";
    return a+b;
}
int main()
{
    cout<<sum(10,20)<<endl;
    cout<<sum(7.5,8.7)<<endl;
    return 0;
}
  
```

## Diff arguments

### ① diff types

sum(int, int)

sum(float, float)

sum(double, double)

### ② diff number of arguments

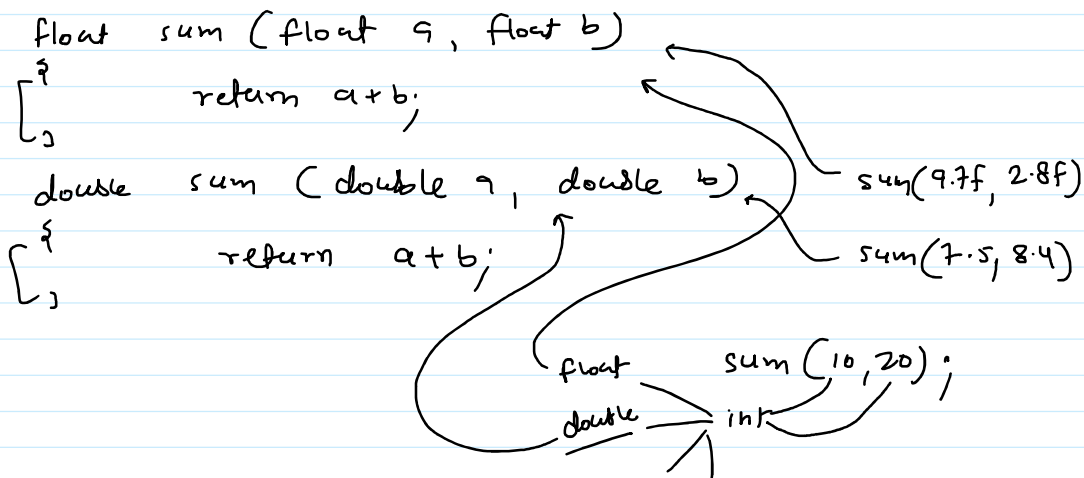
sum(int, int);

sum(int, int, int);

### ③ diff order of arguments

sum(int, float)

sum(float, int)



```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
float sum(float a, float b)
{
    cout<<"Float ";
    return a+b;
}
double sum(double a, double b)
{
    cout<<"Double ";
    return a+b;
}
int sum(int a, int b)
```

```

{
    return a+b;
}
int main()
{
    cout<<sum(10,20)<<endl;
    return 0;
}

```

default argument function : →

```

int sum (int a, int b)      sum(10, 20)
{
    return a+b;
}

int sum (int a, int b, int c)  sum(10, 20, 30)
{
    return a+b+c;
}

int sum (int a, int b, int c, int d)  sum(10, 20, 30, 40)
{
    return a+b+c+d;
}

```

default

```

int sum (int a, int b, int c=0, int d=0)
{
    return a+b+c+d;
}

```

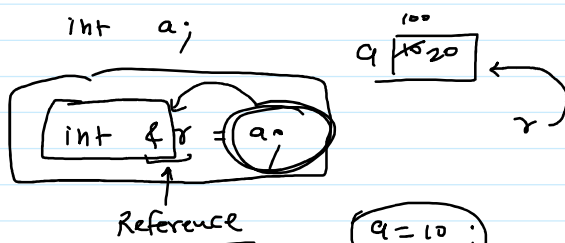
a=10, b=20, c=30, d=40 → sum(10, 20, 30, 40);  
 a=10, b=20, c=30 → sum(10, 20, 30);  
 a=10, b=20 → sum(10, 20);

✓ Call by Reference :-

Reference variable :-

Types of variable :-

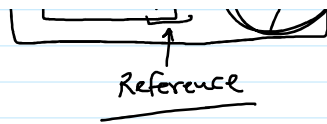
- ① value variables
- ② Address variables (pointer)
- ③ Reference variable



```

int &
↑
Reference
int *

```



a = 10;  
r = a;

&r = 0; ← X

Reference

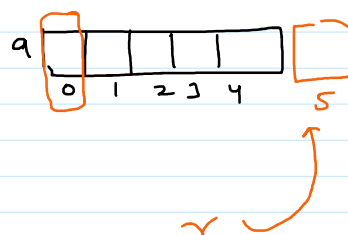
int \*  
↑  
pointer      int  
                  ↑  
                  variable

int &r;  
↑  
garbage ref

```
int main()
{
    int a=10;
    int &r = a;
    cout<<r<<endl;
    r=20;
    cout<<a<<endl;    //20
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int myswap(int &a, int &b)
{
    int temp = a;
    a=b;
    b=temp;
}
int main()
{
    int a=10,b=20;
    myswap(a,b);    //call by reference
    return 0;
}
```

int a[5];



int &r = a;    X

int &r = a[5];    ✓

}

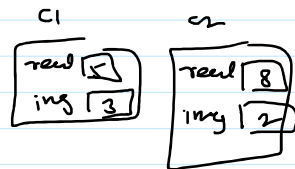
complex sum (Complex obj)

}

complex c1, c2

c1.sum(c2)

↑  
.. by value



cl.sum(c2)  
↑  
call by value  
ref

## Constructor & Destructor

Constructor → member function.  
→ auto called when we create an object  
→ initialize an object  
    ↑ (store value of member variable)  
→ name → (same as class name)

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class data{
    int a;
    float b;
public:
    data()
    {
        cout<<"Constructor called\n";
    }
};
int main()
{
    data d1,d2,d3,d4;
    return 0;
}
```

### Types of constructor :-

- ✓ 1. Default Constructor (zero parameterized cons)
- ✓ 2. Parameterized constructor

✓ [ → one/two .... n parameters  
    → Default argument parameterized  
    → Dynamic constructor

### 3. Copy Constructor

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class data{
    int a;
    float b;
public:

    data(int a=0, float b=0.0f)
    {
        this->a = a;
        this->b = b;
        cout<<"Two Constructor called\n";
    }
}
```

```

    }
};
int main()
{
    data d1;
    data d2 = data(10); // data d2(10); // data d2 = 10;
    // data d3 = 10,2.5f error
    data d3 = data(10,2.5f); // data d3(10,2.5f);
    return 0;
}

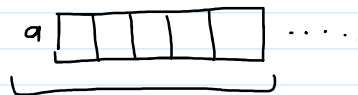
```

## Dynamic Constructor :-

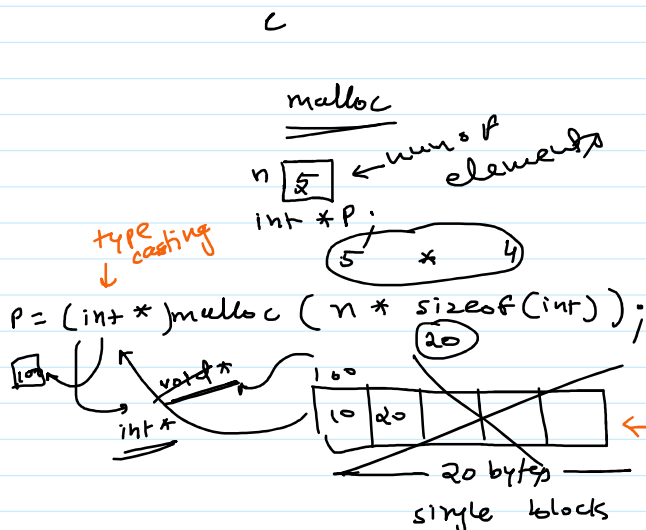
```

    int a[5];
    int *p = a;

```



## Dynamic memory :-



✓ P[0] = 10;

✓ P[1] = 20;

free(P);

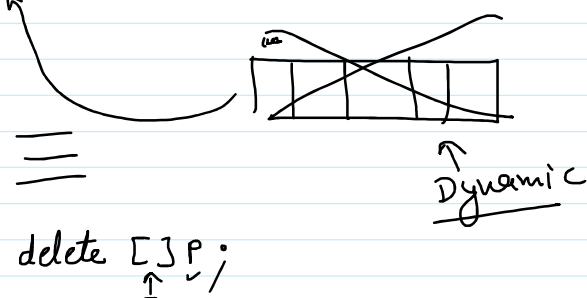
**C++**

new ← keyword

int \*p;

n [5]

p = new int[n];



```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Array{
    int *arr;
    int n;
    public:
        Array(int n) //dynamic constructor
        {
            this->n = n;
            arr = new int[n]; //dynamic memory
        }
        void input()
        {
            cout<<"Enter "<<n<<" values:";
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                cin>>arr[i];
        }
        void output()
        {
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)

```

```

}
void output()
{
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
    cout<<endl;
}
void free()
{
    delete []arr;
}
};
int main()
{
    ✓ int n;
    cout<<"Enter number of elements:";
    ✓ cin>>n;
    Array a1=n;
    a1.input();
    a1.output(); ✓
    a1.free();
    return 0;
}

```

Destructor → member func  
 → auto call -  
 → same name as class name prefix ~  
 ↑  
Tilde  
~array  
 → No parameters  
 → Destructor overloading not allowed

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class data{
    int a;
public:
    data(int a)
    {
        this->a = a;
        cout<<a<<" Constructor called\n";
    }
    ~data()
    {
        cout<<a<<" Destructor called\n";
    }
};
int main()
{
    data d1=10,d2=20,d3=30;
}

```

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Array{
    int *arr;
    int n;
public:
    Array(int n)    //dynamic constructor
    {
        this->n = n;
        arr = new int[n];    //dynamic memory
    }
}

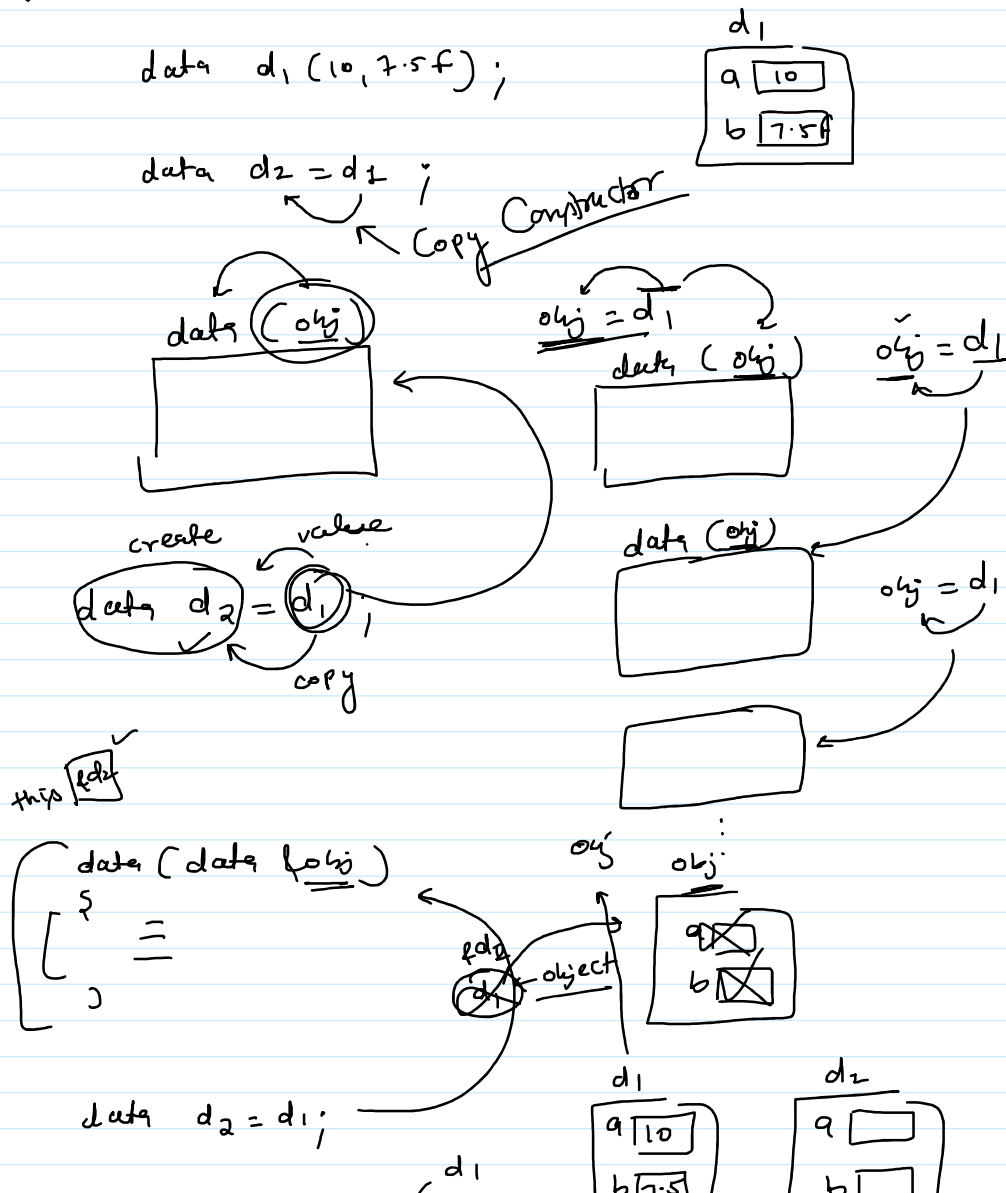
```

```

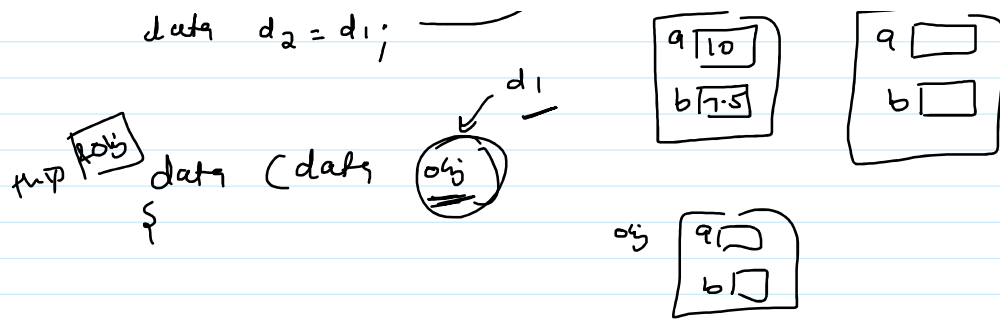
void input()
{
    cout<<"Enter "<<n<<" values:";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        cin>>arr[i];
}
void output()
{
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
    cout<<endl;
}
~Array()
{
    delete []arr;
    cout<<"Dynamic memory Deleted\n";
}
};
int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter number of elements:";
    cin>>n;
    Array a1=n;
    a1.input();
    a1.output();
    return 0;
}

```

## Copy Constructor :-



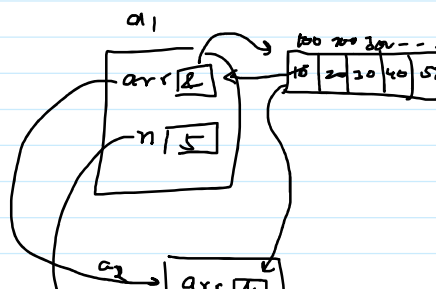




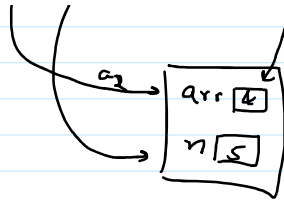
```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class data{
    int a;
    float b;
public:
    data(int a1=0, float b1=0.0f)
    {
        a=a1;
        b=b1;
        cout<<"Constructor called\n";
    }
    data(const data &obj)
    {
        a = obj.a;
        b = obj.b;
        cout<<"Copy Constructor called\n";
    }
    void output()
    {
        cout<<a<<"\t"<<b<<endl;
    }
};
int main()
{
    data d1(10,7.5f);
    d1.output();
    data d2 = d1;
    d2.output();
    return 0;
}
```

shallow copy :- member to member

Array a1 = 5;  
a1.input();  
Array a2 = a1;  
a2.input();



$a_2$ .input();



```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Array{
    int *arr;
    int n;
public:
    Array(int n)    //dynamic constructor
    {
        this->n = n;
        arr = new int[n];    //dynamic memory
    }
    void input()
    {
        cout<<"Enter "<<n<<" values:";
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            cin>>arr[i];
    }
    void output()
    {
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
    }
    Array(const Array &obj)
    {
        n = obj.n;
        arr = new int[n];
        for(int i=0 ; i<n ;i++)    //deep copy
            arr[i] = obj.arr[i];
    }
    ~Array()
    {
        delete []arr;
        cout<<"Dynamic memory Deleted\n";
    }
};

int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter number of elements:";
    cin>>n;
    ✓ Array a1=n;
    ✓ a1.input();
    ✓ a1.output();    //1 2 3 4 5
    ✓ Array a2=a1;
    ✓ a2.output();    //1 2 3 4 5
    ✓ a2.input();    //10 20 30 40 50
    ✓ a1.output();    //1 2 3 4 5
    ✓ a2.output();    //10 20 30 40 50
    return 0;
}
```

