Faulty RNA Processing and its Effect on Various Diseases

Introduction

- RNA plays a crucial role in gene expression.
- RNA processing includes splicing, capping, and polyadenylation.
- Errors in RNA processing lead to defective proteins or gene silencing.
- Linked to diseases like cancer, neurodegenerative disorders, and genetic syndromes.

What is RNA Processing?

- Transcription produces pre-mRNA from DNA.
- Pre-mRNA undergoes modifications before becoming mature mRNA.
- Key processes:
- Splicing: Removal of introns.
- Capping: Protects mRNA from degradation.
- Polyadenylation: Adds a poly(A) tail for stability.

Consequences of Faulty RNA Processing

- Incorrect splicing can lead to non-functional or toxic proteins.
- RNA modifications regulate gene expression; errors lead to misregulation.
- Contributes to:
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)
- Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)
- Certain types of cancer

Overview of the Presentation

- Understanding normal RNA processing.
- Identifying types of faulty RNA processing.
- Examining diseases linked to RNA errors.
- Exploring potential therapeutic approaches.

Now, Let's Dive Deeper!