### Embarak Ch08 NCHS Case Study

#### September 5, 2018

### 1 Embarak Ch08 Case Study --> NCHS Case Study

```
Prepared by:
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In [2]: import pandas as pd
       data = pd.read_csv("NCHS.csv")
       data.head(3)
Out[2]:
          Year
                                                   113 Cause Name \
       O 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (VO1-X59, Y8...
       1 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (VO1-X59, Y8...
       2 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01-X59, Y8...
                      Cause Name
                                    State Deaths Age-adjusted Death Rate
       O Unintentional Injuries Alabama 2313.0
                                                                      52.2
       1 Unintentional Injuries
                                   Alaska
                                            294.0
                                                                      55.9
       2 Unintentional Injuries Arizona 2214.0
                                                                      44.8
```

#### See how many rows and how many columns

```
In [3]: data.shape # 15028 rows and 6 columns
Out[3]: (15028, 6)
```

#### Remove all rows with na cases

#### What are the unique causes of death in this data set?

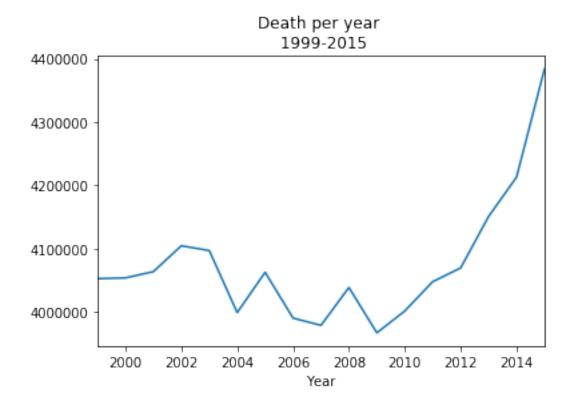
```
In [5]: data.head(2)
```

```
Out[5]:
          Year
                                                    113 Cause Name \
       O 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (VO1-X59, Y8...
        1 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01-X59, Y8...
                       Cause Name
                                     State Deaths Age-adjusted Death Rate
        O Unintentional Injuries Alabama
                                            2313.0
        1 Unintentional Injuries
                                   Alaska
                                             294.0
                                                                       55.9
In [7]: causes = data["Cause Name"].unique()
        causes
Out[7]: array(['Unintentional Injuries', 'All Causes', "Alzheimer's disease",
               'Homicide', 'Stroke', 'Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis',
               'CLRD', 'Diabetes', 'Diseases of Heart',
               'Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal disease',
               'Influenza and pneumonia', 'Cancer', 'Suicide', 'Kidney Disease',
               "Parkinson's disease", 'Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids',
               'Septicemia'], dtype=object)
Remove 'All Causes' from the Cause death Name column
In [8]: data = data[data["Cause Name"] !="All Causes"]
        causes = data["Cause Name"].unique()
        causes
Out[8]: array(['Unintentional Injuries', "Alzheimer's disease", 'Homicide',
               'Stroke', 'Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis', 'CLRD',
               'Diabetes', 'Diseases of Heart',
               'Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal disease',
               'Influenza and pneumonia', 'Cancer', 'Suicide', 'Kidney Disease',
               "Parkinson's disease", 'Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids',
               'Septicemia'], dtype=object)
In [9]: len(causes)
Out[9]: 16
Find the unique causes of "State",
In [10]: data.head(3)
Out[10]:
           Year
                                                     113 Cause Name \
        O 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (VO1-X59, Y8...
         1 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01-X59, Y8...
         2 1999 Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01-X59, Y8...
                        Cause Name
                                      State Deaths Age-adjusted Death Rate
         O Unintentional Injuries Alabama 2313.0
                                                                        52.2
         1 Unintentional Injuries
                                     Alaska
                                              294.0
                                                                        55.9
         2 Unintentional Injuries Arizona 2214.0
                                                                        44.8
```

```
In [11]: state = data["State"].unique()
         state
Out[11]: array(['Alabama', 'Alaska', 'Arizona', 'Arkansas', 'California',
                'Colorado', 'Connecticut', 'Delaware', 'District of Columbia',
                'Florida', 'Georgia', 'Hawaii', 'Idaho', 'Illinois', 'Indiana',
                'Iowa', 'Kansas', 'Kentucky', 'Louisiana', 'Maine', 'Maryland',
                'Massachusetts', 'Michigan', 'Minnesota', 'Mississippi',
                'Missouri', 'Montana', 'Nebraska', 'Nevada', 'New Hampshire',
                'New Jersey', 'New Mexico', 'New York', 'North Carolina',
                'North Dakota', 'Ohio', 'Oklahoma', 'Oregon', 'Pennsylvania',
                'Rhode Island', 'South Carolina', 'South Dakota', 'Tennessee',
                'Texas', 'United States', 'Utah', 'Vermont', 'Virginia',
                'Washington', 'West Virginia', 'Wisconsin', 'Wyoming'],
               dtype=object)
In [12]: data1 = data[data["State"] !="United States"]
         state = data1["State"].unique()
         state
Out[12]: array(['Alabama', 'Alaska', 'Arizona', 'Arkansas', 'California',
                'Colorado', 'Connecticut', 'Delaware', 'District of Columbia',
                'Florida', 'Georgia', 'Hawaii', 'Idaho', 'Illinois', 'Indiana',
                'Iowa', 'Kansas', 'Kentucky', 'Louisiana', 'Maine', 'Maryland',
                'Massachusetts', 'Michigan', 'Minnesota', 'Mississippi',
                'Missouri', 'Montana', 'Nebraska', 'Nevada', 'New Hampshire',
                'New Jersey', 'New Mexico', 'New York', 'North Carolina',
                'North Dakota', 'Ohio', 'Oklahoma', 'Oregon', 'Pennsylvania',
                'Rhode Island', 'South Carolina', 'South Dakota', 'Tennessee',
                'Texas', 'Utah', 'Vermont', 'Virginia', 'Washington',
                'West Virginia', 'Wisconsin', 'Wyoming'], dtype=object)
In [13]: len(state)
Out[13]: 51
1.0.1 What were the total number of deaths in the United States from 1999 to 2015?
In [14]: data.head(0)
Out[14]: Empty DataFrame
         Columns: [Year, 113 Cause Name, Cause Name, State, Deaths, Age-adjusted Death Rate]
         Index: []
In [15]: data["Deaths"].sum()
Out[15]: 69279057.0
```

#### 1.0.2 What is the trend of number of deaths per year?

```
In [16]: dyear= data.groupby(["Year"]).sum()
         dyear
Out[16]:
                 Deaths Age-adjusted Death Rate
         Year
        1999 4052876.0
                                         38550.3
        2000 4054097.0
                                         38136.3
        2001 4063971.0
                                         37645.3
        2002 4104796.0
                                         37503.0
        2003 4097245.0
                                         36904.3
        2004 3999321.0
                                         35359.7
        2005 4062908.0
                                         35368.7
        2006 3990647.0
                                         34113.0
        2007 3979212.0
                                         33405.3
        2008 4038942.0
                                         33270.1
        2009 3967369.0
                                         32052.5
        2010 4001895.0
                                         31929.8
        2011 4048145.0
                                         31522.9
        2012 4069794.0
                                         30965.9
        2013 4151064.0
                                         30930.9
        2014 4213058.0
                                         30862.1
        2015 4383717.0
                                         31496.7
In [18]: dyear["Deaths"].plot(title="Death per year \n 1999-2015")
Out[18]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6012d30208>
```

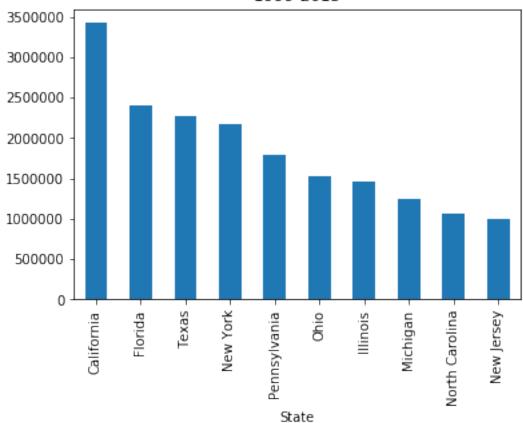


### Which 10 states had the highest number of deaths in all years?

Out[19]:	<b>G</b>	Year	Deaths	Age-adjusted Death Rate
	State			
	California	545904	3422459.0	10101.2
	Florida	545904	2397507.0	10156.8
	Texas	545904	2270961.0	11339.7
	New York	545904	2170019.0	10226.5
	Pennsylvania	545904	1785982.0	11334.1
	Ohio	545904	1529552.0	11931.3
	Illinois	545904	1460489.0	11170.8
	Michigan	545904	1248155.0	11645.7
	North Carolina	545904	1063835.0	11737.3
	New Jersey	545904	1003709.0	10446.7

In [20]: dataset2["Deaths"].head(10).plot.bar(title="Top ten states with highest death number \r
Out[20]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6012d30e48>





### 1.1 6. What were the top causes of deaths in the United States during this period?

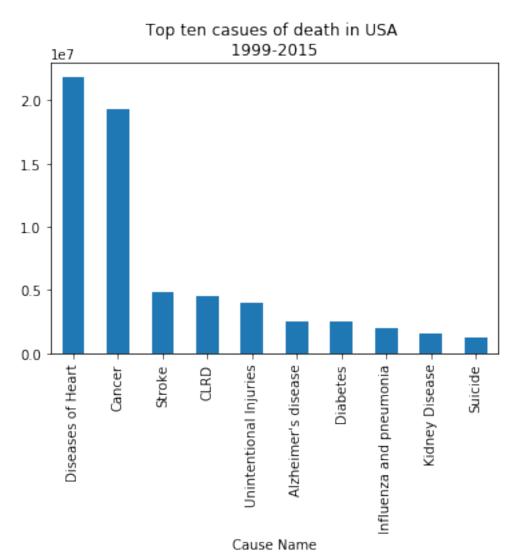
Out[21]:		Year	Deaths	Age-adjusted Death Rate
	Cause Name			
	Diseases of Heart	1774188	21879846.0	178315.3
	Cancer	1774188	19292996.0	160163.8
	Stroke	1774188	4875996.0	41458.8
	CLRD	1774188	4560260.0	39545.5
	Unintentional Injuries	1774188	4033020.0	37368.6
	Alzheimer's disease	1774188	2514618.0	21435.6
	Diabetes	1774188	2472642.0	20851.9
	Influenza and pneumonia	1774188	1974864.0	16498.5

 Kidney Disease
 1774188
 1515868.0
 12555.4

 Suicide
 1774188
 1209756.0
 11580.1

In [22]: dataset2["Deaths"].head(10).plot.bar(title="Top ten casues of death in USA  $\n$  1999-2015]

Out[22]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f60129c1cf8>

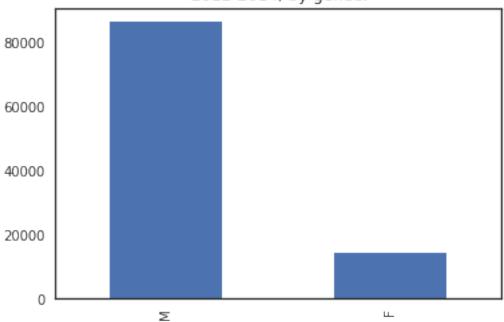


#### Analyze guns deaths in the US

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import seaborn as sns
    sns.set(style='white', color_codes=True)
    %matplotlib inline
```

```
In [2]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Death data.csv', index_col=0)
       print(dataset.shape)
        dataset.index.name = 'Index'
        dataset.columns = map(str.capitalize, dataset.columns)
        dataset.head(5)
(100798, 10)
Out[2]:
              Year Month Intent Police Sex
                                                  Age
                                                                         Race \
        Index
        1
              2012
                         1 Suicide
                                          0
                                            M 34.0 Asian/Pacific Islander
        2
              2012
                        1 Suicide
                                             F 21.0
                                          0
                                                                        White
        3
              2012
                        1 Suicide
                                          0
                                             M 60.0
                                                                        White
        4
              2012
                         2 Suicide
                                          0
                                             M 64.0
                                                                        White
        5
              2012
                         2 Suicide
                                          0
                                             M 31.0
                                                                        White
              Hispanic
                                  Place
                                             Education
        Index
                    100
                                                   BA+
        1
                                    Home
        2
                    100
                                  Street Some college
        3
                    100
                         Other specified
                                                   BA+
        4
                    100
                                    Home
                                                   BA+
        5
                    100
                        Other specified
                                                HS/GED
In [5]: # Organizing the data by the year, then by month:
        dataset_Gun = dataset
        dataset_Gun.sort_values(['Year', 'Month'], inplace=True)
Annual U.S. suicide gun deaths 2012-2014, by gender
In [6]: dataset_Gun.Sex.value_counts(normalize=False)
Out[6]: M
            86349
        F
             14449
        Name: Sex, dtype: int64
In [8]: dataset_byGender = dataset_Gun.groupby('Sex').count()
        dataset_byGender
Out[8]:
             Year Month Intent Police
                                             Age
                                                   Race Hispanic Place Education
        Sex
        F
             14449 14449
                            14449
                                    14449
                                           14446
                                                 14449
                                                            14449 14386
                                                                              14243
       М
            86349 86349
                           86348
                                    86349 86334 86349
                                                            86349 85028
                                                                              85133
In [29]: dataset_Gun.Sex.value_counts(normalize=False).plot.bar(title='Annual U.S.\\
        suicide gun deaths \n 2012-2014, by gender')
Out[29]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6010b7d278>
```

# Annual U.S.\suicide gun deaths 2012-2014, by gender

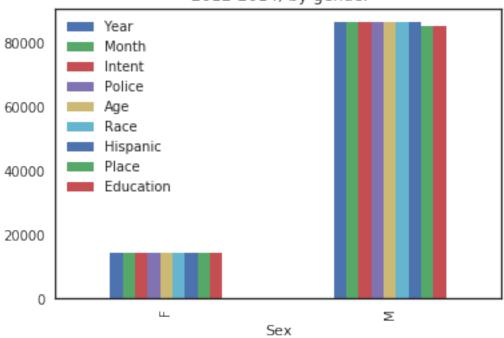


Out[30]: Year Month Intent Police Age Race Hispanic Place Education Sex F 14449 14449 14449 14449 14446 14449 14449 14386 14243 М 86349 86349 86348 86349 86334 86349 86349 85028 85133

In [31]: dataset\_byGender.plot.bar(title='Annual U.S. suicide gun deaths \n 2012-2014, by gender

Out[31]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6013d76710>

# Annual U.S. suicide gun deaths 2012-2014, by gender



#### 1.1.1 Average annual death toll from guns in the United States from 2012 to 2014, by race

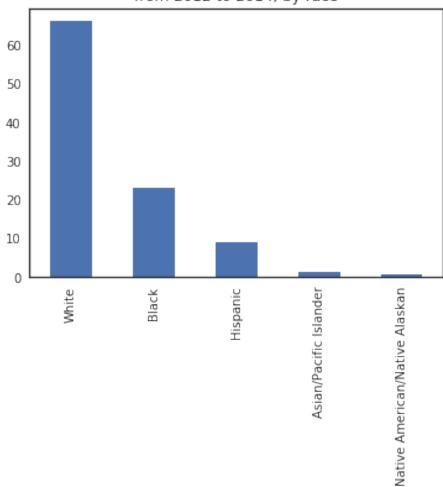
Out[12]:	White	66.237
	Black	23.296
	Hispanic	9.022
	Asian/Pacific Islander	1.326
	Native American/Native Alaskan	0.917

Name: Race, dtype: float64

In [13]: (dataset\_byRace.Race.value\_counts(ascending=False) \*100/100000).plot.bar(title=' Percendent toll from guns in the United States \nfrom 2012 to 2014, by race')

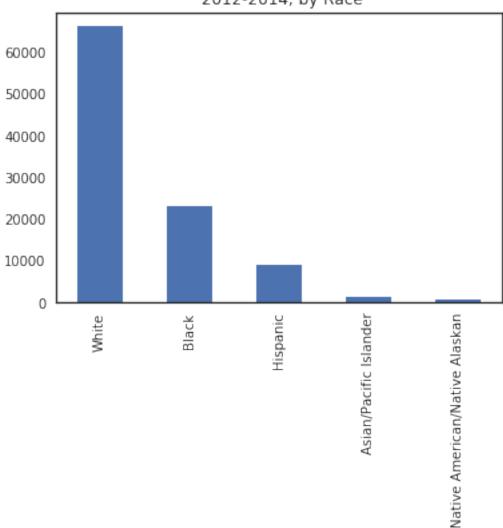
Out[13]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1c197f4ac8>

Percentage of Average annual\death toll from guns in the United States from 2012 to 2014, by race



Out[34]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f6010b1e278>

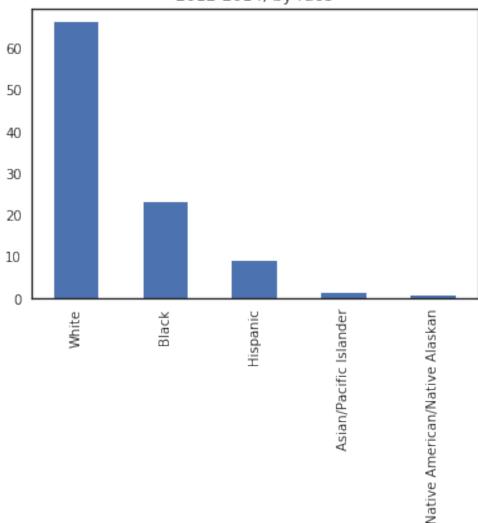
# Annual U.S.\suicide gun deaths 2012-2014, by Race



### 3. Rate of gun deaths in the U.S. per 100,000 population 2012-2014, by race.

```
2
                2012
                          1 Suicide
                                          0 F 21.0
                                                                         White
                Hispanic
                           Place
                                     Education
         Index
                     100
                                           BA+
         1
                            Home
                     100 Street Some college
In [36]: dataset_byRace = dataset
         (dataset_byRace.Race.value_counts(ascending=False) *100/100000)
Out[36]: White
                                           66.237
        Black
                                           23.296
         Hispanic
                                            9.022
         Asian/Pacific Islander
                                            1.326
         Native American/Native Alaskan
                                            0.917
         Name: Race, dtype: float64
In [37]: (dataset_byRace.Race.value_counts(ascending=False) *100/100000).plot.bar(title='Rate of
         gun deaths in the U.S. per 100,000 population \n2012-2014, by race')
Out[37]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f60107baeb8>
```

# Rate of\gun deaths in the U.S. per 100,000 population 2012-2014, by race



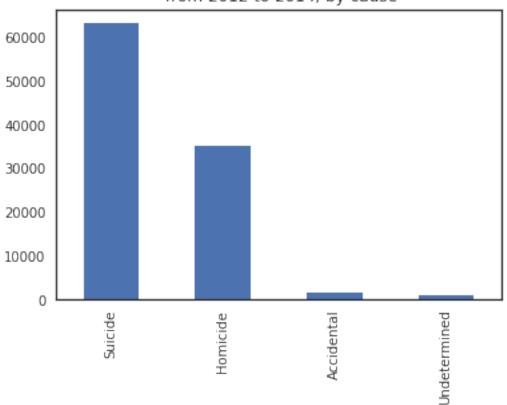
4. Annual number of gun deaths in the United States on average from 2012 to 2014, by cause

```
In [18]: dataset_byRace.Intent.value_counts(sort =True , ascending=False)
```

Out[18]: Suicide 63175
Homicide 35176
Accidental 1639
Undetermined 807
Name: Intent, dtype: int64

Out[17]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1c19aba860>

# Annual number\of gun deaths in the United States on average from 2012 to 2014, by cause



#### 5. Average annual death toll from guns in the United States from 2012 to 2014, by cause

In [40]: dataset\_byRace.Intent.value\_counts(ascending=False) \*100/100000

 Out[40]:
 Suicide
 63.175

 Homicide
 35.176

 Accidental
 1.639

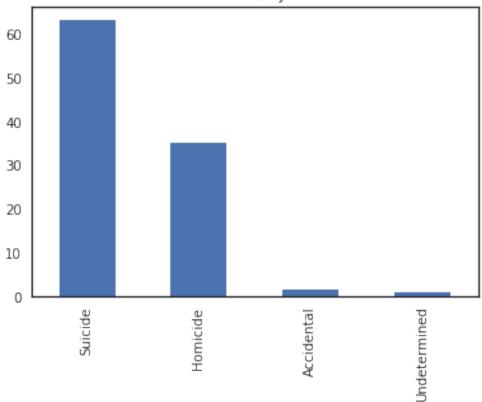
 Undetermined
 0.807

Name: Intent, dtype: float64

In [21]: (dataset\_byRace.Intent.value\_counts(ascending=False) \*100/100000).plot.bar(title='The 1

Out[21]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1c19738160>

The 100k Percentage of gun deaths tools in the U.S. 2012-2014, by cause



6. Percentage of annual suicide gun deaths in the United States from 2012 to 2014, by year

```
In [42]: dataset_byRace.Year.value_counts(ascending=True) *100/100000
```

Out[42]: 2012 33.563 2014 33.599 2013 33.636

Name: Year, dtype: float64

In [22]: (dataset\_byRace.Year.value\_counts(ascending=True) \*100/100000).plot.bar(title='Percentage)

Out[22]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1c18dde828>

Percentage of annual suicide gun deaths in the United States from 2012 to 2014, by year

