$Z_A = 5+j2\Omega$   $Z_B = 20-j10\Omega$   $Z_C = 10/20\Omega$   $Z_D = 10/-60\Omega$ (a) apparent power delivered to each load

(b) apparent power generated by the source

Eco = Zc + Zo = 10130° + 101-60° = 10.0030°+ 1105in30° + 10.00 (-60°) + 1105in (-60°) = 10. 13 + 15 + 5 - j. 10 3  $=(5\sqrt{3}+5)+j(5-5\sqrt{3})$ 

 $\frac{Z_{BUD}}{Z_{BUD}} = \frac{Z_{B}}{Z_{B}} \frac{I(S + S_{B}) + j(S - S_{B})J(20 - j10)}{[(S + S_{B}) + j(S - S_{B})] + (20 - j10)} = f. 21 - j2.90$ 

: ZABOD = ZA + ZBOD = 5+j2 + 8.21-j2.9 = 13.21-j0.9 = 13.24 1-3.90°

: 10 = 20010° = 20010° = 15.1113.9°

 $\dot{i}_{1} = i_{0} \frac{(E_{c} + E_{0})}{(E_{c} + E_{0} + E_{0})} = \frac{(S + SB) + j(S - SB)}{(S + SB) + j(S - SB) + (10 - j_{0})} \times (S - 1)(E_{0} + j_{0}) = S - 20 - j_{0} = S - 20 - 20 - 20 = S -$ 

1Ps = 200×15.11= 3022 VA

VZA = 20. ZA = 15.11 (3.9° (5+j2) = 81.4(25.7° VIZA = 81.4x15.11 = 1230VA

UZB = i, ZB = (5.77+j/12). (20-j10) = 131.41-15.6°

1/2B = 131.4 x 5.88 = 772VA

Uzc = iz. Zc = (9.3-jo.09). 10130°= 93129.4°

VP&c= 93x93= 865VA

UZD = 12. ZD = (9.3-jo.09). 101-00 = 931-60.6°

VPZD = 93 × 9.3 = 865VA