ESO 208A: Computational Methods in Engineering

Tutorial 11

ODE: Boundary Value Problem

Consider the following differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - y = 0; \ x \in (0, 2)$$

with boundary conditions y(0) = 1 and y(2) = 3.627.

Determine the solution over the interval x = 0 to 2 by the following methods. Estimate the true error in the numerical result by comparing it against the analytical result at x = 1.0.

- a. Shooting method with the Midpoint method and step size h = 0.5. Assume first two approximations of y'(0) as 1.0 and 2.0.
- b. Finite difference method by approximating $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ using a central difference formula of $O(h^2)$. Take the step size h=1.0.
- c. Repeat (b) by taking the step size h = 0.5.
- d. Use Richardson extrapolation to improve the estimate of y(1) obtained in (b) and (c).