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**Algorithm 1** Merge Sort

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```
1: procedure MERGESORT( $A, l, r$ )                                ▷ Where A - array, l - left index, r - right index
2:   if  $p < r$  then
3:      $mid = (l + r)/2$ 
4:
5:     MERGESORT( $A, l, mid$ )                                     ▷ Sort first half of array
6:     MERGESORT( $A, mid + 1, r$ )                                 ▷ Sort second half of array
7:     MERGE( $A, l, r$ )                                           ▷ Merge first and second sorted halves
8:   end if
9: end procedure
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**Algorithm 2** Merge

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```
   function MERGE( $A, l, r$ )                                ▷ Where A - array, l - left index, r - right index
2:    $mid = (l + r)/2$ 
    $n_1 = mid - l + 1$ 
4:    $n_2 = r - mid$ 

6:   Let  $L[1 \dots n_1]$  and  $R[1 \dots n_2]$  be new arrays          ▷ Make two new arrays for left half and right half each
   for  $i = 1$  to  $n_1$  do                                         ▷ Copy first half into array L
8:      $L[i] = A[l + i - 1]$ 
   end for

10:  for  $j = 1$  to  $n_2$  do                                         ▷ Copy first half into array R
    $R[j] = A[mid + j]$ 
12:  end for

14:   $i = 1$ 
    $j = 1$ 
16:  for  $k = l$  to  $r$  do                                           ▷ Loop through all elements total in L and R
   if  $L[i] < R[j]$  then                                         ▷ Use element of L if smaller
18:     $A[k] = L[i]$ 
     $i = i + 1$ 
20:  else                                                         ▷ Use element of R if smaller
     $A[k] = R[j]$ 
22:     $j = j + 1$ 
    end if
24:  end for
   end function
```

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