

# ESC201A: Introduction to Electronics

## Quiz -3

Date: 03.11.2016

1. (a) Convert  $(153)_{10}$  to octal number system.

(1 marks)

Divide 153 by 8.

$$\frac{1}{8} = 0.125$$

153	remainder
19	1
2	3
0	2

$$(153)_{10} = (231)_8$$

(b) Convert  $(0.8125)_{10}$  to binary number.

(1 marks)

Multiply by 2.

$$(0.8125)_{10} = (.1101)_2$$

0.	8125
1.	625
1.	25
0.	5
1.	0

2. Given two binary numbers  $X=1010100$  and  $Y=1000011$ , perform the subtraction (a)  $X-Y$  and (b)  $Y-X$  using 2's complement.

(3 marks)

(a)  $\bar{Y} = 0111100$

2's complement of  $Y = \bar{Y} + 1$   
 $= 0111101$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sum} = \\ 1010100 \\ 0111101 \\ \hline 10010001 \end{array}$$

⇒ Discard carry.  
 $X - Y = 0010001$

(b)  $\bar{X} = 0101011$

2's complement of  $X = 0101100$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sum} = \\ 1000011 \\ 0101100 \\ \hline 1101111 \end{array}$$

No end carry means negative number.

2's complement of Sum =  $0010001$

$Y - X = -0010001$

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Obtain the minimized PoS by suitably using don't care terms.

(3 marks)

wx \ yz	00	01	11	10
00	1	x	0	1
01	1	0	1	1
11	0	x	1	1
10	1	x	1	x

$$f = (w + x + \bar{z})(\bar{w} + \bar{x} + y)(y + \bar{z})$$

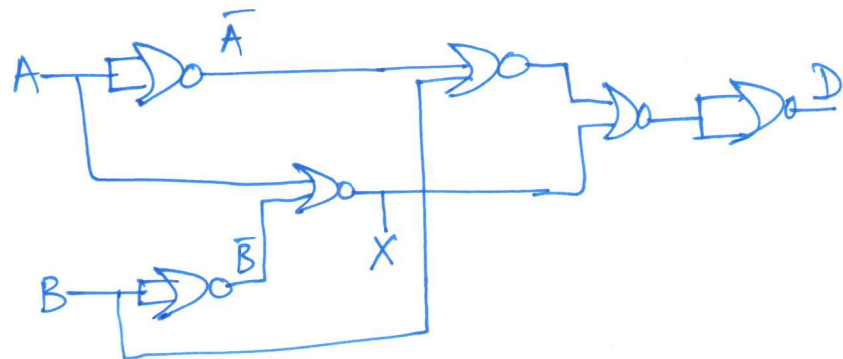
4. For a binary half-subtractor, having two inputs A and B, (a) find logical expressions for the outputs D (= A minus B) and X (= borrow), (b) implement the functions with minimum number of NOR Gates.

(4 marks)

A	B	D = A - B	X = Borrow
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0

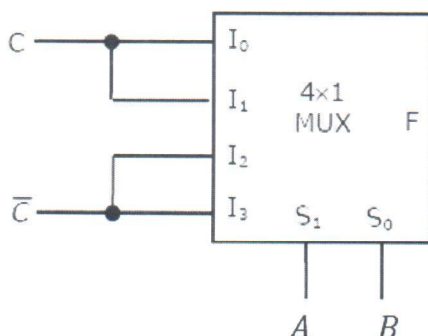
$$D = A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B$$

$$X = \bar{A}B$$



5. What is the logic realized by the circuit shown in Figure below?

(3 marks)



A	B	F
0	0	C
0	1	C
1	0	$\bar{C}$
1	1	$\bar{C}$

$$f = \bar{A}C$$

$$f = A\bar{C}$$

$$\text{Thus } F = \bar{A}C + A\bar{C} = A \oplus C$$

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## Quiz -3

Date: 03.11.2016

1. (a) Convert  $(151)_{10}$  to octal number system.

(1 marks)

Divide by 8

$$\frac{1}{8} = 0.125$$

151	Remainder
18	7
2	2
0	2

$$(151)_{10} = (227)_8$$

(b) Convert  $(0.125)_{10}$  to binary number.

(1 marks)

Multiply by 2.

$$(0.125)_{10} = (0.001)_2$$

0.1	125
0.1	25
0.1	5
1.	0

2. Given two binary numbers  $A=1010100$  and  $B=1000011$ , perform the subtraction (a)  $A-B$  and (b)  $B-A$  using 2's complement.

(3 marks)

(a)  $\bar{Y} = 0111100$

2's complement of  $X = \bar{Y} + 1$   
 $= 0111101$

$$\text{Sum} = \begin{array}{r} 1010100 \\ 0111101 \\ \hline 10010001 \\ \text{carry} \end{array}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Discard carry.

$$X - Y = 0010001$$

(b)  $\bar{X} = 0101011$

2's complement of  $X = 0101100$

$$\text{Sum} = \begin{array}{r} 1000011 \\ 0101100 \\ \hline 1101111 \end{array}$$

No end carry means negative number

2's complement of Sum =  $0010001$

$$Y - X = -0010001$$



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Obtain the minimized PoS.

(3 marks)

YZ \ WX	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	0	1
01	1	1	1	1
11	1	0	1	1
10	0	0	0	0

$$f = (x+y+z) \cdot (x+\bar{y}+\bar{z}) \cdot (\bar{w}+y+\bar{z}) \cdot (\bar{w}+x)$$

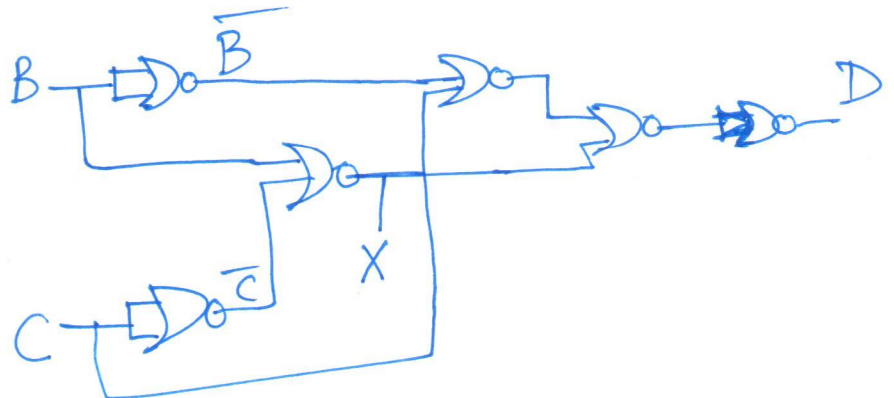
4. For a binary half-subtractor, having two inputs B and C, (a) find logical expressions for the outputs D (= B minus C) and X (= borrow), (b) implement the functions with minimum number of NOR Gates.

(4 marks)

B	C	D=B-C	X
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0

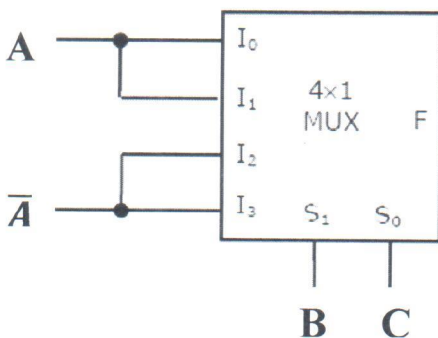
$$D = B\bar{C} + \bar{B}C$$

$$X = \bar{B}C$$



5. What is the logic realized by the circuit shown in Figure below?

(3 marks)



B	C	F
0	0	A
0	1	A
1	0	$\bar{A}$
1	1	$\bar{A}$

$$f = \bar{B}A$$

$$f = B\bar{A}$$

$$\text{Thus } f = A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B = A \oplus B$$