

TCS II

Formal Languages and Computability
2021/22

2nd Midterm (B)

10th June 2022

Solutions

1. Assignment:

Question (a) (TM for the given language)

TM for language L_1 :

$M = \langle Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, q_0, B, F, \delta \rangle$

$Q = \{ q_s, q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_F \}$ (1 point)

$\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$ (1 point)

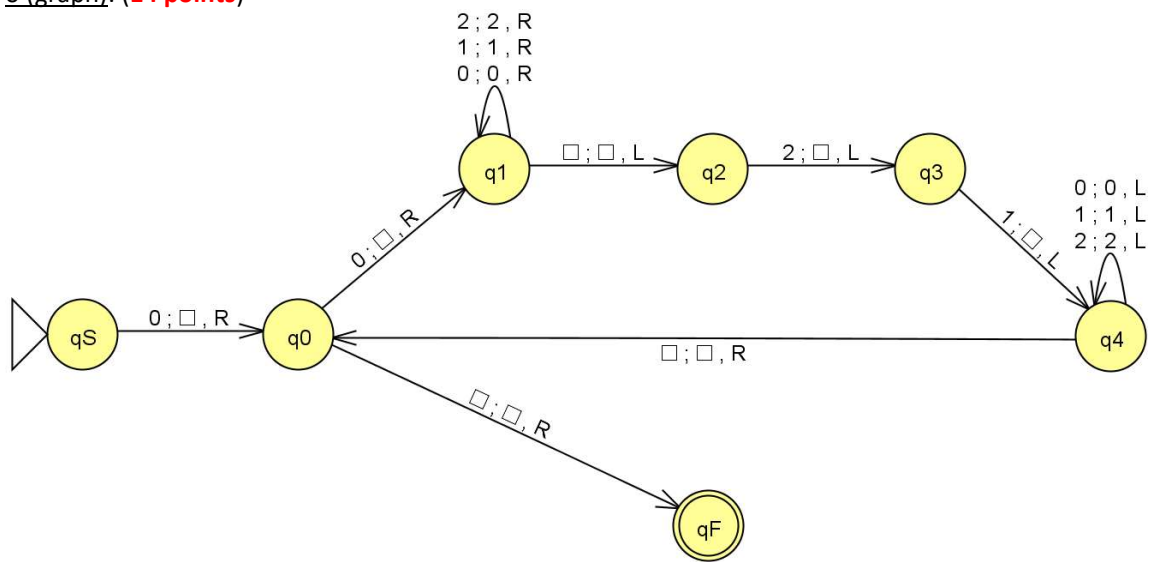
$\Gamma = \{0, 1, 2, \square\}$ (1 point)

$q_0 = q_s$ (1 point)

$B = \square$ (1 point)

$F = \{q_F\}$ (1 point)

δ (graph): (14 points)



δ (transitions):

$\delta(q_s, 0) = (q_0, \square, R)$

$\delta(q_0, 0) = (q_1, \square, R)$

$\delta(q_0, \square) = (q_F, \square, R)$

$\delta(q_1, 0) = (q_1, 0, R)$

$\delta(q_1, 1) = (q_1, 1, R)$

$\delta(q_1, 2) = (q_1, 2, R)$

$\delta(q_1, \square) = (q_2, \square, L)$

$\delta(q_2, 2) = (q_3, \square, L)$

$\delta(q_3, 1) = (q_4, \square, L)$

$\delta(q_4, 0) = (q_4, 0, L)$

$\delta(q_4, 1) = (q_4, 1, L)$

$\delta(q_4, 2) = (q_4, 2, L)$

$\delta(q_4, \square) = (q_0, \square, R)$

δ (transition table):

$Q \setminus \Sigma$	0	1	2	\square
$\rightarrow q_s$	(q_0, \square, R)	/	/	/
q_0	(q_1, \square, R)	/	/	(q_F, \square, R)
q_1	$(q_1, 0, R)$	$(q_1, 1, R)$	$(q_1, 2, R)$	(q_2, \square, L)
q_2	/	/	(q_3, \square, L)	/
q_3	/	(q_4, \square, L)	/	/
q_4	$(q_4, 0, L)$	$(q_4, 1, L)$	$(q_4, 2, L)$	(q_0, \square, R)
* q_F	/	/	/	/

Question (b) (IDs)

0001212 $\in L(M)$ with IDs (**10 points**)

$q_5 0001212 \vdash q_0 001212 \vdash q_1 01212 \vdash 0 q_1 1212 \vdash 01 q_1 212 \vdash 012 q_1 12 \vdash 0121 q_1 2 \vdash 01212 q_1 \vdash 0121 q_2 2 \vdash$
 $012 q_3 1 \vdash 01 q_4 2 \vdash 0 q_4 12 \vdash q_4 012 \vdash q_4 \square 012 \vdash q_0 012 \vdash q_1 12 \vdash 1 q_1 2 \vdash 12 q_1 \vdash 1 q_2 2 \vdash q_3 1 \vdash q_4 \vdash q_0 \vdash q_F$

2. Assignment:

Question (a) (turn the given CFG into CNF)

Given the CFG:

$$S \rightarrow XYZ \mid YZ$$
$$\mathbf{X} \rightarrow \mathbf{y}^{\mathbf{Y}} \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$Y \rightarrow \mathbf{y} \mid X$$
$$Z \rightarrow \mathbf{z}$$
$$W \rightarrow \mathbf{x}X \mid \mathbf{y}Y$$

2. step – remove unit productions: (2 points)

$$S \rightarrow XYZ \mid YZ$$
$$\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{y}^Y \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$Y \rightarrow y \mid \textcolor{red}{y}Y \mid \textcolor{red}{x}$$
$$Z \rightarrow \mathbf{z}$$
$$W \rightarrow \mathbf{x}X \mid \mathbf{y}Y$$

1. step – remove ϵ -productions: (1 point)

there are no such productions.

3. step – remove variables that don't produce strings of all terminals: (1 point)

there are no such variables.

4. step – remove »unreachable« variables:

variable W is »unreachable« (2 points)

$$S \rightarrow XYZ \mid YZ$$
$$\mathbf{X} \rightarrow \mathbf{y}^Y \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$\mathbf{Y} \rightarrow \mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{y}^{\mathbf{Y}} \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$Z \rightarrow \mathbf{z}$$

5. step – Chomsky Normal Form (CNF):

a) Terminals \rightarrow Variables: (2 points)

$$S \rightarrow XYZ \mid YZ$$
$$X \rightarrow AY \mid x$$
$$Y \rightarrow y \mid AY \mid x$$
$$Z \rightarrow \mathbf{z}$$
$$A \rightarrow y$$

b) »Shortening«: (2 points)

$$S \rightarrow XB \mid YZ$$
$$X \rightarrow AY \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$Y \rightarrow y \mid AY \mid \mathbf{x}$$
$$Z \rightarrow \mathbf{z}$$
$$A \rightarrow y$$
$$B \rightarrow YZ$$

CNF

Question (b) (use the CYK algorithm)

Is **xxyxz** in the language of the given CFG? (15 points)

No. The string **xxxyxz** is not in the language of the given CFG.

{ }				
{ }	{ S }			
{ }	{ }	{ S, B }		
{ }	{ }	{ X, Y }	{ S, B }	
{ X, Y }	{ X, Y }	{ A, Y }	{ X, Y }	{ Z }
x	x	y	x	z

3. Assignment:

Question (a) (reduction from MPCP to PCP)

MPCP to PCP reduction: (10 points)

idx_{MPCP}	MPCP	PCP	idx_{PCP}
1	(x , xy)	(x* , *x*y)	1
2	(xyz , z)	(x*y*z* , *z)	2
3	(zx , x)	(z*x* , *x)	3
4	(y , zx)	(y* , *z*x)	4
		(*x* , *x*y)	S1
		(\$, *\$)	F

Question (b) (solution to MPCP – and PCP)

The solution to the given MPCP is the index sequence 1, 4, 3, 1, 2 (shown below): (7 points)

Pair index	1	4	3	1	2	concatenated string
1 st element of pair	x	y	zx	x	xyz	→ xyzxxxxyz
2 nd element of pair	xy	zx	x	xy	z	→ xyzxxxxyz

The solution to the related PCP is the index sequence S1, 2, 3, 1, 4, F (shown below): (3 points)

Pair index	S1	4	3	1	2	F	concatenated string
1 st element of pair	*x*	y*	z*x*	x*	x*y*z*	\$	→ *x*y*z*x*x*x*y*z*\$
2 nd element of pair	*x*y	*z*x	*x	*x*y	*z	*\$	→ *x*y*z*x*x*x*y*z*\$

4. Assignment:

Question (a) (conversion to 3-CNF)

There are 3 Boolean variables, so direct conversion to 3-CNF is possible (using the truth table).

Truth table: (5 points)

A	B	C	AB + C
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	T
F	F	F	F

Falsifying variable assignments: (5 points)

(A = T, B = F, C = F),

(A = F, B = T, C = F),

(A = F, B = F, C = F).

Resulting expression in 3-CNF: (5 points)

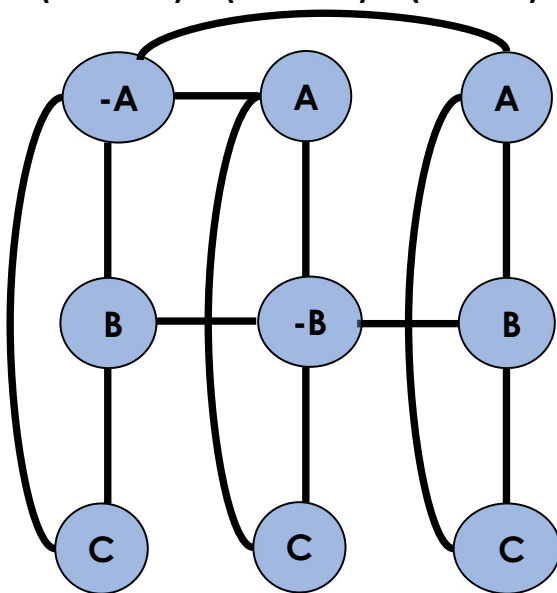
$(\neg A + B + C) (A + \neg B + C) (A + B + C)$

Question (b) (reduction from 3-SAT to VC)

Graph form the 3-CNF expression

(order of clauses changed to ease connecting variables with their negations): (5 points)

$(\neg A + B + C) (A + \neg B + C) (A + B + C)$



Select a truth assignment (A = F, B = F, C = T) and pick a true node in each column:

All the non-selected nodes form the node cover (green nodes) (5 points)

Budget = 6

