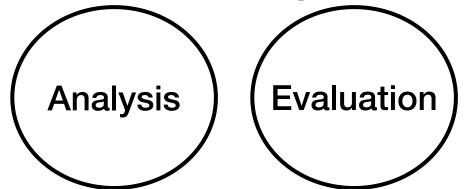
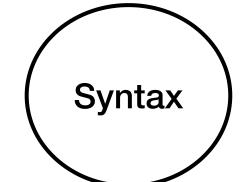
Core Design Concepts Discussed:



Static and Dynamic Semantics Analysis and Evaluation

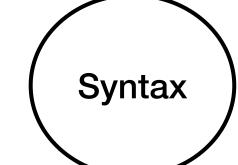
Harley Eades III

IffyLang

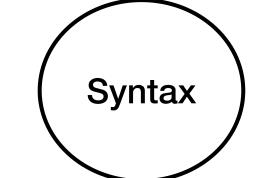


(Terms)
$$t \to x \mid T \mid F \mid if(t_1, t_2, t_3) \mid let(t_1, x \cdot t_2)$$



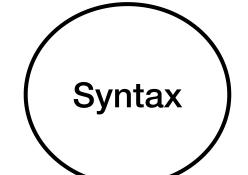


 $let(t_1, x.t_2)$

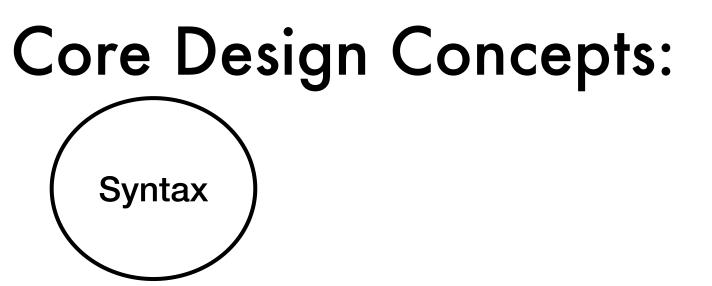


$$let(t_1, x, t_2)$$



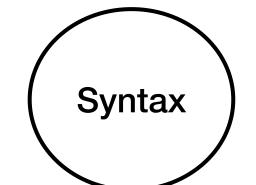


(Terms) $t \to x \mid T \mid F \mid if(t_1, t_2, t_3) \mid let(t_1, x \cdot t_2)$



Core Design Concepts:

Free and Bound Variables



Bound variable: A variable associated with a binder.

Free variable: A variable with no associated binder.

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

Bound variable: A variable associated with a binder.

$$let(T, x. if(x, F, x))$$

Free variable: A variable with no associated binder.

Bound variable:

A variable associated with a binder.

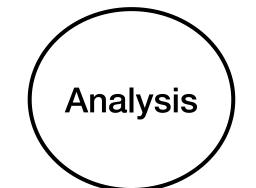
$$let(T, x. if(x, F, x))$$

Free variable:

A variable with no associated binder.

$$let(T, x. if(y, F, x))$$

Free Variable Function



$$FV(T) = \emptyset$$

$$FV(F) = \emptyset$$

$$\mathsf{FV}(x) = \{x\}$$

$$FV(if(t_1, t_2, t_3)) = FV(t_1) \cup FV(t_2) \cup FV(t_3)$$

$$FV(let(t_1, x . t_2)) = (FV(t_1) \cup FV(t_2)) - \{x\}$$

```
FV(let(x, x . if(x, T, T)))
  = (FV({x}) \cup FV(if(x, T, T))) - {x}
  = (FV({x}) \cup (FV(x) \cup FV(T) \cup FV(T)))) - {x}
  = (\{x\} \cup (\{x\} \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset)) - \{x\}
  = (\{x\} \cup \{x\}) - \{x\}
  = \{x\} - \{x\}
   =\emptyset
```

```
FV(let(x, y.if(y, T, T)))
  = (FV(x) \cup FV(if(y, T, T)))) - \{y\}
  = (FV(x) \cup (FV(y) \cup FV(T) \cup FV(T))))) - \{y\}
  = (\{x\} \cup (\{y\} \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset)) - \{y\}
  = (\{x\} \cup \{y\}) - \{y\}
  = \{x, y\} - \{y\}
   = \{x\}
```

α -Conversion





The renaming of bound variables so that they are distinct from the set of free variables.

α -Equlivalence

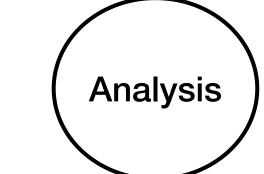




 $t_1 =_{\alpha} t_2$ if and only if t_1 can be α -converted into t_2

α -Equlivalence Classes

Core Design Concepts:

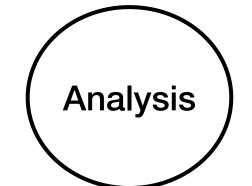


$$[t] = \{t' \mid t =_{\alpha} t'\}$$

We will now be working up to alpha-equivalence.

All operations, judgments, etc will be defined on α -equivalence classes.

Free Variable Function



$$FV(T) = \emptyset$$

$$FV(if(t_1, t_2, t_3)) = FV(t_1) \cup FV(t_2) \cup FV(t_3)$$

$$FV(F) = \emptyset$$

$$FV(let(t_1, x . t_2)) = (FV(t_1) \cup FV(t_2)) - \{x\}$$

$$\mathsf{FV}(x) = \{x\}$$

Substitution

$$[t_1/x]T = T$$

$$[t_1/x]F = F$$

$$[t_1/x]y = y$$
, if $x \neq y$

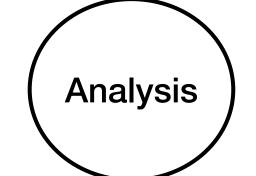
$$[t_1/x]x = t_1$$

$$[t_1/x]if(t_2, t_3, t_4) = if([t_1/x]t_2, [t_1/x]t_3, [t_1/x]t_4)$$

$$[t_1/x]$$
let $(t_2, y \cdot t_3)$ = let $([t_1/x]t_2, y \cdot [t_1/x]t_3)$

Variable Capture

```
[if(x, T, T)/x]let(T, x.x)
= let([if(x, T, T)/x]T, x.[if(x, T, T)/x]x)
= let(T, x.if(x, T, T))
```



Substitution

$$[t_1/x]T = T$$

$$[t_1/x]F = F$$

$$[t_1/x]y = y$$
, if $x \neq y$

$$[t_1/x]x = t_1$$

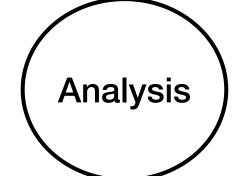
$$[t_1/x]if(t_2, t_3, t_4) = if([t_1/x]t_2, [t_1/x]t_3, [t_1/x]t_4)$$

$$[t_1/x] \operatorname{let}(t_2, y \cdot t_3) = \operatorname{let}([t_1/x]t_2, y \cdot t_3), \text{ if } x = y$$

$$[t_1/x] \operatorname{let}(t_2, y \cdot t_3) = \operatorname{let}([t_1/x]t_2, y \cdot [t_1/x]t_3), \text{ if } x \neq y$$

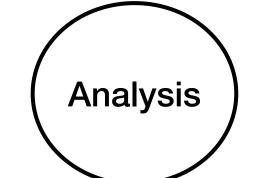
Variable Capture

$$[if(x,T,T)/x]let(T,x.x)$$
= ?



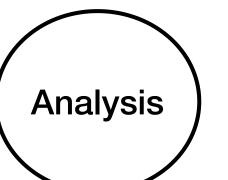
Variable Capture

```
[if(x, T, T)/z]let(T, y.y)
= let([if(x, T, T)/z]T, y.[if(x, T, T)/z]y)
= let(T, y.y)
```



Core Design Concepts:

Capture Avoiding Substitution



$$[t_1/x]T = T$$

$$[t_1/x]F = F$$

$$[t_1/x]y = y, \text{ if } x \neq y$$

$$[t_1/x]x = t_1$$

$$[t_1/x]if(t_2, t_3, t_4) = if([t_1/x]t_2, [t_1/x]t_3, [t_1/x]t_4)$$

$$[t_1/x] \operatorname{let}(t_2, y \cdot t_3) = \operatorname{let}([t_1/x]t_2, y \cdot [t_1/x]t_3), \text{ if } x \neq y$$

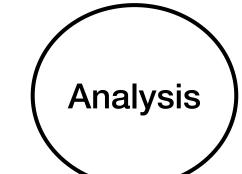
Static Semantics



Assigning a program a type.

Hypothetical Judgment





Hypothetical Judgments:

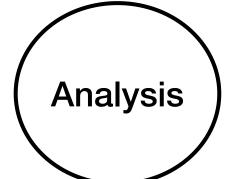
$$J_1, \ldots, J_i \vdash J$$

Typing Context:

$$\Gamma \rightarrow \emptyset \mid \Gamma, J$$

Static Semantics: Typing





$$x_j \in \{x_1, \dots, x_i\}$$
 $x_1 : \mathbb{B}, \dots, x_i : \mathbb{B} \vdash x_j : \mathbb{B}$
 $\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{T} : \mathbb{B}$

True

 $\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{F} : \mathbb{B}$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \mathbb{B} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : \mathbb{B} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if}(t_1, t_2, t_3) : \mathbb{B}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \mathbb{B} \qquad \Gamma, x : \mathbb{B} \vdash t_2 : \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let}(t_1, x \cdot t_2) : \mathbb{B}}$$
If

Static Semantics: Typing

$$x_1: \mathbb{B}, ..., x_i: \mathbb{B} \vdash x_j: \mathbb{B}$$
 $\Gamma \vdash T: \mathbb{B}$

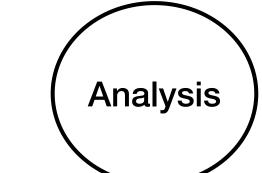
True

 $\Gamma \vdash F: \mathbb{B}$

$$\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \mathbb{B} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : \mathbb{B} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : \mathbb{B} \\
\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{if}(t_1, t_2, t_3) : \mathbb{B}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \mathbb{B} \quad \Gamma, x : \mathbb{B} \vdash t_2 : \mathbb{B} \\
\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{let}(t_1, x \cdot t_2) : \mathbb{B}$$
se

If $\emptyset \vdash t : \mathbb{B}$, then $FV(t) = \emptyset$



Dynamic Semantics

(Environment) $\delta \rightarrow \emptyset \mid \delta, x \Downarrow v$

$$x_1 \Downarrow v_1, ..., x_i \Downarrow v_i \vdash x_j \Downarrow v_j$$

$$S \vdash T \Downarrow T$$

$$\delta \vdash F \Downarrow F$$
False

$$\frac{\delta \vdash t_1 \Downarrow v_1}{\delta \vdash \det(t_1, x \cdot t_2) \Downarrow v_2} \stackrel{\text{Let}}{=}$$