



**Figure 1.15:** Action of a PID controller. At time  $t$ , the proportional term depends on the instantaneous value of the error. The integral portion of the feedback is based on the integral of the error up to time  $t$  (shaded portion). The derivative term provides an estimate of the growth or decay of the error over time by looking at the rate of change of the error.  $T_d$  represents the approximate amount of time in which the error is projected forward (see text).