

①

$$a) T=1 \Rightarrow \omega_0 = 2\pi$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) e^{-j\omega_0 k t} dt \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = e^{-t} \\ \omega_0 = 2\pi \end{array} \right\} a_k = \int_0^1 e^{-t(1+j2\pi k)} dt \Rightarrow a_k = \left. \frac{-1}{1+j2\pi k} e^{-t(1+j2\pi k)} \right|_0^1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 - e^{-(1-j2\pi k)}}{1 + 2k\pi j}$$

$$b) \text{LCM}(2\pi, 10\pi) = 10\pi \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{e^{j(10\pi t + \pi/6)} - e^{-j(10\pi t + \pi/6)}}{1 + \frac{1}{2}(e^{j2\pi t} + e^{-j(2\pi t)})} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{j}{2} e^{j(10\pi t + \pi/6)} + \frac{j}{2} e^{-j(10\pi t + \pi/6)} - \frac{j}{4} e^{j(12\pi t + \pi/6)} + \frac{j}{4} e^{j(8\pi t + \pi/6)} - \frac{j}{4} e^{j(8\pi t + \pi/6)} + \frac{j}{4} e^{-j(12\pi t + \pi/6)}$$

$$c) a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 (\delta(t) + \delta(t-1)) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 e^{-jk\omega_0 (t-1)} dt$$

$$2) a) a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \Rightarrow a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T_1}^{T_1} e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt = \frac{-1}{Tj\omega_0} e^{-jk\omega_0 t} \Big|_{-T_1}^{T_1} = \frac{\sin(j\omega_0 T_1)}{Tj\omega_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin(j\omega_0 T_1)}{Tj\omega_0} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} T_1 = \frac{1}{2}T \end{array} \right\} \frac{\sin(j\omega_0 \frac{T}{2})}{Tj\omega_0}$$

b) ?!

③ $\omega) \begin{cases} x(t) = a_k \\ x(-t) = a_{-k} \end{cases}$
 $Fs \begin{cases} x(1-t) = a_{-k} \cdot e^{j\omega_0 t} \xrightarrow{Fs} x(a_{-k} \cdot e^{j\omega_0 t}) + 1 \end{cases}$

\Rightarrow

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = a_k \xrightarrow{Fs} x^*(t) = a^*_{-k} \xrightarrow{Fs} x^*(2t) = a^*_{-k} \\ \xrightarrow{Fs} x^*\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) = a^*_{-k} \end{array} \right\} a^*_{-k} + a^*_{-k}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = a_k \xrightarrow{Fs} x\left(t + \frac{T_0}{2}\right) = a_k \cdot e^{j\omega_0 \frac{T_0}{2}} \\ T_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_0} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} \end{array} \right\} a_k e^{j\pi}$$

④ $x(t) = 3e^{j3t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{j2t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2t} + e^{j4t}$
 $\omega_0 = 1 \rightarrow T_0 = 2\pi$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \\ a_2 = \frac{1}{2} \\ a_3 = 3 \\ a_4 = 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

Total P = $\sum |a_k|^2 = \frac{1}{2} + 9 + 1 + 1 = 11.5$

⑤ $T = 6 \rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$

Real $\rightarrow a_k = a^*_{-k}$

$k \in \{\pm 2, \pm 1, 0\}$

$a_{-1} = a_1$

$x(t) = -x(t-3) \Rightarrow a_k = e^{-j\omega_0 k 3} a_k$

$k=0$	$a_{0,0}$	$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_{0,0} \\ a_{-2,0} \\ a_{2,0} \\ a_{1,0} = a_{-1} \end{array} \right\}$
$k=\pm 1$	$a_k = a_k$	
$k=\pm 2$	$a_k = 0$	

$$\int_{-3}^3 |a_1 e^{-\frac{j\pi}{3}t} + a_1 e^{\frac{j\pi}{3}t}| dt = |a_1| \int_{-3}^3 |e^{-\frac{j\pi}{3}t} + e^{\frac{j\pi}{3}t}| dt$$

$$\Rightarrow |2a_1| \int_{-3}^3 \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right) \right| dt \Rightarrow \frac{24}{\pi} |a_1| = 12\pi \Rightarrow a_1 = a_{-1} = \frac{\pi^2}{2}$$