

①

$$N_1: N = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi \times 10}{2\pi} = 10$$

$$N_2: N = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi \times 12}{20\pi} = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4 \Rightarrow 12 \text{ DT}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{a}[n] &= \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j\omega_k n} \\ a_k &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} \tilde{a}[n] e^{-j\omega_k n} \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} a_1 &= \frac{1}{10} \left(1 + \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{10}\right) \right) = 1 + \frac{1}{2j} \left(e^{j\frac{2\pi}{10}n} - e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{10}n} \right) \\ a_{k_1} &= \frac{1}{10} \sum \left(1 + \frac{e^{j\frac{2\pi}{10}n} - e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{10}n}}{2j} \right) e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{10}kn} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_2 &= 1 + \sin\left(\frac{20\pi}{12}n + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{20\pi}{12}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{20\pi}{12}\right) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{j\frac{20\pi}{12}n} + e^{-j\frac{20\pi}{12}n} \right) \\ a_{k_2} &= \frac{1}{12} \sum \left(1 + \frac{e^{j\frac{20\pi}{12}n} + e^{-j\frac{20\pi}{12}n}}{2} \right) e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{12}kn} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{k_1} = a_0 = 1$$

② $N=3 \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a[n] e^{-j\omega_k n} = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{k \in \langle N \rangle} a[n] e^{-j\omega_k n} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} a_0 &= 1 \\ a_1 &= \frac{1}{3} \left(e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{3}} + e^{-j2\frac{2\pi}{3}} \right) \\ a_{-1} &= \frac{1}{3} \left(e^{j\frac{2\pi}{3}} + e^{j2\frac{2\pi}{3}} \right) \end{aligned} \right. \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\text{LTI: } b_k = a_k H(e^{j\omega_k})$$

$$k=-1: b_{-1} = a_{-1} H(e^{j\omega_k}) \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} \frac{1}{3} \left(e^{j\frac{2\pi}{3}} + 2e^{j2\frac{2\pi}{3}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{9} e^{j\frac{2\pi}{3}} + \dots$$

③ $N=10$ ⑥

$a_{11}=5$ ①, $a_{-11}=5$ ②, $a_1=5$, $a_9=5$

$x(e^{j\omega}) \rightarrow \text{Even \& Real} \Rightarrow a_k = a_{-k} \text{ for } k \in \{1, 2, \dots\}$ ①

①, ②: $a_{11} = a_1 + a_{-1} = a_9 = 5$

$$\frac{1}{10} \sum_{n=0}^9 |a[n]|^2 = 50 \xrightarrow[\text{periodic}]{\text{Parseval}} \sum_{k=0}^9 a_k^2 = 50 \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} a_1, a_9 &= 5 \\ a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + a_6 + a_7 + a_8 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{All are } 0$$

$$a[n] = a_1 e^{j\omega n} + a_9 e^{j9\omega n} = 5 e^{j\frac{2\pi}{10}n} + 5 e^{j9\frac{2\pi}{10}n}$$

$A = \frac{1}{5}$
 $B = \frac{2\pi}{10}$ c.s.o

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$$b) \quad h[n] = (n+1)a^n u[n] = \underbrace{na^n u[n]}_{FT \downarrow} + \underbrace{a^n u[n]}_{FT \downarrow} = \frac{ae^{j\omega}}{(1-ae^{-j\omega})^2} \xrightarrow{a=\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{(1-(\frac{1}{4})e^{-j\omega})^2}$$

$$\frac{ae^{-j\omega}}{(1-ae^{-j\omega})^2} \quad \frac{1}{1-ae^{-j\omega}}$$

a)

$$h[n] = (\frac{3}{4})^n u[n] \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{(\frac{3}{4})e^{-j\omega}}{(1-(\frac{3}{4})e^{-j\omega})^2}$$

c) ?!

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a) $h[n] \approx \delta[n] \xrightarrow{FT} X(j\omega) = 1$

Then: $h[n] = \delta[n] + 3\delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2] + 4\delta[n-3] + \delta[n-4]$

b)

$$Z: (7-e^{-j\omega})(5+e^{-j\omega}) \Rightarrow \text{Then: } \frac{A}{5+e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{B}{7-e^{-j\omega}} = X(j\omega) \quad \begin{cases} A = -25 \\ B = 49 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{-25}{5+e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{49}{7-e^{-j\omega}} \xrightarrow{F\text{-pairs}} (\frac{1}{5})^{n-1} u[n] + (\frac{1}{7})^{n-1} u[n]$$

c)

$$\sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} \delta[n-k]$$

d)

$$F^{-1}_T h[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{j\omega n} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

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$$1) \quad y - \frac{1}{2}y[n-1] = x[n]$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} = \frac{\sum b_k e^{-jk\omega}}{\sum a_k e^{-jk\omega}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} \xrightarrow{\text{F-pairs}} h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$

$$\therefore Y(e^{j\omega}) = H(e^{j\omega})X(e^{j\omega})$$

$$i) \quad \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}\right)(1) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$

$$ii) \quad \text{Z-transform: } y[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-n_0} u[n-n_0]$$

$$iii) \quad Y(e^{j\omega}) = \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{4}e^{-j\omega}}\right) = \frac{A}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{B}{1 - \frac{3}{4}e^{-j\omega}}, \quad \begin{cases} A = -2 \\ B = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$y[n] = -2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + 3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n u[n]$$