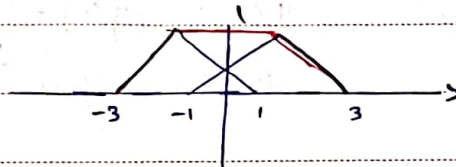


Keivan Ipeh Hagh

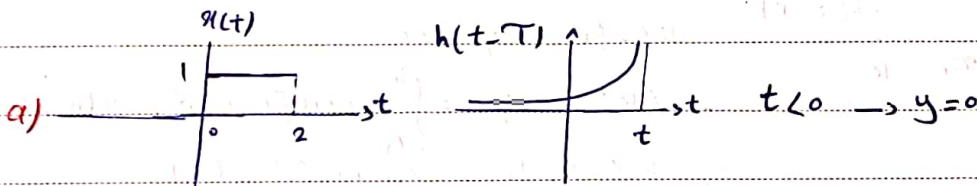
1/ $x(t) = u(t) - u(t-4)$ ①

Even $\{x(t)\} = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$

∴ $x(-t) = x(t+2)$ } $y_1(t) = \frac{y(t) + y(t+2)}{2} \xrightarrow{\text{①}} \frac{u(t) - u(t-4) + u(t+2) - u(t+2-4)}{2}$

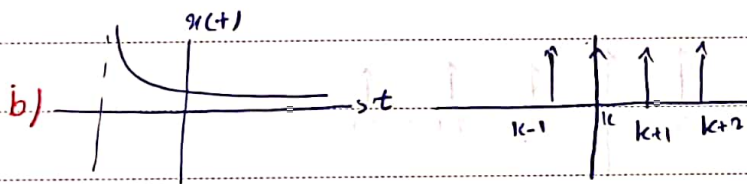


2/

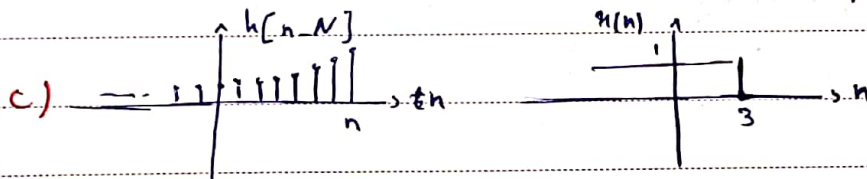


$0 < t < 2 \rightarrow y = \int_0^t e^{-2t} dt = \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-2t})$

$t \geq 2 \rightarrow y = \int_0^2 e^{-2(t-T)} dT = \frac{1}{2} (e^{2(2-t)} - e^{-2t})$

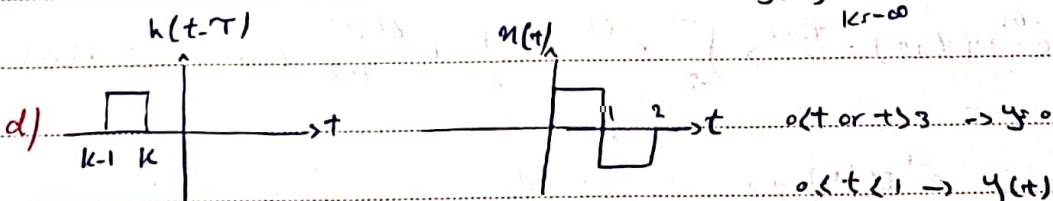


$x(t) * h(t) = \sum_{k=1}^{k+2} 3^{-n} (4k+2)$



$n < 3 \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n 5^{-(n-N)} \cdot x[k]$

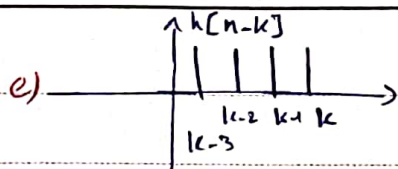
$n \geq 3 \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^3 5^{-(n-k)} \cdot x[k]$



$0 < t \text{ or } t > 3 \rightarrow y = 0$

$0 < t < 1 \rightarrow y(t) = t$

$2 < t < 3 \rightarrow y(t) = t-3$ $1 < t < 2 \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{t-1}^1 d\tau + \int_1^t d\tau = 3-2t$



$$k-3 \geq 3$$

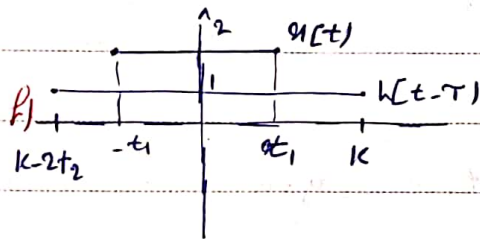
$$k \leq -1 \rightarrow y(t) = 0$$

$$0 \leq k \leq 2 \rightarrow y(t) = \sum_{k=0}^2 x[k] h[n-k]$$

$$k \geq 3 \rightarrow y(t) = 0$$

$$4 \leq k \leq 6 \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=4}^6 x[k] h[n-k]$$

$$k \geq 7 \rightarrow y(t) = 0$$



$$k < -t_1 \rightarrow y(t) = 0$$

$$-t_1 < k < t_1 \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{-t_1}^k x(t) h[t-T] dT = 2(k+t_1)$$

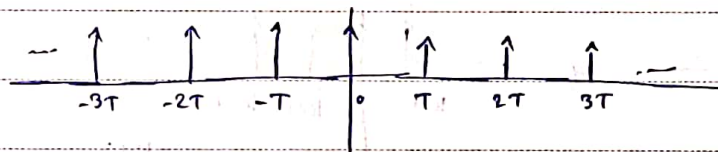
$$t_1 < k < 2t_2 - t_1 \rightarrow y(t) = 2(2t_1)$$

$$2t_2 - t_1 < k < 2t_2 + t_1 \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{k-2t_2}^{t_1} x(t) h[t-T] dT = 2(t_1 - k + 2t_2)$$

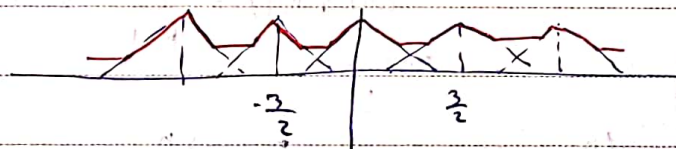
$$k > t_1 + 2t_2 \rightarrow y = 0$$

3

g)



h) $T \cdot \frac{3}{2}$



4

a) $h(t=-1) = e^6 u(1) \neq 0$ مقدار است

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-6t} u(t+2) dt \xrightarrow{t \rightarrow -2} \int_{-2}^{\infty} e^{-6t} dt = \left. \frac{-1}{6} e^{-6t} \right|_{-2}^{\infty} < \infty$$

b) $h(n=-1) = 2^{-1} u(4) \neq 0$ مقدار است

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 2^n u[3-n] = \sum_{n=-\infty}^3 2^n < \infty$$

c) $h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t-T) u(t-T) dT$

$h(t) = (t-T) u(t-T) \rightarrow h(t-1) = (-1-T) u(-1-T) \neq 0$ ~~سوال نهایی~~
 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (t-T) u(t-T) dT$

d) $h[-1] = 0.8^{-1} \neq 0$ ~~سوال نهایی~~

$\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} (0.8)^n = \sum_{-2}^{\infty} (0.8)^n = 2.8 + \frac{1}{0.2} < \infty$ ~~سوال نهایی~~

5)

i) $z[n] = x[n] + \frac{1}{2} z[n-1] \rightarrow x[n] = z[n] - \frac{1}{2} z[n-1]$

ii) $x[n] = \delta[n] \rightarrow z[n] = \frac{1}{2} z[n-1] + \delta[n] \rightarrow z[n=0] = 1$

$h_2(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & n < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2^n} & n \geq 0 \end{cases}$

$n=1 \rightarrow z = \frac{1}{2}$

$n=2 \rightarrow z = \frac{1}{4}$

$n \rightarrow z = \frac{1}{2^n}$

c) $y[n] = z[n-1] + \frac{1}{2} z[n]$

6) $y[n] = 0 \leftarrow \delta[n] = 0 \quad n=0 \rightarrow y[0] - 2y[-1] = \delta[0] \rightarrow y[0] = 1$

$n=1 \rightarrow y[1] + 2y[0] = \delta[1] \rightarrow y[1] = -2$

$n=2 \rightarrow y[2] + 2y[1] = \delta[2] \rightarrow y[2] = 4$

$y[n] = \begin{cases} 0 & n < 0 \\ (2)^n & n \geq 0 \end{cases}$