المسل (201.) کے سردہ کا کا سرتری ہے سال کا رہے۔ (201.) کے سرتری ہے سال کا رہے۔ (60-65 اللہ کے اللہ کا سال کا س

(60-55 1.) 400) ٠ معده ماني (١٥٠ - 16)

> _ أ مارد اسماً لات مرفعی این اند • كامش اعاد

مر شیرای : ا سلاله ی بردارنده

و مسادمانی

Subject:				
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				* سر دیژی بر سفر نصادیی است میزای سر مقدار آن ، بر نرادای موجردارد
······	•••••		**************************************	الله الله وترکی دید تصادی الله
			<u> </u>	م بدای سر متدار ال ، مِد تراداتی موجرداس
				معا دیر فیلن را بی پادر د
		(2-15-1	مها دم هم الی بارد مهد ریزی را سهدست مدار نسال می دهند
,			. تو بې د وفر سيدو	
	,	T X17	•••	
		X2		
	Χ =	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
. 1 h.	تر ا	X _n		
برادرد.ا				روی می نازی کا احتمال آمان اده می ساز. Function function = Prob { X \ x }
•••••			·································	ه سری سر عبی رسی این این این این این این این این این ای
, Pu	x) = Pro	bability	density	Function
		- ** **********************************		ه دارای می تابع مدریع مجهی ارت
٠	المدارة	114. A	ne kantulaksi.	· fuction - Dah (X x)
PCK	1 : 710000	<u>g</u>	is tit barne	1900
		, ,		
		.,		<u> </u>
5X	: Rande	m Var	·	[I] : Covarience Matrix of X
	: Rand			N: # of samples
_	: Deferr			C, M: # of classes
ł.,n	: Dimer	N 2121		wi bel of class is 1,, M
т.	Transpe	.xc		
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` O(*	1=Pm	ac .)	-Pab ()	<, <x,,, (x="" <="" <x,="" pab="" td="" x,="" α)<="" β.=""></x,,,>
	,). 5 (5.19)	rangille wiidii	F	Joint Distribute
				
9 Dx	(<u>(x)</u> = P,	<u>((2) =</u>	り(ぶ)	9 ar 9 ar 2 9 ar 4
. D.	· * \ - \ \ *	.~0 (D(**)	'آ ييمي	$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x, \dots, x_n) dx, \dots dx_n$
s17(∞ 	J	· J->
	ر د بای			
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* Wi . i= 1, ..., M

x ∈ w; -> x belongs to it class

P(x | W;) = P; (x)

conditional density function of class i

 $\star b^{\overline{X}}(\overline{x}) \equiv b(\overline{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^{M} b_i b_i(\overline{x})$

mixture (total) tensity function of X.

P: = Prob { w:}

a priori probability of wi (wilder)

+ P(w: 12) = 9. (2)

posterier probability of wi (wir dia)

+ P(w: , x)=P; p; (x) = P (w: 12). p(x)

 $q_{i}(x) = \Gamma(\omega_{i} \mid x) = \frac{P_{i} \cdot P_{i}(x)}{P(x)}$

μ i=1, 2

9, (x) 2 9, (x)

P. P(x) > P2. P2 (x)

P(x) = likliheed = P(x)

* $m = E \{X\}$ $G_{X}^{2} = E \{(X-m)^{2}\}$

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$$M = \mathbf{m} = \mathbf{E} \{ \mathbf{x} \mid \omega : \} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{p}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot d\mathbf{x}$$

$$mi = i^{+1}$$
 element of $E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \alpha_i \cdot p(x_i) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \alpha_i \cdot p(x_i) dx$

$$[c] = \left[\sum_{x} = E \left\{ (X - m)(X - m)^{T} \right\}$$

$$[c] = [\sum]_{x} = E\{(\underline{X} - \underline{m})(\underline{X} - \underline{m})^T\}$$

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$$\underline{X} = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}_{2\times 1} \qquad \underline{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \end{bmatrix}_{1\times 1}$$

$$P_{xy}(x_1, x_2, y_1) = \begin{cases} (x_1 + 3x_2) y_1 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

 $, \circ \langle x_1, x_2, x_3 \rangle$

- event $\frac{1}{2} \le \frac{1}{2}$ Prob $\{ Y \le \frac{1}{2} \} = \int_{0}^{1} \int_{-\infty}^{1/2} (x_1 + 3x_2) y_1 \cdot dx = \frac{1}{4}$

$$P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} P_{\underline{X}}\underline{y}(\underline{x},\underline{y}).d\underline{y} = \int_{0}^{1} (x_{1}+3x_{2}).y_{1}.d\underline{y},$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{, otherwise} \\ \frac{1}{2} & (x_1 + 3x_2) & \text{, of } x_1 \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

- . X & Y independent ? $\mathbb{P}^{\times \overline{\lambda}}$ $(\overline{\lambda}, \overline{\eta}) \stackrel{?}{=} \mathbb{P}^{\times}(\overline{\lambda}), \mathbb{P}^{\lambda}(\overline{\eta})$
 - · Symmetric
 - . Positive Definite

[I] Pr *

- · 151>0
- $\sum_{i=1}^{n} ex_{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} ex_{i} + \sum_{i=1}$
- · eigenvalues of [[] >0 ider use isin

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$$\hat{O}_{N}^{2} = \text{Var} \left\{ \hat{M} \right\}_{=}^{\infty} E \left\{ (\hat{M} - m)^{2} \right\} \\
= E \left\{ (\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_{i} - m)^{2} \right\} \\
= E \left\{ (\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{i} - m)) (\frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} (X_{j} - m)) \right\} \\
= E \left\{ (X_{i} - m) (X_{j} - m) \right\} \\
= E \left\{ (X_{i} - m) \right\}_{=}^{\infty} E \left\{ (X_{i} - m) \right\}_{=}^{\infty} \\
= \frac{1}{N^{2}} - N \cdot \omega^{2} = \frac{1}{N} \omega^{2}$$

ور Consistant Estimation : عبالا بردان تعداد غدات ، داريان برطوف صفر مل الله

$$= E\{X\} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i$$

... 💉 تخين أدن علابئه [[].

$$\hat{\alpha}^2 = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \overline{X})^2$$

$$E \left\{ \hat{\sigma}^{2} \right\} = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} E \left\{ X_{i} - \overline{X} \right\}^{2} \pm m$$

$$= \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \hat{\sigma}^{2} + \frac{1}{N} \hat{\sigma}^{2} - 2 E \left\{ (X_{i}-m)(\overline{X}-m) \right\} \right\}$$

P4PCO =
$$○^{2}$$

X

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 $\infty \left[\underbrace{X}_{i}^{2} - \left[\underbrace{\hat{\Sigma}}_{i}^{2} \right] = \underbrace{1}_{N} \sum_{i} \underbrace{N}_{i} \left(\underbrace{(X_{i} - \underline{m})(X_{i} - \underline{m})^{T}}_{i} \right)$

م راه کرنان می ا

[[] = [S] -mm

Gautocorrelation matrix

 $[\hat{S}] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \underline{X}_{i} \cdot \underline{X}_{i}^{T}$

Online hearning *

I terative hearning

Recursive Learning

Incremental Learning

وفتی می از دخرس نبا نشد دم رزی مرد

m = mean of x based on first N samples

 $\underline{M}_{N} = \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} \underline{\alpha}_{i} + \underline{\alpha}_{N} \right]$ $= \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} \underline{\alpha}_{i} + \underline{\alpha}_{N} \right]$

 $\frac{1}{N}\left(\frac{N-1}{N-1}\right) = \frac{1}{N} \propto \frac{1}{N} \propto N$

- N-1 - T - T - X - + 1 - X N

 $\underline{M}_{N} = \underline{M}_{N-1} + \frac{1}{N} \left(\underline{X}_{N} - \underline{M}_{N-1} \right)$ $\hat{\mu}_{N-1}$

$$\frac{m}{N} = \frac{m}{N-1} + \alpha \left(\frac{2}{N} - \frac{m}{N-1} \right)$$

[s]
$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{x_i}{x_i} \cdot \underline{x_i}^T$$

$$\left[\Sigma\right]_{N} = \left[(1-x)\left[S\right]_{N-1} + x \times_{N} \times_{N}^{\top}\right] - \left[-\right]^{\top}$$

$$\left| \left[\Sigma \right]_{N=1} + \left(1-\alpha \right) \left[\sum_{n=1}^{N} + \alpha \left(\frac{1}{N} - \frac{m}{N} \right) \left(\frac{1}{N} - \frac{m}{N} \right)^{T} \right| \left(\frac{1}{N} - \frac{m}{N} \right)^{T}$$

$$[S]_{N}^{-1} = \frac{1}{1-\alpha} \left([S]_{N-1}^{-1} - \alpha \cdot \frac{[S]_{N-1}^{-1} \times_{N} \cdot X_{N}^{\top} \cdot [S]_{N-1}^{-1}}{1+\alpha \left(X_{N}^{\top} \cdot [-1]_{N-1}^{-1} \cdot X_{N}^{\top} - 1 \right)} \right)$$

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T. [S] = initial inverse matrix [S]

 $II \cdot w = [S]^{-1} \cdot x$

. III. Update Equation

 $[S]_{\kappa}^{-1} = \frac{1}{1-\kappa} \left([S]_{\kappa-1}^{-1} - \kappa + \frac{\omega \omega^{\top}}{1+\kappa (\omega^{\top} \underline{X}_{\kappa} - 1)} \right)$

 $\tilde{\Sigma} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\underline{X}_{i} - \hat{\underline{A}})(\underline{X}_{i} - \hat{\underline{M}})^{T}$

 $= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - w_i)(x_i - w_i)^{\top} (\hat{M}_i - \hat{M}_i)(\hat{M}_i - \hat{M}_i)^{\top}$

بالريش امير رياضي

 $\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\Sigma} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} (\underline{x}_{i-m})(\underline{x}_{i-m})^{T}$

به سریل مطی مدت : کامن اها در داری / بدست آردن نب خاصت در های صبه

 $\underline{Y}_{mx} = [a] \underline{X}_{mx}$

[a] = nxm

$$Y = [a]^T X$$

$$E \{ Y \} = m_Y = [a]^T E \{ X \}$$

$$m_Y = [a]^T m_X$$

$$cov \{Y\} = [\Sigma]_{\gamma} = E \{(Y - m_{\gamma})(Y - m_{\gamma})^{\dagger}\}$$

$$= E \{[a]^{T}(X - m_{\chi})(X - m_{\chi})^{\dagger}[a]\}$$

$$= [a]^{T} E \{-\} [a]$$

$$[\Sigma]_{\gamma} = [a]^{T}[\Sigma]_{\chi}[a]$$

$$\underline{X} : N(\underline{M}_{X}, [\Sigma]_{X})$$

$$\underline{D(\underline{X})} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2} |\Sigma|^{n/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}d^{2}(\underline{x})\right\}$$

$$d^{2}(X) = (X - m_{x})^{T} [\Sigma]_{x}^{-1} (X - m_{x})$$

$$d_{y}^{2}(3) = (y - y)^{T} [\Sigma]_{y}^{2} (y - y)$$

$$= (x - x)^{T} [a][a]^{T} [\Sigma]_{x}^{2} ([a]^{T})^{T} [a]^{T} (x - y)$$

$$= (x - x)^{T} [\Sigma]_{x}^{2} (x - y)$$

under linear transformation, distance is preserved.

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⇒ 3F = 2 [E] = 2 - 2 M E = 0 = [I] Z = M Z ⇒ III Z · 1 Z = | [\(\tau\)] \(\times\) \(\time

سردار ویره

$$|[\Sigma]_{x} - \lambda[I]| = 0 \rightarrow \lambda = ? \quad (\text{e.s.})$$

$$([\Sigma]_{x} - \lambda[I]) = 0 \rightarrow \Phi = ? \quad (\text{e.s.})$$

$$\Phi := \text{eigen vector corresponding to } \lambda :$$

Di= eigen vector corresponding to 2:

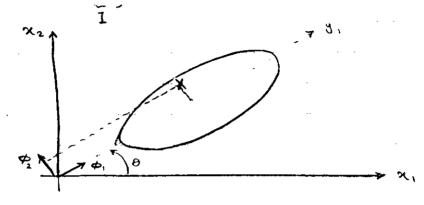
> Orthogonal

\ \ \phi \ \ \d × I,

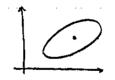
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$$\frac{Y}{Y} = [\phi]^{\top} \underline{X}$$

$$\underline{Y} = [\phi_1 \quad \phi_2 \quad \cdots \quad \phi_n]^{\top} \underline{X}$$



- coordinate transfermation
- diagnolize [[]

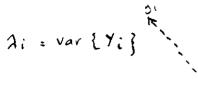


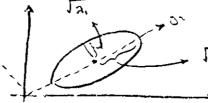




Y = [4] TX [2] - [2] $\|X\|_{\sigma}^{2} + X_{\Delta} X = ([\phi]_{\Delta} X)_{\Delta} ([\phi]_{\Delta} X) = X_{\Delta} [\phi]_{\Delta} [\phi]_{\Delta} = X_{\Delta} X = \|X\|_{\sigma}$

. In orthonormal transformation, distance is preserved.





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 $[\Sigma]$, [3]

$$d^{2}(y) = \frac{(y_{1} - m_{1}y)^{2}}{\lambda_{1}} + \frac{(y_{2} - m_{2}y)^{2}}{\lambda_{2}} + \frac{(y_{n} - m_{n}y)^{2}}{\lambda_{n}} = C$$

ø,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{1} \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} & \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{N_0}} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{N_0}} = \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}d^2(y)\right\} = K$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Sigma \end{bmatrix}_{\times} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|[\Sigma] + \lambda[I]|, 0 \longrightarrow \lambda_1, 3, \lambda_2, 1$$

$$([\Sigma], [1]) \phi, z([2, 2], [1, 0]) \phi z [2, 1] \phi, z[0]$$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \\ \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2}} \end{bmatrix} : \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2}} \end{bmatrix} : \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

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Whitening Transformation x

$$Y \cdot [\alpha]^T \times [\Sigma]_{y^*} [I]$$

$$[\alpha]_{x^*} [\phi][\lambda]^{-1/2}$$

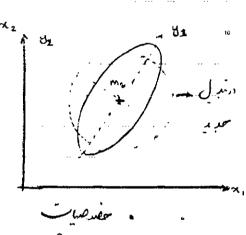
$$[\phi]_{\pm}$$
 eigen vector matrix of $[\Sigma]_{x}$

$$[\Sigma]_{Y}$$
. $[\alpha]^{\top}[\Sigma][\alpha]$

$$= ([\phi][\lambda]^{-\frac{1}{2}})^{\top}[\Sigma]_{\times}([\phi][\lambda]^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

=
$$[\lambda]^{-1/2} [\phi]^{-1} [\Sigma]_{x} [\phi] [\lambda]^{-1/2}$$

$$= [\lambda]^{-1/2} [\lambda] [\lambda]^{-1/2}$$



$$([\phi][\underline{\lambda}]^{-1/2})^{T}([\phi][\underline{\lambda}]^{-1/2}) = [\underline{\lambda}]^{-1/2} [\phi]^{T}[\phi][\underline{\lambda}]^{-1/2} = [\underline{\lambda}] + [\underline{\lambda}]$$

III. After a whitening transformation, the covariance matrix is invariant under any orthonormal transformation.

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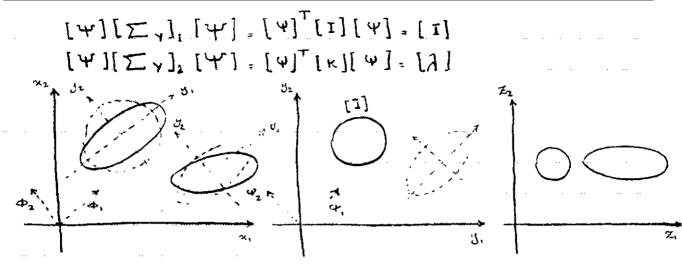
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Y. [a] X	
	whitening transformation
<u>Z</u> = [a] ^T Y	
[\(\Sigma\)\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	orthonormal transfermation
	transformation matrix
$[Y]^{T}[\Sigma]_{Y}$	[Y] . [I]
Simultaneous Diagonalization	. تطرکر مردن رو مرس رب:
	4
$\left[\sum_{\alpha}\right]_{2}\longrightarrow\left[\lambda\right]$	
1. Find eigen value matrix an	d eigen vector matrix of $[\Sigma]$, then apply
•	
$[\Phi] = \text{eigen vector of } [\Sigma]$	4
[A] = eigen value of [A]	1
<u>y = [a] </u>	
[a], [a][p]-1/2	
	-'/2 = [I]
$[\mu]^{-\gamma_2}[\phi]^{\top}[\Sigma]_{\gamma}[\phi][\mu]$	-1/2 = [K]
[K] is not diagonal in	gers(al
2. final eigen value matrix &	eigen vector matrix of [k]
Z= [a], Y	
$[a]_{i}^{T} \equiv [\Psi] \equiv eigen$	vector matrix of [k]
$[\lambda] = eigen$	value matrix of [k]

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سل المى ملى ملى سازى مرسال

Theorem ,

$$[\Sigma],$$
 $[I]$ $[\lambda] = diagonal [\lambda_1, ..., \lambda_n]$

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Decision Function			تدابع تقميم لمسيب	-X
*2	(Discrime	nent Function	ه توابع نماني (ه	
cature 2	(x x	» or		
w) x	x \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	* * *)		······································
	* * *		x, feature 1	
		d (x)		
d(x) + a, x, + a2x2 +		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
d(x) >0 bel	$\left\{\begin{array}{cc} \omega_1 & \omega_2 \\ \end{array}\right\} \Rightarrow$		o	
M - class problem	x, x,	32(2)	<u>Classificatio</u>	. ω ₁ .(9/1
······································				
	feature values	3, (x)		
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<u>√</u> € ω;	M-class Problem .z
γ > ο <u>α</u> ε ω i	
di(x) = { < 0	
	ن از کاس j
$\binom{M}{2} = \frac{M(M-1)}{2}$	
1 C ω	,.
>0 × E W.	
d; (x) = { ζο χεω;	
dij(x) = dii(x)	
$d_{12}(\underline{x}) = x_1 + x_2 + 5$	$d_{13}(\underline{x}) = d_{23}(\underline{x})$
dr3 (X)= - ×1+3	(A)2
$d_{23}(X) = -x_{1+x_2}$	+032
class I, $d_{12}(X) > 0$, $d_{13}(X) > 0$ class II, $d_{21}(X) > 0$, $d_{23}(X) > 0$	1 1 2 3 31
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+dz1
class \mathbb{H} : $d_{21}(\mathbb{R}) > 0$, $d_{32}(\mathbb{R}) > 0$, $d_{32}(\mathbb{R}) > 0$, $d_{31}(\mathbb{R})$ $d_{21}(\mathbb{R}) > 0$, $d_{23}(\mathbb{R}) > 0$	(0 +d ₁₃ +d ₃₁ +d ₁₂ d ₁₂ (x)
6, d2, (x)>0, d23(2	:)<-
(d,3(x)),d,(x	±)<0
	rìk "II.
M Decision Function	
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in class :

di (2) = Wis

+ linear function

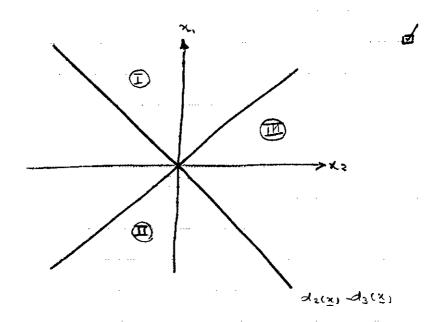
<u>κ</u>εω;

طزری اردی نابع که سدی ست رجد.

dij (x)=di(x)_di (x)>0
= wi Tx = wi Tx = (wi - wi) Tx = wij x

 $d_1(\frac{x}{2}) = -x_1 + x_2$ $d_2(\frac{x}{2}) = x_1 + x_2 - 1$ $d_3(x) = -x_2$

W1: d1>d2, d1>d7 W2: d2>d3 .d27d1 W3: d3>d1, d3>d2



مسن این روش است به IR و حدد ندارد. کمر ساخی مد دوی مرد ا مار دارند

Classifiers X Minimum Distance Classifier.
a unknown vector
$ \overline{Z}_{k} = \text{representative of } W_{k} $ $ \overline{D}(\underline{X}, \omega_{k}) = \overline{D}(\underline{X}, \underline{Z}_{k}) $
city block : $Di = x - Z = \int (x_1 - Z_1^k)^2 + \dots + (x_n - Z_n^k)^2$
$D^{2}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Z}) = (\chi_{1} - \mathcal{Z}_{1}^{k})^{2} + (\chi_{1} - \mathcal{Z}_{1}^{k})^{2}$ $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\chi_{i} - \mathcal{Z}_{1}^{k})^{2}$
$D^{2}(X, Z_{R})$. Distance between $X \& W_{R}$ $= X - Z_{R} ^{2}$ $= (X - Z_{R})^{T} (X - Z_{R})$
$= \frac{x^{T}x}{x^{T}} = \frac{x^{T}z}{x^{T}} = \frac{x^{T}z}$
Classifier: $\underline{x} \in \omega_{K}$ if $\underline{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (\underline{x}_{i} + \underline{x}_{i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (\underline{x}_{i} + x$
ابن حبرسینه نامت است اس ان حدث می در حداث نابع طاهدر.
$D^{2}(X, \omega_{K}), \min \left[-2 X^{T}Z; + Z; Z; \right]$ $= \max \left[2 X^{T}Z; - Z; Z; \right]$
$d_{K}(2) = 2^{T} Z_{K} - \frac{1}{2} Z_{K}^{T} Z_{K}$

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$$\underline{x} \in \omega_k$$
 $d_k(\underline{x}) > d_j(\underline{x}) \quad \forall j \neq k$ $d_{kj}(\underline{x}) = d_k(\underline{x}) - d_j(\underline{x})$

$$\frac{\alpha}{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_n \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha'}{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \alpha_1 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{w} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 \\ \vdots \\ \omega_n \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{w}' : \begin{bmatrix} \omega_2 \\ \vdots \\ \omega_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d(X): W^{T}X}{W_{0:1} - \frac{1}{2} Z_{K}^{T} Z_{K}}$$
weight $2 \times W_{0:1} - \frac{1}{2} Z_{K}^{T} Z_{K}$

$$d_{k}(X), \quad \underline{W}_{k}(X), \quad \underline{X}^{T}\underline{Z}_{k} - \frac{1}{2}Z_{k}Z_{k}$$

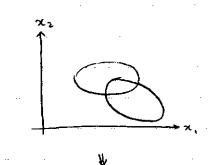
$$d_{kj}(X) = d_{k}(X) - d_{j}(X) \qquad \qquad j,k \quad \underline{U}_{k} \quad \underline{aid}_{k}$$

$$= \underline{X}^{T}(Z_{k} - \underline{Z}_{j}) - \frac{1}{2}(Z_{k}^{T}Z_{k} - \underline{Z}_{j}^{T}Z_{j}^{T})$$

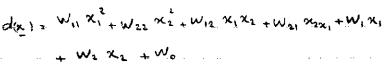
$$= \underline{\mathcal{Z}}^{+}(\mathcal{Z}_{k}-\mathcal{Z}_{j}) - \frac{1}{2}(\mathcal{Z}_{k}-\mathcal{Z}_{j})^{T}(\mathcal{Z}_{k}+\mathcal{Z}_{j})$$

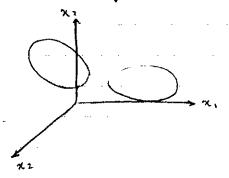
Viconvex Last un fost in the ایم می دورد دارند می که ایر داده ۱ دارای تربع نرمال بانسند ک

آیا واده ٤ سرطد حطی حدا نرسیسند ؟



Generalized Dicision Function d(x)=W, f,(x) + W2 f2(2) + ...+Wk fx(x)





$$\begin{array}{c} \chi_1^2 \longrightarrow f_1(\chi_1) \\ \chi_2^2 \longrightarrow f_2(\chi_1) \\ \chi_1\chi_2 \longrightarrow f_2(\chi_1) \end{array} \Longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} \chi_1^* & \left[f_1(\chi_1) \\ f_2(\chi_1) \\ \vdots \\ f_k(\chi_l) \end{array} \right]$$

· quadratic

 $d(x) = \sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{jj} x_{j}^{2} + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} \sum_{k=j+1}^{n} W_{jk} x_{j}^{2} x_{k} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{j} x_{j}^{2} + W_{n+1}$

(n+r)!

: rearder, n=D colorder

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M. 2 C. 2	Nw 1 6	₫
	Nw+10	
	Νω: 35	
$\frac{\alpha}{2}$, $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\alpha}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$	+ x ^T b + C	
[A]. (Odk) -	Wij = ajj j.1,, n	
	Wjk = 2 Ojk j' · k,, n i≠ k Wj · s bj Wn+1 = C	
L lalal 4	-> typer sphere	
. (A) > 0	- hyper elepsoid	
* [A] > ∞	- hyper elepsoid cylenderical	,,
<u></u>		
		······································

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Statistical Discriminant Function

🗴 ترابع عائز ۱۰۰۰ ی

Hypothesis Test for 2-I class

Bayes Eq. -> grillet

P(w, 1 x) = 9, (x) = P1 F1(4)

Pr = P(wi) = Prob { 4ii} is 1,2 - under aprice; prob. of will P((x) = P(x | wi) > wi usb us de die de pay) = \(\sum_{int}^{Milk} \quad \text{Pi.p. (x)} \) ت بع مای اصال کی

Bayes Classifier:

ox unknown

9,(E) 2, 9,(E)

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.I.

Pers, liklified function : FICKI > P(X) > P2

 $\frac{P_{i} \cdot P_{i}(x)}{P_{i}(x)} \geq \frac{P_{i} \cdot P_{i}(x)}{P_{i} \cdot P_{i}(x)} \implies P_{i} \cdot P_{i}(x) \geq \frac{P_{i}}{P_{i}} \cdot P_{i}(x)$

him) = Ln Eixi = Ln P2 (x) = Ln P, (x) \longrightarrow Ln $(\frac{P_1}{P_2})$ is statistical discriminant function ω_1

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				.
X with binary	valued elemen	nts & indep	endent	-
<u>x</u> = [x,	•			
2 - class proble			••••	
Prob { x : 1	w1] = P;			
Pab { x; : 0		•		
Prob { 26 = 1	1 4. 3 . 9;		······································	
Pab { xi ; 0	1ω2] + 1-	q:	······································	
P (1 w:)=P				
P(x1 wi) = 17	(P;)	(1-P;) ¹	%:	
p (* 1ω2) + T	(4:12)	(1-9;)		
P(x), P(x)	TT (P:')**(1 - Di) 1-xi	3. C	2
<u> डिक्</u>	TT (9;1) xi (1-9:11-2:	P	
Ln e(x) = Ln.	$\frac{\mathcal{P}_{(\vec{x})}}{\mathcal{P}_{(\vec{x})}} = \sum \left[$	α; Ln (<u>F</u>	$\frac{2i}{i}$ + $(1-xi)$	Ln 1-Di) + Ln Pi X
h(x) = \(\sum_{in}\)	[x; L, P;'(1-9:1) + L	, <u>1-9; </u>]+ L	, <u>P</u> ,
	9:0	(1-P; ')	****	
				ک میرید
x: 2 de	조) = 씨 <u>*</u>	w = \ w,	agumen	ted weight vector
(xn)		\ w_		
			ယ _၊	
h(x) . w x .	\sum_{i} χ_{i} ω_{i}	+ W0 }	<u> </u>	
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 $\frac{X}{x}$ with 3-valued elements & independent $x_i = 1, 0, -1$ h(x): ?

2 - class problem

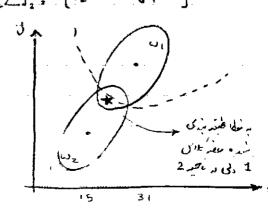
$$\underline{X} : \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\underline{X} : [x]$
 $\underline{X} : [x]$

 $|\Sigma|_{a} |\delta_{x}^{2} |\delta_{y}^{2} | (1 - P_{xy}^{2})$

$$p(x,y|w;), \frac{1}{2\pi \delta_{x} \delta_{y} \sqrt{1-\beta_{xy}^{2}}} exp \left\{ \frac{-1}{2(1-\beta_{xy}^{2})} \left[\left(\frac{x-m_{x}}{\delta_{x}} \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{y-m_{y}}{\delta_{y}} \right)^{2} \right] \right\}$$

[[] x. | fry. 6y. 5x. 6y]

$$P_1 = P(\omega_1) = 0.8$$
 $m_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 26 \\ 85 \end{bmatrix}$



 m_2 ; $\binom{22}{70}$ f_{xy}^2 ; 0.5

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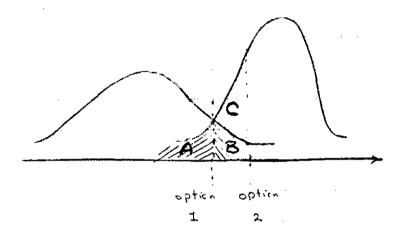
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6,2 = 622	612 614		
6.4 > 6.4	622 624		
f. f2 = 0	P.=P2:0		
//	سبب مر		
ω_1	(w ₁)		$\left(\begin{array}{c} \omega_1 \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \omega_2 \end{array}\right)$
tice) ~ parabolic	his ~ elipsoid	hiz) - flyper bolic
			منطای طبته نبری
1-D	······································		Wi
2-Class problem			
		Х	······
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1 0 i 1 2 0 16 ies		m,	// M2
		Region 1	Region 2
E. Probability of	Error	······································	»
P, p, (2) Z P, P			
wi	- کان -	أغرال م	
E. [P. P. (1) . d 2	ſ		<u></u>
/R ₂			
= P. Ja, p.(x).dx	$+$ \mathcal{P}_2 $\int_{\mathcal{R}_1} \mathcal{P}_2$	(x).dx	
. P. E. + P. 8	2		

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hiz) = - hn. ein 2.0

سنج عدود المعلم من المعلم المن المعلم المن المستد ين تابع محيية المات، سول:



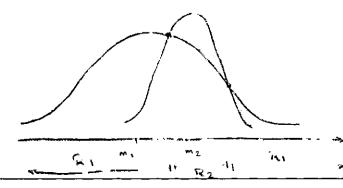
option 2: E = A+B+ C

option 1 / -> Bayes /

ان هنه دا باراهی ایات باسد.

 $h(X) = -hn f(X) = hn F_2(X) - hn f(X)$ $hn \frac{F_1}{F_2}$ files ___ hundon Variable بالحاسب حلى الايم عيال حلى منهم لل الله المريد برت س

2. P. JR. PH (RIW.). 18 + P2. J. PH (RI NE). OF أيرال ماندي 😽 در الله المين المعين المع الله المسادر المعين المعي

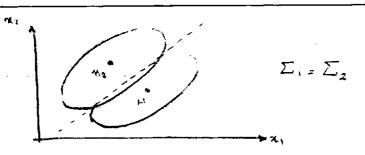


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eixs	P ₂ (<u>x</u>)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{P_1}}$	THE .			
£(x) =	_hn t	(2) . L. P.	(8) _ Ln F	$V(x) \geq \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_i} L$	P2	
						ø
			roblem P			
		<u>e</u> (x) = <u>1</u> (<u>α</u> _~,) [†] [Σ],'(<u>x-m</u> .)	· ·	``1,2
			$\frac{\alpha}{n} = \frac{\alpha_2}{ \Sigma } [\Sigma]$			
	LZ A	2, /)			رنم تبع زيل
D		<u></u>	ω, ω,		<u> </u>	کررار ، بس ای سَنارت ار نسفل عامع حدا کنده در کوشی کی کست
	L(x)=(Ξ], - [Σ] , [†] [$\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x + \frac{1}{2}$	(m, [E]m,	_metΣj	(m2) & L. P.
₂₅ 1	h(x)	wx + w.		.,,		W,

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Cij . fij . 6; . 6j

toeplitz __ [
$$\Sigma$$
]: = $\frac{1}{1-\frac{p^2}{p^2}}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{p}{p^2} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{p}{p^2} & 1+\frac{p}{p^2} & -\frac{p}{p^2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{p}{p^2} & -\frac{p}{p^2} & -\frac{p}{p^2} \end{bmatrix}$

$$|\Sigma| = (1-\frac{p^2}{p^2})^{n-1}$$

 $h(x) = hn e(x) = \left(\frac{1+P_1^2}{1-P_2^2} - \frac{1+P_2^2}{1-P_2^2}\right) \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 - \left(\frac{P_1^2}{1-P_2^2} - \frac{P_2^2}{1-P_2^2}\right) (x_1^2 + x_2^2)$ - (2 P1 - 2 P2) \ \(\frac{2 P2}{1 - P2} \) \(\frac{2 P2}{1 - P2} \) +(n-1) $Ln \frac{1-P_1^2}{1-P_2^2}$ $Ln \frac{F_1}{P_2}$

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<u> </u>	- 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 1	7 *			
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5		ىك	المرابير در طوريد	<i>حالب</i> دادل	·) ×
	of deciding	•	•		
	of deciding				
	of deciding				
C12 + Cost	of deciding	$\chi \in \omega_1$	when xec	32	
10					
Cij -	i, true	class	j: decision		
C+2 > C++		> C 12		يند براي	ما م
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		X		\	
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2 r = E { Cost	}> Tom	ilaimize		r	
r : [c, P,	1 (2) 9x + C	P P. (x)	du , [c, P2.	P2 (3) d3 + (22 P2 P2 (x) dx
<i>B</i> /	 ቪ ₁ _		J By		
= [{c,	Par C. P.	P. (X) ? d ?	. [{c40P101	(n) <u>C., P.</u> () (x) } dx
) (, 2, g, + C2, P2		- ' (00 - 01-	x _,)
					
25 U =] P+(×)	qx = 1 - 26.	(x) & x		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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Subject:

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3 - + to be minimized r = arg min { j 3 cz) . dz } r - to be minimized

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1 1 1 1 1 의소 (조) 수 전도

₽

(C2, -C21) P2 P2 (3) (C12-C11) Pr Free!

- threshild Pr (C2, - C22) で (いっし) ひ (T) (Tag (R) (S) * (ぶ)

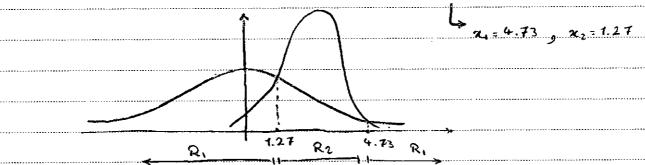
Year Month Date 22

 $P(x | \omega_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{3})} = \frac{1}{5} (x | \omega_1) = 0 \quad \text{var} \{x | \omega_1\} = 0$

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2}(x-2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{$

 $P_1 \cdot P_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$ $C_{11} \cdot C_{22} \cdot 0$ $C_{21} \cdot 1$ $C_{12} \cdot \sqrt{3}$

 $\frac{1}{2} \frac{\chi^2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} (\chi^{-2})^2 \gtrsim \emptyset \qquad \qquad 2\chi^2 - 12\chi + 12 \gtrsim \emptyset$



The Neyman - Pearson Test و اراع منظ در نصبم کری

E2. P2(x). dx

Minimize E, Subject to Ezz Co

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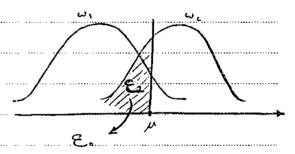
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= (1-
$$\mu$$
 \(\mathcal{E}_c\), \(\int\) \(\mathcal{P}_s(\bar{x}) - \mathcal{P}_s(\bar{x})\), \(\delta \bar{x}\)
\(\text{ctc}\) \(\text{right}\) \(\delta \cdot\) \(\delta \cdot\)

$$P_{1}(x) \geqslant \mu \cdot P_{2}(x) \rightarrow e(x) \cdot \frac{P_{1}(x)}{P_{2}(x)} \geqslant \mu$$

E₁ =
$$\left\{ P_{1}(x) \right\} dx = E_{0} \Rightarrow cte$$

Lagrange Multiplier $\mu' = \lambda u$.



$$[\Sigma,] = [\Sigma]_2 \implies f(\Sigma) = (\underline{m}_1 - \underline{m}_1)^T [\Sigma]^{-1} \times I_{\underline{L}} (\underline{m}_1^T [\Sigma]^{\underline{m}_2} - \underline{m}_1^T [\Sigma]^{\underline{m}_2}) \ge L_{\underline{R}}^{\underline{R}}$$

$$e_{(X)}, \frac{P_{i(X)}}{P_{i(X)}} \underset{\omega_{i}}{\overset{\omega_{i}}{\nearrow}} \mu \Rightarrow f_{i(X)}, \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\right)^{T} \underset{X}{\times} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, -\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \underset{\omega_{i}}{\nearrow} -Ln \mu$$

 $C_{21} \cdot C_{12} \qquad \Rightarrow P_{1}(x) \cdot dx \Rightarrow P_{2}(x) \cdot dx \Rightarrow E_{1} \cdot E_{2}$ $R_{2} \qquad R_{1}$

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Reciever Operating Characteristic (ROC) *
E,: [p,(x), d x .
$\mathcal{E}_{\lambda} = \int P_{\lambda}(x) \cdot dx$ R_{λ}
E: Error Probability Type (i)
ω1. Positive Class False Negative Rate (FNR)
Wz: Negative Class False Positive Rate (FPR)
Radar
w Target Missed Detection
wa: Noise False Alarm
1-E, (Detection)
Detection: 1-En 1
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Ez (False A
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a, m, m, 1 , w
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Δ΄ ε, ω,
// \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \
w'2 m.s
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E. (Detection)	Roc jev.
a:d1 d20	d= m1-m2
1	
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الر لا سفر نصادنی بارد ، عاصله نیز سفیر نصادی می سرد

 $\mathcal{D}^2 : (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{m}_+)^{\mathsf{T}} [\Sigma]_+ (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{m}_+)$

whitening die

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$$\Rightarrow \quad E\{Z\}. \quad \emptyset \quad , \quad cov\{Z\}. \quad [I]$$

$$D^{2}. \quad Z^{T}Z$$

$$Z: \quad Z: \quad \Rightarrow \quad D^{2}. \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} Z^{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad Z: \quad are \quad uncurrelated$$

$$E\{D^2\}$$
, $E\{Z^TZ\}$, $E\{\Sigma^n, Z^n\}$, $E\{Z^n\}=n$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Var} \left\{ D^{2} \right\} &: & E \left\{ \left(D^{2} \right)^{2} \right\} - E^{2} \left\{ D^{2} \right\} \\ &: & \sum_{i} \left\{ Z_{i}^{i} \right\} + \sum_{j} E \left\{ Z_{i}^{i} Z_{j}^{i} \right\} - E^{2} \left\{ D^{2} \right\} \\ &: & i \neq j \end{aligned}$$

if $Z_i & Z_j$ are independent var $\{D^i\}$: $n \in \{Z_i^i\} + n(n-i) \in \{Z_i^i\} + \{Z_i^i\} - E^2\{D^i\}$ $= n \in \{Z_i^i\} - n \in \{Z_i^i\} = n \times \{D^i\} = n \times \{D^i\}$

8 = E {Z;4}_1

 $E\left\{Z;^{4}\right\}: 3 E^{2}\left\{Z;^{2}\right\}: 3 \implies b=2.$

س برای ست نرمال بودن درج داره ؟ سے 2 = 8

#{D² | ω₊}=n var{D² | ω₊]= n γ where γ. ε ξ ξ;⁴}-1

 $\mathcal{D}^{2} = \underline{X}^{T} \underline{X} = (\underline{X} - \underline{m} + \underline{m})^{T} (\underline{X} - \underline{m} + \underline{m})$ $= (\underline{X} - \underline{m})^{T} (\underline{X} - \underline{m}) + 2 \underline{m}^{T} (\underline{X} - \underline{m}) + \underline{m}^{T} \underline{m}$

Ε 3 0² 1 ω, ζ, η

var {D' | w+ } = n &

 $= \operatorname{tr} \left[(\underline{x} - \underline{w})^{\mathsf{T}} (\underline{x} - \underline{w}) \right] + 2 \underline{w}^{\mathsf{T}} (\underline{X} - \underline{w}) + \underline{w}^{\mathsf{T}} \underline{w}$

Subject: Year. Month. Date. ()
E { D 1 w 2 } = tr [E { (x - m)(x - m) } w] + 2m E { (x - m) w 2 } + m m
= Σ _i , λ: , Σ _{i=1} mi ²
νας{D' ωι} = Ε{(D')' ωι} _ Ε'{D' ωι}
+2 E { (x-m) T (x-m) ω, 3 mT m
$= 3 \sum_{i} \lambda_{i}^{2} + \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \lambda_{i} \lambda_{j}^{2} \qquad (i \neq j)$ $+ 4 \sum_{i} \lambda_{i} m_{i}^{2}$
$+ \left(\sum_{m_i^2}^2 + 2\left(\sum_{i} A_i\right)\left(\sum_{m_i^2}\right)$
$var\left\{D^{2} w_{2}\right\} = 2 \sum_{i,j}^{n} \lambda_{i}^{2} + 4 \sum_{i,j}^{n} \lambda_{i}^{2} m_{i}^{2}$
ع رست (در ع معل این کافت (معدد ع) برید عبد (در ع) برباز

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Linear Boundaries *

w. & w. ace Normally Distributed

 $[\Sigma]_{i}$, $[\Sigma]_{i}$, $[\Sigma]_{i}$

 $H = h(X) = (m_2 - m_1)^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} X + \frac{1}{2} \left(m_i^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} m_i - m_i^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} m_i \right] \right) \right] + n \frac{P_i}{P_2}$ $\frac{dep_i}{dep_i} = (m_2 - m_1)^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} X + \frac{1}{2} \left(m_i^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} m_i - m_i^T \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} m_i \right] \right] \right]$

* E { H (2) | w; } = 7;

1: = E { H(x) | w;}

 $= (\underline{m}_2 - \underline{m}_1)^{\top} [\underline{\Sigma}]^{-1} \underline{m}_1 + \frac{1}{2} (\underline{m}_1^{\top} [\underline{\Sigma}]^{-1} \underline{m}_1 - \underline{m}_1^{\top} (\underline{\Sigma}]^{-1} \underline{m}_2) \underset{P_2}{\overset{\sim}{\triangleright}_1} L_n \underbrace{P_1}_{P_2}$

 $\gamma_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\underline{m}_{\ell} - \underline{m}_{\ell} \right)^{\top} \left[\Sigma \right]^{-1} \left(\underline{m}_{\ell} - \underline{m}_{\ell} \right) = -\frac{7}{2}$

 $72 = +\frac{1}{2} (m_2 - m_1)^T [T]^{-1} (m_1 - m_1) = +7$

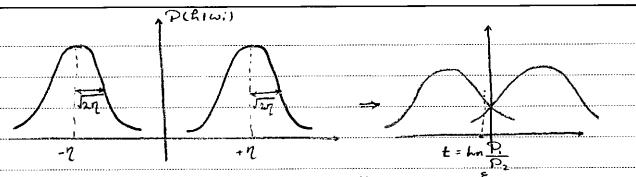
* Var { H(x) | wi} = & { (H-7:)2 | wi}

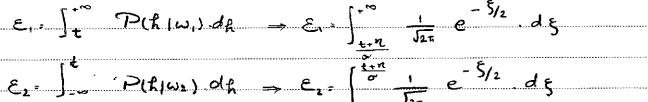
 $\sigma_{1}^{2} = E \left\{ \left((\underline{m}_{2} - \underline{m}_{1})^{T} \left[\underline{\Sigma} \right]^{-1} X - \frac{1}{2} \left(\underline{m}_{1} - \underline{m}_{1} \right)^{T} \left[\underline{\Sigma} \right]^{-1} \left(\underline{m}_{1} - \underline{m}_{1} \right) - \underline{\eta}_{1}^{2} \right\} \right\}$

= E { [(m, -m,)[Σ] ' (X -m;)]² | ω;}

 $= (\underline{m}_{2} - \underline{m}_{1}) \left[\underline{\Sigma} \right] = \left(\underline{m}_{2} - \underline{m}_{1} \right) \left(\underline{X} - \underline{m}_{1} \right) \left[\underline{X} - \underline{m}_{1} \right] \left[\underline{X} \right] \left[\underline{X} - \underline{m}_{1} \right]$

 $= (m_2 - m_1)^T [T]^{-1} (m_2 - m_1) = 2\eta$





Quadratic function

$$H(x) = \frac{1}{2} (x - m_1)^T [T]^{-1} (x - m_1) - \frac{1}{2} (x - m_2)^T [T]^{-1} (x - m_2) + \frac{1}{2} L_n \frac{|\Sigma_1|}{|\Sigma_2|} + \sum_{\omega_1}^{\omega_2} 0$$

trace ([], (x-m) (x-m)

E {A}. trace [[] [E {(X - m) (X-m1)]

 $E[B] = -\frac{1}{2} E[(X - m_2)^T [\Sigma]_2^{-1} (X - m_2)$

E { ((x-m,)-(m,-m,)) [[]] ((x-m) - (m,-m))

1 E { trace { [Σ] = [(x-m,)(x-m)] - (m, m, x - m,) - (x-m,)(m, -m,) -

= - \frace \[\[\S \]_{\pi} \[\(\S \]_{\pi} \] \(\(\max_2 \) \(\max_1 \) \[\sigma \]
η = E { H(3) ω,] = A + B = 1/2 { trace { [I] - [Σ] }
$-\frac{1}{2}(m_2-m_1)^T \left[T \right]_2^{-1}(m_2-m_1)$
$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ln} \frac{ \Sigma_1 }{ \Sigma_2 } =$
η2: Ε {H(3) ω2} = - η,
بنوی کردل بزیان در مارس ، کے درج دارم:
$E\left\{H(X)\left[\omega_{i}\right] = \frac{1}{2}\sum_{i}^{n}\left[\left(1-\frac{1}{\lambda_{i}}\right)\frac{\left(d_{2i}-d_{1i}\right)^{2}}{\lambda_{i}} + \ln\frac{1}{\lambda_{i}}\right] - E$
$Var\{H(x) \omega, \beta \in E\{(H(x)-n_i)^2 \omega, \beta = \frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{n_i}\left[(1-\frac{1}{2i})+2\frac{(dz_i-d_{ij})}{\lambda_i^2}\right]$
د بملا بابرست ب
var {H(κ) ω,] = 1 tr { ([[]-[[]], [[]]) + (m=m) [[[[[][Σ][[]], [m-m)]
Upper Bounds on the Bayes Error Charnoff Bound.
Bayes Error: E = [min [P,p,a, P,p,a].da

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a, b, 0	، ٥ <s<i< th=""></s<i<>
min la, b) (a'b	, o(s(1
, , c , 1=S	
$a^3b^{1}=a_1(\frac{b}{a})$, 1-5
1-5>0	$\Rightarrow a_1(\frac{b}{a}) \Rightarrow a_2 \min[a,b]$
$\min [a, b] \cdot a \Rightarrow (\frac{b}{a}) > 1$	$\Rightarrow a_1(\frac{b}{a})^{1-S} \Rightarrow a_2 \min[a_2b]$
Chernff Bound	
$\mathcal{E}_{\alpha} = \mathcal{D}_{\beta} \mathcal{D}_{(1-2)} \left[\mathcal{D}_{\alpha}(x) \right]$	(1-5) P ₂ (X) dx
	ه سالت حاص:
ω, : ν (<u>m</u> , [5],)	
ω ₂ , ν (ω ₂ , [Σ],)	
	- 0 00 '
$\mu(s) = \frac{S(1-S)}{2} \left(m_2 - m_1 \right)^{T} \left[S[T] \right]$	+ (1-S)[E] - (m,-m,)
2 [ن معلین ۶ رئے
+ 1 Ln 1S(Σ),+ (1-S)[Σ	121
+ 1/2 Ln S[Σ], + (1-S)[Σ [Σ], ^S , [Σ]	2 (1-5)
•	ن علد را مارس دو روان
	: chernoff Joi who who
S. L Bhattacharyya	Distance
$\mu(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} (m_2 - m_1) \left[\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \right]$	Distance $\sum_{i} \int_{-1}^{1} (m_{2} - m_{i}) + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+2}{2} \sum_{i} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} $ $\int \Sigma_{i} \Sigma_{i} $
1 2 8	2 / [] []
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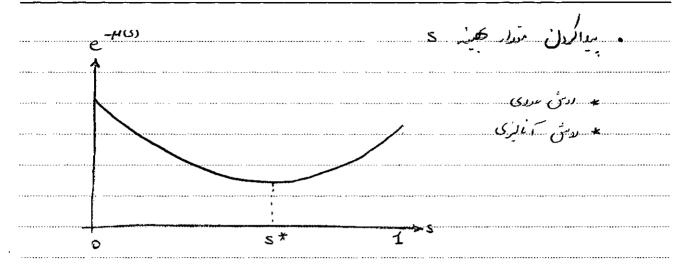
معارضی مالید دو تزیع است و میزان	علم
e .	
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 1, 2, 3, 4 (a ~ c), 5, 6, 7, 10	Hand Out NY, N, Y): Just Ent
$P:(X)$ $E: P_1 E_1 + P_2 E_2$ $P:(h)$ mapping $nD-1D$ Approximation E Upper bound chernoff	bo ~ B C Lyrs, *
E=] = min [P, P,(x), P, P,(x)]	
$\omega_1, \mathcal{N} (m_1, \{\Xi\},)$ $\omega_2, \mathcal{N} (m_2, [\Sigma]_2)$ $\int \varphi_i^{(s)} (x_i) \varphi_i^{(s-s)}(x_i) dx = e$	

Subject: Year Month Date 30	
	نین:
$[\Sigma], \qquad [\bar{1}]$	- m, : d,
[[], [3]	نفری سرنان ح
$\underline{Y} : [a]^T \underline{X}$	ن من الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
d, [d, d,	die die 1
21	die din] The discourage of discourage die die din discourage disc
J= \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	$x = \int \frac{\exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left\{(1-2)\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$
4 4	$\frac{1}{12} \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \left\{ (1-5) (y_e - d_{1e})^2 + \frac{5}{\lambda_e} (y_e - d_{2e})^2 \right\} \right] dy$
	های کردن بربع
$\lambda = \prod_{\frac{1}{2^{5/2}}} \frac{1}{\{(1-5) + \frac{5}{2^{5}}\}^{1/2}}$	$19 \left\{ -\frac{5(1-5)}{2} \frac{(dze - dze)^2}{5 + (1-5)\lambda e} \right\}$
× ∫-	$\frac{\left[(1-5)+\frac{5}{\lambda e}\right]^{2}}{(2\pi)^{2}} = \exp \left[\frac{\left\{(1-5)+\frac{5}{\lambda e}\right\}\left\{y-d-\frac{\left(\frac{5}{\lambda e}\left(d_{1}e^{-d}e^{-t}\right)^{2}\right\}dy}{(1-5)+\frac{5}{\lambda e}}\right]dy}{1}\right]$
	$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\alpha x^{2}} \sqrt{\pi} = \alpha$
	$= x \left[\frac{s(1-s)}{2}, \frac{\left(d_{2}e - d_{1}e\right)^{2}}{s_{+}(1-s)} \right]$
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	سال معادله لبط داده شده رام سالت ماترس مرى برداسم. - در الم عادله لبط داده شده رام سالت ماترس مرى برداسم در الم عادله بالم داده شده رام سالت ماترس مرى برداسم.
	سال الانفاق ال ب × بری ردیم روزول أنت

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Bhattacharyya Bound ___ S=1/2

 $\mu(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{8} (m_2 - m_1)^T \left[\frac{\sum_{i} \sum_{j} |m_2 - m_1|}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{|\sum_{i} \sum_{j}|}{\sqrt{|\sum_{i}| |\sum_{j}|}} \right]$

ه ما هله Bhattacharyya : میزان شبیر بدن در تربع را در میران که بر الدی حل سایس

م مای انتی روزی ۱ دان ما عدد استان می در تا دیگی در انتیان می در تا دین ما عدد میشد. شد.
سی جومهای دیتی در تا این ما عدد میشد شد.

 $n \rightarrow +\infty \implies \mathcal{E}_u \rightarrow a$

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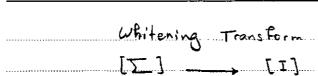
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رفیل می از میرص کارایی در یالای در در کارستای الله ته در علی صورت مینامی در آن Carse of Dimentionality ی در از
min [a,b] « a ⁵ b ⁽¹⁻⁵⁾ chernoff *
min [a,b] < Jab bhattacharyyax
min [a,b] < 2ab assymptotic nearest neighbor *
min [a,b] < 2ab < Jab (Jab BD) July
Charasteristic Function of Random Vector x
$F(\omega) = \{ \exp(-j\omega X) \}$
1.0
F(w) = المرادي المردي
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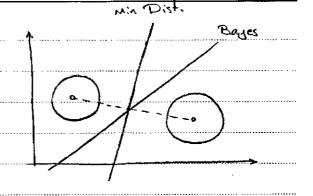
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ubject:	Month. Date. ()
	d Bayes Classifie,
	2-Class
•	\underline{m} ; $[\Sigma]$; i , 1 , 2
	$+h(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-m_1)^T [\Sigma]_1^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-m_1) \qquad \omega_1$
	$-\frac{1}{2}(x-m_2)\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x-m_i)\right)$
······································	$ \frac{1}{2} (x - m_1)^T [\Sigma]_1^1 (x - m_1) \qquad \omega_1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} (x - m_2) [\Sigma]_2^1 (x - m_2) \qquad \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{P_1}{P_2} \\ + \frac{1}{2} L_n \frac{1}{1} [\Sigma_1] \qquad \omega_2 $
	μ, β Σ, Σ Σ
	$f_{(X)} = (m_2 - m_1)^T \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2} (m_1 \sum_{i=1}^{N} - m_2 \sum_{i=1}^{N}) $ $h_n \frac{P}{P}$
	y ^T , (m ₂ -m ₁) ^T Σ ⁻¹
	Vo = 1 (m, T Em, - m2 Em,) - hn Pi
	μ if Σ Σ [1]
	$h(x) = (m_2 - m_1)^T x + \frac{1}{2} (m_1^T m_1 - m_2^T m_2) \ge hn \frac{D_1}{P_2}$
	<u> </u>
	Vo = 1 (m, m, -m, m, 2) - L, P,
.	$V_0 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m_1 m_1 - m_2 m_2}{p_2} \right) - L_0 \frac{P_1}{P_2}$ correlation
	x,[n] - x, [n] → x, [n] - \(\tau_n \) x, [m] x, [m+n]
	$x_3[0]$. $\sum x_1[m] x_2[m] = x_1 x_2$ correlation at origin
	correlation at origin
 . .	Jui Correlation Clas Bayes Clas. at Σ, Σ : [I] i in con
ِی سر	The policianies cias in cardes cias as , T' = 5 % 11/1/10 Cin Offi

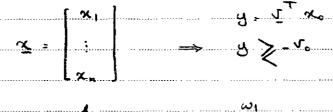
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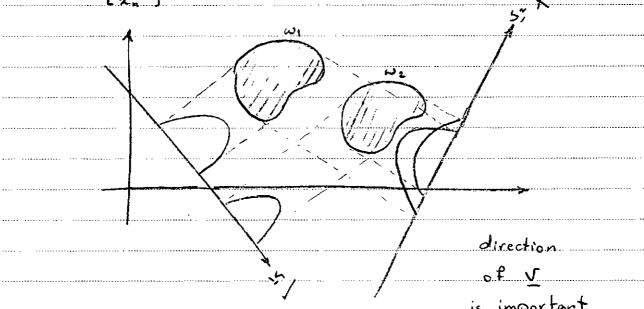
Correlati	ion Classifier	Optical Patte معمولاً با نُ جليان مونعت زرامت	rn Recogniss
		ن	
- * x	•••••		
Bayes	Classifier:	Σ,,Σ,,[1]	
h(x).	(m,m,)Tx.	Σ, Σ, [I] + ½ (m, m, -m, m,)	> 1-2
			ک ^{ای}
		کن <u>پر آی</u> اماند کم کینے	مال الرب
		1	
hixi.	(xx -2 mix+	mim,) - (xx - 2 mix -	$m_1^{T} m_1 > 2$
			2
	1 x - m,	1 x -m21	····
	x-m,	112 112	
	***************************************		••••
Bayes	Classifier \sum_{i}	=\(\sum_{\infty} Min Dis	tance Class
Bayes	Classifier \sum_{i}	=\(\sum_{\infty} Min Dis	tance Class
Bayes	Classifier \sum_{i}	=\(\sum_{\infty} Min Dis	tance Class
Bayes	Classifier \(\Sigma\).	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class
Bayes C	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ $ $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} \ $	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class
Bayes () <u>x</u> - <u>m</u> ,	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ $ $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} \ $	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class
Bayes () <u>x</u> - <u>m</u> ,	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ _{2}$	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class
Bayes () <u>x</u> - <u>m</u> ,	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ _{2}$	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class
Bayes () <u>x</u> - <u>m</u> ,	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ _{2}$	$= \sum_{i} [1] Min Dis$ $= \sum_{i} [1] Min Dis$ $= [1]$ $= [1]$	tance Class
Bayes () <u>x</u> - <u>m</u> ,	Classifier Σ , $\ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ = \ \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \ _{2}$	$= \sum_{i} = [1] \text{Min } \mathcal{D}_{i}$	tance Class











لن مقد مدرن من بردر تعادی آندم زمال دارد سان:

7: = E { H | w: } 6: * var { H | w:}

با داشتن بعیاری انتخاب (criterion) :

n: = [H|w:] = 5 m; v.

سی سند سیاردن محمت یه دینر ۱عمل قائدن ۴ است که می داند تا بهای

Fisher min probability of error is it

 $(\Pi) \frac{\partial \Omega^{\circ}}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial u'}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \Omega^{\circ}}{\partial t} \frac{\partial U'}{\partial t} \frac{\partial U'}{\partial t} \frac{\partial Q^{\circ}}{\partial t} \frac$

(I)
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial t$$

$$(\mathbf{I}) \quad \frac{\partial u'}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u'}{\partial t} = \omega \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \frac{\partial u'}{\partial t} = -\frac{\partial u'}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\nabla}{2} = \left[S \left[\Sigma \right]_{1} + (1-S) \left[\Sigma \right]_{2} \right] \left[\frac{m_{1} - m_{1}}{m_{1}} \right]$$

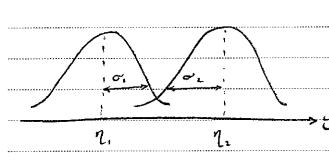
where:
$$2 = \frac{9e^{r}}{9t}$$

$$\Lambda^{\circ}: \frac{\partial J^{\circ}}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial J^{\circ}}{\partial \xi} = 0$$

$$(m_2 - m_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} \propto + \frac{1}{2} (m_1^T \Sigma^{-1} m_2 - m_2^T \Sigma^{-1} m_2) - \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2} \gtrsim 0$$

$$\Sigma \longrightarrow s[\Sigma], + (1-3)[\Sigma],$$

$$f = \frac{(\eta_1 - \eta_2)^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$



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 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i}+\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i}\right)^{-1}$ \propto

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between -class scatter : تن يان ي ده مان ي ده يان ي ده ي سن المان ي ده يان ي	
within-class scatter	
; <u></u>	
$\partial f = -\mathcal{P}_1 \cdot (\mathcal{P}_1 \eta_1^2 + \mathcal{P}_2 \eta_2^2)$	
$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \sigma_{1}^{2}} = \frac{-\mathcal{P}_{1}^{2} (\mathcal{P}_{1} \eta_{1}^{2} + \mathcal{P}_{2} \eta_{2}^{2})}{(\mathcal{P}_{1} \sigma_{1}^{2} + \mathcal{P}_{2} \sigma_{2}^{2})^{2}}$	
5. 8\$1862 = P.	
2 + 26/20°, + 26/20°, = b'	
<u>Γ</u> • (Β' [Σ]' + ('- Β') [Σ]') ((
به أد م عذرات باس م قال م مي مي سمت ك ر ساديه [2] را محن زد:	
المُن زد:	
$\left[\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{e=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{e=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{e=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{e=1}^{n} \sum_{e=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{e=1}^{n} \sum_{e=1}^{n} \sum_{e$	
de 2Pini	
δρ 2Pini δη; Pi6i²+Pj6z² 2Pini + 2Pz nz ni-y™	· + C 。
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
જાય, ત્રેમ	
$\Rightarrow 2P_1(\underline{v}^T m_1 + v_0) + 2P_2(\underline{v}^T m_2 + v_0) = 0 \Rightarrow$	
¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬	P2 m2)
P. + P2 = 1	

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \sigma_{i}^{2}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \sigma_{i}^{2}} = 0 \quad \frac{\mathcal{P}_{i}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(-\mathcal{R}_{i}/g_{i})^{2}}{2}\right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma_{i}^{2}} \left(-\frac{\mathcal{R}_{i}}{\sigma_{i}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\mathcal{P}_{i}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{\mathcal{R}_{i}^{2}}{2\sigma_{i}^{2}}\right) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma_{i}^{2}} \left(-\frac{\mathcal{R}_{i}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{i}^{2}}}\right)$$
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$$= \frac{P_1}{2\sqrt{2\pi} \ \delta_1} \ \exp \left(-\frac{{\mathcal{l}_1}^2}{2{\delta_1}^2}\right) \ \left(\frac{{\mathcal{l}_1}}{{\delta_1}^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial e^{s}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial e^{s}}{\partial t} = + \frac{2 \sqrt{2\pi} \, e^{s}}{2 \sqrt{2\pi} \, e^{s}} \cdot \left(- \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \, e^{s}}{2 \, e^{s}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \, e^{s}}{2 \, e^{s}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial n_i} \frac{\partial E}{\partial n_i} = \frac{\mathcal{P}_i}{\sqrt{2\pi} G_i} \exp\left\{-\frac{n_i^2}{2 G_i^2}\right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial r} \frac{\partial R}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial r} \left\{ -\frac{\eta_z^2}{26\iota^2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial l_1} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial l_2} \Rightarrow \frac{c_{p_1}}{\sqrt{2\pi}6_1} \exp\left(-\frac{{l_1}^2}{26_1^2}\right) = \frac{c_{p_2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}6_2} \exp\left(-\frac{{l_2}^2}{26_1^2}\right)$$

طن این فرسل، ۵۰ کان صابی است که ع و ٤٠

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial 6_1^2} \frac{\mathcal{D}_1}{\sqrt{2\pi}6_1} \exp\left(-\frac{\eta_1^2}{26_1^2}\right) \left(\frac{-\eta_1}{6_1^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \delta_{i}^{2}} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \delta_{i}^{2}} = \frac{P_{i}}{\sqrt{2\delta_{i}^{2}}} \left(\frac{-\eta_{i}}{\delta_{i}^{2}} + \frac{\eta_{2}}{\delta_{i}^{2}} \right)$$

الم المراكزي

$$7: \mathcal{I}^{\top} \underline{w}: + \mathcal{I} \sum_{\omega_1}^{\omega_2} \circ \longrightarrow \mathcal{I}, \langle \circ \rangle, \quad \mathcal{I}_2 > \circ$$

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1. compute û,	, <u>M</u> , , Î, , Ê,		<u></u>
2. for a given S	(0 < 5 < 1)		
<u>ν</u> . (S Σ̂,	+ (1-5) \(\hat{\mathbb{L}}_2 \) \(\hat{\mathbb{L}}_2 \)	2- <u>~</u> +)	
3. <u>Y</u>	-linear y+vo	⇒y; = y T «j	i) i-1, 2 d.:1,, d
4. <u>**********</u>	A (r) > - 20		
	***************************************	is smallest	
5. change s	برازنا کر ایساً دون لا	از کارند کا میم او مادلیری دیم	این روس
(so line of solid () () () () () () () () () (ترستم بی لینم , بعادی می لنده	مری می او کارند در می می ارد کارند در می	در در است
Sample Set : {	Training Set Test Set		
ر نوط Biosed ه	عا) داده ٤ ما دير د د	ب سن II ب	lio
رمه سوطای بیشتر مو نزدیم بیرسکار دایقی	ارزیک ترسط وا ده کی جمید	رین سے ہے۔	

Subject:

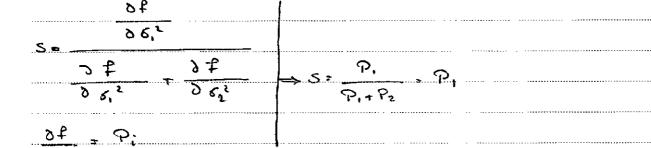
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8 (x) = {	_1	2 E W1	
	+1,	<u>γ</u> ∈ ω,	

$$E\{x^2\} = 6x^2 + \eta_x^2$$

$$\overline{\mathcal{E}}^{2} = \left(P_{1} \left(\delta_{1}^{2} + \eta_{1}^{2}\right) + P_{2}\left(\delta_{2}^{2} + \eta_{2}^{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(-P_{1}\eta_{1} + P_{2}\eta_{2}\right)$$

$$\underline{J} = (S \Sigma_1 + (1-S) \Sigma_2)^{-1} (\underline{m}_2 - \underline{m}_1)$$



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، ار متبال [I] د د [I] منبل کود، کاردی نی شد مهای آن مید منائین و به صفر برد که دنیاد با یتبل نمان اسک.

<u>μ Σχους αξτ. [1]</u>

$$\leftarrow \underline{g}_{j} \cdot [a]^{\top} \underline{x}_{j} + \underline{b}$$

[k], $[a][\Sigma]$, $[a]^T$

$$\bar{\mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\mathbf{A}} \\ \bar{\mathbf{A}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_0 = \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{j=1}^{N_2} \chi(\vec{z}_j) - \sum_{j=N_1+1}^{N_2} \chi(\vec{z}_j) \right]$$

$$[w_{i}^{\prime}...w_{i}^{\prime}]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{j=1}^{N_{2}} \chi(y_{j}) \cdot y_{j} - \sum_{j=N_{2}+1}^{N_{2}} \chi(y_{j}) \cdot y_{j}^{\prime} \right]$$

$$f(z), w^T z > 0$$

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عبر قور دادان در دانطر کی مسل داریم:
$W_0, \frac{N_2}{N}, \frac{N_1}{N}, P_2 - P_1$
N N
$\underline{w} = P_2 d_2 - P_1 \underline{d_1}$
ه کاهی لوفات ماللیم میں را۔ عرب Iterative ساکنم، این رس ب رزید
ماهی ادمات مالمیم می را مرک Iterative میاکسی این رکس ب رزدید. Perceptron Approach براندید بازدید
X ₁
X D W W W W W W W
$\mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}^{1} + \mathbb{N}^{0}}}$
: wn
xn A
Revard - Punishment (in cas i) scription
N. sample E X.
N2 Sample E X2
N1 + N2 3 N
$h(x) = w^{T}x + w_{0} > 0$
W(1) to be initial vector
Kth step:
1) 3 (K) € W, & 3 (K) W (K) < 0
replace $W(k)$ by $W(k+1) = W(k) + C X(k)$ C = correction increment
Papco

Year Month Date.	ω ₂ & <u>x</u> (u) ω(u) >0
	W(K+1) - W(K) - C. x(K)
The Other wi	s.e.
	$\underline{w}(k+1) = \underline{w}(k)$
, الدينم د سَدَّار _ للا چَدُّارِد	نیب شده است در در طای م صدبت مفلی جوارز باسند ، این
	ਰ
72	$\begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \circ \\ \circ \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \circ \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \in \omega_1$
(1)	1) • ε ω ₁ ['] ['] ε ω ₂
0,0) (1,0	5)
h(x) = w = x	T <u>x</u> + V _o
ω,,ξ (o o 1) ^T	,(<u>0 1 1)</u> ^T }
ω e : { (1 o 1) ^T	, (1 1 1) ^T }
<u>₩</u> (1) = [o]	C = 1
[°]	
+ <u>x</u> (1) ∈ ω ₁ :	$\begin{array}{c c} X(1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow W(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
	V(1) x(1),0 0 1 1
+ <u>∢ (Σ) ∈ ω</u> , :	$ \begin{array}{c c} \underline{x}(2) \circ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} & \longrightarrow & \underline{W}(3) \circ \underline{W}(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \underline{w}^{T}(1) \times (2) \circ 1 & \boxed{1} \end{array} $
	w ^T (1) x(2) ≈ 1 1
P4PCO	

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* <u>%(3)</u> € ω ₂	$ \begin{array}{c c} & \times (3) = 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} & \times (4) = 0 \\ & 1 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} & \times & \times & \times & \times \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & \\ \hline $
* 4(4) E W2	$\alpha(4) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\rightarrow \omega(5) = \omega(4)$
* × (2)εω1	$ \underline{w}(4) \times (4) = 1 $ $ \underline{x}(5) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \Longrightarrow \qquad w(6) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \underline{w}(5) \times (5) = \emptyset \qquad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 $
<u>×</u> <u>∝</u> (6) ∈ ω ₁	$\frac{w(s) \times (s) = 0}{\times (s) = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right]} \implies w(7) \cdot w(6)$ $\frac{w(6) \times (6) \cdot 1}{\times (6) \cdot 1}$
*	
	-∈ω ₁ . (0 0 1) <u>W</u> (12) .1 > Ø ✓
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	0 1]T
	$\begin{pmatrix} x_2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = -2 \times 1 + 1$ $= \frac{1}{2} $

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منهای سند در از داده ۱ م طرحفی صداری باشد، الدیم میشود. منهای سند در الدیم مدتی طلاقی مندل بد ، با حاب سرحتی برات کسواست ی داده ۱ سطر منطی صدارتی منیت
in a live of the
and the same of th
امر الادريم مدى هوى مردى بردى با حالب بركى براس الده اسك إ داده مراد
سطی معاندِر سیت .
رای دستر سآدر مناسب واهای محان و صد دارد:
ير ماليد الله كالأرام وتحديد السالم بالأمام المسالم المام المسالم المام المسالم المسالم المسالم المسالم المسالم
مای داش سآریر مناسب داههای محمانی دحرد دارد: به میآیین W و در درم به بمیت یک سواب نتریا مناسب موجود امد. به میآیین کار کار کی سیال دارد بیشان
الم ملال ما توی سیال داره سد
* سرحاي كه اللوسم على مرز، صاب بمرين ما ال محله طاله سند
ی بون بری سیال داده سدد. * سرحای د دسرت نفع رزر، ساب بسین ، آن کاف درد. * مرحای د دسرت نفع رزر، ساب بسین ، آن کاف درد. * Packet Algorithm ل
(1) A) - (·H)
Ws = Sorted weight Vector (Packet) - History Counter
Ws = Sorted Weight Vector (Packet)
this = History Counter
ווגידק.
d instead was to
1. initialize W(0), hs=0
2. @the kth Step
_ compute & update the weight vector W(K+1)
(based on the perceptron rule)
use W(K+1) to test # of training samples
classified correctly are counted = h
_if h, h, then
h _s = h
Continue the iteration
P4PCO

ri @ amail. com Year Month. معی ادمات تغیر دزل مراساس ساتھا ہی تق The Gradient Technique * $\nabla_{g} f(y) = grad [f(y)] =$ Positive Gradient Negative Grad is مسنیم کردن مین بدد دب آن در شهای Gradient Descend <u>፠.</u>εኒ

Kourash Meshqi

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W(K+1) = W(K) + C(K). & (K)

 \underline{W} (1C+1) = \underline{W} (K) = C ∇_{ω} $J(\underline{w}, \underline{x})$

Perceptron Up.

J(w, x) = 1/2 (|wx/-wx)

 $\underline{W}(K) + \underline{C} \underline{X}(K) , \underline{X}^{T}(K) \underline{W}(K) \neq 0$

3 J (m, x) = 1 (x san (m,x) - x)

 $Sgn(x) = \begin{cases} +1, x>0 \\ -1, x<0 \end{cases}$

W(K+1) . W(K) + € { 2(K) . 3gn (WT(K). 2(K))}

 $= \underbrace{W(k)} + C \times \left\{ \emptyset , \underbrace{W'(k)}_{X(k)} \times (k) \times \emptyset \right\}$ $= \underbrace{W'(k)}_{X(k)} + C \times \left\{ \emptyset , \underbrace{W''(k)}_{X(k)} \times (k) \times \emptyset \right\}$

is JE Reward - Punishment is inte

criteria function 2.

J(w, x) = 1 (1 w x 12 - 1 w x 1 w x)

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$$= \frac{3 \, \overline{x_1} \, \overline{x}}{1} \left[1 \, \overline{x_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, 2 \, \operatorname{Sun} \left(\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \right) - \left[\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, \right]$$

$$= \frac{3 \, \overline{x_1} \, \overline{x}}{1} \left[1 \, \overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, 2 \, \operatorname{Sun} \left(\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \right) - \left[\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, \right]$$

$$= \frac{3 \, \overline{x_1} \, \overline{x}}{1} \left[1 \, \overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, 2 \, \operatorname{Sun} \left(\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \right) - \left[\overline{n_1} \, \overline{x} \, 1 \, \overline{x} \, \right]$$

تقریباً معادل Absolute Correction Alg. ما سا

MSE UD a

$$f_{n}(x) = \underline{V}^{T}X + V_{n} \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n} 0$$

$$= \underline{V}^{T}X + V_{n} \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n} 0$$

E2 = E { (f(x) - 8 (7))2}

sample کی مرزی حملی کے است ددی ر همان می دارست باشد ، درسای در درسای روی MSE می درسای در درسای عی مرکزی اسمیت عبتری دا ده میشدد. ابن ووش سع اد العلاح ابن وهنع الردة

$$\overline{E}^{2} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{w}^{T} \underline{z}_{j} - |\underline{w}^{T} \underline{z}_{j}| \right\}^{2}$$

$$\underline{w}^{T} \underline{z}_{j} \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underline{e}^{T} \underline{z}_{j} \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{E}^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \left\{ \operatorname{Sgn} \left(\underline{w}^T \underline{x} j \right) - 1 \right\}^2$$

مهاركس تعداد سخطا

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$$\tilde{\varepsilon}^2 = \mathcal{E}\left\{\left(\frac{\hbar(x) - \lambda(x)}{2}\right)^2\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left([\alpha]^T \underline{w} - \underline{\Gamma} \right) \left([\alpha]^T \underline{w} - \underline{\Gamma} \right)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{z}_1 & \dots & \underline{z}_N \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$\underline{T} = \begin{bmatrix} \chi(\underline{z}_1) & \dots & \chi(\underline{z}_N) \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{\mathcal{E}}^2}{\partial w} = \frac{2}{N} \left[u \right] \left(\left[u \right]^{\top} w - \overline{\bot} \right)$$

$$\frac{W(K+1)}{N} = \frac{W(K)}{N} = \frac{2c}{N} \left\{ [u]^T W(K) - [u]^T W(K) \right\}$$

Newton Method

Month.

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Ho-Kashyap

Sample: **然**了 ... , 3 N

x; ∈ w,

i: 1, ..., N1

x; ∈ ω2

.. . . N1+1, ... > N.

= WTZ >0

ى داهم ان سار ۱۵ بر ۵۰ مار

(tix)= WTx = b \ WT Z: = b: >0

[u] = [x] = [x, x, ... xn] INIT W = b

丁(四, 五, 巨)= 上 ニが (四下が - らう)2

 $= \frac{1}{2} \left\| \left[x \right]^{\mathsf{T}} \underline{\mathsf{w}} - \underline{\mathsf{b}} \right\|^2$

M(K-1) , M(K) - 6 39(4)

 $\frac{\partial M}{\partial J} = [x] \left([x]_{\perp} M - \overline{p} \right)$

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محليد ساري

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial x} = 0 \implies N = (2(3)(N))(x) = [x]^{\#} b$$

[x;# = ([x][x]]) [x] - generalized inverse of [x]

$$C = ct > 0$$

 $S(\underline{b}) = C[[x]^{T} \underline{w}(k) - \underline{b}(k)] + [[x]^{T} \underline{w}(k) - \underline{b}(k)]]$

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He-Kashgap Algorithm

1. initialization

$$\overline{n}(1) = [x]_{\#} \overline{p}(1)$$

2. Kth step

$$e^{(k)} = [x]^T w(k) - b(k)$$

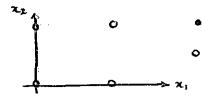
 $w(k+1) = w(k) + c[x]^{\#}(e(k) + |e(k)|)$
 $b(k+1) = b(k) + c(e(k) + |e(k)|)$

و ارسند خطی حدا نیر باشد به به میل ی شد ار سند خطی حدا نیر نباشد به از طب عنامه بردرخط در طی کردر منب بتی ما ندشان ی دهد که سند غیرضی حدا نوردست.

2-class

$$\omega_{1}:=\left\{\begin{pmatrix}0\\0\end{pmatrix},\begin{pmatrix}0\\1\end{pmatrix}\right\}$$

$$\omega_2: \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$



$$\overline{\Lambda} : \begin{pmatrix} \overline{\Lambda} \\ \overline{\Lambda}^{\circ} \end{pmatrix} \quad \hat{\Gamma} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \widehat{\Lambda}^{\circ} \\ \overline{\Lambda} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$
 $y = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{x}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$[x]: \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[x]: \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 212 & 212 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x] [x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x]) [x] : \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x])^{\frac{m}{2}} : ([x])$$

$$\frac{b}{b}(1) \Rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (1): $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ c:1

Month:

$$\underline{W}(1) : [x]^{\#} \underline{b}[1] : [-2]$$

$$[x]^{\top} \underline{W}(1) : [\frac{1}{1}]$$

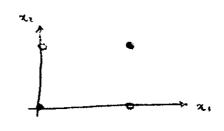
$$\underline{e}(1) : [0] \implies \underline{\omega}(1) \equiv \text{solution} \implies h(x) : -2 \times 1 + 1$$

XOR E

$$\omega_{1}:\left\{\begin{bmatrix}0\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$$

$$\omega_{2}:\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$$

$$\underline{b} (1) : \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$[x]: \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[x]: \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow [x]: \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

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Y is set of samples for which wax 6

$$\frac{g\bar{n}}{91} = \Delta^{\bar{n}} \int = \frac{\bar{x} \in A}{\sum} \frac{\|\bar{x}\|}{\bar{n}_{\perp}\bar{x} - p} \bar{x}$$

updating rule:

$$w(\kappa+1) = w(\kappa) - c \nabla_w J$$

$$w(\kappa+1) = w(\kappa) - c \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b-wx}{x} \propto$$

الر خاصم لذ مل مل الده ٤ المسانده رد: الر خاصم لذ مل مل الده ٤ المسانده رد: المسانده رد: المسانده رد: المسانده رد: المسانده رد: المسانده المسانده المسانده المسانده المسانده المسانده المساندة المسانده المساندة المساندة

مربعير لا با سر sample - Sample Relaxation with Margin رئ sample - Sample Batch Relaxation with Margin ى دست و سر مل مرا مند با سمند عدند، روس الحلاق مى سرد.

Month

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* تعميم دو كرسائي مميد الماسم

M. class Problem

ith class

xe w;

∢(k) € ω;

$$d:(\underline{x}(\kappa)) > di(\underline{x}(\kappa)) \qquad \forall j \neq i = 1,...,M$$

K(K) EWi

di (3) . Wi(1) & (11)

Learning Rule:

We(K+1) = ₩e(K) - C. & (K)

Wj (K+1) = Wj(K)

đ

$$w_1(1) = w_2(1) = w_3(1) = 0$$

C=1

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ideal:
$$\begin{cases} d_1(\underline{x}(1)) > d_2(\underline{x}(1)) \rightarrow x \\ d_1(\underline{x}(1)) > d_3(\underline{x}(1)) \rightarrow x \end{cases}$$

update:
$$\begin{cases} W_{1}(2) = W_{1}(1) + C \times (1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ W_{2}(2) = W_{2}(1) - C \times (1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ W_{3}(2) = W_{3}(1) - C \times (1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{cases}$$

update =
$$\begin{cases} w_1(3) = w_1(2) - C \cdot x(2) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_2(3) = w_2(2) + C \cdot x(2) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_3(3) = w_3(2) - C \cdot x(2) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{cases}$$

$$W_1(8) = W_1(7) = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow d_1(\frac{x}{2}) = -2x_2$$

$$W_2(6) = W_2(7) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow d_2(x) = 2x_1 - 2$$

$$W_3(8) = W_3(7) = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow d_3(x) = -2x_1 - 2$$

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Non-Linear Classifier

*

hinear .

$$\frac{f(x)}{f(\eta_1, \eta_2, G^2, G^2)}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

Mar - Linear .

g(x) = General Discriminent Function

 $\sum_{X} (X) \leq \infty$

f (1, , 1, s, s, s, s, s)

 $N_{i} = E \left\{ 3(x) \mid \omega_{i} \right\}$ $S^{2}_{i} = E \left\{ 3(x) \mid \omega_{i} \right\}$

ci = second order mement of y

1 = J_m y (x).p.(x).dz

Sf = variation of f due to variation of y(x)

 $\delta f = \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial f} \delta s_i^2 + \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial f} \delta s_i^2 + \frac{\partial \eta_i}{\partial f} \delta \eta_i + \frac{\partial \eta_i}{\partial f} \delta \eta_i^2$

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Monun .

مكلونست

$$A = a' \frac{2b'(\vec{x}) + (i-z)b^{s}(\vec{x})}{2b'(\vec{x}) + (i-z)b^{s}(\vec{x})} + a^{s} \frac{2b'(\vec{x}) + (i-z)b^{s}(\vec{x})}{2b'(\vec{x})}$$

$$\frac{3s_{12}}{3t} + \frac{3s_{12}}{3s_{12}}$$

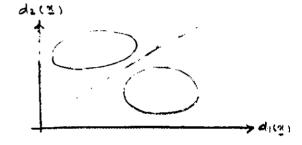
$$a_{i} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s_{i}^{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x-m_1)\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x-m_1)=\frac{1}{2}(x-m_2)\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x-m_2)-i\frac{1}{2}\ln\frac{|\Sigma_i|}{|\Sigma_i|} \gtrsim \ln\frac{P_i}{P_z}$$

. نرم لمي ناج عايز كنده فيرسفي درمه دوم

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n+1$$

$$d_1^2(x) : (x-m_1) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x-m_1)$$
 $d_2(x) : (x-m_2) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x-m_2)$



a رنات فل 4

computer trajects. 1,2,3,4,5(a,6,1,e,f), hard out

Problems:

1,2,3,4,5,9

date .

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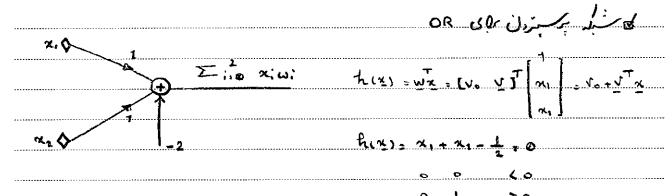
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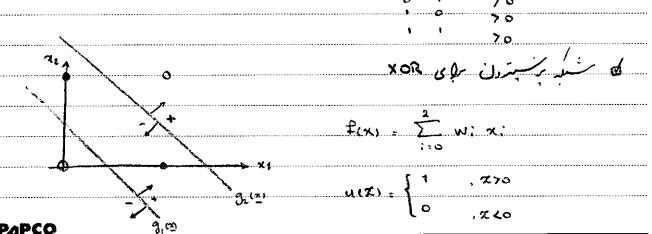
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Jaszruum. et. all.

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	Classi

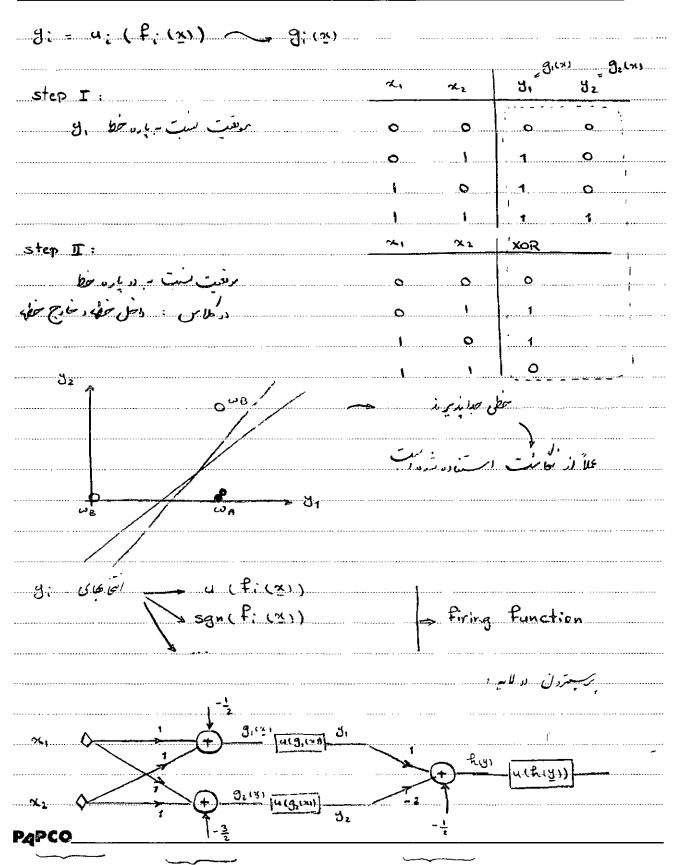
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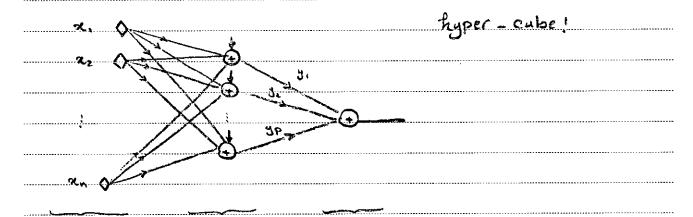


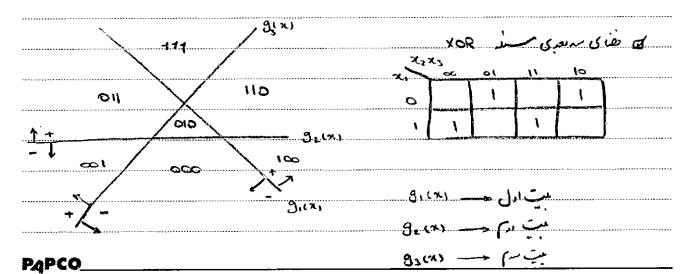
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 $g_{2}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ $f_{2}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ $f_{3}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ $f_{4}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ $f_{4}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ $f_{4}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ $f_{5}(x) = x_{1} + x_{2} - \frac{3}{2}$

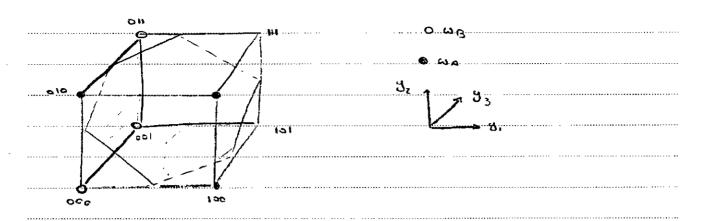
= 4 (g,(x)) - 2 4 (g,(x)) - 1

Mutti- Layer Perceptron (MLP)





Year. Month. Date. ()



メ			 	 	
u ,	[3,] =	f(g,(z))	 	 	
9	1				
		[fig. (xs)]			

Generalization

generalized linear function:

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$$

$$\begin{cases} y_n \\ y_n \end{cases}$$

$$g(x): w_n + \sum_{i=1}^k w_i f_i(x_i)$$

$$g(x) = w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i x_i + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{m \in [n]} w_{im} x_i x_m + \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{ij} x_i^2$$

r_ order	<u></u>	r,			
n-0	k = (n+r)!				
	wixti				
					XOR
4. / x. \					
- (x, x,	z = (x1, x2)	(0,0)	(0,1)	(101)	(i,ij
	\$ = (31,3, 33)	(0,0,0)	(0,1,0)	(1,0,0)	(1,1,4)
		س ۾	l wa		wg
	2 y = = 0 2 x x x = = 0			٠,٥) ـــ	- 2 y - 1 4 (0,0,0) <

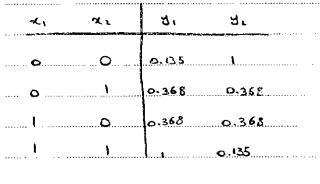
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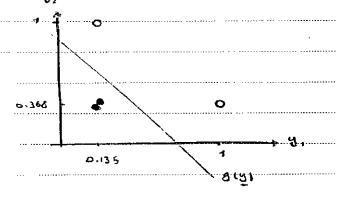
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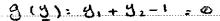
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$$* \frac{f(x)}{26i^2} = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{26i^2} \| x - Ci \|^2\right)$$

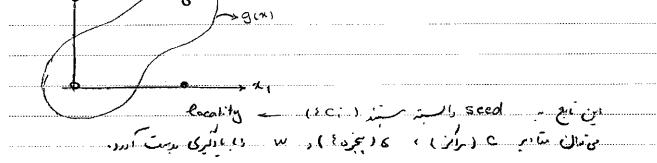
$$f(x) = \frac{6^2}{6^2 + \|x - C\|^2}$$







$$g(x) = \exp\left(-(x-(1))^{T}(x-(1)) + \exp\left(-(x-(2))^{T}(x-(2))\right) - 1 = 0$$



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(6 Je)	Non-Parametric	Density	Estimation
P; (<u>\$</u>)	i = 1 ,, M	, ,	
فین می رسم	ه با محدث و بارانزای آن تخ نرمال نرمال ساخته می رژد رو	نرعن می کیم که مدرد که عربی مدرج	مُعْ لَوْفاتُ مِنْ لِمَ الْمَالِثُ اللَّهِ الْمَالِثُ اللَّهِ الْمَالِثُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّ
وراهم اذردي	یزند بیل ساخته می رژد ریم	سین زرین N	بر ه هي ادمات
1.		/' سواگر د	الأشاع تزرج وا
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	دور ب		
	zion		
_	$eR = P = \int_{R} P(x)$		
n D			
	$R = P \cdot \int_{R} P(x).$	d 4	
	131 grai		
구(%) };	s continuous over R		
	P (xí).dx′ ≈ P(x).		
υ ≡ voluv	ne enclosed by R		
	point in R		
N Samp	oles		
	·, ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			R is estimated by:
РДРСО			
	N		

 $\hat{P}(\vec{x}) \cdot \Lambda = \frac{1}{K} \implies \hat{Q}(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{K}$

ر م الم

 $\Rightarrow \hat{p}(x) = \int_{R} p(x) dx$ $\Rightarrow \hat{p}(x) = \int_{R} p(x) dx$ $\Rightarrow \hat{p}(x) = \int_{R} p(x) dx$

ع مان است ریزهٔ دنو رند هیچ ندای ناند مان هانده ماند مانده می دندن می مانده می دند می مانده می دند می دند می در

Histogram is x .

Area under the jth bin (interval) =

Fraction of total # of samples (N) fall in that region = $\frac{Kj}{N}$

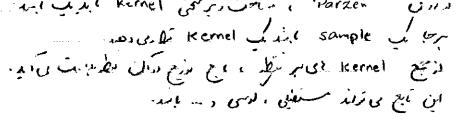
Height of the density = area kj/N = Kj width wj N.Wj

Subject: Year . Month .	Date. ()
	Bin Jel
	* زیاد کمن زفت اد نام آرزیم * کم سے حالت Spilee را رسان با جزیات
	is a durant, spike who and the
	Rale of thumb
N samples	
# of inte	rval = آیم بردن مظای بردی در در مطای بردی در
	ای میسر مردن سطای برسی
E { (P(4) .	$-\hat{\varphi}(x))^2$
="	1 = 3/N
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	2.70.
	continuous are R
37	<u> </u>
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Ay !	
-3 - 1	-+-+
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	5-D .
n = 5	
103 histogram	bins lots more samples requires
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1/1/	

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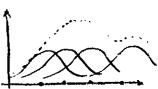
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wind Light Kernel isory; Town , Parzen Uns words kernel will sample in the ان منع ی زند مسانی ، لای ر ... اید



Spikey it: in kernel.

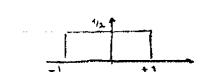




• الواع kernel وي محمل من من من من من



$$k(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\lambda} & |x| < 1 \\ 0 & , |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$



II) Triangular

$$|x| = \begin{cases} 1 - |x| & |x| < 1 \\ 0 & |x| = 0 \end{cases}$$

亚, Biweight

$$K(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{15}{16} (1-x^2)^2, |x| < 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{cases}$$

IV) Normal

oject: <u>Ar. Month. Date. 56</u>	
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	
) Bartlett Epanichniker	
$\frac{3}{6}\left(1-\frac{x^{2}}{6}\right)/\sqrt{5}$	121 < 15
/((%) :	1×1 < √5
	ه دمای جندهبی
) Normal	
	<u>*</u> }
(2X) N2	
,	
K(X): (1-x-x)(M+2)	Fer 121 (1
0.6	
2 C _P	For 121 < 1
2 C _P	
2 C _P	volume of sphere in M-D
2 C _P	
2 C _P	
2 C _P	valume of sphere in M-D
2 C _P	ر valume of sphere in n-D base = 3
2 C _P	base = 3 in \$\frac{1}{3}\$
2 C _P	ر valume of sphere in n-D base = 3
2 C _P	valume of sphere in N-D base = 3 $\hat{p}(x)$ area of each triangle = $\frac{1}{3}$ feight = $\frac{2}{3}$
Cρ: π "(3 / I" ((-1/2)+1)	base = 3 in base = 3 in fix) area of each triangle = $\frac{1}{3}$ freight = $\frac{2}{9}$ s in Sim view car of
Cρ: π "(3 / I" ((-1/2)+1) 1 2 3 4	base = 3 \$\frac{1}{2} \tag{\text{price} in N=D}\$ base = 3 \$\frac{1}{2} \tag{\text{price} in N=D}\$ \$\frac{1}{2} \tag{\text{price} in N=D}\$ \$\frac{1}{2} \tag{\text{price} in N=D}\$ \$\frac{1}{2} \tag{\text{price} in N=D}\$ \$\text{price} \text{price}
Cp: T ((T)+1) Cp: T ((T)+1) Inimize Integral of Square E	base = 3 im \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{3}\$ \$1
2 C _P C _P : π "(² / T " ((² / ₁)+1)	base = 3 im base = 3 im \$\hat{g(x)}\$ area of each triangle = \frac{1}{3} height = \frac{2}{9} s MISE Join 1 4 United the served of the s

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	_
	KNN Classifier
ى بى راسىدى ئىسى	۔ ادل کا آرٹردیک تربی میسید ع ۔ می بیسم میر کردم کا این میسید ع ۔ بیٹرین تعداد راب عنوان کا س
متعلق بدائم الماس راست.	2 - Ly 1 1 (1) 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -
ه مشجور در ز	X rest ville 1 set in it
	KNN, - Lazy Learner
دردری صدید را طبیقه مندی لید	KNN - Lazy Learner
	م (نوا المريز الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
. 70	
Neural Fix L	_ سرمدفع لائم بود طبقه مذی را لیکا می _ سرحلات Statistical PR
	سان سافق زباد
	ہے جارہ کی نم
	Curse of Dimentionality_
. د. د د	iritio Jir k
**_*	
عا <i>ز دست می</i> رود	ا بنال کے جانبات نیر عرب بے Swoothness کے لا

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		L	an casterMode	l
P(Z)	رین interaction میشد	ي خاميم کين غ eraction §	an caster Mode	احازه ی دهیم ا
n-D				
<u>X</u>		•••••		
P (%) =	S PO	κ; , χ;) ;;, γ(π;)	$\left[\binom{n}{2}-1\right]$ Pind	(-3-)
Pindep (×): T, ,,	P(xk)		
S≡ ora	ler of inte	eraction =	2	
- (a)	. n(x),	$(x_j) + \frac{1}{C_{i\times C}}$	-	
2X	j) = n(x),	5j) + 1		
			s with value xi	, K 1 '
			ion on variable	
			in variable r	
Cr		[*]		
	[21]	1 1		ref
	[*]			
[x,]			n	
[x,]				
[x,]	x	<u>.</u>	n	

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P: (2) = Pa	(wi) = P(x, oi)
	Prwij

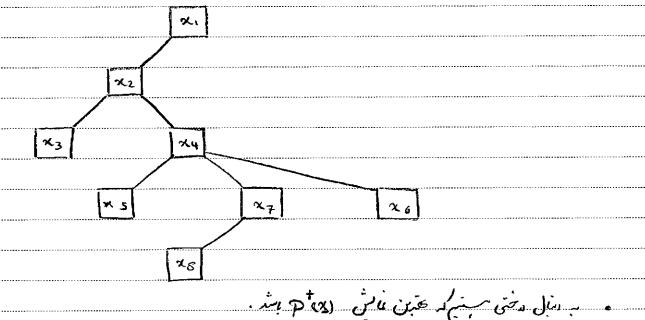
 $\Rightarrow P(Z, \omega_i) = P(\omega_i) \times P(Z \mid \omega_i)$

t = tree

j(i) = parent (i)

pt(3) = P(x,), P(x2 | x,), P(x3 | x2), P(x4 | x2), P(x5 | x4)

b(x(1x1)b(x+1x4) b(x81x4)



 $x_1 \rightarrow root : p(x_1 \mid x_0) = x_1$

			کا دوارشال
B (4) = B (x)	4) P(x, 1x2)	P(23 X2). P(x	.2 %4)
	PU15 x4).	?(x6)x6).P(x	$_{7}(x_{1})$, $p(x_{8}(x_{4})$
<u> </u>		X4	
2/2	25	7.6	747
	1~ 1	le d	
X3	α ₁	128	
n-2			مرائع فداد در کها
n			
		ن داشته باشد.	و ابر سرمتفریها بیسل
# of cells	= L(L-1)(n	-1\ . k.	ه اگر برسیر با ترسیل
# of cells	» له (۱ - ۱) (۱ - ۱) د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	-1\ . k.	E
# of cells Kullback Leibl	ئىرى ىذ	•	ه معاری مردن زاست
	ئىرى ىذ	سا + (1- ند نزدی کین رواردرو	ه معاری مردن زاست
Kullback Leibl	ئیری نند ح	سا به (۱- نا نزدی کخن را ایرازه ۱۲۱ است ده می کند	ه هنیاری سردندی راست معرله " رز سترخی سا
Kullback Leibl	ئىرى ىذ	سا به (۱- نا نزدی کخن را ایرازه ۱۲۱ است ده می کند	ه عداری سردندیزاست معرله" رز سترخی سا
Kullback Leibl D (p(x), so	یری و د P ^t (۱۷) : \ P (۱۷) > ه	ا برای کن دارد. ا برای کن دارد. ا برا است دری ند ا برا است دری ند ا برا است دری ند	ه معیاری مدر نیاز است معرانا از ستاسی م
Kullback Leibl D (p(x), so	یری و د P ^t (۱۷) : \ P (۱۷) > ه	ا برای کن دارد. ا برای کن دارد. ا برا است دری ند ا برا است دری ند ا برا است دری ند	ه معیاری مدر نیاز است معرلا " رز ستمی
Kullback Leible D(p(x))	ec $P^{t}(x)) = \int P(x)$ $\Rightarrow \phi \Rightarrow P(x)$	$ \begin{array}{ccc} & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow $	ه معیاری سر رنی زاست معراه " رز سنه می م
Kullback Leible D(p(x))	یری و د P ^t (۱۷) : \ P (۱۷) > ه	$ \begin{array}{ccc} & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \downarrow $	ه معیاری سردنی زاست معمدالا از سناسفی همین عین
Kullback Leible $ \mathcal{D}_{(p(x))} $ $ \mathcal{D}_{kL} $ $ \mathcal{D}_{kL} $ $ \mathcal{D}_{kL} $	ec $P^{t}(x)) = \int P(x)$ $\Rightarrow \phi \Rightarrow P(x)$	$\begin{array}{cccc} & & \downarrow $	ه معیاری سردنی زاست معمدالا " در سنه سفی که معردا تا معردا

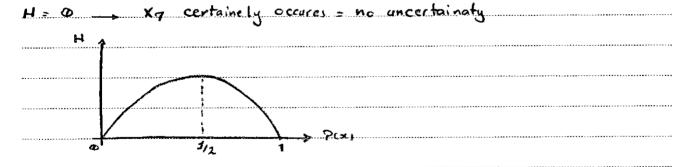
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	Saltopy
	}
P; = Prob { X; }	1,



$$P_i = \emptyset$$
 ($P_i = \emptyset$) $P_i = \emptyset$





$$\mathcal{D}_{KL}(p(x), q(x)) = \sum_{\chi} q(x) \ln \frac{q(x)}{p(x)}$$

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	DKh Tung.
D _{KL} > 0	
> KL = 0	
Mu	tual Information (MI).
different variables	
P(%)	
9 (4)	
I(P,q) = H(P) - H(P q)	
I (P.9) = H(P) - H(P19)	سدار عم بقلی است که از
······································	
J(p,q) = H(p) - H(P(q))	•••••
- [x, y) log r(x, y) 2 P(x), q(3)
$r(x,y) \equiv jbint distribution of x,y$	
	·······
ي و د مر آو په آ	
جد انم مسل مبند	۳۱۰ ساب می دورد در در این
MI > Q	
MI = 0 independance	
P+(x) = Tr ? P(x: x; (;)	
	<u>.</u>
زن ست که این دان عامل MI بین مرد فرزنداست. د فرع درنوی آن میشید باشد.	برساحه درجت دادای د
له فرع درنوی آن مشعنه باشد.	ورضي ساس است
, <u>,</u>	

W =	Σ ;,	, I	_(_X.	, X	_; i;)
					_

Warman => DKhamin

max weight dependence tree (MWDT)

max weight spanning tree (MWST)

find all weights = $\binom{n}{2} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ find minimum spanning tree : O(n2) => O(n2)

Density Estimation

1. Histogram

2. Parzen Method * Rectangular

.....

- Gaussian

* Trianquiar

* Product Form

3. KNN Method

4. Independance Tree

I. Generate Data **Normally Distributed 10:{\mu \ S^2} 20:{\mu \ [\surplus]} **Uniform II. Do Estimation III. Visualize Data & PDF {original , estimated} IV. Provide Inter face	7	Conera	ta T	h-t-a						
I. Do Estimation II. Visualize Data & PDF {original, estimated} IV. Provide Interface										<u>m</u> [∑]}
II. Do Estimation III. Visualize Data & PDF {original, estimated} IV. Provide Interface								<u> </u>		
III. Visualize Data & PDF {original, estimated} IV. Provide Interface										
IV. Provide Interface							inal	estin	nated }	***************************************
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		Feature Reduct	icn.
D na1 X X -D ma1 Y 4) m <n< th=""><th></th><th></th></n<>		
x-	— ქ, ∝, — — ქ ₂	f(x1, x2,, xm)	
Feature Selection		Feature Extraction	3
		, [a] <u>X</u>	
feature Selection => Sub	م د میری	ב] = nxm בין אינט אינון	مفن

 $S_m = all \text{ subsets}$ A = all trans Formation $J(\tilde{S}_m) = \max_{S \in S_m} J(S) \qquad J(\tilde{A}) = \max_{A \in A} J(A(\underline{x}))$

			ر روشهای عملن	ـ نەل
n feature			•	····
m select				
$\binom{n}{m} = \frac{n!}{m! (n-m)!}$				
(w) wi (x-w);				
n = 25 m > 10				
# = 3,268,760				
	Feature S	election Co	terion	•
1. Design Class				
	,		.,,,	
2. <u>n-D</u>	N, sample			
<u></u>				
Use Distance				
, -				
* Divergance				
J ₀ (ω,ω,) -	[D(x 1m,) -P(<u>x (~e) x hn</u>	POKION	dx
	J		1.05 (-05)	·····
class 1: NCm,,	[\Sigma],)			
class 2: N(m2)	[\(\sum_{2}\)			-
		_1		
Jo (m, m2) = 1/2 (m2-	='), ([=], +[=]	(m2-m1)		
+ Tr {	$[\Sigma]_{i}^{i}[\Sigma]_{i}+[$	Σ], $[\Sigma]_2$	_ 2[I]}	,.,
PCO trace				

Subject: Year. Month. Date 63
* Chernoff
Je (.) = - log p (x (w,), p (x 1 w2), dx
* Bhattacharyya
$J_{\mathcal{B}}(\cdot, \cdot) = -\log \left[\left[P(x_1 \omega_1) - P(x_1 \omega_2) \right]^{1/2} \cdot dx \right]$
* Patrick - Fisher
Jp(.) = [P(x w,) P, - p(x w,) P,], dx
* KL
Branch & Bound State of Cyris.
$X \subset Y \implies J(X) \land J(Y)$
ینی برجه featuce اف ذکینی متدا ل زیاد ستزد.
optimum , i optimu
به این نابلی دهد. ۱ جوی که ۱ جوی ده به این می دهد. است بونی از به این ب
با نیم دامه دهد. به ن خری اد کره د معلی ۱ در حدد دارد تولید می لید.

Subject: Year Month Date (}			
5 features				<u></u>
select 3 features	,		······································	
construct a tree			,	
level 0		(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	,	<u></u> سورزون
			-0	•
level 1 1(2, 3,4,5)	2(1,3,4,5)	3 (1,2,4,5.)	4 (123,5)	<u>5</u>)(12.34.).
		······································	5(1,2,4) 5(1,2,3)	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		4,84,1.5		
		criteria f	inction live des	<u> </u>
	92 . 1			
	-111		<u>.</u>	
76. 7	60. 9	80.4	81.6	**
<u> </u>		1/4		
wis is	12 <u>)</u>	85.1 76.1	77.2	
start @ A :	(1,2,3)	J = 77.2		
back track :				***************************************
$\overline{J} = (\underline{m}_1 - \underline{m}_2)^{T}$	(\(\sum_{1} + \)	<u></u>	2.) ^T	
است لد نده دالد کا به متدار	ي سارد)	, سعل زمرست را	اب اب البید باس می رود (<u> </u>
win wonotoni	ست ہے۔۔۔۔۔ ع	بانتد ، س طن ما	ت كرّ از تُتدار كلينه ما	5,
است که فرد والد ایک متدار monotoni	ار سوالهم المسور السور	سام دين تراس آن	لر از خدشان ی ا	

ar. Month.	Date 65	
•••••	(LRS) Plus - L Minus R Sel.
		سر مرا ما المان د الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
1 0-20	, ,	به دربرط ما قافد و ۱ م تا و حزت می کنم Start Y= 4 / X
2. Add	- and remers 12	.p., 46.5
		(BDS Bidirectional Search
. نرده با شد.	لیرد که رنبی آنک مزن	SFS + SBS * بری خاص این این ارتفاط ا
	(SFi	FS) Sequential Floating Sel
•••••		

·····		
••••		
, ,		
•••		
••••		

	- ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PCO		

chapter 9) Feature Extraction for Signal Representation X المن سيارون عبرين الدست دادن المعالق المعال

$$\frac{X}{X} = Y_{1} \underbrace{a_{1}}_{1} + Y_{2} \underbrace{u_{2}}_{2} + \cdots + Y_{m} \underbrace{u_{m}}_{1} + \cdots + Y_{n} \underbrace{u_{n}}_{2}$$

$$= Y_{1} \underbrace{u_{1}}_{1} + Y_{2} \underbrace{u_{2}}_{2} + \cdots + Y_{m} \underbrace{u_{m}}_{2}$$

$$= [u_{1} \ u_{2} \ \dots \ u_{m}] \begin{cases} Y_{1} \\ Y_{2} \\ Y_{m} \end{cases}$$

 $m \rightarrow n \Rightarrow \tilde{x} \rightarrow x$

المعادي مريحي يد (١٠٠)

orthonormal

$$\underline{u}_{i}^{\top}\underline{u}_{j} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{i.i.j.} \\ 0 & \text{i.i.j.} \end{cases}$$

$$\tilde{X}$$
: $[u]_{m} \tilde{Y}$
 $[u]_{m}$: $[u]_{m}$: $[u]_{m}$ u_{2} ... u_{m}

y = [u] = x

و سالت کلی

Date.

مرن بحرالي المركوم سال الما والم سال من ما من من من المركم المركم المركم المركم المركم المركم المركم المركم الم $\underline{\varepsilon} = \underline{x} - \underline{x} = \sum_{j=m+1}^{n} y_{j} \underline{u}_{j}$ E = [| [|]] = [[| X - X | 2] = [{ E T E } ε = Σ , E { Y; 2} $Y_{j}^{2} = Y_{j} \cdot Y_{j} = (\underline{u}_{j}^{T} \times)(\underline{u}_{j}^{T} \times)$ $E\{y_j^2\} = u_j^T E\{xx^T\} \cdot u_j$ = ujT[R] uj correlation matrix of X \mathcal{E} , $\sum_{j,m_1} u_{j}^T [R] u_{j}$ E. Dimu uj IR]uj $u_i u_j = \begin{cases} 1 & i = j \end{cases}$

 $\mathcal{E}' = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} u_{j}^{T} \left(R_{j} u_{j}^{T} + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \lambda_{i}^{T} \left(1 - u_{j}^{T} u_{j}^{T} \right) \right)$

Lagrange Multipliers

Month.

Date.

 $\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial u_i} = 2 \left(\left[R \right] u_j - \lambda_i u_j \right) = 0$

िति वरं = भेरं परं

Le cigen vector & eigen value

سی می میند کردن کے مند ورد مردروی ریزه [۹] عاملد

Xm. Y. . u. + ... + Y. . um + DE {Yi} ui

[I] uj = Aj · uj

(u notation

ى خاھىم سى ئىد دائى دائى

ε. Σ λ:

ه س سرجترین : ۸ راندی داری ه حال بر نک : ۸ ای ای مانده : ۱۱ ای ای ای کا

· Cul inge KL - transformation - Unit

Karhunen - Loeve Transformation

Ā = [a] x

[a]. [u, ... um]=[eigen vectors of [R]]

Subject:

Year	٠,	 I

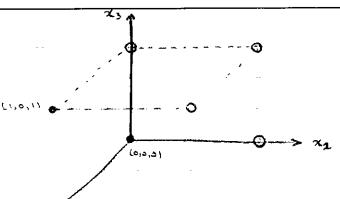
Month.

Date. 67

X nxi	_
x = Y, u, + + Yn un	
x . Y, u, Ym um	m < n
$\underline{\varepsilon} = \underline{x} - \overline{\underline{x}}$	
E. [u] [8] [u]	·
, <u>i . j</u>	
u; uj = { 0 , i≠j	
[u]: [ф, ф, ф,] ~	KL
	Pattern Recognition , 4 &
ω, , , ω,	
<u>X</u> :	M
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	. راحل
L Find correlation matrix [R]	
[R] : [,, P(w), E { X;	<u>x</u> ;
•	
obtain the eigenvalues & eigenvec	iters of [R]
. [A]:[♠, ♠,	
. Transformation	

Month.

Date . ()



$$\chi_{11} = (0,0,0)^{T}$$
 $(0,0,1)^{T} = \chi_{21}$
 $\chi_{12} = (1,0,0)^{T}$ $(0,1,0)^{T} = \chi_{22}$
 $\chi_{13} = (1,0,1)^{T}$ $(0,1,1)^{T} = \chi_{23}$
 $\chi_{14} = (1,1,0)^{T}$ $(1,1,1)^{T} = \chi_{24}$

र्ज

$$[R] = \sum_{i=1}^{2} P_i \in \{X_i X_i^T\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [R_i] + \frac{1}{2} [R_i]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} (\sum_{j=1}^{4} x_{ij} x_{ij}^T + \sum_{j=1}^{4}$$

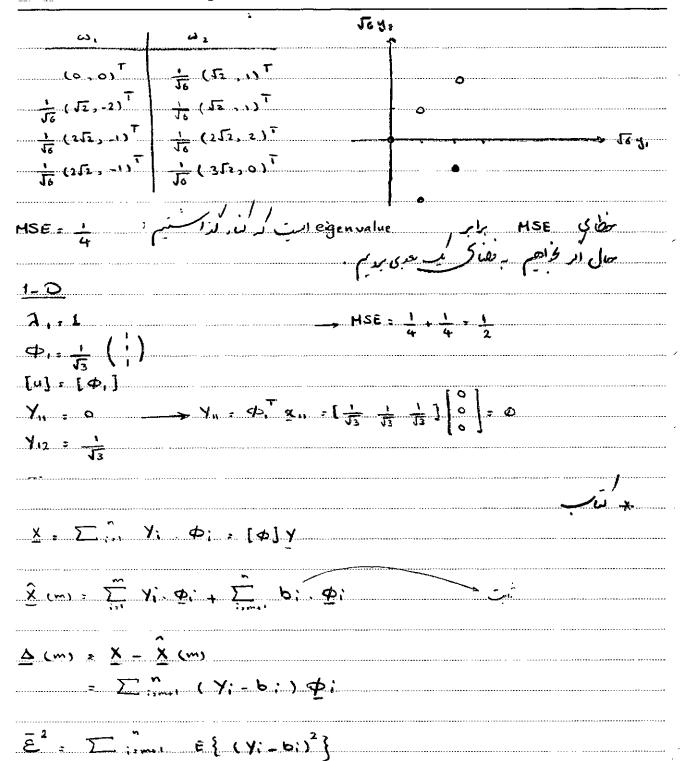
$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{4} \chi_{ij} \chi_{ij}^{\top} + \sum_{j=1}^{4} \chi_{2j} \chi_{2j}^{\top} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right]$$

•

Month.

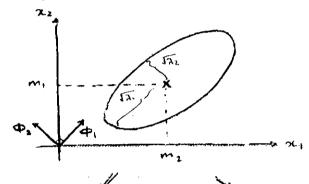
Date.



δε' = 0 - b; = E[Yi], φ. [E[X]

E' : I I] x o;

mean $\{X\} = \emptyset$ $= [\Sigma]_X = [R]$ mean $\{X\} \neq \emptyset$ $= [\Sigma]_X$ better \bigvee





ورصت تولرین تورو است ورصت تولرین تورو

(A) X1 (C) X1 (C

(A):
$$[\Sigma] = [R]: \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=1}^{4} [X:X:T]: \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

Subject: Year . Month . Dat	c. 69 ,	1-7	
(A) $\lambda_1 = 5$ $\lambda_2 = 6$ (B) $\lambda_1 = 4$ $\lambda_2 = 1$	$ \Phi_{1} = \left(\frac{1}{J_{2}}\right) $ $ \Phi_{2} = \left(\frac{1}{J_{2}}\right) $ $ \Phi_{1} = \left(\frac{1}{J_{2}}\right) $ $ \Phi_{2} = \left(\frac{1}{J_{2}}\right) $	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{52}}$) ^T	$\Rightarrow \varepsilon : 0$ $\Rightarrow \varepsilon : 1 = \frac{1}{4} (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{1})$
S		\$ \(\bar{\pi} \)	A 41
L M	ي بازنارر . PEG . JPEG d		برسمين دليل الذان ا
$\mathcal{E}: \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{\lambda_{i}}{\lambda_{i}}$			مای امید بدایش، نده ولیلاعات دا در طرد دارد، ولیلاعات در درست رورت
PAPCO			

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Subject:
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Month.

Date:

 $[\Sigma]_{Y} = [\phi]^{\mathsf{T}}[\Sigma]_{X}[\phi] = [\lambda]$

مارس ملك سيا

 $tr([\Sigma]_{Y}) = tr([\phi]^{T}[\Sigma]_{X}[\phi])$

= $+r([\Sigma]_{\times}[\phi][\phi]^{\mathsf{T}})$

= tr ([[], [1])

= tr ([[]x)

یس منظ مبرک نیز بھی H مست ی کدید:

 $\mu_i = \frac{\lambda_i}{+r[\Sigma]_X}$

(Scatter Measure

* سامل بالندلى (

dx = E { (between sample distance)}

 $= \in \{ \| x_i - x_j \|^2 \}$

 $= E \{ (x_i - x_j)^T (x_i - x_j) \}$

 $= E \left\{ X_i^T X_i + X_j^T X_j \right\} - E \left\{ X_i^T X_j + X_j^T X_i \right\}$

• شريح داده و ١

identical distribution independent

} ::d

 $\vec{d}_{x} = 2 \in \{ x^{T}x \} - 2 \in \{ x^{T} \} \in \{ x \}$ $= 2 + r \left[e\{ x^{T} \} - m^{T} \right]$ $= 2 + r \left[[R] - m^{T} \right]$

= 2 tr [[].

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Date. 70

Υ . [Φ] - X
$[\phi]_{-}, [\phi \phi \cdots \phi_{-}]$
[Φ] [Φ] = [I] or the normal transformation
_
dy: 2 tr [[] y distance preserved
$\overline{d}_{y}^{2} = 2 + r \left[\sum_{y} \right]_{y}$
$= 2 + r \left([\phi]^{T} [\Sigma]_{X} [\phi] \right)$
$= 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n} \phi_{i}^{T} [\Sigma]_{x} \phi_{i}$
Representation 60.
maximize dy
maximize \overline{dy} subject to Φ : $\Phi_j = \{1, i=j \}$
lo; # j
$\overline{\mathcal{E}}^2$: Σ : ϕ : ∇ : ∇ : ∇ :
-12 minimixe
$\overline{d}^2 = 2 \sum_{i=1}^{m} \phi_i^{-1} [\Sigma], \phi_i^{-1}$ but representation!
Jolosop maximixe
الماني المانية
<u> </u>
Computer Project: 1,2
Problems : 1,2,3
الله تعين مرهن محساني و مدان پروزه به مراجع به کارمورد این)
Crattern Recognition - Pattern Recognition Letter
Intl. J. of PR IEEE PAMI
عرب المراق عرب المراق

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Date . (

على عارعا مى داده؟ ، مدب مينية أدون عدم تعليت داده است (رودون معالمعنا الما الله على عارفات (رودون معالمعنا الما الله المست (رودون معالمه المعالمة المعا

$$\mathcal{P}_{x}(\bar{x}) = N\left(\sum_{x} |\sum_{x} |$$

 $\hat{h}_{x} = \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(x - x \right)^{T} \left[\sum_{x} \int_{x}^{1} \left(x - x \right) + \frac{1}{2} \ln \left[\sum_{x} \right]_{x} + \frac{n}{2} \ln \left(2\pi \right) \right]$

$$= \frac{1}{2} E \left\{ tr \left(\left[\Sigma \right]_{x}^{1} \left(\underline{X} - \underline{m}_{x} \right) \left(\underline{X} - \underline{m}_{x} \right)^{T} \right\} + \dots \right\}$$

=
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
E { $+ ([\Sigma]_x^{-1} [\Sigma]_x) + ...$

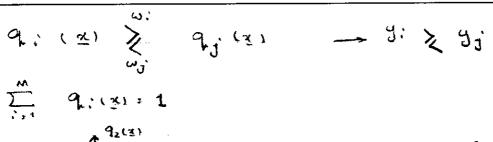
=
$$\frac{n}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \ln ||\Sigma|_{x}| + \frac{n}{2} \ln (2\pi)$$

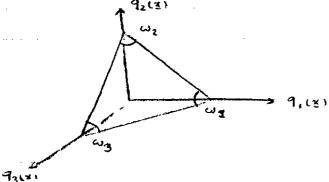
ن رابطه الدين أله م الرام من الم من الم

भः = १:(<u>१</u>)

Month.

Date. (





M-1 مع من من و معدد دارد.

. ورفع نابع معيد دراين عل استاه ي شور .

- 1. Based on family of scatter matrices
- 2. Based on bounds

Scatter Matrices

- within - Class Scatter Matrix

$$[S]_{w} = \sum_{i=1}^{M} P_{i} \cdot E \left\{ (\underline{x} - \underline{m}_{i})^{T} | \omega_{i} \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{M} P_{i} \cdot [\Sigma]_{i}$$

ساین بوندی سن طعی = سین عربهی پراندی ما ۱ کا

* Between - Class Scatter Matrix

Month .

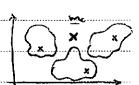
Date. 71

mi = E {X | wi}

mo = \(\sum_{i} \, \Pi \, \mi \) \(\text{E} \left\{ \text{X} \right\} \)

* Hixture Scatter matrix

$$[S]_m = E\left\{(X-m_0)(X-m_0)^T\right\}$$



* General Form of Scatter Criteria:

$$J_1 \uparrow \Rightarrow Seperability \downarrow$$

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e J4 = +r [S],

Optimum Liver Transform .

 $Y = [a]^T X$

there is no constraint on [3] to be orthonormal ([a] = [I])

 $[\Sigma]_{\mathbf{y}} : [\alpha]^{\mathsf{T}} [\Sigma]_{\mathbf{x}} [\alpha]$

[S]y = [a] [S]x [a] water mater

J, (m) = tr ([5]24 [5]14)

= +r ((La) T[S]2x [a]) "([a] T[S]1x [a]) j

d To Appendix A . A.16

 $\frac{\partial J_{2}(m)}{\partial [a]} = -2 S_{2x} A S_{2y}^{-1} S_{1y} S_{2y}^{-1} + 2 S_{1x} A S_{2y}^{-1} = 0$

=> 31x A S27 = S2x A S27 S14 S24

= 524 Six A 521 = A 527 Six 527

 $\Rightarrow (S_{2x}^{-1}S_{1x})A = A(S_{2y}^{-1}S_{1y})$

 $\frac{y}{x} = A^T \times$

K= BT Y line , to .. feen then

BTS. B = [H] = 1 Purh

BT Siy B : [I]

PAPCO_

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در دانع ۱۵۰ که ۱۵ در طریخواکر نظری کرم
$tr(S_{2z}^{-1}S_{1z}) = tr((B^{T}S_{2y}B)(B^{T}S_{1y}B))$
= tr (B-1S27 B-TBTS17B)
= tr (\$2, 5, 83")
$= \operatorname{tr} \left(S_{2Y}^{-1} S_{1Y} \right)$
ران منولر criteria تغیری لدن
BT S.y B = [H] = =>
$\mathcal{S}_{\perp} \mathcal{S}^{(\lambda)} = [h] \mathcal{B}_{\perp} \Rightarrow$
5 _{1y} = 6 ^{-T} [µ] 8 ⁻¹
$\mathcal{B}^{T} S_{i} \gamma \mathcal{B} = [1] \Longrightarrow$
8 ⁷ 524 = 8 ⁻¹ =>
S 8. T8.
Q'il in i
Szy Szy = (B-TB-')-'(B-T[M]0")
= (B B ^T)(8 ^{-T} [M] B ⁻¹)
: B [H] B-1
سېن
$(S_{2x} \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow} S_{1x}) A = A(S_{2y} \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow} S_{yy}) \Rightarrow$
(S2x-1 S,x) A = A (B[µ]B-1) ⇒
$(S_{2}x^{-1}S_{1}x)AB=AB([\mu])$
WGZ - X Gie Ill AB
in eigen value (Six Six) il il eigen value (Six Six) im [H]

Month.

Date.

، مرحد مر حدامی فطری کردن عمر ند به مادیر دیزه مادلس [4] اعداد صفیقی رست مرند.

Jun +r (Sex Six)= Ait ... An J(m) = tr (Six Dix) = HI+ ... + Hm

بای مینید یا نمید کردن کل مرتب نردرن از در میرن سدار دی دیره استداری شد

1- dass

J, = tr ([s], [s]b)

 $\frac{1}{1} S_{1} = [S]_{\omega}$

1 & [2] ... with 11.5:04

Y = [A] x

احمل ادليم كالك : يا [5]b. [" Pi (mi-mo) (mi-mo) = P, (m, -me) (m, -me) T+ P2 (m2-me) (m2-me)

= P, (m, -(~))(m, -(~)) +P2 (m2-(~)) (m, -(~))

= [P, P, 2 + P, 2P,] (m, -m,) (m, -m,) T

= PIPz (P1+Pz)(mz-m1)(102+m1)"

= PIP; (m; -m,)(m; -m,) T

تهار عراق المد ایل را مدر عاد مات ای اید اس:

Rank ([5]) = 1

Rank ([5]): full rank

Rank ([5] [56]) + 1

ار فرسس

tr (Su'Sb) =]. $\lambda_1 = eigen value (Sw^{-1}Sb) \neq 0$ = tr (5, (P,P, (m, m,) (m, m,)T) = P,P, (+r((m,-m,) T 5,-1 (m,-m,))) = P, P, ((m2-m,) T Si (m1-m,)) ϕ_1 , $[S]_{-1}^{-1}$ (m_1-m_1) | [5] (m2-m1) | $(S_{\omega}^{-1}S_{b}) \Phi_{1} = \lambda_{1} \Phi_{1}$ * من الم نياز عبل بالله: $y = [a]^T x$ [a] = \$1 Y = Φ, X = cte سيمان در يعد بر بم نُور: Y. C [[S]-1 (m2-m1)]TX _______________ Y = C (m2-m) T [S] X

 $q_i, (x_1, \dots, M)$ $q_i \gtrsim q_i$

 $q_1 + \dots + q_n = 1$

این بر مع م ما م ۱۵۰ مده ی در ا

Month.

Date. (

Cinear classification & Jung

$$\underline{v} = (S \Sigma_1 + (1-5) \Sigma_2)^{-1} (m_2 - m_1)$$

M - Class

过

الله حلت خاص

WS=MI=MI

این ساحق ساس علی ند و حون راندی حول سائیس دا مشان ی دهد.

32 = 3m

5

بايد ميسيد ال

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 $(S_{4x}'S_{1x})AB = AB([M]) \Longrightarrow$ $(S_{-1}^{-1}S_{\omega})[\phi] = [\phi][\lambda] \Rightarrow$ Seigen value matrix Smil Sw = [1] Leigen vector matrix Sm Sw = [0] $[S_{\omega} [\alpha] : S_{m} [\alpha] [1] \Rightarrow$ S m = S w + S b Sw [4] = (Swr Sb) [4][1] => $S_b [\alpha][\lambda] = S_{\omega}[\alpha]([1]-[\lambda]) \Rightarrow$ $S_{\omega}^{-1}S_{b} [\phi][\lambda] = [\phi](\underline{I} - \lambda) \Rightarrow$ Sw'Sb [4] = [4]([2]"-[1]) انریبا دیر دیژه ما ۵ "۵ کا بریت کمنم حال بنا دیر دیزه ها کا آن کا لریت می لینم . $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) \leqslant \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ optimization of J. (m) * J2 (m) - Ln | S,y | _ Ln | S,y | Y: LAJT X J2 (m) . Ln | ATS, x A | - Ln | ATS2x A | <u>δ J₂(m)</u> [0] Appendi, A: A.18

3J = 2 {Six A Siy - Six A Siy } = 0

 $S_{1x} A S_{1y}^{-1} = S_{2x} A S_{2y}^{-1}$ $S_{1x} S_{1x} A S_{1y} S_{1y}^{-1} = S_{2x} S_{2x} A S_{2y}^{-1} S_{1y}$ $(S_{2x} S_{1x}) A = A (S_{2y} S_{1y})$

. in J1 in

J2 (m): Ln 15,41 . Ln 15,4 3,41

= hn light ... 4 hn lm

سان ان بر دین میرد کان بر د باشد

Rank (Sb) . + . fall rank

1561= 0

نبر

52 # 1515

5

فيرضم والماه والعي ،

filtp: // kdd . ics . uci. edu

الم مدهومات محساني

- 1. Combination of Classifiers
- 1. Non Linear Classifier
- s. Clustering
- 4. SUM 5
- 5 . Density Estimation

car. Month. Date. 76		
6. Application		-
7. Validatica		
. Feature Selection & Extraction		***************************************
. Micro Larray Data Processing		
	چ کا الم د حدد الرمتر عی آراد	·
KNNK	· ·	d
Parzen k		
Feature Reductionm		
	الماك لايم	••••
رانتی	اسی بسیال	
راحی	سحف ہے مملک مدارر	
	21	
اب در در دارده ۱ مرای کرزش	ينجرا و الأده محلاوات	
است ده اد ول داده ۶ برای وردی	/ Naive	
Test Opiosis UVisionia		
generalization u jeu	, 4	
خطای مزرز متدار دانتی د خرستیاند)	J	
	سر دیمای دیم	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	us it was when win	
م مین رست نیدان داده دی را دن روزات	holdout	- ··· <i>,</i>
ه مُن رست شان واده اي رائن رندارت	4	
Resampling (4),1 71101 b	<u> </u>	
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مین کار کا بار هدات می باد در این داده و بواستدی شده برای test استایه می سند.

- این کار کا بار هدات می لیرد .

- سطای ساهل از این کا بار دا سائین می دیم .

- سطای ساهل از این کا بار دا سائین می دیم .

- براشن داده و بددن ما ترنی است .

المعدد One Out

Test ده بالده المارية المارية المعدد المارية المعدد المارية المعدد ال

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† into the series of the series

La Normal

	Bootstrap
	Random Sub Sampling it _ eigen in the substitution of the substit
مرسدور داده علی ایسان است.	_ ع مذاری _ بنی مد ده ی داند صد یا
المانية المنابعة	مردون استان والمستان
	A '1
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	Three Way Oata Estimate
Pro State William	Training Set 19000 - validation Set Test Set
s. see	Valuation Oct
	Test Ser
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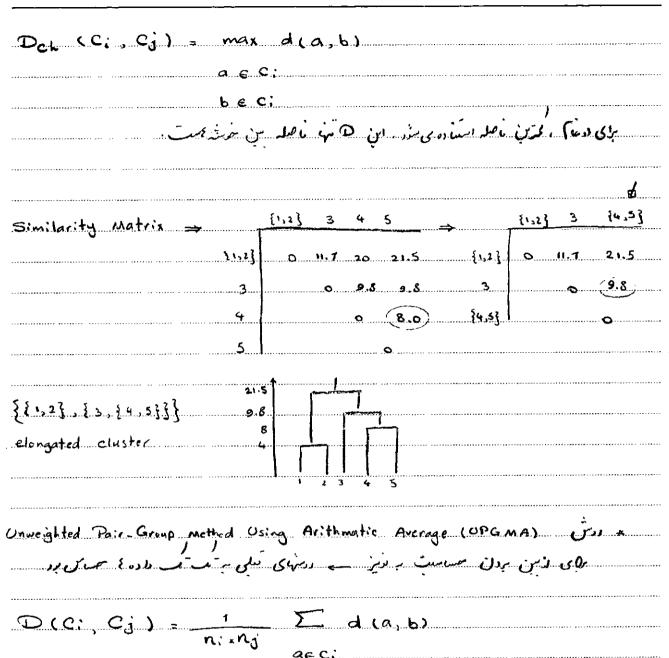
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	Fitness Functions _
	Ad-Hoc-
	خرشد شری سلسد مراتشی : درش مخیعی
	Agalomerative Clustering Ala
in in level of the	ر الماني من الماني من الماني من الماني الماني من الماني الماني الماني الماني الماني الماني الماني الماني الماني
ر المارن عديد	Bottom - Un
	Agglomerative Clustering Alg. Agglomerative Cluster بر در
1. Begin	with N cluster
ea	ch sample E C
	•
2. Repeat st	ep 3 a total of N-1 times
3. Find the mo	st similar clusters Ci & Ci
	st similar clusters C; & Cj
	st Similar clusters C; & Cj rge C; & Cj into one cluster
	rge C: & Cj into one cluster
	rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single_Linkage in a
	rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single-Linkage in A
	rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single_Linkage in a
me	rge Ci & Cj into one cluster (SL) Single Linkage in a Min Method Nearest Neighbor Method
me	rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single-Linkage in A
D _{st} (C;, (rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single - Linkage in a Min Method Nearest Neighbor Method Cj) = min d(a,b) ae C:
D _{st} (C;, (rge Ci& Cj into one cluster (SL) Single - Linkage in a Min Method Nearest Neighbor Method Cj) = min d(a,b)
D _{SL} (C;, (rge C; & Cj into one cluster (SL) Single - Linkage in a Min Method Nearest Neighbor Method Cj) = min d(a, b) ae C;
D _{st} (C;	rge C; & Cj into one cluster (SL) Single - Linkage in a Min Method Nearest Neighbor Method Cj) = min d(a, b) ae C;

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sample #				
	(2,4)	t		ब
1	(4, 4)		⑤	
2	(8,4)		3	
3	(15, 8)			
4	(24, 4)	00	(9	
5	(24,12)		and the second s	. 4
1	2 3 4 5		از: سلیل _{ماریس} شاهت عذبهٔ ^و	
1 -	4 11-7 20 21-5	(3:3)	Similarity Matrix	
2	_ 8.1 16 17.9		•	
3	9.8 9.8			
4				
. 5	-		distance	
level 1:	[1] [2] [3]	{4} {5}		
level 2 :	[1,2] [3] [4]	{5j	8.1	
level 3:	{1,2} {3} {4,5	ť		
flevel 4:	{ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		4	
level 5:	{{1,2},3,{4,5}}		1 2 3 4) 5
سه ن سخنی د د مخبره ایها وج	ای روی رو برزن اطلامات (مر	الرد	Dendrogram skir d Ister Önsign	

(Ch) Compelete Linkage Maximum Method Farthest Neighbor Method



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Similarity Matrix		11,2]	3	4	5	⇒ ,	{1,2}	3	{4,5}
	{1,2}	c	9.9	t S	19.7	11,23	0	9.9	(8.9)
	3		۵	گ. و	9.8	3		0	9.8
	4			٥	(8.0	{4,5}		1	٥
	5	1			ā		_	宀	
D(C1,C2) = 1 (d(1)	ه به (ف	1 (2)	3)) = 9	9.9					\Box
D (C,2, C45): 1/2x2 (d(1)2	},4)+d	({ 1 })	= (کر ز	8.9			1 2	3	4 5
						44 44			

Min variance Method

Ct. Ce, ..., CN initial clusters

smallest square error

$$\Xi = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n} (x_{j}^{i} - \mu_{j}^{i})^{2}}{(x_{n}^{i})^{2}}$$

E = N 62 = N (61 + ... + 61)

Clusters

| Squared error

| \[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}

موشرة براساس اطلاعات براسلي كفل مي شده

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		/ -		-, ,	
		نه کنده سیم کنده) : در ۱۳۵۷ -	سلسدراسي	
					j-9,*
input: K.					····
k	5ee 0				
					······································
1 initialize		er Centroic	(Seea		
a. each sam					
		isest cluste	à		
_	J	e to its cl			
3, if no sav	·	-			
· compute the	re Centroid	s of result	ing cluster	s & gote	2
			·····		
k = 2	_				
seeds: (4)	•				
		(6,4)			
carest centroid	(%)	(&)	(8)	((8)
(4)},{(5),	$\binom{15}{8}$, $\binom{24}{4}$, $\binom{24}{5}$	24)}	T	 	,
			1	· !	1
seeds: (t),	(17.75)		ļ	; ;	
	, January (1904) The Company of the			The state of the same of the s	The contract of the second sections
	(4)	(4)	$\binom{17.75}{7}$	(17.75)	(17.75)
{(%),(%)},	\ \ ('s \ , (24), (24)	3		, ,
	-			······	
seeds: (6)	(21)				,,,
	<u></u>		1		
	(&)	(6)	(21)	(21)	(21)
	C.	Ci	Cz	Cz	C ₂

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	K- means
input: K = # of clusters, K	
1. Begin with K cluster	
each cluster consists of	1 sample
for remains (N-K) same	ale
find the clos	
after each sample is	
recompute the	
2. Go through data a second t	
DO NOT update the	
K=2 seeds: (\(\xi\), (\(\xi\))	⊿
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}$	$C_1 \longrightarrow \overline{C}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5.3 \end{pmatrix}$ $\overline{C}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 29 \\ 49 \end{pmatrix}$
5 x = (24) d(x, c,)	$C_2 \longrightarrow C_1 = \begin{pmatrix} s \\ 5, 3 \end{pmatrix}$
d(n,ē,) /	\\ \tilde{c}_{2} \cdot \(\langle \frac{24}{8} \)
$C_{2i}(\frac{k_{i}^{4}}{8}), \overline{C}_{3i}(\frac{k_{i}^{4}}{8}), \overline{C}_{4i}(\frac{k_{i}^{4}}{8}), C$	