Practice R.

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#Read in the data from humansofnewyork.csv into R and perform some sample tasks.

```
rm(list = ls())

library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(tinytex)

Sample solutions
```

```
getwd()
```

[1] "C:/Users/belni/Documents"

hony <- read.csv("C:\\Users\\belni\\Documents\\GitHub\\TAD_2021\\R lessons\\humansofnewyork.csv", stringstr(hony) # examine its structure

```
## 'data.frame':
                   5835 obs. of 10 variables:
                   : num 1.02e+14 1.02e+14 1.02e+14 1.02e+14 1.02e+14 ...
## $ from_id
## $ from_name
                          "Humans of New York" "Humans of New York" "Humans of New York" "Humans of Ne
                   : chr
                         "Life settles you down." "All that peace and love will make you tense." "Boy
## $ message
                   : chr
## $ created_time : chr
                          "2011-10-01T13:34:43+0000" "2011-10-01T16:49:23+0000" "2011-10-02T14:11:13+0
                          "photo" "photo" "photo" ...
## $ type
                   : chr
## $ link
                         "https://www.facebook.com/humansofnewyork/photos/a.102107073196735.4429.1020
                   : chr
                   : chr "102099916530784_182302295177212" "102099916530784_182363265171115" "1020999
## $ id
                   : int 6977 550 1046 426 185 586 8441 1003 1159 364 ...
## $ likes_count
## $ comments_count: int 27 13 7 13 3 12 50 22 14 7 ...
## $ shares_count : int 79 7 18 3 3 15 31 15 42 5 ...
```

```
## Rows: 5,835
## Columns: 10
                     <dbl> 1.020999e+14, 1.020999e+14, 1.020999e+14, 1.020999e+...
## $ from_id
                     <chr> "Humans of New York", "Humans of New York", "Humans ...
## $ from_name
## $ message
                     <chr> "Life settles you down.", "All that peace and love w...
                     <chr> "2011-10-01T13:34:43+0000", "2011-10-01T16:49:23+000...
## $ created_time
                     <chr> "photo", "photo", "photo", "photo", "photo", "photo"...
## $ type
## $ link
                     <chr> "https://www.facebook.com/humansofnewyork/photos/a.1...
## $ id
                     <chr> "102099916530784_182302295177212", "102099916530784_...
## $ likes_count
                     <int> 6977, 550, 1046, 426, 185, 586, 8441, 1003, 1159, 36...
## $ comments_count <int> 27, 13, 7, 13, 3, 12, 50, 22, 14, 7, 26, 19, 11, 26,...
                     <int> 79, 7, 18, 3, 3, 15, 31, 15, 42, 5, 6, 25, 3, 57, 9,...
## $ shares count
#1. How many status updates have been posted on this page?
table(hony$type) # type of facebook post
##
##
                          video
     link photo status
                             43
##
            5672
                      83
sum(hony$type == "status")
## [1] 83
#2. What is the total number of likes, comments, and shares it received?
total.likes <- sum(hony$likes_count)</pre>
total.comm <- sum(hony$comments_count)</pre>
total.shares <- sum(hony$shares_count)</pre>
total.likes + total.comm + total.shares # wow!
## [1] 687316982
#3. What is the content of the post with the highest number of shares?
max(hony$shares_count) # maximum num shares
## [1] 363590
top.post <- which.max(hony$shares_count)</pre>
hony$message[top.post]
## [1] "Today I met an NYU student named Stella. I took a photo of her. Afterwards, she told me about
#4. What was the date in which the first photo was posted?
#The dates we have are characters, so we can't sort them. However, we can notice that the rows in our data
```

glimpse(hony)

frame are ordered by date. Thus let's find the first row that includes a photo.

```
head(hony$created_time) # in order
## [1] "2011-10-01T13:34:43+0000" "2011-10-01T16:49:23+0000"
## [3] "2011-10-02T14:11:13+0000" "2011-10-02T23:41:38+0000"
## [5] "2011-10-03T13:14:46+0000" "2011-10-03T22:51:46+0000"
tail(hony$created_time) # in order
## [1] "2015-11-29T19:50:39+0000" "2015-11-29T21:50:02+0000"
## [3] "2015-11-30T00:05:01+0000" "2015-11-30T16:03:27+0000"
## [5] "2015-11-30T19:15:01+0000" "2015-11-30T21:45:00+0000"
first.photo <- min(which(hony$type == "photo"))</pre>
hony$created_time[first.photo] # October 1, 2011
## [1] "2011-10-01T13:34:43+0000"
#5. What is the total number of likes that the page has ever received, excluding its most popular post?
max.likes <- max(hony$likes_count) # likes on most popular page</pre>
sum(hony$likes_count) - max.likes
## [1] 645303419
#6. How many posts have received more than 1,000,000 likes?
sum(hony$likes_count > 1000000)
## [1] 15
#7. What was the total number of shares received by posts published each year?
year <- substr(hony$created_time, 1, 4) # extracts year from date created variable
tapply(hony$shares_count, year, sum) # sum of shares by year
##
       2011
                2012
                          2013
                                   2014
                                             2015
##
      88575
              982605 3146146 10782456 10768177
#8. What was the total number of likes received by posts published each month?
month <- substr(hony$created_time, 6, 7)# month from the date
?tapply
## starting httpd help server ... done
```

tapply(hony\$shares_count, month, sum) # apply a sum function over range of array

01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 ## 1866757 1570954 1649598 2008699 1711300 2654737 2355755 2932212 3358422 2887256 ## 1813703 958566