

# Project – Ocular Disease Image Classification (work in progress)

October 31, 2020

```
[3]: # import important dependencies
import random, os, re, math, itertools

# data manipulation
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
%matplotlib inline

# deep learning
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
import tensorflow_datasets as tfds
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, Input, Activation, Reshape,
    ↳ Flatten, MaxPool2D, GlobalMaxPooling2D, GlobalAveragePooling2D, Concatenate,
    ↳ Dropout, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.metrics import categorical_crossentropy
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam, SGD, Adadelta
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator,
    ↳ img_to_array, load_img

# image manipulation
import cv2
from PIL import Image

# file operations
import glob, shutil

# machine learning
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder, LabelEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter(action = 'ignore', category = FutureWarning)
```

## 0.0.1 Looking at the Report Data

```
[28]: eye = pd.read_csv('/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/Ocular Disease Image_
↳Classification/full_df.csv')
```

```
[29]: len(eye.filename.unique())
```

```
[29]: 6392
```

```
[30]: eye.columns = ['id', 'age', 'sex', 'left', 'right', 'l-diagnosis',
↳'r-diagnosis', 'normal', 'diabetes', 'glaucoma',
        'cataract', 'amd', 'hypertension', 'myopia', 'other', 'filepath',
↳'labels', 'target', 'file_name']
```

```
[31]: eye.drop(['filepath'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

```
[32]: eye.loc[eye['sex'] == 'Male', 'sex'] = 'M'
eye.loc[eye['sex'] == 'Female', 'sex'] = 'F'
# eye2.rename(columns = {'hypertension': 'h-tension'})
eye.head(2)
```

```
[32]:
```

	id	age	sex	left	right	l-diagnosis	r-diagnosis	normal	\
0	0	69	F	0_left.jpg	0_right.jpg	cataract	normal fundus	0	
1	1	57	M	1_left.jpg	1_right.jpg	normal fundus	normal fundus	1	

	diabetes	glaucoma	cataract	amd	hypertension	myopia	other	labels	\
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	['N']	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	['N']	

	target	file_name
0	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	0_right.jpg
1	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	1_right.jpg

```
[33]: # rearranging the columns of the data frame
list_columns = eye.columns.tolist()
eye_final = eye[[list_columns[-1]] + list_columns[0:5] + list_columns[15:17] +
↳list_columns[5:15]]
eye_final.head(2)
```

```
[33]:
```

	file_name	id	age	sex	left	right	labels	\
0	0_right.jpg	0	69	F	0_left.jpg	0_right.jpg	['N']	
1	1_right.jpg	1	57	M	1_left.jpg	1_right.jpg	['N']	

	target	l-diagnosis	r-diagnosis	normal	diabetes	\
0	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	cataract	normal fundus	0	0	
1	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	normal fundus	normal fundus	1	0	

	glaucoma	cataract	amd	hypertension	myopia	other	\
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	

```
[34]: # making visual edits to the labels column
```

```
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['N']", 'labels'] = 'N'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['D']", 'labels'] = 'D'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['G']", 'labels'] = 'G'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['C']", 'labels'] = 'C'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['A']", 'labels'] = 'A'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['H']", 'labels'] = 'H'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['M']", 'labels'] = 'M'
eye_final.loc[eye_final['labels'] == "['O']", 'labels'] = 'O'
```

```
[35]: # retriving images
```

```
files = glob.glob('/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive/images/*.
→jpg')
data = []
for file in files:
    # img = Image.open(file)
    data.append(file)
```

```
[36]: # creating a column with the file paths as a data frame
```

```
data_df = pd.DataFrame({"file_path":data})
```

```
[37]: # concatinating the dataframes
```

```
eye_final = pd.concat([eye_final, data_df], axis = 1)
```

```
[38]: eye_final.head(2)
```

```
[38]:      file_name  id  age sex      left      right labels \
0  0_right.jpg   0   69  F  0_left.jpg  0_right.jpg      N
1  1_right.jpg   1   57  M  1_left.jpg  1_right.jpg      N
```

	target	l-diagnosis	r-diagnosis	normal	diabetes	\
0	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	cataract	normal fundus	0	0	
1	[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]	normal fundus	normal fundus	1	0	

	glaucoma	cataract	amd	hypertension	myopia	other	\
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	

```

                                file_path
0  /Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/arch...
1  /Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/arch...

```

[39]: *# viewing sample image*

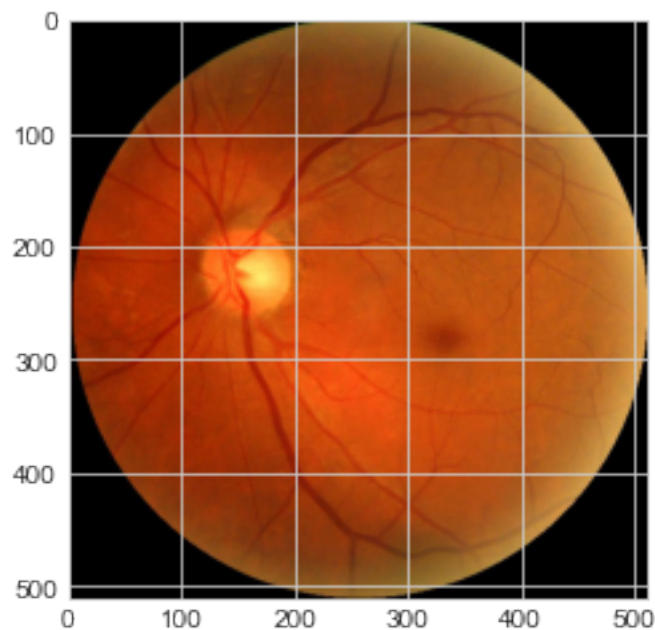
```

pilot_img = Image.open(eye_final['file_path'][0])
plt.imshow(pilot_img)

pilot_img.size

```

[39]: (512, 512)



## 0.0.2 Basic EDA

[40]: `eye_final.groupby('labels').sum()`

[40]:

	id	age	normal	diabetes	glaucoma	cataract	amd	\
labels								
A	269524	16282	0	11	17	0	266	
C	552002	19562	0	42	5	293	0	
D	4993483	89565	0	1608	18	32	18	
G	383847	17898	0	34	284	1	2	
H	192546	7302	0	29	6	4	4	
M	317821	12734	0	12	0	0	0	

N	7320912	164283	2101	252	42	51	22
O	487061	42202	0	135	25	21	7

	hypertension	myopia	other
labels			
A	4	3	16
C	0	0	31
D	60	19	304
G	9	11	46
H	128	0	16
M	0	232	41
N	0	26	429
O	2	15	705

```
[41]: eye_final.describe()
```

```
[41]:
```

	id	age	normal	diabetes	glaucoma	\
count	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000	
mean	2271.150814	57.857947	0.328692	0.332134	0.062109	
std	1417.559018	11.727737	0.469775	0.471016	0.241372	
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	920.750000	51.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	2419.500000	59.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
75%	3294.000000	66.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
max	4784.000000	91.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	

	cataract	amd	hypertension	myopia	other
count	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000	6392.000000
mean	0.062891	0.049906	0.031758	0.047872	0.248436
std	0.242786	0.217768	0.175370	0.213513	0.432139
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

```
[42]: eye_final.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6392 entries, 0 to 6391
Data columns (total 19 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   file_name    6392 non-null   object
1   id           6392 non-null   int64
2   age         6392 non-null   int64
3   sex         6392 non-null   object
```

```

4   left          6392 non-null  object
5   right         6392 non-null  object
6   labels        6392 non-null  object
7   target        6392 non-null  object
8   l-diagnosis   6392 non-null  object
9   r-diagnosis   6392 non-null  object
10  normal        6392 non-null  int64
11  diabetes      6392 non-null  int64
12  glaucoma      6392 non-null  int64
13  cataract      6392 non-null  int64
14  amd           6392 non-null  int64
15  hypertension  6392 non-null  int64
16  myopia        6392 non-null  int64
17  other         6392 non-null  int64
18  file_path     6392 non-null  object
dtypes: int64(10), object(9)
memory usage: 948.9+ KB

```

```
[43]: eye_final['labels'].value_counts()
```

```

[43]: N      2873
      D      1608
      O       708
      C       293
      G       284
      A       266
      M       232
      H       128
      Name: labels, dtype: int64

```

```
[44]: train_data, test_data = train_test_split(eye_final, test_size = 0.18,
      ↪random_state = 1234)
```

```
[45]: train_data['labels'].value_counts(), test_data['labels'].value_counts()
```

```

[45]: (N      2351
      D      1323
      O       598
      C       235
      G       229
      A       212
      M       189
      H       104
      Name: labels, dtype: int64,
      N       522
      D       285
      O       110

```

```

C      58
G      55
A      54
M      43
H      24
Name: labels, dtype: int64)

```

```

[46]: train_data.loc[train_data['sex'] == 'M', 'sex'] = '0'
train_data.loc[train_data['sex'] == 'F', 'sex'] = '1'
train_data.drop(['right'], axis = 1, inplace = True)

```

```

[47]: train_data.loc[train_data['file_name'].str.contains('left', regex = True),
↳ 'left'] = '1'
train_data.loc[train_data['file_name'].str.contains('right', regex = True),
↳ 'left'] = '0'
train_data.head(2)

```

```

[47]:
      file_name      id  age sex left labels      target \
1941  2799_right.jpg  2799   53  0   0      N [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
6391  4784_left.jpg  4784   58  0   1      H [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0]

      l-diagnosis \
1941      normal fundus
6391  hypertensive retinopathy age-related macular d...

      r-diagnosis  normal  diabetes \
1941      normal fundus          1          0
6391  hypertensive retinopathy age-related macular d...          0          0

      glaucoma  cataract  amd  hypertension  myopia  other \
1941          0          0   0              0        0        0
6391          0          0   1              1        0        0

      file_path
1941  /Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/arch...
6391  /Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/arch...

```

```

[48]: train_final = pd.DataFrame(train_data, columns = ['sex', 'left'])
one_hot_columns = train_final.columns.tolist()
train_final_enc = train_final.apply(LabelEncoder().fit_transform)
train_diagnosis = pd.DataFrame(train_data, columns = ['age', 'normal',
                                                    'diabetes', 'glaucoma',
                                                    'cataract', 'amd',
                                                    'hypertension', 'myopia',
                                                    'other'
                                                    ])
train_final_enc = pd.concat([train_final_enc, train_diagnosis], axis = 1)

```

```
[49]: train_final_enc
X_train = train_final_enc
y_train = train_data['target']
```

```
[50]: len(test_data)
```

```
[50]: 1151
```

## 0.1 Creating more pictures to create a more balanced image dataset

```
[51]: """create lists of all the file_names for each of the different conditions and_
      ↪keep them ready"""
```

```
n_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'N'])
d_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'D'])
o_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'O'])
c_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'C'])
g_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'G'])
a_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'A'])
m_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'M'])
h_names = list(eye_final['file_name'][eye_final['labels'] == 'H'])
```

```
n_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'N'])
d_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'D'])
o_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'O'])
c_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'C'])
g_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'G'])
a_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'A'])
m_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'M'])
h_paths = list(eye_final['file_path'][eye_final['labels'] == 'H'])
```

```
[52]: """creating a function that copies images by category to new folders for data_
      ↪augmentation
      """
```

```
def copy_to_folder(paths, category):
    for file in glob.glob('/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive/
        ↪images/*.jpg'):
        if file in paths:
            shutil.copy(file, f'/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/
        ↪archive/images_by_category/{category}')
```

```
[31]: # copy_to_folder(a_paths, 'A')
# copy_to_folder(c_paths, 'C')
# copy_to_folder(d_paths, 'D')
```



```
# copy_to_folder(g_paths, 'G')
# copy_to_folder(h_paths, 'H')
# copy_to_folder(m_paths, 'M')
# copy_to_folder(n_paths, 'N')
# copy_to_folder(o_paths, 'O')
```

[3]: *""" taken from the keras blog site by founder Francois Chollet """*

```
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rotation_range=40,
    width_shift_range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    rescale=1./255,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    fill_mode='nearest')
```

[54]: *""" creating a function using the datagen object for each of the image\_
→categories using code from Keras"""*

```
def get_more_images(main, category, main_input, category_input, prefix_input,
→batch_size_input = 10, loop_input = 6):
    for file in glob.glob(f'/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive/
→{main}/{category}/*.jpg'):
        img = load_img(file)
        x = img_to_array(img)
        x = x.reshape((1,) + x.shape)
        i = 0
        for batch in datagen.flow(x, batch_size = batch_size_input,
→save_to_dir = f'/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
→project-data/archive/{main_input}/{category_input}',
→save_prefix = f'{prefix_input}_aug',
→save_format = 'jpg'):
            i += 1
        if i >= loop_input:
            break
```

[55]:

```
# get_more_images_2('H', 'H_pilot', 'H', 1, 2)
# get_more_images('train_final', 'A', 'train_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'C', 'train_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'D', 'train_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'G', 'train_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'H', 'train_final', 'H', 'H')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'M', 'train_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'N', 'train_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'O', 'train_final', 'O', 'O')
```

```
# old version of get_more_images

# get_more_images_2('C', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images_2('D', 'D', 'D', 1, 2)
# get_more_images_2('G', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images_2('H', 'H', 'H', 5, 20)
# get_more_images_2('M', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images_2('N', 'N', 'N', 1, 1)
# get_more_images_2('O', 'O', 'O', 2, 4)
```

```
[56]: eye_final['labels'].value_counts()
```

```
[56]: N    2873
      D    1608
      O     708
      C     293
      G     284
      A     266
      M     232
      H     128
      Name: labels, dtype: int64
```

```
[17]: # randomly moving images to train_set
def move_from(main, category, main_input, category_input, number):
    for pic in random.sample(glob.glob(f'{main}/{category}/*.jpg'), number):
        shutil.move(pic, f'{main_input}/{category_input}')

# randomly copying images to train_set
def copy_from(main, category, main_input, category_input, number):
    for pic in random.sample(glob.glob(f'{main}/{category}/*.jpg'), number):
        shutil.copy(pic, f'{main_input}/{category_input}')
```

```
[61]: # os.rename('/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive/train_set',
#           '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive/repository')
```

```
[62]: os.chdir('/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/project-data/archive')
```

### 0.1.1 Creating pilot train and valid data to check the running of the models

```
[66]: if os.path.isdir('pilot_folder/A') is False:
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/A')
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/C')
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/D')
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/G')
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/H')
      os.makedirs('pilot_folder/M')
```

```

os.makedirs('pilot_folder/N')
os.makedirs('pilot_folder/O')

if os.path.isdir('pilot_valid/A') is False:
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/A')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/C')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/D')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/G')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/H')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/M')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/N')
    os.makedirs('pilot_valid/O')

```

```

[221]: # training
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'A', 'pilot_folder', 'A', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'C', 'pilot_folder', 'C', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'D', 'pilot_folder', 'D', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'G', 'pilot_folder', 'G', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'H', 'pilot_folder', 'H', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'M', 'pilot_folder', 'M', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'N', 'pilot_folder', 'N', 80)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'O', 'pilot_folder', 'O', 80)

# get_more_images('train_final', 'A', 'train_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'C', 'train_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'D', 'train_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'G', 'train_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'H', 'train_final', 'H', 'H')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'M', 'train_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'N', 'train_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'O', 'train_final', 'O', 'O')

```

```

[222]: # valid
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'A', 'pilot_valid', 'A', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'C', 'pilot_valid', 'C', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'D', 'pilot_valid', 'D', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'G', 'pilot_valid', 'G', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'H', 'pilot_valid', 'H', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'M', 'pilot_valid', 'M', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'N', 'pilot_valid', 'N', 20)
# copy_from('images_by_category', 'O', 'pilot_valid', 'O', 20)

# get_more_images('train_final', 'A', 'train_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'C', 'train_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'D', 'train_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'G', 'train_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'H', 'train_final', 'H', 'H')

```

```
# get_more_images('train_final', 'M', 'train_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'N', 'train_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'O', 'train_final', 'O', 'O')
```

[223]: # train and valid batches for NASNet and VGG16 models

```
train_batch_nas = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳applications.nasnet.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/
    ↳Documents/project-data/archive/pilot_folder/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 10)

valid_batch_nas = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳applications.nasnet.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/
    ↳Documents/project-data/archive/pilot_valid/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 5)

train_batch_vgg = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳applications.vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/
    ↳Documents/project-data/archive/pilot_folder/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 10)

valid_batch_vgg = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳applications.vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/
    ↳Documents/project-data/archive/pilot_valid/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 5)
```

Found 640 images belonging to 8 classes.  
 Found 160 images belonging to 8 classes.  
 Found 640 images belonging to 8 classes.  
 Found 160 images belonging to 8 classes.

### 0.1.2 Creating train, valid and test sets

```
[4]: # previously the datasets used

# if os.path.isdir('train_final/A') is False:
#     os.makedirs('train_final/A')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/C')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/D')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/G')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/H')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/M')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/N')
#     os.makedirs('train_final/O')

# if os.path.isdir('valid_final/A') is False:
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/A')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/C')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/D')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/G')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/H')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/M')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/N')
#     os.makedirs('valid_final/O')

# if os.path.isdir('test_final/A') is False:
#     os.makedirs('test_final/A')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/C')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/D')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/G')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/H')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/M')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/N')
#     os.makedirs('test_final/O')
```

```
[5]: # OLD METHOD

# move 100 images of each type into train_final

# move_from('images_by_category', 'A', 'train_final', 'A', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'C', 'train_final', 'C', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'D', 'train_final', 'D', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'G', 'train_final', 'G', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'H', 'train_final', 'H', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'M', 'train_final', 'M', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'N', 'train_final', 'N', 100)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'O', 'train_final', 'O', 100)
```

```

# get 6x data augmentation

# get_more_images('train_final', 'A', 'train_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'C', 'train_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'D', 'train_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'G', 'train_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'H', 'train_final', 'H', 'H')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'M', 'train_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'N', 'train_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('train_final', 'O', 'train_final', 'O', 'O')

```

[6]: # OLD METHOD

```

# move 20 images of each type into valid_final

# move_from('images_by_category', 'A', 'valid_final', 'A', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'C', 'valid_final', 'C', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'D', 'valid_final', 'D', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'G', 'valid_final', 'G', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'H', 'valid_final', 'H', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'M', 'valid_final', 'M', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'N', 'valid_final', 'N', 20)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'O', 'valid_final', 'O', 20)

# get 6x data augmentation

# get_more_images('valid_final', 'A', 'valid_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'C', 'valid_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'D', 'valid_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'G', 'valid_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'H', 'valid_final', 'H', 'H')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'M', 'valid_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'N', 'valid_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('valid_final', 'O', 'valid_final', 'O', 'O')

```

[7]: # OLD METHOD

```

# move 8 images of each type into test_final

# move_from('images_by_category', 'A', 'test_final', 'A', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'C', 'test_final', 'C', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'D', 'test_final', 'D', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'G', 'test_final', 'G', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'H', 'test_final', 'H', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'M', 'test_final', 'M', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'N', 'test_final', 'N', 8)
# move_from('images_by_category', 'O', 'test_final', 'O', 8)

```

```

# get 6x data augmentation

# get_more_images('test_final', 'A', 'test_final', 'A', 'A')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'C', 'test_final', 'C', 'C')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'D', 'test_final', 'D', 'D')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'G', 'test_final', 'G', 'G')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'H', 'test_final', 'H', 'H')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'M', 'test_final', 'M', 'M')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'N', 'test_final', 'N', 'N')
# get_more_images('test_final', 'O', 'test_final', 'O', 'O')

```

[9]: # creating the initial datasets

```

train_final = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.applications.
    ↪vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↪project-data/archive/train_final/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 35)

valid_final = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.applications.
    ↪vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↪project-data/archive/valid_final/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 20)

test_final = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.applications.
    ↪vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↪project-data/archive/test_final/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 8, shuffle = False)

```

Found 5441 images belonging to 8 classes.  
 Found 1112 images belonging to 8 classes.  
 Found 447 images belonging to 8 classes.

### 0.1.3 Creating updated training, valid and test data

```
[10]: if os.path.isdir('train_ultimate/A') is False:
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/A')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/C')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/D')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/G')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/H')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/M')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/N')
        os.makedirs('train_ultimate/O')

    if os.path.isdir('valid_ultimate/A') is False:
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/A')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/C')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/D')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/G')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/H')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/M')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/N')
        os.makedirs('valid_ultimate/O')

    if os.path.isdir('test_ultimate/A') is False:
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/A')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/C')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/D')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/G')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/H')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/M')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/N')
        os.makedirs('test_ultimate/O')

[ ]: # each folder had at least 2367 augmented images (H_aug had exactly 2367)

# move_to_train('A', 'A', 2367)
# move_to_train('C', 'C', 2367)
# move_to_train('D', 'D', 2367)
# move_to_train('G', 'G', 2367)
# move_to_train('H', 'H', 2367)
# move_to_train('M', 'M', 2367)
# move_to_train('N', 'N', 2367)
# move_to_train('O', 'O', 2367)

# Realized that using 2367 images for each of the 8 classes was causing my
↳ laptop to crash

# copy_from('image_repository', 'A', 'train_ultimate', 'A', 500)
```



```
# copy_from('image_repository','C', 'train_ultimate', 'C', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','D', 'train_ultimate', 'D', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','G', 'train_ultimate', 'G', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','H', 'train_ultimate', 'H', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','M', 'train_ultimate', 'M', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','N', 'train_ultimate', 'N', 500)
# copy_from('image_repository','O', 'train_ultimate', 'O', 500)
```

```
# added another 350 images
```

```
# move_from('repository','A', 'valid_ultimate', 'A', 200)
# move_from('repository','C', 'valid_ultimate', 'C', 200)
# move_from('repository','D', 'valid_ultimate', 'D', 200)
# move_from('repository','G', 'valid_ultimate', 'G', 200)
# move_from('repository','H', 'valid_ultimate', 'H', 200)
# move_from('repository','M', 'valid_ultimate', 'M', 200)
# move_from('repository','N', 'valid_ultimate', 'N', 200)
# move_from('repository','O', 'valid_ultimate', 'O', 200)
```

```
# move_from('repository','A', 'test_ultimate', 'A', 100)
# move_from('repository','C', 'test_ultimate', 'C', 100)
# move_from('repository','D', 'test_ultimate', 'D', 100)
# move_from('repository','G', 'test_ultimate', 'G', 100)
# move_from('repository','H', 'test_ultimate', 'H', 100)
# move_from('repository','M', 'test_ultimate', 'M', 100)
# move_from('repository','N', 'test_ultimate', 'N', 100)
# move_from('repository','O', 'test_ultimate', 'O', 100)
```

```
[36]: train_ultimate = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳ applications.vgg16.preprocess_input) \
        .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↳ project-data/archive/train_ultimate/', # directory
                            target_size = (224,224), # height and width
                            classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳ 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
                            batch_size = 50)

valid_ultimate = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳ applications.vgg16.preprocess_input) \
        .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↳ project-data/archive/valid_ultimate/', # directory
                            target_size = (224,224), # height and width
                            classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M',
    ↳ 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
                            batch_size = 40)
```

```
test_ultimate = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.
    ↳applications.vgg16.preprocess_input) \
    .flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/Documents/
    ↳project-data/archive/test_ultimate/', # directory
        target_size = (224,224), # height and width
        classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O'], # classes for the labels
        batch_size = 20, shuffle = False)
```

Found 6800 images belonging to 8 classes.

Found 1600 images belonging to 8 classes.

Found 800 images belonging to 8 classes.

```
[97]: # train_batches = datagen.flow_from_directory(directory = '/Users/armaanvalvi/
    ↳Documents/project-data/archive/train_set/',
#         target_size = (512,512),
#         classes = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O'],
#         batch_size = 9)
```

```
[68]: train_imgs, train_labels = next(train_final) # should be 9 images with the 9
    ↳corresponding labels
```

```
[69]: # function to plot images in the form of a grid where images are placed
# from the tensorflow website

class_names = ['AMD', 'Cataract', 'Diabetes', 'Glaucoma', 'Hypertension',
    'Myopia', 'Normal', 'Other']

def plotImages(images_arr):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,9, figsize=(20,20))
    axes = axes.flatten()
    for img, ax in zip(images_arr, axes):
        ax.imshow(img)
        ax.axis('off')
    #     plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels])
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

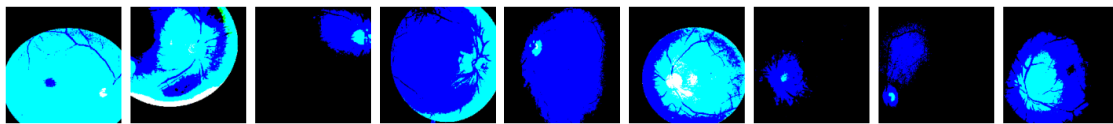
```
[70]: plotImages(train_imgs)
print(train_labels)
```

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for

floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).  
 Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).



```
[[0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
 [0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0.]
```

```
[0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
[0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
[0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]]
```

## 0.1.4 Building and Training a CNN

```
[71]: # adapted model (with explanations for the parameters) from Deeplizard - thank
      ↪you!

model = Sequential([
    # the first hidden layer - Densely/fully connected layer
    Conv2D(filters = 24,
           kernel_size = (8,8),
           input_shape = (224,224,3), # creating an implicit input layer for
      ↪the model (height,width, no. of colors - RGB)
           activation = 'relu',
           kernel_initializer = 'glorot_uniform', # default value
           padding = 'same'), # zero padding to ensure the dimensionality of
      ↪the images isn't reduced after the convolution operations)
           # otherwise, the default is padding = 'valid',
      ↪which does not pad the input for each indiv layer
    MaxPool2D(pool_size = (4,4), strides = 4, padding = 'valid'), # cut pooling
      ↪dimensions by half to shrink the number of trainable parameters
    Conv2D(filters = 48, # following common practice of increasing functions as
      ↪you have more hidden layers
           kernel_size = (8,8),
           activation = 'relu',
           padding = 'same',
           use_bias = True, # default = True
           bias_initializer = 'zeros'), # default = 'zeros'
    MaxPool2D(pool_size = (4,4), strides = 4),
    Flatten(), # before passing output from a convo layer to a dense layer, you
      ↪have to turn the output into a one-dim tensor by flattening the output by
      ↪multiplying the dimensions of the data from the conv layer by the filters in
      ↪that layer
    Dropout(0.3), # deactivate 30% of the neurons
    Dense(units = 8, activation = 'sigmoid')]) # the output layer
```

```
[132]: # model.summary()
```

```
[72]: # now that model is built, need to prepare it for training with model.compile

# model.compile(optimizer=SGD(learning_rate = 0.001, momentum = 0.8, decay = 0.
    ↪ 0.001/10, nesterov = False
#
#           ),
#           loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
#           metrics = ['accuracy'
#           ])

model.compile(optimizer=Adadelta(learning_rate = 0.1
#           ),
#           loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
#           metrics = ['accuracy'
#           ])
```

```
[73]: # train the model with model.fit
model.fit(x = train_final, validation_data = valid_final, epochs = 10, verbose=
    ↪ 2)
```

Train for 156 steps, validate for 56 steps

Epoch 1/10

156/156 - 251s - loss: 2.2053 - accuracy: 0.1230 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 2/10

156/156 - 228s - loss: 2.0930 - accuracy: 0.1239 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 3/10

156/156 - 243s - loss: 2.0883 - accuracy: 0.1230 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 4/10

156/156 - 252s - loss: 2.1527 - accuracy: 0.1224 - val\_loss: 2.0861 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 5/10

156/156 - 229s - loss: 2.0885 - accuracy: 0.1226 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 6/10

156/156 - 249s - loss: 2.0841 - accuracy: 0.1233 - val\_loss: 2.1269 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 7/10

156/156 - 252s - loss: 2.1263 - accuracy: 0.1253 - val\_loss: 2.0858 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 8/10

156/156 - 257s - loss: 2.0951 - accuracy: 0.1226 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

Epoch 9/10

156/156 - 265s - loss: 2.0902 - accuracy: 0.1244 - val\_loss: 2.0794 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1250

```
Epoch 10/10
156/156 - 252s - loss: 2.1010 - accuracy: 0.1246 - val_loss: 2.0799 -
val_accuracy: 0.1223
```

```
[73]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fc197b76590>
```

```
[ ]: # look into this
# tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping (documentation).
# Alert when a certain condition is met; if the val_loss hasn't decreased in 5
    ↳ epochs then

# early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5)
# fit_generator(... callbacks=[es])
```

```
[ ]: # let's test the model for inference using the test data
# how we can use CNN for inference using the keras.Sequential API

# test_imgs, test_labels = next(test_final) #'next' returns the next item in
    ↳ the iterator
# plotImages(test_imgs) # which we defined
# print(test_labels)
```

### 0.1.5 Build and Train Fine-Tuned Trained Models

#### VGG16 Model

```
[28]: vgg16_model = tf.keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16()
# vgg16_model.summary()
```

```
[29]: type(dir(vgg16_model))
```

```
[29]: list
```

```
[30]: # to look at all the attributes/methods of the object pertaining to layers
pd.Series(dir(vgg16_model))[pd.Series(dir(vgg16_model)).str.contains('layer',
    ↳ regex = True)]
```

```
[30]: 100      _input_layers
      101      _insert_layers
      104      _is_layer
      107  _layer_call_argspecs
      108      _layers
      140  _output_layers
      187  _track_layers
      231      get_layer
      245      layers
dtype: object
```

```
[31]: vgg16_model.summary()
```

Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 28, 28, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 25088)	0
fc1 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	102764544

```
-----
fc2 (Dense)                (None, 4096)                16781312
-----
predictions (Dense)        (None, 1000)                4097000
=====
Total params: 138,357,544
Trainable params: 138,357,544
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
```

```
[44]: def prepare_model(model, activation_function, dropout_rate):
        new_model = Sequential()

        # loop through every layer except for the last (since the output and number
        ↳ of classes are different)
        # and add each layer to the Sequential model
        for layer in model.layers[:-1]:
            new_model.add(layer)
            if layer.name in ['fc1', 'fc2']:
                new_model.add(Dropout(dropout_rate))

        # iterate over all the layers in the Sequential model
        for layer in new_model.layers:
            layer.trainable = False # freeze the trainable parameters (weights and
            ↳ biases)

        new_model.add(Dense(units=8, activation = activation_function))

        return new_model
```

```
[45]: final_model = prepare_model(vgg16_model, 'softmax', dropout_rate = 0.2)
```

### NASNetMobile Model

```
[13]: nasNet_model = tf.keras.applications.nasnet.NASNetMobile(
        input_shape=(224,224,3), include_top=False, weights='imagenet', pooling =
        ↳ max, classes = 8)
```

```
[14]: # thank you EngrStudent and Dr.Snoopy on StackFlow!
```

```
[96]: # Dense model
my_inputs = Input(shape = (224,224,3))
hidden_1 = Dense(units = 8, activation = 'relu')(my_inputs)

# creating output layer
hidden_2 = Dense(units = np.product((224,224,3)), activation =
↳ 'sigmoid')(hidden_1)
```



```
transformed = keras.layers.Reshape((224,224,3),)(hidden_2)
dense_model = Model(inputs = my_inputs, outputs = transformed)
```

```
[15]: # hidden_final = Dense(8, activation = 'softmax')(nasNet_model.layers[-2].
      ↪output)
      # transformed_final = keras.layers.Reshape((224,224,3),)(hidden_final)
      # dense_final = Model(inputs = my_inputs, outputs = transformed_final)
```

```
[160]: # prepend dense model to nasNet_model
```

```
inp = Input(shape = (224,224,3))
x = dense_model(inp)
x = nasNet_model(x)
the_final_model = Sequential(inp, x)
```

```
[201]: # adding an output layer to the nasNet model to make changes to the final model
      # Thanks CVxTz on Kaggle and Program Creek!
      # https://www.programcreek.com/python/example/89688/keras.layers.
      ↪GlobalAveragePooling2D
      y = the_final_model(inp)
      out1 = GlobalMaxPooling2D()(y)
      out2 = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(y)
      out3 = Flatten()(y)
      out = Concatenate(axis = -1)([out1, out2, out3])
      out = Dropout(0.5)(out)
      out = Dense(8, activation = "softmax")(out)
      the_model = Model(inp, out)
      the_model.compile(optimizer=Adam(0.1), loss='categorical_crossentropy',
      ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
```

### 0.1.6 Train the fine-tuned models

```
[47]: # compile the model
      final_model.compile(optimizer = Adadelta(learning_rate = 0.1),
                        loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                        metrics = ['accuracy'])
```

```
[48]: # fit the model as always to train the model (passing in the train and valid
      ↪data)
      final_model.fit(x = train_ultimate,
                    validation_data = valid_ultimate,
                    epochs = 30, verbose = 2)
```

Train for 136 steps, validate for 40 steps

Epoch 1/30

136/136 - 2641s - loss: 2.6980 - accuracy: 0.1299 - val\_loss: 2.2419 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1431

Epoch 2/30  
136/136 - 2705s - loss: 2.5271 - accuracy: 0.1422 - val\_loss: 2.2048 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1456  
Epoch 3/30  
136/136 - 2618s - loss: 2.4819 - accuracy: 0.1334 - val\_loss: 2.1548 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1506  
Epoch 4/30  
136/136 - 18763s - loss: 2.3959 - accuracy: 0.1532 - val\_loss: 2.1477 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1619  
Epoch 5/30  
136/136 - 2455s - loss: 2.3945 - accuracy: 0.1571 - val\_loss: 2.1222 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1656  
Epoch 6/30  
136/136 - 2464s - loss: 2.3313 - accuracy: 0.1607 - val\_loss: 2.1427 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1612  
Epoch 7/30  
136/136 - 2714s - loss: 2.2952 - accuracy: 0.1815 - val\_loss: 2.1157 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1606  
Epoch 8/30  
136/136 - 5511s - loss: 2.2662 - accuracy: 0.1679 - val\_loss: 2.1007 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1800  
Epoch 9/30  
136/136 - 2729s - loss: 2.2449 - accuracy: 0.1696 - val\_loss: 2.1018 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1719  
Epoch 10/30  
136/136 - 3665s - loss: 2.2293 - accuracy: 0.1826 - val\_loss: 2.0937 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1731  
Epoch 11/30  
136/136 - 3275s - loss: 2.1949 - accuracy: 0.1887 - val\_loss: 2.0968 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1612  
Epoch 12/30  
136/136 - 2876s - loss: 2.1663 - accuracy: 0.1937 - val\_loss: 2.0824 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1931  
Epoch 13/30  
136/136 - 2961s - loss: 2.1615 - accuracy: 0.1940 - val\_loss: 2.0845 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1838  
Epoch 14/30  
136/136 - 3084s - loss: 2.1300 - accuracy: 0.2071 - val\_loss: 2.0855 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1831  
Epoch 15/30  
136/136 - 3210s - loss: 2.1101 - accuracy: 0.2206 - val\_loss: 2.0662 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1937  
Epoch 16/30  
136/136 - 2840s - loss: 2.1005 - accuracy: 0.2197 - val\_loss: 2.0575 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1912  
Epoch 17/30  
136/136 - 2606s - loss: 2.0815 - accuracy: 0.2231 - val\_loss: 2.0699 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.1750

```

Epoch 18/30
136/136 - 2535s - loss: 2.0685 - accuracy: 0.2221 - val_loss: 2.0754 -
val_accuracy: 0.1969
Epoch 19/30
136/136 - 2579s - loss: 2.0477 - accuracy: 0.2275 - val_loss: 2.0624 -
val_accuracy: 0.1912
Epoch 20/30
136/136 - 2528s - loss: 2.0242 - accuracy: 0.2331 - val_loss: 2.0692 -
val_accuracy: 0.1844
Epoch 21/30
136/136 - 2617s - loss: 2.0130 - accuracy: 0.2415 - val_loss: 2.0635 -
val_accuracy: 0.1856
Epoch 22/30
136/136 - 2695s - loss: 1.9981 - accuracy: 0.2443 - val_loss: 2.0646 -
val_accuracy: 0.2013
Epoch 23/30
136/136 - 2614s - loss: 1.9929 - accuracy: 0.2504 - val_loss: 2.0569 -
val_accuracy: 0.1988
Epoch 24/30
136/136 - 2703s - loss: 1.9717 - accuracy: 0.2482 - val_loss: 2.0486 -
val_accuracy: 0.1925
Epoch 25/30
136/136 - 2740s - loss: 1.9620 - accuracy: 0.2512 - val_loss: 2.0653 -
val_accuracy: 0.1950
Epoch 26/30
136/136 - 2649s - loss: 1.9565 - accuracy: 0.2621 - val_loss: 2.0420 -
val_accuracy: 0.2062
Epoch 27/30
136/136 - 2620s - loss: 1.9310 - accuracy: 0.2696 - val_loss: 2.0531 -
val_accuracy: 0.2006
Epoch 28/30
136/136 - 2621s - loss: 1.9272 - accuracy: 0.2626 - val_loss: 2.0602 -
val_accuracy: 0.1969
Epoch 29/30
136/136 - 20126s - loss: 1.9183 - accuracy: 0.2744 - val_loss: 2.0499 -
val_accuracy: 0.1956
Epoch 30/30
136/136 - 2622s - loss: 1.9084 - accuracy: 0.2782 - val_loss: 2.0354 -
val_accuracy: 0.2019

```

[48]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7ff206d75d90>

```
[49]: # final_model.save("VGG16_ocular.h5")
```

```
[51]: # Do Inference by passing in the test data
predictions = final_model.predict(x = test_ultimate, verbose = 0)
```

```
[52]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_true = test_ultimate.classes,  
                             y_pred = np.argmax(predictions, axis = -1))
```

```
[53]: test_ultimate.class_indices # to see the order of our class indices
```

```
[53]: {'A': 0, 'C': 1, 'D': 2, 'G': 3, 'H': 4, 'M': 5, 'N': 6, 'O': 7}
```

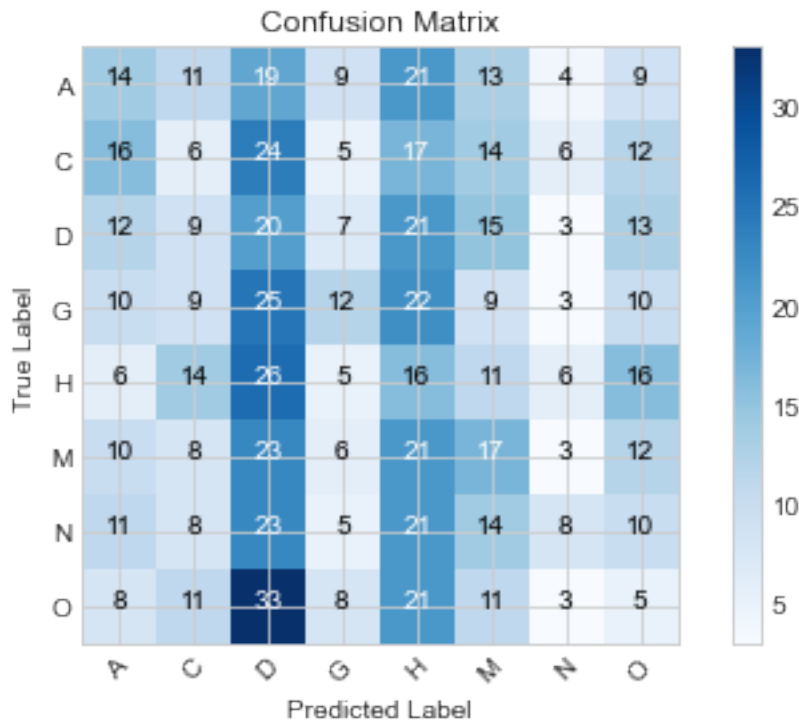
```
[55]: # from the sklearn website
```

```
def plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes,  
                           normalize = False,  
                           title = 'Confusion Matrix',  
                           cmap = plt.cm.Blues):  
    """  
    This function prints and plots the confusion matrix.  
    Normalization can be applied by setting 'normalize = True'  
    """  
    plt.imshow(cm, interpolation = 'nearest', cmap = cmap)  
    plt.title(title)  
    plt.colorbar()  
    tick_marks = np.arange(len(classes))  
    plt.xticks(tick_marks, classes, rotation = 45)  
    plt.yticks(tick_marks, classes)  
  
    if normalize:  
        cm = cm.astype('float')/cm.sum(axis=1)[:,np.newaxis]  
        print("Normalized confusion matrix")  
    else:  
        print('Confusion matrix, without normalization')  
  
    print(cm)  
  
    thresh = cm.max()/2  
    for i, j in itertools.product(range(cm.shape[0]), range(cm.shape[1])):  
        plt.text(j,i,cm[i,j],  
                 horizontalalignment = 'center',  
                 color = 'white' if cm[i,j] > thresh else 'black')  
  
    plt.tight_layout()  
    plt.ylabel('True Label')  
    plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
```

```
[56]: cm_plot_labels = ['A', 'C', 'D', 'G', 'H', 'M', 'N', 'O']  
plot_confusion_matrix(cm = cm,  
                       classes = cm_plot_labels,  
                       title = 'Confusion Matrix')
```

Confusion matrix, without normalization

```
[[14 11 19 9 21 13 4 9]
 [16 6 24 5 17 14 6 12]
 [12 9 20 7 21 15 3 13]
 [10 9 25 12 22 9 3 10]
 [ 6 14 26 5 16 11 6 16]
 [10 8 23 6 21 17 3 12]
 [11 8 23 5 21 14 8 10]
 [ 8 11 33 8 21 11 3 5]]
```



### 0.1.7 Possible Improvements

```
[ ]: # although 8000 images is quite substantial when not using a GPU, there is
      ↳ always scope for improving the outcome
      # by increasing the number of unique images
```

```
[ ]: # treating each augmented image as another retinal scan from a patient
      # it might be that the trained data has many variants of the same retinal scan
      # this can potentially skew the results
```

```
[ ]:
```