

Priority Code	Name	Event Description
1	Critical	Life Safety or Catastrophic Failure or IT Load Loss
2	High	Loss of Redundancy or System-Wide Vulnerability
3	Medium	Redundancy Intact
4	Low	Minimal effect on data center operations
5	Planned	Request

# **Examples for Each Priority Level**

### Priority Level 1—Critical: Life Safety or Catastrophic Failure Actual or Imminent IT Load Loss

Level 1 Incident Examples	Action to be taken
<ul> <li>An injury that causes death or injury for which hospital admittance is necessary (for one person or more).</li> <li>A building fire for which evacuation or fire department response is necessary.</li> <li>Hazardous material released into the environment.</li> <li>A natural disaster with obvious building damage.</li> <li>Equipment failure that causes or could cause an SLA Breach to more than 1 customer</li> <li>PDU or other electrical distribution failure with IT load loss.</li> <li>One or more server racks down with IT load loss.</li> <li>UPS on battery because of a distribution failure–recovery not likely.</li> <li>UPS system on bypass–servers are on raw utility power.</li> <li>Total loss of water to the building–recovery not likely.</li> <li>Large-scale cooling system failure. IT load loss is imminent.</li> <li>An event that causes actual or imminent loss of IT load.</li> </ul>	When EOPs are available and recovery is possible:  • Do the applicable EOPs. • Escalate immediately to SLT  When applicable EOPs are not available: • Escalate immediately to SLT • SLT activate Major Incident Plan .

### Priority Level 2—High: Loss of Redundancy or System-Wide Vulnerability

#### **Level 2 Incident Examples** Action to be taken • Do the applicable EOPs. • An injury that results in emergency medical care, or • Escalate as soon as possible to SLT when medical care beyond first aid is necessary for • Decision taken by CEO, Head of Operations to two or more persons. activate Major Incident Plan • Equipment failure that causes or could cause an SLA breach to a customer Chiller failure—if the system is at N capacity. • Chilled water pump failure-if the system is at N capacity. · Loss of BMS control or monitoring to the building • Fire system malfunction. · Power transferred to generators automatically or manually.



## Priority Level 3—Medium N+1 Redundancy Remains (Business as Normal)

Level 3 Incident Examples	Action to be taken
<ul> <li>An injury for which medical care beyond first aid is necessary for only one person.</li> <li>Chiller failure—if the system has N +1 or more redundancy remaining.</li> <li>Chilled water pump failure—if the system has N +1 or more redundancy remaining.</li> </ul>	Do the applicable SOPs.
<ul> <li>Fire alarm started because of a malfunction or non-emergency issue.</li> <li>Other events that decrease the capacity of control systems, but do not cause system failures.</li> </ul>	

## **Priority Level 4 Low: Minor Issues**

Level 4 Incident Examples	Action to be taken
<ul> <li>An injury for which only first aid treatment is necessary.</li> <li>Individual CRAH or CRAC issues (not SLA affecting)</li> <li>Small leaks (oil, coolant, water).</li> <li>Filter issues.</li> </ul>	Do the applicable SOPs for regular maintenance or repair.
Level 4 Change Management Examples	Announcing a Procedure in Progress
Regular activities with minimal risk of effect on the critical load.	(Not applicable)

## Priority Level 5 —Planned: Request

Level 5 Event Examples	Action to be taken
Customer Request     Sales Opportunity	Request Fulfillment