

JavaScript Problem Set 4 (PS4)

Intermediate Level – Logic and Algorithms

Topics Covered: Array and string manipulation, recursion, object frequency, sets/maps, algorithmic logic

Problem 1 Reverse Words in a Sentence

Write a function `reverseWords(sentence)` that reverses the order of words.

Example:

```
reverseWords("I love JavaScript"); // "JavaScript love I"
```

Solution:

```
function reverseWords(sentence) {  
  return sentence.split(" ").reverse().join(" ");  
}
```

Problem 2 Character Frequency Counter

Write a function `charFrequency(str)` that counts character frequency (ignore spaces).

Example:

```
charFrequency("hello world");  
// { h:1, e:1, l:3, o:2, w:1, r:1, d:1 }
```

Solution:

```
function charFrequency(str) {  
  let freq = {};  
  for (let char of str.replace(/\s/g, '')) {  
    freq[char] = (freq[char] || 0) + 1;  
  }  
  return freq;  
}
```

Problem 3 FizzBuzz

Write `fizzBuzz(n)` that prints 1 to n, with:

- "Fizz" for multiples of 3
- "Buzz" for multiples of 5
- "FizzBuzz" for both

Solution:

```
function fizzBuzz(n) {
  for (let i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    if (i % 15 === 0) console.log("FizzBuzz");
    else if (i % 3 === 0) console.log("Fizz");
    else if (i % 5 === 0) console.log("Buzz");
    else console.log(i);
  }
}
```

Problem 4 Palindrome Checker

Write `isPalindrome(str)` to check if a string is a palindrome (ignore spaces/case).

Examples:

```
isPalindrome("racecar"); // true
isPalindrome("nurses run"); // true
```

Solution:

```
function isPalindrome(str) {
  let clean = str.replace(/\s+/g, '').toLowerCase();
  return clean === clean.split('').reverse().join('');
}
```

Problem 5 Remove Duplicates from Array

Write `removeDuplicates(arr)` to return a new array with no duplicates.

Example:

```
removeDuplicates([1, 2, 2, 3]); // [1, 2, 3]
```

Solution:

```
function removeDuplicates(arr) {
  return [...new Set(arr)];
}
```

Problem 6 Flatten Nested Array

Write `flatten(arr)` that flattens nested arrays (no `.flat()`!).

Example:

```
flatten([1, [2, [3, 4]], 5]); //      [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

Solution:

```
function flatten(arr) {
  let result = [];
  for (let el of arr) {
    if (Array.isArray(el)) {
      result.push(...flatten(el));
    } else {
      result.push(el);
    }
  }
  return result;
}
```

Problem 7 Longest Word in Sentence

Write `longestWord(sentence)` that returns the longest word.

Example:

```
longestWord("The quick brown fox"); //      "quick"
```

Solution:

```
function longestWord(sentence) {
  return sentence.split(" ").reduce((longest, word) =>
    word.length > longest.length ? word : longest
  , "");
}
```

Problem 8 First Non-Repeating Character

Write `firstUniqueChar(str)` that returns the first non-repeating character.

Example:

```
firstUniqueChar("aabbccdd"); //      "c"
```

Solution:

```
function firstUniqueChar(str) {
  let freq = {};
  for (let char of str) {
    freq[char] = (freq[char] || 0) + 1;
  }
}
```

```
}  
for (let char of str) {  
  if (freq[char] === 1) return char;  
}  
return null;  
}
```

Problem 9 Factorial (Recursion)

Write `factorial(n)` using recursion.

Example:

```
factorial(5); //      120
```

Solution:

```
function factorial(n) {  
  if (n <= 1) return 1;  
  return n * factorial(n - 1);  
}
```

Problem 10 Two Sum

Write `twoSum(nums, target)` that returns indices of two numbers adding to target.

Example:

```
twoSum([2, 7, 11, 15], 9); //      [0, 1]
```

Solution:

```
function twoSum(nums, target) {  
  let map = {};  
  for (let i = 0; i < nums.length; i++) {  
    let diff = target - nums[i];  
    if (map[diff] !== undefined) {  
      return [map[diff], i];  
    }  
    map[nums[i]] = i;  
  }  
}
```