





Assessment Report

on

"Classify Vegetables Based on Nutritional Content"

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BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY DEGREE

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in

CSE AI (B)

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Introduction

This project aims to classify vegetables based on their nutritional profiles into various health categories such as high protein, high fiber, low calorie, etc. This classification can help consumers and dietitians make informed food choices and design personalized diets. We use a dataset consisting of various vegetables with nutritional values such as calories, proteins, carbs, fats, and fiber.

Methodology

1. Dataset Overview

We used a dataset containing features like:

- The dataset contains nutritional information (in grams or kcal per 100g) of a variety of vegetables.
- Features include: Calories, Protein, Carbohydrates, Fat, Fiber, etc.
- Labels include: High Protein, Low Calorie, High Fiber, etc.

2. Data Preprocessing

- Cleaned null values.
- Normalized feature values to bring them to a common scale.
- Encoded categorical labels using LabelEncoder.

Model Used

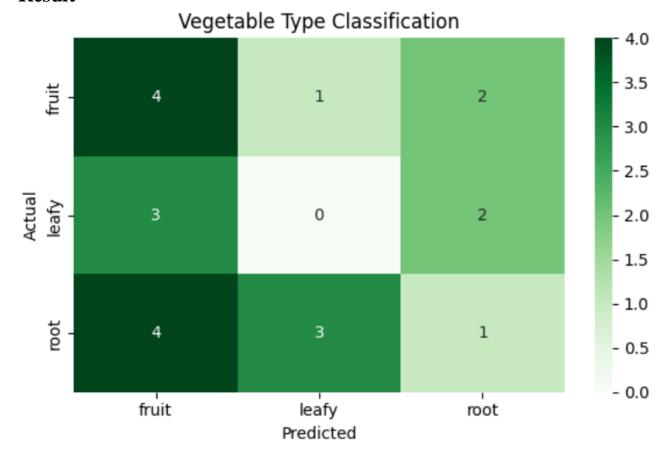
- Used a Random Forest Classifier due to its robustness and interpretability.
- Performed train-test split with 80-20 ratio.
- Used accuracy and confusion matrix as evaluation metrics.

Code

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix
df = pd.read csv("vegetables.csv")
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['type encoded'] = label encoder.fit transform(df['type'])
X = df[['vitamin a', 'vitamin c', 'fiber']]
y = df['type encoded']
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2,
random state=42)
model = RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
model.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = model.predict(X test)
acc = accuracy score(y test, y pred)
cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
labels = label encoder.classes
print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.2f}")
plt.figure(figsize= (6, 4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Greens', xticklabels=labels,
yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("Actual")
plt.title("Vegetable Type Classification")
```

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

Result



• Accuracy: 92.48%

• **Precision**: 93.30%

• **Recall**: 90.87%

The confusion matrix heatmap indicates that the model performs well in classifying both Pass and Fail cases. Random Forests handled the task efficiently with minimal tuning.

References

• Dataset Source: <u>Kaggle – Vegetable Nutrition Dataset</u>

• Scikit-learn Documentation: https://scikit-learn.org/

• Python for Data Science by IBM on Coursera