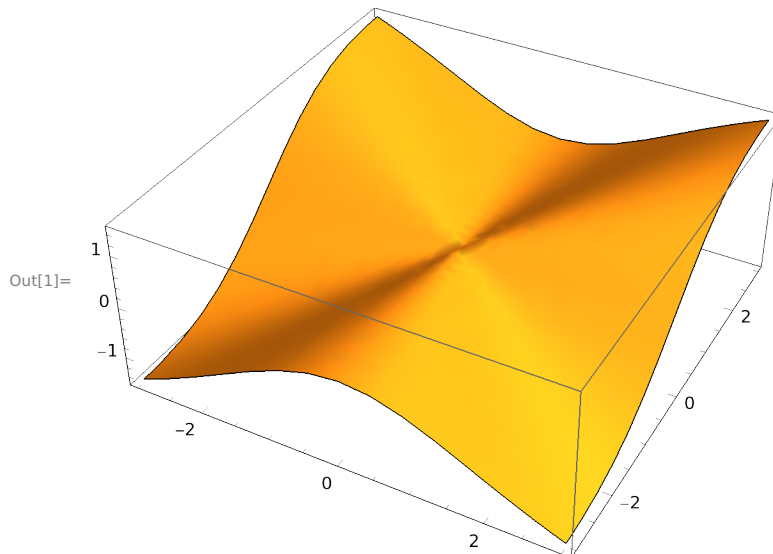


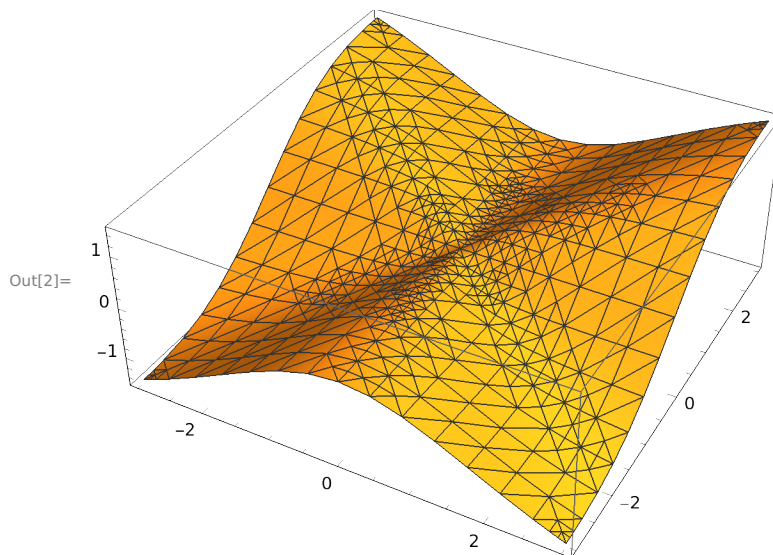
Controlling the mesh lines :

Mesh → None – use no mesh lines.
All – use mesh lines in all direction.

In[1]:= `Plot3D[x^2 y/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh → None]`

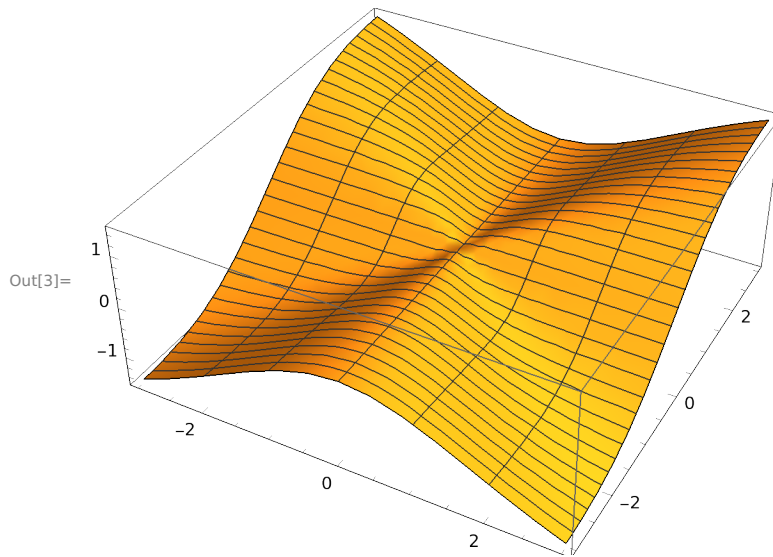


In[2]:= `Plot3D[x^2 y/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh → All]`

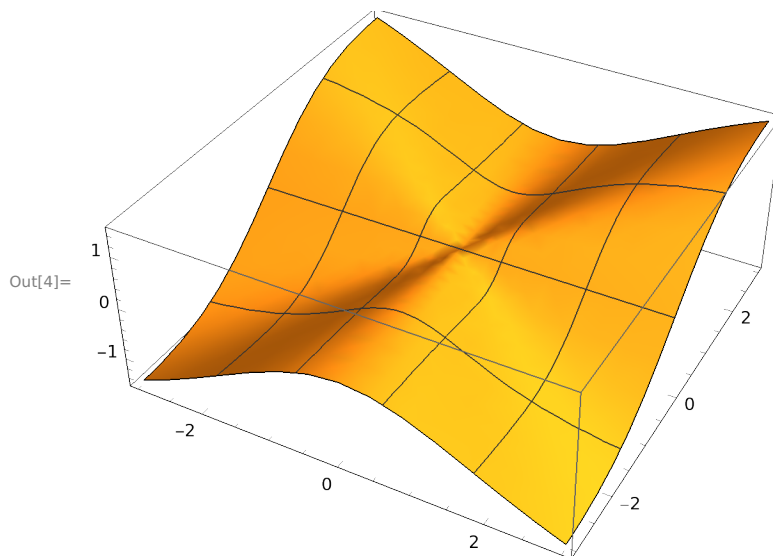


Mesh $\rightarrow \{5, 30\}$ –
 sets 5 mesh lines in x direction and 30 meshlines in the y direction.

In[3]:= **Plot3D**[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh $\rightarrow \{5, 30\}$]

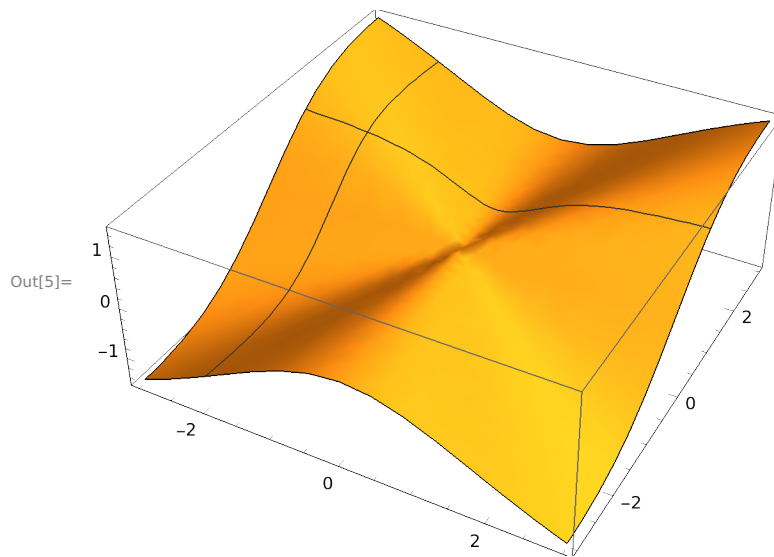


In[4]:= **Plot3D**[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh $\rightarrow \{4, 3\}$]

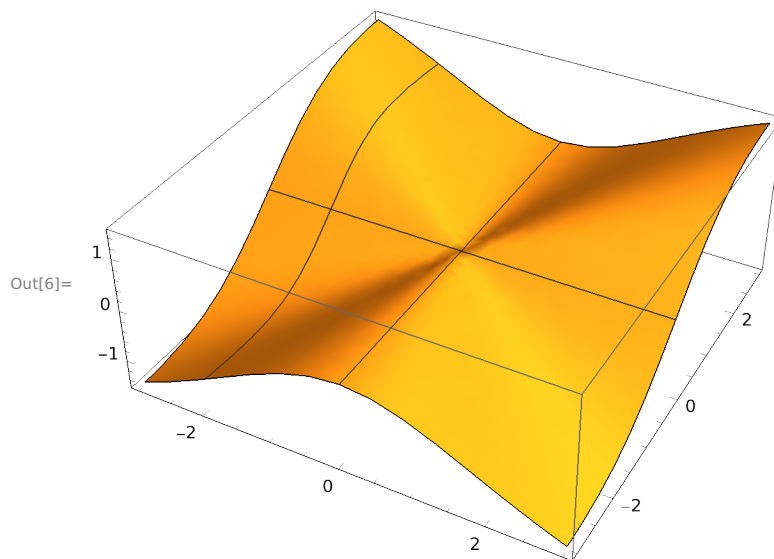


Mesh $\rightarrow \{-2, \{1\}\}$ sets one meshline at $x = -2$ and another at $y = 1$.

```
In[5]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh → {{-2}, {1}}]
```



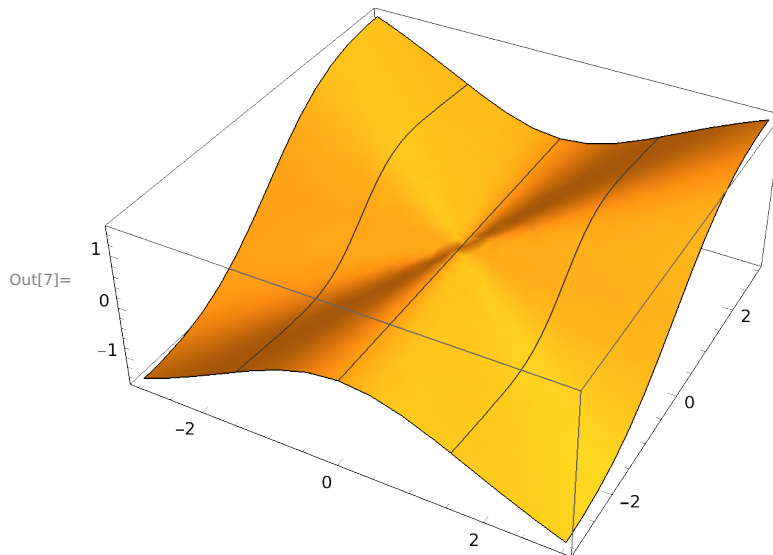
```
In[6]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, Mesh → {{-2, 0}, 1}]
```



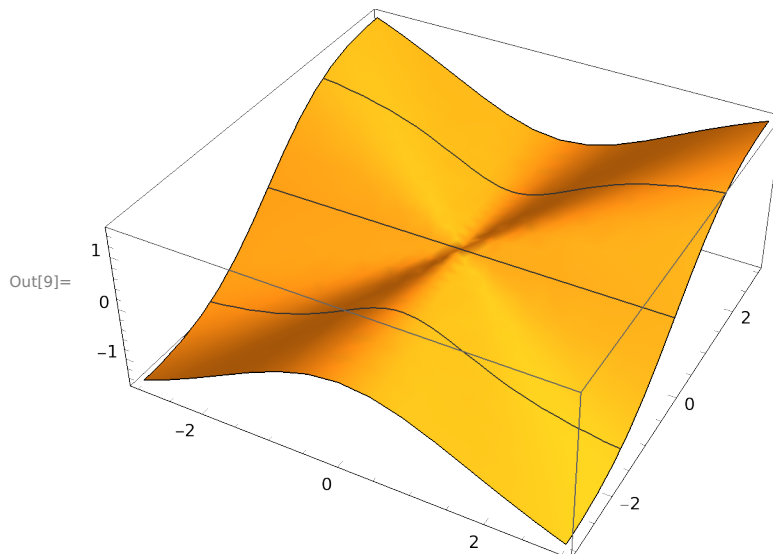
MeshFunctions → is an option for plotting functions that specifies functions to use to determine the placement of mesh divisions.

MeshFunctions → {#1 &} specifies meshlines for the x axis.

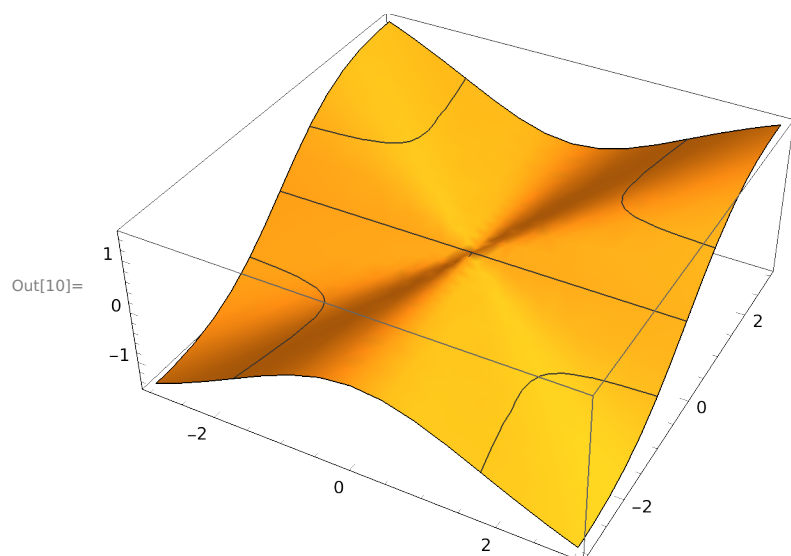
```
In[7]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, MeshFunctions → {#1 &}, Mesh → 3]
```



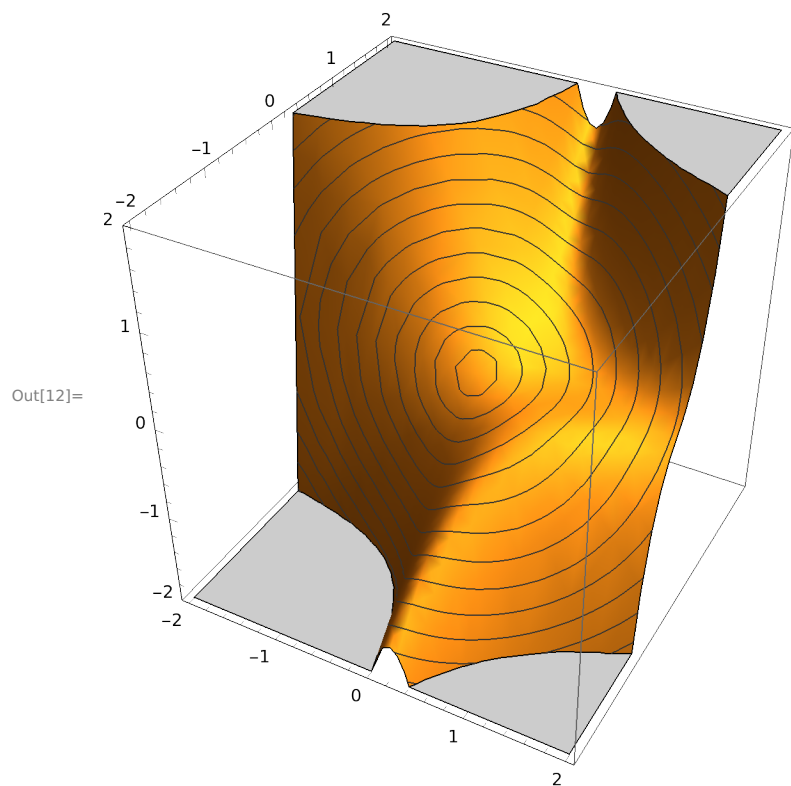
```
In[9]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y)/(x^2 + y^2), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, MeshFunctions → {#2 &}, Mesh → 3]
```



In[10]:= **Plot3D**[($x^2 y$)/($x^2 + y^2$), {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, MeshFunctions → {#3 &}, Mesh → 3]

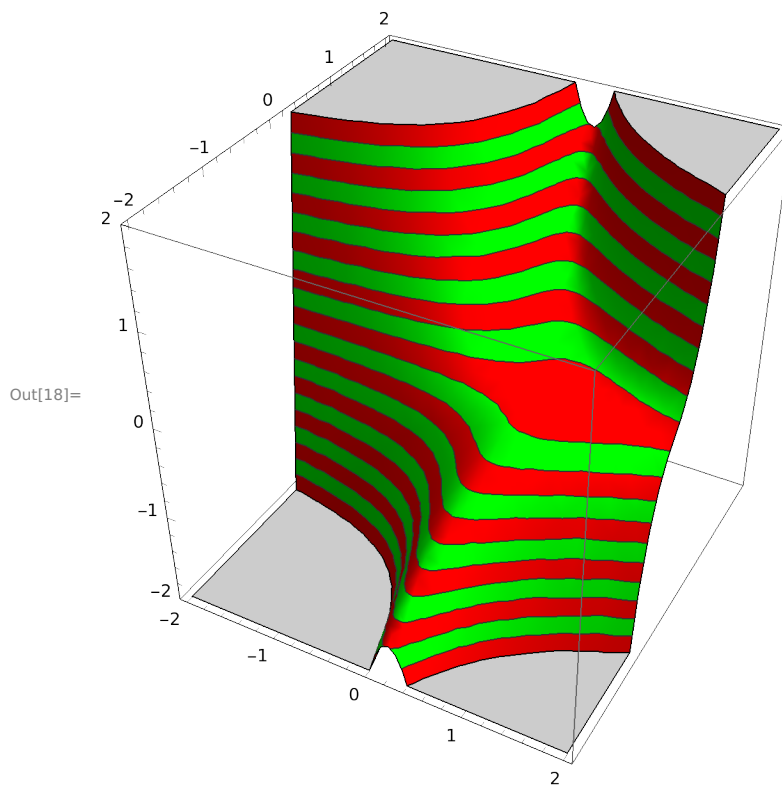


In[12]:= **Plot3D**[($x^2 y^3$)+(x-1)² y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2},
MeshFunctions → {Norm[{#1, #2, #3}] &}, PlotRange → 2, BoxRatios → 1]



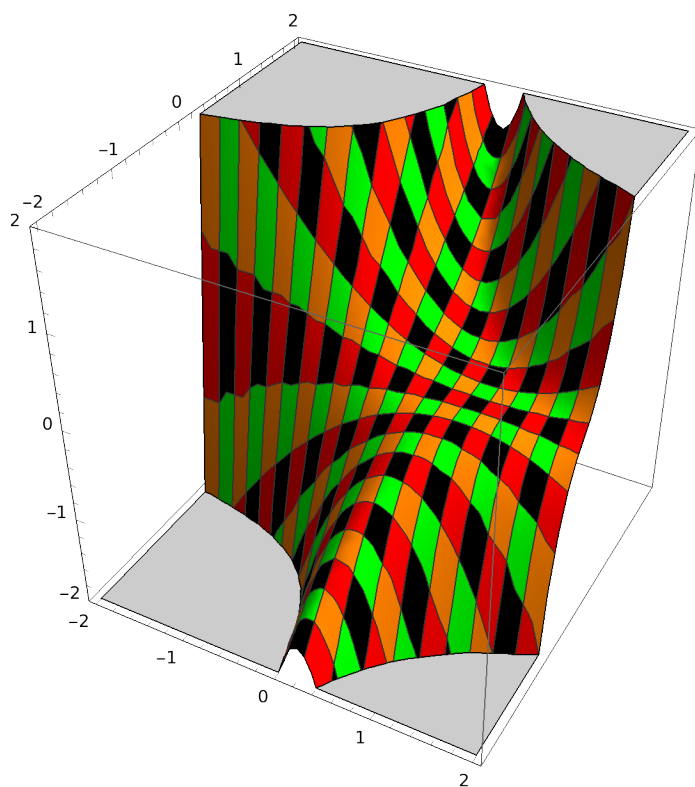
MeshShading – is the option that allows the regions b/w the mesh lines to receive specific colors.
MeshShading → {Red, Green} – sets red and green colors in the meshlines alternately.

```
In[18]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3) + (x - 1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions → {#3 &}, Mesh → 20,  
MeshShading → {Red, Green}, PlotRange → 2, BoxRatios → 1, Lighting → "Neutral"]
```

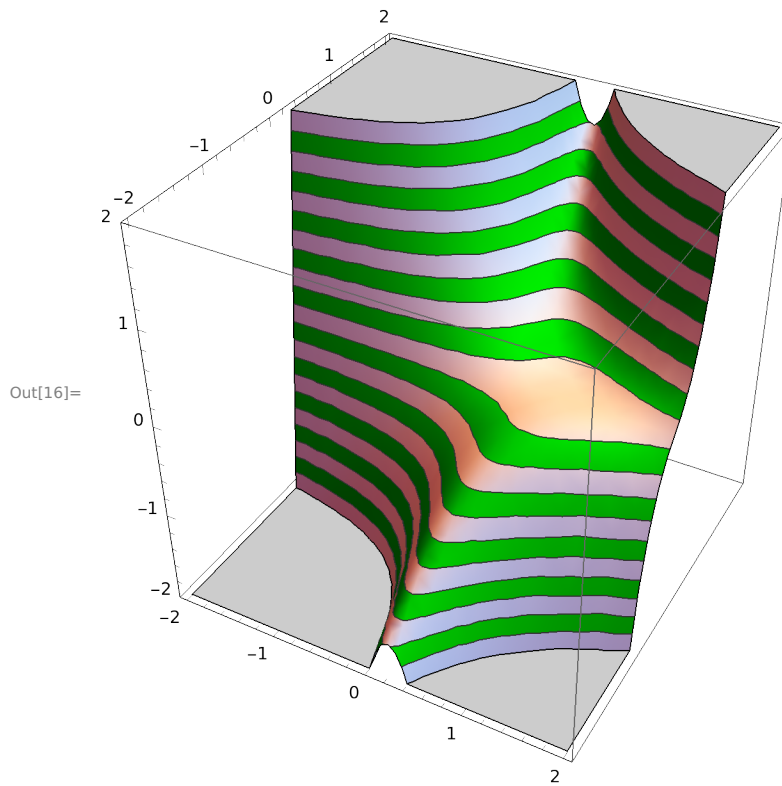


```
In[38]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2},  
  Mesh → 20, MeshShading → {{Red, Black}, {Orange, Green}},  
  PlotRange → 2, BoxRatios → 1, Lighting → "Neutral"]
```

Out[38]=



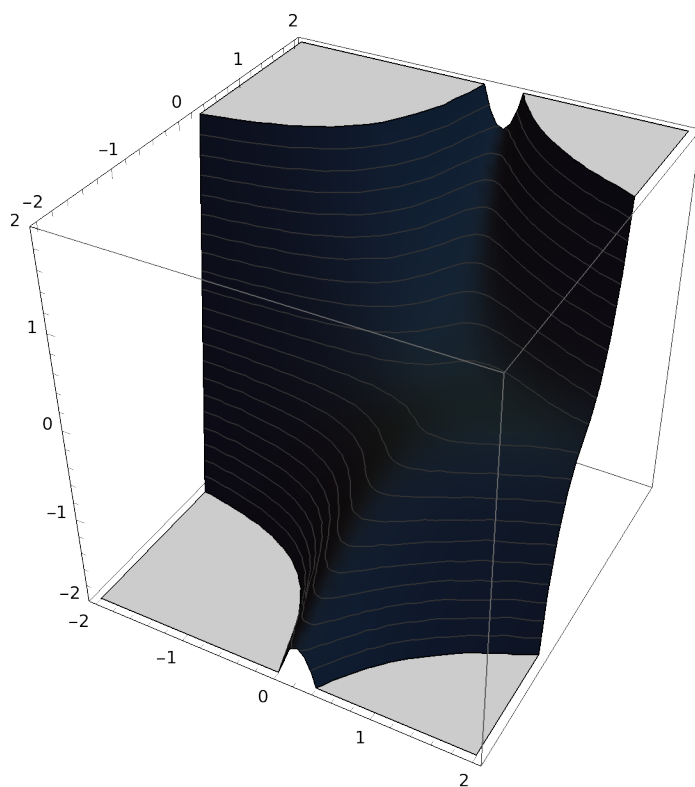
```
In[16]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions -> {#3 &}, Mesh -> 20,
  MeshShading -> {White, Green}, PlotRange -> 2, BoxRatios -> 1, Lighting -> Automatic]
```



`ColorData["StarryNightColors"]` – is the color gradient function that takes argument as 't' where $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

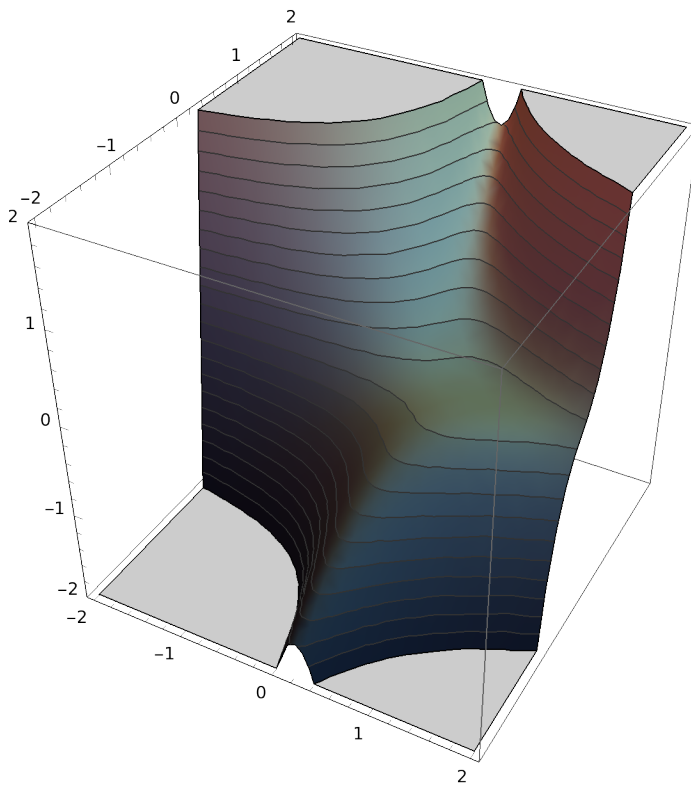

```
In[29]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions -> {#3 &},  
Mesh -> 20, MeshShading -> Table[ColorData["StarryNightColors"][t], {t, 0, 0, 1}],  
PlotRange -> 2, BoxRatios -> 1]
```

Out[29]=



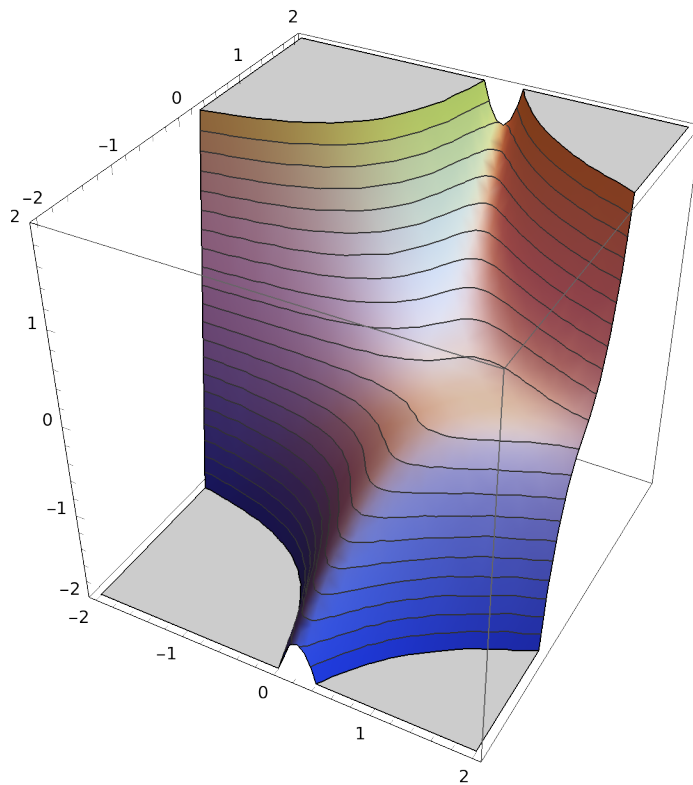
```
In[32]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions -> {#3 &}, Mesh -> 20,  
  MeshShading -> Table[ColorData["StarryNightColors"][t], {t, 0, 1, 1/30}],  
  PlotRange -> 2, BoxRatios -> 1]
```

Out[32]=



```
In[33]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions -> {#3 &},  
Mesh -> 20, MeshShading -> Table[ColorData["TemperatureMap"][t], {t, 0, 1, 1/30}],  
PlotRange -> 2, BoxRatios -> 1]
```

Out[33]=



```
In[34]:= Plot3D[(x^2 y^3)+(x-1)^2 y, {x, -2, 2}, {y, -2, 2}, MeshFunctions -> {#3 &},  
Mesh -> 20, MeshShading -> Table[ColorData["Gradients"]][t], {t, 0, 1, 1/30}],  
PlotRange -> 2, BoxRatios -> 1]
```

Out[34]=

