Assignment 2

Please submit your assignments to the ENCS's Electronic Assignment Submission (EAS) system: https://fis.encs.concordia.ca/eas

Show all the steps of your solution for full mark.

Solve the following problems from the textbook.

Exercises 8.1 (p. 396)

#6,10,20

Exercises 8.2 (p. 401)

#2,6

Exercises 9.1 (p. 417)

#2

Exercises 9.2 (p. 431)

#20,30

Exercises 9.3 (p. 435)

#4,6

Exercises 9.4 (p. 439)

#2,6

Exercises 10.4 (p. 487)

#1,3

15. Prove that if n and k are integers with $1 \le k \le n$ then

$$k \cdot \binom{n}{k} = n \cdot \binom{n-1}{k-1}$$

- a) By using a combinatorial proof.
- b) By using an algebraic proof.
- 16. Give a combinatorial proof that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k \cdot \binom{n}{k} = n \cdot 2^{n-1}$$