

# ▶ Use Case Specification

## 01 - New Player Account

Summary An Internet User creates a new player account for the Sudoku system.

Primary actors Internet User

Preconditions

#### Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Internet User* indicates to the system to create a new player account.
- 2. The System asks for the information of the user
- 3. The *Internet User* introduces the information required
- 4. The System asks for a username and a password
- 5. The Internet User introduces a username and a password
- 6. The System asks for retype the password in order to avoid typing errors
- 7. The *Internet User* introduces the password again
- 8. The *System* creates a new *Player* with the information introduced by the *Internet User*

#### Alternative Scenario Extensions

#### User-information-no-valid

- 1. The System warns the *Internet User* that the information which has been introduced is not correct.
- 2. Go to step 2

#### User-name-already-exists

- 1. The System warns the *Internet User* that the user name which has been introduced has already exists.
- 2. Go to step 4

#### Password-typing-error

- The System warns the *Internet User* that the two passwords introduced must be exactly.
- 2. Go to step 4

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## 02 - Mail Update

Summary A Registered User changes their mail

Primary actors Registered User

**Preconditions** 

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The Registered User indicates to the system to modify his/her mail.
- 2. The System shows the current mail and allows the user to edit it.
- 3. The *User* makes the changes.
- 4. The *User* confirms the changes.
- 5. The System saves the changes.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

#### Mail-non-valid

- 1. The System warns the *Internet User* that the information which has been introduced is not correct.
- 2. Go to step 2

## 03 - Change Password

Summary A Registered User change their password

Primary actors Registered User

**Preconditions** 

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The Registered User indicates to the system to modify his/her password.
- 2. The System ask for a new password
- 3. The Registered User introduces a new password
- 4. The System ask for retype the password in order to avoid typing errors
- 5. The Registered User introduces the password again
- 6. The System saves the new password.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

#### Password-typing-error

- 1. The System warns the *Registered User* that the two passwords introduced must be exactly.
- 2. Go to step 4

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### 04 - Remove User

Summary The current user is deleted.

Primary actors Registered User

**Preconditions** 

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Registered User* indicates to the system to resign.
- 2. The *System* deletes the user and all of their stored Sudokus.
- 3. The System close the current session.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

### 05 - Choose an unfinished Sudoku

Summary A Player indicates to the system that she wants to continue solving a no

finished Sudoku started in previous sessions and selects what sudoku wants to

resolve.

Summary A Player indicates to the system that she wants to continue solving a no

finished Sudoku started in previous sessions and selects what sudoku wants to

resolve.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates to the system that he/she wants to continue solving a no finished Sudoku.
- 2. The System saves all changes done in the current Sudoku.
- 3. The *System* shows the no finished Sudoku identifications of the *Registered User.*
- 4. The *Player* chooses one of the no finished Sudokus.
- 5. The System opens the selected Sudoku.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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### 06 - Generate a New Sudoku

Summary The System generates a new Sudoku to be solved.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions

#### Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates to the system that he/she wants to solve a new generated Sudoku.
- 2. The System asks for the level desired by the Registered User.
- 3. The *Player* chooses the level.
- 4. The *System* generates a random Sudoku of the selected level and with only one solution and save it as a Sudoku owned by the current user.
- 5. The *System* put the Sudoku as the current Sudoku of the current session

#### Alternative Scenario Extensions

#### Sudoku-being-solved

- 1. The System warns the Player that he/she is solving a Sudoku, which will be saved
- 2. The System saves the current Sudoku and go to step 2.

#### 07 - Put a Value in a Cell

Summary A Player put a value in a cell of the current Sudoku.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* selects a cell.
- 2. The *Player* indicates to the system a value to be put in the selected cell.

3. The System put the given value in the selected cell.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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### 08 - Ask for a Clue

Summary The System shows the correct value of a random cell not resolved yet.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* asks for a clue.
- 2. The System shows the correct value of a random cell (not solved yet)

Alternative Scenario Extensions

## 09 - Check a Cell

Summary The System checks if the value in a cell selected by the Player is correct or incorrect and inform the Player.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a chosen Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* asks for help checking a cell.
- 2. The Player selects a cell.
- 3. The *System* answers if the value of the selected cell is correct or not.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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## 10 - Mark Incorrect Cells

Summary The system marks incorrect values in cells filled by the users.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates to the system to mark incorrect cells.
- 2. The System mark cells which are not correct.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

### 11 - Undo since the First Error

Summary The system deletes all values put by the *Player* since the first error committed.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates to the system to delete all values put by the *Player* since the first error committed.
- 2. The *System* delete all values put by the *Player* since the first error committed.
- 3. The System inform about how many values have been delete.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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## 12 - Show Solution

Summary The correct solution is shown

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a chosen current Sudoku.

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* asks the system for the correct solution of the current Sudoku.
- 2. The *System* shows the correct solution and calculates how many errors have been committed.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

## 13 - Reset Sudoku

Summary A game is reset by a Player

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku (new or not finished yet).

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates the system to reset the current Sudoku.
- 2. The *System* deletes all values put in cells directly by the user or thanks to the use of clues.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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### 14 - Undo

Summary Undo the last change done by the Player in the Sudoku.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates the system to undo the last change done in the current Sudoku.
- 2. The System deletes the last value put in the Sudoku.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

### 15 - Redo

Summary Redo the last change undone by the user.

Primary actors Player

Preconditions The Player has a current Sudoku

Main Success Scenario

- 1. The *Player* indicates the system to redo the last change undone in the current Sudoku.
- 2. The System put again the last value undone in the Sudoku.

Alternative Scenario Extensions

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### 16 - New Administrator Account

Summary An Administrator creates a new Administrator account for the Sudoku system.

Primary actors Administrator

Preconditions -

#### Main Success Scenario

- 1. The Administrator indicates to the system to create a new Administrator
- 2. The System asks for the information of the user
- 3. The *Administrator* introduces the information required
- 4. The System asks for a username and a password
- 5. The Administrator introduces a username and a password
- 6. The System asks for retype the password in order to avoid typing errors
- 7. The Administrator introduces the password again
- 8. The System creates a new Administrator with the information introduced

#### Alternative Scenario Extensions

#### <u>User-information-no-valid</u>

- 1. The System warns the *Administrator* that the information which has been introduced is not correct.
- 2. Go to step 2

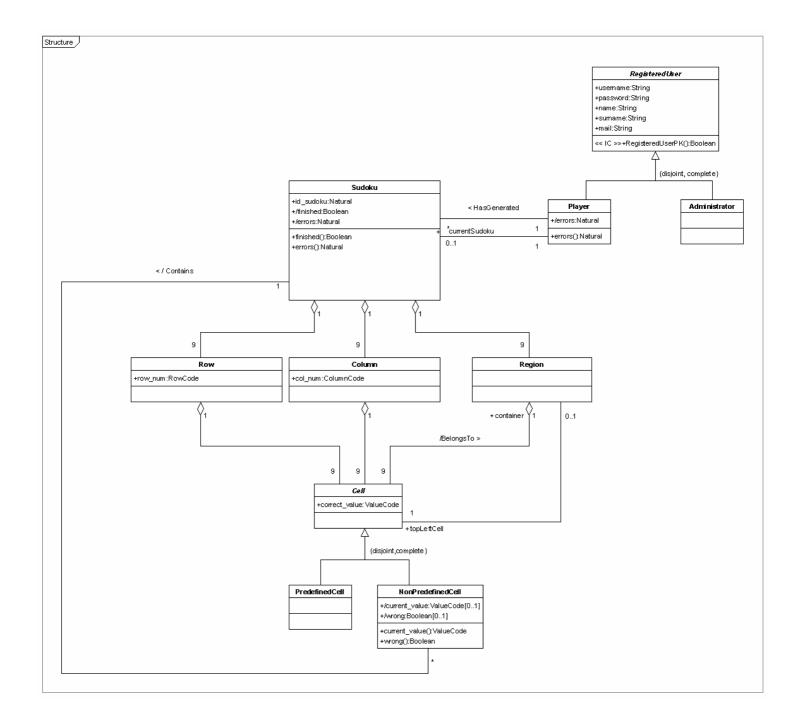
#### <u>User-name-already-exists</u>

- 1. The System warns the *Administrator* that the user name which has been introduced has already exists.
- 2. Go to step 4

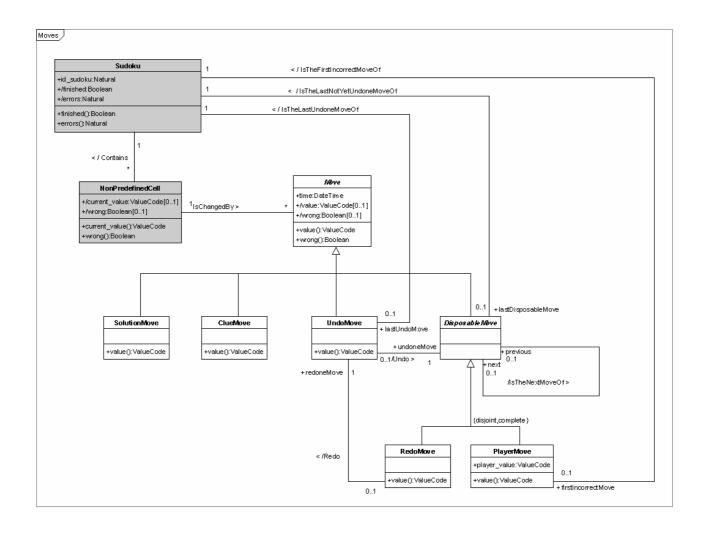
#### Password-typing-error

- 1. The System warns the *Administrator* that the two passwords introduced must be exactly.
- 2. Go to step 4

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« Enumeration » RowCode	
1 2 3	
4 5 6	
7 8 9	
RegionTopRow():Boolean	

	« Enumeration » ValueCode
1 2	
2 3 4 5 6	
4	
5	
7	
8	
9	

 $\textbf{context} \ RowCode::RegionTopRow():Boolean$ 

**body:** rowCode = 1 **or** rowCode = 4 **or** rowCode = 7

 ${\bf context}\; Column Code:: Region Left Column (): Boolean$ 

**body:** ColumnCode = 1 **or** ColumnCode = 4 **or** ColumnCode = 7

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## Derivation Rules

## <u>Class</u>: Sudoku

context Sudoku :: finished : Boolean

derive: -- A Sudoku is finished when all NonPredefinedCells have a correct value

nonPredefinedCell -> forAll (current\_value -> notEmpty() **and** wrong -> notEmpty **and** wrong=false)

context Sudoku :: errors : Natural

derive: -- The number of errors in a Sudoku is the sum of incorrect moves

nonPredefinedCell.move -> select (wrong) -> size()

## <u> Class</u>: Player

context Player :: errors : Natural

derive : -- The number of errors committed by a user is the sum of the errors in the

sudokus owned by the user.

sudoku. errors -> sum()

## **University Liass**: **NonPredefinedCell**

context NonPredefinedCell :: current value : ValueCode[0..1]

**derive**: -- The current\_value of a NonPredefinedCell is the value of the last move which has not been undone.

**let** NotUndoneMoves : set(Moves) =

move -> reject ( ocllsTypeOf(DisposableMove) and

undoMove -> notEmpty())

in

if NotUndoneMoves->IsEmpty() then set{}

**else** NotUndoneMoves->sortedBy(time)->last().value

endif

## y Class: NonPredefinedCell

context NonPredefinedCell :: wrong : Boolean[0..1]

derive: -- The value put in the cell is wrong if it is different from the correct value

If current\_value -> IsEmpty() then wrong=set{}

else current\_value<> correct\_value

endif

## u Class: Move

context Move :: wrong : Boolean

**derive**: -- A move is wrong if the move value is different from the correct\_value of

the cell.

value -> NotEmpty() implies

value <> nonPredefinedCell.correct value

context Move :: value() : ValueCode

body: -- The value of a Move depends on the type of the move

Set{}

## u Class: ClueMove

context ClueMove :: value() : ValueCode

body: -- A clue\_value is the correct\_value of the cell. It redefines the value()

operation of move.

nonPredefinedCell.correct\_value

## u Class: UndoMove

context UndoMove :: value() : ValueCode[0..1]

body: -- The result value of an undone move is the value of the previous

DisposableMove of the last DisposableMove. It redefines the value()

operation of Move

if undoneMove.previous -> isEmpty() then set{}

else undoneMove.previous.value

endif

### <u> Class</u>: RedoMove

context RedoMove :: value() : ValueCode

body: -- The value of a redo move corresponds to the value of the

DisposableMove undone by the redoneMove.

redoneMove.undoneMove.value

## <u> Class : SolutionMove</u>

context SolutionMove :: value() : ValueCode

body: -- The result value of a solution move is the correct value of the cell

nonPredefinedCell.correct\_value

## <u>Class</u>: PlayerMove

context PlayerMove :: value() : ValueCode

**body**: -- The value put by a user is the player\_value

player\_value

#### Derived Associations

context Sudoku :: nonPredefinedCell : NonPredefinedCell

derive: -- NonPredefinedCells of a Sudoku are all NonPredefinedCells contained

in the Sudoku

row.cell -> select (ocllsTypeOf(NonPredefinedCell)

context Cell :: container : Region

**derive**: -- The region which contains a cell depends on the row and column of the cell

row.sudoku.region

-> select (r|

self.row.row\_num >= r.topLeftCell.row.row\_num and
self.row.row\_num <= r.topLeftCell.row.row\_num+3 and
self.column.col\_num >= r.topLeftCell.column.col\_num and
self.column.col\_num <= r.topLeftCell.column.col\_num+3)</pre>

context Sudoku :: firstIncorrectMove : Move

**derive**: -- The first error in a Sudoku, is the first of the incorrect moves in cells which the put value is not correct.

let IncorrectCellsMoves : set(PlayerMove) =
 nonPredefinedCell -> select ( c | c.wrong).move

in

If IncorrectCellsMoves -> IsEmpty() then Set{}
else IncorrectCellsMoves -> sortedBy(time)->first()
endif

context Sudoku :: lastDisposableMove : DisposableMovement

**derive**: -- The last move which can be undone is the last DisposableMove which has not been undone yet.

let NotYetUndoneMoves : set(DisposableMove) =
 nonPredefinedCell.move

-> select (ocllsTypeOf (DisposableElement) and undoMove -> isEmpty() )

in

If NotYetUndoneMoves -> IsEmpty() then Set{}
else NotYetUndoneMoves -> sortedBy(time)->last()
endif

context Sudoku :: lastUndoMove : UndoMovement

**let** UndoMoves : set(UndoMove) = derive : nonPredefinedCell.move

-> select ( ocllsTypeOf (UndoMove) )

If UndoMoves -> IsEmpty() then Set{} **else** UndoMoves->sortedBy(time)->last()

endif

context UndoMove :: undoneMove : DisposableMove

derive: - - The undone move is the Last Disposable Move of the Sudoku

nonPredefinedCell.row.sudoku.lastDisposableMove

**context** RedoMove :: redoneMove : UndoMove

derive: -- The redone move is the Last Undo Move of the Sudoku

nonPredefinedCell.row.sudoku.lastUndoneMove

**context** DisposableMove :: next : DisposableMove

let DisposableMovesWithoutSelf : set(DisposableMove) = derive : nonPredefinedCell.row.sudoku.NonPredefinedCell.move

-> select ( ocllsTypeOf (DisposableMove) )

-> reject ( self )

in

DisposableMovesWithoutSelf ->sortedBy(time)->first()

# ► Integrity Constraints

#### context RegisteredUser inv RegisteredUserPK

RegisteredUser-> allInstances() -> isUnique(username)

#### context Sudoku inv SudokuPK

Sudoku-> allInstances() -> isUnique(id\_sudoku)

#### context Sudoku inv DifferentRowNumbers

row -> isUnique(row\_num)

#### context Sudoku inv DifferentColumnNumbers

column -> isUnique(col\_num)

#### context Sudoku inv ValidRegionTopLeftCells

region.topLeftCell -> forAll( row.row\_num.RegionTopRow() **and** column.col\_num.RegionLeftColumn() ) **and** region-> isUnique(topLeftCell)

#### context Row inv RowSudokuConstraint

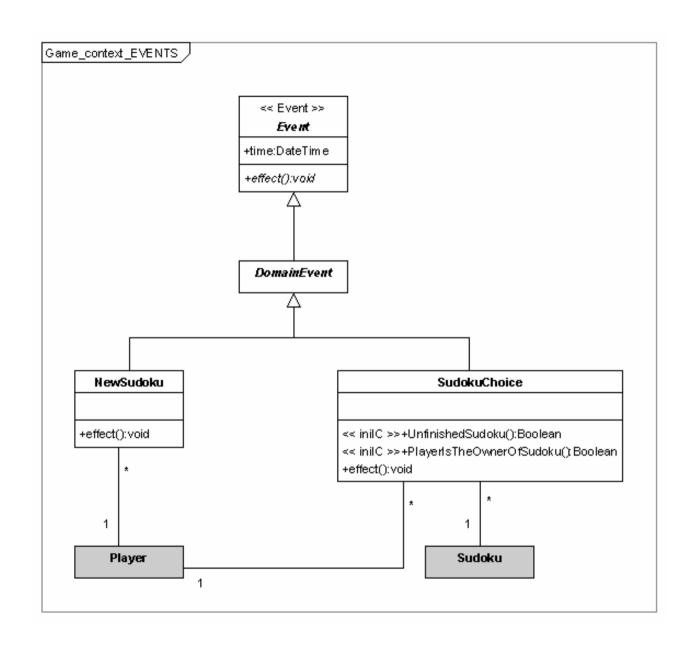
cell -> isUnique(correct\_value)

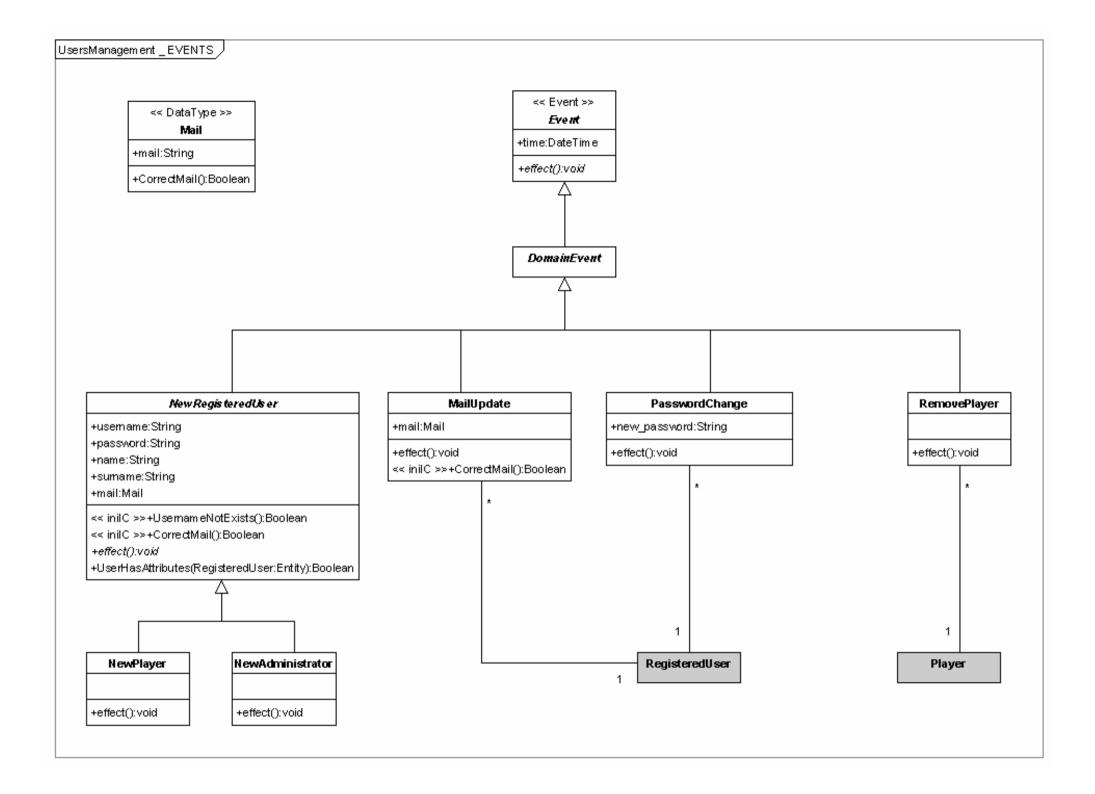
#### context Column inv ColumnSudokuConstraint

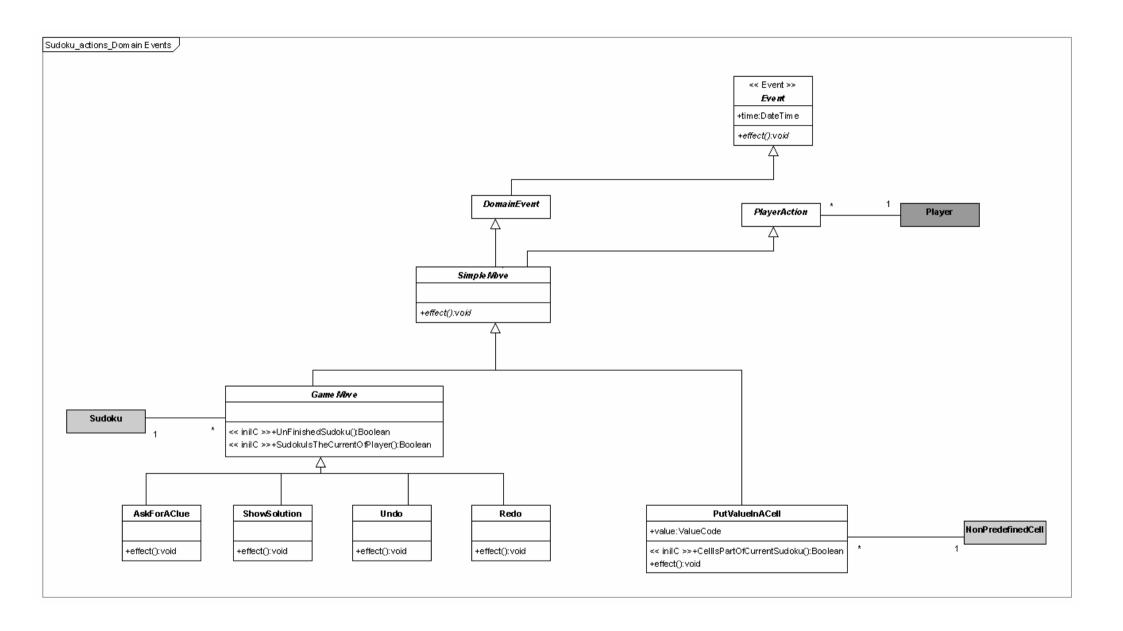
cell -> isUnique(correct\_value)

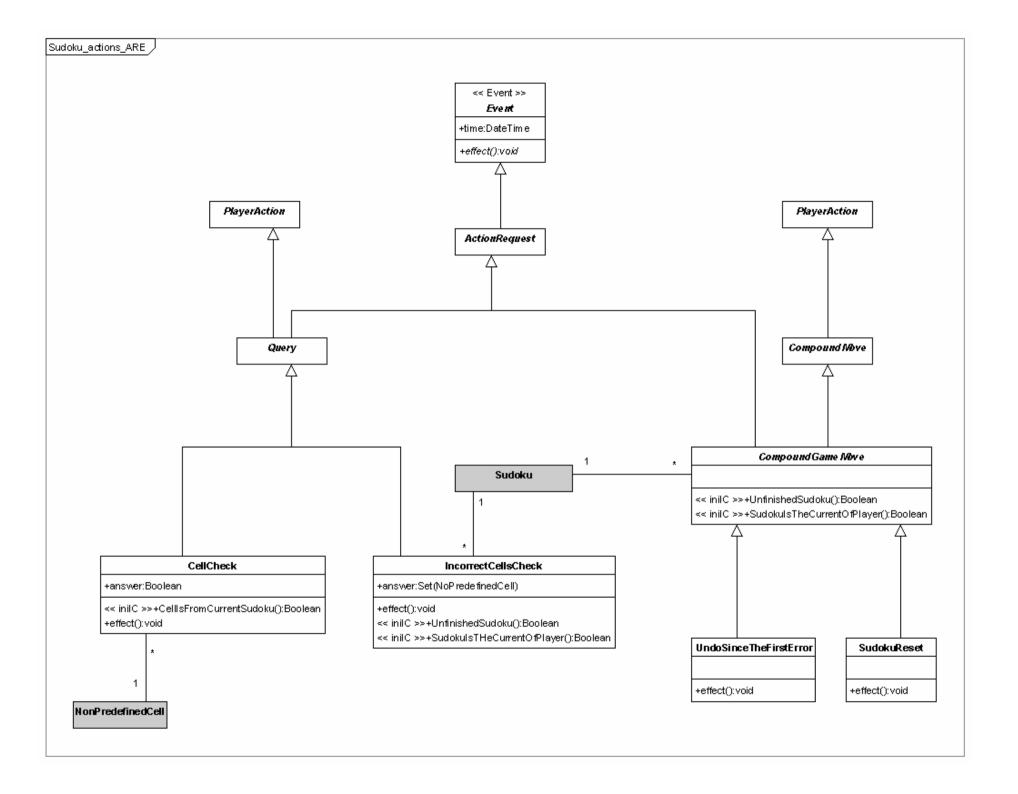
### context Region inv RegionSudokuConstraint

cell -> isUnique(correct\_value)











## Events

**context** NewRegisteredUser:: UserHasAttributes(registeredUser:Entity):Boolean

post : registeredUser.ocllsNew() and registeredUser.ocllsTypeOf(Player)

and registeredUser.username=username
and registeredUser.password=password

and registeredUser.name=name and registeredUser.surname=surname

and registeredUser.mail=mail

context NewPlayer::effect()

post : p.ocllsNew() and p.ocllsTypeOf(Player) and UserHasAttributes(p)

context NewAdministrator::effect()

post: admin.ocllsNew() and ocllsTypeOf(Administrator) and UserHasAttributes(admin)

context MailUpdate::effect()
post : registeredUser.mail=mail

context PasswordChange::effect()

post: registeredUser.password=new\_password

context RemovePlayer::effect()

post: not(Sudoku.allInstances -> includesAll(player.sudoku)) and

not(Player.allInstances -> includes(player))

context NewSudoku::effect()

post: Falta fer

context SudokuChoice::effect()

post: player.currentSudoku=sudoku



context AskForAClue::effect()

post : sm.ocllsNew() and sm.ocllsTypeOf(SolutionMove) and

sm.nonPredefinedCell=sudoku.nonPredefinedCells ->

any(wrong or current\_value ->IsEmpty)

context UndoSinceTheFirstError::effect()

post: if (sudoku.firstIncorrectMove<>sudoku.lastDisposableMove.previous) then

um.ocllsNew() and um.ocllsTypeOf(UndoMove) and um.nonPredefinedCell = sudoku.lastDisposableMove and

usfe.ocllsNew() and usfe.ocllsTypeOf(UndoSinceTheFirstError) and

usfe.player=player and usfe.sudoku=sudoku

context ShowSolution::effect()

post : let incorrect\_cells : set(nonPredefinedCell) =

sudoku.nonPredefinedCell -> select(current\_value->empty() or wrong=true)

in

incorrect\_cells -> forAll ( ic |

sm.ocllsNew() and sm.ocllsTypeOf(SolutionMove) and

sm.nonPredefinedCell=ic )

context SudokuReset::effect()

post : not(Move.allInstances -> includesAll (sudoku.nonPredefinedCell.move))

context Undo::effect()

post : um.ocllsNew() and um.ocllsTypeOf(UndoMove)

and um.nonPredefinedCell = sudoku.lastDisposableMove

context Redo::effect()

post : rm.ocllsNew() and rm.ocllsTypeOf(RedoMove)

and rm.nonPredefinedCell = sudoku.lastUndoneMove

context PutValueInACell::effect()

post : pm.ocllsNew() and pm.ocllsTypeOf(PlayerMove)

and pm.nonPredefinedCell = nonPredefinedCell and pm.player value=value



context CellCheck::effect()

post : answer=not(nonPredefinedCell.wrong)

context IncorrectCellsCheck::effect()

post: answer=sudoku.nonPredefinedCell -> select(wrong or current\_value->isEmpty())

## Event Constraints

context NewRegisteredUser :: UsernameNotExists() : Boolean

**body**: not (RegisteredUser.allInstances -> exists (ru | ru.username=username)

**context** NewRegisteredUser :: CorrectMail() : Boolean

body : mail.CorrectMail()

context MailUpdate :: CorrectMail() : Boolean

body: mail.CorrectMail()

context SudokuChoice :: UnfinishedSudoku() : Boolean

body: sudoku.finished=false

context SudokuChoice:: PlayerIsTheOwnerOfSudoku(): Boolean

**body**: session.palyer=sudoku.player

context GameMove :: UnfinishedSudoku() : Boolean

body: sudoku.finished=false

context SudokuChoice :: SudokuIsTheCurrentOfPlayer() : Boolean

**body**: player.currentSudoku=sudoku



context PutValueInACell :: CellIsPartOfCurrentSudoku() : Boolean

**body**: player.currentSudoku.nonPredefinedCell ->includes(nonPredefinedCell)

**context** CellCheck :: CellIsFromCurrentSudoku() : Boolean

**body**: player.currentSudoku.nonPredefinedCell ->includes(nonPredefinedCell)

**context** IncorrectCellsCheck :: UnfinishedSudoku() : Boolean

**body:** sudoku.finished=false

context IncorrectCellsCheck :: SudokulsTheCurrentOfPlayer() : Boolean

**body**: player.currentSudoku=sudoku

**context** CompoundGameMove :: UnfinishedSudoku() : Boolean

**body**: sudoku.finished=false

**context** CompoundGameMove :: SudokulsTheCurrentOfPlayer() : Boolean

body: player.currentSudoku=sudoku