Xtext / Sirius Integration User Guide

Version 0.21.0-SNAPSHOT

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This asset enables Xtext editors to be used as direct editor for Sirius diagram elements or Sirius property widgets.

This document describes to users (i.e. developers using the Xtext editors in their project) how to work with the Xtext / Sirius integration.

1. Terminology

Sirius element

Contents of the *.odesign model describing the Sirius application.

diagram element

Sirius element describing something inside a diagram.

property element

Sirius element describing something inside the properties view.

semantic element

EObject of a model the end-user is working with.

identifier

String entered in the "Id" field of a Sirius element, unique within the Sirius application.

direct editor

Editor that is displayed inside the diagram if the end-user double-clicks a diagram element or presses F2 while the diagram figure is focused.

widget

One entry field for a property element inside the properties view.

newline

Platform-dependent invisible character(s) denoting the end of one line of text and the start of a new line of text.

multi-line

Text entry field that shows (potentially) more than one line, and allows the add and remove newlines. Opposite of single-line.

single-line

Text entry field that shows only one line, and does not allow to add a newline. Opposite of multiline.

injector

Google Guice injector completely configured for an Xtext language.

feature

Instance of Ecore EStructuralFeature describing a part of a semantic element.

2. Overview

This asset contains extensions to the odesign editor providing Xtext-enabled text entry fields.

Xtext-enabled editors provide the usual Xtext features: syntax highlighting, auto completion, validation, etc.

The Xtext language does not need to be modified to be used in the editor (except for Advanced Capabilities).

The text entry fields can be placed

- either inside a Sirius diagram (direct editors; directEdit)
- or in the Sirius properties view (widgets; property).

The contents of the editors can be retrieved from two sources:

- A semantic element of a model that's used as input to the diagram (model). In this case, we may set additional options:
 - limit the set of editableFeatures,
 - ignore some nested features (ignoredNestedFeatures).
 - specify which features should be pre-selected when showing the Xtext editor (selectedFeatures).
- A String feature of a semantic element (value). In this case, we may supply additional information if we wanted to edit an incomplete model:
 - text (hidden from the end-user) to be pre-pended (prefixText),
 - text (hidden from the end-user) to be appended (suffixText).

For *model*-based *directEdit* editors, if the model element is an edge, the affected label must be set (edgeLabelPosition).

An editor can display

- either single-line contents (singleLine),
- or multi-line contents (multiLine).

For all editors, we need to provide

• An injector to access the Xtext language to use (injector).

All of this can be summarized in one table:

	property	directEdit		add. info [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]	
	₩ singleLine	k singleLine	edgeL		
model	multiLine multiLine	a multiLine	abelPo sition		
	💥 singleLine	₩ singleLine		01 001	
value	⋈ multiLine	₩ multiLine		prefixText, suffixText	
add. info [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]		editableFeatures, ignoredNestedFeature s selectedFeatures		for all: injector	

As advanced capabilities,

- the editor might use a different grammar (a.k.a. Xtext language) for editing model contents than the one used for serialization;
- we can force the serialization of whitespaces if our formatter does not work as expected;
- the serializer can force ignored nested features to be transient;
- we can constrain the editor's global Scope to all Ecore resources from the Sirius session.

Packaging

we provide two different Eclipse features:

- com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.design.feature contains all Eclipse plug-ins required to edit the Xtext-enabled entry fields in the odesign editor. It also contains the runtime feature below.
- com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.feature contains all Eclipse plug-ins required at runtime to use the Xtext-enabled entry fields in a diagram (or associated property view).

3. Examples

3.1. .odesign Contents

Screenshot of fowlerdsl.odesign

```
platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint/description/fowlerdsl.odesign
   fowlerdsl
      Statemachine

    & Statemachine Diagram

	✓ □ Default

               TransitionEdge
                   Edge Style solid
                         Center Label Style 8

▼ I EventsContainer

                   EventNode
                         Square gray
                     Gradient white to light_gray
                > 📴 CommandsContainer
               🗸 🌆 StateNode
                   description
                         Square gray
                     Gradient white to light_gray

    Section DefaultSection

                   Direct Edit Label SimpleTextEdit

    Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit

                      V Begin

√ (x)= Set

                               External Java Action myAction

    Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label TransitionEdit

                      V Begin
                           (x)= Set

    Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit

∨ Begin

                           (x)= Set description
            org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.Services

▼ III EventProperties

         v 👛 Default
               Default12369

    EventProperties

               > iii Text

▼ I EventGuardId

→ Begin

                        (x)= Set guard
      StateProperties
         v 👛 Default
               Defaultxvsdas
            StateProperties
               > iiii Text

→ StateDescriptionId

∨ Begin

                        (x)= Set description
  platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl/model/generated/Statemachine.ecore
```

fowlerdsl.odesign

platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint/description/fowlerdsl
.odesign

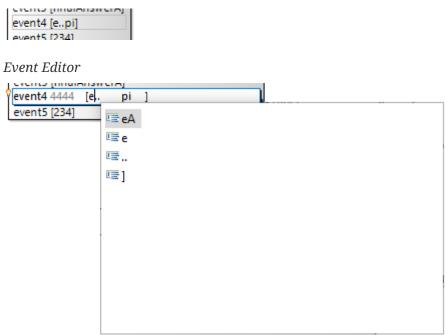
- + fowlerdsl
 - + Statemachine
 - + Statemachine Diagram

```
+ Default
          + TransitionEdge
                                                                   2
              domainClass=statemachine.Transition
              labelDirectEdit=TransitionEdit
            + Edge Style solid
              + Center Label Style 8
                labelExpression="ocl:self.event.name.concat( ' as Label')"
          + EventsContainer
            + EventNode
                                                                   (1)
                domainClass=statemachine.Event
                labelDirectEdit=EventEdit
              + Square gray
                labelExpression="ocl:self.name.concat(if(self.guard.oclIsUndefined())
then '' else ' [' + self.guard.toString() + ']' endif)"
          + CommandsContainer
          + StateNode
            + description
                                                                   (3)
                domainClass=statemachine.State
                labelDirectEdit=DescriptionEdit
              + square gray
                labelExpression="ocl:'Desc: '.concat(self.description)"
          + Section DefaultSection
            + Direct Edit Label SimpleTextEdit
            + Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit
                                                                   (1)
                id=EventEdit
                mapping=EventNode
                inputLabelExpression="var:self"
injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"
                lines=singleLine
              + Begin
                + Set
                  featureName=<<empty>>
                  + valueExpression="var:newValue"
                    External Java Action
                      name="MyAction"
                      id="exampleAction"
              + ignoredNestedFeatures=guard.min
              + selectedFeatures=Event.name
            + Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label TransitionEdit
                id=TransitionEdit
                mapping=TransitionEdge
                inputLabelExpression="var:self"
injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId"
                edgeLabelMappings=Center Label Style 8
                lines=singleLine
                editableFeatures=Transition.event, Transition.guard
              + Begin
                + Set
                  featureName=<<empty>>>
```

```
valueExpression="var:newValue"
            + Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit
                                                                   (3)
                id=DescriptionEdit
                mapping=description
                inputLabelExpression="feature:description"
injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"
                lines=multiLine
                prefixTextExpression="<html><head><title>t</title></head><body>"
                suffixTextExpression="</body></html>"
              + Begin
                + Set description
                  featureName=description
                  valueExpression="var:newValue"
     + org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.Services
   + EventProperties
     + Default
        + Default12369
        + EventProperties
            domainClass=statemachine.Event
          + Name
          + Guard
                                                                   (4)
              id=EventGuardId
              labelExpression="Guard"
              valueExpression="feature:guard"
injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"
            + Begin
              + Set guard
                featureName=quard
                valueExpression="var:newValue"
   + StateProperties
     + Default
       + Defaultxvsdas
        + StateProperties
            domainClass=statemachine.State
          + Name
          + Description
                                                                   (5)
              id=StateDescriptionId
              labelExpression="Description"
              valueExpression="feature:description"
              lineCount=5
injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"
              prefixTextExpression="<html><head><title>t</title></head><body>"
              suffixTextExpression="</body></html>"
            + Begin
              + Set description
                featureName=description
                valueExpression="var:newValue"
platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl/model/generated/Statemachine.ec
```

1. Single-line direct editor of all features of *Event* instance of Sirius element *EventNode* with the injector supplied by *FowlerdslLanguageInjector*. Changes to the nested feature *Event.guard.min* will be ignored. The feature *Event.name* is pre-selected when showing the Xtext editor. The External Java Action exampleAction is called after the semantic element has been edited. Persisted to itself because *EventEdit.Set.featureName* is empty.

Event Label (note it does not show the code)

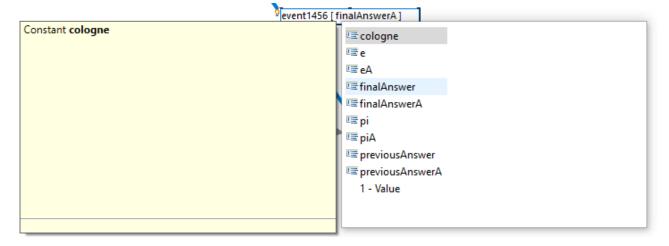


2. Single-line direct editor of features {Transition.event, Transition.guard} of *Transition* instance of the Center Label Style 8 label of Sirius element TransitionEdge with the injector supplied by InlineEditLanguageInjector. Persisted to itself because *TransitionEdit.Set.featureName* is empty.

Transition Label (note it does have additional text at the end)

event1456 as Label

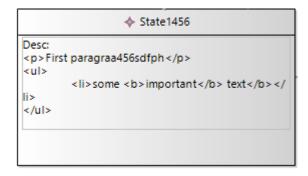
Transition Editor (note the target of the transition cannot be edited)



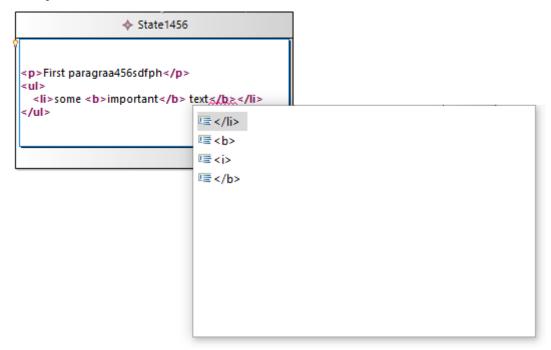
3. Multi-line direct editor of description feature of State instance of Sirius element description

with the injector supplied by <code>HtmlLanguageInjector</code>. The attribute value will be prefixed by an HTML header and suffixed by an HTML footer. Persisted to <code>State.description</code> because of <code>DescriptionEdit.Set.featureName=description</code>.

Description Label (note it does have additional text at the front)

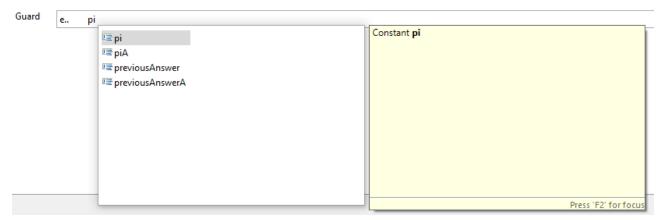


Description Editor



4. Single-line property editor of *guard* feature of *Event* instance of Sirius element *EventGuardId* with the injector supplied by *FowlerdslLanguageInjector*. Persisted to *Event.guard* because of *EventGuardId.Set.featureName=guard*.

Event Guard Property Editor



5. Multi-line property editor of *description* feature of *State* instance of Sirius element StateDescriptionId with the injector supplied by HtmlLanguageInjector. The attribute value will be prefixed by an HTML header and suffixed by an HTML footer. Persisted to *State.description* because of *StateDescriptionId.Set.featureName=description*.

State Description Property Editor



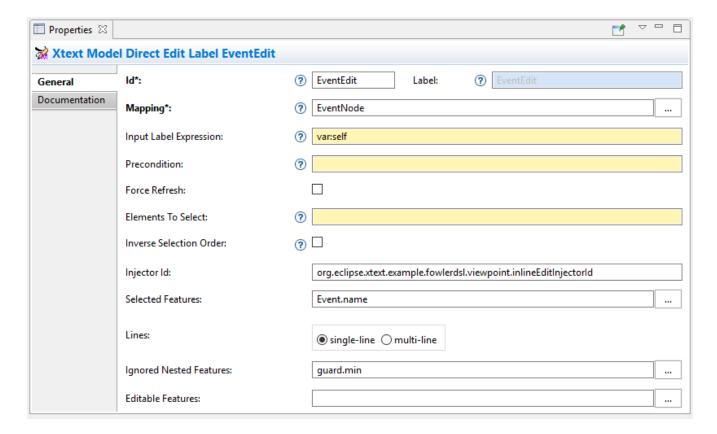
3.2. plugin.xml Contents

plugin.xml

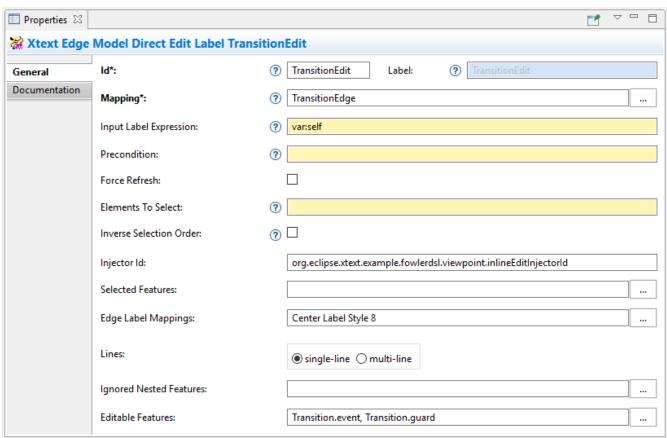
```
<extension
point="com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector">
 <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"
class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.FowlerdslLanguageInje
ctor"
 />
 <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId"
class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.InlineEditLanguageInj
ector"
 />
 <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"
class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.HtmlLanguageInjector"
</extension>
```

3.3. Properties Views

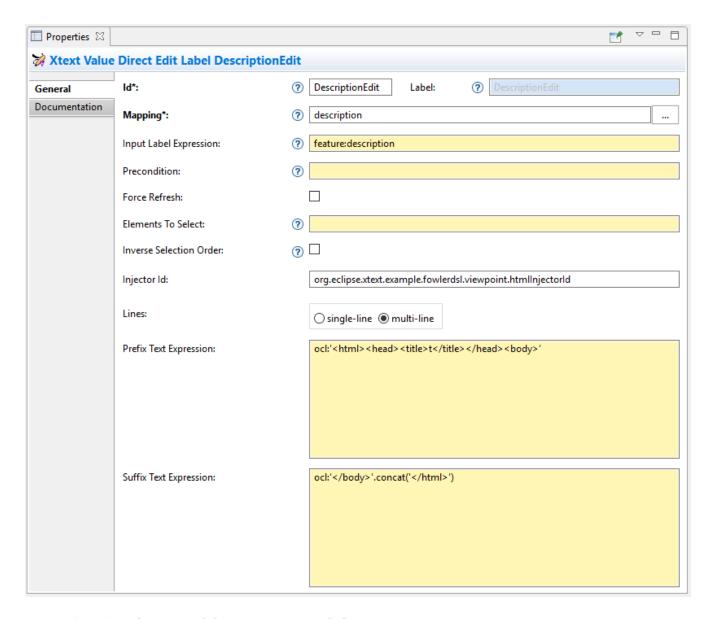
Properties View of Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit



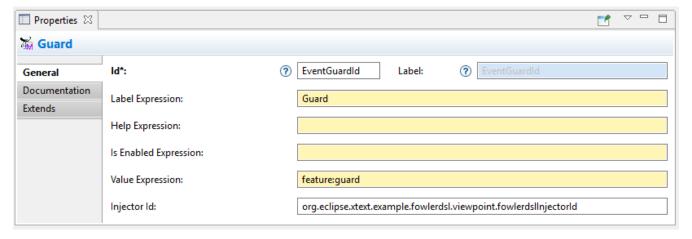
Properties View of Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label **TransitionEdit**



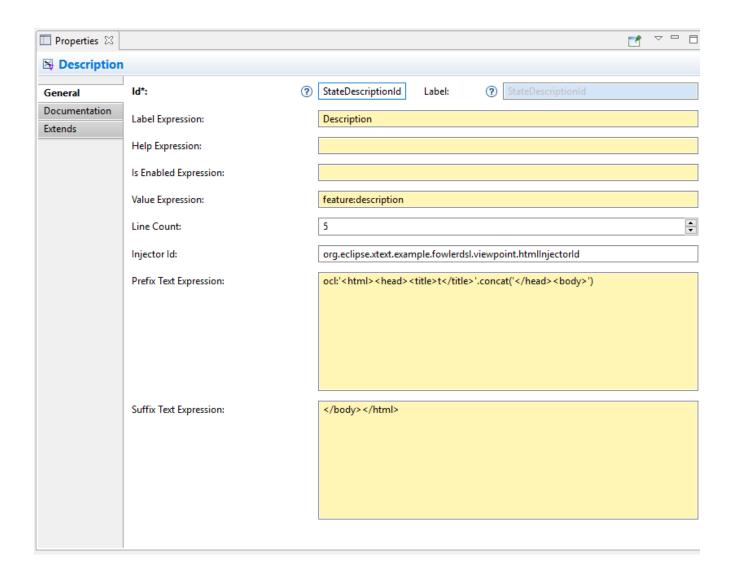
Properties View of Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit



Properties View of Xtext Model Text EventGuardId



Properties View of Xtext Value Text Area StateDescriptionId



4. Reference

4.1. Editor Placement

4.1.1. Diagram / Direct Editor

A direct editor is activated by

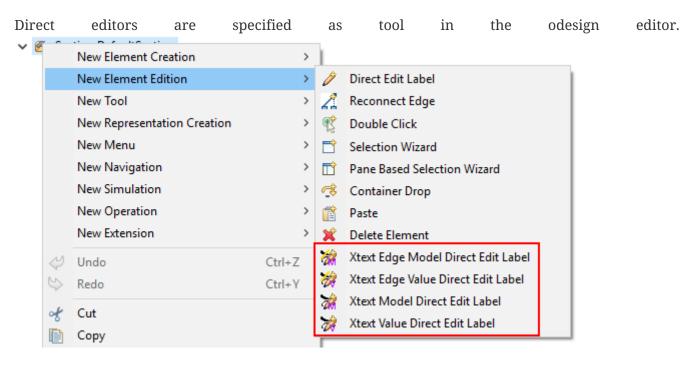
- double-clicking on the diagram element,
- pressing F2 while the diagram element is focused,
- or starting to type while the diagram element is focused.

The editor replaces the label and is sized to fit its contents.

For single-line editors, the editor closes on pressing Enter.

Editor contents are committed to the model when the editor is closed. The editor closes when it loses focus, e.g. by a click outside the editor.

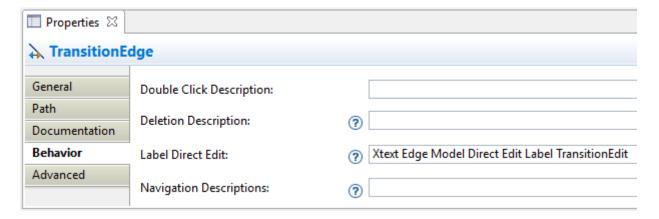
Design



We provide the following variants:

- 🛣 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🐉 Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content
- 🛣 Direct Editor for Model content
- 👹 Direct Editor for Value content

They can be added to the tools section the same as a regular *Direct Edit Label* tool. Accordingly, they need to be selected as *Label Direct Edit* on the *Behavior* page of the edited Sirius element.



The label is independent of the edited text, i.e. the label can show a different text than the direct editor.

If the set value operation feature is empty, it is interpreted as to replace *var:self*.

Capabilities

Direct editors

- can contain model or value contents,
- may display as single-line or multi-line editor,

and require an injector.

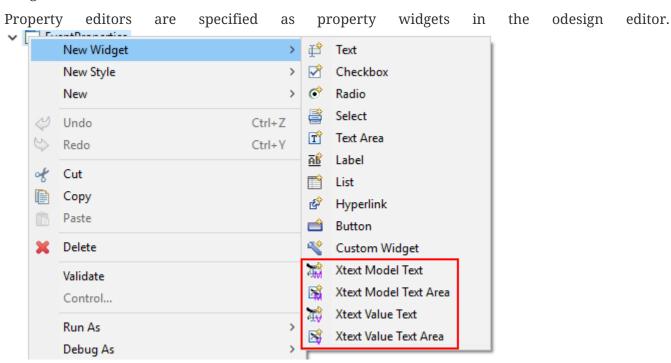
If the editor contains model contents, it supports to limit the editable features, to ignore some nested features, and to define pre-selected features. If the Sirius element is an edge, the editor requires to select an edgeLabelPosition.

4.1.2. Property View / Property Editor

The Eclipse Properties View contains the property editors.

Editor contents are committed when the editor is hidden. This happens when the end-user selects a different property page or a different diagram element.

Design



We provide the following variants:

- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Model content
- 🔁 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content
- 🎬 Text (aka single-line) Widget for Value content
- 🔁 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Value content

They can be added as a widget to a Properties Sirius element the same as regular widgets.

Capabilities

Property editors

- can contain model or value contents,
- may display as single-line or multi-line editor,
- and require an injector.

If the editor contains model contents, it supports to limit the editable features, to ignore some nested features, and to define pre-selected features.

4.2. Editor Contents

4.2.1. Editing Models

The editor can contain semantic elements from the same model the edited diagram is based on.

A typical use-case may allow the end-user to edit several features of a semantic element in-line with complete Xtext support.

Example

As an example, think of a UML class attribute displayed as + age: int = 0. If the end-user opens the direct editor of the attribute, they can change all these features (visibility, name, type, default value) with complete Xtext support, e.g.

- Proposing all possible visibilities
- Validating the name (e.g. do not allow spaces)
- Proposing and checking the available types
- Allow no, a literal, or a referenced default value

Details

The editor assumes the model of the edited diagram is persisted with the same Xtext grammar as supplied to the editor (except for explicit differences).

Any changes in the editor are applied to the underlying model of the edited diagram (except non-editable features and ignored nested features). The changes are committed to the Sirius edit session, but only persisted if and when the edited diagram is saved.

The editor maintains references between the edited semantic element (and its descendants) and the rest of the model in both directions, if possible. The editor does not prevent the end-user from breaking references, e.g. by changed referenced names or deleting referenced elements.

In order to provide appropriate auto-completion and other Xtext features, the editor maintains a complete copy of the edited diagram's model (and optionally all other Ecore resources of the Sirius session). However, only the subsection relevant to the selected semantic element (and limited by the editable features, if applicable) is shown to, and editable by, the end-user.

Determining the correct subsection is quite complicated, especially if the subsection borders in grammar terminals or contains unset features. This may lead to incorrectly selected subsections. However, the result should only be affected by the grammar, therefore the developer can test this during development.

The editor reintegrates its contents into the edited diagram's model on model level, not on text level. This means if the end-user modified any part of the model not contained within the edited semantic element, these changes are not committed. The editor also omits changes to non-editable features or ignored nested features from the commit.

Available implementations

- 🗱 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- Was Direct Editor for Model content
- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Model content
- 🖺 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content

4.2.2. Editing Values

The editor can interpret simple String feature of semantic elements as Xtext models.

A typical use-case may allow the end-user to edit the description feature of a semantic element as markup text with complete Xtext support.

Example

As an example, think of an entity model containing classes that may have descriptions. By its metamodel, the description is merely a String. An Xtext value editor (primed with an Xtext implementation of HTML) for the description allows the end-user to describe the class with complete Xtext support for HTML.

Details

Any changes in the editor are stored in the semantic element's String feature as-is. The changes are committed to the Sirius edit session, but only persisted if and when the edited diagram is saved.

Available implementations

- 🗱 Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content
- W Direct Editor for Value content
- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Value content
- 🖺 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Value content

PrefixText and SuffixText

In order to provide appropriate auto-completion and other Xtext features, the editor requires a complete model. However, the String feature may contain only a subsection of a complete model. Therefore, the developer may provide text that should be pre-pended and appended to the String feature's value in order to complete the model. The end-user still sees and edits only the String feature's value.

Example

Think of a simplified version of HTML implemented as Xtext language. A complete model might look like this:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>This is a test</title>
</head>
<body>
Some paragraph

This is <b>important</b>
And something's <i>useful</i>

Some other not so <i>very interesting,</i> but yet <b>highlighted</b>
paragraph
</body>
</html>
```

This language should be used for the description feature of classes in an entity model.

However, the model may contain several such classes, and the description of all of them should end up in only one HTML file (in a later generation step). Instead of storing a complete model into every class' description (and bothering the end-user with it), the description contains only the following part:

In order to complete the model for Xtext, the developer supplies the editor with

prefixTextExpression

```
<html><head><title>Title</title><head><body>
```

suffixTextExpression

```
ocl:'</body>'.concat('</html>')
```

(the expression does not make sense really, it's only to show we actually *can* use expressions.)

This way, Xtext works on a complete model, but only the relevant parts are available to the enduser.

We provide these infos via the prefixTextExpression / suffixTextExpression properties. As hinted by the name, these fields accept both a simple string as well as any expression supported by Sirius.

4.3. Editor Infos [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]

4.3.1. Injector

An injector describes a complete Xtext configuration for a language.

In order to avoid class loading issues, we provide injectors via Eclipse extension point com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector.

xtextLanguageInjector.exsd (in digestible form)

```
<extension
point="com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector">
    <!-- [0..*] injectors -->
        <injector
        id="«unique id of this injector to be referenced from odesign model»"
        class="«fully qualified name of instance of
com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector»"
        />
        </extension>
```

For each injector, we need to define an id (to be referenced from the odesign model) and a class that implements com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.IXtextLanguageInjector.

```
package com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime;
import com.google.inject.Injector;
public interface IXtextLanguageInjector {
 public static final String EXTENSION_POINT_ID =
"com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector";
 public Injector getInjector();
  * Whether we should use a specialized injector that avoids mandatory
  * horizontal and vertical scrollbars.
  * 
  * By default, the Xtext embedded editor always shows horizontal and
  * vertical scrollbars; they are disabled (greyed out) if not required. We
  * can hide unnecessary scrollbars, but this requires a specialized injector
  * that binds its own implementation for
  * <tt>{@link com.google.inject.Provider Provider}<{@link
org.eclipse.xtext.ui.editor.embedded.EmbeddedEditorFactory.Builder
EmbeddedEditorFactory.Builder}></tt>.
  * This fails if the injector already has a binding for this type.
  * 
  * @return {@code true} if we should use a specialized constructor,
            {@code false} otherwise.
 default boolean useSpecializedInjectorForProperties() {
   return true;
 }
}
```

A typical implementation is provided below.

We refer to the id via the InjectorId property.

4.3.2. Single-line vs. Multi-line

The editor can display one single line or several lines.

Effects for single-line editors:

- All newline characters from the original content are replaced by the same amount of spaces.
- It is not possible to enter a newline.
- Enter closes the direct editor.

For *direct editors*, we define this info via the Lines property. It will adjust its size automatically.

For *property editors*, we define this info by selecting the appropriate widget. For *Text Area* widgets, we can define the number of lines to be shown via the Line Count property.

Available **single-line** implementations

- 🛣 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🗱 Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content
- 🛣 Direct Editor for Model content
- Walue content
- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Model content
- 🎢 Text (aka single-line) Widget for Value content

Available **multi-line** implementations

- 🕍 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🗱 Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content

- 🕍 Direct Editor for Model content
- W Direct Editor for Value content
- 🖺 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Value content
- 🚡 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content

4.3.3. Editable Features

The editor can limit which features of a semantic element are editable by the end-user.

A typical use-case hides the feature defining the source and/or target of an edge from being edited textually.

Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:

```
Association:
  name=ID
  code=INT?
  ('[' guard=Guard ']')?
  source=[Class] '-->' target=[Class]
;
```

Example model:

```
driver 23 Car --> Person
```

The label would show driver 23.

The end-user should not be able to change the source and/or target of the association, but use an Xtext editor for the label to edit the other features.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following list of editableFeatures:

- Association.name
- Association.code
- Association.guard

Limitations

Limiting the editable features works by finding the first and last of the features in the text stream, and limit the editable area of the model to this subpart.

Therefore, if the model looks like

```
driver 23 [someCondition] Car --> Person
```

and the editableFeatures are limited to

- Association.name
- Association.guard

the editor would *still* include the code subpart, because it's in between the name and guard subpart.

```
driver 23 [someCondition]
```

Details

If the list of editableFeatures is empty, all features are considered to be editable.

If the list of editableFeatures is *not* empty, we omit all features *not* contained in the list from committing back to the original model.

Design

The Editable Features property contains a read-only list of features. Edit it by activating the [...] button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected features.

Available implementations

- 🕍 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🛣 Direct Editor for Model content

4.3.4. Ignored Nested Features

The editor can omit some nested features from committing back to the original model.

Typically, this is combined with a specialized edit grammar to also hide the ignored nested features from the end-user. It might also be necessary to declare these features transient.

Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:

```
Association:
   name=ID
   target=TypeRef
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
   lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT type=[Type]?
;
```

Example model:

```
wheels 1..4 RubberWheel
```

The end-user should not be able to change the target type of the Association, but use an Xtext editor for the label to edit the other features.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following (single-entry) list of ignoredNestedFeatures:

• target.type

Thus, the editor ignores all end-user changes to target.type.

The end-user would probably be very annoyed about changing something in the editor, and being ignored. We can remove this annoyance by using a specialized grammar to remove the type part:

```
Association:
    name=ID
    target=AssociationTypeRef;
;

AssociationTypeRef returns TypeRef:
    lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
    lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT type=[Type]?
;
```

Details

Only changing the grammar would not be sufficient, as this would delete typeRef.type on every edit.

Design

The Ignored Nested Features property contains a read-only list of strings. Edit it by activating the [...] button. This opens a pop-up window listing all current entries on the right, and a text box on the left to add new ones. Unfortunately, we cannot provide a list of all possible entries, as they depend on the structure of the actually edited model at run-time.

Each entry is a dot-separated concatenation of EStructuralFeature names. the first segment is a feature of the edited semantic element.

Available implementations

- 🛣 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🛣 Direct Editor for Model content

4.3.5. Pre-selected Features

The editor can set the initial text selection to defined features.

A typical use-case pre-selects the name of the edited semantic element.

Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining a statemachine event:

```
Event:
    'event' name=ID code=INT
;
```

Most of the time, the end-user wants to change the name of the event.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following (single-entry) list of selectedFeatures:

• Event.name

Thus, when the end-user presses F2 on the *Event* shape, the editor selects the bold text in this example:

event MyEventName 23

Limitations

Pre-selecting features works by finding the first and last of the features in the text stream, and set the initial text selection to this subpart. Thus, if the developer selected two features, but a third one is in between them, all of the three features will be selected.

Design

The Selectable Features property contains a read-only list of features. Edit it by activating the [...] button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected features.

Available implementations

- 🕍 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 🛣 Direct Editor for Model content
- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Model content
- 📓 Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content

4.3.6. Position of Affected Edge Label

Unfortunately, we cannot assign different *Direct Edit Label* tools to different edge labels (begin, center, end).

Therefore, if the developer attaches a direct editor to an edge, the developer needs to specify which edge label should be equipped with Xtext powers. This info is contained in the Edge Label Mappings property. The read-only list is edited by activating the [...] button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected edge labels.

Available implementations

- 🕷 Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- 👸 Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content

4.4. Additional Model Operations

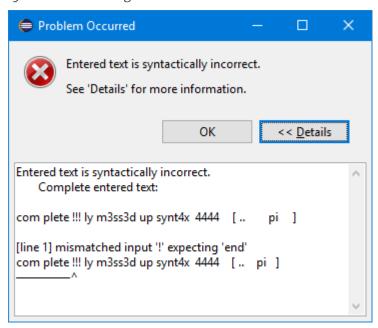
As with <u>regular Sirius operations</u>, we can execute other operations *after* the Xtext/Sirius editor set value operation. (Executing other operations *before* the set value operation is not supported.)

This can be useful to post-process the changed model, e.g. to adjust explicit imports to the changes inside the editor.

4.5. Handling Syntax Errors

If the end-user closed an editor with unparseable content (i.e. containing syntax errors), no changes will be committed and the following error dialog is displayed:

Syntax Error Dialog



The dialog shows the complete entered text, to give the end-user a chance to keep his entry by copying the text. It also shows all error messages of the parser with hints to the invalid position.

5. Advanced Capabilities

5.1. Using a Different Grammar for Editing Model Contents

For editing model contents, we might use a grammar that differs from the one used for model serialization.

A typical use-case may allow to change the order of features in order to allow only a subset of them to be modified.

Example

As an example, assume the following Xtext grammar snippet:

```
grammar org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.Statemachine with
org.eclipse.xtext.common.Terminals

generate statemachine "http://www.eclipse.org/xtext/example/fowlerdsl/Statemachine"

Statemachine :
    {Statemachine}
    ('events'
        events+=Event+
    'end')?

    // ...
;

Event:
    name=ID code=INT? ('[' guard=Guard ']')?
;
// ...
```

In our editor, we want the end-user to edit only the name and guard features of Event. This is not possible with the given grammar, as code is placed between them.

To solve this, we create a new language:

```
grammar org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.InlineEdit with
org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.Statemachine
import "http://www.eclipse.org/xtext/example/fowlerdsl/Statemachine"
import "http://www.eclipse.org/emf/2002/Ecore" as ecore

InlineStatemachine returns Statemachine: ①
   Statemachine
;

//@Override
Event:
   name=ID ('[' guard=Guard ']')? code=INT?
;
```

① We have to have a root rule, because Xtext uses the first rule as entry rule. We just forward to the original root rule.

2 Newer Xtext version know the **@Override** annotation to redefine a rule.

This creates a grammar (for the identical metamodel) that serializes features name and guard adjacent to each other, so we can limit the editor to them.

Details

The editing grammar must fulfill the following criteria:

- · based on identical metamodel
- · has same root element
- contains rules for all semantic elements also covered by the original grammar (either inherited or self-implemented)
- must serialize correctly from a model without any previous textual representation

We might need to fix serialization issues in this approach.

5.2. Force Serialization of Whitespaces

If we experience serialization issues, namely keywords get merged resulting in invalid syntax, we can use a workaround provided by com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime plug-in.

Typical symptoms of this issue include invalid auto-completion suggestions in the editor and exceptions on committing the changed elements.

To fix this, register the following classes to the editing language:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
.AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {

public Class<? extends IHiddenTokenSequencer> bindIHiddenTokenSequencer() {
    return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.serializer
.ForceWhitespaceBetweenKeywordsHiddenTokenSequencer.class;
}

public Class<? extends TextRegionAccessBuilder> bindTextRegionAccessBuilder() {
    return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.serializer
.ForceWhitespaceBetweenKeywordsTextRegionAccessBuilder.class;
}
```

5.3. Force Ignored Nested Features to be Transient

Especially if we ignored nested features, we might need to adjust the serializer to be able to provide a suitable adjusted grammar.

Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:

```
Association:
   name=ID
   target=TypeRef
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
   lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT type=[Type]
;
```

Note that TypeRef.type is mandatory.

Example model:

```
wheels 1..4 RubberWheel
```

We want to ignore target.type for Association (as described) and use the following adjusted grammar:

```
Association:
    name=ID
    target=AssociationTypeRef;
;

AssociationTypeRef returns TypeRef:
    lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
    lowerBound=INT '...' upperBound=INT type=[Type]
;
```

This won't work, because the Xtext serializer refuses to serialize a model if it cannot find a grammar rule for a mandatory feature.

We solve this by registering a special org.eclipse.xtext.serializer.sequencer.TransientValueService to our adjusted grammar:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
.AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {
   public Class<? extends ITransientValueService> bindSerializerTransientValueService()
   {
      return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.ignoredfeature
.IgnoredFeatureTransientValueService.class;
   }
}
```

5.4. Constrain the Global Scope to all Ecore Resources from the Sirius Session

Sirius has its own session management, including the contained Ecore resources. We might want to limit the Xtext editor's global scope to these resources.

A special org.eclipse.xtext.scoping.IGlobalScopeProvider achieves this:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
.AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {
   public Class<? extends IGlobalScopeProvider> bindIGlobalScopeProvider() {
      return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.resource
.XtextSiriusResourceSetGlobalScopeProvider.class;
   }
}
```



This copies the contents of all Ecore resources from a Sirius session when showing an Xtext/Sirius editor. Depending on the number and size of the resources, the processing and memory performance might be significant.

6. Versions

This version 0.21.0-SNAPSHOT of the asset was developed using the following components and versions.

```
Eclipse
```

4.7.3a (Oxygen 3a)

Google Guava

21.0

Apache Commons

2.6

Eclipse Xcore

1.5.0

Eclipse Xtext

2.12.0

Eclipse Sirius

5.1.1

Yakindu Statecharts Xtext Support

3.1.1

7. Known Issues

• com.google.inject.CreationException with message

```
A just-in-time binding to org.eclipse.xtext.ui.editor.embedded.EmbeddedEditorFactory$Builder was already configured on a parent injector. at com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.eef.ui.XtextEditorSwtStyleOverridingModule.java:34)
```

We have to specialize the language injector in order to get rid of the scrollbars in Xtext editors. This works only if the language itself did not customize the injector in this part. Xbase is the prime example of languages including such a customization. If you can accept always-visible scrollbars as a compromise, override com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.IXtextLanguageInjector.useSpecializedInjectorForProperties() in your language injector and return false.

This could be fixed in a future version of Xtext/Sirius Integration, if we based on Xtext 2.13.

• Determining the correct subsection for model content is not always possible. This leads to undesired content in the edit field for model content. We cannot avoid this completely as the subsection is determined by heuristics, which may fail by definition. We'd like to provide a hook so users can adjust this on their own, but this would expose the Xtext node API to the user, which is quite complex to use and not the right level of abstraction.