

# Xtext / Sirius Integration User Guide

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This asset enables [Xtext](#) editors to be used as direct editor for [Sirius](#) diagram elements or Sirius property widgets.

This document describes to users (i.e. developers using the Xtext editors in their project) how to work with the Xtext / Sirius integration.

# 1. Terminology

## **Sirius element**

Contents of the \*.odesign model describing the Sirius application.

## **diagram element**

Sirius element describing something inside a diagram.

## **property element**

Sirius element describing something inside the properties view.

## **semantic element**

EObject of a model the end-user is working with.

## **identifier**

String entered in the "Id" field of a Sirius element, unique within the Sirius application.

## **direct editor**

Editor that is displayed inside the diagram if the end-user double-clicks a diagram element or presses **F2** while the diagram figure is focused.

## **widget**

One entry field for a property element inside the properties view.

## **newline**

Platform-dependent invisible character(s) denoting the end of one line of text and the start of a new line of text.

## **multi-line**

Text entry field that shows (potentially) more than one line, and allows the add and remove newlines. Opposite of single-line.

## **single-line**

Text entry field that shows only one line, and does not allow to add a newline. Opposite of multi-line.

## **injector**

Google Guice injector completely configured for an Xtext language.

## **feature**

Instance of Ecore EStructuralFeature describing a part of a semantic element.

## 2. Overview

This asset contains extensions to the odesign editor providing Xtext-enabled text entry fields.

Xtext-enabled editors provide the usual Xtext features: syntax highlighting, auto completion, validation, etc.

The Xtext language does not need to be modified to be used in the editor (except for [Advanced Capabilities](#)).

The text entry fields can be placed

- either inside a Sirius diagram (direct editors; [directEdit](#))
- or in the Sirius properties view (widgets; [property](#)).

The contents of the editors can be retrieved from two sources:

- A semantic element of a model that's used as input to the diagram ([model](#)). In this case, we may set additional options:
  - limit the set of [editableFeatures](#),
  - ignore some nested features ([ignoredNestedFeatures](#)).
  - specify which features should be pre-selected when showing the Xtext editor ([selectedFeatures](#)).
  - specify which terminals should be included before and after the edited text ([prefixTerminals](#) / [suffixTerminals](#)).
- A String feature of a semantic element ([value](#)). In this case, we may supply additional information if we wanted to edit an incomplete model:
  - text (hidden from the end-user) to be pre-pended ([prefixText](#)),
  - text (hidden from the end-user) to be appended ([suffixText](#)).

For *model*-based *directEdit* editors, if the model element is an edge, the affected label must be set ([edgeLabelPosition](#)).









An editor can display

- either single-line contents ([singleLine](#)),
- or multi-line contents ([multiLine](#)).

For all editors, we need to provide

- An injector to access the Xtext language to use ([injector](#)).

All of this can be summarized in one table:

	property	directEdit		add. info [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]
model	 singleLine	 singleLine	edgeLabelPosition	prefixTerminals suffixTerminals
	 multiLine	 multiLine		
value	 singleLine	 singleLine		prefixText suffixText
	 multiLine	 multiLine		
add. info [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]		editableFeatures, ignoredNestedFeatures selectedFeatures		for all: injector

As advanced capabilities,

- the editor might use a [different grammar](#) (a.k.a. Xtext language) for editing model contents than the one used for serialization;
- we can [force the serialization of whitespaces](#) if our formatter does not work as expected;
- the serializer can [force ignored nested features to be transient](#);
- we can [constrain the editor's global Scope to all Ecore resources from the Sirius session](#).

#### Packaging

we provide two different Eclipse features:

- `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.design.feature` contains all Eclipse plug-ins required to edit the Xtext-enabled entry fields in the odesign editor. It also contains the runtime feature below.
- `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.feature` contains all Eclipse plug-ins required at runtime to use the Xtext-enabled entry fields in a diagram (or associated property view).

## 3. Examples

### 3.1. .odesign Contents

Screenshot of `fowlerdsl.odesign`

- ▼ platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint/description/fowlerdsl.odesign
  - ▼ fowlerdsl
    - ▼ Statemachine
      - ▼ Statemachine Diagram
        - ▼ Default
          - ▼ TransitionEdge
            - ▼ Edge Style solid
              - Center Label Style 8
          - ▼ EventsContainer
            - ▼ EventNode
              - Square gray
              - Gradient white to light\_gray
            - > CommandsContainer
          - ▼ StateNode
            - ▼ description
              - Square gray
              - Gradient white to light\_gray
            - ▼ Section DefaultSection
              - > Direct Edit Label SimpleTextEdit
              - ▼ Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit
                - ▼ Begin
                  - (x)= Set
                    - External Java Action myAction
              - ▼ Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label TransitionEdit
                - ▼ Begin
                  - (x)= Set
              - ▼ Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit
                - ▼ Begin
                  - (x)= Set description
    - org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.Services
    - ▼ EventProperties
      - ▼ Default
        - Default12369
        - ▼ EventProperties
          - > Text
          - ▼ EventGuardId
            - ▼ Begin
              - (x)= Set guard
    - ▼ StateProperties
      - ▼ Default
        - Defaulttxvsdas
        - ▼ StateProperties
          - > Text
          - ▼ StateDescriptionId
            - ▼ Begin
              - (x)= Set description

- platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl/model/generated/Statemachine.ecore

*fowlerdsl.odesign*

```
platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint/description/fowlerdsl
.odesign
+ fowlerdsl
+ Statemachine
+ Statemachine Diagram
```

```

+ Default
+ TransitionEdge ②
    domainClass=statemachine.Transition
    labelDirectEdit=TransitionEdit
+ Edge Style solid
+ Center Label Style 8
    labelExpression="ocl:self.event.name.concat( ' as Label')"
+ EventsContainer
+ EventNode ①
    domainClass=statemachine.Event
    labelDirectEdit=EventEdit
+ Square gray
    labelExpression="ocl:self.name.concat(if(self.guard.oclIsUndefined())
then '' else '[' + self.guard.toString() + ']' endif)"
+ CommandsContainer
+ StateNode
+ description ③
    domainClass=statemachine.State
    labelDirectEdit=DescriptionEdit
+ square gray
    labelExpression="ocl:'Desc: '.concat(self.description)"
+ Section DefaultSection
+ Direct Edit Label SimpleTextEdit
+ Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit ①
    id=EventEdit
    mapping=EventNode
    inputLabelExpression="var:self"

injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"
    lines=singleLine
+ Begin
+ Set
    featureName=<<empty>>
    + valueExpression="var:newValue"
    External Java Action
    name="MyAction"
    id="exampleAction"
+ ignoredNestedFeatures=guard.min
+ selectedFeatures=Event.name
+ Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label TransitionEdit ②
    id=TransitionEdit
    mapping=TransitionEdge
    inputLabelExpression="var:self"

injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId"
    edgeLabelMappings=Center Label Style 8
    lines=singleLine
    editableFeatures=Transition.event, Transition.guard
    prefixTerminalsExpression="aql:'["
    suffixTerminalsExpression="]zxcvzxcv"
+ Begin

```

```

        + Set
          featureName=<<empty>>
          valueExpression="var:newValue"
    + Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit ③
      id=DescriptionEdit
      mapping=description
      inputLabelExpression="feature:description"

injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"
  lines=multiLine
  prefixTextExpression="<html><head><title>t</title></head><body>"
  suffixTextExpression="</body></html>"
  + Begin
    + Set description
      featureName=description
      valueExpression="var:newValue"
  + org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.Services
+ EventProperties
  + Default
    + Default12369
    + EventProperties
      domainClass=statemachine.Event
    + Name
    + Guard ④
      id=EventGuardId
      labelExpression="Guard"
      valueExpression="feature:guard"

injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"
  + Begin
    + Set guard
      featureName=guard
      valueExpression="var:newValue"
  + StateProperties
    + Default
      + Defaultxvsdas
    + StateProperties
      domainClass=statemachine.State
    + Name
    + Description ⑤
      id=StateDescriptionId
      labelExpression="Description"
      valueExpression="feature:description"
      lineCount=5

injectorId="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"
  prefixTextExpression="<html><head><title>t</title></head><body>"
  suffixTextExpression="</body></html>"
  + Begin
    + Set description
      featureName=description

```



```
valueExpression="var:newValue"
platform:/resource/org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl/model/generated/Statemachine.ecore
```

1. Single-line direct editor of all features of *Event* instance of Sirius element **EventNode** with the injector supplied by **FowlerdslLanguageInjector**. Changes to the nested feature *Event.guard.min* will be ignored. The feature *Event.name* is pre-selected when showing the Xtext editor. The External Java Action **exampleAction** is called after the semantic element has been edited. Persisted to itself because *EventEdit.Set.featureName* is empty.

*Event Label (note it does not show the code)*

*Event Editor*

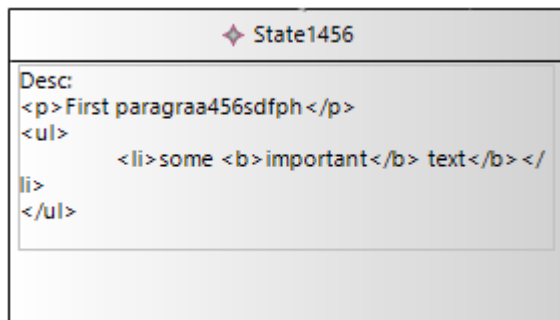
2. Single-line direct editor of features **{Transition.event, Transition.guard}** of *Transition* instance of the **Center Label Style 8** label of Sirius element **TransitionEdge** with the injector supplied by **InlineEditLanguageInjector**. Persisted to itself because *TransitionEdit.Set.featureName* is empty.

*Transition Label (note it does have additional text at the end)*

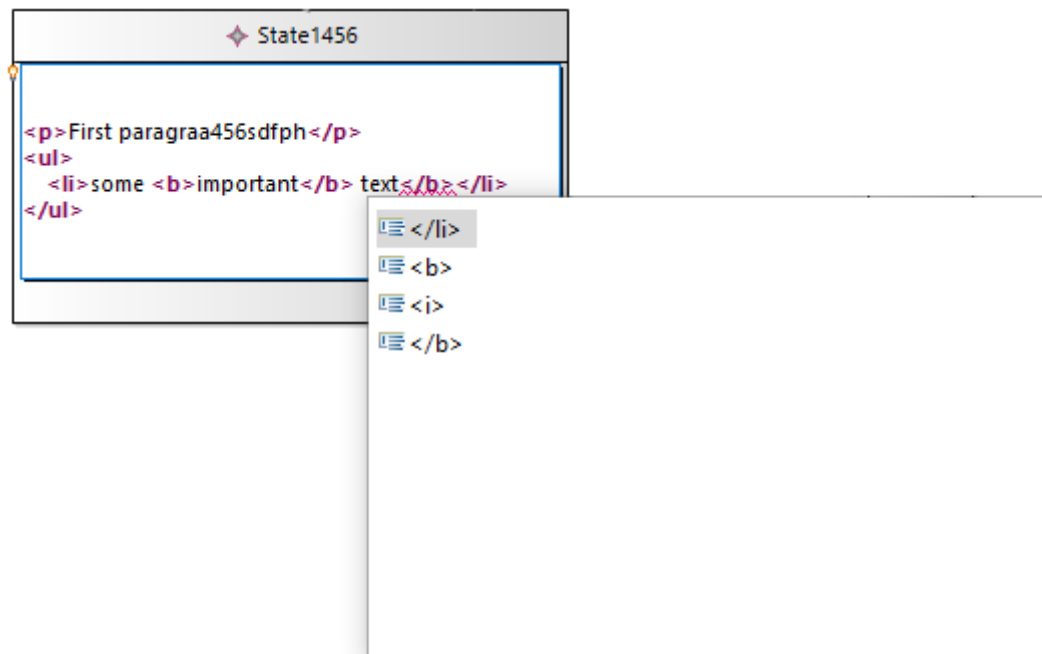
*Transition Editor (note the target of the transition cannot be edited)*

- Multi-line direct editor of *description* feature of *State* instance of Sirius element *description* with the injector supplied by *HtmlLanguageInjector*. The attribute value will be prefixed by an HTML header and suffixed by an HTML footer. Persisted to *State.description* because of *DescriptionEdit.Set.featureName=description*.

*Description Label (note it does have additional text at the front)*

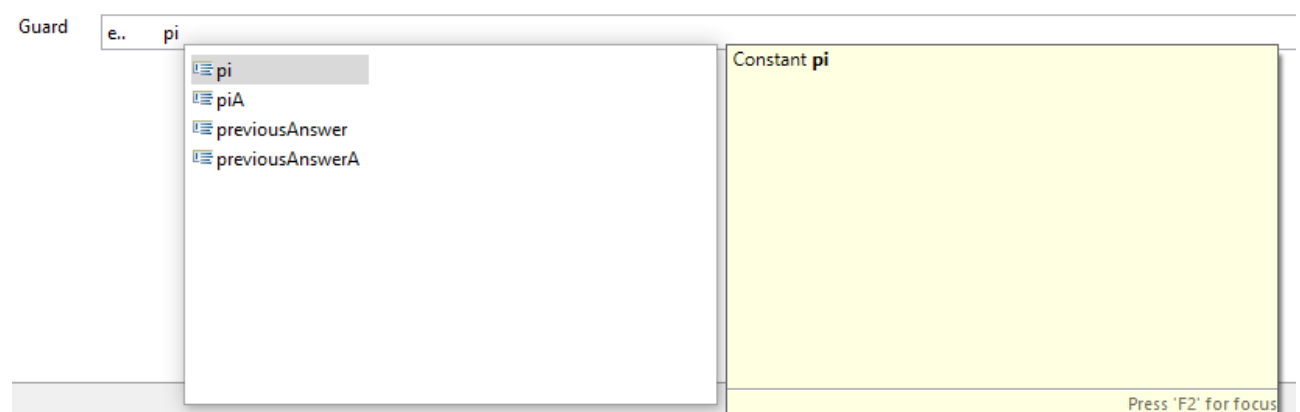


*Description Editor*



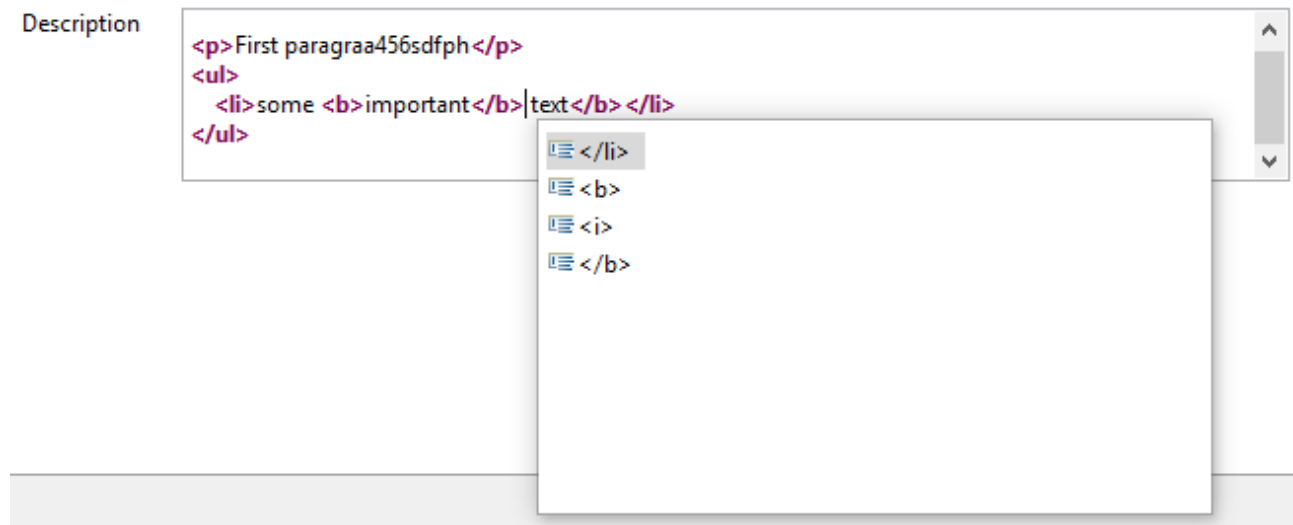
- Single-line property editor of *guard* feature of *Event* instance of Sirius element *EventGuardId* with the injector supplied by *FowlerdsLanguageInjector*. Persisted to *Event.guard* because of *EventGuardId.Set.featureName=guard*.

*Event Guard Property Editor*



5. Multi-line property editor of *description* feature of *State* instance of Sirius element *StateDescriptionId* with the injector supplied by *HtmlLanguageInjector*. The attribute value will be prefixed by an HTML header and suffixed by an HTML footer. Persisted to *State.description* because of *StateDescriptionId.Set.featureName=description*.

*State Description Property Editor*



## 3.2. plugin.xml Contents

*plugin.xml*

```
<extension
point="com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector">
  <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId"





class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.FowlerdslLanguageInje
ctor"
  />
  <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId"


class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.InlineEditLanguageInj
ector"
  />
  <injector
    id="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId"

class="org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.xtextsirius.HtmlLanguageInjector"
  />
</extension>
```



## 3.3. Properties Views

*Properties View of Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit*


Properties    


 **Xtext Model Direct Edit Label EventEdit**


**General**

**Id\*:**  EventEdit **Label:**  EventEdit


**Documentation**


**Mapping\*:**  EventNode ...

**Input Label Expression:**  varself

**Precondition:** 

**Force Refresh:** ☐

**Elements To Select:** 

**Inverse Selection Order:**  ☐

**Injector Id:** org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId

**Selected Features:** Event.name ...

**Lines:** ☒ single-line ☐ multi-line





**Ignored Nested Features:** guard.min ...


**Editable Features:** ...

**Prefix Terminals Expression:**



**Suffix Terminals Expression:**

Properties View of Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label **TransitionEdit**


Properties    


 **Xtext Edge Model Direct Edit Label TransitionEdit**


**General**

**Id\*:**  TransitionEdit **Label:**  TransitionEdit


**Documentation**


**Mapping\*:**  TransitionEdge ...

**Input Label Expression:**  varself

**Precondition:** 

**Force Refresh:** ☐

**Elements To Select:** 

**Inverse Selection Order:**  ☐

**Injector Id:** org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorId

**Selected Features:** ...

**Edge Label Mappings:** Center Label Style 8 ...

**Lines:** ☒ single-line ☐ multi-line

**Ignored Nested Features:** ...

**Editable Features:** Transition.event, Transition.guard ...

**Prefix Terminals Expression:** aql:['

**Suffix Terminals Expression:** zxcvzxvcv

?

TransitionEdit

Label:

?

TransitionEdit

?

TransitionEdge

...

?

var:self

?

☐

?

?

☐

org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.inlineEditInjectorld

...

Center Label Style 8

...

☒ single-line
☐ multi-line

...

Transition.event, Transition.guard

...

aql:['

zxcvzxcv

Properties View of Xtext Value Direct Edit Label **DescriptionEdit**

Properties

Xtext Value Direct Edit Label DescriptionEdit

General

Documentation

Id\*:

DescriptionEdit

Label:

DescriptionEdit

Mapping\*:

description

Input Label Expression:

feature:description

Precondition:

Force Refresh:

☐

Elements To Select:

Inverse Selection Order:

☐

Injector Id:

org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.htmlInjectorId

Lines:

☐ single-line
☒ multi-line

Prefix Text Expression:

ocl:'<html><head><title>t</title></head><body>'

Suffix Text Expression:

ocl:'</body>'.concat('</html>')

Properties View of Xtext Model Text *EventGuardId*

Properties

Guard

General

Documentation

Extends

Id\*:

EventGuardId

Label:

EventGuardId

Label Expression:

Guard

Help Expression:

Is Enabled Expression:

Value Expression:

feature:guard

Injector Id:

org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.viewpoint.fowlerdslInjectorId

Properties View of Xtext Value Text Area *StateDescriptionId*

Properties

**Description**

**General**

**Id\*:**  **Label:**

**Label Expression:**

**Help Expression:**

**Is Enabled Expression:**

**Value Expression:**

**Line Count:**

**Injector Id:**

**Prefix Text Expression:**

**Suffix Text Expression:**

## 4. Reference

### 4.1. Editor Placement

#### 4.1.1. Diagram / Direct Editor

A direct editor is activated by

- double-clicking on the diagram element,
- pressing **F2** while the diagram element is focused,
- or starting to type while the diagram element is focused.

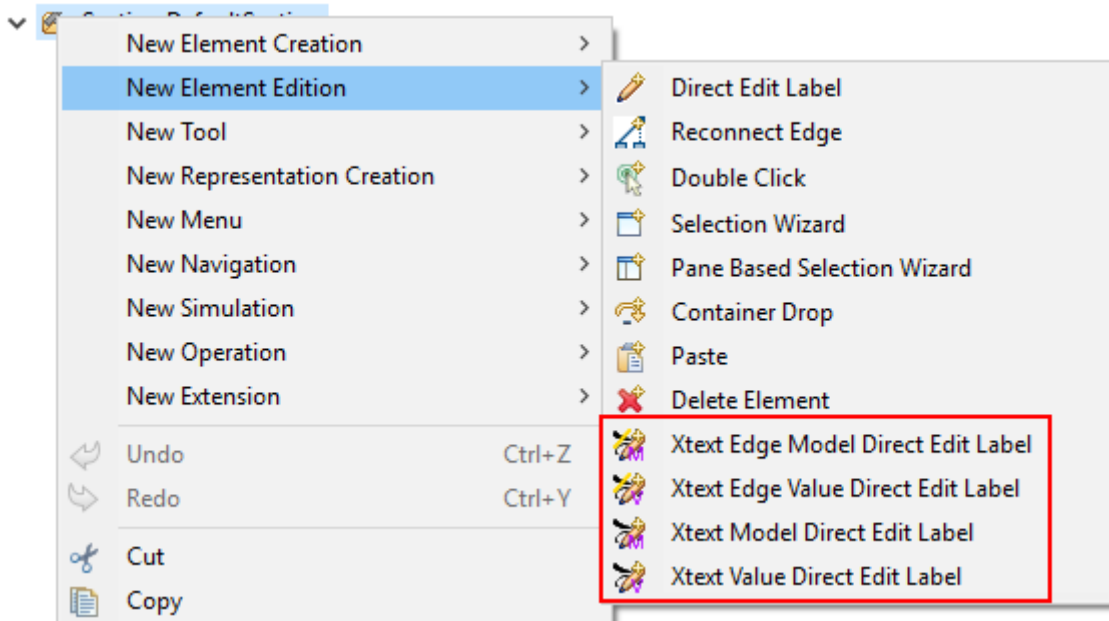
The editor replaces the label and is sized to fit its contents.

For single-line editors, the editor closes on pressing **Enter**.

Editor contents are committed to the model when the editor is closed. The editor closes when it loses focus, e.g. by a click outside the editor.

*Design*

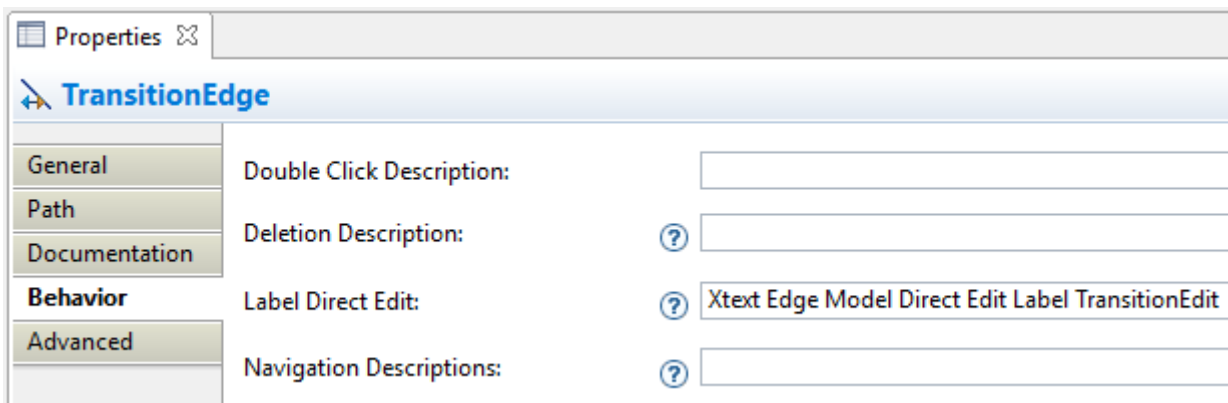
Direct editors are specified as tool in the odesign editor.



We provide the following variants:

- Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content
- Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content
- Direct Editor for Model content
- Direct Editor for Value content

They can be added to the tools section the same as a regular *Direct Edit Label* tool. Accordingly, they need to be selected as *Label Direct Edit* on the *Behavior* page of the edited Sirius element.



The label is independent of the edited text, i.e. the label can show a different text than the direct editor.

If the set value operation feature is empty, it is interpreted as to replace *var:self*.

### Capabilities

Direct editors

- can contain [model](#) or [value](#) contents,
- may display as [single-line](#) or [multi-line](#) editor,



- and require an [injector](#).

If the editor contains model contents, it supports to limit the [editable features](#), to [ignore some nested features](#), and to define [pre-selected features](#). If the Sirius element is an edge, the editor requires to select an [edgeLabelPosition](#).

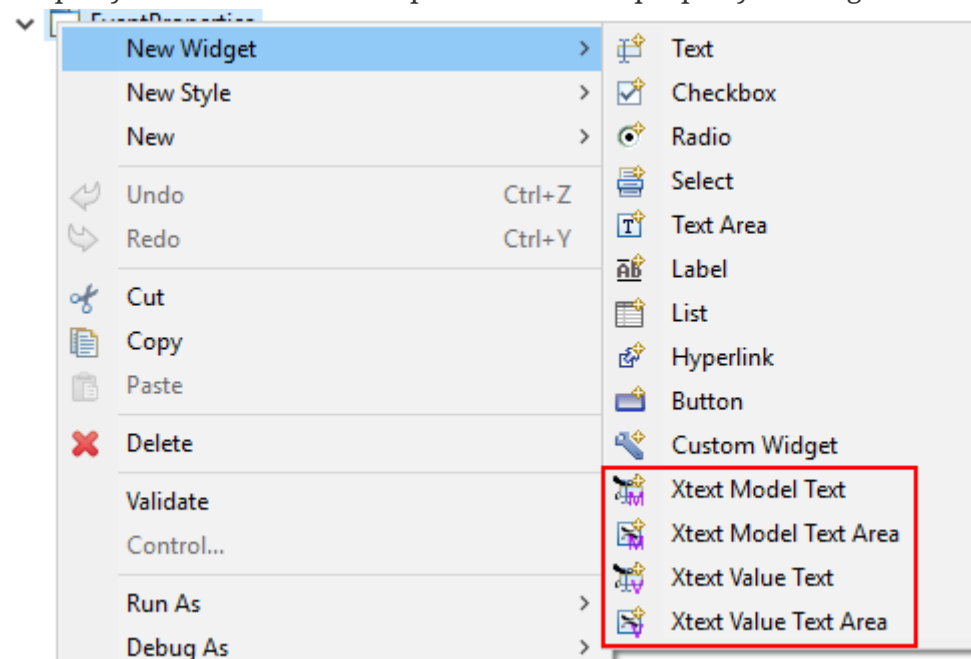
### 4.1.2. Property View / Property Editor

The Eclipse Properties View contains the property editors.

Editor contents are committed when the editor is hidden. This happens when the end-user selects a different property page or a different diagram element.

#### Design

Property editors are specified as property widgets in the odesign editor.



We provide the following variants:

- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Model content
- Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content
- Text (aka single-line) Widget for Value content
- Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Value content

They can be added as a widget to a Properties Sirius element the same as regular widgets.

#### Capabilities

Property editors

- can contain [model](#) or [value](#) contents,
- may display as [single-line](#) or [multi-line](#) editor,
- and require an [injector](#).

If the editor contains model contents, it supports to limit the [editable features](#), to [ignore some nested features](#), and to define [pre-selected features](#).

## 4.2. Editor Contents

### 4.2.1. Editing Models

The editor can contain semantic elements from the same model the edited diagram is based on.

A typical use-case may allow the end-user to edit several features of a semantic element in-line with complete Xtext support.

#### *Example*

As an example, think of a UML class attribute displayed as `+ age: int = 0`. If the end-user opens the direct editor of the attribute, they can change all these features (visibility, name, type, default value) with complete Xtext support, e.g.

- Proposing all possible visibilities
- Validating the name (e.g. do not allow spaces)
- Proposing and checking the available types
- Allow no, a literal, or a referenced default value

#### *Details*

The editor assumes the model of the edited diagram is persisted with the same Xtext grammar as supplied to the editor (except for [explicit differences](#)).

Any changes in the editor are applied to the underlying model of the edited diagram (except non-[editable features](#) and [ignored nested features](#)). The changes are committed to the Sirius edit session, but only persisted if and when the edited diagram is saved.





The editor maintains references between the edited semantic element (and its descendants) and the rest of the model in both directions, if possible. The editor does not prevent the end-user from breaking references, e.g. by changed referenced names or deleting referenced elements.

In order to provide appropriate auto-completion and other Xtext features, the editor maintains a complete copy of the edited diagram's model (and optionally [all other Ecore resources](#) of the Sirius session). However, only the subsection relevant to the selected semantic element (and limited by the [editable features](#), if applicable) is shown to, and editable by, the end-user.

Determining the correct subsection is quite complicated, especially if the subsection borders in grammar terminals or contains unset features. This may lead to incorrectly selected subsections. However, the result should only be affected by the grammar, therefore the developer can test this during development.

The editor reintegrates its contents into the edited diagram's model on model level, not on text level. This means if the end-user modified any part of the model not contained within the edited semantic element, these changes are not committed. The editor also omits changes to non-[editable features](#) or [ignored nested features](#) from the commit.

#### *Available implementations*

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Model content](#)
-  [Text Area \(aka multi-line\) Widget for Model content](#)

### 4.2.2. Editing Values

The editor can interpret simple String feature of semantic elements as Xtext models.

A typical use-case may allow the end-user to edit the description feature of a semantic element as markup text with complete Xtext support.





#### *Example*

As an example, think of an entity model containing classes that may have descriptions. By its metamodel, the description is merely a String. An Xtext value editor (primed with an Xtext implementation of HTML) for the description allows the end-user to describe the class with complete Xtext support for HTML.

#### *Details*

Any changes in the editor are stored in the semantic element's String feature as-is. The changes are committed to the Sirius edit session, but only persisted if and when the edited diagram is saved.

#### *Available implementations*

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Value content](#)
-  [Text Area \(aka multi-line\) Widget for Value content](#)

## 4.3. Editor Infos [1: These are actually properties of the editor — but this term is already used a lot.]

### 4.3.1. Injector

An injector describes a complete Xtext configuration for a language.

In order to avoid class loading issues, we provide injectors via Eclipse extension point `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector`.

```
<extension
point="com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector">
  <!-- [0..*] injectors -->
  <injector
    id="«unique id of this injector to be referenced from odesign model»"
    class="«fully qualified name of instance of
com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector»"
  />
</extension>
```

For each injector, we need to define an `id` (to be referenced from the odesign model) and a `class` that implements `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.IXtextLanguageInjector`.

*IXtextLanguageInjector.java*

```
package com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime;

import com.google.inject.Injector;

public interface IXtextLanguageInjector {
  public static final String EXTENSION_POINT_ID =
"com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.xtextLanguageInjector";

  public Injector getInjector();

  /**
   * Whether we should use a specialized injector that avoids mandatory
   * horizontal and vertical scrollbars.
   *
   * <p>
   * By default, the Xtext embedded editor always shows horizontal and
   * vertical scrollbars; they are disabled (greyed out) if not required. We
   * can hide unnecessary scrollbars, but this requires a specialized injector
   * that binds its own implementation for
   * <tt>{@link com.google.inject.Provider Provider}<{@link
org.eclipse.xtext.ui.editor.embedded.EmbeddedEditorFactory.Builder
EmbeddedEditorFactory.Builder}></tt>.
   * This fails if the injector already has a binding for this type.
   * </p>
   *
   * @return {@code true} if we should use a specialized constructor,
   *         {@code false} otherwise.
   */
  default boolean useSpecializedInjectorForProperties() {
    return true;
  }
}
```

A typical implementation is provided below.

*FowlerdslLanguageInjector.java*

```
import org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.ui.internal.StateMachineActivator;

import com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.IXtextLanguageInjector;
import com.google.inject.Injector;

public class FowlerdslLanguageInjector implements IXtextLanguageInjector {

    @Override
    public Injector getInjector() {
        // note we're using the activator from the UI plugin generated by Xtext.
        return StateMachineActivator.getInstance()
            .getInjector
            (StateMachineActivator.ORG_ECLIPSE_XTEXT_EXAMPLE_FOWLERDSL_STATEMACHINE);
    }
}
```

We refer to the id via the **InjectorId** property.

### 4.3.2. Single-line vs. Multi-line

The editor can display one single line or several lines.







Effects for single-line editors:

- All newline characters from the original content are replaced by the same amount of spaces.
- It is not possible to enter a newline.
- **Enter** closes the direct editor.

For *direct editors*, we define this info via the **Lines** property. It will adjust its size automatically.






For *property editors*, we define this info by selecting the appropriate widget. For *Text Area* widgets, we can define the number of lines to be shown via the **Line Count** property.

Available **single-line** implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Model content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Value content](#)

Available **multi-line** implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)

-  Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content
-  Direct Editor for Model content
-  Direct Editor for Value content
-  Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Value content
-  Text Area (aka multi-line) Widget for Model content

### 4.3.3. PrefixText and SuffixText

In order to provide appropriate auto-completion and other Xtext features, a value editor requires a complete model. However, the String feature may contain only a subsection of a complete model. Therefore, the developer may provide text that should be pre-pended and appended to the String feature's value in order to complete the model. The end-user still sees and edits only the String feature's value.

#### *Example*

Think of a simplified version of HTML implemented as Xtext language. A complete model might look like this:

```
<html>
<head>
  <title>This is a test</title>
</head>
<body>
  <p>Some paragraph</p>
  <ul>
    <li>This is <b>important</b></li>
    <li>And something's <i>useful</i></li>
  </ul>
  <p>Some other not so <i>very interesting,</i> but yet <b>highlighted</b>
paragraph</p>
</body>
</html>
```

This language should be used for the description feature of classes in an entity model.

However, the model may contain several such classes, and the description of all of them should end up in only one HTML file (in a later generation step). Instead of storing a complete model into every class' description (and bothering the end-user with it), the description contains only the following part:

```

<p>Some paragraph</p>
<ul>
  <li>This is <b>important</b></li>
  <li>And something's <i>useful</i></li>
</ul>
<p>Some other not so <i>very interesting,</i> but yet <b>highlighted</b>
paragraph</p>

```

In order to complete the model for Xtext, the developer supplies the editor with

#### prefixTextExpression

```
<html><head><title>Title</title><head><body>
```

#### suffixTextExpression




```
ocl: '</body>'.concat('</html>')
```

(the expression does not make sense really, it's only to show we actually *can* use expressions.)

This way, Xtext works on a complete model, but only the relevant parts are available to the end-user.

We provide these infos via the `prefixTextExpression` / `suffixTextExpression` properties. As hinted by the name, these fields accept both a simple string as well as any expression supported by Sirius.

#### Available implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Value content](#)
-  [Text Area \(aka multi-line\) Widget for Value content](#)

### 4.3.4. Editable Features

The editor can limit which features of a semantic element are editable by the end-user.

A typical use-case hides the feature defining the source and/or target of an edge from being edited textually.

#### Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:

```

Association:
  name=ID
  code=INT?
  ('[' guard=Guard ']')?
  source=[Class] '-->' target=[Class]
;

```

Example model:

```
driver 23 Car --> Person
```

The label would show **driver 23**.

The end-user should not be able to change the source and/or target of the association, but use an Xtext editor for the label to edit the other features.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following list of **editableFeatures**:

- **Association.name**
- **Association.code**
- **Association.guard**

#### *Limitations*

Limiting the editable features works by finding the first and last of the features in the text stream, and limit the editable area of the model to this subpart.

Therefore, if the model looks like

```
driver 23 [someCondition] Car --> Person
```

and the **editableFeatures** are limited to

- **Association.name**
- **Association.guard**

the editor would *still* include the **code** subpart, because it's in between the **name** and **guard** subpart.

```
driver 23 [someCondition]
```

#### *Details*

If the list of **editableFeatures** is empty, all features are considered to be editable.

If the list of **editableFeatures** is *not* empty, we omit all features *not* contained in the list from committing back to the original model.

#### *Design*

The **Editable Features** property contains a read-only list of features. Edit it by activating the **[ ... ]** button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected features.

#### *Available implementations*

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)



### 4.3.5. Ignored Nested Features

The editor can omit some nested features from committing back to the original model.

Typically, this is combined with a [specialized edit grammar](#) to also hide the ignored nested features from the end-user. It might also be necessary to [declare these features transient](#).

#### Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:

```
Association:  
  name=ID  
  target=TypeRef  
;  
  
// also used at lots of other places  
TypeRef:  
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT type=[Type]?  
;
```

Example model:

```
wheels 1..4 RubberWheel
```

The end-user should not be able to change the target type of the Association, but use an Xtext editor for the label to edit the other features.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following (single-entry) list of `ignoredNestedFeatures`:

- `target.type`

Thus, the editor ignores all end-user changes to `target.type`.

The end-user would probably be very annoyed about changing something in the editor, and being ignored. We can remove this annoyance by using a [specialized grammar](#) to remove the `type` part:

```

Association:
  name=ID
  target=AssociationTypeRef
;

AssociationTypeRef returns TypeRef:
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT type=[Type]?
;

```

### Details

Only changing the grammar would not be sufficient, as this would delete `typeRef.type` on every edit.

### Design

The **Ignored Nested Features** property contains a read-only list of strings. Edit it by activating the **[...]** button. This opens a pop-up window listing all current entries on the right, and a text box on the left to add new ones. Unfortunately, we cannot provide a list of all possible entries, as they depend on the structure of the actually edited model at run-time.

Each entry is a dot-separated concatenation of `EStructuralFeature` names. the first segment is a feature of the edited semantic element.

### Available implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)

## 4.3.6. Pre-selected Features

The editor can set the initial text selection to defined features.

A typical use-case pre-selects the name of the edited semantic element.

### Example

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining a statemachine event:

```

Event:
  'event' name=ID code=INT
;

```

Most of the time, the end-user wants to change the name of the event.

Therefore, the developer supplies the following (single-entry) list of **selectedFeatures**:

- Event.name

Thus, when the end-user presses **F2** on the *Event* shape, the editor selects the bold text in this example:

event **MyEventName** 23





#### Limitations

Pre-selecting features works by finding the first and last of the features in the text stream, and set the initial text selection to this subpart. Thus, if the developer selected two features, but a third one is in between them, all of the three features will be selected.

#### Design

The **Selectable Features** property contains a read-only list of features. Edit it by activating the **[ ... ]** button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected features.

#### Available implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Model content](#)
-  [Text Area \(aka multi-line\) Widget for Model content](#)

### 4.3.7. Position of Affected Edge Label

Unfortunately, we cannot assign different *Direct Edit Label* tools to different edge labels (**begin**, **center**, **end**).

Therefore, if the developer attaches a direct editor to an edge, the developer needs to specify which edge label should be equipped with Xtext powers. This info is contained in the **Edge Label Mappings** property. The read-only list is edited by activating the **[ ... ]** button. This opens a pop-up window listing all available and currently selected edge labels.

#### Available implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Value content](#)

### 4.3.8. PrefixTerminals and SuffixTerminals

By default, the editor uses some heuristics to determine which terminals should be included at the beginning and end of the edited text.

This behavior can be overridden by the developer. For all value editors, the developer may define a **prefixTerminalsExpression** and/or a **suffixTerminalsExpression** in the odesign file.

For both of them, the following rules apply:

1. If the field is empty (aka. not set, aka. *null*), the heuristics will be used.
2. If the field contains an interpreter expression (e.g. starting with **aq1:**), the resulting string of the

interpreter call is used for terminals matching.

3. If the field contains anything else, the entered string is used for terminals matching.

Thus, if we want to disable the heuristics and don't include any preceding terminals, our `prefixTerminalsExpression` looks like:

```
aql:''
```



The editor does not modify the resulting string in any way! Therefore, the editor also tries to match whitespace characters to terminals (as there might be grammars with semantic whitespace).

### Example

Assume the following grammar as example. It uses the usual C-like whitespace and comment rules:

```
Event:
  'event' name=ID '[' code=INT ']' ('guarded' 'by' guard=[Guard])?
;
```

Example model contents:

```
event ford [23]

event  arthur [42] guarded by Trillian

event zaphod [4223] /* caution, very random! */ guarded by HeartOfGold
```

For editing *Event*, assume:

### editableFeatures

- *code*
- *name*

### prefixTerminalsExpression

```
event
```

Thus, we always want to include the `event` terminal.

### suffixTerminalsExpression

```
aql:']'.concat(if(self.guard <> null) 'guarded' else '')
```

Thus, we always want to include the `]` terminal. If the edited *Event* had a *guard*, we do not want

to edit it. However, we want to show the end-user that a guard is present, thus include the `guarded` terminal. Note that there are no spaces in the resulting string.

The resulting editor contents for all three *Events* will look like:

```
event ford [23]
```

```
event    arthur [42] guarded
```

```
event zaphod [4223] /* caution, very random! */ guarded
```

### Terminals Matching

We discuss the terminals matching process for `suffixTerminalsExpression` below. It works accordingly for `prefixTerminalsExpression`.

We ignore all whitespace and comment contents, as defined by the editor grammar. Terminals matching starts at the last `editable feature` in the text. From there, we look at all following tokens, and include them as long as their combined text matches the resulting string of `suffixTerminalsExpression`. As soon as we find a non-terminal token, we quit terminals matching.

The example would work the same way if the `suffixTerminalsExpression` was:





```
]guarded
```

Explanation: For *event ford*, it would successfully match `]` but quit terminals matching afterwards, because the next token would not be a terminal (in this case, it would be the following *Event* rule).



Sometimes, Xtext considers terminals as part of a feature. In this case the terminal is always contained in the edited text. It might help to add additional parenthesis to the grammar in order to give some hints to Xtext.

### Available implementations

-  [Edge Label Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Direct Editor for Model content](#)
-  [Text \(aka single-line\) Widget for Model content](#)
-  [Text Area \(aka multi-line\) Widget for Model content](#)

## 4.4. Additional Model Operations

As with [regular Sirius operations](#), we can execute other operations *after* the Xtext/Sirius editor set value operation. (Executing other operations *before* the set value operation is not supported.)

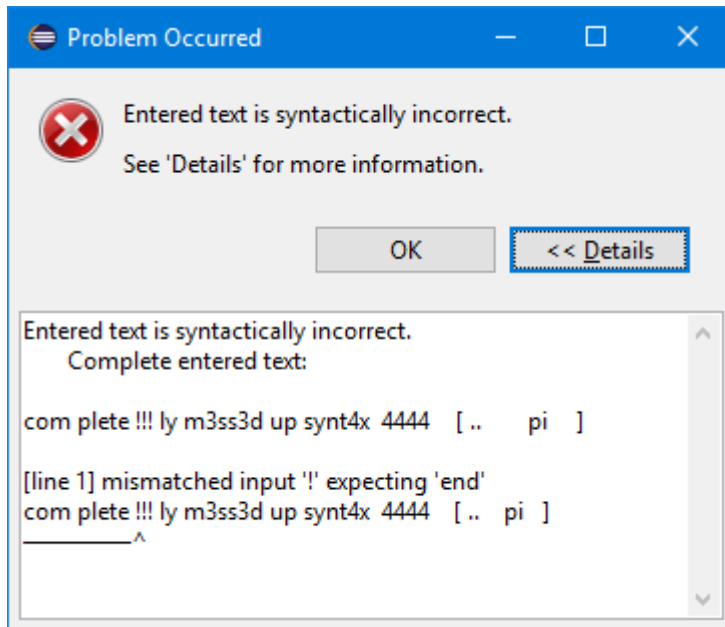
This can be useful to post-process the changed model, e.g. to adjust explicit imports to the changes

inside the editor.

## 4.5. Handling Syntax Errors

If the end-user closed an editor with unparseable content (i.e. containing syntax errors), no changes will be committed and the following error dialog is displayed:

*Syntax Error Dialog*



The dialog shows the complete entered text, to give the end-user a chance to keep his entry by copying the text. It also shows all error messages of the parser with hints to the invalid position.

## 5. Advanced Capabilities

### 5.1. Using a Different Grammar for Editing Model Contents

For editing model contents, we might use a grammar that differs from the one used for model serialization.

A typical use-case may allow to change the order of features in order to allow only a subset of them to be modified.

#### *Example*

As an example, assume the following Xtext grammar snippet:

```

grammar org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.Statemachine with
org.eclipse.xtext.common.Terminals

generate statemachine "http://www.eclipse.org/xtext/example/fowlerdsl/StateMachine"

StateMachine :
    {StateMachine}
    ('events'
     events+=Event+
     'end')?

    // ...
;

Event:
    name=ID code=INT? ('[' guard=Guard ']')?
;

// ...

```

In our editor, we want the end-user to edit only the `name` and `guard` features of `Event`. This is not possible with the given grammar, as `code` is placed between them.

To solve this, we create a new language:

```

grammar org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.InlineEdit with
org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl.Statemachine

import "http://www.eclipse.org/xtext/example/fowlerdsl/StateMachine"
import "http://www.eclipse.org/emf/2002/Ecore" as ecore

InlineStateMachine returns Statemachine: ①
    Statemachine
;

//@Override ②
Event:
    name=ID ('[' guard=Guard ']')? code=INT?
;

```

① We have to have a root rule, because Xtext uses the first rule as entry rule. We just forward to the original root rule.

② Newer Xtext version know the `@Override` annotation to redefine a rule.

This creates a grammar (for the identical metamodel) that serializes features `name` and `guard` adjacent to each other, so we can limit the editor to them.

*Details*

The editing grammar must fulfill the following criteria:

- based on identical metamodel
- has same root element
- contains rules for all semantic elements also covered by the original grammar (either inherited or self-implemented)
- must serialize correctly from a model without any previous textual representation

We might need to [fix serialization issues](#) in this approach.

## 5.2. Force Serialization of Whitespaces

If we experience serialization issues, namely keywords get merged resulting in invalid syntax, we can use a workaround provided by `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime` plug-in.

Typical symptoms of this issue include invalid auto-completion suggestions in the editor and exceptions on committing the changed elements.

To fix this, register the following classes to the editing language:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
    .AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {

    public Class<? extends IHiddenTokenSequencer> bindIHiddenTokenSequencer() {
        return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.serializer
            .ForceWhitespaceBetweenKeywordsHiddenTokenSequencer.class;
    }

    public Class<? extends TextRegionAccessBuilder> bindTextRegionAccessBuilder() {
        return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.serializer
            .ForceWhitespaceBetweenKeywordsTextRegionAccessBuilder.class;
    }

}
```

## 5.3. Force Ignored Nested Features to be Transient

Especially if we [ignored nested features](#), we might need to adjust the serializer to be able to provide a suitable [adjusted grammar](#).

### *Example*

Assume the following Xtext grammar snippet defining an UML-like Association, to be displayed as edge:



```

Association:
  name=ID
  target=TypeRef
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT type=[Type]
;

```

Note that `TypeRef.type` is mandatory.

Example model:

```
wheels 1..4 RubberWheel
```

We want to ignore `target.type` for `Association` (as [described](#)) and use the following adjusted grammar:

```

Association:
  name=ID
  target=AssociationTypeRef
;

AssociationTypeRef returns TypeRef:
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT
;

// also used at lots of other places
TypeRef:
  lowerBound=INT '..' upperBound=INT type=[Type]
;

```

This won't work, because the Xtext serializer refuses to serialize a model if it cannot find a grammar rule for a mandatory feature.

We solve this by registering a special `org.eclipse.xtext.serializer.sequencer.TransientValueService` to our adjusted grammar:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
.AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {
    public Class<? extends ITransientValueService> bindSerializerTransientValueService()
    {
        return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.ignoredfeature
        .IgnoredFeatureTransientValueService.class;
    }
}
```

## 5.4. Constrain the Global Scope to all Ecore Resources from the Sirius Session

Sirius has its own [session management](#), including the contained Ecore resources. We might want to limit the Xtext editor's global scope to these resources.

A special `org.eclipse.xtext.scoping.IGlobalScopeProvider` achieves this:

```
public class InlineEditRuntimeModule extends org.eclipse.xtext.example.fowlerdsl
.AbstractInlineEditRuntimeModule {
    public Class<? extends IGlobalScopeProvider> bindIGlobalScopeProvider() {
        return com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.resource
        .XtextSiriusResourceSetGlobalScopeProvider.class;
    }
}
```



This copies the contents of all Ecore resources from a Sirius session when showing an Xtext/Sirius editor. Depending on the number and size of the resources, the processing and memory performance might be significant.

## 6. Versions

This version 0.22.0-SNAPSHOT of the asset was developed using the following components and versions.

### Eclipse

4.7.3a (Oxygen 3a)

### Google Guava

21.0

### Apache Commons

2.6

### Eclipse Xcore

1.5.0

## Eclipse Xtext

2.12.0

## Eclipse Sirius

5.1.1

## Yakindu Statecharts Xtext Support

3.1.1

# 7. Known Issues

- [#13](#) `com.google.inject.CreationException` with message

```
A just-in-time binding to
org.eclipse.xtext.ui.editor.embedded.EmbeddedEditorFactory$Builder was already
configured on a parent injector.
at

com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.eef.ui.XtextEditorSwtStyleOverri
dingModule.configure(XtextEditorSwtStyleOverridingModule.java:34)
```

We have to specialize the language injector in order to get rid of the scrollbars in Xtext editors. This works only if the language itself did not customize the injector in this part. Xbase is the prime example of languages including such a customization. If you can accept always-visible scrollbars as a compromise, override `com.altran.general.integration.xtextsirius.runtime.IXtextLanguageInjector.useSpecializedInjectorForProperties()` in your language injector and return `false`.

This could be fixed in a future version of Xtext/Sirius Integration, if we based on Xtext 2.13.

- [#12](#) Determining the correct subsection for `model content` is not always possible. This leads to undesired content in the edit field for model content. `PrefixTerminals` and `SuffixTerminals` can help to some extent. We cannot avoid this completely as the subsection is determined by heuristics, which may fail by definition. We'd like to provide a hook so users can adjust this on their own, but this would expose the Xtext node API to the user, which is quite complex to use and not the right level of abstraction.
- [#14](#) DirectEdit using the `F2` key only works once at a time. After the editor closes, the focus is lost, and we have to re-select the shape with the mouse prior to pressing `F2` again.
- [#15](#) Sometimes dragging a shape with Xtext/Sirius direct editor leads to translucent rectangles.
- [#16](#) The editor width is determined by the width of the edited shape's label. Currently, there is no way to influence the editor width directly. As a workaround, we may append several spaces at the end of the label.