

## 云平台计算服务进化之路

薛峰 AWS 解决方案架构师



2017年10月19日





#### 主要议题

- 计算服务的进化
- AWS 的计算服务
- 走向无服务器



## 云计算成为新常态



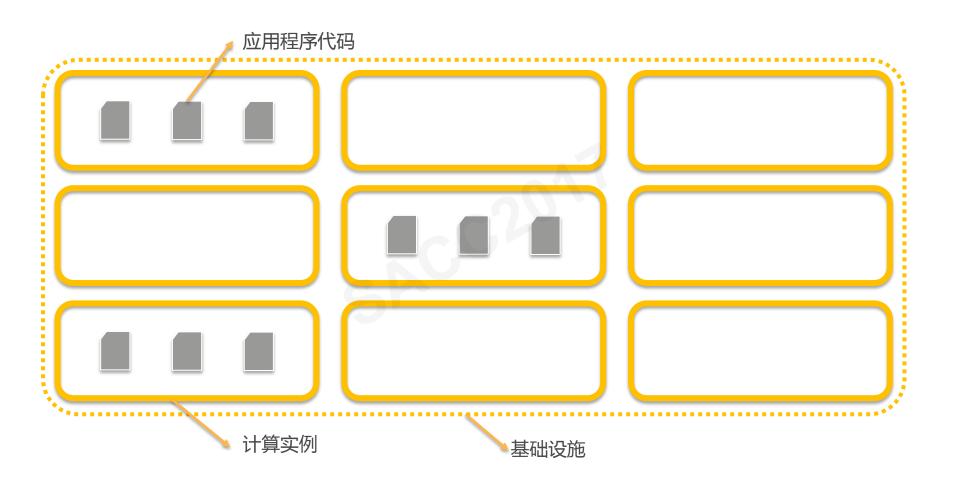






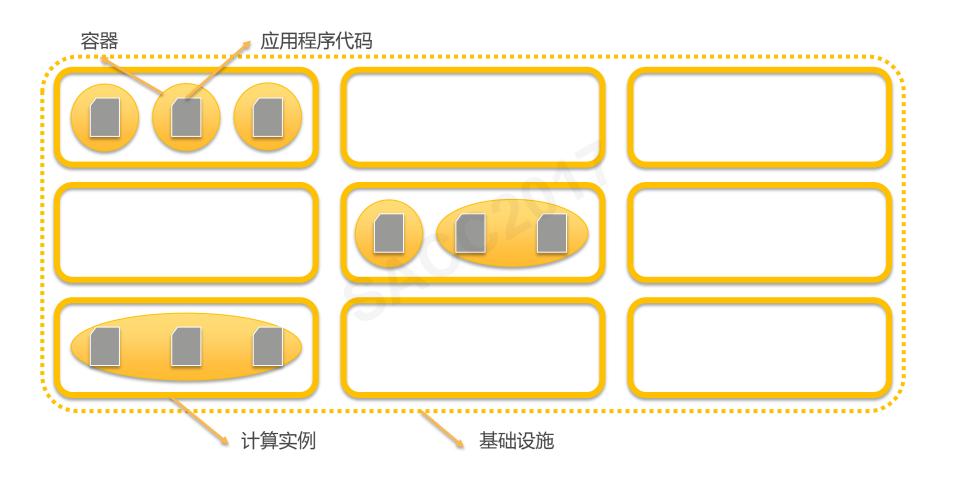


## 计算服务的演进 - 虚拟机VM



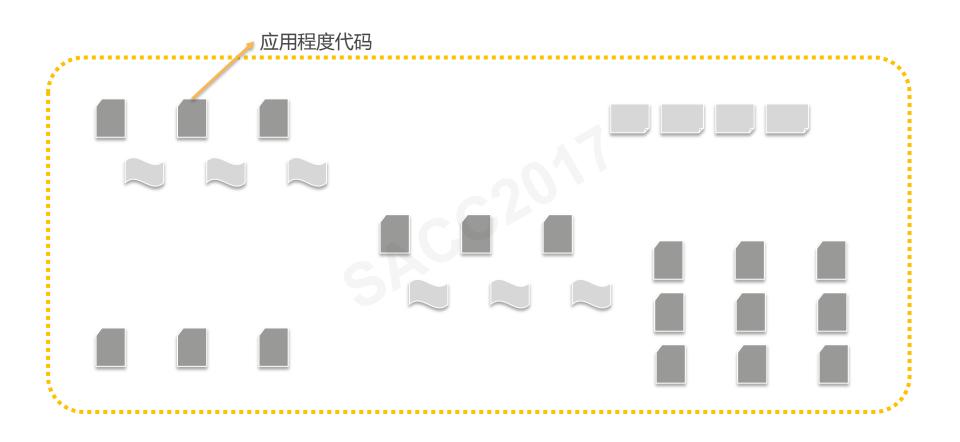


#### 计算服务的演进 - 容器 Containers





#### 计算服务的演进 - 无服务器 Serverless



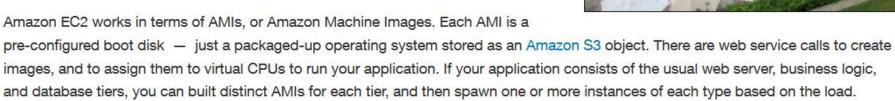


#### Amazon EC2 Beta



Innovation never takes a break, and neither do I. From the steaming hot beaches of Cabo San Lucas I would like to tell you about the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, or Amazon EC2, now open for limited beta testing, with more beta slots to open soon.

Amazon EC2 gives you access to a virtual computing environment. Your applications run on a "virtual CPU", the equivalent of a 1.7 GHz Xeon processor, 1.75 GB of RAM, 160 GB of local disk and 250 Mb/second of network bandwidth. You pay just 10 cents per clock hour (billed to your Amazon Web Services account), and you can get as many virtual CPUs as you need. You can learn more on the EC2 Detail Page. We built Amazon EC2 using a virtual machine monitor by the name of Xen.







## 2008年





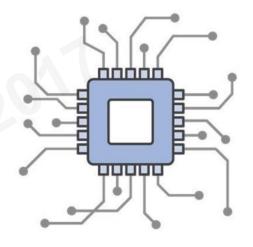
#### 2017年





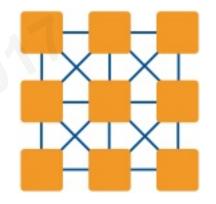
## **C**5

新一代计算优化实例 使用 Intel "Skylake" 架构



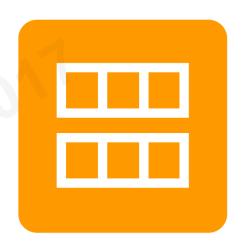


VPC 增强网络 置放群组

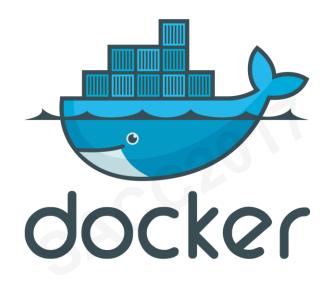




Amazon 系统映像 (AMI)









# AWS Case Study: Yelp Cuts Test-Run Times by 90% Using AWS



#### About Yelp

Yelp.com provides consumers with crowd-sourced reviews about local businesses. It connects its data centers to the cloud using AWS Direct Connect to access a range of AWS services for its Dev & Test, Automated Testing systems, staging areas, and production workloads. Using AWS, Yelp dramatically improved its development productivity by reducing test-run times by as much as 90 percent.

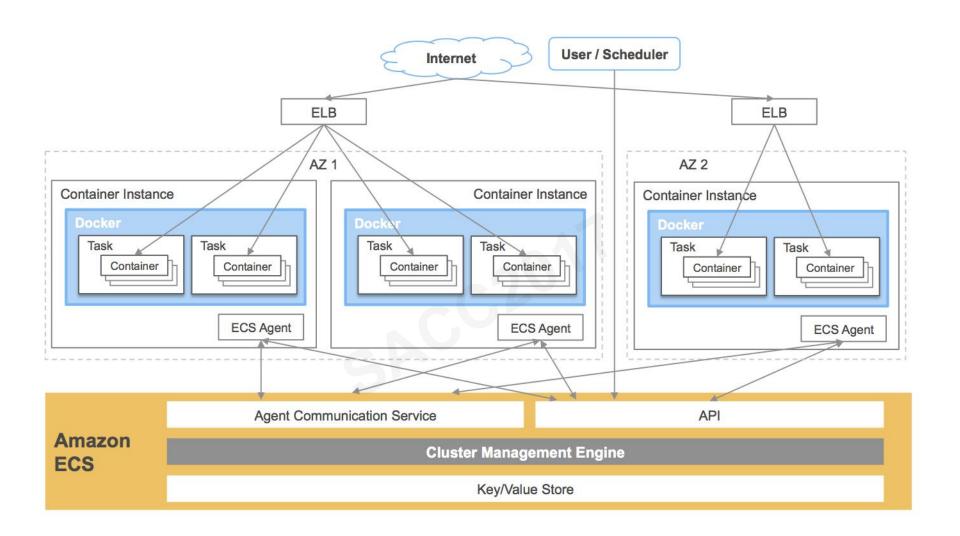
#### Yelp Cuts Test-Run Times by 90% Using AWS (3:34)





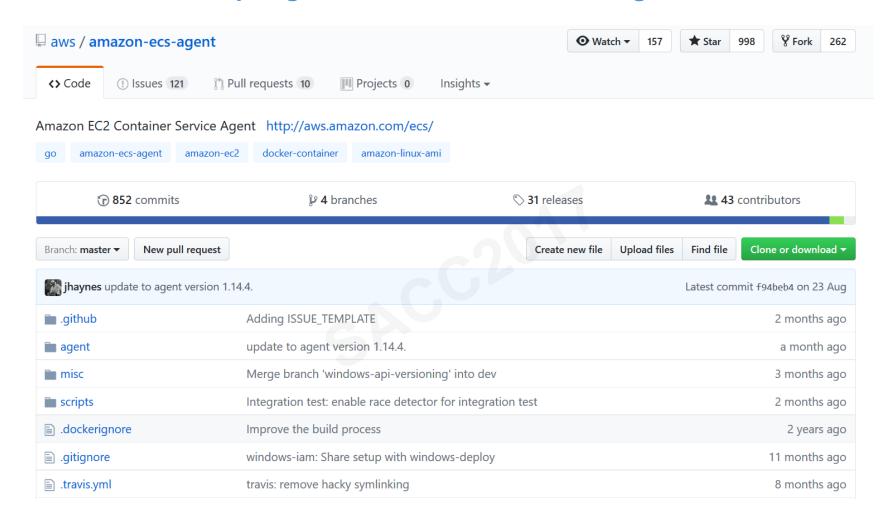




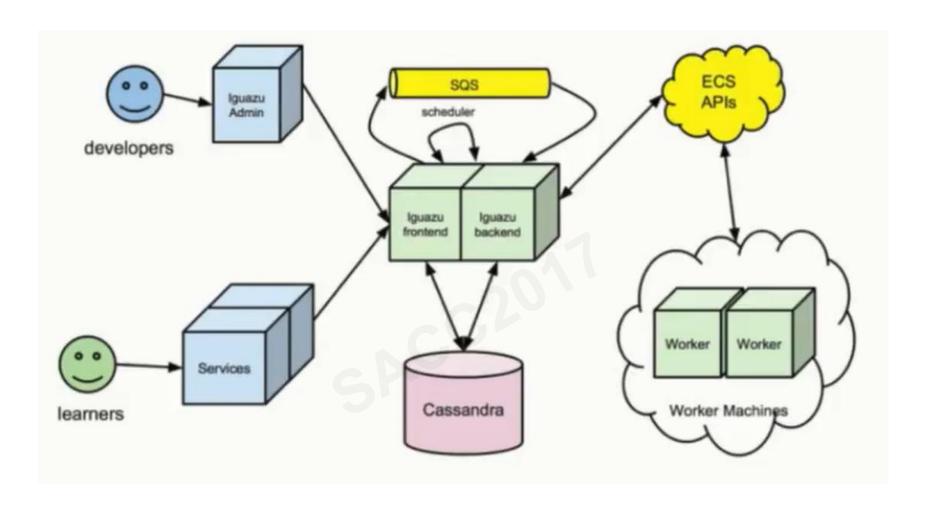




#### https://github.com/aws/amazon-ecs-agent





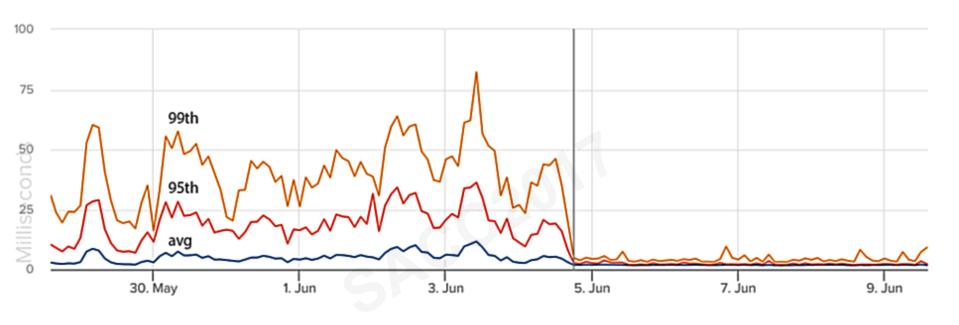


Frank Chen 软件工程师

借助 Amazon ECS,Coursera 可以集中精力发布新软件,无需花时间管理群集。



#### Read Tree





迁移到 Amazon ECS 后,我们服务的性能得到了显著提升。 我们将服务响应时间的第 99 个百分位降低了 50%。









无需管理服务器



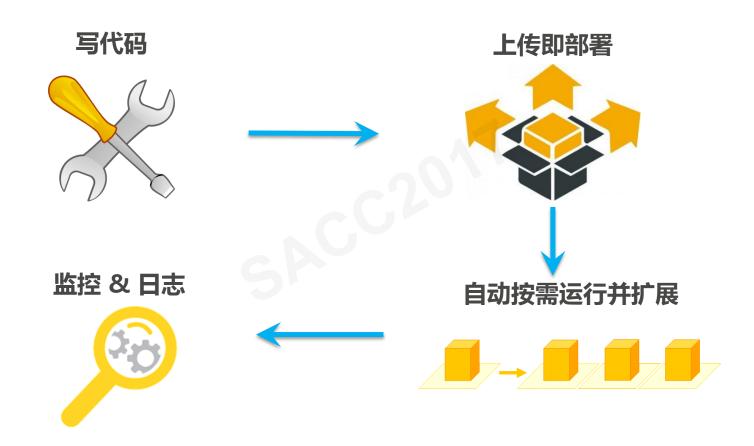
持续扩展



次秒级计量



#### AWS Lambda - 如何使用





#### 为什么这么方便?

#### 这种架构模式,不再考虑:

- 服务器
- 按实际使用量自动匹配计算 资源
- 高可用架构
- 扩展能力、冗余问题
- 操作系统与语言的更新
- 记录状态和日志

#### 可轻松做到:

- 使用自己的代码(BYOC)
- 并行运行代码,低延时同步调用
- 创建后端,事件处理引擎, 数据处理系统
- 不会有资源闲置浪费
- 启动成本很低
- 按需付费

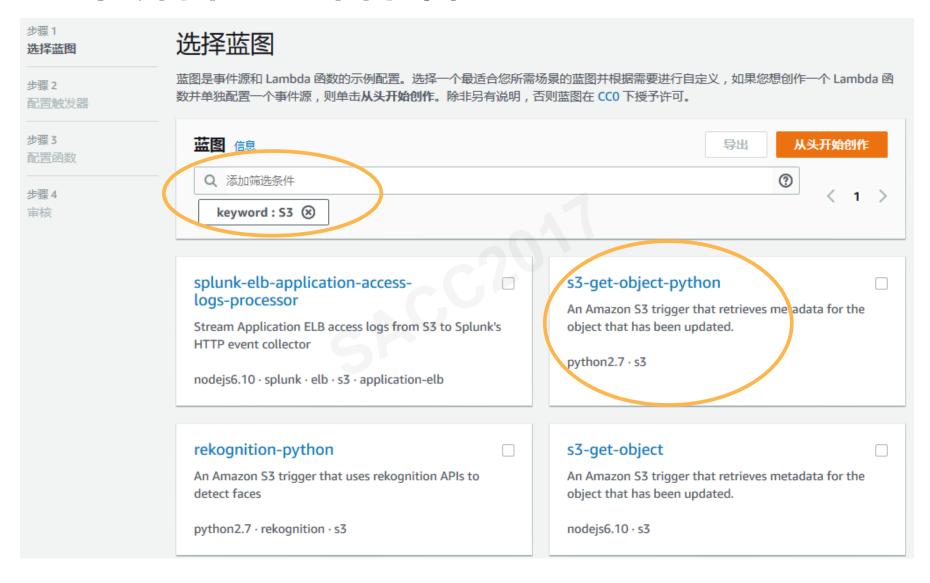


#### AWS Lambda 到底是什么?

- 定制的 Linux 容器
- 大规模的装箱算法
- 前瞻性的容量管理



#### 还不够简单?-蓝图来帮忙





#### 版本和别名

- 随时可以修改代码
- 每次的修改以版本的形式保留下来
- 最新的修改默认生效
- 可以增加别名

```
exports.handler =
function(event, context)
{context.succeed("hi");}

exports.handler =
function(event, context)
{context.succeed("bye");}
2 $LATEST

Dev
```



#### AWS Lambda可以与多种AWS服务集成





IoT 物联网



Amazon S3 对象存储



Amazon Dynamo DB 数据库存储



Amazon Kinesis 实时流处理



Amazon Echo Skills 语音驱动



Amazon SNS 消息推送



Amazon SWF 工作流任务



AWS CloudFormation 管理资源



Amazon CloudWatch 监控日志



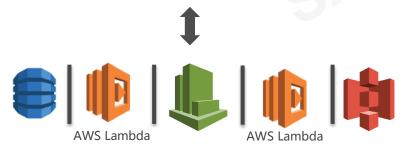


#### AWS Lambda和其他服务结合后的威力

#### 服务粘合剂

- 各种服务能通过 AWS Lambda 串联起来
- 想象一下Unix/Linux的管道技术

cat poorly\_formatted\_report.txt | fmt | pr | lpr



#### 让其他服务更智能





# 典型使用场景

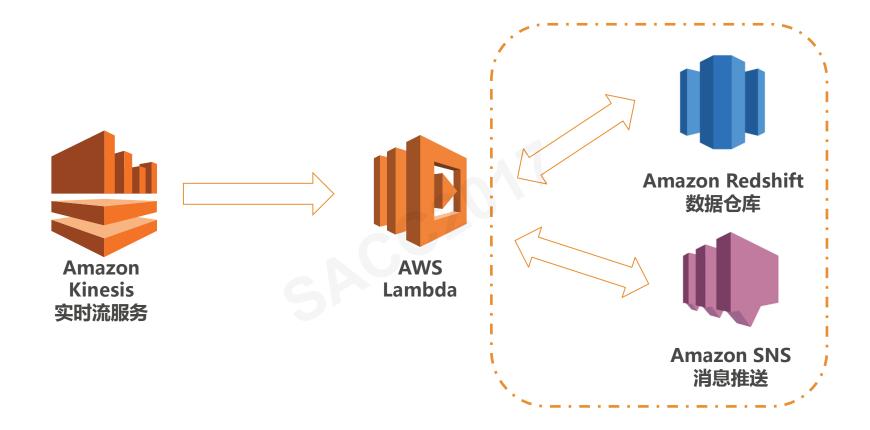


## 异步缩略图生成





## 实时流数据处理





## 操作日志审查



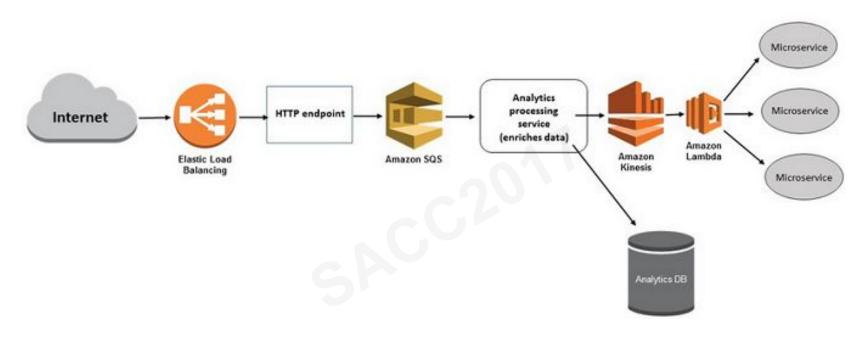


#### 基于监控的自动化运维



https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/compute/scaling-amazon-ecs-services-automatically-using-amazon-cloudwatch-and-aws-lambda/





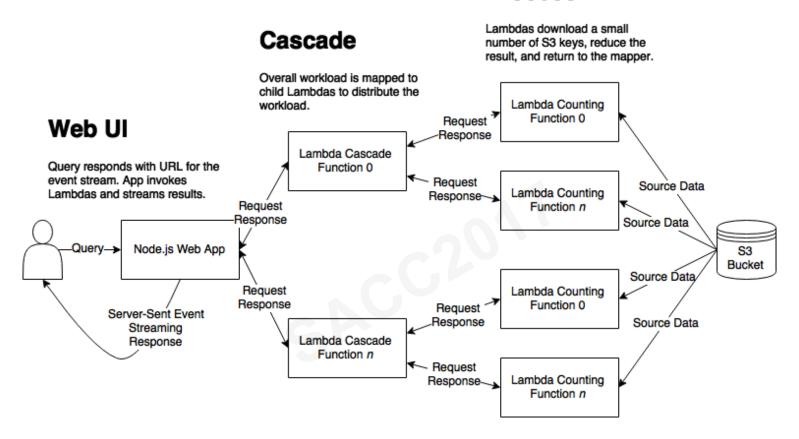
Mohit Dilawari 工程总监

Localytics

借助 AWS Lambda,我们的各个工程团队可以利用并行数据流来创建微服务,不需要使用主分析应用程序。这有助于我们以更快的速度将新服务交付给客户。



#### **Process**

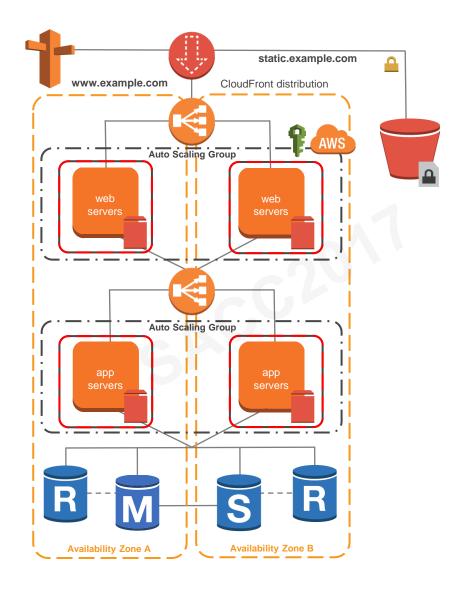


FireEye 使用AWS Lambda构建可扩展的响应式大数据交互

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/big-data/building-scalable-and-responsive-big-data-interfaces-with-aws-lambda/

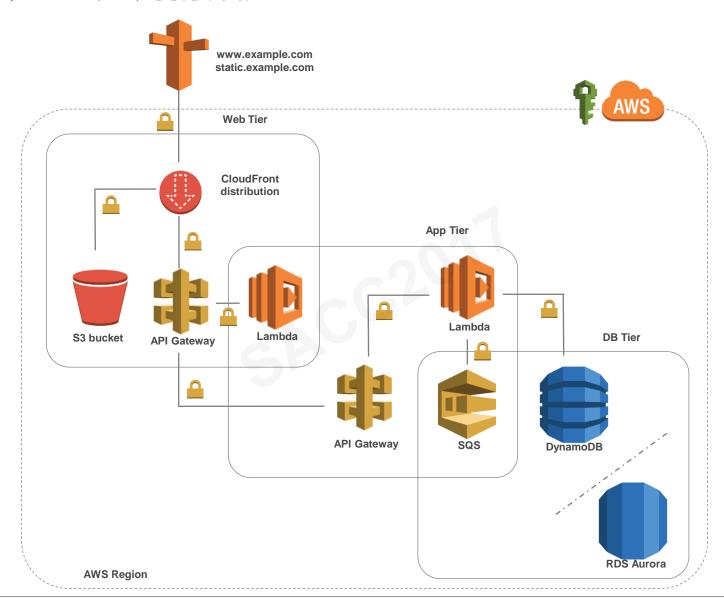


## 走向无服务器:三层Web应用的改造



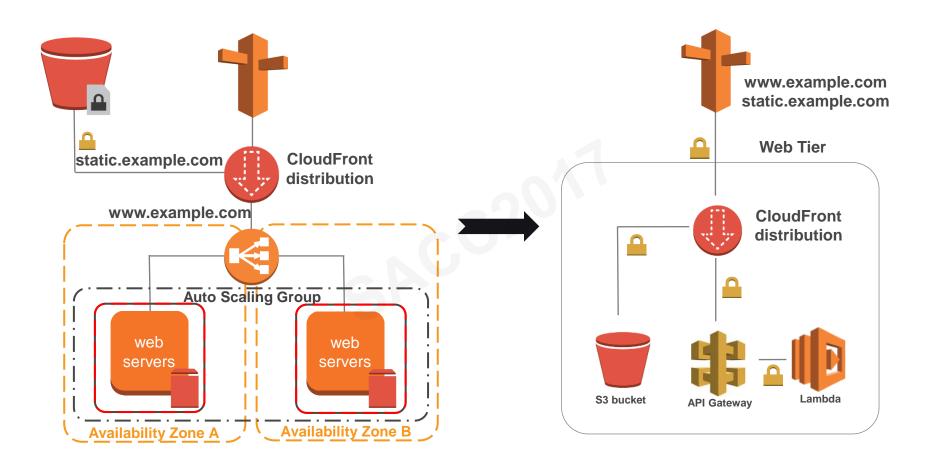


## 三层Web应用的改造



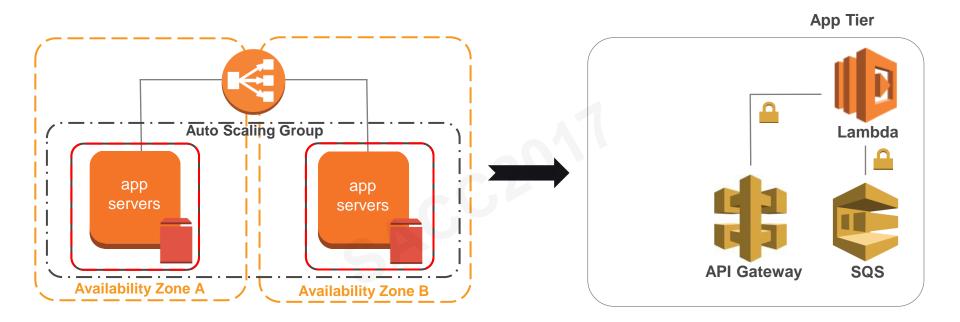


#### 改造Web 层



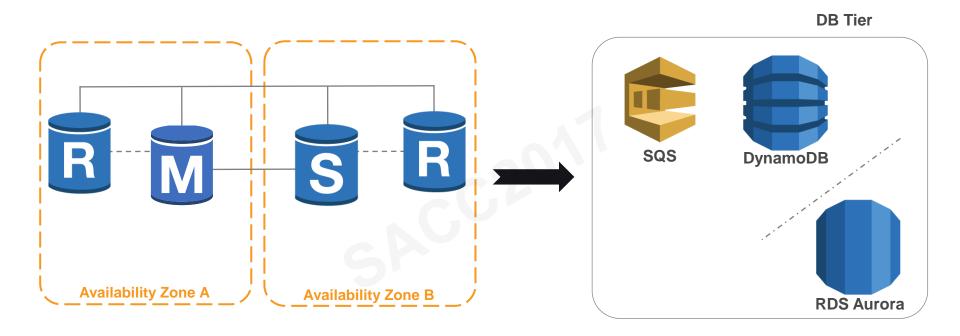


## 改造业务层



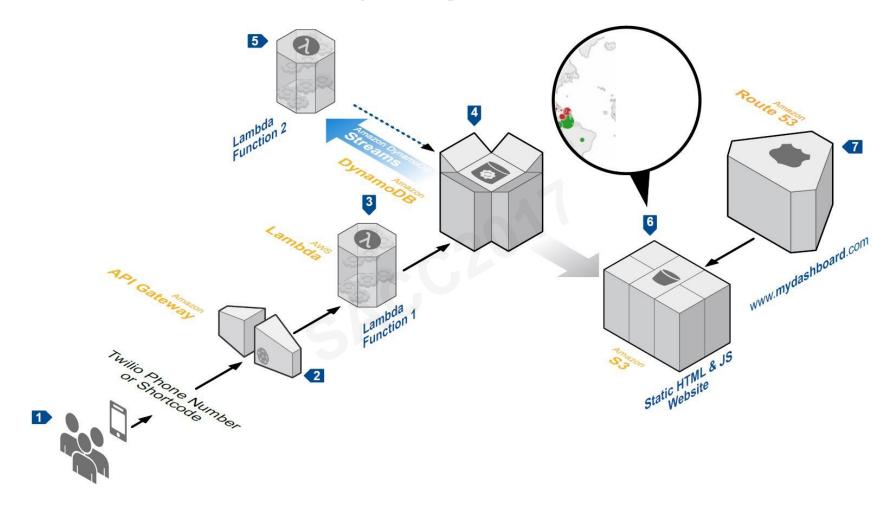


#### 改造数据库层





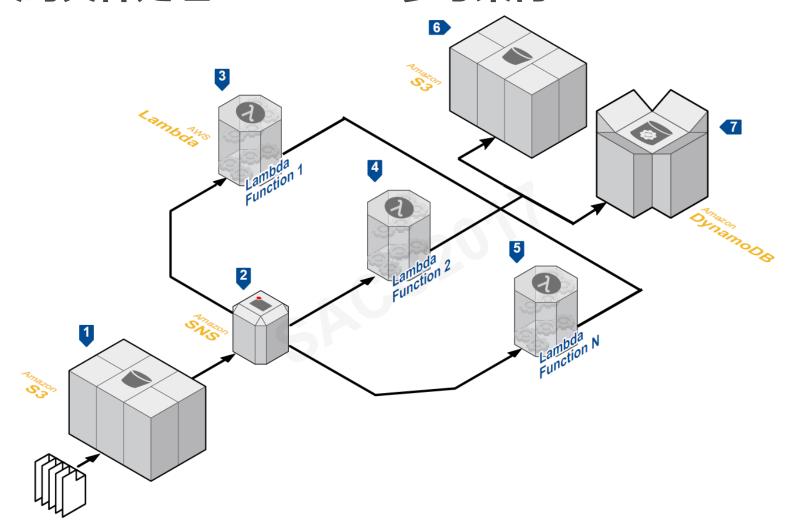
#### Web应用Serverless参考架构



https://github.com/awslabs/lambda-refarch-webapp



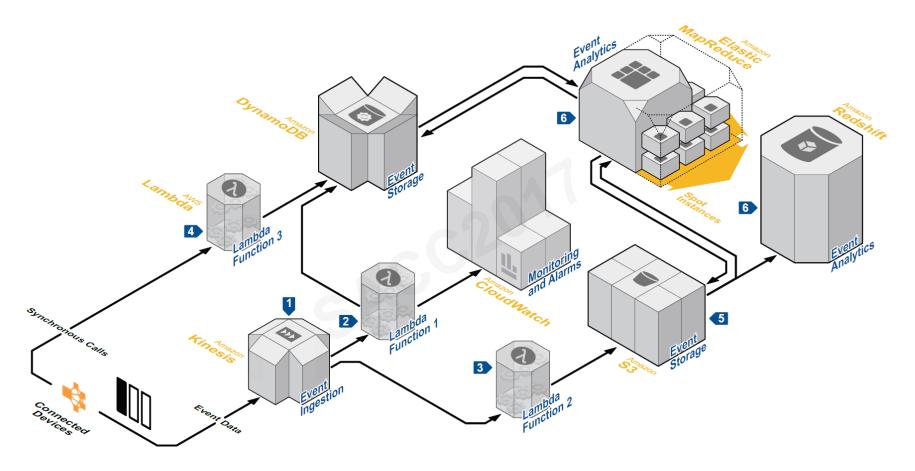
#### 实时文件处理Serverless参考架构



https://github.com/awslabs/lambda-refarch-fileprocessing



#### 物联网应用后台参考架构



https://github.com/awslabs/lambda-refarch-iotbackend



#### Serverless Framework – 服务管理

借助AWS Lambda和API Gateway来构建无服务架构应用的框架

- 本地运行/测试AWS Lambda
- 自动部署AWS Lambda和API Gateway
- 支持多region和多stage
- 支持project
- 支持插件扩展





#### AWS计算服务的选择

- 虚机
  - 配置机器、存储、网络和操作系统
- 容器
  - 运行服务器,配置应用,管理扩容
- 无服务器
  - 我只想在需要时运行我的代码





**Amazon ECS** 



**AWS Lambda** 



#### 相关资源

Amazon EC2

https://amazonaws-china.com/ec2/

Amazon EC2 实例类型

https://amazonaws-china.com/ec2/instance-types/

Amazon EC2 Container Service

https://amazonaws-china.com/ecs/

AWS Lambda

https://aws.amazon.com/lambda

无服务器计算和应用程序

https://amazonaws-china.com/serverless/

**AWS Compute Blog** 

https://amazonaws-china.com/blogs/compute/

AWS 客户成功案例

https://amazonaws-china.com/solutions/case-studies/



