AES project documentation

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Theory background

AES

The **Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** is a symmetric block cipher designed to secure digital data. It was standardized by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in 2001 and it is based on the Rijndael block cipher developed by John Daemen and Vincent Rijnen.

Being a **symmetric cipher**, the same key is used for both encryption and decryption.

The plaintext is divided in 128 bit-size blocks, while the key length defines the type of AES used:

- AES-128 → 128-bit key, 10 rounds
- AES-192 → 192-bit key, 12 rounds
- AES-256 → 256-bit key, 14 rounds

A **128-bit round key** is used for each round, generated from the main key by using key expansion.

Both the round keys and the plaintext block are transformed into a 4x4 byte matrix:

b_0	$b_4^{}$	$b_8^{}$	b ₁₂
b_{1}	$b_{_{5}}$	$b_{_{9}}$	b ₁₃
b_2	$b_6^{}$	b_{10}	b_{14}
b ₃	b_{7}	b ₁₁	b ₁₅

The message matrix and all its future transformations are called **states**.

For calculations, **Galois field arithmetic** $GF(2^8)$ is used:

- $f(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$ is used as divisor to represent the field: $Z_2[x]/f(x) = GF(2^8)$
- Every element of the field $g \in GF(2^8)$ can be represented as a **byte sequence**. **Example**: $x^7 + x^4 + x^3 + 1 \Leftrightarrow 1001\ 1001 \Leftrightarrow 99_{16}$
- Addition and subtraction operations are performed in modulo 2 (XOR operation)
- The multiplication is reduced modulo $1\ 0001\ 1011 \Leftrightarrow f(x)$:

$$x^8 \equiv x^4 + x^3 + x + 1 \pmod{2}$$

Steps for AES encryption (Message block $m \rightarrow$ Ciphertext c):

- 1. **Key expansion**: n round keys $k_1, ..., k_n$ + additional key k_0 are derived from the key k (n can be 10, 12 or 14 depending on the key-size)
- 2. Initial round key addition: Compute $m \oplus k_0$
- 3. From i round 1 to n-1:
 - a. **SubBytes**: It maps each byte of the state according to a known lookup table and it performs a non-linear substitution:
 - i. It is implemented with an 8-bit S-box for each byte (16 S-boxes in total)
 - ii. Dearrangement: No bytes are in their initial value
 - iii. No opposites: No bytes are flipped
 - b. ShiftRows:
 - i. First row of the state is unchanged
 - ii. Second row is left shifted by 1
 - iii. Third row is left shifted by 2
 - iv. Fourth is shifted by 3
 - c. **MixColumns**: It operates on each column separately, mixing each element linearly.

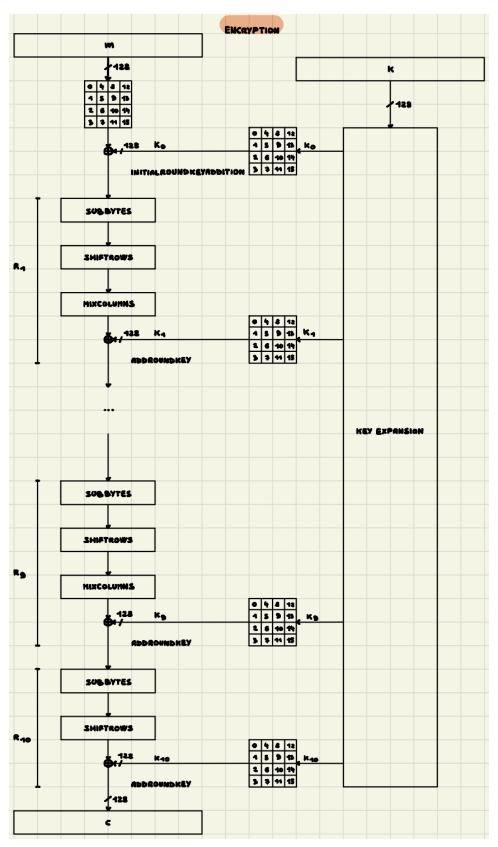
Given $c = (c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3)$, it performs the following calculation:

2	3	1	1		c_{0}	= -	c' ₀
1	2	3	1	*	$c_{_1}$		c' ₁
1	1	2	3		$c_{2}^{}$		c' ₂
3	1	1	2		<i>c</i> ₃		c' ₃

 $c' = (c'_0, c'_1, c'_2, c'_3)$ is the new column.

- d. AddRoundKey: Compute $m' \oplus k_{_i}$
- 4. Round *n*: It performs SubBytes, ShiftRows and AddRoundKey, but the MixColumns step is skipped

After the round n, the output is the ciphertext c.

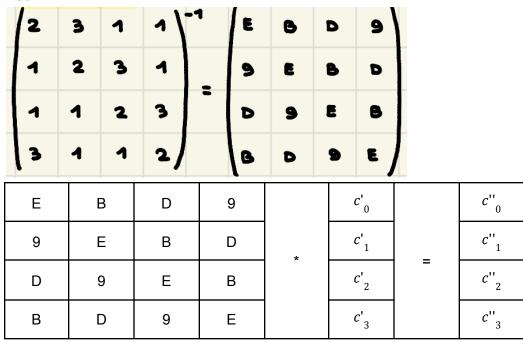


(AES-128 encryption scheme)

In the AES decryption, the round keys are used in inverse order (starting from $\boldsymbol{k}_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ to $\boldsymbol{k}_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$).

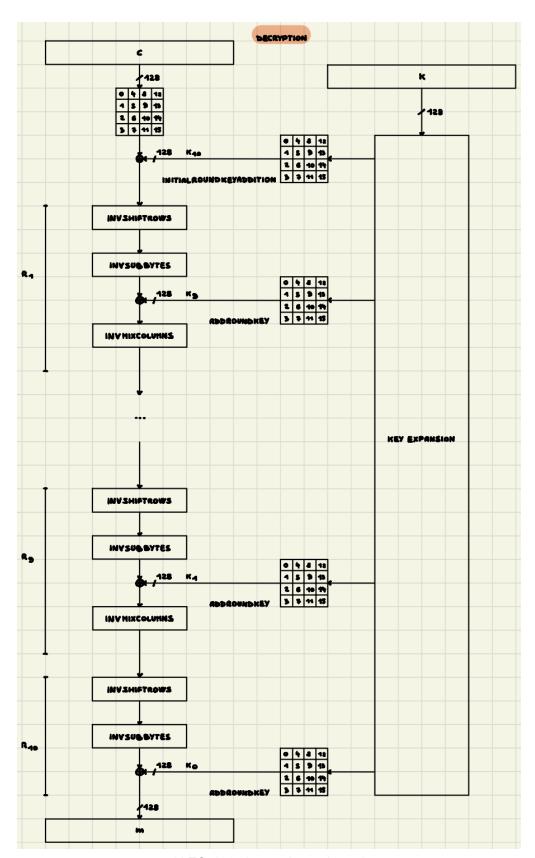
Steps for AES decryption (Ciphertext $c \rightarrow$ Message block m):

- 1. Key expansion
- 2. Initial round key addition: Compute $c \oplus k_n$
- 3. From i round 1 to n-1:
 - a. InvShiftRows: It performs the inverse of ShiftRows, via the right shifts
 - b. **InvSubBytes**: It performs the inverse of SubBytes by using an inverse known lookup table
 - c. AddRoundkey: Compute $c' \oplus k_{n-i}$
 - d. **InvMixColumns**: It performs the inverse of MixColumns by inverting the known matrix:



4. Round n: It computes only InvShiftRows, InvSubBytes and AddRoundKey, while InvMixColumns is skipped

After the round n, the output is the plaintext block m.



(AES-128 decryption scheme)

Key expansion

Given a key k, we get the round keys + 1, all 128 bit-sized (16 bytes or 4 words)

The round constants are defined as follows:

- 1											10
	$rc_{_i}$	01	02	04	08	10	20	40	80	1B	36

$$\forall i \in \{1,...,10\}: \ rcon_i := \left[rc_i,00,00,00\right] \in GF(2^8)^4, rc_i \in GF(2^8)$$

Let *N* be the number of words of the key (it can be 4, 6 or 8).

Split the original key in N words $k_0,...,k_{N-1}$.

Let R be the number of round keys needed + 1 (It can be 11, 13 or 15).

Let $\boldsymbol{W}_0, \dots, \boldsymbol{R}_{4R-1}$ be the words of the expanded key.

Let's define two word operations:

- $RotWord([b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3]) = [b_1, b_2, b_3, b_0] \rightarrow Left circulare byte-wise shift$
- $SubWord([b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3]) = [S(b_0), S(b_1), S(b_2), S(b_3)] \rightarrow Application of the AES S-box$

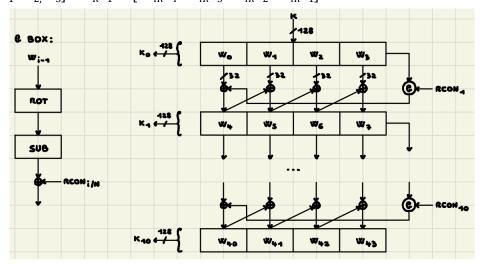
Therefore, in order to calculate the expanded key, the following calculation is performed:

 $W_{i} =$

- k_i , i < N
- $\bullet \quad W_{i-N} \, \oplus \, SubWord\Big(RotWord\Big(W_{i-1}\Big)\Big) \, \oplus \, rcon_{i/N}, \, i \, \geq \, N \, \wedge \, i \, \equiv \, 0 (mod \, N)$
- $W_{i-N} \oplus SubWord(W_{i-1}), i \geq N \land N > 6 \land i \equiv 4 \pmod{N}$
- $W_{i-N} \oplus W_{i-1}$, otherwise

The round keys are:

$$\boldsymbol{k}_{0} = \left[\boldsymbol{W}_{0}, \boldsymbol{W}_{1}, \boldsymbol{W}_{2}, \boldsymbol{W}_{3}\right], ..., \boldsymbol{k}_{R-1} = \left[\boldsymbol{W}_{4R-4}, \boldsymbol{W}_{4R-3}, \boldsymbol{W}_{4R-2}, \boldsymbol{W}_{4R-1}\right]$$



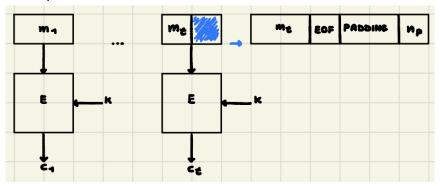
(AES-128 key expansion scheme)

ECB and CBC

Modes of operation define how a block cipher like AES is applied to larger amounts of data. Since AES encrypts data in fixed-size blocks (128 bits), modes of operation manage how to handle data that may exceed or fall short of this block size. They also influence how ciphertext is generated and provide security properties like confidentiality and authentication.

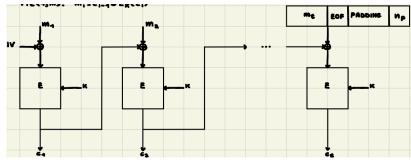
Before applying the mode of operation, it is assumed that a **padding mechanism** has already been applied to the plaintext block so that its length is a multiple of 128 bits.

In the **Electronic CodeBook (ECB) mode**, each block of the plaintext is encrypted independently using the same key. Despite being very easy to implement, it is very insecure because of the weak patterns in the data.

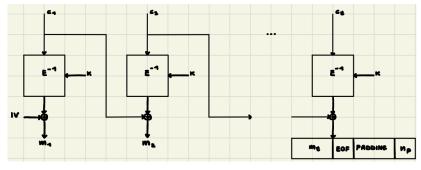


(ECB mode scheme)

In the **Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode**, each plaintext block is XORed with the previous ciphertext block before the encryption. The first block uses an **initialization vector (IV)** chosen by the user. It increases the security of the algorithm if the IV is random, but it prevents the cipher to be performed in parallel, that is, the cipher is not parallelizable.



(CBC mode scheme encryption)



(CBC mode scheme decryption)

Functional description of the application

Input data format:

```
KEY_FILENAME = 'key.txt'
PLAINTEXT_FILENAME = 'plaintext.txt'
CIPHERTEXT_FILENAME = 'ciphertext.txt'
IV_FILENAME = 'initialization_vector.txt'
```

The text file to be used can be assigned to a variable KEY_FILENAME, PLAINTEXT_FILENAME, CIPHERTEXT_FILENAME, IV_FILENAME.

The format of the input data should be as follows:

Standard text in UTF-8 format for a plain text message.



16 bytes for AES-128, 24 bytes for AES-192, and 32 bytes for AES-256 for the key.



Must be 16 bytes in length for the IV (Initialization Vector)



 The cipher text should be in hexadecimal format and must satisfy the condition len(ciphertext) % 32 = 0.



• The AES type can be selected using 0, 1, or 2.

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0
```

• The operation mode (encryption/decryption) can be selected using 0 or 1.

```
Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 1
```

• You can select whether to encrypt or decrypt using 0 or 1.

```
Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 0
```

Output data format:

Console output after selecting the AES type

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0 You have chosen the option AES128.

Number of rounds: 10 + 1

Size of the key: 16
```

Console output after selecting the AES mode

```
Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 1
You have chosen the option CBC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
a period of unpr
Checking the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...
Initialization vector recovered:
and cultural gro
Checking the iv correctness...
The iv is in a correct format.
```

Console output after selecting encryption or decryption mode

```
You have chosen the option BHCDDE.

Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:

It is pread of ideas, allowing for the mass production of books and other written works. This in turn led to the Renaissance

Start encryption...

Ciphertext:

6x:1336e.1526594a76c20cc3a21fac6a765c165c1a4b64688acc20428a2b2c3de9d29d52196ftbeff833949177ef3f6adac6c4b63dd4fe359ba257e2ac6f7a72bbfefa0b6786db98b3931269badebb248cdf67a842f568abbft7628b5f9b7b1379e54e0e478121dde9938395d5d1f35fb6382b467df9ec8dB8

Saving the Ciphertext to file Ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext sews successfully.
```

Description of designed code structure

1) Choice of the AES type

You can select and input one of the values either AES-128, AES-192, or AES-256. The selected value is stored in the variable **aes_choice** and the number of rounds and the key size are determined based on this value.

2) Choice of mode of operation

You can select one of the AES encryption modes either ECB or CBC. The selected value is stored in the variable **mode_choice** and the encryption and decryption method is determined based on this value.

3) Key recovering

This step involves loading the key stored in a text file. The file name should be stored in **KEY_FILENAME**. For CBC mode, an initialization vector (IV) is also required, which should be loaded from **IV_FILENAME**.

The key length must match the chosen AES type. It is 16 bytes for AES-128, 24 bytes for AES-192, and 32 bytes for AES-256.

The key and IV are validated using the functions **key_correctness_check(key)** and **iv correctness check(iv)** to ensure they meet the specified conditions.

4) Choice of operation to perform

You decide whether to encrypt or decrypt using the key. The value you input is stored in the variable **operation_choice** and the encryption or decryption process is performed based on this value.

5) Encryption Instructions

The plaintext is loaded using the **get_plaintext_from_file()** function. The plaintext message to be encrypted is processed using: **aes_encrypt(key, plaintext)** for ECB mode or **aes_encrypt(key, plaintext, iv)** for CBC mode (selected in step 2, Choice of mode of operation).

The encrypted plaintext message is then saved using the write ciphertext to file(ciphertext) function.

6) Decryption Instructions

The ciphertext message is loaded using the **get_ciphertext_from_file()** function. The ciphertext message to be decrypted is processed using **aes_decrypt(key, ciphertext)** for ECB mode or **aes_decrypt(key, ciphertext, iv)** for CBC mode (selected in step 2, Choice of mode of operation).

The function **ciphertext_correctness_check(ciphertext)** ensures that the ciphertext meets the required conditions. The decrypted ciphertext message is saved using the **write_plaintext_to_file(plaintext)** function.

Input:

The AES type, AES mode, and operation type (encryption/decryption) can be entered via the console using numeric keys.

The variables KEY_FILENAME, PLAINTEXT_FILENAME, CIPHERTEXT_FILENAME, and IV_FILENAME store the file names of the text files containing the key, plaintext message, ciphertext message, and IV.

Output:

The console will display the values entered by the user: AES type, AES mode, operation type (encryption/decryption), along with the number of rounds and the key size. It will also display the loaded key and IV.

The ciphertext message and plaintext message will be saved to the respective text files after encryption or decryption.

Functions used in the Encryption-Decryption steps

states_to_ciphertext(states): convert arrays of state to sequence of bytes in hexadecimal format

pkcs_padding(plaintext): adds pkcs padding to a plain text message to set its length
with a specific block size
PKCS#7 padding method
(https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos/2.4.0?topic=rules-pkcs-padding-method)

sub_bytes(state): substitutes each byte in the state array to AES S-BOX # AES S-box (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rijndael_S-box)

shift_rows(state): cyclically shifts the last three rows of the state array to the left by
different offsets

mix_columns(state): linearly mixes each column of the state array

encrypt_state(round_keys, state): performs AES encryption in single block

aes_encrypt(key, plaintext, iv = None): performs AES encryption using either ECB or CBC mode

pkcs_unpadding(ciphertext): removes pkcs padding from a plain text message

states_to_byte_plaintext(states): converts byte states to byte array

inv_sub_byte(byte): inverse substitutes using AES Inverse S-BOX
AES Inverse S-box (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rijndael_S-box)

inv_shift_rows(state): inverse shifts each row to the right

inv_sub_bytes(state): inverse S-BOX substitution to state

inv_mix_columns(state): inverse mix column step
Fixed inverse mix column matrix
(https://www.researchgate.net/figure/nverse-MixColumns-stage-in-the-traditional-AES-operation_f
ig5_349016516)

decrypt_state(round_keys, state): performs AES decryption in single block

aes_decrypt(key, ciphertext, iv=None): performs AES decryption using either ECB or CBC mode

Testing

• Test in ECB modes for AES-128

Key: Life's great man

Plain text: Life is like a puzzle; sometimes, the missing piece is just around the corner. Keep searching, and don't give up!

Cipher text:

6052bc304e27ee24bad3a972762cb67ee4e25b2ff023e7cd5c594e4b7bccc8380c0740b117c4ac e8df3a7796458a05c7342714b21a83db2bdbf0ab37a46ca01841a48cce0741f27ccc459b925e21 7422de93d866b506e8a6b566549f8670f9e964389e432dd20b9894b6d3589c16abe1216513259 96d50713485dc7188e88f41

Encryption

```
Choose which AdS to use ['8: ASS128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] → 0
You have chosen the option ASS128.

Namber of roads: 10 * 1

Size of the key: 16

Choose which mode of operation to use ['8: EG8', '1: GBC'] → 0
You have chosen the option EGB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:

Life's great ann
Checking the key or or crucies...
The key is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['8: BKCDE', '1: DECODE'] → 0
You have chosen the option BCDCE.

Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Flaintext recovered:

Life's like a puzzley sometimes, the missing place is just around the corner. Keep searching, and don't give up!

Start encryption...

Ciphertext:

Ciphertext:

Ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...

Saving the ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext saved successfully.
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['8: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0

You have chosen the option AES128.
Namber of rounds: 18 + 1

Size of the key: 16

Choose which made of operation to use ['8: EEB', '1: CBC'] -> 0

You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Key recovered:
Life's great am

Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['8: EMCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1

You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext recovering.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext is no correct format.

Start decryption...

Plaintext:

Life is like a puzzle; sometimes, the missing piece is just around the corner. Keep searching, and don't give up!

Plaintext:

Life is like a puzzle; sometimes, the missing piece is just around the corner. Keep searching, and don't give up!

Plaintext:

Life is like a puzzle; sometimes, the missing piece is just around the corner. Keep searching, and don't give up!
```

Key: I really see AES

Plain text: The rain fell gently, while the scent of coffee filled the air.

Ciphertext: 18346015f1bcf0a464f77687dfd47450

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0
You have chosen the option AES128.
Number of rounds: 10 + 1
Size of the key: 16
Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.
Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
I really see AES
Checking the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.
Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] \rightarrow 0
You have chosen the option ENCODE.
Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...
Plaintext recovered:
The rain fell gently, while the scent of coffee filled the air.
Start encryption...
Ciphertext:
b4cdec4c8e81b7b55d7adc90c34c76a4260d0a5fd7d8e5c1cb28ad76028995d6041678ac3f91ef8dc4648b6a0f4bd5c976e6dfd462e8dc4c8458c04495a67060
Saving the ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...
Ciphertext saved successfully.
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0
You have chosen the option AES128.
Number of rounds: 10 + 1
Size of the key: 16
Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.
Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
I really see AES
Checking the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.
Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.
Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...
Ciphertext recovered:
Checking the ciphertext correctness...
The ciphertext is in a correct format.
Start decryption...
Plaintext:
The rain fell gently, while the scent of coffee filled the air.
Saving the plaintext to file plaintext.txt...
Plaintext saved successfully.
```

Test in CBC modes for AES-128

Key: Hold fast to hop

Initialization vector: The sun is high.

Plain text: The night sky is filled with endless possibilities.

Ciphertext:

6111a5494ec18b180d71871e15ad9ae5db7c54bea86d4f871da6b40dfd81fe54c2e7c4c1949595 73212174efac4451097791833ee7599428216df96492206a16

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0
You have chosen the option AES128.

Number of rounds: 10 + 1
Size of the key: 16

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 1
You have chosen the option CBC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
Key recovered:
Key recovered:
Key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...
Initialization vector recovered:
The sun is high.

Checking the iv correctness...
The iv is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ENCODE.

Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...
Plaintext recovered:
The night sky is filled with endless possibilities.

Start encryption...

Ciphertext:
citia5494c:18b180d71871e15ad9ae5db7c54bea86d4f871da6b40dfd81fe54c2e7c4c194959573212174efac4451097791833ee7599428216df96492206a16

Saving the ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...
ciphertext:
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 0
You have chosen the option AES128.

Number of rounds: 10 + 1
Size of the key: 16

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 1
You have chosen the option CBC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
Key recovered:
Key recovered:
Key is in a correct format.

Recovering the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...
Initialization vector recovered:
The sun is high.
Checking the iv correctness...
The iv is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...
Ciphertext recovered:
611135494ec18b180471871e15ad9ae5db7c5dbea86d4f871da6b40dfd81fe54c2e7c4c194959573212174efac4451097791833ee7599428216df96492206a16
Checking the ciphertext correctness...
The ciphertext is in a correct format.

Start decryption...

Plaintext:
The night sky is filled with endless possibilities.

Saving the plaintext to file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext saved successfully.
```

Key: The ocean is dee

Initialization vector: Find your true p

Plain text: Kindness is the language the world understands. Kindness is the language the world understands.

Ciphertext:

6111a5494ec18b180d71871e15ad9ae5db7c54bea86d4f871da6b40dfd81fe54c2e7c4c1949595 73212174efac4451097791833ee7599428216df96492206a16

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES120', '1: AES192', '2: AES150'] > 0

You have chosen the option AES120.

Raiber of rounds: 18 + 1

Size of the key: 10

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] > 1

You have chosen the option (EC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Key recovered:

Ne exous is dee

Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...

Initialization vector recovered:

Find your true p

Checking the Vi correctness...

The Vi is in a correct format.

Choose the option NXOUSE.

Recovering the plaintent from the file PACODE', '1: DECODE'] > 0

You have chosen the option NXOUSE.

Recovering the plaintent from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintent recovered:

Kindness is the language the world understands. Kindness is the language the world understands.

Start encryption...

Ciphertext:

LiditabisSideSideSideSideSideSideSideSideSideCodeIlififi334b072326cbb2c22fSeu2clSeeccSb6383earfdf623ecSaduleSideG72ac25fdeSoduleSideG234fe2afe6aD8eccdbf679cc284f4e2f7idf3dbb186abcdSeeeBa18f5ib7c3ddSc9utc2f46cdc33471fe19784a66.

Saving the ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext:
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES250'] → 0

You have chosen the option AES128.

Namber of rounds: 10 + 1

Size of the key: 16

Choose which note of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] → 1

You have chosen the option CBC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file initialization.

The key is in a correct format.

The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...

Initialization vector recovered:

Initialization vector recovered:

Initialization vector recovered:

Initialization vector recovered:

Ind you true p

Checking the Va correctness...

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: DECODE'] → 1

You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the cliphertext from the file cliphertext.txt...

Cliphertext from the file cliphertext.txt...

Cliphertext recovered:

Initialization vector from the file cliphertext.txt...

Cliphertext recovered:

Initialization vector recovered:

Initialization vector
```

• Test in ECB modes for AES-192

Key: From the earliest dayss

Plain text: In the vast expanse of human history, the quest for knowledge and understanding has been one of the driving forces that has shaped the course of civilizations.

Ciphertext:

dc6a2cb8687a82b2cc9c6e3bde534a4d8bbfb320f25b95df1f279c314fe5ce4a8735610558c3069 37ceb3ad285aa3c7e1184fac03e2b1151bd44184d850803d45720a919ad3fa80a509d460657d6f cb27ed82f4d4f7ddb1b76f72b57a29efd819a04ec17a671f52068b9631e12e43ca4113034de5dee 5824eb0277c68210ed71050d3e557b3fb3d10057849498cbafc569966681fedd9ef42f7ee4e96f9f a4d6148910f6f5720f79b43ce75825e5cc84

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['8: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] > 1
You have chosen the option AES192.

Namber of rounds: 12 * 1
Size of the key: 28
Choose which need of operation to use ['8: EGB', '1: CGC'] > 0
You have chosen the option EGB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose which ROODC.

ABCOMETING TO USE ABCOMETING TO USE ['8: EGB', '1: DECODE'] > 0
You have chosen the option EGB.

BECOMETING TO USE ABCOMETING TO USE ['8: DECODE'] > 0
You have chosen the option EGB.

BECOMETING TO USE ABCOMETING TO USE ABCOMETIN
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['8: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] → 1

You have chosen the option AES192.

Rather off rought: 12 + 1

Size of the key: 22

Choose which mode of operation to use ['8: ECB', '1: CBC'] → 0

You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key:txt...

Key recovered:

From the earliest days

Checking the key convectness...

The key is in a convect format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['8: BKCODE'] → 1

You have chosen the option ECCODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Choose the operation you want to perform ['8: BKCODE', '1: DECCODE'] → 1

You have chosen the option ECCODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext recovered:

desarchises/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subdes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscodes/subhoroscod
```

Key: to the present day, I am

Plain text: From the earliest days of recorded time, when early humans began to grasp the concept of written language

Ciphertext:

bf1143777b053dfe86ccd80f0d5750e39b73a0844837d677aef2a3548b874341cbde1943e23978 4a83c2f8f5db6847480cf0f2caeb14c30624cee87dd06b1f09b69fb82cf0a9e21a9bf11aa07f13a0e 9496e3b668ba3b7921833c2ca38784ba7f40cecb157fe7a1bc55ef26d1a3c5d54

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES250'] -> 1
You have chosen the option AES192.
Number of rounds: 12 +1
Size of the key: 24

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
No recovered:
No recovered:
No recovered:
No description as correct format.
Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCOGE'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
No very control of the properation of the properat
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 1
You have chosen the option AES192.
Number of rounds: 12 +1
Size of the key: 24
Choose which node of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CDC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.
Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
to the present day, I am
Checking the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.
Choose the option DECODE.
Recovering the key from the file ciphertext.txt...
Close the operation you want to perform ['0: BKCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.
Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...
Ciphertext recovered:
brita57778634ff886cc088f68f78639807388048374677sef2a55488743A1cbde1943e230784a83c2f8f5dh6847488cf8f2caeb14c38624cee87dd86b1f69b69fb82cf8u9e21a9bf11as87f13u8e9496e3b668ba3b7021833c2ca88784ba7f48cecb157fe7a1bc55ef26d1a3c5d54
Checking the ciphertext formechesss...
The ciphertext formechess...
The ciphertext is in a correct format.

Start decryption...
Plaintext:
From the earliest days of recorded time, when early humans began to grasp the concept of written language

Saving the plaintext to file plaintext.txt...
Plaintext saved successfully.
```

Test in CBC modes for AES-192

Key: Hold fast to hop

Initialization vector: At the heart of this que

Plain text: where we can communicate instantaneously across the globe through advanced digital technologies, the pursuit of knowledge has been a fundamental part of human nature. Ciphertext:

ee69238e3863580f33e26396b41ed0d4a94fb4534f9a59dad67014f0c9fa950a8f8c91e6dda39eb a625f331b40b2aca0a9abe084c30d1ceaf8fa648368bff9f9d7ce22adfd2aa5d8ed1eaf5e537daf19 bc71995c4561bb16510ecfd834d6ef9e2bfbd631edac2c84e2df5e160ac764c7b654f96b44e2325 e30eddc82918eea705708e457058bf678587717a7fe69f5c480edac1dce5a92aa080c7b313bd9b 766676472b0d904430831fd52783a5cd593

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ["8: AES120", "1: AES120", "2: AES250"] > 1

Who was the price of roads 2 2 1

Size of the key: 24

Choose which mode of operation to use ["8: EE8", "1: CBC"] > 1

You have chosen the option CEA.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Key recovered:

At the heart of this que

Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose the option CEA.

This is in a correct format.

Choose the operation weter recovered:

Initialization weter recovered:

The key is your constant.

Choose the operation you want to perform ["8: DECODE"] > 8

You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the plainteet from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:

Alter the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:

Alter the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Start encyption...

Clober the operation you want to perform ["8: DECODE"] > 8

You have chosen the option DECODE.

Start encyption...

Clober the communicate instantaneously across the globe through advanced digital technologies, the pursuit of knowledge has been a fundamental part of human nature.

Start encyption...

Clober to the file plaintext from the file plaintext fro
```

```
Choose which AES to use [*0: AES128*, '1: AES128*, '2: AES156*] > 1
You have chosen the option AES102.

Author of rounds: 21 + 1
Size of the key: 24
Choose which need of operation to use [*0: ECB*, '1: CBC*] > 1
You have chosen the option CBC.

Recovering the key from the file key, txt...

Recovering the key from the file initialization vector from the file initialization vector.

Recovering the key correctness...

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization vector.txt...

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization vector.txt...

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization vector.txt...

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization vector.txt...

Recovering the correctness...

The Ve S. in a correct from the file ciphertext.txt...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext correctness...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Recovering the ciphertext correctness...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext correctness...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext correctness...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Recovering the ciphertext from the
```

Key: This curiosity has led t

Initialization vector: development of s

Plain text: innate drive to explore the world around us, to question the unknown, and to seek out answers to the mysteries of life.

Ciphertext:

97b9426acf842ccb8950cdae4970a9e2ddd7bb070f21948cbe9ccb986871a72ddd0ed4f478c5ffd 0ceeba92ba54c27534385b81af8dd4bebabd970a7c687ff24b4622cb78eb4cf0f6c35bfcd24d808d 11aea9c39447e6f3dd157fb67562558b8d903343cfa102fffa03d92b57499a1956fda7fe954823a5 28d5bc2d7102dada6

Encryption

```
Choose which ASS to use ("0: ASSIR", "1: ASSIR", "2: ASSIR", "2: ASSIR", "2: ASSIR", "3: ASSIR", "2: ASSIR", "3: A
```

```
Choose which MSS to use ['0- MSS120', '1: MSS190', '1: MSS190'] → 1
You have chosen the option MSS192.

Asked of the key: 24

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] → 1
You have chosen the option (CB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

This controller has a correct format.

The key is in a correct format.

The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector ecovered:

development of s

Checking the low correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: BKODE', '1: DECODE'] → 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext recovered:

STANDARGE FRESCHESSHEADMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTANDARGETISMSDEAGMSTA
```

• Test in ECB modes for AES-256

Key: Whether through the study of the

Plain text: philosophy, art, and many other fields that seek to make sense of the universe and our place within it.

Ciphertext:

7682a9059a1b9974c1a8b7bd719c6eb0df926e72f2dd02b6a85cd56f96321435b6b9bc4dbd6d88 04991b037eef1a02e436f4cfad2b6f3c6d337adc22717b69578f9e92d3395213e1464847f8c2b62 ebaf7b04935cf5da0f968d9578370e364c822e4c7abef7f1659e31f1d654d6ed116

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['0: AES128', '1: AES192', '2: AES250'] -> 2
You have chosen the option AES256.
Number of rounds: 14 + 1
Size of the key: 32

Choose which node of operation to use ['0: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:
Netherthrough the study of the
Checking the key correctness...
The key is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 0
You have chosen the option BCCODE.

Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:
philosophy, art, and many other fields that seek to make sense of the universe and our place within it.

Start encryption...

Ciphertext:
768236993a1b9974c1a8b7bd719c6eb8df926e72f2dd92b6a85cd56f96321435b6b9bc4dbddd8884991b037eef1a02e436f4cfad2b6f3c6d337adc22717b69578f9e92d3395213e1464847f8c2b62ebaf7b84935cf5da0f968d9578370e364c822e4c7abef7f1659e31f1d654d6ed116
Saving the ciphertext to file ciphertext.txt...

Ciphertext:
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['8: AES188', '1: AES192', '2: AES296'] -> 2
You have chosen the option AES256.

Number of rounds: 14 + 1
Size of the key: 32

Choose which mode of operation to use ['8: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 8
You have chosen the option ECB.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...
Key recovered:

Nether through the study of the
Chacking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['8: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...
Closes the operation you want to perform ['8: ENCODE', '1: DECODE'] -> 1
You have chosen the option DECODE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...
Closertext recovered:

YOSZ-REGOVERIAL SECONDARY CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T
```

Key: I really like cryptography and s

Plain text: the stars in ancient civilizations, the development of early mathematics and geometry, or the rise of modern technology

Ciphertext:

c66324da16c415d16719d32533444adbfe1615eedca672a4b7f4dd37e67b57a2f1275cbfa1aaa8 5e71040c1ffd09ae78c3abb769565167089dba5fedc45cbaaa3c853192dcd6121dec7d73e798dc d4a0273a42b3e259aaf309777df110fc1faad6769b002a8937c849942941e97d97c279e74f7e49d a7e351d5bdd47b7cbb6c8

Encryption

```
Choose which AES to use ['9: AES189', '1: AES192', '2: AES256'] -> 2
You have chosen the option AES256.
Namber of rounds: 14 + 1
Size of the key: 32
Choose which mode of operation to use ['9: ECB', '1: CBC'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ECD.
Recovering the key from the file key.tot...
Recovering the partition you want to perform ['0: ENCODE'] -> 0
You have chosen the option ENCODE.
Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.tot...
Plaintext recovered:
Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.tot...
Plaintext recovered:
Recovering the plaintext from the file plaintext.tot...
Plaintext recovered:
Start encryption...
Ciphertext:
Comparison of the comparison of the service of the comparison of the comparison
```

Test in CBC modes for AES-256

Key: The invention of the printing pr Initialization vector: century revoluti

Plain text: One of the most profound aspects of this intellectual journey has been the way in which knowledge has been shared and transmitted across generations.

Ciphertext:

98a106a27e3a30802c5a05ac57ba6878af166f58d1acd1ef3ef460c5c3a4db8a12c4087c24e7744 56c8ec565ba8fe0dd46bed1fb2d3ab3cadba725ec2062da39397e507aaf77313d3327dd11bebe1 b34bfeab3c044f1361880814a5f8fe6dc5599a44017613d9b14bc5d8a7534e8676a456da6442c6 74c8fc3d8f3e2a2665ffc79216f34d0e36220c3fd7d3dfb165933ffb1d8f50ebab99442cc5a9261fdc 61b

Encryption

```
Choose which ASS to use ("0: ASSIZO", "1: ASSIZO", "2: ASSIZO") -> 2

You have chosen the option ASSIG.
Namber of rounds: 14 + 1

Size of the key: 32

Choose which mode of operation to use ['0: EGG', '1: GGC'] -> 1

You have chosen the option GG.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Recovering the year for the file key.txt...

Recovering the painting process...

The key is in a correct format.

Choose which made a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['0: BECGE', '1: DECGE'] -> 0

You have chosen the option BECGE.

Recovering the palintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:

Recovering the palintext from the file plaintext.txt...

Plaintext recovered:

Lighertext:

Sandon ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST-DAGGERS-ST
```

```
Choose which AES to use ['8: AES128', '1: AES128', '2: AES256'] → 2

You have chosen the option AES259.

Hasher of rounds: 14 + 1

Size of the key: 22

Choose which make of operation to use ['8: EES', '1: CBC'] → 1

You have chosen the option CEC.

Recovering the key from the file key.txt...

Key recovered:

The invention of the printing pe

Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...

Initialization vector recovered:

Choose the option weeter recovered:

Choose the option to correct format.

The is in a correct format.

The vis in a correct format.

The vision accordance of the printing period of the vision of the
```

Key: a period of unprecedented intell Initialization vector: and cultural gro

Plain text: the spread of ideas, allowing for the mass production of books and other written works. This in turn led to the Renaissance

Ciphertext:

8cf1e236332a906c84ae52f33c74ad966a39c60fd3cfbde49444fad881342672bd05da9ceeefc3f4 8ecb46c69f233a8d60bebd707f5a76f272dbb255ae49ca72e68484b22a9c0ba30dbc529186ec92 aed32e2fd679b86f56247021bd4bcc745defdc4f4eb5f7c3fcbc64defe78ca8937d98030211252f8c d655ef65e4896e4a0

Encryption

```
Choose which AGS to use ['8: AGS128', '1: AGS192', '2: AGS196'] -> 2
The base of rough to pilon AGS26.

The base of rough
```

```
Goods which ASS to use [Ter. AES126', '1: AES192', '2: AES196'] -> 2
Two have above the option AES256.

Namber of rounds: 16 12
Choose which mode of operation to use ['6: EEB', '1: CBC'] -> 1
Two have chosen the option (EC.

Recovering the light key from the file key.txt...

Key recovered:

a period of unprecedented intell
Checking the key correctness...

The key is in a correct format.

Recovering the initialization vector from the file initialization_vector.txt...

Initialization vector recovered:

and cultural gro
Checking the ly correctness...

The Vis in a correct format.

Choose the operation you want to perform ['6: BLCCOE', '1: CBCCOE'] -> 1

You have chosen the option DECCOE.

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt....

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.txt...

Recovering the ciphertext from the file ciphertext.t
```

Link to the github project: https://github.com/AY02/AES-128-192-256-Implementation