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1. Introduction

(Contributed by Li Jianhan & Shi Hui Ling)

Welcome to Baymax! Are you a healthcare professional looking for a reliable app to keep track of patients and appointments? You have come to the right place!

Baymax is a Command Line Interface (CLI) focused desktop application that helps you to manage patient appointments using just

the keyboard itself, no fiddling with the mouse needed! The main features include:

- 1. Managing appointments -- scheduling new appointments, changing appointments, cancelling appointments, marking appointments as done etc.
- 2. Managing patient information -- phone number, special remarks etc.
- 3. Viewing appointments in a calendar format

And all this can be done easily with just a few keystrokes! Baymax's distinguishing feature is our special built-in calendar view -- it shows you how busy a particular day or week is at a glance, so that you can help patients make quick decisions on the ground! What are you waiting for? Head on to Section 2, "Quick Start"!

2. Quick Start

- 1. Ensure you have Java 11 or above installed in your Computer.
- 2. Download the latest version of Baymax from here.
- 3. Copy the file to the folder you want to use as the $\it home folder$ for your Baymax application.
- 4. Double-click the file to start the app. The GUI similar to the below should appear in a few seconds. Note how the app contains some sample data.

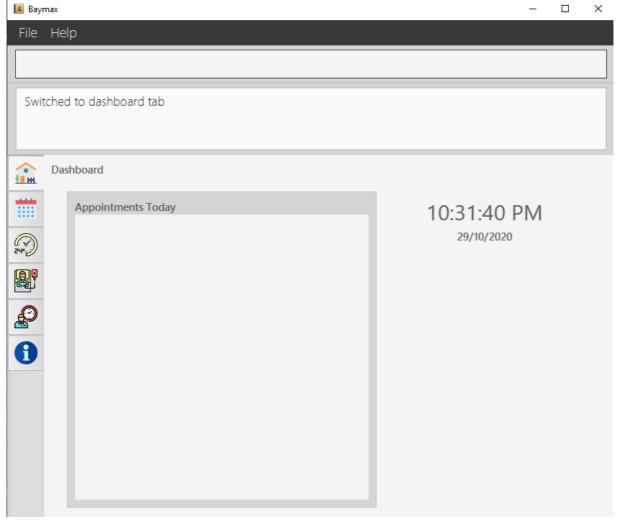


Figure 2.1. Baymax Graphical User Interface

- 5. At the top of the screen, type in your commands in the command box and press Enter to execute it. e.g. typing help and pressing Enter will open the help window.
- 6. Refer to the Features below for details of each command.

3. About

(Contributed by Li Jianhan, Thuta Htun Wai, Kaitlyn Ng, Reuben & Shi Hui Ling)

3.1. Structure of this Document

To give you the most amount of flexibility over what you can do with Baymax, we have provided a large set of features. We have structured this User Guide in such a way that you can easily find what you need. In the next subsection, Section 3.2 Reading this Document, you will find useful tips on using this document. All of Baymax's features and commands are documented in the following section, Section 4 Features. You can sift through these features and commands easily by referring to the Table of Contents at the top of this User Guide, or to Section 6 Summary of Commands.

3.2. Reading this Document

This subsection familiarises you with all the technical terms, symbols and syntax that are used throughout this document, so as to make it easier for you to read the rest of the document.

3.2.1 GUI Terminology

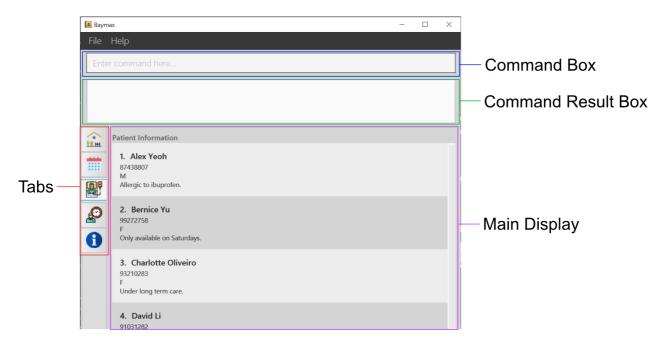


Figure 3.2.1 GUI Components

GUI Component	Description
Command Box	Commands are entered here
Command Result Box	Success and error messages of command executions are displayed here
Tabs	Dashboard, Calendar, Patient, Appointment, and Additional Information tabs can be accessed here
Main Display	Calendar views, Patient lists and Appointment lists are displayed here in their respective tabs

3.2.2. General Symbols

3.2.3. Command Format & Syntax

You enter specific commands into the Command box of the GUI to use Baymax's features and perform tasks.

Commands all take the following format:

- Command_word: word that specifies the task being performed, e.g. addpatient
- Prefix: word that specifies the parameter type being supplied, e.g. name, nric
- PARAMETER: information and details about various patients and appointments specified by you

Notes about the command format:

• Words in UPPER_CASE are the parameters to be supplied by you.

E.g. addpatient name/NAME: can be used as addpatient name/Alice Tan.

• Items in square brackets are optional.

E.g name/NAME [remark/REMARK]: can be used as name/Alice Tan remark/No drug allergy Or as name/Alice Tan.

• Items with ... after them can be used multiple times including zero times.

E.g. [tag/TAG]...: can be used as (i.e. 0 times), tag/braces, tag/braces tag/cleaning etc.

• Parameters can be supplied in any order.

E.g. name/NAME phone/PHONE_NUMBER: can also be used as phone/PHONE_NUMBER name/NAME.

3.3 Navigation between tabs

- 1. Type dashboard inside the command box to switch to the dashboard tab.
- 2. Type calendar inside the command box to switch to the calendar tab.
- 3. Type schedule inside the command box to switch to the schedule tab.
- 4. Type patient inside the command box to switch to the patients tab.
- 5. Type appt inside the command box to switch to the appointments tab.
- 6. Type help inside the command box to receive the link to this user guide.

4. Features

(Contributed by Thuta and Reuben)

4.1. Patient Information Management

This feature allows you to manage patient information. You can:

- 1. Add a new patient
- 2. List all patients
- 3. Delete a patient
- 4. Edit a patient's details
- 5. Add a remark to a patient
- 6. Find a patient by his name

4.1.1. Add a new patient: addpatient

You can use this command to add a new patient who has not yet been registered.

Format:

addpatient nric/NRIC name/NAME phone/PHONE gender/GENDER [r/REMARK] [tag/TAG]

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
NRIC	The nric of the patient. It must <u>start and end</u> with a capital letter and contain 7 numbers in between them. E.g. S1234567A

Parameter Name	Description
NAME	The name of the patient. It must consist <u>solely</u> of alphabets, and should be a combination of the first and last name in that order. E.g. Alice Tan
PHONE	The hand phone number that the patient wishes to be contacted by. It must consist <u>solely</u> of numbers. E.g. 91234567
GENDER	The gender of the patient. In short, female is indicated by the letter 'F' and male is indicated by the letter 'M'.
REMARK	Any remarks about the patient. It can be any text alphanumerical, special characters etc. are allowed. E.g. Only available on Mon / Tues
TAG	The tag for the patient. It must only be alphanumerical and must not contain spaces or special characters. Can have multiple tags. E.g. Diabetic

Example:

- 1. Type addpatient nric/S9772234F name/Jason Tan phone/98765432 gender/M into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the command is valid (i.e. the user keyed in the valid fields):

1. A success message will be displayed in the Command Result box.

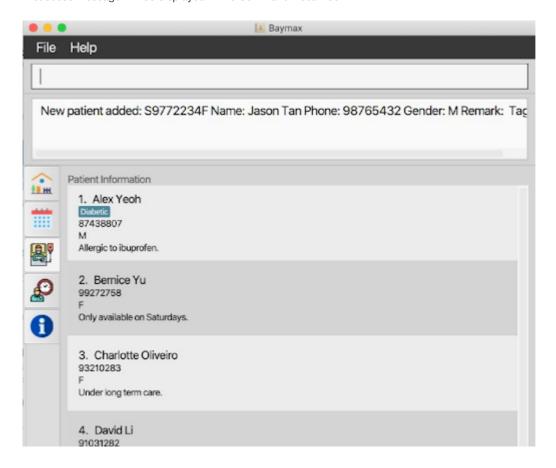


Figure 4.1.1a Adding a patient

2. The patient with the information supplied by the parameters will be created and added to the system.

4.1.2. List all patients: listpatient

You can use this command to list all the patients in the system. The *Main Display* of the GUI will show the list of patients with all their information: name, nric, contact number, gender, remark, tags, and appointments.

Format:

listpatient

Example:

- 1. Type listpatient into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. All the patients in the system will be listed as shown below.

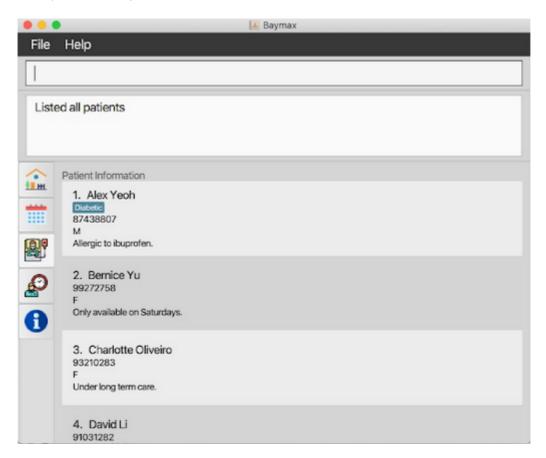


Figure 4.1.2a Listing all patients

4.1.3 Delete a patient: deletepatient

You can use this command to delete a patient's profile by his or her INDEX . However, you will first need to use the listpatient command

to get the patient's INDEX.

This extra step helps you to confirm the profile to be deleted, and prevents accidental deletes.

Format:

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the patient in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.

Example:

- 1. Type deletepatient 4 into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the INDEX (i.e 4) is valid:

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The patient at index 4 in the previously displayed list will be deleted.

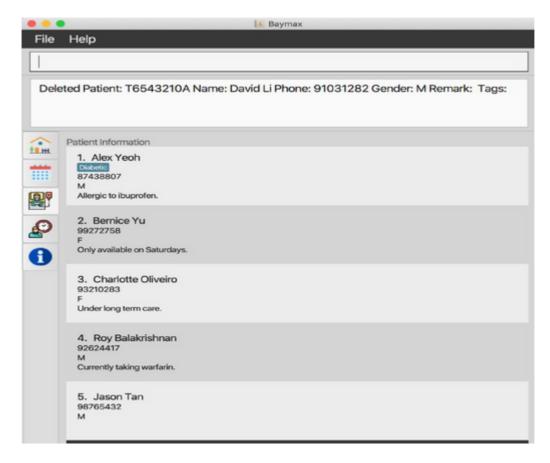


Figure 4.1.3a Deleting a patient

4.1.4 Edit a patient's information: editpatient

You can use this command to edit a patient's profile information. You can edit any field of a patient in any order. However, you will first need to use the listpatient command to find out the patient's INDEX within the displayed list. This extra step helps you to confirm the profile to be edited, and prevents accidental edits.

Format:

editpatient INDEX <at least 1 patient information parameter>

Listed below are some examples of valid editpatient commands:

- editpatient INDEX tag/TAG
- editpatient INDEX name/NAME
- editpatient INDEX nric/NRIC
- editpatient INDEX gender/GENDER
- editpatient INDEX phone/PHONE
- editpatient INDEX r/REMARK
- You can also supply multiple parameters, e.g. editpatient INDEX gender/GENDER name/NAME phone/PHONE
- The parameter(s) supplied will directly replace the original one(s)

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the patient in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.
NRIC	The nric of the patient. It must start and end with a capital letter and contain 7 numbers in between them. E.g. S1234567A
NAME	The name of the patient. It must consist solely of alphabets, and should be a combination of the first and last name in that order. E.g. Alice Tan
PHONE	The hand phone number which the patient wishes to be contacted by. It must consist solely of numbers. E.g. 91710012
GENDER	The gender of the patient. In short, female is indicated by the letter 'F' and male is indicated by the letter 'M'.
REMARK	Any remarks about the patient. It can be any text alphanumerical, special characters etc. are allowed. E.g. Only available on Mon / Tues
TAG	The tag for the patient. It must only be alphanumerical and must not contain spaces or special characters. Can have multiple tags. E.g. Diabetic

Example:

- 1. Type editpatient 2 tag/Asthmatic into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the INDEX (i.e 2) is valid:

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The tag of the patient at index 2 in the recent list will be edited.

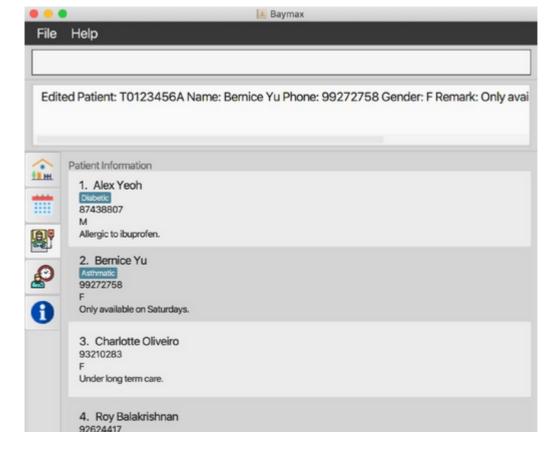


Figure 4.1.4a Editing a patient's information

4.1.5 Find a patient: findpatient

You can use this command to find a patient by entering a part of his name (or his full name). The search string for the name is case-insensitive.

Format:

findpatient NAME_KEYWORD

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
NAME_KEYWORD	The name or keyword by which to search for the patient. It can be an incomplete part of the patient's name you are searching for. E.g. Alice

Example:

- 1. Type $\,$ findpatient Alex $\,$ into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. If the patient is found, a success message will be displayed as shown below.

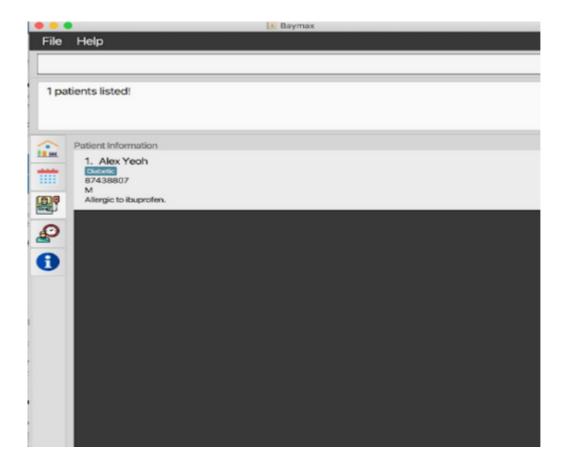


Figure 4.1.5a Finding a patient by name - success

2. If patient is not found, then none will be displayed as shown below.

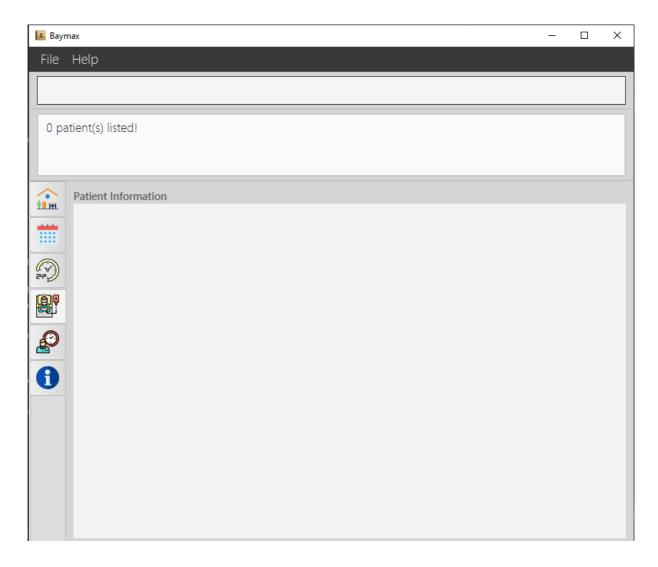


Figure 4.1.5b Finding a patient by name - failure

4.1.6 Add a remark to a patient: remark

You can use this command to add or replace a remark to a patient using their INDEX in the most recently displayed list.

Note: each patient can only have one remark. Using this command when a patient already has a remark will *replace* the existing remark with the new one entered.

Format:

remark INDEX r/REMARK

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the patient in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.
REMARK	The remark to be added to the patient.

Example:

- 1. Type remark 2 r/Allergic to penicillin into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. If the INDEX entered is valid, a success message will be displayed as shown below.

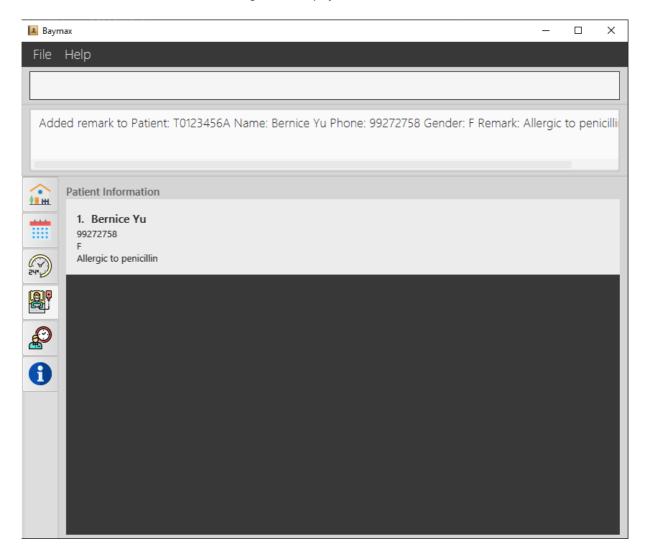


Figure 4.1.6a Adding a remark to a patient - success

2. If the INDEX entered is invalid (either beyond the list or negative), an error message will be displayed as shown below.

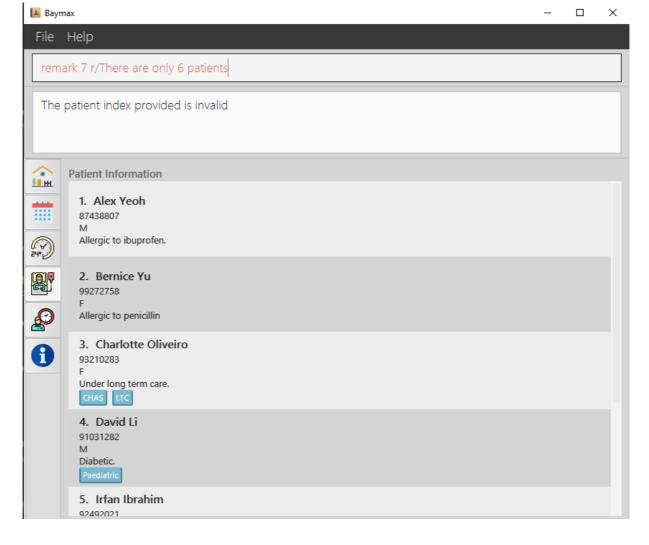


Figure 4.1.6b Adding a remark to a patient - failure

4.2. Appointment Management

This feature allows you to manage the appointments of every patient. You can add, edit, cancel and find an appointment, and list all the appointments in the system.

4.2.1. Add a new appointment: addappt

You can use this command to add a new appointment for a patient.

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the patient in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.
DATETIME	The date followed by the time of the appointment. It must be in <u>DD-MM-YYYY HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 20-01-2020 15:00
TIME	The time of the appointment. It must be in <u>HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 15:00

Parameter Name	Description
DESCRIPTION	The description of the appointment. It can be <u>any text</u> alphanumerical, special characters etc. are allowed. E.g. Wrist fracture check-up #3
TAG	The tag related to the appointment. It must only be <u>alphanumerical</u> and must not contain spaces or special characters. Can have multiple tags. E.g. Xray
NRIC	The nric of the patient. It must start and end with a capital letter and contain 7 numbers in between them. E.g. S1234567A
DURATION	The duration of the appointment.

Format:

addappt INDEX on/DATETIME dur/DURATION desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG]

addappt nric/NRIC on/DATETIME dur/DURATION desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG]

addappt INDEX at/TIME dur/DURATION desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG]

addappt nric/NRIC at/TIME dur/DURATION desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG]

Example:

- 1. Type addappt 1 on/11-10-2020 12:30 dur/60 desc/Removal of braces. tag/DrGoh tag/1HR into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the command is valid (i.e. the user keyed in the valid fields):

1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.

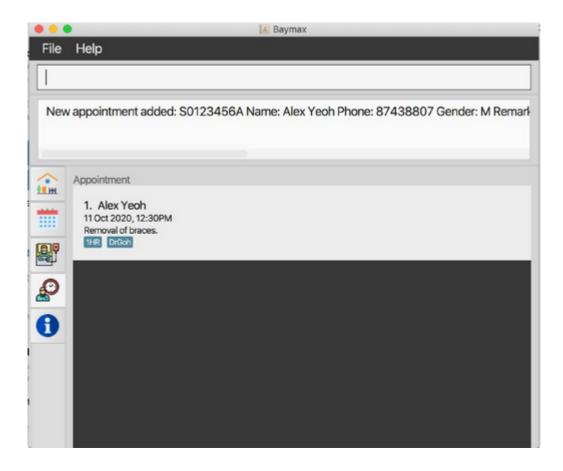


Figure 4.2.1a Scheduling a new appointment for a patient

4.2.2. List all appointments of a patient: listapptof

You can use this command to list all the appointments belonging to a certain patient. However, you will first need to use the <code>listpatient</code> command to find out the patient's <code>INDEX</code>.

Format:

listapptof INDEX

listapptof nric/NRIC

listapptof name/NAME

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the patient in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.
NRIC	The nric of the patient. It must start and end with a capital letter and contain 7 numbers in between them. E.g. S1234567A
NAME	The name by which to search for the patient. It can be an incomplete part of the patient's name. E.g. Alice

Example:

- 1. Type listapptof 1 into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. All appointments associated with the patient will be displayed as shown below.

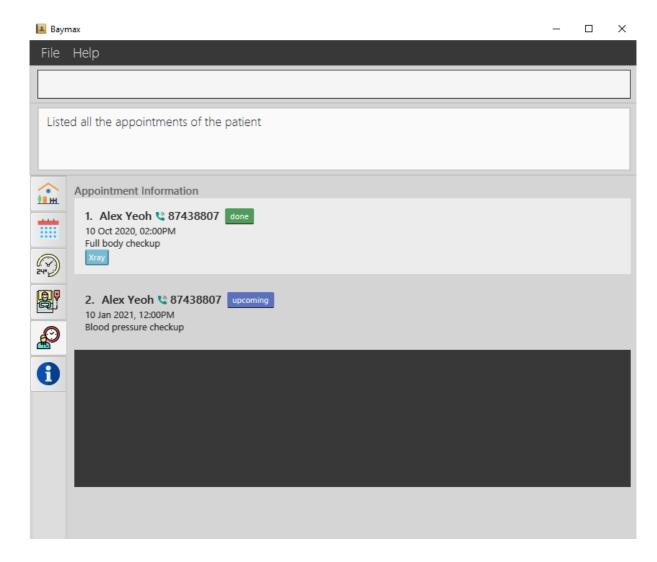


Figure 4.2.2a Listing the appointments of a patient

4.2.3. List all appointments: listappt

You can use this command to list all the appointments in the system, which belong to any patient.

Format:

listappt

Example:

- 1. Type listappt into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. All the appointments in the system will be listed as shown below.

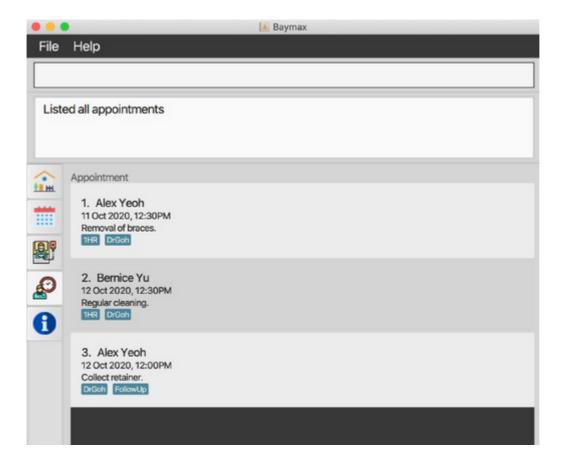


Figure 4.2.3a Listing all appointments

4.2.4. Edit an appointment: editappt

You can use this command to edit an appointment. You can edit any field of an appointment in any order. However, you will first need to use the <code>listappt</code> command to find out the appointment index <code>INDEX</code> first. This extra step helps you to confirm the appointment to be edited, and prevents accidental edits.

Format:

editappt INDEX <at least 1 appointment information parameter>

Listed below are some examples of valid editappt commands:

- editappt INDEX on/DATETIME
- editappt INDEX desc/DESC
- editappt INDEX tag/TAG
- $\bullet \ \ \ \ You \ can \ also \ supply \ multiple \ parameters, \ e.g. \ \ editappt \ \ INDEX \ tag/TAG \ desc/DESC \ on/DATETIME$
- The parameter(s) supplied will directly replace the original one(s)

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
INDEX	The index of the target appointment in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.
DATETIME	The date followed by the time of the appointment. It must be in <u>DD-MM-YYYY HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 20-01-2020 15:00

Parameter Name	Description
DESCRIPTION	The description of the appointment. It can be <u>any text</u> alphanumerical, special characters etc. are allowed. E.g. Wrist fracture check-up #3
TAG	The tag related to the appointment. It must only be <u>alphanumerical</u> and must not contain spaces or special characters. Can have multiple tags. E.g. Xray

Example:

- 1. Type editappt 1 on/12-10-2020 12:00 into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the INDEX (i.e 1) is valid:

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The DATETIME of the appointment at index 1 in the recent list will be edited.

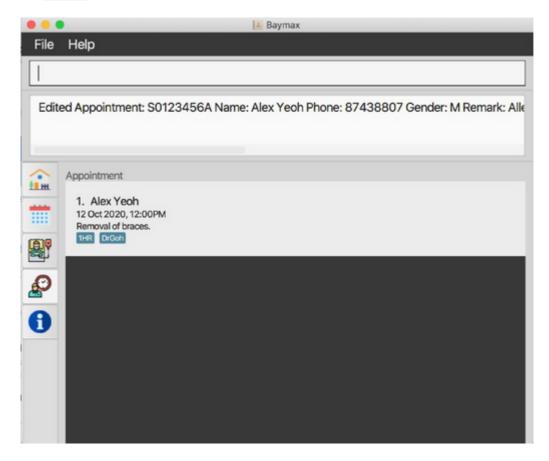


Figure 4.2.4a Editing an appointment

4.2.5 Cancel an appointment: cancel

You can use this command to cancel an appointment within the system by specifying the patient it belongs to and the DATETIME of the appointment.

Format:

cancel INDEX (OR on/DATETIME name/NAME)

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description	
INDEX	The index of the target appointment in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.	
NAME	The name by which to search for the patient. It can be an incomplete part of the patient's name. E.g. Alice	
DATETIME	The date followed by the time of the appointment. It must be in <u>DD-MM-YYYY HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 20-01-2020 15:00	

Example:

- 1. Type cancel 1 into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the command is valid (i.e. the specified appointment exists):

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The appointment specified will be removed.

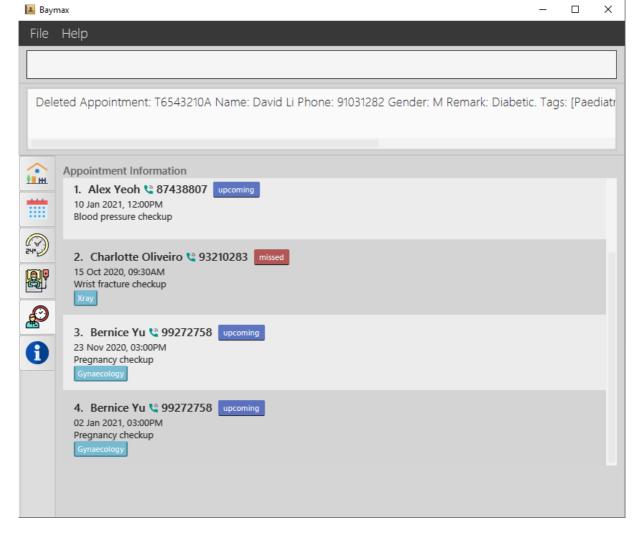


Figure 4.2.5a Cancelling an appointment

4.2.6 Mark an appointment as done: done

You can use this command to mark an appointment within the system as done by specifying the patient it belongs to and the <code>DATETIME</code> of the appointment.

Format:

done INDEX (OR on/DATETIME name/NAME)

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description	
INDEX	The index of the target appointment in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.	
NAME	The name by which to search for the patient. It can be an incomplete part of the patient's name. E.g. Alice	
DATETIME	The date followed by the time of the appointment. It must be in <u>DD-MM-YYYY HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 20-01-2020 15:00	

Example:

- 1. Type done on/20-01-2020 15:00 name/Charlotte into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

If the command is valid (i.e. the specified appointment exists):

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The appointment specified will be marked as done.

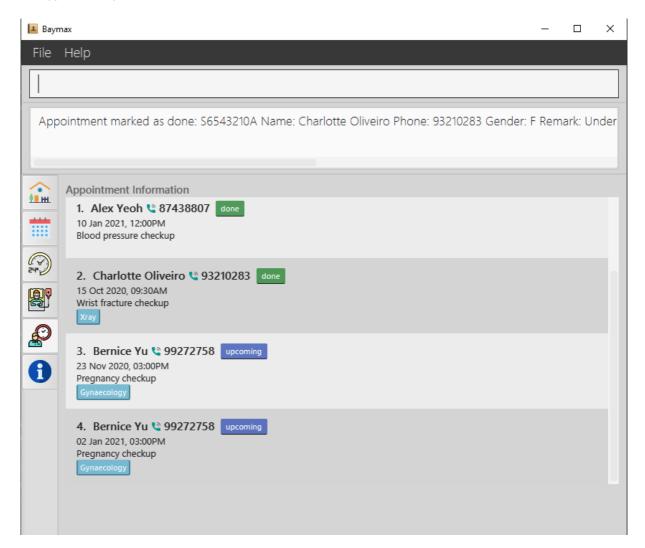


Figure 4.2.6a Marking an appointment as done

4.2.7 Mark an appointment as missed: missed

You can use this command to mark an appointment within the system as missed by specifying the patient it belongs to and the DATETIME of the appointment.

Format:

missed INDEX (OR on/DATETIME name/NAME)

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description	
INDEX	The index of the target appointment in the most recently displayed list. It must be a positive integer.	
NAME	The name by which to search for the patient. It can be an incomplete part of the patient's name. E.g. Alice	
DATETIME	The date followed by the time of the appointment. It must be in <u>DD-MM-YYYY HH:MM</u> format. E.g. 20-01-2020 15:00	

Example:

- 1. Type missed on/20-01-2020 15:00 name/Charlotte into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

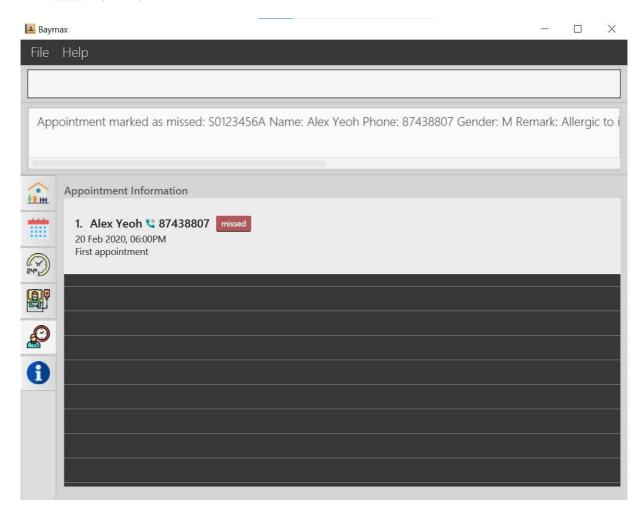


Figure 4.2.7a Marking an appointment as done

Outcome:

If the command is valid (i.e. the specified appointment exists):

- 1. A success message will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. The appointment specified will be marked as done.

Figure 4.2.7a Marking an appointment as missed

4.3. Calendar

This feature allows you to view the availability status of each day in a month, as well as the appointment schedule for a period of time or within a particular day / week. The following subsections will guide you through the commands to set the calendar view to a particular year and month.

4.3.1. Switch to a particular year: year

You can use this command to switch to a particular year. The default is the current year. Suppose there are appointments scheduled one year in advance, you can use this function to switch to the following year. The year set by this command will affect the command we will discuss in Section 4.3.2 (Switching to a particular month).

Format:

year YEAR

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
YEAR	The year you want to switch to. It must be a 4-digit positive number. E.g. 2020

Example:

- 1. Type year 2019 into the command box.
- 2. Press enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

- 1. Baymax will switch to the calendar tab.
- 2. The year 2019 will be displayed on the top of the window together with the currently selected month.

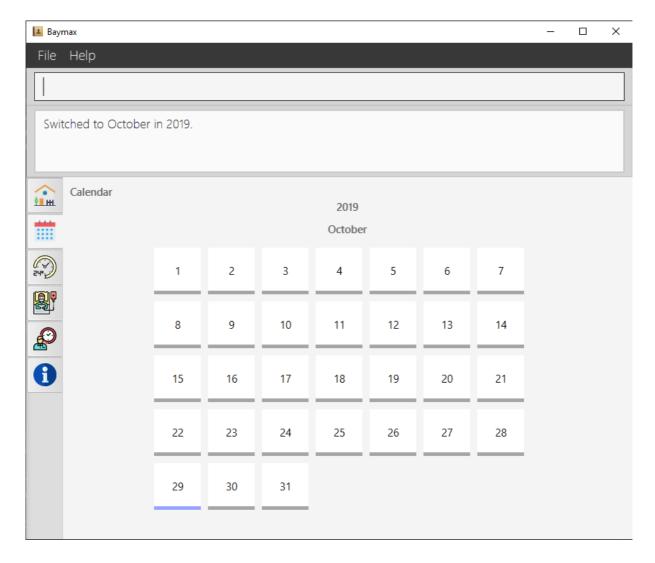


Figure 4.3.1a Changing the year to 2019

4.3.2. Switch to a particular month: month

You can use this command to switch to a particular month based on the year you set in Section 3.3.1. The default is the current month. For example, if today is 3rd January 2020, then the calendar will display the year 2020 and the month January by default.

Format:

month MONTH

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
MONTH	The month you want to switch to. It must be a positive number from 1 (January) to 12 (December).

Example:

- 1. Type year 2020 into the command box and press Enter to switch to the year 2020.
- 2. Type month 9 into the command box.
- 3. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. The month will be set to September and that month's appointments will be displayed as a calendar view.

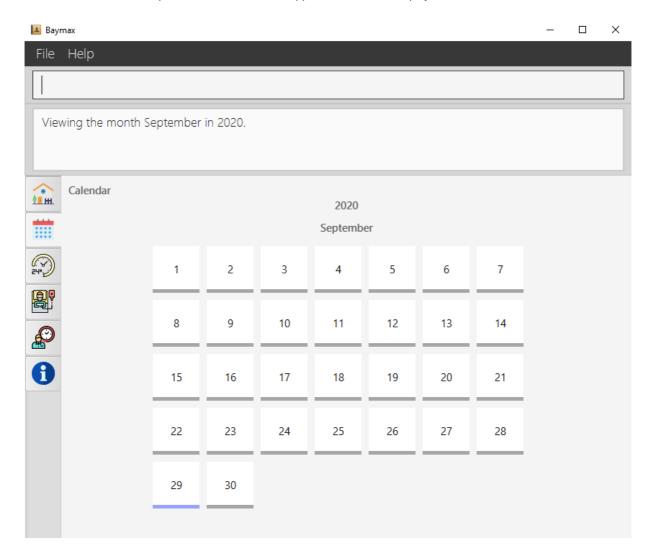


Figure 4.3.2a Changing the month to September

4.3.3. Switch to a particular day: day

You can use this command to select a particular day, and display its schedule (with all appointments within the day).

Parameter Name	Description	
DAY	The day of the month you want to switch to. It must be a positive number from 1 to the last day of the month. E.g. if the month is February (which only has 28 days), the range of numbers you can enter is 1 to 28.	

Format:

day DAY

Example:

1. Type year 2020 into the command box and press Enter to switch to the year 2020.

- 2. Type month 10 into the command box and press enter to switch to the month October.
- 3. Type day 19 into the command box.
- 4. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. The day 2020-10-15 will be selected.

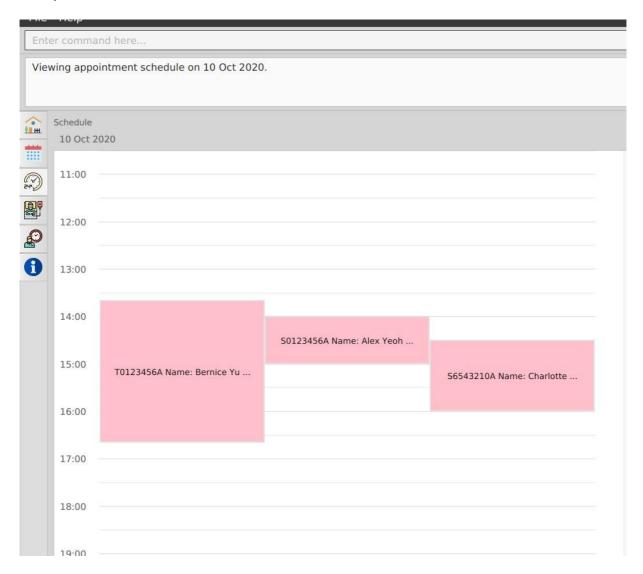


Figure 4.3.3a Viewing the schedule on the 19th

4.3.4. Display appointments within a period (coming soon): period

You can use this command to display all appointments within a specified period, defined by a start day and an end day. The year and month are assumed to be the current year and month.

Format:

period from/START to/END

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
-------------------	-------------

Parameter Name	Description	
FROM	day of the month you want to start viewing from. It must be a positive number between 1 and τ_0 . if τ_0 is 10, the range of numbers you can enter is 1 to 10.	
ТО	he day of the month you want to end viewing with. It must be a positive number between FROM and the ast day of the month. E.g. if the month is February (which only has 28 days) and FROM is 5, the range of umbers you can enter is 5 to 28.	

Example:

- 1. Type year 2020 into the command box and press Enter to switch to the year 2020.
- 2. Type month 3 into the command box and press Enter to switch to March.
- 3. Type period from/1 to/7 into the command box.
- 4. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. All appointments from 2020-03-01 to 2020-03-07 will be displayed in the calendar view.

[App Screenshot (Still in Progress)]

4.4. Utilities

4.4.1. View help: help

You can use this command to view a list of available commands in order to jog your memory and quickly get started. A URL link to the full *User Guide* (this document) is also provided for you to find more details about the commands.

Format:

help

Example:

- 1. Type help into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. A link directing the user to the help page will be displayed as shown below, together with a summarised list of commands.

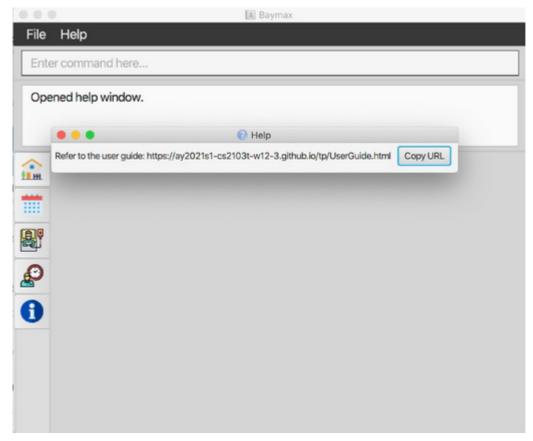


Figure 4.4.1a Executing help command

4.4.2. Switch between tabs:

You can use this command to switch between tabs by specifying the tab name.

Format:

TAB_NAME

Parameters:

Parameter Name	Description
TAB_NAME	The name of the tab you want to switch to.

TAB_NAME	Tab that Baymax will switch to
dashboard	Dashboard
calendar	Calendar
schedule	Schedule
patient	Patients
appt	Appointments
help	Help/Additional Information

Example:

- 1. Type calendar into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard

Outcome:

1. The second tab, featuring the calendar page, will be displayed as shown in the image below.

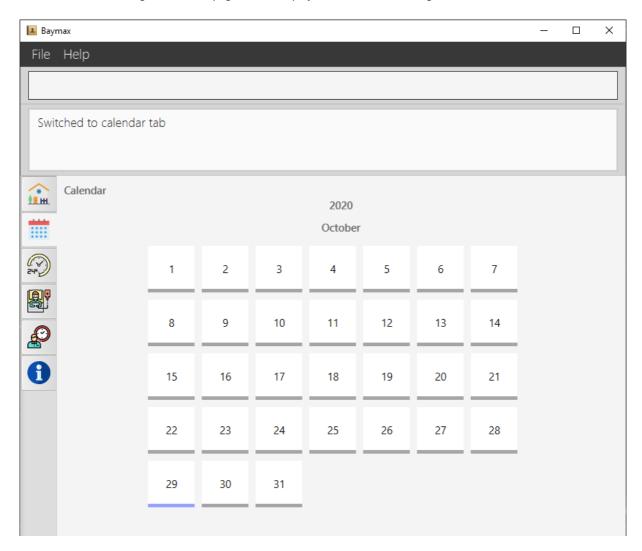


Figure 4.4.2a Changing to calendar tab

4.4.3 Exit the program: exit

You can use this command to exit the program.

Format: exit

Example:

- 1. Type exit into the command box.
- 2. Press Enter on your keyboard.

Outcome:

1. The application window will close and it will stop running.

5. FAQ

(Contributed by Hui Ling)

Q: Do I have to manually save any data?

A: No. Baymax saves your data to the hard disk automatically after any command that changes data.

6. Command Summary

(Contributed by Hui Ling and Reuben)

6.1 Patient Information Management Commands

Command	Example
Add a Patient: addpatient nric/NRIC name/NAME phone/PHONE gender/GENDER [r/REMARK] [tag/TAG]	addpatient nric/S9772234F name/Jason Tan phone/98765432 gender/M
List All Patients: listpatient	listpatient
Delete a Patient: deletepatient INDEX	deletepatient 4
Edit a Patient's Information: editpatient INDEX <at 1="" information="" least="" parameter="" patient=""></at>	editpatient INDEX phone/82345678
Find a Patient: findpatient NAME_KEYWORD	findpatient Alex
Add a remark: remark INDEX r/REMARK	remark 2 r/Not free on Fridays

6.2 Appointment Management Commands

Command	Example
Add an Appointment: addappt INDEX on/DATETIME dur/DURATION	addappt nric/S1234567C on/11-10-2020
desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG] OR addappt nric/NRIC on/DATETIME dur/DURATION desc/DESCRIPTION [tag/TAG]	12:30 desc/Removal of braces. tag/DrGoh tag/1HR
List Appointments of a Patient: listapptof INDEX	listapptof 1
List All Appointments: listappt	listappt
Edit an Appointment: editappt INDEX <at 1="" appointment="" information="" least="" parameter=""></at>	editappt 1 on/12-10-2020 12:00
Cancel an Appointment: cancel INDEX OR cancel on/DATETIME name/NAME	cancel on/20-01-2020 15:00 name/Alex
Mark an Appointment as done: done INDEX OR on/DATETIME name/NAME	done on/20-01-2020 15:00 name/Charlotte
Mark an Appointment as missed: missed INDEX OR on/DATETIME name/NAME	missed 1

6.3 Calendar Commands

Command	Example
Switch to a particular year: year YEAR	year 2021
Switch to a particular month: month MONTH	month 11
Switch to a particular day: day DAY	day 15

6.4 Utilities Commands

Command	Example
View help: help	help
Switch between tabs: TAB_NAME	calendar
Exit the program : exit	exit