



COMPUTER SCIENCE

INDIANA UNIVERSITY

School of Informatics and Computing
Bloomington

Matrix factorization for representation learning



Reminders/Comments

- All due dates listed on schedule in canvas, including final
- Assignment 2 marks should be back this week
- Office hours end at 3:30 p.m. today

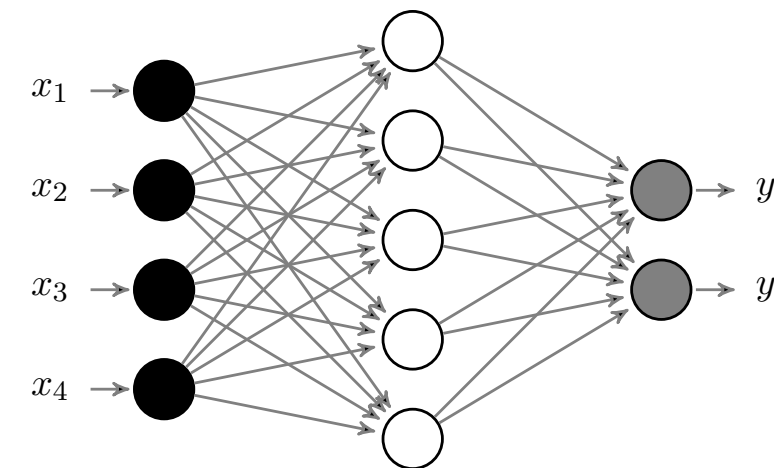


Representation learning

- For generalized linear models, learning $f(xW) = E[y \mid x]$
- Augment observations, $\phi(x)$ and learn $f(\phi(x) W) = E[y \mid x]$
- There are many strategies to augmenting x
 - fixed representations, like polynomials, wavelets
 - neural networks
 - matrix factorization

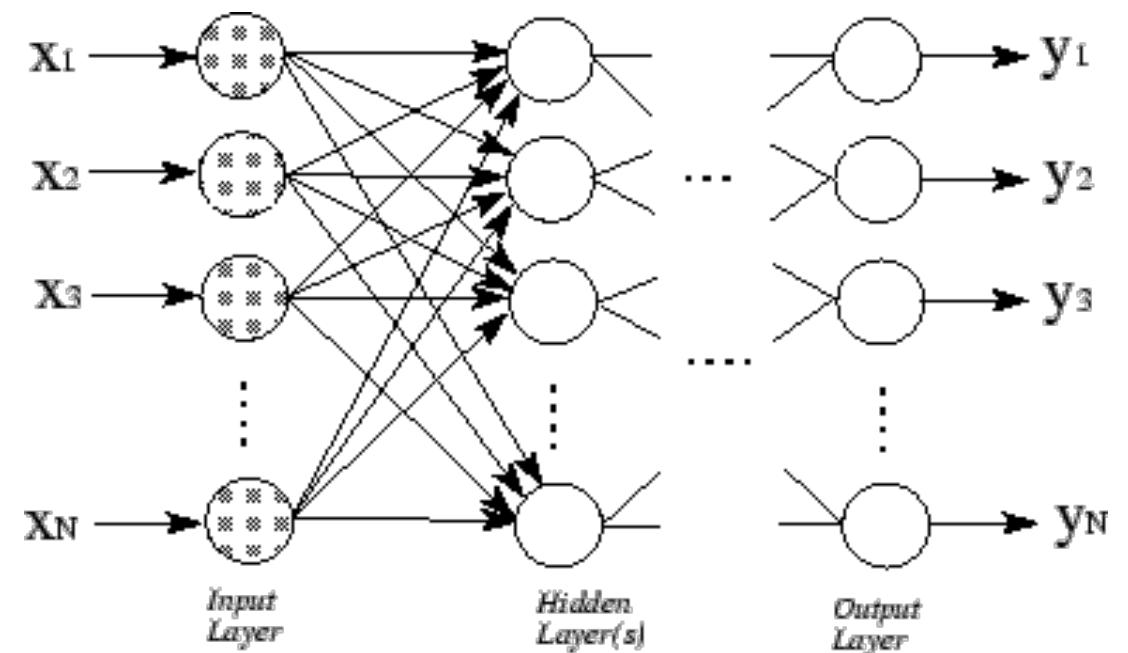


Whiteboard

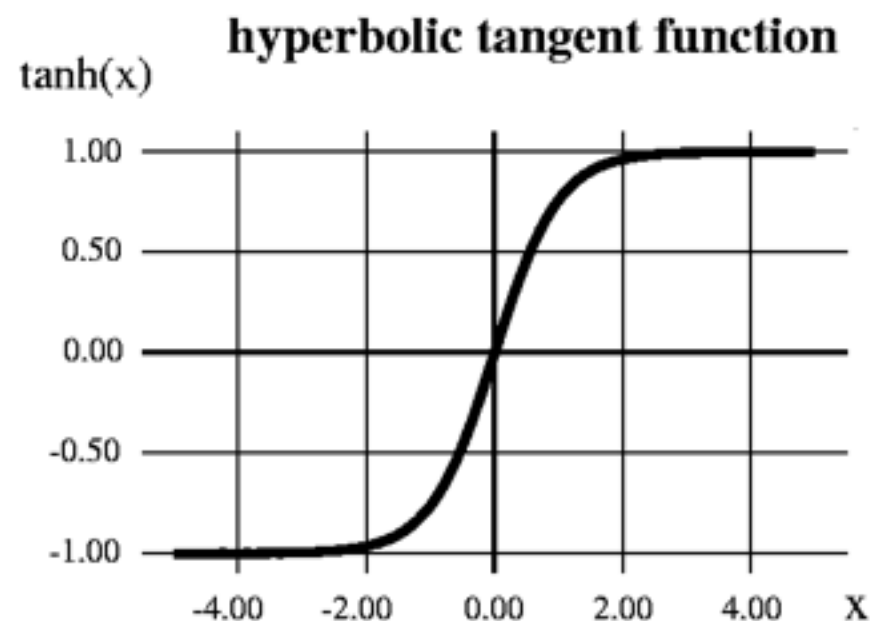


- Derive update for multi-output neural network

- Derive update for multi-layer neural network



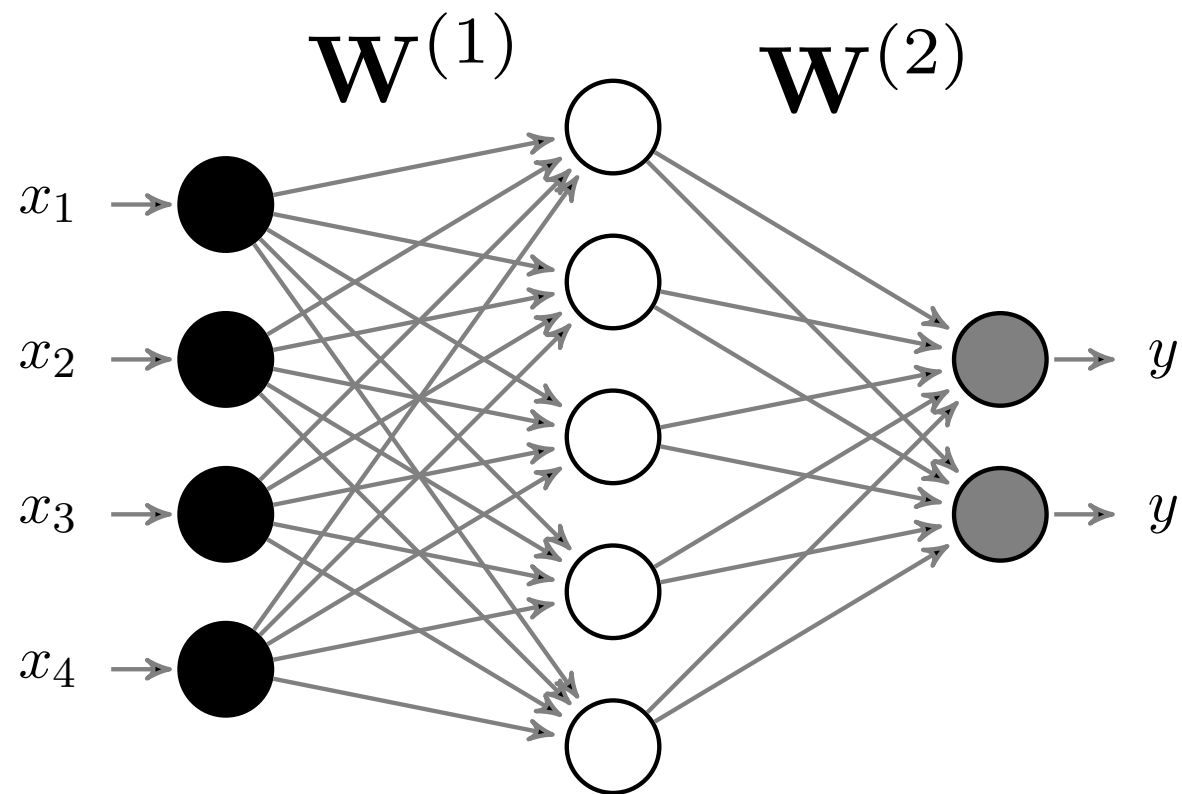
- Derive update for tanh transfer





Representation learning

Neural network

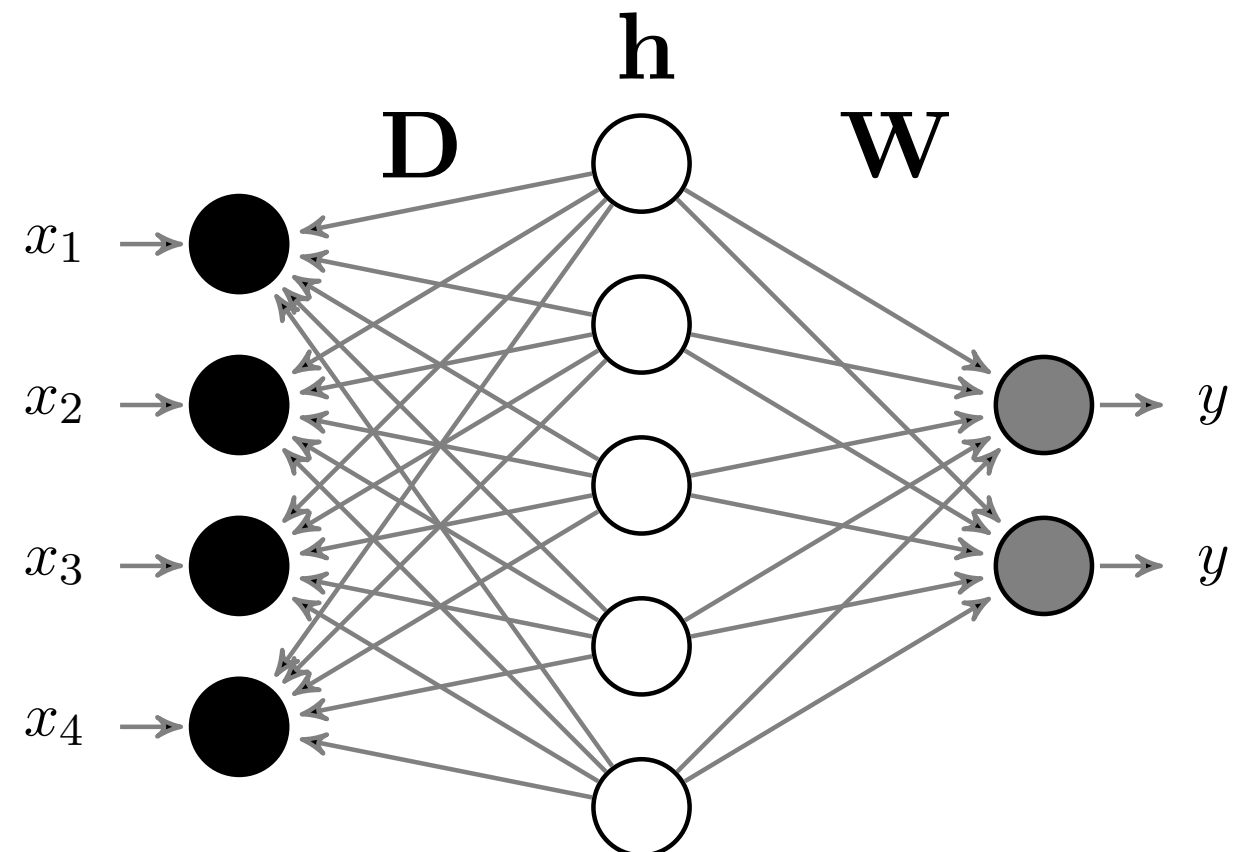


$$\mathbf{W}^{(1)} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times d}, \mathbf{W}^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times k}$$

$$d = 4, k = 5, m = 2$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{y}} = f_2(\mathbf{W}^{(2)} f_1(\mathbf{W}^{(1)} \mathbf{x}))$$

Regularized factor model



$$\mathbf{D} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times d}, \mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times m}$$

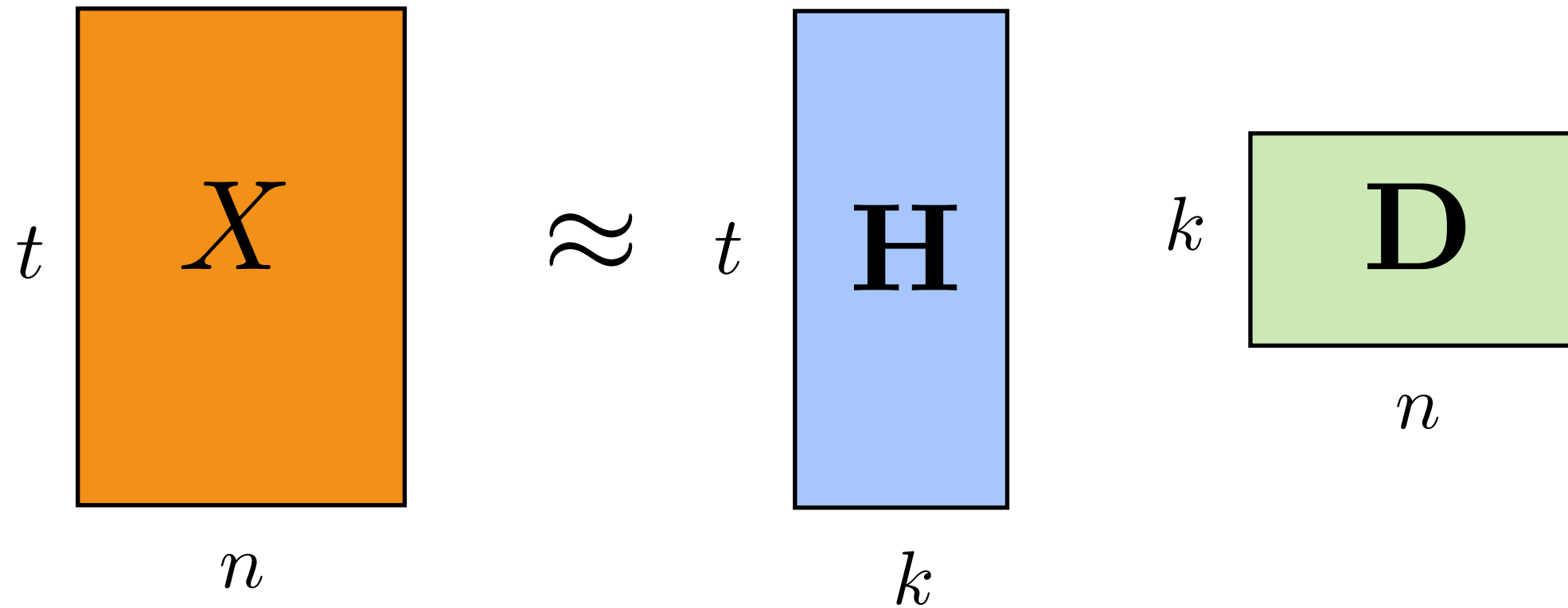
$$d = 4, k = 5, m = 2$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{y}} = f_2(\mathbf{h}\mathbf{W})$$

$$\mathbf{h} = \arg \min_{\mathbf{h} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times k}} L_x(\mathbf{h}\mathbf{D}, \mathbf{x})$$



Unsupervised RFMs





Whiteboard

- Regularized factor models
 - formulation for unsupervised learning
 - example with principal components analysis