# qwe0bcn7f

January 13, 2025

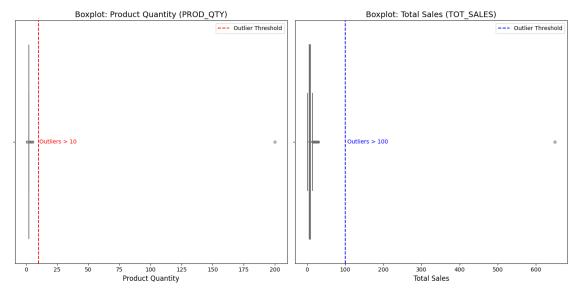
```
[3]: # Importing Libraries
    import pandas as pd
    import seaborn as sns
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[4]: # Load Data
    transaction_data = pd.read_excel(r"C:
      ⇔\Users\ashwi\Downloads\QVI_transaction_data.xlsx")
    purchase_behaviour_data = pd.read_csv(r"C:

¬\Users\ashwi\Downloads\QVI_purchase_behaviour.csv")
[5]: # Data Inspection
    print("Transaction Data Info:")
    print(transaction data.info())
    print("\nPurchase Behaviour Data Info:")
    print(purchase_behaviour_data.info())
     # Checking for missing values
    print("\nMissing Values in Transaction Data:")
    print(transaction_data.isnull().sum())
    print("\nMissing Values in Purchase Behaviour Data:")
    print(purchase_behaviour_data.isnull().sum())
    Transaction Data Info:
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 264836 entries, 0 to 264835
    Data columns (total 8 columns):
     #
         Column
                         Non-Null Count
                                          Dtype
         _____
                         _____
     0
         DATE
                         264836 non-null int64
     1
         STORE NBR
                         264836 non-null int64
     2
         LYLTY_CARD_NBR 264836 non-null int64
     3
                         264836 non-null int64
         TXN ID
                         264836 non-null int64
     4
         PROD NBR
     5
         PROD NAME
                         264836 non-null object
         PROD_QTY
                         264836 non-null int64
     7
         TOT_SALES
                         264836 non-null float64
    dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(1)
```

```
memory usage: 16.2+ MB
    None
    Purchase Behaviour Data Info:
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 72637 entries, 0 to 72636
    Data columns (total 3 columns):
                           Non-Null Count Dtype
         Column
    --- -----
                          -----
     O LYLTY_CARD_NBR 72637 non-null int64
     1
        LIFESTAGE
                           72637 non-null object
         PREMIUM_CUSTOMER 72637 non-null object
    dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
    memory usage: 1.7+ MB
    None
    Missing Values in Transaction Data:
    DATE
    STORE_NBR
                      0
    LYLTY CARD NBR
                      0
    TXN_ID
                      0
                      0
    PROD NBR
    PROD_NAME
    PROD_QTY
                      0
    TOT_SALES
                      0
    dtype: int64
    Missing Values in Purchase Behaviour Data:
    LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                        0
    LIFESTAGE
                        0
    PREMIUM_CUSTOMER
                        0
    dtype: int64
[6]: # Outlier Detection
    # Define figure size and layout
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14, 7))
    # Boxplot for Product Quantity (PROD_QTY)
    sns.boxplot(data=transaction_data, x='PROD_QTY', ax=axes[0], color='lightblue',_
      ⇔fliersize=4, linewidth=1.5)
    axes[0].set_title('Boxplot: Product Quantity (PROD_QTY)', fontsize=14)
    axes[0].set_xlabel('Product Quantity', fontsize=12)
    axes[0].tick_params(axis='both', which='major', labelsize=10)
     # Highlighting the outlier area
    axes[0].axvline(10, color='red', linestyle='--', linewidth=1.5, label='Outlier_

¬Threshold')
```

```
axes[0].legend(fontsize=10)
axes[0].text(10.5, 0, 'Outliers > 10', color='red', fontsize=10,\square
 ⇔verticalalignment='center')
# Boxplot for Total Sales (TOT_SALES)
sns.boxplot(data=transaction_data, x='TOT_SALES', ax=axes[1], color='salmon',_
 →fliersize=4, linewidth=1.5)
axes[1].set_title('Boxplot: Total Sales (TOT SALES)', fontsize=14)
axes[1].set_xlabel('Total Sales', fontsize=12)
axes[1].tick_params(axis='both', which='major', labelsize=10)
# Highlighting the outlier area
axes[1].axvline(100, color='blue', linestyle='--', linewidth=1.5,
 ⇔label='Outlier Threshold')
axes[1].legend(fontsize=10)
axes[1].text(105, 0, 'Outliers > 100', color='blue', fontsize=10, __
 ⇔verticalalignment='center')
# Adjust spacing
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# Removing outliers from transaction data
     transaction data cleaned = transaction data[~transaction data['TXN ID'].
      ⇔isin(outlier_transactions['TXN_ID'])]
    Outlier Transactions:
            DATE STORE_NBR LYLTY_CARD_NBR TXN_ID PROD_NBR \
    69762 43331
                         226
                                      226000 226201
    69763 43605
                         226
                                      226000 226210
                                                              4
                                   PROD NAME PROD QTY TOT SALES
                                Supreme 380g
                                                    200
                                                             650.0
    69762 Dorito Corn Chp
    69763 Dorito Corn Chp
                                Supreme 380g
                                                    200
                                                             650.0
[8]: # Feature Engineering
     # Extracting Pack Size
     transaction_data_cleaned['PACK_SIZE'] = transaction_data_cleaned['PROD_NAME'].
      ⇔str.extract(r'(\d+)g').astype(float)
     # Extracting Brand
     transaction_data_cleaned['BRAND'] = transaction_data_cleaned['PROD_NAME'].str.
      ⇒split().str[0]
    \label{local_Temp_ipykernel_27332_181266301.py:3:} C:\Users\ashwi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_27332\181266301.py:3:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
      transaction_data_cleaned['PACK_SIZE'] =
    transaction_data_cleaned['PROD_NAME'].str.extract(r'(\d+)g').astype(float)
    C:\Users\ashwi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_27332\181266301.py:6:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
      transaction data cleaned['BRAND'] =
    transaction_data_cleaned['PROD_NAME'].str.split().str[0]
[9]: # Merge Data
     merged_data = pd.merge(
         transaction data cleaned,
         purchase_behaviour_data,
         on="LYLTY_CARD_NBR",
```

```
how="inner"
)

# Exploratory Data Analysis

# Summary statistics

print("\nMerged Data Info:")

print(merged_data.info())

print("\nSummary Statistics:")

print(merged_data.describe(include='all'))
```

### Merged Data Info:

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 264834 entries, 0 to 264833
Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	DATE	264834 non-null	int64
1	STORE_NBR	264834 non-null	int64
2	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	264834 non-null	int64
3	TXN_ID	264834 non-null	int64
4	PROD_NBR	264834 non-null	int64
5	PROD_NAME	264834 non-null	object
6	PROD_QTY	264834 non-null	int64
7	TOT_SALES	264834 non-null	float64
8	PACK_SIZE	258770 non-null	float64
9	BRAND	264834 non-null	object
10	LIFESTAGE	264834 non-null	object
11	PREMIUM_CUSTOMER	264834 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(2), int64(6), object(4)

memory usage: 24.2+ MB

None

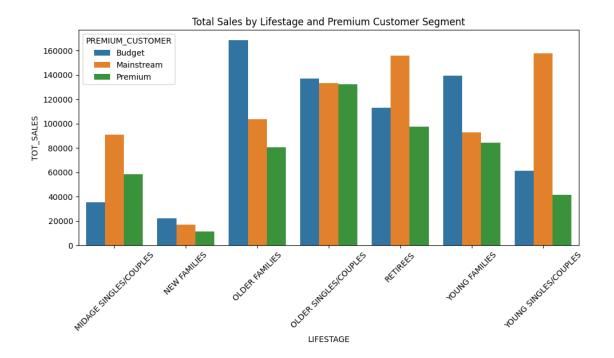
### Summary Statistics:

	DATE	STORE_NBR	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	TXN_ID	\
count	264834.000000	264834.000000	2.648340e+05	2.648340e+05	
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
mean	43464.036230	135.079423	1.355488e+05	1.351576e+05	
std	105.389007	76.784063	8.057990e+04	7.813292e+04	
min	43282.000000	1.000000	1.000000e+03	1.000000e+00	
25%	43373.000000	70.000000	7.002100e+04	6.760050e+04	
50%	43464.000000	130.000000	1.303570e+05	1.351365e+05	
75%	43555.000000	203.000000	2.030940e+05	2.026998e+05	
max	43646.000000	272.000000	2.373711e+06	2.415841e+06	

```
PROD_NBR
                                                             PROD_NAME
                                                                              PROD_QTY \
              264834.000000
                                                                 264834
                                                                         264834.000000
     count
     unique
                         NaN
                                                                    114
                                                                                    NaN
     top
                        NaN
                              Kettle Mozzarella
                                                   Basil & Pesto 175g
                                                                                    NaN
                                                                  3304
     freq
                        NaN
                                                                                    NaN
     mean
                  56.583554
                                                                    NaN
                                                                              1.905813
     std
                  32.826444
                                                                   NaN
                                                                              0.343436
     min
                   1.000000
                                                                   NaN
                                                                              1.000000
     25%
                  28.000000
                                                                   NaN
                                                                              2.000000
     50%
                                                                   NaN
                  56.000000
                                                                              2.000000
     75%
                  85.000000
                                                                    NaN
                                                                              2.000000
                 114.000000
                                                                   NaN
                                                                              5.000000
     max
                                                                    LIFESTAGE
                  TOT_SALES
                                  PACK_SIZE
                                               BRAND
                                                                               \
              264834.000000
                              258770.000000
                                              264834
     count
                                                                       264834
     unique
                         NaN
                                         NaN
                                                  29
                                                                            7
     top
                         NaN
                                         NaN
                                              Kettle
                                                       OLDER SINGLES/COUPLES
                                               41288
                        NaN
                                         NaN
                                                                        54479
     freq
                   7.299346
                                 182.324276
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
     mean
     std
                   2.527241
                                  64.955035
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
     min
                   1.500000
                                  70.000000
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
     25%
                   5.400000
                                                 NaN
                                 150.000000
                                                                          NaN
     50%
                   7.400000
                                 170.000000
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
     75%
                   9.200000
                                 175.000000
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
     max
                  29.500000
                                 380.000000
                                                 NaN
                                                                          NaN
             PREMIUM_CUSTOMER
                        264834
     count
     unique
     top
                   Mainstream
                        101988
     freq
     mean
                           NaN
     std
                           NaN
     min
                           NaN
     25%
                           NaN
     50%
                           NaN
     75%
                           NaN
     max
                           NaN
[10]: # Sales by Lifestage and Premium Segment
      sales_by_segment = merged_data.groupby(['LIFESTAGE',_
       →'PREMIUM_CUSTOMER'])['TOT_SALES'].sum().reset_index()
      print("\nSales by Segment:")
      print(sales_by_segment)
      # Visualizing Sales by Segment
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

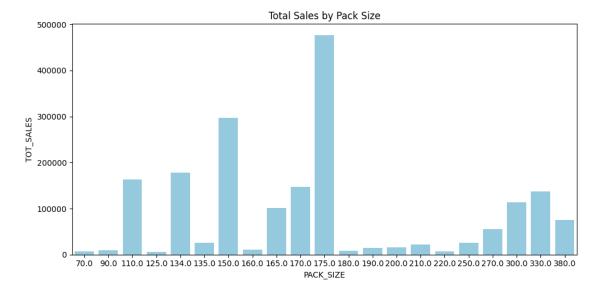
## Sales by Segment:

	·	LIFESTAGE	PREMIUM_CUSTOMER	TOT_SALES
0	MIDAGE	SINGLES/COUPLES	Budget	35514.80
1	MIDAGE	SINGLES/COUPLES	Mainstream	90803.85
2	MIDAGE	SINGLES/COUPLES	Premium	58432.65
3		NEW FAMILIES	Budget	21928.45
4		NEW FAMILIES	Mainstream	17013.90
5		NEW FAMILIES	Premium	11491.10
6		OLDER FAMILIES	Budget	168363.25
7		OLDER FAMILIES	Mainstream	103445.55
8		OLDER FAMILIES	Premium	80658.40
9	OLDER	SINGLES/COUPLES	Budget	136769.80
10	OLDER	SINGLES/COUPLES	Mainstream	133393.80
11	OLDER	SINGLES/COUPLES	Premium	132263.15
12		RETIREES	Budget	113147.80
13		RETIREES	Mainstream	155677.05
14		RETIREES	Premium	97646.05
15		YOUNG FAMILIES	Budget	139345.85
16		YOUNG FAMILIES	Mainstream	92788.75
17		YOUNG FAMILIES	Premium	84025.50
18	YOUNG	SINGLES/COUPLES	Budget	61141.60
19	YOUNG	SINGLES/COUPLES	Mainstream	157621.60
20	YOUNG	SINGLES/COUPLES	Premium	41642.10



```
Pack Size Sales Summary:
    PACK_SIZE TOT_SALES
0
         70.0
                   6852.0
         90.0
                   9676.4
1
2
        110.0
                 162765.4
3
        125.0
                   5733.0
4
                 177655.5
        134.0
5
        135.0
                 26090.4
6
        150.0
                 296609.7
7
        160.0
                 10647.6
8
        165.0
                 101360.6
9
        170.0
                 146673.0
10
        175.0
                 477112.4
```

11	180.0	8568.4
12	190.0	14412.9
13	200.0	16007.5
14	210.0	21700.8
15	220.0	6831.0
16	250.0	26096.7
17	270.0	55425.4
18	300.0	113330.6
19	330.0	136794.3
20	380.0	75419.6



# [12]: # Recommendations print("\nRecommendations:") print(""" 1. Target Lifestage segments with high total sales for promotional campaigns. 2. Focus on premium customers who contribute significantly to revenue. 3. Optimize stock levels for popular pack sizes. 4. Consider diversifying brand offerings based on customer preferences. """)

### Recommendations:

- 1. Target Lifestage segments with high total sales for promotional campaigns.
- 2. Focus on premium customers who contribute significantly to revenue.
- 3. Optimize stock levels for popular pack sizes.
- 4. Consider diversifying brand offerings based on customer preferences.

```
[13]: # Saving Analysis
merged_data.to_csv('cleaned_merged_data.csv', index=False)
```