A Tree Sampler for Bounded Context-Free Languages

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Main Idea

- Analytic combinatorics: if you can count it, then you can sample from it!
- We implement a bijection between labeled binary trees in BCFLs and $\mathbb{Z}_{|T|}$
- Allows for communication-free parallel no-replacement sampling in $\widetilde{\mathcal{O}}(1)$

Semiring Parsing

Given a CFG $\mathcal{G} = \langle V, \Sigma, P, S \rangle$ in Chomsky Normal Form (CNF), we may construct a recognizer $R_{\mathcal{G}} : \Sigma^n \to \mathbb{B}$ for strings $\sigma : \Sigma^n$ as follows. Let 2^V be our domain, where 0 is \varnothing , \oplus is \cup , and \otimes be defined as:

$$s_1 \otimes s_2 = \{C \mid \langle A, B \rangle \in s_1 \times s_2, (C \to AB) \in P\}$$

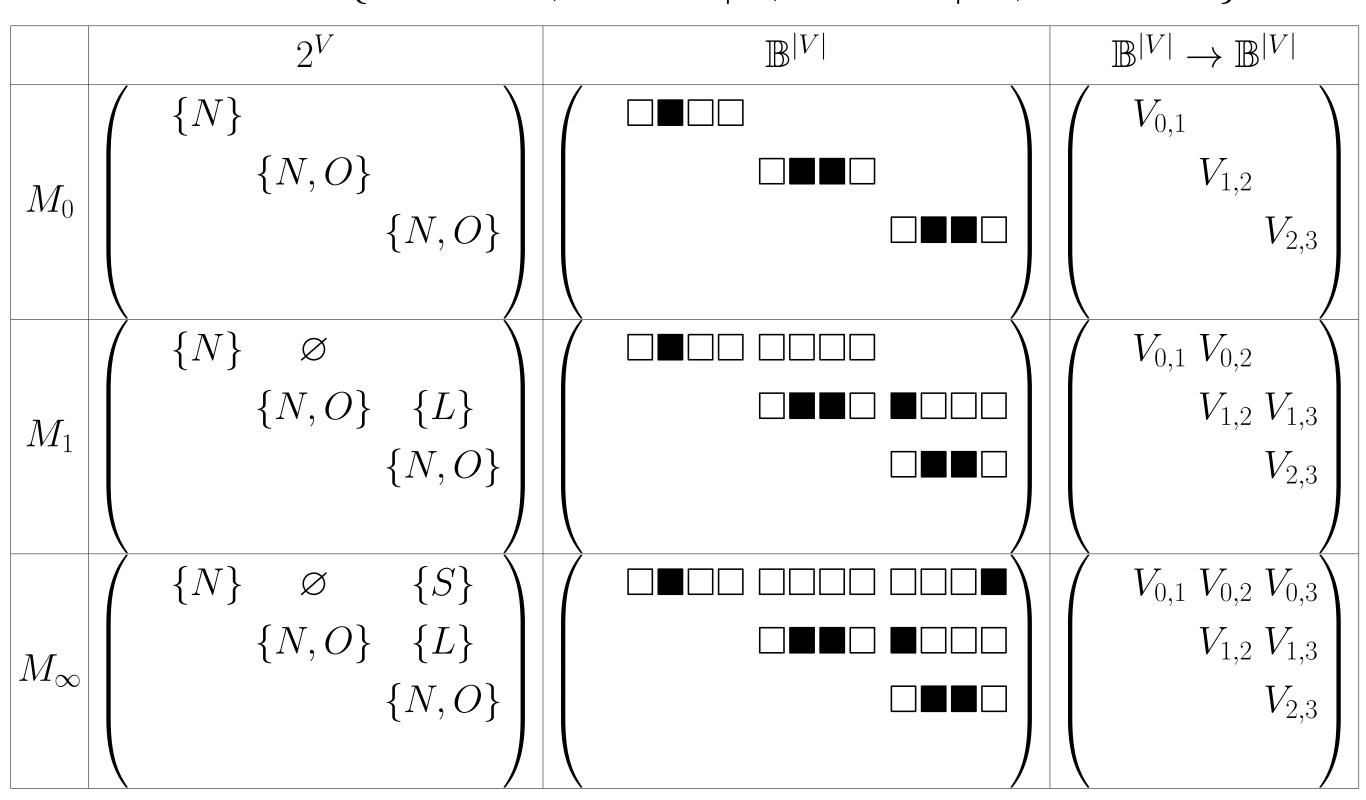
If we define $\hat{\sigma}_r = \{w \mid (w \to \sigma_r) \in P\}$, then construct a matrix with unit nonterminals on the superdiagonal, $M_0[r+1=c](G',\sigma) = \hat{\sigma}_r$ the fixpoint $M_{i+1} = M_i + M_i^2$ is fully determined by the first diagonal:

$$M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} \varnothing & \hat{\sigma}_1 & \varnothing & & \varnothing \\ & & \varnothing & & & \\ & & \hat{\sigma}_n \\ \varnothing & & & \varnothing \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \varnothing & \hat{\sigma}_1 & \Lambda & & \varnothing \\ & & & \Lambda \\ & & & \hat{\sigma}_n \\ \varnothing & & & \varnothing \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow M_\infty = \begin{pmatrix} \varnothing & \hat{\sigma}_1 & \Lambda & & \Lambda^*_{\sigma} \\ & & & \Lambda \\ & & & \hat{\sigma}_n \\ \varnothing & & & \varnothing \end{pmatrix}$$

CFL membership is recognized by $R(G', \sigma) = [S \in \Lambda_{\sigma}^*] \Leftrightarrow [\sigma \in \mathcal{L}(G)]$.

Parsing Dynamics

Let us consider an example with two holes, $\sigma=1$ ____, and the grammar being $G=\{S\to NON,O\to +\mid \times,N\to 0\mid 1\}$. This can be rewritten into CNF as $G'=\{S\to NL,N\to 0\mid 1,O\to \times\mid +,L\to ON\}$.



This procedure decides if $\exists \sigma' \in \mathcal{L}(G) \mid \sigma' \sqsubseteq \sigma$ but forgets provenance.

Encoding CFL Sketching into SAT

- CYK parser can be lowered onto a Boolean tensor $\mathbb{B}^{n \times n \times |V|}$ (Valiant, 1975)
- ullet Binarized CYK parser can be compiled to SAT to solve for \mathbf{M}^* directly
- We simply encode the characteristic function, i.e., $\mathbb{1}_{\subseteq V}: 2^V \to \mathbb{B}^{|V|}$
- \oplus , \otimes are defined as \boxplus , \boxtimes , so that the following diagram commutes:

$$2^{V} \times 2^{V} \xrightarrow{\oplus/\otimes} 2^{V}$$

$$1^{-2} \downarrow 1^{2} \qquad 1^{-1} \downarrow 1$$

$$\mathbb{B}^{|V|} \times \mathbb{B}^{|V|} \xrightarrow{\boxplus/\boxtimes} \mathbb{B}^{|V|}$$

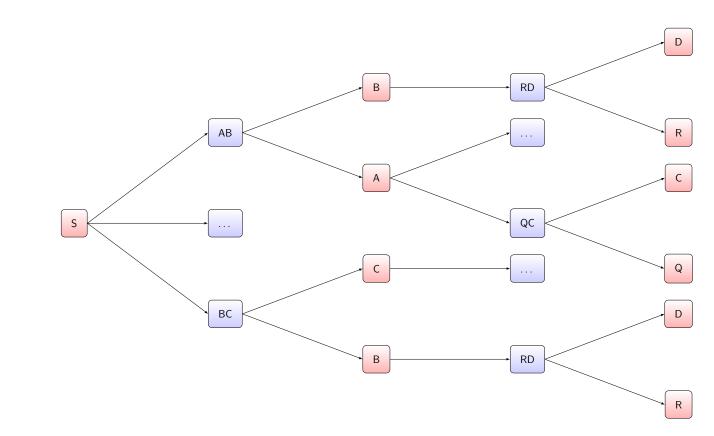
• These operators can be lifted into matrices and tensors in the usual manner

A Nested Datatype for BCFLs

We define a map from nonterminals $\mathbb{T}_3 = (V \cup \Sigma) \rightharpoonup \mathbb{T}_2$ onto the datatype $\mathbb{T}_2 = (V \cup \Sigma) \times (\mathbb{N} \rightharpoonup \mathbb{T}_2 \times \mathbb{T}_2)$, whose inhabitants satisfy the recurrence:

$$L(p) = 1 + pL(p)$$
 $P(a) = V + aL(V^2P(a)^2)$

Each \mathbb{T}_2 consists of a root nonterminal, and a list of distinct products, e.g.,



Morally, \mathbb{T}_2 denotes an implicit set of possible trees sharing the same root, given by a specific CFG and porous string. Instead of $\hat{\sigma}_r$, we initialize using $\Lambda(\sigma_r)$:

$$\Lambda(s:\underline{\Sigma}) \mapsto \begin{cases} \bigoplus_{s \in \Sigma} \Lambda(s) & \text{if s is a hole,} \\ \left\{ \mathbb{T}_2 \big(w, \left[\langle \mathbb{T}_2(s), \mathbb{T}_2(\varepsilon) \rangle \right] \big) \mid (w \to s) \in P \right\} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

The operations $\oplus, \otimes : \mathbb{T}_3 \times \mathbb{T}_3 \to \mathbb{T}_3$ are then redefined over trees as follows:

$$X \oplus Z \mapsto \bigcup_{k \in \pi_1(X \cup Z)} \left\{ k \Rightarrow \mathbb{T}_2(k, x \cup z) \mid x \in \pi_2(X \circ k), z \in \pi_2(Z \circ k) \right\}$$

$$X \otimes Z \mapsto \bigoplus_{(w \to xz) \in P} \left\{ \mathbb{T}_2 \left(w, \left[\langle X \circ x, Z \circ z \rangle \right] \right) \mid x \in \pi_1(X), z \in \pi_1(Z) \right\}$$

Sampling with Replacement

Given a PCFG whose productions indexed by each nonterminal are decorated with a probability vector \mathbf{p} , we define a tree sampler $\Gamma: (\mathbb{T}_2 \mid \mathbb{T}_2 \times \mathbb{T}_2) \rightsquigarrow \mathbb{T}$:

$$\Gamma(T) \mapsto egin{cases} \Gamma\Big(\mathsf{Multi}ig(\mathsf{children}(T),\mathbf{p}ig)\Big) & ext{if } T:\mathbb{T}_2 \ \Big\langle \Gammaig(\pi_1(T)ig),\Gammaig(\pi_2(T)ig)\Big
angle & ext{if } T:\mathbb{T}_2 imes\mathbb{T}_2 \end{cases}$$

This relates to the generating function for the ordinary Boltzmann sampler,

$$\Gamma C(x) \mapsto \begin{cases} \operatorname{Bern}\left(\frac{A(x)}{A(x) + B(x)}\right) \to \Gamma A(x) \mid \Gamma B(x) & \text{if } \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{A} + \mathcal{B} \\ \left\langle \Gamma A(x), \Gamma B(x) \right\rangle & \text{if } \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{B} \end{cases}$$

however unlike Duchon et al. (2004), our work does require rejection to ensure exact-size sampling, as all trees contained in \mathbb{T}_2 are necessarily the same width.

Sampling without Replacement

To sample all trees in a given $T: \mathbb{T}_2$ uniformly without replacement, we define a modular pairing function $\varphi: \mathbb{T}_2 \to \mathbb{Z}_{|T|} \to \mathtt{BTree}$ using the construction:

$$\varphi(T:\mathbb{T}_2,i:\mathbb{Z}_{|T|}) \mapsto \begin{cases} \mathsf{BTree} \big(\mathsf{root}(T)\big) & \text{if T is a leaf,} \\ \mathsf{let} \ F(n) = \sum_{\langle l,r \rangle \in \mathsf{children}[0...n]} |l| \cdot |r|, \\ F^{-1}(u) = \inf \big\{x \mid u \leq F(x)\big\}, \\ t = F\big(F^{-1}(i)\big), \\ q = i - t, \\ l, r = \mathsf{children}[t], \\ q_1, q_2 = \left\langle \lfloor \frac{q}{|r|} \rfloor, q \pmod{|r|} \right\rangle, \\ T_1, T_2 = \left\langle \varphi(l, q_1), \varphi(r, q_2) \right\rangle \mathbf{in} \\ \mathsf{BTree} \big(\mathsf{root}(T), T_1, T_2\big) & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$



