



Design Site Recovery and Migration Using Azure Site Recovery (ASR)





Hands-on lab

Azure Site Recovery (ASR) is a service that enables organizations to protect their on-premises physical services and virtual machines. ASR automates the replication of onpremises physical servers and virtual machines to Azure datacenters or to secondary datacenters, such as a disaster recovery site, controlled by the respective organizations. ASR may even be used to replicate virtual machines from one Azure region to another, thereby enabling a migration scenarios for those organizations who wish to move their Azure virtual machines from one region to another.

In this lab, you will learn how to configure ASR to protect an on-premises machine.

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Design Site Recovery and Migration Using Azure Site Recovery

Azure Site Recovery (ASR) is a service that enables organizations to protect their on-premises physical services and virtual machines. ASR automates the replication of on-premises physical servers and virtual machines to Azure datacenters or to secondary datacenters, such as a disaster recovery site, controlled by the respective organizations. ASR may even be used to replicate virtual machines from one Azure region to another, thereby enabling a migration scenario for those organizations who wish to move their Azure virtual machines from one region to another.

Primarily, ASR enables—or contributes to pre-existing—business continuity and disaster recovery (BCDR) solutions for organizations that need to be able to continue operations and to recover IT services quickly after a significant event, such as a natural disaster (fire, hurricane, tornado, earthquake, etc.) or other calamitous event, has damaged or harmed their IT infrastructure and compromised the availability and integrity of their data and services.

Deployment Types

ASR provides near-synchronous continuous backup replication with recovery point objectives (RPO) as low as 30 seconds. This enables protection of most critical applications and workloads located on onpremises physical servers or virtual machines. The following lists the supported deployment scenarios:

- Hyper-V site to Azure: replicate VMs located on one or more Hyper-V servers to Azure (no VMM required)
- VMMServer to Azure: replicate VMs from Hyper-V host servers located in a VMM private cloud to host servers to Azure.
- Physical server to Azure: replicate a physical Windows or Linux server to Azure—this deployment type also enables migration of VMs from one Azure region to another and is the focus of the lab exercises that follow.
- VMWare VMs to Azure: replicate VMWare virtual machines to Azure.
- VMM Server to secondary datacenter: Replicate VMs from Hyper-V host server located in a VMM
 private cloud to secondary VMM servers in a secondary datacenter, such as a disaster recovery (DR)
 site.
- VMM Server with SAN: Replicate virtual machines from Hyper-V servers in a VMM cloud to a secondary VMM server using SAN replication.
- **Single VMM server to secondary datacenter**: Replicate virtual machines from an on-premises Hyper-V host servers in a VMM private cloud to a secondary cloud on the same VMM server.

Before You Begin

This lab relies almost exclusively on lab resources that you create exclusively in an Azure subscription. The virtual machine requirements for configuring Azure Site Recovery exceed the limits of Free Trial subscriptions, which are limited to 4 cores. For this reason, if you are using an Azure Free Trial account, you may not be able to do this lab because the Azure Virtual Machines that are required for this lab, consume 12 cores. Azure Free Trial accounts are limited to a maximum of 4 cores. You must, therefore, acquire an Azure Pass using a promo code or you must use an MSDN or an Enterprise account.

If you are using an Azure pass, please ensure you have sufficient credit in your account. When lab resources are fully deployed, the current cost is approximately \$15.00 - \$20.00 per day.

Cleanup Script

The cleanup script for this lab attempts to delete as much as it can in the Azure subscription you run the script against.

The cleanup script does NOT discriminate between resources created for the lab and other resource that may exist in your subscription — including production resources. It will delete both lab and other, possibly important, resources in your subscription.

If you are using your own subscription, you should not use the provided cleanup script. Rather, you should manually delete the resources created in this lab using the portal UI (both the preview and the full portal).

Azure Pass

This IT Camp lab requires a valid Azure subscription. While you may use an existing subscription such as a subscription associated MSDN account or existing corporate account, it is strongly recommended to use an Azure Pass. By using an Azure Pass, you will avoid any charges against your MSDN or corporate subscription that would result from doing the exercises in this camp. Perhaps more importantly, the cleanup script for this lab is aggressive and will attempt to delete everything in the subscription. Using an Azure Pass will ensure that the cleanup script, *if used properly*, will not delete important data in your other Azure subscriptions. If you do not have access to an Azure Pass, you will likely want to delete the Azure resources created in the lab exercises manually.

Your instructor may be able to provide you with a pre-provisioned Microsoft Account that already has an Azure Pass subscription associated with it. Alternatively, your instructor may be able to provide you with an Azure promotional code.

To activate the promotional code and create a new Azure Pass account perform the following steps.

- 1. If you are not using the lab virtual machine to activate your Azure Pass promotional code, ensure you open an InPrivate browser session before performing these steps.
 - It is critically important that you do not accidently associate the promotional code with any account that has previously been associated with or linked to an Azure subscription. Use an InPrivate browser

session to ensure that no credentials are unintentionally forwarded during the process to activate and redeem the promotional code. If you fail to activate the code because you logged in with the wrong account, you will render the code useless and will not be able to use it again.

- 2. Navigate to www.live.com and click **Sign up now**.
- 3. Follow the on-screen instructions to create a new Microsoft Account.
 - Please ensure, you create an outlook.com, live.com or Hotmail.com account. Do not use accounts that have country code suffixes, such as .dk, ca, uk, etc. in their names.
- 4. Navigate to http://www.microsoftazurepass.com and follow the onscreen instructions to redeem the promotional code.
 - ✓ Once you have submitted the promotional code, it will take a few minutes for the account to become activated. Only one promo code can be redeemed per the life of the Microsoft ID.
- 5. Follow the on-screen instructions to activate a new Windows Azure Trial.
- 6. Navigate to Manage.windowsazure.com and sign in.
- 7. In Microsoft Azure portal, in the upper left, click your user name, and then click View my bill.
- 8. Click your current trial subscription, and then click **Edit subscription details**.
- Type a name you will recognize in SUBSCRIPTION NAME, such as ITCamps, and then click the Done icon.

Hosted Workstations

This particular lab does not require the use of a hosted lab environment, as long as personal workstation has the most recent version of the Microsoft Azure PowerShell module installed and you have access to the lab files on GitHub. Other labs in this camp are written to be completed on a pre-configured workstation, because, for example, the lab requires an on-premises environment consisting of multiple servers. For this and these other labs, a hosted lab environment is available to you. Your instructor will provide a link to this environment.

If you are using the hosted workstation environment, use **Administrator** as the username and **Passw0rd!** as the password.

Use of Own System

You may complete lab instructions using your own workstation (either Windows 10 or Windows 8.1), providing you download the appropriate files used for the lab from GitHub and have the following software installed.

GitHub repository for Lab Files

If you are not using the hosted virtual machine and are using your own workstation, any custom files the lab instruction call out can be found in a GitHub repository. The repository is located here: https://github.com/AZITCAMP/Labfiles.

Required Software

- 1. Microsoft Azure PowerShell http://go.microsoft.com/?linkid=9811175&clcid=0x409 (also installs the Web Platform Installer)
- 2. Visual Studio Code https://code.visualstudio.com/

Minimum Microsoft Azure module version

Please note that these lab exercises to require a minimum version of 0.9.8 of the Microsoft Azure module for PowerShell. To determine the module version installed on your system, open a Windows PowerShell prompt, type the following commands, and then press ENTER.

```
→ import-module Azure→ get-module Azure).version
```

```
PS C:\> import-module azure

PS C:\> (get-module Azure).Version

Major Minor Build Revision

0 9 8 -1
```

Access the Lab Environment

For this lab, you may be accessing a hosted environment that contains all the VMs and resources you require. Your instructor will provide you with a link to this environment.

You should be able to connect with any recent web browser, including Microsoft Edge. Once you have connected to the lab environment, take a few minutes to familiarize yourself with Launchpad.

For this course there are four VMs that you will work in. If you look at the Machines tab on the right side of the lab environment you will find a listing of all the VMs. To switch to another VM, just click on the appropriate name in the Machines list. Below you will find a listing of the VMs for this course.

Virtual Machine	Role
AZRCamp-Admin	Windows 10. A member of the Contoso.com domain. Used for Azure management.
AZRCamp-Edge	A Stand-alone Windows Server 2012 R2 Server. Routing and Remote Access has been installed and it is acting as the default gateway for all outbound traffic.
AZRCamp-DC	Windows Server 2012 R2 domain controller and DNS server.
AZRCamp-Sync	Directory Sync for use in other Labs.

The password for all logons in these VMs is "Passw0rd!".

- You can type this in to the VM manually, or use the Commands→Paste→Paste Password sequence from the Launchpad.
- Please note, for this lab, if you are using the hosted in environment, you will perform all the tasks on the AZRCamp-Admin virtual machine.

Introduction and Scenario

As a Contoso fabric administrator, you are asked to determine how best to enable protection for various applications within the Contoso datacenters. In its datacenters, Contoso is running a number of non-virtualized workloads (Physical machines), along with and a number of virtualized workloads using both Hyper-V and VMware stacks. Since you have different SLAs for different applications, you plan to protect them differently. Additionally, Contoso has Azure resources that have been identified for migration to another Azure region. Management has identified that protection of non-virtualized workloads is a priority.

Prepare the Azure Infrastructure

This lab serves a dual purpose: 1) to demonstrate how to protect on-premises physical servers and 2) to demonstrate how to migrate Azure VMs from one region to another using ASR. The reason this lab can meet this this dual purpose is that the steps for configuring the source resources you wish to protect and the target resources are almost identical.

All the resources you require for this lab, with the exception of a workstation to run a PowerShell script, are configured in Azure.

In this lab exercise, you will configure the source and target resources required to complete the lab steps. These resources include storage accounts, virtual networks, and virtual machines.

Run Lab04Start setup script

To perform the subsequent lab exercises, you need to create two virtual machines that act as the ASR process server and the source server you want to protect. These resources are created by running a Windows PowerShell script. In this task, you will run the Lab04Start.ps1 script to configure the Azure infrastructure with resources needed for this lab.

- Please only use the Windows PowerShell to setup the lab environment.
- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password.
- Open File Explorer and navigate to C:\LabFiles\AZRITPROCamp\Lab04 Design Azure Site Recovery solution.
 - You may also download files used for this lab from the GitHub repository for the course at https://github.com/AZITCAMP/Labfiles.
- 2. Right-click Lab04Start.ps1, and click Edit.
 - ★ The Windows PowerShell ISE console opens.
- 3. In Windows PowerShell ISE, on the upper Ribbon, click **Run Script** (green arrow).
- 4. When prompted, enter a lower-case string that represents your initials, and press ENTER.
 - ★ Your initials are used to create unique names for the Azure storage account.
- 5. In the Sign in to Windows Azure PowerShell dialog box, enter the email address of the account associated with your Azure subscription, and click **Continue**.
- 6. On the sign in page, enter your password, and click **Sign in**.
 - The script starts running and then creates the storage account, virtual network, and resource group that will be used for the lab.
- 7. When prompted for the Admin Password parameter, type Passw0rd! and press ENTER.

- 8. At this point, the virtual machines and other resources are provisioned in the East US location. The script will take approximately 10 20 minutes to complete.
- 9. Leave the Windows PowerShell ISE console open for subsequent lab exercises.

Create ASR Target Resources

The ASR target resources include the following:

- **Site Recovery Vault**: Vault for securely storing sensitive configuration information.
- **Configuration Server:** The ASR management server setup in the Azure subscription that acts as command and control for all operations. This is the first server that will be deployed after configuring the Site Recovery Vault. This server is registered with the Site Recovery vault.
- **Master Target Server:** The server which stores and writes all the replicated data. This server is registered with a CONFIGURATION SERVER during setup.

In this lab exercise, you will configure these target resources using the full management portal.

* At the time of this writing ASR is not available using the Resource Manager model.

Create Azure Recovery Services vault

The site recovery vault is the first resource that must be created to configure ASR. The vault serves as a secure repository for sensitive configuration information.

In this task, you will create a site recovery vault.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- Open Microsoft Edge, and browse to https://manage.windowsazure.com and log on with your subscription.
 - ★ At the time of this writing, you can configure the vault using only the full management portal.
- 2. In the left navigation, scroll down, and click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 3. On the recovery services page, click **CREATE A NEW VAULT**.
- On the NEW page, click SITE RECOVERY VAULT, and then click QUICK CREATE.
- 5. In NAME, type ASRVault.
- 6. In REGION, select East US 2.
 - O not select any region other than East US 2.
 - ★ The setup script for this lab created a virtual network in East US 2 for the purposes of the lab. The configuration server and master target server need to be placed in the same VNET; additionally, the storage account used by the ASR components must be in the same region as well.



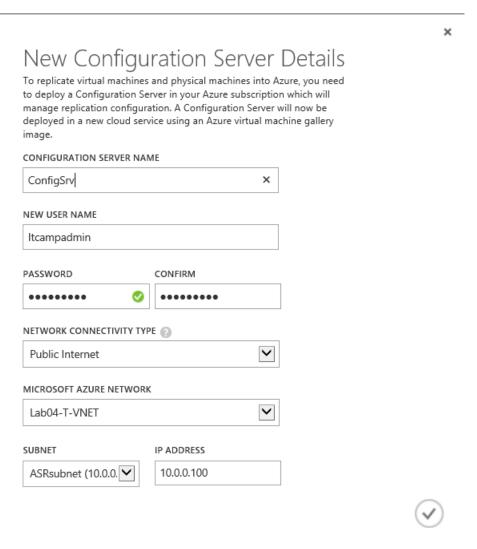
- Click CREATE VAULT.
- 8. Leave the Azure Portal open for the next task.

Create and Configure a Configuration Server

The configuration server is used for managing ASR.

In this task, you will create the Configuration Server and then register it in the ASR vault.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. On the recovery services page, click **ASRVault**.
- 2. If the BEFORE YOU START page appears, close it.
 - The BEFORE YOU START page may reappear periodically throughout the lab. If it does, close it to continue.
- On the asrvault page, ensure that SETUP RECOVERY is set to Between an on-premises site with VMware/physical servers and Azure.
- 4. Under Prepare Target (Azure) Resources, click **Deploy Configuration Server**.
- On the New Configuration Server details page, enter the following information and then click
 Done (check mark).
 - CONFIGURATION SERVER NAME: ConfigSrv
 - NEW USER NAME : Itcampadmin
 - PASSWORD: Passw0rd!
 - NETWORK CONNECTIVITY TYPE: Public Internet
 - MICROSOFT AZURE NETWORK: Lab04-T-VNET
 - SUBNET: ASRsubnet
 - IPADDRESS: 10.0.0.100



- The configuration server is deployed to a new cloud service and assigned a reserved public IP address.

 This ensures that the public IP address of the configuration remains constant across reboots of the server. If you decommission the configuration, you will need to remove the reservation.
- 6. Wait until the server provisioning job completes.
- 7. In the left navigation, click **VIRTUAL MACHINES**.



★ If you do not see the ConfigSrv virtual machine, you may have to refresh the page.

- 8. On the virtual machines page, click ConfigSrv.
- 9. On the configsrv page, click **DASHBOARD**.
- 10. In the quick glance column on the left, identify and record the PUBLIC IP (VIP) ADDRESS.
 - You will need to know this address in subsequent lab steps to register the master target and process servers.

quick glance

- Visit the new portal PREVIEW
- View Applicable Applications and services
- Reset password (new portal)
- Reset remote configuration (new portal)
- Learn more about backup and restore PREVIEW

STATUS Running

DNS NAME

configsrv-e53ad32d-0f92-438e-9eb9-6bdc8ce5dfb7.cloudapp.net

HOST NAME ConfigSrv

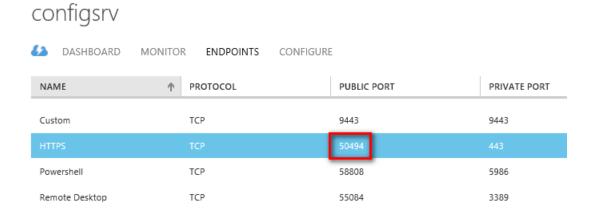
PUBLIC VIRTUAL IP (VIP) ADDRESS 104.210.

INTERNAL IP ADDRESS 10.0.0.100

SIZE

Standard_A3 (4 cores, 7 GB memory)

- 11. On the configsrv page, click **ENDPOINTS**.
- 12. On the ENDPOINTS tab, identify and record the public port that maps to the HTTPS protocol.
 - You will need to know this port number for subsequent lab steps. Your port number will differ from the one shown in the screen shot below.
 - TIP: put this information in a text file. You will also need to record a passphrase later in this lab. This passphrase should also be recorded in the same text file. You will need the IP address, port number, and passphrase when you configure the process server in subsequent lab steps.



- 13. In the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 14. On the recovery services page, click ASRvault.

asrvault

15. On the asrvault page, click **Download a registration key**.

DASHBOARD PROTECTED ITEMS RECOVERY PLANS SERVERS RESOURCES JOBS EVENTS A new Azure Site Recovery vault was created! Follow these steps to get started. Skip Quick Start the next time I visit SETUP RECOVERY Between an on-premises site with VMware/physical servers and Azure > Prepare Target(Azure) Resources After you deploy the Configuration Server, download and copy the registration key file to the Configuration Server. Launch the installer on the Configuration Server and use the key file to register the server to the vault. Generate registration key file creates a new key every time you click on it and only the latest key is valid at any given time. After the Configuration Server has been registered, deploy the Master Target Server. Once deployed, log in into the server and register it to the Configuration Server. Download a registration key Deploy Configuration Server

Download and Install additional software (only for Linux Master Target

- 16. When the download prompt appears, save the file in a convenient location for use in a later step.
 - ★ The certificate that is used to register the Configuration Server is valid for 5 days. This is a sensitive file, so it should be protected appropriately.
- 17. In the left navigation, click **VIRTUAL MACHINES**.

Deploy Master Target Server

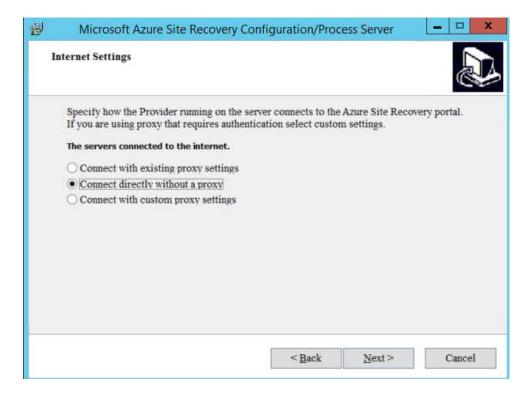
Server)

18. On the virtual machines page, ensure ConfigSrv is selected.

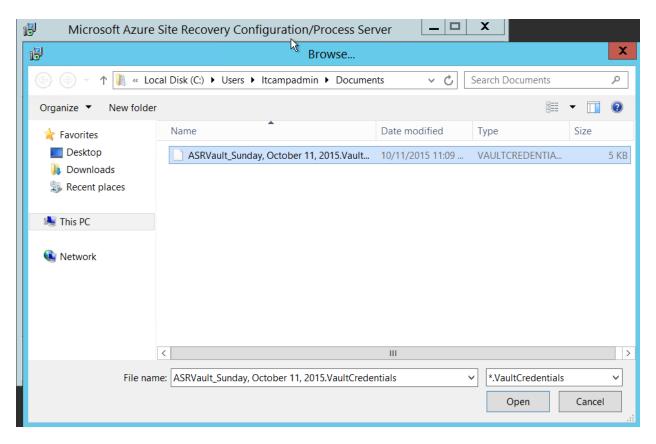
- 19. On the command bar, click **CONNECT**, and then click **Open** when prompted.
- 20. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click **Connect**.
- 21. In the Windows Security dialog box, select **Use another account** and log on using **Itcampadmin** as the user name and **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 22. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click Yes.
 - ★ You are logged in and the desktop starts loading. After a few moments, the Microsoft Azure Site Recover Configuration/Process Server setup program launches.
 - When the desktop initially loads, you may briefly see a PowerShell Window open. Do not close this the PowerShell windows.



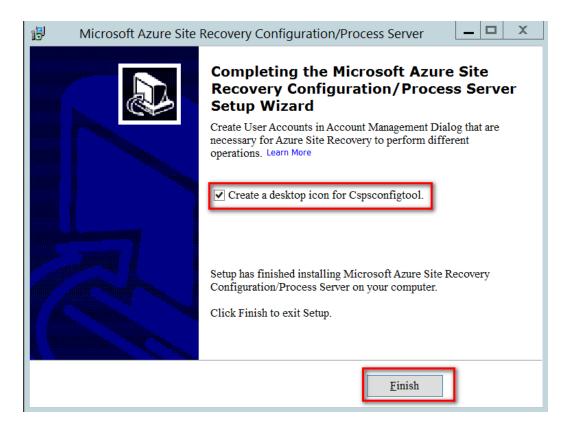
- 23. On the Welcome page of the setup program, click Next.
- 24. On the Third Party Software Installation page, click I Accept.
- 25. On the MySQL Server details page, for both the MySQL Root Password and the MySQL Database User Password, type **Passw0rd!** and click **Next**.
 - ★ In a production environment, you would choose different, more secure passwords.
- 26. On the Internet Settings page, select Connect directly without a proxy, and click Next.



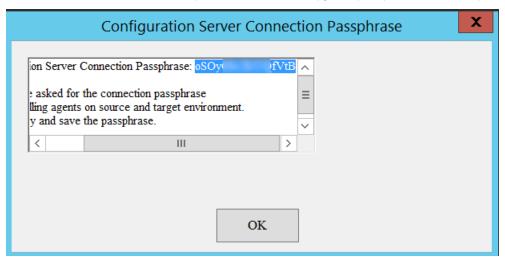
- 27. On the Provider Error Message Localization Settings page, ensure **English** is selected, and then click **Next**.
- 28. On the On the Azure Site Recovery Registration page, click **Browse**.
 - No files are present in the folder. In the next steps, you will copy the .vaultCredentials file from your local workstation to the folder location you have open.
- 29. Switch to your local workstation (AZRCamp-Admin).
- 30. Open File Explorer, and browse to the folder where you save the .vaultCredentials file you downloaded earlier.
- 31. Right-click ASRVault_[date].vaultCredentials, and click Copy.
- 32. Switch to the RDP session for ConfgSrv.
- 33. Right-click the empty folder, and then click Paste.
 - ★ The .vaultCredentials file is copied to the folder.



- 34. Ensure the file is selected, and click Open.
- 35. On the Azure Site Recovery Registration page, click Install.
 - The installation will take approximately 10 minutes to complete.
- 36. When the installation is complete, ensure the option to **Create a desktop icon for Cspsconfigtool** is selected, and then click **Finish**.

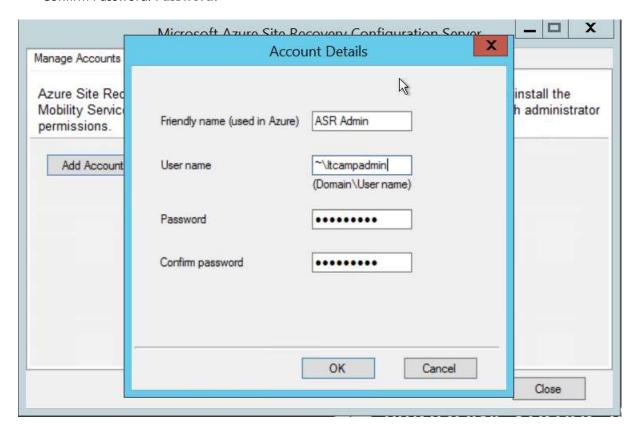


37. In the Configuration Server Connection Passphrase dialog box, select the entire passphrase, right-click the selected text, and then press CTRL + C to copy the passphrase to the clipboard.



- Ensure you copy the entire string.
- 38. Switch to the local workstation, and open **Notepad**.
 - ★ TIP: use the same text file where you recorded the IP address and port number for the configuration server earlier in this lab.
- 39. In Notepad, press CTRL+V to copy the passphrase to Notepad.

- 40. Save the file in a convenient folder using a memorable name.
 - Please ensure you save the passphrase. You will need it to complete remaining steps in the lab.
- 41. Switch to the RDP session with ConfigSrv.
- 42. In the Configuration Server Passphrase dialog box, click **OK**.
 - ★ The Microsoft Azure Site Recovery Configuration Server dialog box appears.
- 43. In the Microsoft Azure Site Recovery Configuration Server dialog box, click Add Account.
- 44. In the Account details page, add the following information and then click **OK**.
 - Friendly Name (used in Azure): ASR Admin
 - User name: ~\ltcampadmin
 - Password: Passw0rd!
 - Confirm Password: Passw0rd!



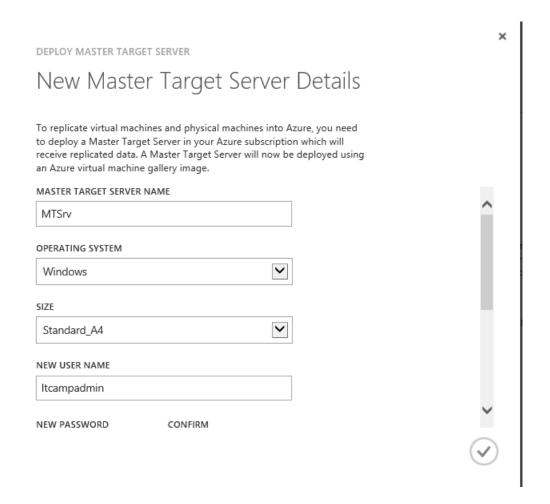
- 45. Click **OK** again.
- 46. Click Close.

Create and Configure a Master Target Server

The master target server is used for storing replicated data from the configured sources. The server must be installed as the configuration server you register it with and that you deployed earlier.

In this task, you will create the Master Target Server and then register it with the configuration server.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click RECOVERY SERVICES.
- 2. On the recovery services page, click ASRVault.
- 3. If the BEFORE YOU START page appears, close it.
- On the asrvault page, under Prepare Target (Azure) Resources, click **Deploy Master Target** Server.
- On the New Configuration Server details page, enter the following information and then clickDone (check mark).
 - CONFIGURATION SERVER NAME: MTSrv
 - OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows
 - SIZE: Standard A4
 - NEW USER NAME : Itcampadmin
 - PASSWORD: Passw0rd!
 - CONFIGURATION SERVER: CONFIGSRV
 - MICROSOFT AZURE NETWORK: Lab04-T-VNET
 - SUBNET: ASRsubnet
 - IPADDRESS: 10.0.0.101



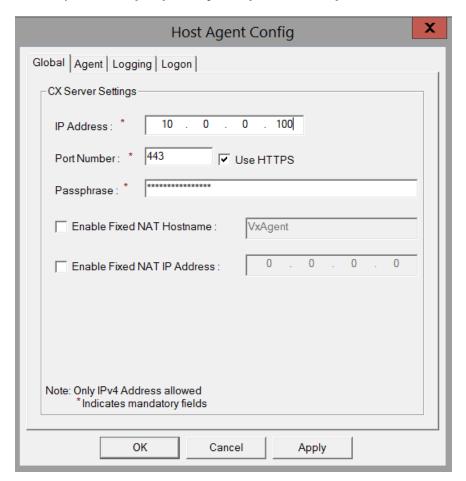
- 6. Wait until the server provisioning job completes.
- 7. In the left navigation, click **VIRTUAL MACHINES**.

virtual machines



- If you do not see the MTSrv virtual machine, you may have to refresh the page.
- 8. On the virtual machines page, click the cell to the right of MTSrv.
 - ★ If you click MTSrv, you will open the quick start page.
- 9. On the command bar, click **CONNECT**, and then click **Open** when prompted.
- 10. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click Connect.

- 11. In the Windows Security dialog box, select **Use another account** and log on using **Itcampadmin** as the user name and **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 12. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click Yes.
 - When the desktop initially loads, you may briefly see a PowerShell Window open. Do not close this the PowerShell windows.
 - ★ After a few moments, the Host Agent Config dialog box appears.
- 13. While the host agent software is initializing, switch to your local Workstation.
- 14. Open the Notepad file where you save the Configuration Server passphrase.
- 15. Copy the passphrase to the clipboard.
- 16. Switch to the MTSrv RDP session.
- 17. In the Host Agent Config dialog box, enter the following configuration information, and then click **OK**,
 - IP Address: 10.0.0.100
 - Port Number: 443
 - Passphrase: the passphrase you copied to the clipboard



- ★ You do not need to configure any NAT settings. The master target is on the same subnet as the configuration server.
- After a few moments, the desktop appears.
- 18. Switch to the full Azure portal.
- 19. In the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 20. Click ASRVault.
- 21. On the asrvault page, click **SERVERS**.
- On the CONFIGURATION SERVERS tab, click CONFIGSRV.
 - ♦ It can take up to 10 or 15 minutes for the master target server to be registered.
- 23. If no servers appear listed on the configsry page, click **Back** (left arrow).
- 24. On the command bar, click **REFRESH**, and wait for the refresh job to complete.



- 25. Click CONFIGSRV.
- 26. The master target server should appear. No process servers appear. This is expected. You will add a process server in subsequent steps.



Configure ASR Source Resources

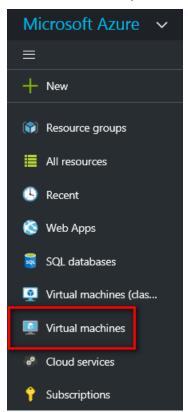
In this lab exercise, you will configure the process server and the computer you wish to protect with ASR.

Create and Configure the Process Server

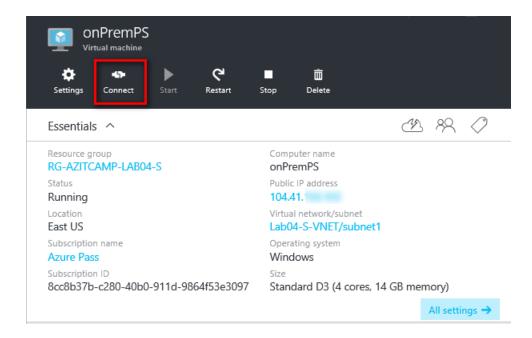
The server acting as the on-premises gateway receives all the changes in real time from the machines being protected and sends them to master target servers. This server is registered to a configuration server during setup.

In this task, you will configure the process server and then register it with the configuration server.

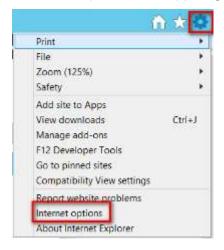
- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the upper right, click your account name.
- 2. In the drop down, click Switch to Azure Preview Portal.
 - ★ The virtual machines that act as the on premise process server and protected server were created and configure by using an Azure Resource Manager template. They are not available in the full Azure portal.
- 3. In the Azure Preview portal, in the left navigation, click **Virtual machines**.



- 4. In the Virtual machines blade, click onPremPS.
- 5. In the onPremPS blade, click Connect.



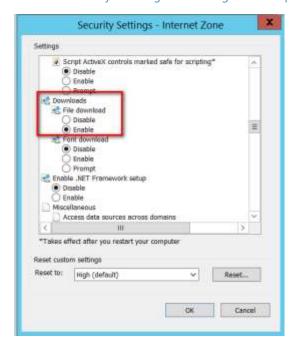
- Click Open, and then log onto the RDP Session as Itcampadmin using Passw0rd! as the password.
- 7. On ONPREMPS, open Internet Explorer.
- 8. When prompted to configure Internet Explorer, accept the default setting and click OK.
- Browse to https://manage.windowsazure.com, and log on to the full Azure portal using the credentials associated with your subscription.
- 10. In Internet Explorer, in the upper right, click the gear icon, and then click Internet options.



- 11. In the Internet Options dialog box, click the **Security** tab.
- 12. On the Security tab, click **Custom Level**.

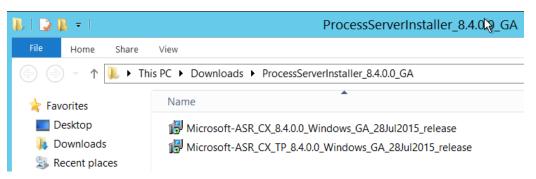


- 13. In the Security Settings Internet Zone dialog box, scroll down and locate **Downloads**.
- 14. In the Downloads section, click **Enable**.
 - ★ It is necessary to change this setting for subsequent steps in the lab to work.

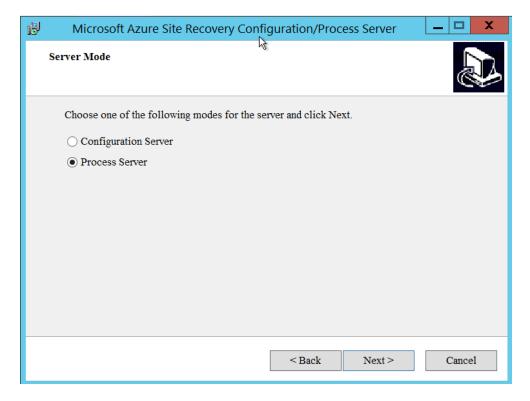


- 15. Click **OK**, click **Yes**, and then click **OK** again to close all the dialog boxes.
- 16. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.

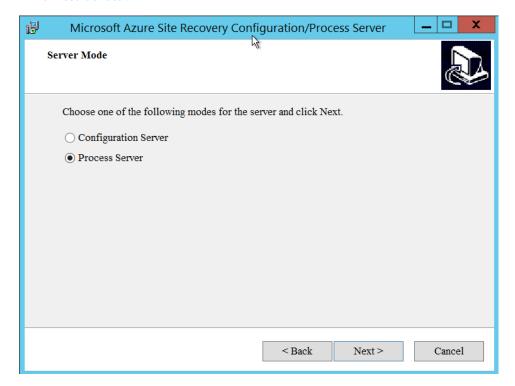
- 17. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.
- 18. On the asrvault page, under Prepare Process Servers, click Download and install Process Server.
- 19. Click Save.
- 20. When the download completes, click **Open folder**.
- 21. Right-click ProcessServerInstaller_8.4.0.0_GA, and then click Extract All.
 - Depending on when you are performing this lab, the lab name may be slightly different to reflect a later version.
- 22. In the Extract Compress (Zipped) Folders dialog box, accept the default path, and click Extract.
- 23. Two files are extracted as shown below.



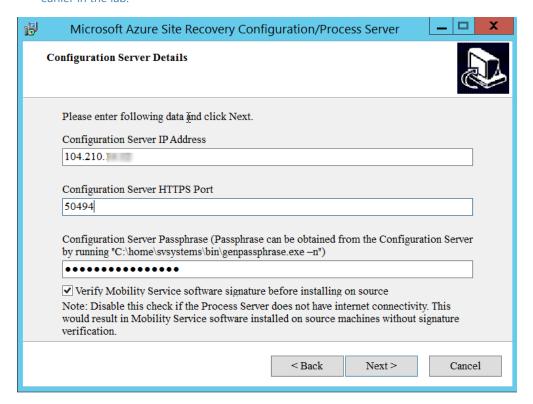
- 24. Double-click Microsoft-AXR_CX_TP_8.4.0.0_Windows.
 - This file installs third-party components required for the process server and must be installed first.
- 25. Click Run, and then click Install.
- 26. Click Finish.
- 27. Double-click Microsoft-AXR_CX _8.4.0.0_Windows.
- 28. Click Run, and then click Next.
- 29. On the Server Mode page, click **Process Server**, and then click **Next**.



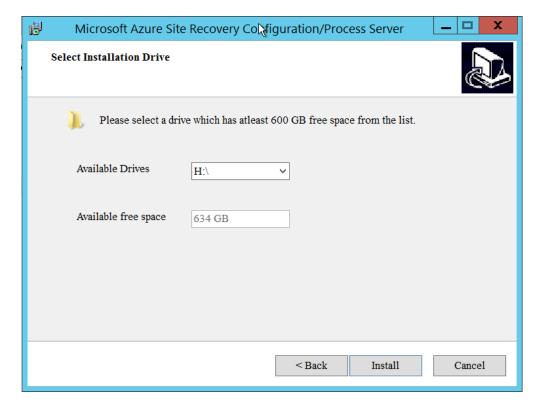
- 30. On the Environment Details page, click **No** to indicate that you will not be protecting VMWare virtual machines, and then click **Next**.
 - ★ The steps for configuring ASR protection for both VMWare virtual machines and physical machines are almost identical.



- 31. On the NIC Selection for Process Server page, click **Next**.
- 32. On the Configuration Server Details page, enter the public IP address for the configuration server, the public port number that maps to port TCP 443 internally and the passphrase from the configuration server.
 - Note that if you were connected by means of a VPN to the VNET where the configuration server resides, you would use TCP port 443.
 - ★ Your IP address and port number will differ from those shown below. You recorded this information earlier in the lab.

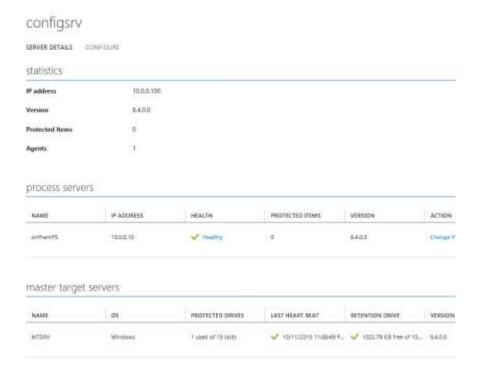


- 33. Click Next.
- 34. On the Select Installation Drive page, select H:, and then click Install.
 - The process server requires a cache drive that is at least 600 GB in size. Also, because the cache drive could potentially have IO intensive workloads, the cache drive should be capable of high IO. The virtual machine that was created for this lab uses 5-striped disks in a storage pool for the H: drive.



- 35. On the Completing the Microsoft Azure Site Recovery Configuration / Process Server Setup Wizard page, accept the default to restart the server, and click **Finish**.
- 36. In the Setup dialog box, read the notice about the mounting of the H: drive as C:\Home, and click **OK**.
 - The server restarts.
- 37. On your local workstation, open the full Azure portal, if not already open.
- 38. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click RECOVERY SERVICES.
- 39. On the recovery services page, click **ASRVault**.
- 40. On the asrvault page, click **SERVERS**.
- 41. On the CONFIGURATION SERVERS tab, click CONFIGSRV.
 - It can take up to 10 or 15 minutes for the process server to be registered.
- 42. If the process server is not listed on the configsrv page, click **Back** (left arrow).
- 43. On the command bar, click **REFRESH**, and wait for the refresh job to complete.
- 44. Click CONFIGSRV.
- 45. The process server should appear.

Design Site Recovery and Migration Using Azure Site Recovery



Update ASR Servers

In this lab exercise, you will ensure that the configuration server, process server, and master target server have the latest updates installed. At the time of this writing (Oct., 2015) an update was available only for the Configuration Server. However, this may change in the future. The servers should be updated in the following order:

- 1. Configuration server
- 2. Process server
- 3. Master target server
 - ♦ In the lab tasks that follow, please ensure that you follow this order.

Update configuration server

In this task, you will update the configuration server. You will first disable Internet Explorer Enhanced Security Configuration. This will allow you to logon to Azure and download the executable update file from the Azure portal.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **VIRTUAL MACHINES**.
- 2. On the virtual machines page, select **ConfigSrv**, and then on the command bar, click **CONNECT**.
- 3. Click **Open**, and then click **Connect**.
- 4. When prompted by the Windows Security dialog box, log on as **Itcampadmin** using **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 5. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click Yes.
- 6. Open Server Manager.
- 7. In Server Manager, click Local Server.
- 8. In the properties tiles for ConfigSrv, to the right of IE Enhanced Security Configuration, click On.
- 9. In the Internet Explorer Enhanced Security Configuration dialog box, under both Administrators and Users, select **Off**, and then click **OK**.



- 10. Open Internet Explorer.
- 11. When prompted to configure Internet Explorer, accept the default setting and click OK.
- 12. Browse to https://manage.windowsazure.com, and log on to the full Azure portal using the credentials associated with your subscription.
- 13. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 14. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.
- 15. Click **DASHBOARD**.
- 16. On the DASHBOARD page, under downloads, click Configuration Server Update.



- 17. When prompted to run or save the executable, click Run.
- 18. On the Welcome to the Microsoft Azure Site Recovery Configuration / Process Server Hotfix-1 Setup Wizard page, click **Install**.
 - ★ It may be case, depending on the circumstances of the current date, that there is no hotfix update.
 Please ensure that you update the software only if it is appropriate for your particular circumstances.
- 19. Click Finish.

Determine if update is required for process server

At the time of the time of this writing, the July 28, 2015 release of the process server software that you installed earlier was the most current release. At the current date, it may be the case that this software has been updated.

In this task, you will determine if the software has been updated and take the appropriate action.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. Switch to the Azure preview portal.
- 2. In the Azure Preview portal, in the left navigation, click **Virtual Machines**.
- 3. In the Virtual machines blade, click onPremPS.
- 4. In the onPremPS blade, click **Connect**.
- 5. Click **Open**, and then log onto the RDP Session as **Itcampadmin** using **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 6. On ONPREMPS, open Internet Explorer.
- 7. When prompted to configure Internet Explorer, accept the default setting and click OK.
- 8. Browse to https://manage.windowsazure.com, and log on to the full Azure portal using the credentials associated with your subscription.
- 9. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 10. Click ASRvault to open the quick start page.
- 11. Click **DASHBOARD**.
- 12. On the DASHBOARD page, under downloads, click Process Server Update.
- 13. When prompted to run or save the executable, click **Save**.
- 14. When the File has completed downloading, click **Open Folder**.
- 15. Extract the compressed file.
- 16. Compare the contents of the two extracted folders in the Downloads folder. If they are the same, no further action is required; if they are different, install the updates.

Determine if update is required for master target server

In this task, you will update the master target server.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **VIRTUAL MACHINES**.
- 2. On the virtual machines page, select MTSrv, and then on the command bar, click CONNECT.
- 3. Click Open, and then click Connect.
- 4. When prompted by the Windows Security dialog box, log on as **Itcampadmin** using **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 5. In the Remote Desktop Connection dialog box, click Yes.
- 6. Open Server Manager.
- 7. In Server Manager, click Local Server.
- 8. In the properties tiles for ConfigSrv, to the right of IE Enhanced Security Configuration, click On.
- 9. In the Internet Explorer Enhanced Security Configuration dialog box, under both Administrators and Users, select **Off**, and then click **OK**.
- 10. Open Control Panel.
- 11. In Control Panel, click **Programs**.
- 12. Click Programs and Features.
- 13. Note the version number of the installed software.



- 14. Close Control Panel.
- 15. Open Internet Explorer.
- 16. When prompted to configure Internet Explorer, accept the default setting and click OK.
- 17. Browse to **https://manage.windowsazure.com**, and log on to the full Azure portal using the credentials associated with your subscription.
- 18. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 19. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.

- 20. Click **DASHBOARD**.
- 21. On the DASHBOARD page, under downloads, click Master Target Server update (Windows).
- 22. You are prompted to run, save, or cancel the file download.
- 23. If the software version is the same as you determined earlier in this task, you do not need to take any action. Click **Cancel**.
- 24. However, if you are prompted to install a more recent version, take the appropriate action to install the updated version.

Configure Protection for Servers

In this lab exercise, you will prepare the server that you want to protect and then configure a protection.

Configure source server

In order to push the mobility service on to the source service, it is necessary to ensure the local firewall allows File and Print Sharing and Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) traffic. Additionally, if the account that is used to push the mobility service is not a member of a domain, it is necessary to modify the registry of the source machine to disable Remote User Access control.

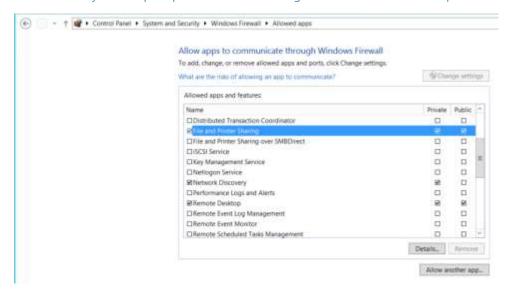
In this task, you will modify the local firewall rules and examine the previously modified registry value.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. Switch to the Azure preview portal.
- 2. In the Azure Preview portal, in the left navigation, click Virtual Machines.
- 3. In the Virtual machines blade, click onPremSource.
- 4. In the onPremSource blade, click **Connect**.
- 5. Click **Open**, click **Connect**, and then log onto the RDP Session as **Itcampadmin** using **Passw0rd!** as the password.
- 6. Click Yes.
- 7. Click Start, and then click Control Panel.
- 8. Click System and Security.
- 9. Click Windows Firewall.
- 10. Click Allow an app or feature through Windows Firewall.



11. On the Allows apps to communicate through Windows firewall, enable **File and Printer Sharing** for both the Public and Private networks.

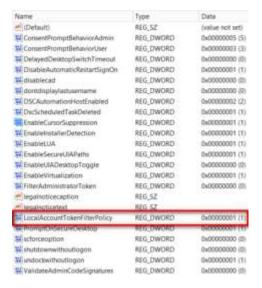
★ This setting is more relaxed than it likely needs to be. However, it will ensure that the traffic will be allowed if you were prompted to choose a setting for the network and chose public.



12. Scroll down and enable the setting to allow **Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI)** traffic for both the public and private networks.



- 13. Click **OK**, and then close Control Panel.
- 14. Right-click Start, and then click Run.
- 15. In the Run dialog box, type **regedit**, and then click **OK**.
- 16. In Registry Editor, in the tree pane, expand HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE / Software / Microsoft / Windows / CurrentVersion / policies.
- 17. Click System.
- 18. In the details pane, note the DWORD LocalAccountTokenFilterPolicy.
 - If you are using a non-domain account to push the mobility service software, this DWORD value must be present.
 - ★ This DWORD value is not present by default and was added during the provisioning of the Azure virtual machine.



- 19. Close Registry Editor.
- 20. Restart ONPREMSOURCE.
 - ★ You are restarting ONPREMSOURCE to ensure that there is no pending restart that will interfere with the push installation of the mobility service that you will configure in later steps.
- 21. Switch to the local workstation.

Create a protection group

In this task, you will create a protection group.

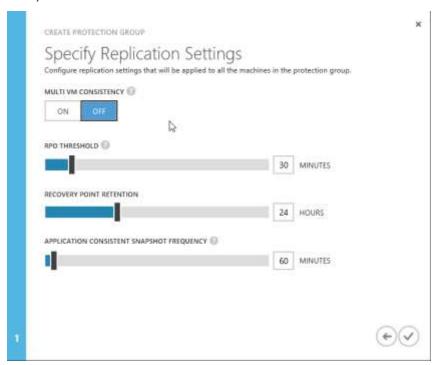
- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 2. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.
- 3. Click PROTECTED ITEMS.
- 4. Click CREATE PROTECTION GROUP.



You haven't created any protection group. Create one and then add virtual machines to it.



- 5. On the Specify Protection Group Settings Page, in PROTECTION GROUP NAME, type **PG-1**, accept the default FROM value (CONFIGSRV) and then click **Next** (right arrow).
- On the Specify Replication Settings page, accept the default settings and then click **Done** (check mark).



- 7. Wait for the completion of Create Protection Group Job.
 - You can monitor the progress of the job by selecting the appropriate Job from the Jobs page of the ASR vault. The job should complete within a minute or two.

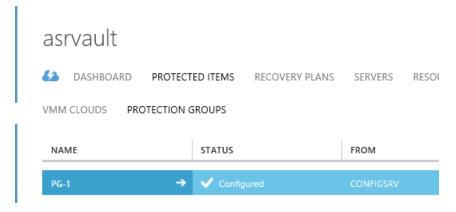


Add a Machine to a Protection Group

Protection groups are logical groupings of virtual machines that share the same protection settings.

In this task, you will add a machine to the protection group you just created. Although you will add an Azure virtual machine that resides in US East, the onPremSource virtual machine stands in for a physical machine. The steps for protecting this Azure virtual machine are identical to the steps you would take to protect a physical machine.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 2. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.
- Click PROTECTED ITEMS.
- 4. Click **PG-1**.



- 5. On the pg-1 page, click ADD PHYSICAL MACHINES.
 - ★ If you wanted to protect virtual machines running on VMWare, you would select ADD VIRTUAL MACHINES.



- 6. On the Add Physical Machines page, enter the following information and click Next.
 - IPADDRESS: 10.0.0.11
 - FRIENDLY NAME: onPremSource
 - OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows
 - Note that the IP address is from the point of view of the process server. The source server you wish to protect needs to be reachable from the VNET / Network where the process server resides.



- 7. On the Configure Target Settings page, select the following settings, and click Next.
 - PROCESS SERVER: OnPremPS
 - MASTER TARGET SERVER: MTSRV
 - STORAGE ACCOUNT: [yourinitials]store#



- 8. On the Specify Accounts page, ensure that **ASR Admin** is selected as the account, and click **Done**.
 - ★ The job to configure protection of onPremSource starts.

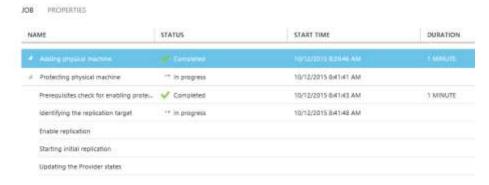


- 9. Navigate to the asrvault quick start page, and then click **JOBS**.
- 10. On the JOBS tab, click Add and protect physical machine.



- 11. On the opremsource (add and protect physical machine) page, expand **Protecting physical** machine.
- 12. This allows you to view progress of the job in detail.

onpremsource (add and protect physical machine)



13. After about 20 minutes or so, replication between the target and the source should begin.

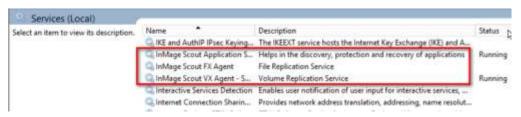
onpremsource (add and protect physical machine)



- 14. Navigate the asrvault quick start page, and then click **PROTECTION ITEMS**.
- 15. On the PROTECTION GROUPS tab, click PG-1.
 - ★ You will be able to view the status of the synchronization. The initial synchronization should take about an hour.



- 16. Establish an RDP session with OnPremSource.
- 17. Open Services console, and note the presence of a number of InMage services.
 - ★ The InMage Scout application (acquired by Microsoft in 2014) provides continuous data backup protection and was installed on onPremSource when you pushed the mobility service client.



18. Wait until the synchronization job completes and the before proceed to the next exercise.



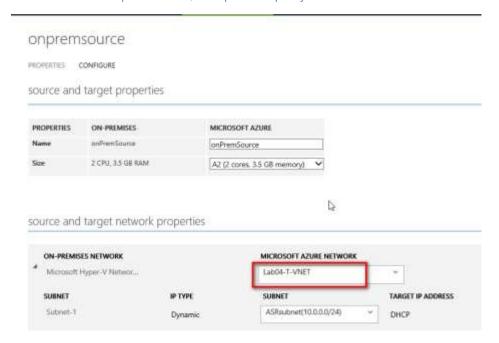
Modify Protection Group Properties

Once the source machine is protected by the ASR, it is possible to modify the protected machine properties.

In this task, you will examine the properties you can modify.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, in the left navigation, click **RECOVERY SERVICES**.
- 2. Click **ASRvault** to open the quick start page.
- Click PROTECTED ITEMS.

- 4. Click **PG-1**.
- 5. On the pg-1 page, ensure the status is **Protected**, and then click **onPremSource**.
- Spend a few moments examining the information on the omprem source page, and then click CONFIGURE.
 - ★ It is possible to change the name and virtual machine size when failing over from the source to the destination.
- 7. On the CONFIGURE tab, under source and target network properties, under MICROSOFT AZURE NETWORK, select **Lab-4-T-VNET**.
 - Depending on the type of source and destination network and whether or not a static IP address is configured for the source, you can specify a static target IP address. Because the lab environment does not meet the required criteria, the option to specify a static IP address is not available.



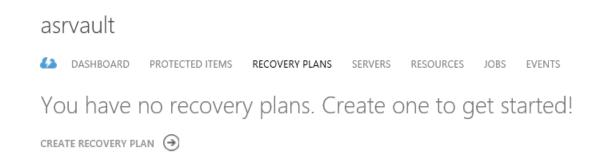
- 8. On the command bar, click SAVE, and then click Yes.
- 9. Wait for the job to complete before proceeding to the next task.

Create a Recovery Plan

In this task, you will create a recovery plan for your protected servers.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. In the full Azure portal, click the back (left) arrow until you reach the asrvault page.

- 2. On the asrvault page, click RECOVERY PLANS.
- 3. Click CREATE RECOVERY PLAN.



- On the Specify source, target, and a name page, in NAME, type RP-1, accept the remaining default values, and click Next.
- 5. On the Select Protected Entities page, select **onPremSource**.
- 6. Click **Done** (check mark)



Perform an unplanned failover

In this task, you will perform a failover from your simulated "on-premises" machine to the Azure. You can also consider the failover you perform in this task as a demonstration of using ASR to migrate an Azure virtual machine from one region to another.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCamp-Admin logged on as Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- In the full Azure portal, on the asrvault page, ensure that RP-1 is selected in the RECOVERY PLANS tab of the asrvault page.



2. On the command bar, click FAILOVER.



3. On the Confirm Failover page, review the information, accept the default settings, and click **Done**.

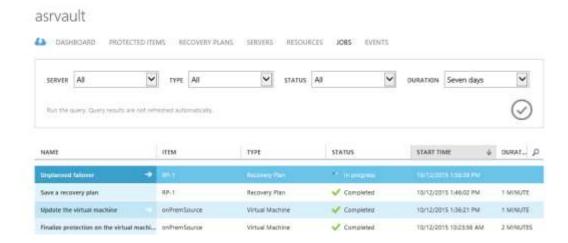


4. The job to failover to the East US 2 region begins.

asrvault



- 5. Click the **JOBS** tab.
- 6. On the JOBS tab, click Unplanned failover.



7. Wait until the rp-1 (unplanned failover) job has completed, as shown below, before proceeding to the next step.



- 8. In the Azure Portal, click **Back**, and then, on the asrvault page, click **PROTECTED ITEMS**.
- 9. On the PROTECTION GROUPS tab, click PG-1.
- 10. The pg-1 page is updated to indicate the time of the successful failover.



- 11. In the Azure Portal, in the left navigation, click VIRTUAL MACHINES.
 - ★ The onPremSource virtual machine is available in the East US 2 and has been created in a cloud service named after your recovery plan.
 - ★ You may have to refresh the page to see the addition of the onPremSource virtual machine.

Virtual machines INSTANCES IMAGES DISKS NAME # STATUS SUBSCRIPTION LOCATION DNS NAME P ConfigSty Running Acure Pass East US 2 configury-e53ed 32d-0792-438e-5e MTSry Running Acure Pass East US 2 configury-e53ed 32d-0792-438e-5e different Source P Acure Pass East US 2 configury-e53ed 32d-0792-438e-5e

Clean up Azure resources used in the lab

Because each lab in this series begins with an empty resource and because Azure resources are potentially billable, it is necessary to remove any Azure resources or services you have created and used in this lab. Unlike previous labs in this series of labs, in this lab, you have created Azure resources using the service management model. For example, you have created a number of cloud services and virtual machines using the service management model. The script used here, therefore, to clean up Azure resources you have created in this lab is significantly more aggressive than other scripts you may have used in this lab series. In other labs, the script to clean up the lab environment deleted only the specific resource groups and the resources in those groups that you created.

This cleanup script will attempt to *delete everything* in your subscription. This script is *not safe* to use if you want to preserve other resources in your subscription: the script will delete those resources as well as the resources you created for the lab. For example, if you used a paid account or an MSDN account that contained pre-existing cloud services, virtual machines, virtual networks, resource groups, etc. Those will be deleted as well.

This script is intended primarily to cleanup those who have acquired an Azure pass account or are using another type of subscription only for these labs. If you care about resources that existed previously in your subscription before doing this lab, do not use this script. Instead, delete the objects you created in this lab manually.

The script does attempt to delete as many resources as possible, but it does not delete all of them. In particular, it does not delete the ASR service. You must delete this manually.

Delete ASR service

In this task, you will manually delete the ASR service you created earlier. This requires that you delete the recovery plan, protection group, configuration server, and the vault.

- Perform the following tasks on AZRCAMP-ADMIN logged on as Contoso\Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 1. If not already open, open the full Azure portal.
- 2. Switch the full Azure portal.
- In the left navigation, click ALL ITEMS.
- 4. On the all items page, click **ASRVault**.
- 5. Click RECOVERY PLANS.
- 6. Select RP-1.
- 7. On the command bar, click **DELETE**, and then click **YES**.
- 8. On the ASRVault page, click **SERVERS**.
- 9. On the CONFIGURATION SERVERS tab, ensure CONFIGSRV is selected, click **DELETE**.

- On the Confirm Removal page, in the REASON drop-down, select Just testing. I'm done now, and then click Done.
- 11. On the asrvault page, click the **PROTECTED ITEMS** tab.
- 12. On the PROTECTION GROUPS tab, click PG-1.
- 13. On pg-1 page, ensure onPremSource is selected.
- 14. On the command bar, click **DELETE**, and then click **YES**.
- 15. On the Remove Virtual Machine page, click **Disable Protection**, and then click **Done**.

×

Remove Virtual Machine

Specify how you want to remove this virtual machine 'onPremSource'

O Disable protection (Use for recovery drill and volume resize)

Remove the protected machine from the subscription but keep the replicated data in Azure. Use this option after you have run a failover to test your environment, or if you have resized a source machine volume. Learn more

Disable protection

With this option enabled, after you remove the virtual machine it will no longer be protected by Azure Site Recovery. Protection configuration and settings for this virtual machine will be cleaned up automatically.

Stop managing the virtual machine

With this option enabled, after you remove the virtual machine it will no longer be available in the Azure Site Recovery vault. Protection settings for the virtual machine won't be affected. Read more about cleaning up on-premises protection settings.



- 16. Ensure that PG-1 is selected, and then, on the command bar, click DELETE and then YES.
- 17. On the command bar, click **DELETE**, and then click **YES**.
 - ★ This will take 5-10 minutes or more.
- 18. Once the PROTECTION GROUP has been deleted, click Back to navigate to the recovery services page.
- 19. Ensure ASRVault is selected, click **DELETE**, and the click **YES**.

Run Lab04Cleanup.ps1 to remove remaining Azure resources

In this task you will run a Windows PowerShell script to remove as many Azure services and resources from a particular subscription as possible.

* NOTE: You will still have to do some manual cleanup after this script has completed.

- Do NOT use this script if you want to preserve any Azure resources or services outside of those resources you created in the lab.
- Perform the following tasks on AZRCAMP-ADMIN logged on as Contoso\Administrator using Passw0rd! as the password:
- 20. If not already open, open Windows PowerShell ISE.
- 21. Click **File**, click **Open**, browse to **C:\LabFiles\AZITPROCamp\Lab04**, select **Lab04Cleanup.ps1**, and click **Open**.
 - ★ This script is also available on GitHub at https://github.com/AZITCAMP/Labfiles/tree/master/lab04.
- 22. On the menu, click Run.
- 23. When prompted, log into your Azure subscription.
 - ★ The commands to delete the Azure services and resources in your subscription commences. The command may take as long as 10 or 20 minutes to complete.

End of lab