# **AudioBook Generator**

## 1. Introduction / Objective

**AudioBook Generator** is a web application that allows users to upload one or more text documents (PDF, DOCX, TXT) and automatically converts them into high-quality audiobooks. The application leverages Large Language Models (LLMs) to rewrite extracted text in an engaging, listener-friendly "audiobook style" before using open-source Text-to-Speech (TTS) technology to produce downloadable audio files. This project enhances accessibility, productivity, and the enjoyment of written content.

## 2. Methodology / Workflow

## 1. User Uploads Documents

 Users select and upload one or more documents through an interactive Streamlit web interface.

### 2. Text Extraction

- o The backend parses uploaded files and extracts text content:
  - PDF: PyPDF2 or pdfplumber
  - DOCX: python-docx
  - TXT: Native file reading

### 3. LLM-Based Text Enrichment

- Extracted text is processed by a Large Language Model (e.g., OpenAI API, Gemini API, or open-source LLM) to rewrite the text for better narration and listener experience.
- Example LLM prompts: "Rewrite this text for an engaging audiobook narration."

## 4. Text-to-Speech Conversion

The enriched text is fed into an open-source TTS library (such as pyttsx3, Coqui TTS, or Tortoise TTS), producing a high-quality .mp3 or .wav audio file.

## 5. Audio Download

 The generated audio file is presented for immediate download within the Streamlit UI.

## 3. Modules

- **Document Upload Module:** Handles file uploads via Streamlit.
- **Text Extraction Module:** Extracts raw text from PDFs, DOCX, and TXT files.
- LLM Enrichment Module: Calls the LLM to rewrite and enhance extracted text.
- **Text-to-Speech Module:** Converts enriched text into audio using a TTS library.
- Audio Delivery Module: Provides the final audio file to the user for download.

# 4. Week-wise Module Implementation and High-Level Requirements

## **Weeks 1–2:**

- Set up environment and install dependencies.
- Implement file upload and multi-format text extraction.

### **Weeks 3–4:**

- Integrate LLM for audiobook-style text rewriting.
- Build API connection between Streamlit and backend LLM processing.

## **Weeks 5–6:**

- Integrate and test open-source TTS conversion.
- Ensure support for different voice options and error handling.

## **Weeks 7–8:**

- Finalize UI/UX in Streamlit.
- Conduct thorough testing, optimize performance, and complete documentation.

## 5. Evaluation Criteria

• Milestone 1 (Week 2):

File upload and accurate text extraction operational.

• Milestone 2 (Week 4):

LLM-based text rewriting working and demonstrably improving narration.

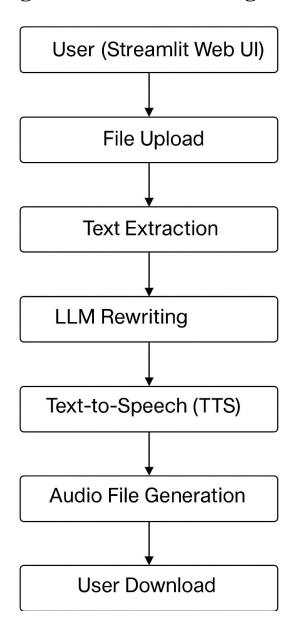
• Milestone 3 (Week 6):

Audio file generation (from rewritten text) stable and high-quality.

• Milestone 4 (Week 8):

Full application workflow—document upload to audio download—operational, user-friendly, and documented.

# 6. Design / Architectural Diagram



# 7. Technology Stack

- Frontend: Streamlit
- **Backend:** FastAPI or Flask (optional, for modularity or scale)
- **Text Extraction:** PyPDF2, pdfplumber, python-docx
- LLM Integration: OpenAI API, Gemini API, or local open-source LLM
- **Text-to-Speech:** pyttsx3, Coqui TTS, Tortoise TTS, or gTTS
- **Programming Language:** Python 3.x