# Experion ILP-Batch 1 Task 2

# **Case Study**

## **Details:**

Objective: Design a comprehensive database with well-normalized tables for a real-time domain of your choice. This case study will allow you to apply your knowledge of normalization concepts and database design principles in a practical setting.

# Selected Domain: HR - Employee Leave Management System

Employee Leave Management System involves the management and tracking of employee leave requests within an organizational context. This system is designed to streamline and automate the process of requesting, approving, and tracking various types of leaves that employees may take during their tenure with a company.

The Employee Leave Management System holds significant relevance within a company as it plays a pivotal role in streamlining and organizing the crucial aspect of employee time off. Efficient leave management is essential for maintaining a balanced and productive workforce, ensuring that employees can take the necessary breaks without disrupting operations.

This system provides insights into an employee's leave history, offering a clear overview of the number of leaves taken to date and the remaining leave balance.

#### Tables:

# 1. Employee Information Table (EmployeeInfo):

- EmployeeID (Primary Key)
- FirstName
- LastName
- Gender
- DoB
- Department
- Position
- Phone
- Email

# 2. Leave Types Table (LeaveTypes):

- LeaveTypeID (Primary Key)
- LeaveTypeName
- MaximumDaysAllowed

#### 3. Leave Requests Table (LeaveRequests):

- RequestID (Primary Key)
- EmployeeID (Foreign Key referencing EmployeeInfo)
- LeaveTypeID (Foreign Key referencing LeaveTypes)
- StartDate
- EndDate
- RequestDate
- Status (Pending/Approved/Rejected)

# 4. Leave Balances Table (LeaveBalances):

- EmployeeID (Foreign Key referencing EmployeeInfo, also part of the composite primary key)
- LeaveTypeID (Foreign Key referencing LeaveTypes, also part of the composite primary key)
- LeaveBalance

The 'EmployeeInfo' table stores basic information about employees.

The 'LeaveTypes' table holds information about the various types of leave available and their maximum limits.

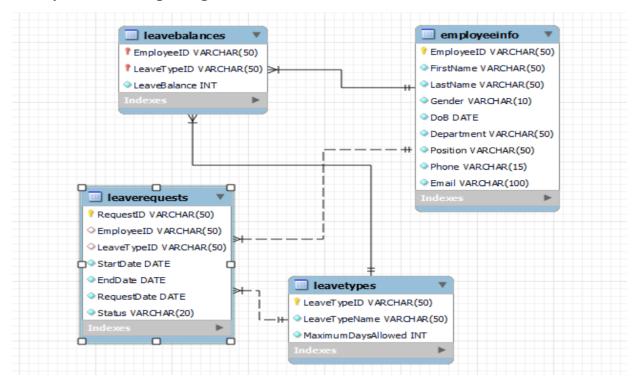
The 'LeaveRequests' table tracks leave requests made by employees, including the request status.

The 'LeaveBalances' table stores the current leave balances for each employee and leave type.

# **Relationships between tables:**

- 1. EmployeeInfo LeaveRequests (One-to-Many Relationship):
  - An employee can make multiple leave requests (One employee to Many leave requests).
- 2. LeaveTypes LeaveRequests (Many-to-One Relationship):
  - Each leave request is associated with a leave type (Many leave requests to One leave type).
- 3. EmployeeInfo LeaveBalances (One-to-One Relationship):
  - Each employee has a specific leave balance for each leave type (One employee to One leave balance per type).
- 4. LeaveTypes LeaveBalances (One-to-Many Relationship):
  - Each leave type can be associated with multiple leave balances (One leave type to Many leave balances).

# **Entity Relationship Diagram:**



# **Details about each table:**

# 1. Employee Information Table (EmployeeInfo):

- EmployeeID
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It is the unique identifier for all employees.
  - o Constraints: Primary Key, Not Null
- FirstName
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the first name of employees.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- LastName
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the last name of employees.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- Gender
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the gender of employees.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- DoB
  - o Datatype: Date
  - o Description: It stores the date of birth of employees.

- o Constraints: Not Null
- Department
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the department of employees.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- Position
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the job position of employees.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- Phone
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the phone numbers of employees.
  - o Constraints: Unique, Not Null
- Email
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the email address of employees.
  - o Constraints: Unique, Not Null

# 2. Leave Types Table (LeaveTypes):

- LeaveTypeID
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the unique identifier for each leave type.
  - o Constraints: Primary Key, Not Null
- LeaveTypeName
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the name of each leave type.
  - o Constraints: Not Null
- MaximumDaysAllowed
  - o Datatype: Integer
  - o Description: It stores the name of each leave type.
  - o Constraints: Not Null, Non-negative

# 3. Leave Requests Table (LeaveRequests):

- RequestID
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: It stores the unique identifier for each Leave Request.
  - o Constraints: Primary Key, Not Null
- EmployeeID
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: Foreign key referencing the EmployeeInfo table.
  - o Constraints: Foreign Key referencing EmployeeInfo.EmployeeID, Not Null
- LeaveTypeID
  - o Datatype: VARCHAR
  - o Description: Foreign Key referencing Leave Types.

o Constraints: Foreign Key referencing LeaveType.LeaveTypeID, Not Null

#### StartDate

o Datatype: Date

o Description: Start date of leave request.

o Constraints: Not Null

#### EndDate

o Datatype: Date

o Description: End date of leave request.

o Constraints: Not Null

## RequestDate

o Datatype: Date

o Description: Date when leave request was made.

o Constraints: Not Null

#### Status

o Datatype: VARCHAR

o Description: Current status of the leave request (Pending, Approved, Rejected).

o Constraints: Not Null

## 4. Leave Balances Table (LeaveBalances):

#### EmployeeID

o Datatype: VARCHAR

 Description: Composite primary key and foreign key referencing the EmployeeInfo table.

 Constraints: Primary Key, Foreign Key referencing EmployeeInfo. EmployeeID, Not Null

## LeaveTypeID

o Datatype: VARCHAR

O Description: Composite primary key and foreign key referencing the LeaveTypes table.

 Constraints: Primary Key, Foreign Key referencing LeaveTypes.LeaveTypeID, Not Null

#### • LeaveBalance

o Datatype: Integer

 Description: Remaining balance of leave days for a specific leave type for a specific employee.

o Constraints: Not Null, Non-negative

## **Normalization**

## 1. EmployeeInfo Table:

1 7	FirstNam	LastNam	Gender	DoB	Depart	Positio	Phone	Email
eID	e	e			ment	n		
E-1	John	Doe	M	1990-05-15	IT	Develo	123-456-	john.doe@e
						per	7890	mail.com

E-2	Jane	Smith	F	1985-08-22	HR	Manage r	987-654- 3210	jane.smith @email.co
								m
E-3	Mark	Johnson	M	1992-03-10	Finance	Analyst	555-123- 4567	mark.johns on@email.c om
E-4	Emily	Davis	F	1988-11-30	Marketin g	Design er	111-222- 3333	emily.davis @email.co m
E-5	Michael	Lee	M	1995-07-18	IT	Manage r	777-888- 9999	michael.lee @email.co

# **1NF:**

The table is already in 1NF.

# **2NF:**

The Department column is partially dependent on the EmployeeID. So, inorder to solve that a department table has been created.

# Department Table:

DeptID	Department
D-1	IT
D-2	HR
D-3	Finance
D-4	Marketing
D-5	IT

# Updated EmployeeInfo Table:

Employe	FirstNam	LastNam	Gender	DoB	DeptID	Positio	Phone	Email
eID	e	e				n		
E-1	John	Doe	M	1990-05-15	D-1	Develo	123-456-	john.doe@e
						per	7890	mail.com
E-2	Jane	Smith	F	1985-08-22	D-2	Manage	987-654-	jane.smith
						r	3210	@email.co
								m
E-3	Mark	Johnson	M	1992-03-10	D-3	Analyst	555-123-	mark.johns
							4567	on@email.c
								om
E-4	Emily	Davis	F	1988-11-30	D-4	Design	111-222-	emily.davis
						er	3333	@email.co
								m
E-5	Michael	Lee	M	1995-07-18	D-5	Manage	777-888-	michael.lee
						r	9999	@email.co

# 3NF:

The table is now in 3NF as there is no transitive dependency.

# 2. Leave Types Table

LeaveTypeID	LeaveTypeName	MaximumDaysAllowed
LT-1	Vacation	12
LT-2	Sick Leave	10
LT-3	Personal Leave	7
LT-4	Bereavement Leave	5
LT-5	Maternity Leave	20

# **1NF:**

The table is already in 1NF.

## **2NF:**

The table is already in 2NF.

# **3NF:**

The table is already in 3NF.

# 3. Leave Requests Table

RequestID	EmployeeID	LeaveTypeID	StartDate	EndDate	RequestDate	Status
RQ-1	E-1	LT-1	15-12-2023	18-12-2023	10-12-2023	Approved
RQ-2	E-3	LT-3	01-12-2023	05-12-2023	05-10-2023	Pending
RQ-3	E-5	LT-4	05-01-2024	07-01-2024	14-12-2023	Rejected
RQ-4	E-3	LT-2	12-12-2023	12-12-2023	12-12-2023	Approved
RQ-5	E-2	LT-1	15-12-2023	16-12-2023	04-12-2023	Approved

# 1NF:

The table is already in 1NF.

## **2NF:**

The table is already in 2NF as there is no partial dependency present.

## 3NF:

The Status column depends on the StartDate and EndDate, and they both depend on RequestID thus creating a transitive dependency. So, to solve that we can create another table which is about leave status:

## LeaveStatus table:

RequestID	Status
RQ-1	Approved
RQ-2	Pending
RQ-3	Rejected
RQ-4	Approved
RQ-5	Approved

# Updating the LeaveRequests table:

RequestID	EmployeeID	LeaveTypeID	StartDate	EndDate	RequestDate
RQ-1	E-1	LT-1	15-12-2023	18-12-2023	10-12-2023
RQ-2	E-3	LT-3	01-12-2023	05-12-2023	05-10-2023
RQ-3	E-5	LT-4	05-01-2024	07-01-2024	14-12-2023
RQ-4	E-3	LT-2	12-12-2023	12-12-2023	12-12-2023
RQ-5	E-2	LT-1	15-12-2023	16-12-2023	04-12-2023

# 4. Leave Balances Table

EmployeeID	LeaveTypeID	LeaveBalance
E-1	LT-1	8
E-3	LT-3	2
E-5	LT-4	2
E-3	LT-2	9
E-2	LT-1	10

1NF:

The table is already in 1NF.

**2NF:** 

The table is already in 2NF.

3NF:

The table is already in 3NF.