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//BROADCAST SERVER
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define MAX_CLIENTS 10 // Maximum number of clients the server can handle
#define DEFAULT PORT 12345
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int server socket;
    struct sockaddr in server address, client address;
    char buf[1024];
    socklen t clientLength;
    int port = DEFAULT PORT;
    int broadcastEnable = 1;
    struct sockaddr in client addresses[MAX CLIENTS];
    int num clients = 0;
    if (argc > 1) {
        port = atoi(argv[1]);
    // Create socket
    server_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);
    if (server socket == -1) {
        perror("Error: socket creation failed");
        return 1;
    // Set socket options to allow broadcast
    if (setsockopt(server_socket, SOL_SOCKET, SO_BROADCAST, &broadcastEnable,
sizeof(broadcastEnable)) == -1) {
        perror("Error: setsockopt (SO BROADCAST)");
        return 1;
    // Fill in server's sockaddr_in
    server address.sin family = \overline{AF} INET;
    server address sin addr s addr = INADDR ANY;
    server address sin port = htons(port);
    // Bind server socket
    if (bind(server socket, (struct sockaddr *)&server address, sizeof(server address)) ==
        perror("Error: bind failed");
        return 1;
    printf("Server is running on port %d...\n", port);
    while (1) {
        clientLength = sizeof(client_address);
        int recv size = recvfrom(server socket, buf, sizeof(buf), 0, (struct sockaddr
*)&client address, &clientLength);
        if (recv_size == -1) {
            perror("Error: recvfrom call failed");
            return 1;
        // Null-terminate the received data
        buf[recv size] = '\0';
        // Check if the client is already stored
        int client index = -1;
        for (int i = 0; i < num_clients; ++i) {</pre>
            if (client addresses[i] sin addr s addr == client address sin addr s addr &&
                client addresses[i] sin port == client address sin port) {
                client index = i;
                break;
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// If the client is new, store its address and print connection message
       if (client index == -1) {
           if (num_clients < MAX_CLIENTS) {</pre>
                client addresses[num clients] = client address;
                client index = num clients;
                num clients++;
               printf("Client%d connected\n", client index + 1);
           } else {
               printf("Max clients reached. Cannot accept more clients.\n");
                continue;
       // Print message from the client
       printf("Message from client%d: %s\n", client index + 1, buf);
       // Broadcast message to all clients
       for (int i = 0; i < num_clients; ++i) {</pre>
           sendto(server socket, buf, strlen(buf), 0, (struct sockaddr
*)&client addresses[i], sizeof(client addresses[i]));
   // Close server socket
   close(server socket);
   return 0;
```

```
//BROADCAST CLIENT
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define DEFAULT_PORT 12345
#define SERVER TP "127.0.0.1" // Replace with actual server IP address if needed
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int client socket;
    struct sockaddr_in server_address;
    char buf[1024];
    int port = DEFAULT PORT;
    socklen_t server_address_len;
    int recv size;
    if (argc > 2) {
         port = atoi(argv[2]);
    }
    // Create client socket
    client_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);
    if (client socket == -1) {
         perror("Error: client socket not created");
         return 1;
    // Fill in server's sockaddr_in
    server address \sin family = \overline{AF} INET;
    server_address.sin_port = htons(port);
server_address.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(SERVER_IP);
    // Send message to the server
    printf("Enter message to send: ");
    fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), stdin);
    sendto(client socket, buf, strlen(buf), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&server address,
sizeof(server_address));
    // Receive broadcasted messages from the server
    while (1) {
         server_address_len = sizeof(server_address);
\label{eq:constraints} \begin{array}{ll} recv \; size = \; recvfrom(client \; socket, \; buf, \; sizeof(buf), \; 0, \; (struct \; sockaddr \; *) \\ \&server \; address, \; \&server \; address \; len); \end{array}
        if (recv_size == -1) {
             perror("Error: recvfrom call failed");
             return 1;
         // Null-terminate the received data
        buf[recv_size] = '\0';
        // Print broadcasted message from the server
         printf("Broadcasted message from server: %s\n", buf);
    // Close client socket
    close(client socket);
    return 0;
```

rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ ./bclient.out

Enter message to send: hello cl2

Broadcasted message from server: hello cl2

Broadcasted message from server: hello cl3

rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ ./bclient.out
Enter message to send: hello cl3

Broadcasted message from server: hello cl3

rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ gcc bclient.c -o bclient.out
rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ ./bclient.out
Enter message to send: hello cl1

Broadcasted message from server: hello cl1
Broadcasted message from server: hello cl2

Broadcasted message from server: hello cl3

rajagiri@ccf001:~\$ cd Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7
rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ gcc bserver.c -o bserver.out
rajagiri@ccf001:~/Aadarsh/CN/cycle3/exp7\$ ./bserver.out
Server is running on port 12345...
Client1 connected

Message from client1: hello cl1

Client2 connected

Message from client2: hello cl2

Client3 connected

Message from client3: hello cl3