

MODULE – 3

QUESTION BANK

1. Define Context free grammar. Construct CFG for the following languages, (3marks each)
 - i) $L = \{0^{2n} 1^m \mid m, n \geq 0\}$
 - ii) $L = \{a^n b^m c^n \mid m, n \geq 0\}$
 - iii) $L = \{0^m 1^m 2^n \mid m \geq 1 \text{ and } n \geq 0\}$
 - iv) $L = \{0^i 1^j \mid i \neq j, i \geq 0, j \geq 0\}$
 - v) $L = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } w \text{ is palindrome}\}$
 - vi) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i+j=k, i \geq 0, j \geq 0\}$
 - vii) $L = \{a^n b^m c^k \mid n+2m=k\}$
 - viii) $L = \{0^i 1^j 2^k \mid i=j \text{ or } j=k\}$
 - ix) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w = w^R\}$
 - x) $L = \{a^n b^m c^k \mid k=m+n, m, n \geq 0\}$
 - xi) $L = \{0^{n+2} 1^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
2. Define the following terms:
 - i) Leftmost derivation
 - ii) Rightmost derivation
 - iii) Yield of the tree
 - iv) Sentential form of the sentence
3. Consider the grammar G, with productions:

$$S \rightarrow AbB$$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow aB \mid bB \mid \epsilon$$
 Give the leftmost derivation, rightmost derivation and parse tree for the string aaabab. (06M)
4. What is ambiguous grammar? Prove that the following grammar is ambiguous on the string aab. (04M)

$$S \rightarrow aS \mid aSbS \mid \epsilon$$
5. Show that the following grammar is ambiguous:

$$E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid (E) \mid id.$$
 Write an equivalent unambiguous grammar for the same. (06M)
6. Define Ambiguity. Consider the grammar

$$S \rightarrow aSbS \mid bSaS \mid \epsilon$$
 - a) Show that this grammar is ambiguous by constructing two different leftmost derivations for the sentence **abab**.
 - b) Construct the corresponding rightmost derivation for abab.
 - c) Construct the corresponding parse trees for abab.
 - d) What language does this grammar generate? (08M)
7. Consider the following context free grammar $S \rightarrow SS + \mid SS * \mid a$ and the input string, **aa + a***
 - i. Give LMD and RMD
 - ii. Parse tree
 - iii. Is the grammar ambiguous? Why
 - iv. Describe the language generated by the grammar

8. Define Pushdown Automata. Design a PDA to accept the following language. $L = \{ 0^{2n}1^n : n \geq 1 \}$. Draw the transition diagram for the PDA and also show the moves made by PDA for the string "000011". (10M)
9. Define the language accepted by a Pushdown Automata.
10. Convert the following CFG to equivalent PDA.

$S \rightarrow aABB \mid aAA$

$A \rightarrow aBB \mid a$

$B \rightarrow Bbb \mid A$

$C \rightarrow a$

11. Show that the following grammar is ambiguous.

$S \rightarrow SbS$

$S \rightarrow a$

12. Design a PDA to accept the language $L = \{ ww^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^+ \}$. Draw the transition diagram and show IDs for the string 'abbbba'. (10M)
13. Convert the following CFG to a PDA by empty stack.

$E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid (E) \mid I$

$I \rightarrow Ia \mid Ib \mid I0 \mid I1 \mid a \mid b$ (05M)
14. Convert the following CFG to a PDA by empty stack.

$E \rightarrow E+E \mid E * E \mid (E) \mid id$ (05M)
15. Define Deterministic Pushdown Automata. Also design a DPDA along with transition diagram for the following language: $L = \{ a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0 \}$. (07M)
16. Design a PDA to accept the language $L = \{ w : w \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ \& } na(w) = nb(w) \}$. (06M)
17. Design a PDA for the language $L = \{ a^n b^m c^n \mid n, m \geq 0 \}$. (06M)
18. Define Context-free grammar (CFG). Design CFG for the following languages: (08M)
 - i) To generate strings of balanced parentheses.
 - ii) $L = \{ 0^m 1^m 2^n \mid m \geq 1 \text{ and } n \geq 0 \}$
19. Define Deterministic PDA with example. (04M)
20. Obtain PDA to accept the language :

$L = \{ wCw^R \mid w \in (a+b)^* \}$ by final state. (07M)
