

PRIORITY BASED CPU SCHEDULING

↳ priority can be based on either small first or high first.

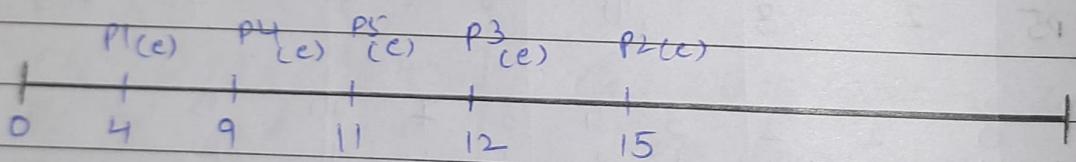


pre-emptive

non pre-emptive

Process ID	AT	BT	Priority
P1 ✓	0	4	2
P2 ✓	1	3	3
P3 ✓	2	1	4
P4 ✓	3	5	5
P5 ✓	4	2	5

Non pre-emptive Approach.

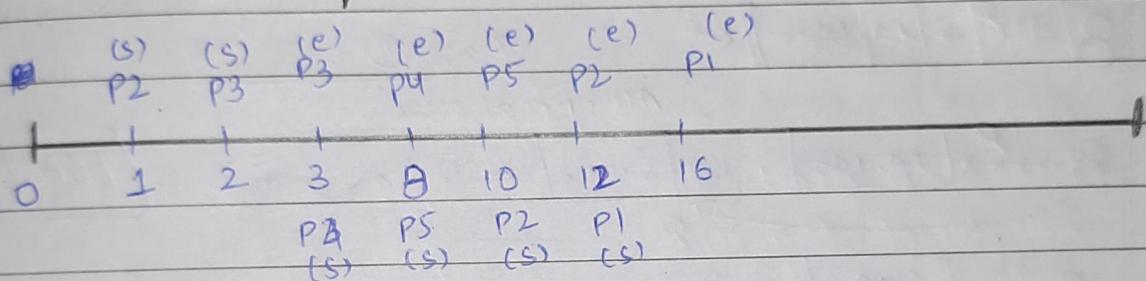
At 0 P1 arrived \Rightarrow P1 executedAt 4 All here \Rightarrow P4 and P5 ✓
 \Rightarrow P4 ✓

At 9 P5 ✓

(PID)	AT	BT	Pr.	ET	TAT	WT	RT
P1	0	4	2	4	4	0	0
P2	1	3	3	15	14	11	11
P3	2	1	4	12	10	9	9
P4	3	5	5	9	6	1	1
P5	4	2	5	11	7	5	5

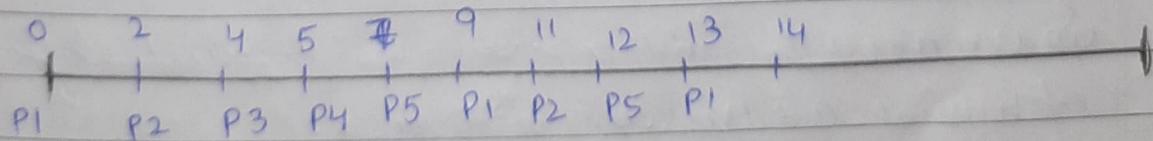
Process ID	AT	BT	Pr.	ET	TAT	WT	RT
P1 ✓	5	4	2	16	11	7	7
P2 ✓	1	3	2	12	11	8	0
P3 ✓	2	10	4	3	1	0	0
P4 ✓	3	5	4	8	5	0	0
P5 ✓	4	20	5	10	6	4	4

pre-emptive Approach



ROUND ROBIN ALGORITHM

P-ID	AT	BT	ET	TAT	WT	RT
P1	0	5	14	14	9	0
P2	1	3	12	11	8	0
P3	2	1	5	3	2	2
P4	3	2	7	4	2	2
P5	4	3	13	9	6	3



PI P2 P3 P4 PI P2 P3 P4 ... what we think!

what it actually is!

PI	0
P2 P3 P1	2
P1 P4 P5 P2	4
P4 P5 P2 P1	6
and so on...	

Memory Management

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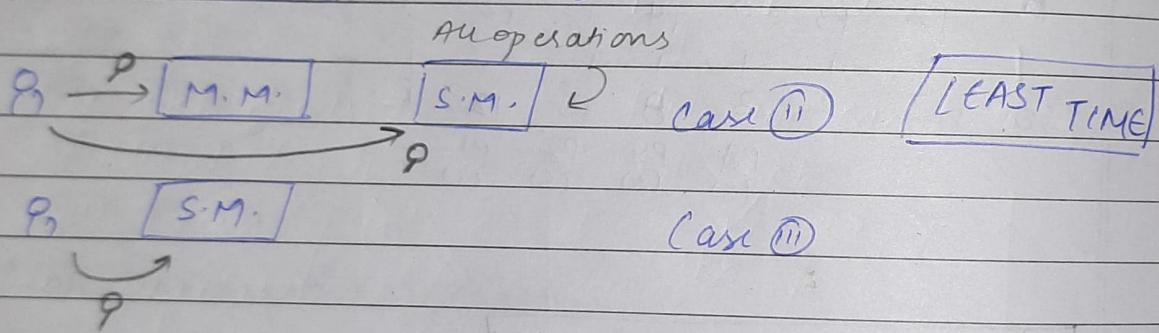
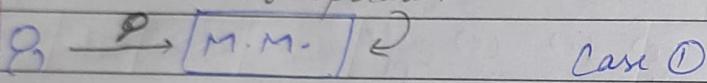
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In normal cases → memory needs to be large
→ access time needs to be less.

But in real time : If memory ↑ access time ↑

Access time from memory can be reduced by usage of secondary memory. How?

only some operations



In real life, CPU has NO IDEA that main memory exists

To access anything from Main memory

Logical Addr. is used by sec. memory

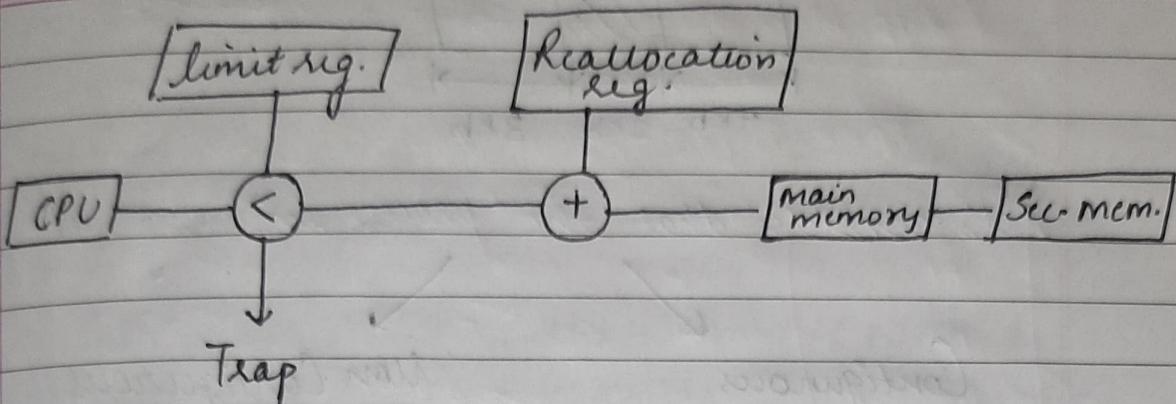
Physical Add. → But CPU makes use of logical address
is required

So we need to find a way to convert logical add. to physical address or vice versa.

logical Address to Physical Address

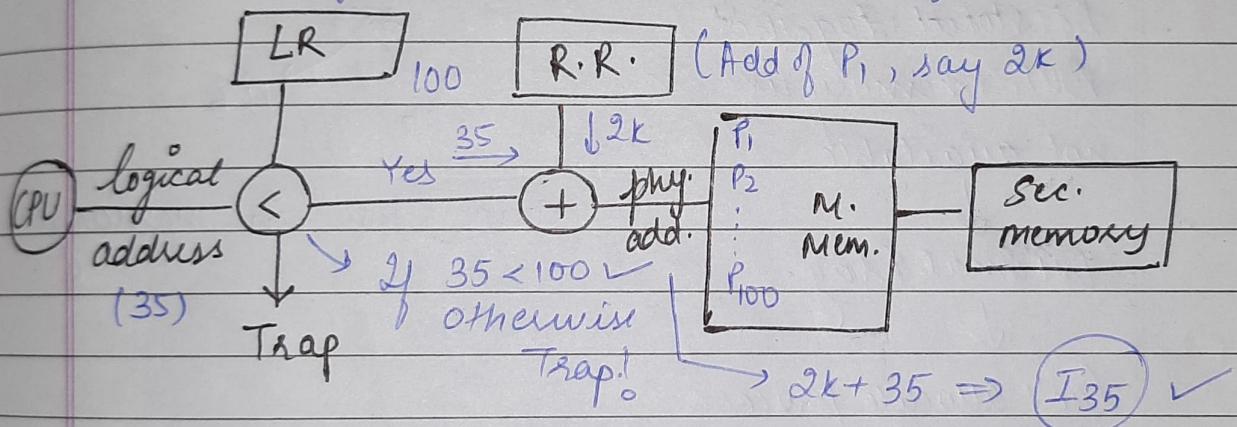
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① Re-allocation Reg → store base add. of processes in main memory

② Limit Reg → keep track of no. of instructions.



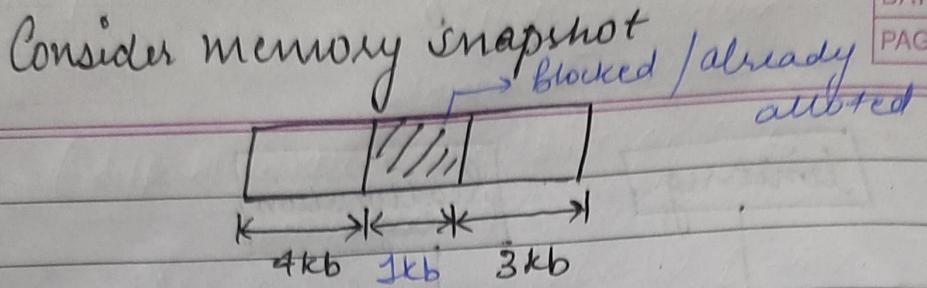
Memory Allocation

memory can be allotted using either

- contiguous policy
- non contiguous policy

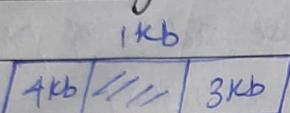
Contiguous Policy → similar to array memory allocation
→ direct access available

Non Contiguous Policy → similar to linked list
→ direct access NA.

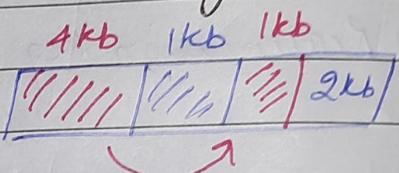


Let's consider that the process incoming is of 5kb

Contiguous



Non Contiguous



Here 5kb needs to be stored together
BUT memory is not available

External frag.

Can't allocate process

Here we can break

5kb
4kb → 1kb
and store in memory

Contiguous Memory Allocation

Variable side partitioning
(dynamic)

Fixed side partitioning
(static)

first fit

Best fit

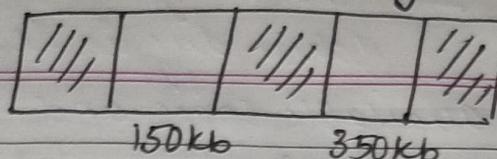
Worst fit

first fit

Best fit

Worst fit

Consider a random memory screenshot



DATE: / /

PAGE:

Let's try to solve the problem for the processes mentioned below:

P1 (300kb) P2 (25kb) P3 (120kb)
P4 (45kb)

Use variable size partitioning and compute result for first, best and worst fit.

① FIRST FIT → whenever a potential block is found, fit the process.

Part ① 150kb

Part ② 350kb

Process No.	Size	Part ①	Part ②
P1	300kb	X	✓ fit
P2	25kb	✓ fit	
P3	120kb	✓ fit	
P4	45kb	X	✓ fit

After P1 \Rightarrow Part ① : 30kb

After P2 \Rightarrow Part ① : 125kb

After P3 \Rightarrow Part ① : 5kb

After P4 \Rightarrow Part ① : 5kb

All process are fit!

⑩ BEST FIT

→ find the partition where diff is less

(diff b/w available space and process size is minimum)

PART-① [150kb] PART-② [350kb]

Process No.	Size	Part ①	Part ②
P1	300kb	✗	✓ fit!
P2	25kb	diff 125 ✓ fit!	✓ 25 fit!
P3	120kb	✓ fit!	✗
P4	45kb	✗	✗

After P1 ⇒ Part ① [50kb]

After P2 ⇒ Part ① [25kb]

After P3 ⇒ Part ① [30kb]

After P4 ⇒ External fragmentation
(process can't be fit).

⑪ WORST FIT

Part ① 150kb Part ② 350kb → opposite of best fit

Process No.	Size	Part ①	Part ②
P1	300kb	✗	✓
P2	25kb	diff 125 ✓ fit!	✓ 25
P3	120kb	✓ fit!	✗
P4	45kb	✗	✓ fit

After P1 ⇒ Part ① 50kb

After P2 ⇒ Part ① 125kb

After P3 ⇒ Part ① 5kb

After P4 ⇒ Part ① 5kb

All process
are fit!

In variable side partitioning

- ↳ Best fit performs WORST!
- ↳ Worst fit performs BEST!

DATE: / /

PAGE:

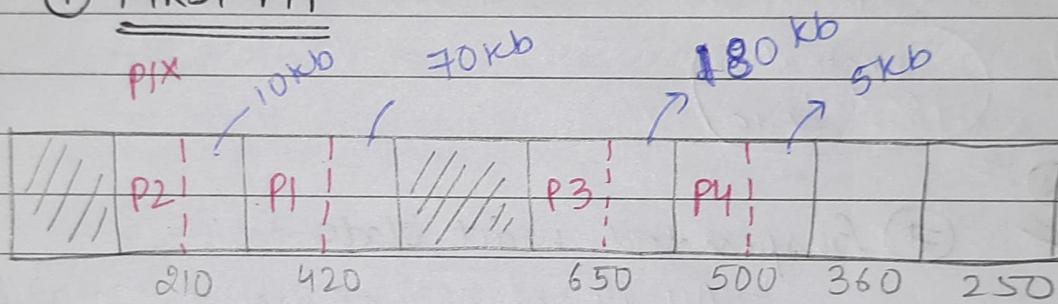
fixed Side Partitioning

↳ partitioning is pre defined and only ONE process can go in one block.

P1	350kb
P2	200kb
P3	470kb
P4	495kb

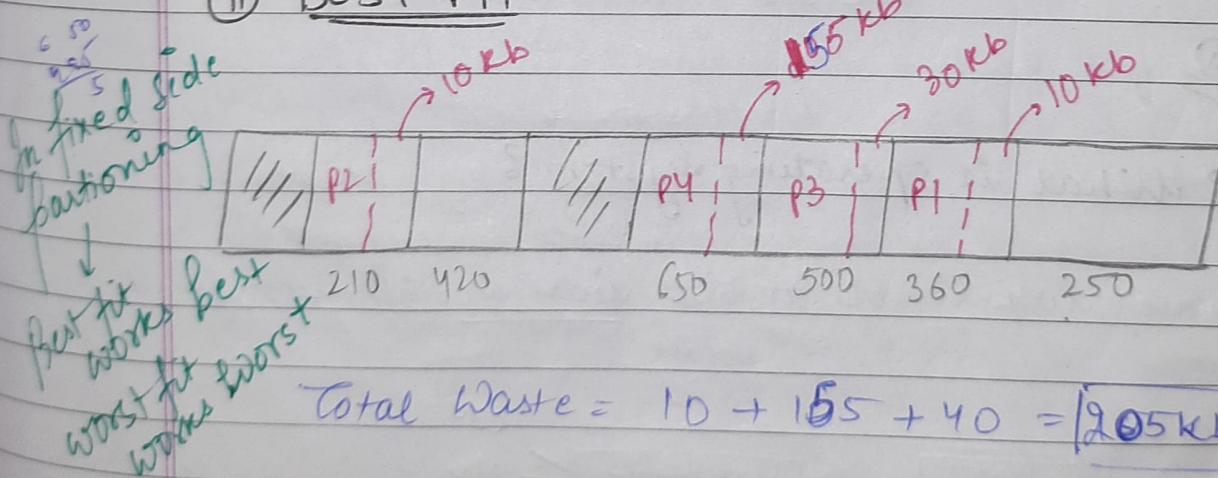
210	420	650	500	360	250
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥

① FIRST FIT



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Waste} &= 10 + 70 + 180 + 5 + 360 + 250 \\ &= 80 + 185 = \boxed{265 \text{ kb}} \end{aligned}$$

② BEST FIT



$$\text{Total Waste} = 10 + 155 + 40 = \boxed{195 \text{ kb}}$$

③ WORST FIT

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Waste} &= 300 + 300 + x + x \\ &\quad \text{External frag!} \end{aligned}$$